Chapter 132A-320 WAC
LOSS OF ELIGIBILITY—STUDENT ATHLETIC PARTICIPATION

WAC
132A-320-010 Grounds for ineligibility.
132A-320-020 Suspension procedure—Right to information hearing.
132A-320-030 Decision.

WAC 132A-320-010  Grounds for ineligibility. Any student found to have violated chapter 69.41 or 69.50 RCW or provisions of WAC 132A-120-011 (1) through (3) or by virtue of a criminal conviction or otherwise, insofar as it prohibits the possession, use or sale, or furnishing of legend drugs, including anabolic steroids, will be disqualified from participation in any school-sponsored athletic event or activity.


WAC 132A-320-020  Suspension procedure—Right to information hearing. Any student notified of a violation of the above shall have the right to a brief adjudicative hearing if a written request for such a hearing is received by the president or his or her designee within three days of receipt of a declaration of further athletic ineligibility. If timely written request is made, the president or his or her designee shall designate a hearing officer, who shall be a college officer not involved with the athletic program, to conduct the brief adjudicative hearing. The hearing officer shall promptly conduct the hearing and permit affected parties to explain both the college's view of the matter and the student's view of the matter. If no written request is received within three days after receipt of the declaration of athletic ineligibility, the student shall be deemed to have waived any right to a brief adjudicative hearing and will be declared ineligible for further participation in school-sponsored athletic events for the remainder of the school year.


WAC 132A-320-030  Decision. The college official who acts as a hearing officer shall issue a written decision which shall include a brief statement of the reasons for the decision and a notice that judicial review may be available. All documents presented, considered or prepared by the hearing officer shall be maintained as the official record of the hearing. A decision must be promptly rendered after the conclusion of the hearing and in no event later than twenty days after the request for hearing is received by the president or his or her designee.