Chapter 192-560 WAC
SMALL BUSINESS ASSISTANCE

WAC 192-560-010 Which businesses are eligible for small business assistance grants?

(1) Employers determined to have one hundred fifty or fewer employees in the state that are assessed the employer share of the premium are eligible to apply for small business assistance grants.

(2) Employers determined to have fewer than fifty employees are only eligible to apply for a small business assistance grant if they opt to pay the employer share of the premiums. The employer will be assessed the employer share of the premium for a minimum of three years after any grant is received. An employer may provide notice for opting out after the three-year period.

(3) An employer may request only one grant for each period of paid family or medical leave taken by an employee. Submissions under (a) and (b) of this subsection do not qualify as grant applications and therefore do not count against the employer's limit of ten applications per year.

(a) An employer that qualifies for a grant under RCW 50A.04.230 (3)(b) for an amount that is less than one thousand dollars may submit documentation of significant additional wage-related costs incurred after filing the initial grant application in an attempt to qualify for additional grant funds.

(b) An employer may submit a revised application for a grant under RCW 50A.04.230 (3)(c) in an attempt to qualify for additional grant funds.

(4) An employer must apply for the grant no later than four months following the last day of the employee's paid family or medical leave.

(Statutory Authority: RCW 50A.04.215. WSR 18-22-080, § 192-560-010, filed 11/2/18, effective 12/3/18.)

WAC 192-560-020 What is the application process for a small business assistance grant?

(1) Applications for small business assistance grants must be submitted online or in another format approved by the department. To be approved, an application must contain:

(a) The name and Social Security number or individual taxpayer identification number of the employee taking leave;

(b) The amount and type of grant being requested;

(c) An explanation summarizing any personnel or significant additional wage-related costs that were taken because of an employee taking leave; and

(d) Written documentation including, but not limited to, personnel records related to the hiring of a new temporary employee, wage reports, and signed statements, showing the temporary worker hired or significant additional wage-related costs incurred are due to an employee's use of leave.

(2) Incomplete applications will not be reviewed and will not count against an employer's limit of ten applications per year under RCW 50A.04.230(4).

(3) The department will deny the application for reasons including, but not limited to, the employer's failure to demonstrate that:

(a) It hired a temporary worker or incurred any significant additional wage-related costs; or

(b) The temporary worker hired or significant additional wage-related cost incurred was not due to an employee's use of family or medical leave.

(4) If a grant application is denied, the application will count against an employer's limit of ten applications per year.

(5) The denial of a grant application is appealable.

(Statutory Authority: RCW 50A.04.215. WSR 18-22-080, § 192-560-020, filed 11/2/18, effective 12/3/18.)

WAC 192-560-030 What are significant additional wage-related costs for the purposes of small business assistance grants?

Significant additional wage-related costs are added expenses incurred by the small business due to an employee's use of leave and include:

(1) Paying additional wages to an existing employee;

(2) Outsourcing costs;

(3) Certification;

(4) Equipment purchases; or

(5) Other costs that the department, in its discretion, determines are appropriate.

(Statutory Authority: RCW 50A.04.215. WSR 18-22-080, § 192-560-030, filed 11/2/18, effective 12/3/18.)