Chapter 458-53 WAC
PROPERTY TAX ANNUAL RATIO STUDY

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DISPOSITION OF SECTIONS FORMERLY CODIFIED IN THIS CHAPTER

458-53-050 Ratio determination by land use class. [Statutory Authority: RCW 84.48.075. WSR 84-14-039 (Order PT 84-2), § 458-53-050, filed 6/29/84; WSR 87-12-029 (Order PT 87-5), § 458-53-050, filed 4/12/89.]
458-53-070 Department generated sales studies. [Statutory Authority: RCW 84.08.010, 84.08.070 and 48.48.075. WSR 96-05-002, § 458-53-070, filed 2/8/96, effective 3/10/96.]
458-53-080 Real property appraisal studies. [Statutory Authority: RCW 84.48.075. WSR 84-14-039 (Order PT 84-2), § 458-53-080, filed 6/29/84; WSR 87-12-029 (Order PT 87-5), § 458-53-080, filed 4/12/89.]
458-53-090 Property values used in the ratio study. [Statutory Authority: RCW 84.48.075 and 84.08.010. WSR 84-14-039 (Order PT 84-2), § 458-53-090, filed 6/29/84; WSR 87-12-029 (Order PT 87-5), § 458-53-090, filed 4/12/89.]
458-53-100 Final indicated ratio—Computation. [Statutory Authority: RCW 84.48.075. WSR 79-11-029 (Order PT 79-3), § 458-53-100, filed 6/29/84; WSR 87-12-029 (Order PT 87-5), § 458-53-100, filed 4/12/89.]
458-53-110 Property values used in the ratio study. [Statutory Authority: RCW 48.48.075 and 84.08.010. WSR 89-09-021 (Order PT 89-5), § 458-53-110, filed 4/12/89.]
458-53-140 Personal property audit selection. [Statutory Authority: RCW 48.48.075. WSR 87-12-029 (Order PT 87-5), § 458-53-140, filed 4/12/89.]
458-53-150 Indicated real property ratio—Computation.

WAC 458-53-010 Declaration of purpose. This chapter is promulgated by the department of revenue in compliance with RCW 48.48.075 to describe procedures for determination of indicated ratios of real and personal property for each county, so as to accomplish the equalization of property values required by RCW 84.12.350, 84.16.110, 84.48.080 and 84.52.065. The procedures in this chapter describing the department's annual ratio study are designed to ensure uniformity and equity in property taxation throughout the state to the maximum extent possible.
WAC 458-53-020 Definitions. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following definitions apply throughout this chapter:

(1) "Account" means a listing of personal property as shown on the county assessment record.

(2) "Advisory value" means a valuation determination by the department, made at the request of a county assessor.

(3) "Appraisal" means the determination of the market value of real property, or for real property classified under chapter 84.34 RCW, the determination of the current use value.

(4) "Assessed value" means the value of real or personal property determined by an assessor.

(5) "Audit" means the determination of the market value of personal property.

(6) "Average assessed value" is the total assessed value of a sample group of real or personal property divided by the number of properties in the sample group.

(7) "Average personal property market value" is the total value of a sample group as determined from personal property audits divided by the number of audits in the sample group.

(8) "Average real property market value" is the total sales price, less one percent, of a sample group of real property divided by the number of properties in the sample group, or the total appraised value of a sample group of real property divided by the number of appraisals in the same group.

(9) "Department" means the department of revenue.

(10) "Land Use Code" means the identification of each real property parcel by numerical digits as representations of the major use of the property. The Land Use Code is derived from the Standard Land Use Coding Manual as prepared by the Federal Bureau of Public Roads and includes use classifications specified by state law.

(11) "Market value" means the amount of money a buyer of property willing but not obligated to buy would pay a seller of property willing but not obligated to sell, taking into consideration all uses to which the property is adapted and might in reason be applied. True and fair value is the same as market value or fair market value.

(12) "Personal property" means all taxable personal property required by law to be reported by a taxpayer.

(13) "Ratio" is the percentage relationship of the assessed value of real or personal property to the market value of real or personal property.

(14) "Ratio study" is the department’s annual comparison of the relationship between the county assessed values of real and personal property with the market value of that property as determined by the department’s analysis of sales, appraisals, and/or audits or the comparison of the relationship between the county assessed values of real property classified under chapter 84.34 RCW (current use) with the current use value of that property as determined by the department.

(15) "Real property" means all parcels of taxable real property as shown on the county assessment record.

(16) "Sales study" is the comparison of the assessed value of real property with the selling price of the same property.

(17) "Strata" refers to classes of property grouped by assessed value and/or use categories.

(18) "Stratification" means the grouping of the real or personal property assessment records into specific assessed value and/or use categories for ratio sampling and calculation purposes.

(19) "Stratum" refers to a grouping of property with a given range of assessed values and/or having the same use category.

(20) "Valid sale(s)" means a sale of real property that occurs between May 1st preceding January of the current assessment year and April 30th of the current assessment year, and the transfer document is a warranty deed or real estate contract, and the sale is not a type listed in WAC 458-53-080(2).

WAC 458-53-030 Stratification of assessment rolls—Real property. (1) Introduction. This rule explains the stratification process for real property. The stratification process is the grouping of real property within each county into homogeneous classifications based upon certain criteria in order to obtain representative samples. Stratification is used in determining the number of appraisals to be included in the ratio study and also for ratio calculation. The county’s most current certified assessment rolls are used for stratification. Counties must stratify their assessment rolls using a land use code stratification system as prescribed by the department. (See RCW 36.21.100.)

(2) Stratification - Parcel count and total value - Exclusions. The stratification of the real property assessment rolls must include a parcel count and a total value of the taxable real property parcels in each stratum, excluding the following:

(a) Designated forest lands.(See chapter 84.33 RCW);
(b) Timberland classified under chapter 84.34 RCW. (See RCW 84.34.060);
(c) Current use properties in those counties where a separate study is conducted pursuant to WAC 458-53-095(3);
(d) State assessed properties; and
(e) State-owned game lands as defined in RCW 77.12-. 203(2).

(3) Stratification - By county. For the real property ratio study, the assessment roll must be stratified for individual counties according to land use categories and substratified by value classes as determined by the department. Stratification will be reviewed at least every other year by the department to determine if changes need to be made to improve sampling criteria. After the strata have been determined, the department will notify the counties of the strata limits, and each county must provide the department with the following, taken from the county’s assessment rolls:
(a) A representative number of samples, as determined by the department, in each stratum, together with:
   (i) The name and address of the taxpayer for each sample;
   (ii) The land use code for each sample;
   (iii) The previous year's assessed value for each sample;
   (iv) The current year's assessed value for each sample; and
   (v) The actual number of samples;
(b) The total number of real property parcels in each stratum; and
(c) The total assessed value in each stratum for both the previous year and the current year.

(4) **Counties to provide information timely.** The stratification information described in subsection (3) of this rule must be provided by the counties to the department in a timely manner to enable the department to certify the preliminary ratios in accordance with WAC 458-53-200(1). Failure to provide the information in a timely manner will result in the department using its best estimate of stratum values to calculate the real property ratio.

(5) **Standard two-digit land use code.** The following two-digit land use code will be used as the standard to identify the actual use of the land. Counties may elect to use a more detailed land use code system using additional digits, however, no county land use code system may use fewer than the standard two digits.

**RESIDENTIAL**
11 Household, single family units
12 Household, 2-4 units
13 Household, multiunits (5 or more)
14 Residential condominiums
15 Mobile home parks or courts
16 Hotels/motels
17 Institutional lodging
18 All other residential not elsewhere coded
19 Vacation and cabin

**MANUFACTURING**
21 Food and kindred products
22 Textile mill products
23 Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics, leather, and similar materials
24 Lumber and wood products (except furniture)
25 Furniture and fixtures
26 Paper and allied products
27 Printing and publishing
28 Chemicals
29 Petroleum refining and related industries
30 Rubber and miscellaneous plastic products
31 Leather and leather products
32 Stone, clay and glass products
33 Primary metal industries
34 Fabricated metal products
35 Professional scientific, and controlling instruments; photographic and optical goods; watches and clocks-manufacturing
36 Not presently assigned
37 Not presently assigned
38 Not presently assigned
39 Miscellaneous manufacturing

**TRANSPORTATION, COMMUNICATION, AND UTILITIES**
41 Railroad/transit transportation
42 Motor vehicle transportation
43 Aircraft transportation
44 Marine craft transportation
45 Highway and street right of way
46 Automobile parking
47 Communication
48 Utilities
49 Other transportation, communication, and utilities not classified elsewhere

**TRADE**
50 Condominiums - Other than residential condominiums
51 Wholesale trade
52 Retail trade - Building materials, hardware, and farm equipment
53 Retail trade - General merchandise
54 Retail trade - Food
55 Retail trade - Automotive, marine craft, aircraft, and accessories
56 Retail trade - Apparel and accessories
57 Retail trade - Furniture, home furnishings and equipment
58 Retail trade - Eating and drinking
59 Other retail trade

**SERVICES**
61 Finance, insurance, and real estate services
62 Personal services
63 Business services
64 Repair services
65 Professional services
66 Contract construction services
67 Governmental services
68 Educational services
69 Miscellaneous services

**CULTURAL, ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATIONAL**
71 Cultural activities and nature exhibitions
Abstract Category | Land Use Code
--- | ---
3. Manufacturing | 21 through 39
5. Agricultural | 81
6. Agricultural (current use law) | 83
7. Forest lands (chapter 84.33 RCW) | 88
8. Open space (current use law) | 94
9. Timberland (current use law) | 95
10. Other | 82, 84, 85, 86, 89, 91, 92, 93, 96-99

WAC 458-53-070 Real property sales studies. (1) Sales study data. The basis of the real property ratio study is data obtained from real estate excise tax affidavits from each county. The department will supplement the sales study with appraisals when it is determined that the sales are insufficient to represent the level of assessment. The appraisals will be selected according to criteria set forth in WAC 458-53-130.

(2) Time period for data used. The sales study will only use sales occurring in the twelve-month period between May 1st preceding January of the current assessment year and April 30th of the current assessment year.

(3) Deduction from sale price. One percent will be deducted from the sale price shown on all valid real estate excise tax affidavits as an adjustment for values transferred that are not assessable as real property.

(4) Sales not included in the study - Assessment rolls using other than market value - New construction. Individual sales that show a sale price to assessed value ratio of under twenty-five percent, or over one hundred seventy-five percent shall be excluded from consideration in the study. However, if the number of individual sales meeting either one of these criteria exceeds five percent of the total number of valid sales for a county, then these sales shall be considered in the sales study.

(a) The exclusion of valid sales in accordance with this subsection shall not apply in situations where other than market value of a particular type of property is being listed on the assessment rolls of the county, as disclosed in any examination by the department. If other than market value is being listed on the assessment rolls for a particular type of real or personal property and, after notification by the department, is not corrected, the department shall adjust the ratio of that type of property, which adjustment shall be used in determining the county’s indicated personal or real property ratio. When a particular type of property is found to be at other than market value, that type of property shall be separated from the other properties in the computation of the ratio.

WAC 458-53-050 Land use stratification, sales summary and abstract report. Stratification of the assessment rolls, the annual sales summary, and the abstract report to the department for real property will be based on the following abstract categories:

Abstract Category | Land Use Code
--- | ---
1. Single family residence | 11, 14, 18, 19
2. Multiple family residence | 12, 13
Property Tax Annual Ratio Study

458-53-095 Property values used in the ratio study. The following property values shall be included in the ratio study:

(1) **Assessed values.** Values determined by county assessors according to the provisions of chapters 84.40 RCW (Listing of property) and 84.41 RCW (Revaluation of property).

(2) **Forest land values.** Values of forest land classified or designated under chapter 84.33 RCW and values of timberland classified under chapter 84.34 RCW.

(3) **Current use values.** Values of land (except timberland) and improvements classified under chapter 84.34 RCW (current use assessment). Values of land (except timberland) and improvements classified under chapter 84.34 RCW shall be included as a separate class for counties when those values

**NUMERICAL CODE** | **TYPE OF TRANSACTION**
--- | ---
11 | Seller's or purchaser's assignment of contract or deed - Transfer of interest.
12 | Correction deed.
13 | Trade - Exchange of property between same parties.
14 | Deeds involving partial interest in property, such as one-third or one-half interest. (If transfer involves total interest i.e., one hundred percent of the property, sale is valid.)
15 | Forced sales - Transfers in lieu of eminent foreclosure, condemnation or liquidation.
16 | Easement or right of way.
17 | Deed in fulfillment of contract.
18 | Property physically improved after sale.
19 | Timber or forest land.
20 | Bare lots platted within the twelve-month time period described in WAC 458-53-070(2), with less than twenty percent sold.
21 | Plottage - When a larger unit of land is being assembled and an adjoining property is sold at a price significantly different from the price of property of a similar type.
22 | $1,000 sale or under.
23 | Lease - Assignment, option, leasehold.
24 | Classified as "current use" under chapter 84.34 RCW as of date of sale.
25 | Change of use where rezoning takes place.
26 | Current year segregations that have not been appraised.
27 | Other - Necessary to identify reason.

**NUMERICAL CODE** | **TYPE OF TRANSACTION**
--- | ---
1 | Family - A sale between relatives.
2 | Transfers within a corporation by its affiliates or subsidiaries.
3 | Administrator, guardian or executor of an estate.
4 | Receiver or trustee in bankruptcy or equity.
5 | Sheriff or bailee.
6 | Tax deed.
7 | Properties exempt from taxation (nonprofit, government, etc.).
8 | Individual sales with assessment-to-sales ratios of less than twenty-five percent or greater than one hundred seventy-five percent except as provided in WAC 458-53-070.
9 | Deed in fulfillment of contract.
10 | Gift deed; love and affection deed.

(5/10/16)
equal or exceed fifteen percent of the total assessed value of locally assessed real property in the county.

(4) Advisory values. Advisory values supplied to the assessor by the department, but only if the property falls within the sales study provided for in WAC 458-53-070 or 458-53-100 or is selected in the appraisal or audit study in accordance with WAC 458-53-130 and 458-53-140.

[WAC 458-53-100 County generated sales studies. (1) Sales data provided by county. Sales data provided to the department by counties in accordance with these rules and subject to audit by the department, shall be used by the department to determine the indicated real property ratio. The data provided shall be in the form of two reports, a report consisting of data from valid sales, and a report listing those sales deemed to be invalid.

(2) Report of valid sales. The county generated sales report consisting of data from valid sales shall include the following information for each valid sale:

(a) The real estate excise tax affidavit number.
(b) The transfer instrument type.
(c) The parcel number(s), or other file identification number(s).
(d) The date of sale.
(e) The sale price of the transaction.
(f) The sale price of the transaction reduced by one percent.
(g) The land use code for the sale property.
(h) The current assessed value on the county's assessment roll for the sale property.
(i) The previous year's assessed value.
(j) A ratio determined by dividing the current year's assessed value by the adjusted sale price (the adjusted sale price is the amount determined in (f) of this subsection).

(k) The appropriate numerical code (see WAC 458-53-080) or the matching description of the reason for determining that the sale was invalid. If numerical code number 27 is used, the reason for determining that the sale was invalid shall be described.

(5) Sales report - When submitted. The county generated sales report shall be submitted as soon as possible following the close of the assessment rolls on May 31st and, for sales of property involving new construction, as soon as possible following August 31st.

[WAC 458-53-105 Review procedures for county studies. (1) Department to monitor compliance. The department shall review a sales assessment study produced by a county in order to monitor compliance with the rules in this chapter.

(2) Elements to be verified. Elements of the county sales study that may be verified include, but are not limited to:

(a) Property identification;
(b) Land use code classification;
(c) Properties reported on real estate excise tax affidavits that were transferred using a warranty deed or real estate contract;
(d) Sales month identification;
(e) Deletion practices and identification;
(f) Computation procedures, including whether the sales value used was one hundred percent or whether the sales value was reduced by one percent;
(g) Sales and assessment values; and
(h) Revaluation assessment practices.

(3) Findings to be discussed with assessor. Ratio study review findings will be discussed with the individual county assessor and/or the assessor's staff upon completion of the department's review. Any errors in data or procedure discovered shall be corrected for the current and future year's studies.

[WAC 458-53-130 Real property appraisal studies. (1) Review of prior year's sales. In order to determine which strata do not have sufficient sales to produce a sales sample representative of the level of assessment, the department shall review a county's prior year's sales studies. This review will determine the number of appraisals necessary to be added to the sales sample.

(2) Selection of properties for appraisal. The properties to be appraised by the department shall be selected on a
statistically accepted random basis such as stated numerical sequence or random number tables.

(3) **Department appraisals.** Appraisals conducted by the department shall include a physical appraisal of the subject property in order to assure that the most accurate estimate of market value is determined, and shall not be conducted on the basis of mass appraisal techniques. The value determined will be the value as of January 1 of the assessment year, or for appraisals involving new construction, the value as of July 31.

(4) **Review with county.** The department shall review completed appraisals with the assessor and/or the assessor's staff. After the review is complete, the appraisals shall be included with the sales data for computation of the real property ratio.

(5) **Allocation of real and personal property values.** Allocation of value between real and personal property of the total value of appraised property for purposes of the ratio study will be determined using each assessor's method of classifying real and personal property.

**WAC 458-53-135 Indicated real property ratio—Computation.**

(1) **Determination of ratio for assessed value strata.** For each real property stratum, average assessed value and average market value shall be determined from the results of sales and appraisal studies. The average assessed value of the samples for each stratum divided by the average market value of the samples determines the ratio for each assessed value stratum.

(2) **Determination of indicated market value.** The actual total assessed value for each stratum divided by the ratio for each assessed value stratum, as determined by using the calculation set forth in subsection (1) of this section, determines the indicated market value of each stratum for the county.

(3) **Addition of county assessed values for current use and forest land—Assessor's certification of values.** The county assessed values of current use land and improvements (chapter 84.34 RCW) and forest land (chapter 84.33 RCW) as indicated on the current certification provided by the assessor to the county board of equalization are added to the actual total assessed value for the county. Ratios for current use land and improvements and for forest land are applied to the county assessed values to determine indicated market values.

(a) A copy of the assessor's certification to the board of equalization shall be filed with the department by July 15th, or when the rolls for the current assessment year are completed, whichever is later. The certification form shall be properly completed with all required information.

(b) If a copy of the assessor's certification is not received from an assessor prior to September 1, the assessor's abstract of assessed values for the current year may be used, when available. If not available, the assessed values from the abstract of the previous year may be used.

(4) **Determination of county indicated ratio.** The sum of the county assessed values is divided by the sum of the indicated market values to determine the county indicated real property ratio.

(5) **Example.** The following illustration, using simulated values and ratios, indicates simplified ratio study computation procedures for real property.

### STRATUM AVERAGE VALUE & RATIO COMPUTATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Land Use</th>
<th>Stratum</th>
<th>Number of Samples</th>
<th>Average Assessed Value of Samples</th>
<th>Average Market Value of Samples</th>
<th>Stratum Ratio</th>
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**STEP 2
APPLICATION OF STRATUM RATIOS TO ACTUAL COUNTY ASSESSED VALUES**

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<th>Type of Land Use</th>
<th>Stratum</th>
<th>Actual County Real Property Assessed Value</th>
<th>Ratio</th>
<th>County Market Value Related to Actual Assessed Value Col. 1 ÷ Col. 2</th>
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<td>AND TIMBERLAND (CHAPTER 84.34 RCW)</td>
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</table>

$2,143,450,000 $2,564,657,447  83.6

(6) **Department may consider general trends in property values.** The department may consider the relationship between the market value trends of real property and the assessed value increases or decreases made by the assessor during the year in each county as checks of the validity of the results of the sales and appraisal studies. The assistant director of the property tax division of the department may authorize modification of the results of the sales and appraisal study in any county where there is a demonstrable showing by an assessor to the assistant director that the sales and appraisal study is inconclusive or does not result in a reasonable and factual determination of the relationship of assessed values to market value such that a significant variation results from the previous year not deemed by the assistant director to conform with general trends in property values.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 84.08.010, 84.08.070 and 84.48.075. WSR 96-05-002, § 458-53-135, filed 2/8/96, effective 3/10/96.]

**WAC 458-53-140 Personal property ratio study.**

(1) **Introduction.** This rule provides information about the personal property ratio study, including the basis for a county's personal property ratio, the determination of strata for each county, and the effect of the discovery of omitted property on the ratio study.

(2) **Basis for personal property ratio.** The basis for a county's personal property ratio will be valuation data with respect to personal property from the three years preceding the current assessment year.

[Ch. 458-53 WAC p. 8]

(3) **Stratification of rolls.** Determination of strata for each county will be made by the department to ensure the selection of a representative audit sample and will be reviewed periodically. After the strata have been determined, the department will notify the counties of the strata limits and each county must provide the department with the following, taken from the county's assessment rolls:

(a) A representative number of samples, as determined by the department, in each stratum, together with:

(i) The name and address of the taxpayer for each sample;

(ii) The previous year's assessed value for each sample;

(iii) The current year's assessed value for each sample; and

(iv) The actual number of samples;

(b) The total number of personal property accounts in each stratum; and

(c) The total assessed value in each stratum for both the previous and the current years.

(4) **Omitted property.** If the department discovers omitted property in a county, the results of the department's audit will be included in the ratio study.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 84.08.010, 84.08.070, and 84.48.075. WSR 16-11-031, § 458-53-140, filed 5/10/16, effective 6/10/16; WSR 02-14-031, § 458-53-140, filed 6/24/02, effective 7/25/02; WSR 96-05-002, § 458-53-140, filed 2/8/96, effective 3/10/96. Statutory Authority: RCW 84.48.075. WSR 84-14-039 (Order PT 84-2), § 458-53-140, filed 6/29/84; WSR 79-11-029 (Order PT 79-3), § 458-53-140, filed 10/11/79. Formerly WAC 458-52-080.]

(5/10/16)
WAC 458-53-160  Indicated personal property ratio —Computation.  (1) Determination of ratio for assessed value strata. For each personal property assessed value stratum, excluding properties identified in WAC 458-53-070 (4)(a), an average assessed value, and an average market value shall be determined from the results of selected audit studies. The average assessed value for each stratum divided by the average market value determines the ratio for each assessed value stratum.

(2) Determination of indicated market value. The actual total assessed value of the county for each stratum divided by the ratio for each assessed value stratum, as determined by using the calculation set forth in subsection (1) of this section, determines the indicated market value of each stratum for the county.

(3) Additional categories. The actual county total assessed values of properties identified in WAC 458-53-070 (4)(a) are added as a separate category to the total county assessed value. A ratio determined for these properties is applied against the total assessed value for the category to determine the indicated total market value for the category.

(4) Determination of county indicated ratio. The sum of the actual total county assessed values is divided by the sum of the indicated market values to determine the county indicated personal property ratio.

(5) Example. The following illustration, using simulated values and ratios, indicates the ratio computation procedures for personal property.

STEP 1 - STRATUM AVERAGE VALUE AND RATIO COMPUTATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stratum</th>
<th>Number of Samples</th>
<th>Average Assessed Value of Samples</th>
<th>Average Market Value of Samples</th>
<th>Ratio (Col. 2 ÷ Col. 3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$ 0 - 74,999</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>$ 17,000</td>
<td>$ 22,000</td>
<td>.773</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75,000 - 249,999</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>124,000</td>
<td>235,000</td>
<td>.528</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over - 250,000</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>850,000</td>
<td>960,000</td>
<td>.885</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

STEP 2 - APPLICATION OF STRATUM RATIOS TO ACTUAL COUNTY ASSESSED VALUES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stratum</th>
<th>Actual County Personal Property Assessed Values</th>
<th>Ratio</th>
<th>County Market Value Related to Actual Assessed Value (Col. 1 ÷ Col. 2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$ 0 - 74,999</td>
<td>$21,500,000</td>
<td>.773</td>
<td>$ 27,813,713</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75,000 - 249,999</td>
<td>23,000,000</td>
<td>.528</td>
<td>43,560,606</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over - 250,000</td>
<td>50,000,000</td>
<td>.885</td>
<td>56,497,175</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WAC 458-53-070 (4)(a) Properties</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Totals</td>
<td>$94,500,000</td>
<td></td>
<td>$127,871,499 = 73.9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WAC 458-53-200  Certification of county preliminary and indicated ratios—Review.  (1) Preliminary ratio certified to assessor. The department shall annually determine the real property and personal property preliminary ratios for each county and shall certify these ratios to the county assessor on or before the first Monday in September.

(2) Request for review. Upon request of the assessor, a landowner, or an owner of an intercounty public utility or private car company, the department shall review the county's preliminary ratio with the requesting party and may make any changes indicated by such review. This review shall take place between the first and third Mondays of September. If the department does not certify the preliminary ratios as required by subsection (1) of this section, the review period shall extend for two weeks from the date of certification.

(3) Review exclusions. For the personal property ratio study, the prior year’s audit results shall not be subject to review.
(4) **Certification of indicated ratios.** Prior to equalization of assessments pursuant to RCW 84.48.080 and after the third Monday of September, the department shall certify to each county assessor the indicated real and personal property ratios for that county.

[Statutory Authority: RCW 84.08.010, 84.08.070, and 84.48.075. WSR 16-11-031, § 458-53-200, filed 5/10/16, effective 6/10/16; WSR 96-05-002, § 458-53-200, filed 2/8/96, effective 3/10/96. Statutory Authority: RCW 84.48.075. WSR 84-14-039 (Order PT 84-2), § 458-53-200, filed 6/29/84; WSR 79-11-029 (Order PT 79-3), § 458-53-200, filed 10/11/79. Formerly WAC 458-52-140.]

**WAC 458-53-210 Appeals.** If an assessor, landowner, or owner of an intercounty utility or private car company has reviewed the ratio study as provided in WAC 458-53-200, that person or company may appeal the department's indicated ratio determination, as certified for that county, to the state board of tax appeals pursuant to RCW 82.03.130(5). The appeal to the state board of tax appeals must be filed no later than fifteen days after the date of mailing of the certification.