

CHAPTER 116.

[S. H. B. No. 114.]

INSPECTION OF APIARIES AND INSTRUCTION IN BEE CULTURE.

AN ACT establishing a division of apiculture in the State College of Washington prescribing the powers and duties of the Dean of the department of agriculture and the state entomologist in relation thereto regulating the importation, keeping and sale of bees, prescribing penalties for violation thereof and repealing sections 3258, 3259, 3260, 3261, 3262, 3263 and 3264 of Remington & Ballinger's Annotated Codes and Statutes of Washington, and making an appropriation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. There is hereby created and established a division of apiculture in the State College of Washington which shall consist of the state entomologist of the state college of Washington and of such apiarist inspectors as may be from time to time appointed by the State entomologist by and with the consent of the dean of agriculture of the State College of Washington. The State entomologist shall receive no additional salary as such but shall be paid his actual necessary traveling expenses incurred in the performance of his duties under this act.

Division of apiculture created in state college.

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the State entomologist to give in person and by the inspectors of his division, lectures and field demonstrations and hold institutes throughout the state on the production of honey, the care of the apiary, and kindred subjects relative to the care of bees and the profitable production of honey.

Instruction by state entomologist.

SEC. 3. The state entomologist shall have the power and it shall be his duty, (with the approval of the dean of agriculture of the State College of Washington) to appoint a sufficient number of

Apiary inspectors.

apiary inspectors who shall, under his direction, have charge of the inspection of apiaries, the investigation of outbreaks of bee diseases and the enforcement of the provisions of this act in relation to their eradication and control. Each of said apiary inspectors shall be paid not more than six dollars (\$6) per day for his services as such while so employed and his actual necessary traveling expenses incurred in the performance of his duties.

Inspection
of apiaries.

SEC. 4. The state entomologist shall, as often as he deems necessary or when requested in writing by the owner of an apiary or upon the written complaint of any owner of an apiary, make or cause to be made by an inspector an inspection of any apiary or apiaries for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not they are infected with "American foul brood," "European foul brood," or any other disease which is infectious or contagious in its nature or injurious to bees in their eggs, larval, pupal or adult stages, and upon such inspection if it is found that any apiary is so infected, the entomologist, or inspector making the inspection, shall give the owners or caretakers thereof full instructions as to the best methods of controlling or eradicating the infection.

Destruction
of infected
honey and
appliances.

SEC. 5. The state entomologist or inspector, who shall have made an inspection, as provided in the preceding section, shall visit all infected apiaries a second time after ten days from the date of any such inspection and if he finds that the disease has not been treated according to an approved method, providing conditions were such that it could be so treated, shall burn or cause to be burned all colonies affected by such disease and all honey and appliances which would spread the same, without recompense from the state to the owner, lessee, or other person interested therein.

SEC. 6. It shall be unlawful for the owner, lessee, caretaker, or any other person in charge of any apiary, or appliances wherein infectious or contagious diseases exist, to sell, barter or give away, or to move without the consent of an inspector, any diseased bees, either queen bees or workers or colonies, or appliances affected with any contagious or infectious disease, or to expose other bees to the danger of such infection.

Restrictions on removal of infected bees.

SEC. 7. For the purpose of the enforcement of the provisions of this act, the state entomologist and the apiary inspectors shall have access and ingress to all apiaries or places where bees are kept and it shall be unlawful for any person to resist, impede or hinder in any way such officer in the discharge of his duties under the provisions of this act.

Hindering inspection unlawful.

SEC. 8. It shall be the duty of the state entomologist and of any inspector and of any other person who shall have inspected any infected apiary or who shall have knowingly come in contact with or handled any diseased bees, before proceeding to any other apiary, to thoroughly disinfect his person and clothing and any tools or appliances used by him which shall have come in contact with any infected material.

Duty of inspector to disinfect himself.

SEC. 9. It shall be unlawful for any person engaged in the rearing of queen bees for sale, to use any honey in the making of candy for use in mailing cages unless such honey has been boiled for at least thirty minutes, and it shall be the duty of every person engaged in the rearing of queen bees for sale to have his queen rearing apiary or apiaries inspected by an apiary inspector whenever necessary and whenever conditions for inspection are favorable, and in case any infectious or contagious disease is discovered by such inspection, it shall be unlawful for the person owning, leasing or in charge

Queen bee apiaries.

of such queen rearing apiary or apiaries to ship any queen bees therefrom until he shall have received a certificate in writing from the state entomologist or an apiary inspector that such apiary or apiaries are free from all disease.

Annual
report to
governor.

SEC. 10. The state entomologist shall make an annual report to the governor concerning the operation of the division of apiculture, which shall give the number of apiaries inspected, the number of colonies treated, the number of colonies destroyed and such other information as he may deem necessary or of value to the bee keeping industry.

Certification
and inspection
of im-
ported bees.

SEC. 11. It shall be unlawful for any person to import any bees into this state unless such bees are accompanied by a certificate issued by the officers having charge of apiary inspection in the state or country from which such bees are imported, stating that they are free from contagious and infectious diseases, without giving notice to the state entomologist at least ten days before their arrival of his intention so to do, or to receive and place any such imported bees unaccompanied by such certificate in any apiary, or to liberate such bees without first having the same inspected by an apiary inspector; and if upon such inspection of any imported bees, they shall be found to be affected by an infectious or contagious disease, it shall be the duty of the inspector making the inspection to require such bees to be isolated and treated until such time as the inspector shall determine that all danger of infection is removed, or the inspector may in his discretion order said bees and all cages, hives and combs imported therewith to be destroyed.

Immovable
combs pro-
hibited.

SEC. 12. It shall be unlawful for any person to keep any bees in any hives or boxes wherein the combs are immovable or which are so constructed as to impede or hinder inspection.

SEC. 13. Every person convicted of violating or failing to comply with any of the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined as provided by law. Penalty.

SEC. 14. That sections 3258, 3259, 3260, 3261, 3262, 3263 and 3264 of Rem. & Bal. Code be and the same are hereby repealed. Repealing clause.

SEC. 15. For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act there is hereby appropriated out of any money in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated the sum of four thousand dollars (\$4,000.00). Appropriation,
\$4,000.00.

Passed the House February 25, 1919.

Passed the Senate March 10, 1919.

Approved by the Governor March 14, 1919.

CHAPTER 117.

[S. B. No. 252.]

PUBLICATION OF SUPREME COURT REPORTS.

AN ACT relating to the publications of the decisions of the supreme court reports.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. The publisher of the decisions of the supreme court of the State of Washington is hereby authorized to publish with each issue of the advance sheets a subject index thereof, to be prepared by the reporter of the court. Subject index for advance sheets.

SEC. 2. The publishers, for such additional service, may charge not to exceed four dollars per annum for such advance sheets, and may continue to charge, for the remainder of the period of its present contract, with the state, one dollar and seventy- Prices for reports and advance sheets.