in good standing in the state on the first day of September of each year, commencing with the year 1921, which list shall be filed and kept by said clerks as a public record.

Violations.

Sec. 22. Any violation of this act or of a rule prescribed under this act is a gross misdemeanor.

Repealing

Sec. 23. Chapter 115, Laws of 1917, Chapter 100 Laws of 1919 and Sections 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 139, 140, 141 and 142 of Remington & Ballinger's Annotated Codes and Statutes of Washington, are hereby repealed. This act shall not affect existing rights. All former statutes and laws are excepted from the repealing clause of this act for the purpose of prosecuting any offenses committed thereunder. The provisions of this act, in so far as they are substantially the same as existing statutes, shall be construed as continuations thereof and not as new enactments.

Passed the House, February 9, 1921. Passed the Senate, March 7, 1921. Approved by the Governor March 19, 1921.

## CHAPTER 127.

[H. B. 7.]

## FUNDS AND TAX LEVIES IN CERTAIN CITIES.

An Act relating to tax levies in certain municipalities, and amending Section 5131 of Remington & Ballinger's Annotated Codes and Statutes of Washington.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. That Section 5131 of Rem. & Bal. Code be amended to read as follows:

Levies.

Section 5131. Such municipal corporation shall levy and collect annually a property tax for the payment of current expenses, not exceeding fifteen mills

on the dollar; a tax for the payment of indebtedness (if any indebtedness exist) not exceeding six mills on the dollar, and all moneys collected from the taxes levied for payment of current expenses shall be credited and applied by the treasurer to "Current Expense Fund": and all moneys collected from the taxes levied for the payment of indebtedness shall be credited and applied to a fund to be designated as the "Indebtedness Fund": Provided, That the City Council, by unanimous vote of all its members at a regular meeting may levy a property tax for the payment of current expenses not exceeding eighteen mills on the dollar: And provided further. That if the qualified electors of any such municipality shall, at a special election to be held for that purpose, vote in favor of a larger levy for the payment of current expenses than eighteen mills on the dollar of assessed valuation, such larger levy for such purpose may be made accordingly: Provided further, That this act shall not be held to apply to cities of the third class, or in any way modify the law in relation thereto.

Passed the House February 1, 1921. Passed the Senate March 7, 1921. Approved by the Governor March 19, 1921.