CHAPTER 50.

[H. B. 79.]

ALIENS.

An Act relating to the rights and disabilities of aliens with respect to lands, providing for forfeitures in certain cases, prescribing penalties, and repealing sections 135 and 136 Pierce's Code, 8775 and 8776 of Remington and Ballinger's Annotated Codes and Statutes of Washington.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Definitions.

SECTION 1. In this act, unless the context otherwise requires,

- (a) "Alien" does not include an alien who has in good faith declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, but does include all other aliens and all corporations and other organized groups of persons a majority of whose capital stock is owned or controlled by aliens or a majority of whose members are aliens;
- (b) "Land" does not include lands containing valuable deposits of minerals, metals, iron, coal or fire clay or the necessary land for mills and machinery to be used in the development thereof and the manufacture of the products therefrom, but does include every other kind of land and every interest therein and right to the control, possession, use, enjoyment, rents, issues or profits thereof except a mortgage and except a right to the possession, use or enjoyment of land for a period of not more than ten years for a purpose for which an alien is accorded the use of land by a treaty between the United States and the country whereof he is a citizen;
- (c) "Land" also includes any share or interest in a corporation or other organized group of persons deemed an alien in this act which has title to land either heretofore or hereafter acquired;

- (d) To "own" means to have the legal or equitable title to or the right to any benefit of:
- (e) "Title" includes every kind of legal or equitable title:
- (f) Ownership of or title to land acquired by inheritance or in good faith either under mortgage or in the ordinary course of justice in the collection of debts, or acquired by a female citizen afterwards expatriated by marriage to an alien, is excluded;
 - (g) "Inheritance" includes devise;
- (h) "Mortgage" includes every kind of lien upon land:
- (i) A mortgage of land under which an alien is entitled before default to any control, possession, use or enjoyment of the land, is an absolute conveyance; and
- (j) "Person" includes an individual, partnership, corporation or any other organized group of persons.
- Sec. 2. An alien shall not own land or take or hold title thereto. No person shall take or hold land or title to land for an alien. Land now held by or for aliens in violation of the constitution of the state is forfeited to and declared to be the property of the state. Land hereafter conveyed to or for the use of aliens in violation of the constitution or of this act shall thereby be forfeited to and become the property of the state.

Restrictions

Sec. 3. An alien is not qualified to be trustee un- fiductary der a will, executor, administrator or guardian, if any part of the estate is land: Provided. An alien now lawfully acting in any such capacity may continue for not more than two years.

restrictions.

SEC. 4. If hereafter an alien acquire land by in- Land heritance or in good faith either under mortgage or inheritance, in the ordinary course of justice in the collection of debts and, remaining an alien, hold the same for

more than twelve years from the date title was so acquired or control or possession taken, the land shall be forfeited to the state.

Limitations as mortgagee. Sec. 5. If an alien, claiming or holding under a mortgage, has control, possession, use or enjoyment of the mortgaged land, the obligation secured by the mortgage shall be deemed matured and the mortgage shall be foreclosed; and if the land be not sold under foreclosure within three years after the alien has obtained control, possession, use or enjoyment, the mortgage and the obligation thereby secured shall be forfeited to the state and shall be foreclosed for the use of the state.

Citizenship.

Sec. 6. Unless an alien who has declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States be admitted to citizenship within seven years after his declaration was made, it shall be presumed that he declared his intention in bad faith.

Crimes enumerated.

Sec. 7. Whoever

- (a) Knowingly transfers or conveys land or title to land to an alien; or
- (b) Knowingly takes land or title to land in trust for an alien; or
- (c) Holding in trust for an alien land or title to land, either heretofore or hereafter acquired, fails for thirty days after acquiring knowledge or notice that he holds in trust for an alien to disclose the fact to the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney of the county where the land is situated; or
- (d) Being an alien and having title to land or control, possession, use or enjoyment of land, whether heretofore or hereafter acquired, refuses to disclose to the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney of the county where the land is situated the nature and extent of his interest in and title to the land; or
- (e) Being an officer or agent of a corporation or other organized group of persons which has title to

land or control, possession, use or enjoyment of land. whether heretofore or hereafter acquired, refuses to disclose to the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney of the county where the land is situated the nature and extent of the interest of persons not citizens of the United States in the corporation or other organized group of persons; or

- (f) Being an officer or agent of a corporation or other organized group of persons which holds in trust for an alien title to land or control or possession of land, whether heretofore or hereafter acquired, refuses to disclose to the attorney general or the prosecuting attorney of the county where the land is sitnated the nature and extent of the alien's interest in and title to the land: or
- (g) Wilfully counsels, aids or abets another in violating or evading this act.

Is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

SEC. 8. It shall be the duty of the attorney gen- Enforcement eral and of the prosecuting attorneys of the several counties to enforce this act, and of the attorney general to direct and control its enforcement.

SEC. 9. Property forfeited to the state by this act Forfeitures. shall inure to the permanent common school fund and be managed and disposed of accordingly.

SEC. 10. This act shall not impair any title or Scope of act. right heretofore or hereafter acquired from or derived through an alien in good faith and for value by a person not under an alien's disability.

Sec. 11. If any section or provision of this act Partial invalidity. shall be adjudged to be invalid or unconstitutional. such adjudication shall not effect the validity of the act as a whole or any section, provision, or part thereof not adjudged invalid or unconstitutional.

SEC. 12. Sections 135 and 136 Pierce's Code, 8775 Repealing and 8776 of Remington and Ballinger's Annotated

Codes and Statutes of Washington are hereby repealed.

Passed the House February 25, 1921.

Passed the Senate March 2, 1921.

Approved by the Governor March 8, 1921.

CHAPTER 51.

[H. B. 59.]

INHERITANCE TAX.

 $\mathbf{A_{N}}$ Acr relating to the taxation of inheritances and amending section 7052 Pierce's Code.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. That Section 7052 Pierce's Code (chapter 146 Laws 1917) be amended to read as follows:

Exemption of charitable bequests and devises.

Section 7052. All bequests and devises of property within this state when the same are for one of the following charitable purposes, namely, the relief of the aged, indigent and poor people, maintenance of sick or maimed, the support or education of orphans or indigent children, and all bequests and devises heretofore made to the state of Washington or to any county, city, school district or other municipal corporation therein for eleemosynary, charitable, educational or philanthropic purposes, and all bequests and devises made to schools and colleges in the state supported in whole or in part by gifts, endowments or charity, the entire income of which said school or college, after paying the expenses thereof, is devoted to the purposes of such institution and which is open to all persons upon equal terms, shall be exempt from the payment of any inheritance tax and any property in this state which has been devised or bequeathed