CHAPTER 74.

[H. B. 304.]

INSPECTION OF AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES.

An Act relating to agriculture, fixing the fees for inspection of agricultural commodities and amending section 2654, Pierce's Code, (Section 13 of Chapter 189, Session Laws of 1919.)

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. That section 2654 of Pierce's Code, (section 13 of chapter 189, Session Laws of 1919), be amended to read as follows:

Section 2654. The Director of Agriculture shall fix the fees for inspection, grading and weighing of the commodities included in the provision of this act, which fees shall not exceed eight cents a ton for sack grain and six cents a ton for bulk grain. The fees for inspection, grading and weighing of such commodities shall be a lien upon such commodity so weighed, graded and or inspected to be paid by the carrier transporting the same and treated by it as an advanced charge, except when the bill of lading contains the notation "Not for terminal weight and grade" and the commodity is not unloaded at a terminal warehouse. The Director of Agriculture shall so adjust the fees to be collected under this act as to meet the expenses necessary to carry out the provisions hereof, and may prescribe a different scale of fees for different localities. The Director of Agriculture may also prescribe a reasonable charge for service performed at places other than public terminal warehouses in addition to the regular fees when necessary to avoid rendering the service at a loss to the state. All moneys collected under the provisions of this act and all fines and penalties for violation thereof, shall be paid into the state treasury. The state auditor may
CHAPTER 75.
[S. B. 64.]

MILITIA.

An Act relating to the militia, and amending Sections 3765-4, 3765-22, 3765-52 Pierce's Code.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. That Section 3765-4 Pierce's Code be amended to read as follows:

Section 3765-4. The duty of maintaining and governing the Organized Militia not in the service of the United States rests upon the States respectively, subject to the constitutional authority of Congress, but the prime object of the force is the national defense. Its efficiency as an agent for national defense necessarily depends upon systematic uniformity in the organization, composition, arms, equipment, training and discipline of its component parts. Its attainment of such uniformity and efficiency requires on the part of each state a rigid adherence to Federal laws and regulations relating to the militia. Therefore, the Governor shall cause the Organized Militia of this State always to conform to all such Federal laws and regulations as are now or may hereafter from time to time become operative and applicable, notwithstanding anything in the laws of this State to the contrary. The Organized Militia of Washing-