pose of, any of his property, with intent to delay or defraud his creditors; or

7. That the defendant is about to convert his property, or a part thereof, into money, for the purpose of placing it beyond the reach of his creditors; or

8. That the defendant has been guilty of a fraud in contracting the debt or incurring the obligation for which the action is brought; or

9. That the damages for which the action is brought are for injuries arising from the commission of some felony, or for the seduction of some female; or

10. That the object for which the action is brought is to recover on a contract, express or implied.

Passed the House February 19, 1923.
Passed the Senate March 6, 1923.
Permitted to become a law without the signature of the Governor.

J. Grant Hinkle,
Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 160.
[H. B. 130.]
SUPPLEMENTAL PROCEEDINGS.

An Act relating to supplemental proceedings, and amending Sections 615, 629 and 638 of Remington's Compiled Statutes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. That Section 615, Remington's Compiled Statutes, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 615. Any person may be made a party to a supplemental proceeding by service of a like order in like manner as that required to be served upon the judgment debtor, and upon proof by affidavit or otherwise, to the satisfaction of the judge,
that execution has been issued and return made thereon wholly or partially unsatisfied, and also that any person or corporation has personal property of the judgment debtor of the value of twenty-five dollars or over, or is indebted to him in said amount, or is holding the title to real estate for the judgment debtor, or has knowledge concerning the property interests of the judgment debtor, the judge may make an order requiring such person or corporation, or an officer thereof, to appear at a specified time and place before him, or a referee appointed by him, and answer concerning the same.

Sec. 2. That Section 629, Remington's Compiled Statutes, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 629. Where the judgment debtor or other person against whom the special proceeding is instituted has been examined, and property applicable to the payment of the judgment has not been discovered, the judge may make an order allowing him a sum, not to exceed twenty-five dollars, as costs, provided that any such sum so allowed the judgment debtor, shall be set off against the amount due the judgment creditor on his judgment.

Sec. 3. That Section 638, Remington's Compiled Statutes, is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 638. Proceedings under this chapter are special proceedings, and shall be heard by the judge or referee before whom the same are returnable without a jury, except as provided in Section 4 of this Act.

Sec. 4. In any supplemental proceeding, where it appears to the court that a judgment debtor may have an interest in or title to any real property, and such interest or title is disclaimed by the judgment debtor or disputed by another person, or it appears that the judgment debtor may own or have a right of possession to any personal property, and such own-
Adjudication

ership or right of possession is substantially dis-
puted by another person, the court may, if the person
or persons claiming adversely be a party to the pro-
ceeding, adjudicate the respective interests of the
parties in such real or personal property, and may
determine such property to be wholly or in part the
property of the judgment debtor. If the person
claiming adversely to the judgment debtor be not a
party to the proceeding, the court shall by show
cause order or otherwise cause such person to be
brought in and made a party thereto, and shall set
such proceeding for hearing on the first open date
in the trial calendar. Any person so made a party,
or any party to the original proceeding, may have
such issue determined by a jury upon demand there-
for and payment of a jury fee as in other civil ac-
tions; provided, that such person would be entitled
to a jury trial if the matter was adjudicated in a
separate action.

Passed the House March 2, 1923.
Passed the Senate March 6, 1923.
Permitted to become a law without the signature of the
Governor.

J. GRANT HINKLE,
Secretary of State.

CHAPTER 161.
[H. B. 175.]
BONDS OF IRRIGATION DISTRICTS.

An Act providing for refunding irrigation district bonds.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of
Washington:

Section 1. That all bonds heretofore issued by
any irrigation district in this state may be refunded
in the manner hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. Whenever the board of directors of any
irrigation district shall deem it for the best interest