United States for the navigation of aircraft subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, it shall be unlawful for any person to navigate any aircraft within this state otherwise than in conformity with said air traffic rules.

SEC. 6. Any person who violates any provision of this act shall be guilty of an offense punishable by a fine of not exceeding five hundred dollars or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 7. If any provision of this act is declared unconstitutional or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of the act and the application of such provision to other persons and circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

SEC. 8. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public safety, and shall take effect immediately.

Passed the Senate February 8, 1929.
Passed the House March 6, 1929.
Approved by the Governor March 20, 1929.

CHAPTER 158.
[S. B. 100.]

STATEMENT CONCERNING PERSONS CONVICTED OF CRIME.

An Act providing for the furnishing of information by prosecuting attorneys to the parole boards of the Washington state penitentiary and the Washington state reformatory regarding persons convicted of crime and sentenced to said institutions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. Whenever any person shall be convicted of a crime and who shall be sentenced to imprisonment or confinement in the Washington state
penitentiary or the Washington state reformatory, it shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorney who prosecuted such convicted person to make a statement of the facts respecting the crime for which the prisoner was tried and convicted, and include in such statement all information that he can give in regard to the career of the prisoner before the commission of the crime for which he was convicted and sentenced, stating to the best of his knowledge whether the prisoner was industrious and of good character, and all other facts and circumstances that may tend to throw any light upon the question as to whether such prisoner is capable of again becoming a good citizen.

Sec. 2. Such statement shall be signed by the prosecuting attorney and approved by the judge by whom the judgment was rendered and shall be delivered to the sheriff, traveling guard or other officer executing the sentence, and a copy of such statement shall be furnished to the defendant or his attorney. Such officer shall deliver the statement, at the time of the prisoner's commitment, to the superintendent of the institution to which such prisoner shall have been sentenced and committed. The superintendent shall make such statement available for use by the parole board.

Passed the Senate February 8, 1929.
Passed the House March 11, 1929.
Approved by the Governor March 20, 1929.