trustees. The state treasurer is hereby directed to pay the proceeds of said check into the general fund.

SEC. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate support of the state government and shall take effect immediately.

Passed the House February 4, 1929.
Passed the Senate March 1, 1929.
Approved by the Governor March 9, 1929.

CHAPTER 92.
[S. B. 10.]

ATTORNEY GENERAL.

AN ACT relating to and defining the powers and duties of the attorney general and repealing certain acts relating thereto.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. No person shall be eligible to be attorney general of this state unless he shall be a qualified practitioner of the supreme court of this state. Every person elected or appointed attorney general shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take, subscribe and file the oath of office as required by law, and execute and file with the secretary of state, a bond to the State of Washington, in the sum of five thousand dollars, with sureties to be approved by the governor, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties and the paying over of all moneys, as provided by law. Whenever the governor shall deem any bond filed by the attorney general insufficient, he may require additional bond, in any penalty not exceeding five thousand dollars.

SEC. 2. If any attorney general shall fail to give additional bond as required by the governor within twenty days after notice in writing of such require-
ment, his office may, in the discretion of the governor, be declared vacant and filled as provided by law.

Sec. 3. The attorney general shall have the power and it shall be his duty:

1. To appear for and represent the state before the supreme court in all cases in which the state is interested;

2. To institute and prosecute all actions and proceedings for, or for the use of the state which may be necessary in the execution of the duties of any state officer;

3. To defend all actions and proceedings against any state officer in his official capacity, in any of the courts of this state or the United States;

4. To consult with and advise the several prosecuting attorneys in matters relating to the duties of their office, and when, in his judgment, the interests of the state require, he shall attend the trial of any person accused of a crime, and assist in the prosecution.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the attorney general:

1. To consult with and advise the governor, members of legislature and other state officers, and, when requested, to give written opinions upon all constitutional or legal questions relating to the duties of such officers respectively;

2. To prepare, when necessary, proper drafts for contracts and other instruments relating to subjects in which the state is interested;

3. To give written opinions, when requested by either branch of the legislature, or any committee thereof, upon constitutional or legal questions;

4. To enforce the proper application of funds appropriated for the public institutions of the state, and to prosecute corporations for failure or refusal to make the reports required by law;
5. To keep in proper books a record of all cases prosecuted or defended by him, on behalf of the state or its officers, and of all proceedings had in relation thereto, and deliver the same to his successor in office;

6. Keep in his office books in which he shall record all the official opinions given by him during his term of office, and to deliver the same to his successors in office;

7. To pay into the state treasury all moneys received by him for the use of the state.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the attorney general to prepare and report to the governor and the legislature, at or before the convening of each biennial session of the legislature, a concise statement of all matters pertaining to his official duties, making such suggestions for lessening the public expenses and promoting frugality in the public offices as he shall deem expedient and proper.

Sec. 6. The attorney general shall have the power and authority to execute, on behalf of the State of Washington, any appeal or other bond required to be given by the state in any judicial proceeding to which it is a party in any court whatsoever, and to procure sureties thereon.

Sec. 7. The attorney general shall have the power and authority to appoint necessary assistants, who shall hold office at his pleasure and who shall have the power to perform any act which the attorney general is authorized by law to perform.

Sec. 8. The attorney general shall have the power and it shall be his duty to perform any other duties that are, or may from time to time be required of him by law.

Sec. 9. That chapter VII (7) of the Laws of 1887/8, pages 7, 8 and 9; section 2 of chapter LV (55) of the Laws of 1891, page 95; chapter 99 of the
Laws of 1905, page 203, and chapter 119 of the Laws of 1921, page 379, (sections 112 and 11030 to 11034 of Remington’s Compiled Statutes; sections 6575 to 6580 and 7298 of Pierce’s Code) are hereby repealed: Provided, That such repeal shall not affect the validity of any act done under said acts repealed, or either of them, but this act shall be construed as a continuation thereof.

Passed the Senate January 31, 1929.
Passed the House February 27, 1929.
Approved by the Governor March 9, 1929.

CHAPTER 93.
[S. B. 82.]

AERIAL TRANSPORTATION.

An Act relating to facilities for aerial transportation, amending Section 1 of Chapter 48 of the Laws of 1919, and validating certain bonds attempted to be authorized thereunder, and declaring that this act shall take effect immediately.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. That section 1 of chapter 48 of the Laws of 1919, (section 905-1 of Remington’s Compiled Statutes) be amended to read as follows:

Section 1. That all cities, towns, port districts, and counties are authorized and empowered by and through their appropriate corporate authorities to acquire, maintain and operate sites and other facilities for landings, terminals, housing, repair and care of dirigibles, airplanes and seaplanes for the aerial transportation of persons, property or mail; and to acquire by purchase, condemnation or lease all lands and other property necessary therefor, and to dispose of such lands and other property for public use whenever acceptance thereof on behalf of the United States for aviation purposes shall be author-