SESSION LAWS, 1945.

SEC. 3. This act is necessary for the preservation of the public peace, health and safety, and for the immediate support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

Passed the Senate March 1, 1945.
Passed the House March 7, 1945.
Approved by the Governor March 15, 1945.

CHAPTER 181.

AN ACT relating to the practice of law, and providing for admission to practice and to membership in the Washington State Bar Association, and amending chapter 94, Laws of 1933 (sections 138-1 to 138-17, Remington's Revised Statutes, also Pierce's Perpetual Code), by adding thereto five new sections to be designated as sections 7-A, 7-B, 7-C, 7-D, 7-E, 7-F, and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. There shall be added to chapter 94, Laws of 1933 (sections 138-1 to 138-17, Remington's Revised Statutes, also Pierce's Perpetual Code 273-13), a new section immediately following section 7 of said chapter, to be designated as section 7-A, which shall read as follows:

Section 7-A. Any person who shall have graduated from any accredited law school and after such graduation shall have served in the Armed Forces of the United States of America between December 7, 1941, and the termination of the present World War, may be admitted to the practice of law in the State of Washington and to membership in the Washington State Bar Association, upon motion made before the Supreme Court of the State of
Washington, provided the following is made to appear:

(a) That the applicant is a person of good moral character over the age of twenty-one (21) years;

(b) That the applicant, at the time of entering the Armed Forces of the United States, was a legal resident of the State of Washington;

(c) That the applicant's service in the Armed Forces of the United States is or was satisfactory and honorable.

Sec. 2. There shall be added to chapter 94, Laws of 1933 (sections 138-1 to 138-17, Remington's Revised Statutes, also Pierce's Perpetual Code 273-13), a new section immediately following section 7-A of this act, to be designated as section 7-B, which shall read as follows:

Section 7-B. If an applicant under this act is, at the time he applies for admission to practice law in the State of Washington, still in the Armed Forces of the United States, he may establish the requirements of the proviso in section 1 hereof, by a letter or certificate from his commanding officer and by the certificates of at least two (2) active members of the Washington State Bar Association.

Sec. 3. There shall be added to chapter 94, Laws of 1933 (sections 138-1 to 138-17, Remington's Revised Statutes, also Pierce's Perpetual Code 273-13), a new section immediately following section 7-B of this act, to be designated as section 7-C, which shall read as follows:

Section 7-C. If an applicant under this act is, at the time he applies for admission to practice law in the State of Washington, no longer in the Armed Forces of the United States, he may establish the requirements of the proviso in section 1 hereof as follows:

1. If he shall have been an enlisted person, by producing an honorable discharge, and by the cer-
tificates of at least two (2) active members of the Washington State Bar Association.

2. If he shall have been an officer, by an affidavit showing that he has been relieved from active duty under circumstances other than dishonorable, and by the certificates of at least two (2) active members of the Washington State Bar Association.

Sec. 4. There shall be added to chapter 94, Laws of 1933 (sections 138-1 to 138-17, Remington's Revised Statutes, also Pierce's Perpetual Code 273-13), a new section immediately following section 7-C of this act, to be designated as section 7-D, which shall read as follows:

Section 7-D. A physical disability discharge shall be considered an honorable discharge unless it be coupled with a dishonorable discharge.

Sec. 5. There shall be added to chapter 94, Laws of 1933 (sections 138-1 to 138-17, Remington's Revised Statutes, also Pierce's Perpetual Code 273-13), a new section immediately following section 7-D of this act, to be designated as section 7-E, which shall read as follows:

Section 7-E. An applicant applying for admission to practice law under the provisions of sections 7-A, 7-B and 7-C, hereof, shall pay the same fees as are required of residents of the State of Washington seeking admission to practice law by examination.

Sec. 6. There shall be added to chapter 94, Laws of 1933 (sections 138-1 to 138-17, Remington's Revised Statutes, also Pierce's Perpetual Code 273-13), a new section immediately following section 7-E of this act to be designated as section 7-F, which shall read as follows:

Section 7-F. Any person who has served as presiding officer of either the House of Representatives or the Senate of the State of Washington as Speaker of the House or President of the Senate for six (6)
consecutive regular sessions of the Legislature may be admitted to the practice of law in the State of Washington and to membership in the Washington State Bar Association without examination, upon motion made before the Supreme Court of the State of Washington.

Sec. 7. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

Passed the Senate March 6, 1945.
Passed the House March 6, 1945.
Approved by the Governor March 15, 1945.