Sec. 2. Trusts which are entitled to the exemption from limitation as to their duration provided for in section 1 of this act must be:

(1) Created by an employer primarily for the benefit of some or all of the employees of such employer or the families or appointees of such employees, under any pension, profit-sharing, stock bonus, retirement, disability, death benefit or other similar types of employee-benefit plans; and

(2) Contributed to by the employer or employees or both; and

(3) Existing for the purpose of distributing to or for the benefit of some or all of such employees (either before or after their employment ceases), their families or appointees, the earnings or principal, or earnings and principal, of the trust.

Passed the House February 9, 1955.
Passed the Senate March 8, 1955.
Approved by the Governor March 15, 1955.

CHAPTER 159.
[H. B. 318.]

SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES—INCREASE FOR DOUGLAS AND GRANT COUNTIES.

An Act relating to the superior court judges; amending section 7, chapter 125, Laws of 1951 and RCW 2.08.065; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. Section 7, chapter 125, Laws of 1951 and RCW 2.08.065 are each amended to read as follows:

There shall be in the counties of Douglas and Grant jointly, two judges of the superior court; in the counties of Ferry and Okanogan jointly, one judge of the superior court; in the counties of Mason
and Thurston jointly, two judges of the superior court; in the counties of Pacific and Wahkiakum jointly, one judge of the superior court; in the counties of Pend Oreille and Stevens jointly, one judge of the superior court; and in the counties of San Juan and Whatcom jointly, two judges of the superior court.

Passed the House March 9, 1955.
Passed the Senate March 8, 1955.
Approved by the Governor March 15, 1955.

CHAPTER 160.
[H. B. 76.]
POWERS OF APPOINTMENT—RELEASE.
An Act relating to powers of appointment; providing for the release thereof; and providing for the recording and fees for recording of instruments releasing powers of appointment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. Any power, which is exercisable by deed, by will, by deed or will, or otherwise, whether general or special, other than a power in trust which is imperative, is releasable, either with or without consideration, by written instrument signed by the holder thereof and delivered as hereinafter provided, unless the instrument creating the power provides otherwise.

Sec. 2. A power which is releasable may be released with respect to the whole or any part of the property subject to such power and may also be released in such manner as to reduce or limit the persons or objects, or classes or [of] persons or objects, in whose favor such powers would otherwise be exercisable. No release of a power shall be deemed