professional counseling services to delinquent and maladjusted children and their parents, consultative services to communities dealing with problems of children and youth, and may give assistance to law enforcement agencies by means of juvenile control officers who may be selected from the field of police work.

Passed the Senate February 18, 1955.
Passed the House March 6, 1955.
Approved by the Governor March 17, 1955.

CHAPTER 241.
[S. B. 192.]

CRIMES OF INMATES OF STATE PENAL INSTITUTIONS.

AN ACT relating to crimes of prisoners of state penal institutions, defining prison riot, the holding of hostages, possession of contraband, interference with laboring prisoners, the giving of narcotics and firearms to a prisoner; providing penalties therefor; and empowering officers and guards of penal institutions to have powers of a peace officer in certain situations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. Whenever two or more inmates of a state penal institution assemble for any purpose, and act in such a manner as to disturb the good order of such institution and contrary to the commands of the officers of such institution, by the use of force or violence, or the threat thereof, and whether acting in concert or not, they shall be guilty of prison riot.

SEC. 2. Every inmate of a state penal institution who is guilty of prison riot or of voluntarily participating therein by being present at, or by instigating, aiding or abetting the same, shall be punished by imprisonment in the state penitentiary for not less than one year nor more than ten years, which shall be in addition to the sentence being served.
SEC. 3. Whenever any inmate of a state penal institution shall hold, or participate in holding, an officer of such institution as a hostage, by force or violence, or the threat thereof, or shall prevent, or participate in preventing an officer of such institution from carrying out his duties, by force or violence, or the threat thereof, and upon conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the state penitentiary for not less than one year nor more than ten years.

SEC. 4. Every person serving a sentence in any penal institution of this state who, while in such penal institution or while being conveyed to or from such penal institution, or while at any penal institution farm or forestry camp of such institution, or while being conveyed to or from any such place, or while under the custody of institution officials, officers or employees, possesses or carries upon his person or has under his control any narcotic drug, alcoholic beverage or any weapon, firearm or any instrument which, if used, could produce serious bodily injury to the person of another, is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment for not more than five years, which shall be in addition to the sentence being served.

SEC. 5. All officers and guards of state penal institutions, while acting in the supervision and transportation of prisoners, and in the apprehension of prisoners who have escaped, shall have the powers and duties of a peace officer.

SEC. 6. Any person who, without authority, interferes with or in any way interrupts the work of prisoners of a state penal institution, and any person not authorized by law, who gives, or attempts to give, to any prisoner, opium, cocaine or other narcotics or any intoxicating liquors of any kind whatever, or firearms, weapons or explosives of any kind, is guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof
shall be punished by imprisonment in a state penal institution for a term of not less than one year nor more than five years and shall be disqualified from holding any state office or position in the employ of this state. Any person who interferes with the discipline or good conduct of any prisoner of a state penal institution while such prisoner is employed on the grounds of any state penal institution, state farm, road camp or forestry camp, is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail for a term of not more than six months or by a fine of not more than two hundred dollars or by both such fine and imprisonment. Any peace officer or any officer or guard of any state penal institution may arrest without a warrant any person violating the provisions of this section.

Passed the Senate February 18, 1955.
Passed the House March 7, 1955.
Approved by the Governor March 17, 1955.

CHAPTER 242.
[S. B. 196.]

STATE REFORMATORY—PERSONS RECEIVED.

An Act relating to the Washington state reformatory and amending section 5, chapter 212, Laws of 1927, and RCW 72.12.050.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. Section 5, chapter 212, Laws of 1927, and RCW 72.12.050 are each amended to read as follows:

The director, through the superintendent of the reformatory, shall receive all males between the ages of sixteen and thirty years who are sentenced to the reformatory on conviction of any criminal offense in