position, only the name of the person receiving the highest vote shall be printed on the general election ballot under the designation for that position, followed by a space for the writing in of any other name by a voter. Elections for municipal judge shall be nonpartisan. They shall hold office for a term of four years and until their successors are elected and qualified. The term of office shall start on the second Monday in January following such election. Any vacancy in the municipal court due to a death, disability or resignation of a municipal court judge shall be filled by the mayor, to serve out the unexpired term. Such appointment shall be subject to confirmation by the legislative body of the city.

Passed the Senate March 2, 1961.
Passed the House March 8, 1961.
Approved by the Governor March 20, 1961.

CHAPTER 214.
[ Sub. S. B. 526. ]

COMMERCIAL DRIVING SCHOOLS—TEMPORARY INSTRUCTION PERMITS.

An Act relating to commercial driving schools and temporary instruction permits; amending section 46.20.110, chapter 12, Laws of 1961 and RCW 46.20.110; amending section 46.82.070, chapter 12, Laws of 1961 and RCW 46.82.070; amending section 46.82.180, chapter 12, Laws of 1961 and RCW 46.82.180; amending section 46.82.060, chapter 12, Laws of 1961 and RCW 46.82.060.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. Section 46.20.110, chapter 12, Laws of 1961 and RCW 46.20.110 are each amended to read as follows:

The director of licenses upon receiving from any person over the age of sixteen years an application for a temporary instruction permit may in his discretion issue such a permit entitling the applicant, while
having such permit in his immediate possession, to operate a motor vehicle upon the public highways for a period of sixty days when accompanied by a licensed vehicle operator who is actually occupying a seat beside the operator. Temporary instruction permit shall be issued upon payment of a fee of fifty cents in the manner provided for the payment of fees for vehicle operator licenses.

Sec. 2. Section 46.82.070, chapter 12, Laws of 1961 and RCW 46.82.070 are each amended to read as follows:

Except where a refusal to issue a license or renewal, or revocation or suspension, is based solely on a court conviction or convictions, a licensee or applicant shall have an opportunity to be heard, such hearing to be held within ten days of the refusal to issue, revoke or suspend said license and the director must within five days after the hearing issue a decision on said refusal to render, revoke or suspend. A license may, however, be temporarily suspended without notice, pending any prosecution, investigation or hearing. A licensee or applicant entitled to a hearing shall be given due notice thereof. The sending of a notice of a hearing by registered mail to the last known address of a licensee or applicant ten days prior to the date of the hearing shall be deemed due notice. The director, or the person deputized by him to conduct a hearing, shall have the power to subpoena witnesses, administer oaths to witnesses and take testimony of any person or cause depositions to be taken. A subpoena issued under the authority of this section shall be served in the same manner as a subpoena issued out of a court of record. Witnesses subpoenaed hereunder and persons, other than officers or employees in the department of licenses, making service of such subpoenas shall be entitled to the same fee and mileage as are allowed in civil actions in courts of law.
SESS. 3. Section 46.82.180, chapter 12, Laws of 1961 and RCW 46.82.180 are each amended to read as follows:

Examinations for an instructor's certificate shall be given by the committee once a month, at such place as the director may direct. Applications for instructor's certificates shall be receivable by the director at any time and all persons applying shall be notified of the time and place of the next examining session.

Sec. 4. Section 46.82.060, chapter 12, Laws of 1961 and RCW 46.82.060 are each amended to read as follows:

The director, or any employee of the department of licenses deputized by him for such purposes, may suspend or revoke a drivers' school license or refuse to issue a renewal thereof for any of the following causes:

(1) The conviction of the licensee of a felony, or of any crime involving violence, dishonesty, deceit, indecency, degeneracy, or moral turpitude;

(2) Where the licensee has made a material false statement or concealed a material fact in connection with his application for the license or a renewal thereof;

(3) Where the licensee has failed to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter or any of the rules and regulations of the director made pursuant thereto;

(4) Where the licensee has been guilty of fraud or fraudulent practices in relation to the business conducted under the license, or guilty of inducing another to resort to fraud or fraudulent practices in relation to securing for himself or another a license to drive an automobile. The term "fraudulent practices" as used in this section shall include, but not be limited to, any conduct or representation on the part of the licensee tending to induce anyone to
believe, or to give the impression that a license to operate an automobile, or any other license, registration or service granted by the director, may be obtained by any means other than the ones prescribed by law, or furnishing or obtaining the same by illegal or improper means, or requesting, accepting, exacting, or collecting money for such purpose.

Notwithstanding the renewal of a license, the director may revoke or suspend such license for causes and violations, as prescribed by this section, occurring during the two license periods immediately preceding the renewal of such license.

Passed the Senate March 7, 1961.
Passed the House March 6, 1961.
Approved by the Governor, March 20, 1961.

CHAPTER 215.
[ S. B. 557. ]

YOUTH DEVELOPMENT AND CONSERVATION CORPS.

An Act relating to state government; establishing a youth development and conservation corps to provide healthful outdoor training and employment for young men of Washington state; and to provide for the care and improvement of our public properties through conservation and development of our natural resources of timber, soil, wildlife and recreation areas.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. The purpose of this act is to provide:
(1) the opportunity for healthful employment of young men in programs of conservation, developing, improving, and maintaining natural and artificial recreational areas for the welfare of the general public; (2) the opportunity for our young men to learn vocational and work skills, develop good work habits and a sense of responsibility and contribution to society, improvement in personal physical and