(1) By each person instituting an action, when the first paper is filed;

(2) By each defendant, other adverse party, or intervenor, appearing separately when his appearance is entered on his first paper filed.

The justice of the peace shall pay such fees so collected to county treasurer to be credited to the county law library fund.

SEC. 10. Section 2, chapter 249, Laws of 1953 and RCW 27.24.080 are each hereby repealed.

SEC. 11. If any provision of this act, or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act, or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Passed the House March 8, 1961.

Passed the Senate March 6, 1961.

Approved by the Governor March 21, 1961.

CHAPTER 305.

[ H. B. 367. ]

SCHOOL DIRECTORS—POWERS.

AN ACT relating to school districts; and amending section 2, chapter 68, Laws of 1955 and RCW 28.58.100.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. Section 2, chapter 68, Laws of 1955 and RCW 28.58.100 are each amended to read as follows:

Every board of directors, unless otherwise specially provided by law, shall:

(1) Employ for not more than one year, and for sufficient cause discharge teachers, and fix, alter, allow and order paid their salaries and compensation;

(2) Enforce the rules and regulations prescribed
by the superintendent of public instruction and the state board of education for the government of schools, pupils and teachers, and enforce the course of study lawfully prescribed for the schools of their districts;

(3) Rent, repair, furnish and insure school-houses and employ janitors, laborers and mechanics;

(4) Cause all school houses to be properly heated, lighted and ventilated, and cause all school premises to be maintained in a cleanly and sanitary condition;

(5) Purchase personal property in the name of the district and receive, lease, issue and hold for their district real and personal property;

(6) Suspend or expel pupils from school who refuse to obey the rules thereof. This subsection shall be construed to include, but shall not be limited to, the right to suspend or expel pupils for the violation of reasonable rules relative to discipline or scholarship;

(7) Provide free textbooks and supplies to be loaned to the pupils of the school, when in its judgment the best interests of the district will be subserved thereby, prescribe rules and regulations to preserve such books and supplies from unnecessary damage and provide for the expenditure of a reasonable amount for suitable commencement exercises;

(8) Require all pupils to be furnished with such books as may have been adopted by the lawful authority of this state;

(9) Exclude from schools and school libraries all books, tracts, papers and other publications of immoral or pernicious tendency;

(10) Authorize schoolrooms to be used for summer or night schools, or for public, literary, scientific, religious, political, mechanical or agricultural meetings, under such regulations as the board of directors may adopt;
(11) Provide and pay for transportation of children to and from school whether such children live within or without the district when in its judgment the best interests of the district will be subserved thereby, but the board is not compelled to transport any pupil living within two miles of the schoolhouse.

When children are transported from one school district to another the board of directors of the respective districts may enter into a written contract providing for a division of the cost of such transportation between the districts.

Whenever any school children are transported by the school district in its own motor vehicles and by its own employees, the board may provide insurance to protect the district against loss by reason of theft, fire or property damage to the motor vehicle, and to protect the district against loss by reason of liability of the district to persons from the operation of such motor vehicle.

If the transportation of children is arranged for by contract of the district with some person, the board may require such contractor to procure liability, property, collision or other insurance for the motor vehicle used in such transportation;

(12) Establish and maintain night schools whenever it is deemed advisable;

(13) Make arrangements for free instruction in lip reading to adults handicapped by defective hearing whenever in its judgment such instruction appears to be in the best interests of the school district and adults concerned: Provided, That in the apportionment of the current school fund each district maintaining such classes for free instruction in lip reading shall be credited with one full day’s attendance for each day’s attendance of two hours or more;

(14) Join with boards of directors of other school districts in buying supplies, equipment and services
collectively, by establishing and maintaining a joint purchasing agency or otherwise, when deemed to be for the best interests of the district.

Passed the House February 18, 1961.
Passed the Senate March 8, 1961.
Approved by the Governor March 21, 1961.

CHAPTER 306.
[ H. B. 492. ]

MOTOR VEHICLES—TEMPORARY PERMITS FOR INTERSTATE OPERATION.

An Act relating to motor vehicles; providing for temporary permits for interstate operation in lieu of certificates of ownership and license registration; amending section 46.16-160, chapter 12, Laws of 1961 (House Bill No. 2) and RCW 46.16.160.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. Section 46.16.160, chapter 12, Laws of 1961 (House Bill No. 2) and RCW 46.16.160 are each amended to read as follows:

Any commercial vehicle bearing valid license plates and registration certificate of another state or territory and not registered in this state and which under reciprocal relations with that state would be required to obtain a full or proportional motor vehicle license in this state may, in lieu of a certificate of ownership and license registration, be issued a permit. Such permit shall be valid for the conduct of interstate operations only and shall be issued in such form and under such conditions as the director shall prescribe. Application for the permit shall be made to the director or his designated agent on forms provided by the director. On receiving such application, together with fees as provided herein, a permit may be issued for a period of not to exceed two hun-