chairman of the employees suggestion awards board from time to time which will provide the employees suggestion awards board with funds to pay the administrative expenses and cash awards provided in this 1969 amendatory act during the allotment period. Funds made available from other sources for expenditure under this 1969 amendatory act shall be paid into and disbursed from the department of personnel service fund.

The moneys for employees suggestion awards shall be disbursed by the state treasurer by warrant on vouchers duly authorized by the chairman of the employees suggestion awards board or his designee.

Passed the House April 16, 1969
Passed the Senate April 10, 1969
Approved by the Governor April 24, 1969
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CHAPTER 153
[Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 421]
SCHOOL BUSES--LEASES--DRIVER QUALIFICATIONS

AN ACT Relating to education; authorizing school districts to lease school buses to any other school districts; amending section 2, chapter 68, Laws of 1955 as last amended by section 1, chapter 12, Laws of 1967 and section 1, chapter 29, Laws of 1967 ex. sess. and RCW 28.58.100; adding a new section to chapter 28.04 RCW; amending section 28A.24.055, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.24.055; adding a new section to chapter 28A.01 RCW; and providing sections to effect the correlative and pari materia construction of this act with the provisions of Title 28 RCW, or of Title 28A RCW if such title shall be enacted; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

Part I. Sections affecting current law.

Section 1. Section 2, chapter 68, Laws of 1955 as last amended by section 1, chapter 12, Laws of 1967 and section 1, chapter 29, Laws of 1967 ex. sess., and RCW 28.58.100 are each amended to read as follows:

Every board of directors, unless otherwise specially provided
by law, shall:

(1) Employ for not more than one year, and for sufficient cause discharge teachers, and fix, alter, allow and order paid their salaries and compensation;

(2) Enforce the rules and regulations prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction and the state board of education for the government of schools, pupils and teachers, and enforce the course of study lawfully prescribed for the schools of their districts;

(3) Rent, repair, furnish and insure schoolhouses and employ janitors, laborers and mechanics;

(4) Cause all schoolhouses to be properly heated, lighted and ventilated, and cause all school premises to be maintained in a cleanly and sanitary condition;

(5) Purchase personal property in the name of the district and receive, lease, issue and hold for their district real and personal property;

(6) Suspend or expel pupils from school who refuse to obey the rules thereof. This subsection shall be construed to include, but shall not be limited to, the right to suspend or expel pupils for the violation of reasonable rules relative to discipline or scholarship;

(7) Provide for the expenditure of a reasonable amount for suitable commencement exercises;

(8) Prepare, negotiate, set forth in writing and adopt, policy relative to the selection of instructional materials. Such policy shall:

(a) State the school district's goals and principles relative to instructional materials;

(b) Delegate responsibility for the preparation and recommendation of teachers' reading lists and specify the procedures to be followed in the selection of all instructional materials including textbooks;

(c) Establish an instructional materials committee to be ap-
pointed, with the approval of the school board, by the school dis-
trict's chief administrative officer. This committee shall consist
of representative members of the district's professional staff, in-
cluding representation from the district's curriculum development
committees, and, in the case of districts which operate elementary
school(s) only, the county or intermediate district superintendent
of schools, one of whose responsibilities shall be to assure the cor-
relation of those elementary district adoptions with those of the
high school district(s) which serve their children;

(d) Provide for terms of office for members of the instruc-
tional materials committee;

(e) Provide a system for receiving, considering and acting
upon written complaints regarding instructional materials used by the
school district;

(f) Provide free textbooks, supplies and other instructional
materials to be loaned to the pupils of the school, when, in its
judgment, the best interests of the district will be subserved there-
by and prescribe rules and regulations to preserve such books, sup-
plies and other instructional materials from unnecessary damage.

Recommendation of instructional materials shall be by the dis-
trict's instructional materials committee in accordance with district
policy. Approval shall be by the local school district's board of
directors.

Districts may pay the necessary travel and subsistence ex-
penses for expert counsel from outside the district. In addition,
the committee's expenses incidental to visits to observe other dis-
tricts' selection procedures may be reimbursed by the school district.

Districts may, within limitations stated in board policy, use
and experiment with instructional materials for a period of time be-
fore general adoption is formalized.

Within the limitations of board policy, a school district's
chief administrator may purchase instructional materials to meet de-
viant needs or rapidly changing circumstances.
(9) Establish a depreciation scale for determining the value of texts which students wish to purchase.

Local boards of school directors may declare selected instructional materials obsolete and dispose of them by sale to the highest bidder, following public notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the area.

(10) Authorize schoolrooms to be used for summer or night schools, or for public, literary, scientific, religious, political, mechanical or agricultural meetings, under such regulations as the board of directors may adopt.

(11) Provide and pay for transportation of children to and from school whether such children live within or without the district when in its judgment the best interests of the district will be subserved thereby, but the board is not compelled to transport any pupil living within two miles of the schoolhouse.

When children are transported from one school district to another the board of directors of the respective districts may enter into a written contract providing for a division of the costs of such transportation between the districts.

When commercial charter bus service is not reasonably available to a school district, the state board of education may authorize the use of school buses and drivers hired by the district for the transportation of school children and the school employees necessary for their supervision to and from any school activities within or without the school district during or after school hours and whether or not a required school activity, so long as the school board has officially designated it as a school activity. The school board shall charge, for any extra-curricular uses, an amount sufficient to reimburse the district for its complete cost incurred by reason of such use.

Any school district may contract to furnish the use of school buses of that district to other users who are engaged in conducting an educational or recreational program supported wholly or in part by tax funds at times when those buses are not needed by that district.
and under such terms as will fully reimburse such school district for all costs related or incident thereto; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That no such use of school district buses shall be permitted except where other public or private transportation certificated or licensed by the Washington utilities and transportation commission is not reasonably available to the user; PROVIDED, FURTHER, That no user shall be required to accept any charter bus for services which the user believes might place the health or safety of the children in jeopardy.

Whenever any school children are transported by the school district in its own motor vehicles and by its own employees, the board may provide insurance to protect the district against loss by reason of theft, fire or property damage to the motor vehicle, and to protect the district against loss by reason of liability of the district to persons from the operation of such motor vehicle.

If the transportation of children is arranged for by contract of the district with some person, the board may require such contractor to procure liability, property, collision or other insurance for the motor vehicle used in such transportation;

(12) Establish and maintain night schools whenever it is deemed advisable;

(13) Make arrangements for free instruction in lip reading to adults handicapped by defective hearing whenever in its judgment such instruction appears to be in the best interests of the school district and adults concerned: PROVIDED, That in the apportionment of the current school fund each district maintaining such classes for free instruction in lip reading shall be credited with one full day's attendance for each day's attendance of two hours or more;

(14) Join with boards of directors of other school districts in buying supplies, equipment and services collectively, by establishing and maintaining a joint purchasing agency or otherwise, when deemed to be for the best interests of the district;

(15) Adopt written policies on granting leaves to persons under contracts of employment with the school district(s) in positions
requiring either certification or noncertification qualifications, including but not limited to leaves for attendance at official or private institutes and conferences and sabbatical leaves for employees in positions requiring certification qualification, and leaves for illness, injury, bereavement and emergencies for both certified and noncertified employees, and with such compensation as the board of directors prescribe: PROVIDED, That the board of directors shall adopt written policies granting to such persons annual leave with compensation for illness and injury as follows:

(a) For such persons under contract with the school district for a full year, at least ten days;

(b) For such persons under contract with the school district as part time employees, at least that portion of ten days as the total number of days contracted for bears to one hundred eighty days;

(c) Compensation for leave for illness or injury actually taken shall be the same as the compensation such person would have received had such person not taken the leave provided in this proviso;

(d) Leave provided in this proviso not taken shall accumulate from year to year up to a maximum of one hundred eighty days, and such accumulated time may be taken at any time during the school year;

(e) Sick leave heretofore accumulated under section 1, chapter 195, Laws of 1959 (RCW 28.58.430) and sick leave accumulated under administrative practice of school districts prior to the effective date of section 1, chapter 195, Laws of 1959 (RCW 28.58.430) is hereby declared valid, and shall be added to leave for illness or injury accumulated under this proviso;

(f) Accumulated leave under this proviso not taken at the time such person retires or ceases to be employed in the public schools shall not be compensable;

(g) Accumulated leave under this proviso shall be transferred from one district to another, and from the office of superintendent of public instruction and offices of county and intermediate district
superintendent and boards of education;

  (h) Leave accumulated by a person in a district prior to leaving said district may, under rules and regulations of the board, be granted to such person when he returns to the employment of the district.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 2. There is added to chapter 28.04 RCW a new section to read as follows:

In addition to other powers and duties, the state board of education shall adopt rules and regulations governing the training and qualifications of school bus drivers. Such rules and regulations shall be designed to insure that persons will not be employed to operate school buses unless they possess such physical health and driving skills as are necessary to safely operate school buses: PROVIDED, That such rules and regulations shall not conflict with the authority of the department of motor vehicles to license school bus drivers in accordance with RCW 46.20.440 through 46.20.470.

Part II. Sections affecting proposed 1969 education code.

Sec. 3. Section 28A.24.055, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.24.055 are each amended to read as follows:

Every board of directors shall provide and pay for transportation of children to and from school whether such children live within or without the district when in its judgment the best interests of the district will be subserved thereby, but the board is not compelled to transport any pupil living within two miles of the schoolhouse.

When children are transported from one school district to another the board of directors of the respective districts may enter into a written contract providing for a division of the cost of such transportation between the districts.

When commercial charter bus service is not reasonably available to a school district, the state board of education may authorize the use of school buses and drivers hired by the district for the transportation of school children and the school employees necessary for their supervision to and from any school activities within or
without the school district during or after school hours and whether
or not a required school activity, so long as the school board has
officially designated it as a school activity. For any extra-
curricular uses, the school board shall charge an amount sufficient
to reimburse the district for its cost.

Any school district may contract to furnish the use of school
buses of that district to other users who are engaged in conducting
an educational or recreational program supported wholly or in part by
tax funds at times when those buses are not needed by that district
and under such terms as will fully reimburse such school district
for all costs related or incident thereto: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That
no such use of school district buses shall be permitted except where
other public or private transportation certificated or licensed by
the Washington utilities and transportation commission is not reason-
ably available to the user: PROVIDED FURTHER, That no user shall be
required to accept any charter bus for services which the user be-
lieves might place the health or safety of the children in jeopardy.

Whenever any school children are transported by the school
district in its own motor vehicles and by its own employees, the
board may provide insurance to protect the district against loss,
whether by reason of theft, fire or property damage to the motor
vehicle or by reason of liability of the district to persons from
the operation of such motor vehicle.

The board may provide insurance by contract purchase for pay-
ment of hospital and medical expenses in an amount not exceeding one
thousand dollars per child, per injury for the benefit of school
children injured while they are on, getting on, or getting off any
vehicles enumerated herein without respect to any fault or liability
on the part of the school district or operator. This insurance may
be provided without cost to the school children notwithstanding the
provisions of RCW 28A.58.420.

If the transportation of children is arranged for by contract
of the district with some person, the board may require such contrac-
tor to procure such insurance as the board deems advisable.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. There is added to chapter 28A.04 RCW a new section to read as follows:

In addition to other powers and duties, the state board of education shall adopt rules and regulations governing the training and qualifications of school bus drivers. Such rules and regulations shall be designed to insure that persons will not be employed to operate school buses unless they possess such physical health and driving skills as are necessary to safely operate school buses: PROVIDED, That such rules and regulations shall not conflict with the authority of the department of motor vehicles to license school bus drivers in accordance with RCW 46.20.440 through 46.20.470.

Part III. Construction

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The forty-first legislature has before it a bill proposing a complete revision of the education laws of this state (1969 HB 58). The provisions of Part I of the instant bill seek to change existing laws. The provisions of Part II seek to change correlative provisions of the proposed 1969 education code if such code becomes law. It is the intent of the legislature that the provisions of Part I shall be effective only until the date upon which the 1969 education code shall take effect, upon which date the provisions of Part I shall expire and the provisions of Part II shall concomitantly become effective. It is the further intent of the legislature that Part II of the instant bill shall not take effect unless the proposed 1969 education code is adopted at this legislature, but if such event occurs then any amending provisions of Part II of this bill shall be construed as amending the correlative sections of the 1969 education code, any repealing provisions of Part II shall be construed as repealing the correlative section of the 1969 education code, and any new or additional provisions of Part II shall be construed as being in pari materia with the 1969 education code.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Part II of this 1969 amendatory act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health
and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect on the date upon which the 1969 education code becomes effective.

Passed the House April 16, 1969
Passed the Senate April 11, 1969
Approved by the Governor April 24, 1969
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CHAPTER 154
[Engrossed House Bill No. 437] COUNTIES--TRANSFER OF TERRITORY TO ADJOINING COUNTY

AN ACT Relating to counties; and the transfer of territory therein having less than fifty registered voters, and providing the procedure therefor.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Whenever a majority of the registered voters residing within a part of any county desire that that portion of the territory in which they are registered voters shall be stricken from said county and annexed to an adjoining county, and such portion to be stricken contains not more than fifty such registered voters at the time of petition as hereinafter provided, they may petition therefor, and said territory may be stricken from the county of which it shall then be a part and added to and made a part of the county contiguous thereto as hereinafter in this 1969 act provided.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The petition shall describe with certainty the boundary and area of the territory to be stricken from one county and annexed to an adjoining county, with the reasons for making the change and shall be presented to the board of county commissioners of the county in which the territory is located, which board shall proceed to ascertain if the petition is signed by a majority of the registered voters of the territory sought to be stricken off and transferred to the contiguous county.

If the petition is signed by a majority of the registered voters of the territory sought to be stricken off and there will remain in the county from which it is to be taken more than four thousand inhabitants as required in Article XI, section 3 of the state Constitu-