(2) The off-setting benefits accruing directly or indirectly to the trust beneficiaries of such land, direct benefits include, but are not limited to, free lectures and instruction on natural history for students, free overnight camping facilities for educational classes, and free use of park lands for university research facilities; indirect benefits include, but are not limited to, an increase in the property value of other trust lands; and an increase in property values and taxes on private property located near the state parks).

A percentage of the full market value of the land and the board of natural resources shall consider in its deliberations the average percentage of return realized by the state during the preceding fiscal biennium on the invested common school permanent fund.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. There is added to chapter 79.08 RCW a new section to read as follows:

Any funds appropriated to the state parks and recreation commission for payment of rental for use of state lands reserved for state park purposes during the 1969-71 biennium and received by the department of natural resources shall be deposited by the department to the applicable trust land accounts without the deduction normally applied to such revenues for management purposes.

Sec. 4. Section 7, chapter 63, Laws of 1967, ex. sess., and RCW 79.08.1068 are each repealed.

Passed the Senate April 2, 1969
Passed the House April 20, 1969
Approved by the Governor April 25, 1969
Filed in office of Secretary of State April 25, 1969

CHAPTER 190
[Engrossed Senate Bill No. 648]
INSURANCE PREMIUM FINANCE COMPANY ACT

AN ACT Relating to the licensing and regulation of insurance premium finance companies; adding a new chapter to chapter 79, Laws of 1947 and to Title 48 RCW; providing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. This act shall be known and may be
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. As used in this chapter:

(1) "Insurance premium finance company" means a person engaged in the business of entering into insurance premium finance agreements.

(2) "Premium finance agreement" means an agreement by which an insured or prospective insured promises to pay to a premium finance company the amount advanced or to be advanced under the agreement to an insurer or to an insurance agent or broker in payment of premiums on an insurance contract together with a service charge as authorized and limited by this chapter and as security therefor the insurance premium finance company receives an assignment of the unearned premium.

(3) "Licensee" means a premium finance company holding a license issued by the insurance commissioner under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) No person shall engage in the business of financing insurance premiums in the state without first having obtained a license as a premium finance company from the commissioner. Any person who shall engage in the business of financing insurance premiums in the state without obtaining a license as provided hereunder shall, upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to the penalties provided in this chapter.

(2) The annual license fee shall be one hundred dollars. Licenses may be renewed from year to year as of the first day of May of each year upon payment of the fee of one hundred dollars. The fee for said license shall be paid to the insurance commissioner.

(3) The person to whom the license or the renewal thereof may be issued shall file sworn answers, subject to the penalties of perjury, to such interrogatories as the commissioner may require. The commissioner shall have authority, at any time, to require the applicant fully to disclose the identity of all stockholders, partners, officers, and employees and he may, in his discretion, refuse to issue or renew a license in the name of any firm, partnership, or corporation if he is not satisfied that any officer, employee, stock-
holder, or partner thereof who may materially influence the applicant's conduct meets the standards of this chapter.

(4) This section shall not apply to any savings and loan association, bank, trust company, small loan company, industrial loan company or credit union authorized to do business in this state but section 8 through section 13 and any rules promulgated by the commissioner pertaining to such sections shall be applicable to such organizations, if otherwise eligible, under all premium finance transactions wherein an insurance policy, other than a life or disability insurance policy, or any rights thereunder is made the security or collateral for the repayment of the debt, however, neither this section nor the provisions of this act shall be applicable to the inclusion of insurance in a retail installment transaction or to insurance purchased in connection with a real estate transaction, mortgage, deed of trust or other security instrument or an insurance company authorized to do business in this state unless the insurance company elects to become a licensee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) Upon the filing of an application and the payment of the license fee the commissioner shall make an investigation of each applicant and shall issue a license if the applicant is qualified in accordance with this chapter. If the commissioner does not so find, he shall, within thirty days after he has received such application, at the request of the applicant, give the applicant a full hearing.

(2) The commissioner shall issue or renew a license as may be applied for when he is satisfied that the person to be licensed--

(a) is competent and trustworthy and intends to act in good faith in the capacity involved by the license applied for,

(b) has a good business reputation and has had experience, training, or education so as to be qualified in the business for which the license is applied for, and

(c) if a corporation, is a corporation incorporated under the laws of the state or a foreign corporation authorized to transact
business in the state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The commissioner may revoke or suspend the license of any premium finance company when and if after investigation it appears to the commissioner that --

(a) any license issued to such company was obtained by fraud,
(b) there was any misrepresentation in the application for the license,
(c) the holder of such license has otherwise shown himself untrustworthy or incompetent to act as a premium finance company, or
(d) such company has violated any of the provisions of this chapter.

(2) Before the commissioner shall revoke, suspend, or refuse to renew the license of any premium finance company, he shall give to such person an opportunity to be fully heard and to introduce evidence in his behalf. In lieu of revoking or suspending the license for any of the causes enumerated in this section, after hearing as herein provided, the commissioner may subject such company to a penalty of not more than two hundred dollars for each offense when in his judgment he finds that the public interest would not be harmed by the continued operation of such company. The amount of any such penalty shall be paid by such company through the office of the commissioner to the state treasurer. At any hearing provided by this section, the commissioner shall have authority to administer oaths to witnesses. Anyone testifying falsely, after having been administered such oath, shall be subject to the penalty of perjury.

(3) If the commissioner refuses to issue or renew any license or if any applicant or licensee is aggrieved by any action of the commissioner, said applicant or licensee shall have the right to a hearing and court proceeding as provided by statute.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) Every licensee shall maintain records of its premium finance transactions and the said records shall be open to examination and investigation by the commissioner. The commissioner may at any time require any licensee to bring such re-
cords as he may direct to the commissioner's office for examination.

(2) Every licensee shall preserve its records of such premium finance transactions, including cards used in a card system, for at least three years after making the final entry in respect to any premium finance agreement. The preservation of records in photographic form shall constitute compliance with this requirement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The commissioner shall have authority to make and enforce such reasonable rules and regulations as may be necessary in making effective the provisions of this chapter, but such rules and regulations shall not be contrary to nor inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) A premium finance agreement shall--
(a) be dated, signed by or on behalf of the insured, and the printed portion thereof shall be in at least eight point type;
(b) contain the name and place of business of the insurance agent negotiating the related insurance contract, the name and residence or the place of business of the premium finance company to which payments are to be made, a description of the insurance contracts involved and the amount of the premium therefor; and
(c) set forth the following items where applicable--
(i) the total amount of the premiums,
(ii) the amount of the down payment,
(iii) the principal balance (the difference between items (i) and (ii)),
(iv) the amount of the service charge,
(v) the balance payable by the insured (sum of items (iii) and (iv)), and
(vi) the number of installments required, the amount of each installment expressed in dollars, and the due date or period thereof.

(2) The items set out in paragraph (c) of subsection (1) need not be stated in the sequence or order in which they appear in such paragraph (c), and additional items may be included to explain the computations made in determining the amount to be paid by the insured.
The information required by subsection (1) of this section shall only be required in the initial agreement where the premium finance company and the insured enter into an open end credit transaction, which is defined as follows: A plan prescribing the terms of credit transactions which may be made thereunder from time to time and under the terms of which a finance charge may be computed on the outstanding unpaid balance from time to time thereunder.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) A premium finance company shall not charge, contract for, receive, or collect a service charge other than as permitted by this chapter.

(2) The service charge is to be computed on the balance of the premiums due (after subtracting the down payment made by the insured in accordance with the premium finance agreement) from the effective date of the insurance coverage, for which the premiums are being advanced, to and including the date when the final installment of the premium finance agreement is payable.

(3) The service charge shall be a maximum of ten dollars per one hundred dollars per year plus an acquisition charge of ten dollars per premium finance agreement which need not be refunded upon cancellation or prepayment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A premium finance agreement may provide for the payment by the insured of a delinquency charge of one dollar to a maximum of five percent of the delinquent installment but not to exceed five dollars on any installment which is in default for a period of five days or more.

If the default results in the cancellation of any insurance contract listed in the agreement, the agreement may provide for the payment by the insured of a cancellation charge equal to the difference between any delinquency charge imposed with respect to the installment in default and five dollars.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. (1) When a premium finance agreement contains a power of attorney enabling the premium finance company to cancel any insurance contract or contracts listed in the agree-
ment, the insurance contract or contracts shall not be canceled by
the premium finance company unless such cancellation is effectuated
in accordance with this section.

(2) Not less than ten days' written notice shall be mailed
to the insured of the intent of the premium finance company to can-
cel the insurance contract unless the default is cured within such
ten day period.

(3) After expiration of such ten day period, the premium
finance company may thereafter request in the name of the insured,
cancellation of such insurance contract or contracts by mailing to
the insurer a notice of cancellation, and the insurance contract
shall be canceled as if such notice of cancellation has been sub-
mitted by the insured himself, but without requiring the return of
the insurance contract or contracts. The premium finance company
shall also mail a notice of cancellation to the insured at his last
known address.

(4) All statutory, regulatory, and contractual restrictions
providing that the insurance contract may not be canceled unless
notice is given to a governmental agency, mortgagee, or other third
party shall apply where cancellation is effected under the provisions
of this section. The insurer shall give the prescribed notice in
behalf of itself or the insured to any governmental agency, mortgagee,
or other third party on or before the second business day after the
day it receives the notice of cancellation from the premium finance
company and shall determine the effective date of cancellation taking
into consideration the number of days notice required to complete the
cancellation.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. (1) Whenever a financed insurance
contract is canceled, the insurer shall return whatever gross unearned
premiums are due under the insurance contract to the premium finance
company for the account of the insured or insureds.

(2) In the event that the crediting of return premiums to the
account of the insured results in a surplus over the amount due from
the insured, the premium finance company shall refund such excess to
the insured: PROVIDED, That no such refund shall be required if it a-
mounts to less than one dollar.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. No filing of the premium finance agree-
ment shall be necessary to perfect the validity of such agreement as
a secured transaction as against creditors, subsequent purchasers,
pledgees, encumbrancers, successors, or assigns.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. Sections 1 through 13 of this act are
each added as new sections to chapter 79, Laws of 1947 and to Title
48 RCW as a new chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. This act is necessary for the immediate
preservation of the public peace, health and safety, the support of
the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall
take effect on the sixtieth day following passage by the legislature
and submission to the governor for action.

Passed the Senate April 19, 1969
Passed the House April 12, 1969
Approved by the Governor April 25, 1969
Filed in office of Secretary of State April 25, 1969

CHAPTER 191
[Senate Bill No. 756]
CITIES AND TOWNS--GENERAL
OBLIGATION BONDS--VALIDATION

AN ACT Relating to cities and towns; permitting and validating the
issuance of general obligation bonds heretofore ratified by
the voters pursuant to resolution; and declaring an emergency.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Any city or town, which has prior to
the effective date of this act, submitted to the voters thereof for
their ratification or rejection the proposition of incurring in-
debt edness by the issuance of negotiable bonds in an amount when
added to its existing indebtedness will exceed the amount of indebt-
edness authorized to be incurred without the assent of the voters,
but will not exceed the amount of indebtedness authorized by chapter
39.36 RCW, as now or hereafter amended, to be incurred with the as-
sent of the voters, may incur such indebtedness and issue such bonds