rules and regulations regarding pupil conduct, discipline, and
rights. Such rules and regulations shall not be inconsistent with
law or the rules and regulations of the superintendent of public
instruction or the state board of education and shall include such
substantive and procedural due process guarantees as prescribed by
the state board of education under section 2 of this 1971 amendatory
act.

131 Suspend, expel, or discipline pupils in accordance with
section 2 of this 1971 amendatory act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The state board of education shall
adopt and distribute to all school districts lawful and reasonable
rules and regulations prescribing the substantive and procedural due
process guarantees of pupils in the common schools.

Passed the Senate April 7, 1971.
Passed the House May 10, 1971.
Approved by the Governor May 21, 1971.
Filed in office of Secretary of State May 21, 1971.

CHAPTER 269
[Engrossed Senate Bill No. 298]
EDUCATION--
INSURANCE OR PROTECTION PROGRAMS

AN ACT Relating to education and insurance or protection programs for
certain college and university regents, trustees, school
district board members, students and employees, and their
dependents; amending section 28A.58.420, chapter 223, Laws of
1969 ex sess. as last amended by section 3, chapter 8, Laws of
1971 and RCW 28A.58.420; and amending section 28B.10.660,
chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. as amended by section 4,

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. Notwithstanding any other provision
of law, after the effective date of this 1971 act boards of directors
of all school districts shall provide their employees with insurance
protection covering those employees while engaged in the maintenance
of order and discipline and the protection of school personnel and
students and the property thereof when that is deemed necessary by
such employees. Such insurance protection must include as a minimum,
liability insurance covering injury to persons and property, and
insurance protecting those employees from loss or damage of their
personal property incurred while so engaged.

Sec. 2. Section 28A.58.420, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex.
The board of directors of any of the state's school districts may make available liability, life, health, health care, accident, disability and salary protection or insurance or any one of, or a combination of, the enumerated types of insurance, or any other type of insurance or protection, for the members of the boards of directors, the students, and employees of the school district, and their dependents. Whenever funds shall be available for these purposes the board of directors of the school district may contribute (toward all or a part of the cost of such (life, health, accident, disability and salary) protection or insurance ((including hospitalization and medical aid)) for the employees of their respective school districts and their dependents in an amount not to exceed (ten) twenty dollars per month per employee covered. The premiums on such liability insurance shall be borne by the school district. The premiums due on such (life, health, accident, or disability and salary) protection or insurance shall be borne by the assenting school board member or student. All contracts for insurance or protection written to take advantage of the provisions of this section shall provide that the beneficiaries of such contracts may utilize on an equal participation basis the services of those practitioners licensed pursuant to chapters 18.22, 18.25, 18.53, 18.57 and 18.71 RCW.

Sec. 3. Section 28B.10.660, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. as amended by section 4, chapter 237, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 28B.10.660 are each amended to read as follows:

The regents or trustees of any of the state's institutions of higher education may make available liability, life, health, health care, accident, disability and salary protection or insurance or any one of, or a combination of, the enumerated types of insurance, or any other type of insurance or protection, for the regents or trustees, students and employees of the institution, and their dependents. Whenever funds shall be available for these purposes, the regents or trustees of any of the state's institutions of higher education may contribute (toward all or a part of the cost of such (life, health, accident, disability and salary) protection or insurance ((including hospitalization and medical aid)) for the employees of their respective institutions and their dependents in an amount not to exceed (ten) twenty dollars per month per employee covered. The premiums due on such liability insurance shall be borne by the university or college. The premiums due on such (life, health, accident, or disability and salary) protection or insurance shall be borne by the assenting regent, trustee or student. All contracts for insurance or protection written to take advantage of
the provisions of this section shall provide that the beneficiaries of such contracts may utilize on an equal participation basis the services of those practitioners licensed pursuant to chapters 18.22, 18.25, 18.53, 18.57 and 18.71 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. If any provision of this 1971 act, or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act, or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Passed the Senate May 10, 1971.
Passed the House May 10, 1971.
Approved by the Governor May 21, 1971.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 21, 1971.

CHAPTER 270
[Senate Bill No. 467]
MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENTS--BLOOD SAMPLES

AN ACT Relating to motor vehicle accidents; and adding a new section to chapter 12, Laws of 1961 and to chapter 46.52 RCW; adding new sections to Title 46 RCW.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. There is added to chapter 12, Laws of 1961 and to chapter 46.52 RCW a new section to read as follows:

Every coroner or other official performing like functions shall submit to the state toxicologist a blood sample taken from all drivers and all pedestrians age fifteen years and older who are killed in any traffic accident where the death occurred within four hours after the accident. Blood samples shall be taken and submitted in the manner prescribed by the state toxicologist. The state toxicologist shall analyze these blood samples to determine the concentration of alcohol and, where feasible, the presence of drugs or other toxic substances. The reports and records of the state toxicologist relating to analyses made pursuant to this section shall be confidential, and shall not be utilized as evidence in any civil or criminal action, except that the results of these analyses shall be reported to the state patrol, and may be made available to the prosecuting attorney or law enforcement agencies having jurisdiction in any case in which an autopsy or post mortem is performed.