regulations relative to the issuance of such revenue bonds contained in any other act shall not apply to the bonds issued under this chapter. Any act inconsistent herewith shall be deemed modified to conform with the provisions of this chapter for the purpose of this chapter only.

Passed the Senate January 31, 1972.
Passed the House February 12, 1972.
Approved by the Governor February 22, 1972.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State February 23, 1972.

CHAPTER 95
[Substitute Senate Bill No. 272]
INTERGOVERNMENTAL DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY

AN ACT Relating to the intergovernmental disposition of property; and amending section 1, chapter 133, Laws of 1953, and RCW 39.33.010.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

Section 1. Section 1, chapter 133, Laws of 1953 and RCW 39.33.010 are each amended to read as follows:

((Netwih3tftfd~nq &RT PPOvisien ef ITV

The state or any municipality or any political subdivision thereof, may sell, transfer, exchange, lease or otherwise dispose of any property, real or personal, or property rights, including but not limited to the title to real property, to the state or any municipality or any political subdivision thereof on such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed upon by the proper authorities of the state and/or the subdivisions concerned: PROVIDED, That such property is determined by decree of the superior court in the county where such property is located, after publication of notice of hearing is given as fixed and directed by such court, to be either necessary, or surplus or excess to the future foreseeable needs of the state or of such municipality or any political subdivision thereof concerned, which requests authority to transfer such property.

This section shall be deemed to provide an alternative method for the doing of the things authorized herein, and shall not be construed as imposing any additional condition upon the exercise of any other powers vested in the state, municipalities or political subdivisions.

No intergovernmental transfer, lease, or other disposition of property made pursuant to any other provision of law prior to the
effective date of this 1972 amendatory act shall be construed to be invalid solely because the parties thereto did not comply with the procedures of this section.

Passed the Senate February 2, 1972.
Passed the House February 12, 1972.
Approved by the Governor February 22, 1972.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State February 23, 1972.

CHAPTER 96
[Substitute Senate Bill No. 96]
STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF--BOARD OF TRUSTEES

AN ACT Relating to state institutions; adding a new chapter to Title 72 RCW; and creating a new section.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. It is the intention of the legislature, in creating a board of trustees for the state school for the deaf to perform the duties set forth in this chapter, that the board of trustees perform needed services to the secretary of the department of social and health services, hereinafter denominated the "secretary", in the development of programs for the deaf, and in the operation of the Washington state school for the deaf.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. There is hereby created a board of trustees for the state school for the deaf to be composed of ten trustees, of whom seven shall be appointed by the governor from a list of nominees to be submitted by the nominating committee in accordance with section 9 of this 1972 act. In making such appointments the governor shall give consideration to geographical exigencies and shall appoint one trustee residing in each of the state's congressional districts. The president of the parent-teachers house organization of the deaf school, the vice president of the parent-teachers house organization of the deaf school, and the president of the Washington state association for the deaf shall each be ex officio and nonvoting members of the board of trustees and shall serve during their respective tenures in such positions.

The initial appointees to the board of trustees shall draw lots at the first meeting thereof to determine their respective initial terms. One trustee shall serve for one year, one for two years, two for three years, one for four years, and two for five years.

Thereafter the successors of the trustees initially appointed