This act will provide that the citizens of our state will be able to receive standardized higher quality emergency medical services. Section four of the act establishes an emergency medical and ambulance review committee consisting of nine members appointed by the Governor. Section four also provides that, of the nine members on the committee, two must be from fire departments, two must be private ambulance owners, two must be licensed physicians, two must be from the consuming public and one must be a hospital administrator. While representation on the committee from such groups is both worthwhile and needed, the requirement that only such members may be appointed could well work to the disadvantage of the public should it prove worthwhile to appoint individuals from other interested areas in the future.

Section eleven of the act provides for the granting of a certificate of qualification as an emergency medical technician and requires a fee to be established, paid by the applicant, for the certificate. The section exempts volunteer fire fighters and volunteer ambulance personnel from the requirement of paying the fee. Such exception is both laudable and in the public interest; however, it does not take into account the numerous other types of volunteer personnel which would desire and need the certificate of qualification and should be equally exempt from the payment of a fee. Deletion of the item referring to fire fighters and ambulance personnel will allow all volunteer personnel to be exempt from the fee.

Accordingly, for the reasons set out above, I have determined to veto the two items in sections four and eleven of this act. With those exceptions, Substitute Senate Bill No. 2365 is approved.

CHAPTER 209
[Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 2600]
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE CONTROL

AN ACT Relating to intoxicating liquor; adding a new section to chapter 66.08 RCW; amending section 67, chapter 62, Laws of 1933 ex. sess. and RCW 66.08.070; amending section 7, chapter 62, Laws of 1933 ex. sess. as last amended by section 1,

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

Section 1. Section 67, chapter 62, Laws of 1933 ex. sess. and RCW 66.08.070 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every order for the purchase of liquor shall be authorized
by the board, and no order for liquor shall be valid or binding unless it is so authorized and signed by (any two members of) the board or its authorized designee.

(2) A duplicate of every such order shall be kept on file in the office of the board.

(3) All cancellations of such orders made by the board shall be signed in the same manner and duplicates thereof kept on file in the office of the board. Nothing in this title shall be construed as preventing the board from accepting liquor on consignment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The board shall not hire any person who is receiving a pension in the amount of four hundred dollars or more per month.

Sec. 3. Section 7, chapter 62, Laws of 1933 ex. sess. as last amended by section 1, chapter 15, Laws of 1971 ex. sess. and RCW 66.16.040 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as otherwise provided by law, an employee in a state liquor store or agency may sell liquor to any person (over the age of twenty-one years for beverage purposes) of legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages as provided in chapter 122, Laws of 1973 and may also sell to holders of permits such liquor as may be purchased under such permits.

Where there may be a question of a person's right to purchase liquor by reason of his age, such person shall be required to present any one of the following officially issued cards of identification which shows his correct age and bears his signature and photograph:

(1) Liquor control authority card of identification of any state.

(2) Driver's license of any state or "identicard" issued by the Washington state department of motor vehicles pursuant to RCW 46.20.117.

(3) United States active duty military identification.

(4) Passport.

The board may adopt such regulations as it deems proper covering the acceptance of such cards of identification.

No liquor sold under this section shall be delivered until the purchaser has paid for the liquor in cash.

Sec. 4. Section 1, chapter 67, Laws of 1949 as last amended by section 2, chapter 15, Laws of 1971 ex. sess. and RCW 66.20.160 are each amended to read as follows:

Words and phrases as used in RCW 66.20.160 to 66.20.210, inclusive, shall have the following meaning:

"Card of identification" means any one of those cards described in RCW 66.16.040.

"Licensee" means the holder of a retail liquor license issued by the board, and includes any employee or agent of the licensee.
"Store employee" means a person employed in a state liquor store or agency to sell liquor.

Sec. 5. Section 2, chapter 67, Laws of 1949 as last amended by section 3, chapter 15, Laws of 1971 ex. sess. and RCW 66.20.170 are each amended to read as follows:

A card of identification may for the purpose of this title and for the purpose of procuring liquor, be accepted as an identification card by any licensee or store employee and as evidence of legal age of the person presenting such card, provided the licensee or store employee complies with the conditions and procedures prescribed herein and such regulations as may be made by the board.

Sec. 6. Section 3, chapter 67, Laws of 1949 as last amended by section 4, chapter 15, Laws of 1971 ex. sess. and RCW 66.20.180 are each amended to read as follows:

A card of identification shall be presented by the holder thereof upon request of any licensee, store employee, peace officer, or enforcement officer of the board for the purpose of aiding the licensee, store employee, peace officer, or enforcement officer of the board to determine whether or not such person is (at least twenty-one years) of legal age to purchase liquor when such person desires to procure liquor from a licensed establishment or state liquor store or agency.

Sec. 7. Section 4, chapter 67, Laws of 1949 as last amended by section 5, chapter 15, Laws of 1971 ex. sess. and RCW 66.20.190 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to the presentation by the holder and verification by the licensee or store employee of such card of identification, the licensee or store employee shall require the person whose age may be in question to sign a certification card and record an accurate description and serial number of his card of identification thereon. Such statement shall be upon a five-inch by eight-inch file card, which card shall be filed alphabetically by the licensee or store employee at or before the close of business on the day on which the statement is executed, in the file box containing a suitable alphabetical index and the card shall be subject to examination by any peace officer or agent or employee of the board at all times.

Sec. 8. Section 5, chapter 67, Laws of 1949 as last amended by section 6, chapter 15, Laws of 1971 ex. sess. and RCW 66.20.200 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be unlawful for the owner of a card of identification to transfer the card to any other person for the purpose of aiding such person to procure alcoholic beverages from any licensee or store employee. Any person who shall permit his card of identification to be used by another or transfer such card to another for the purpose of aiding such transferee to obtain alcoholic beverages from a
licensee or store employee, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than thirty days or both. Any person not entitled thereto who unlawfully procures or has issued or transferred to him a card of identification, and any person who possesses a card of identification not issued to him, and any person who makes any false statement on any certification card required by RCW 66.20.190, as now or hereafter amended, to be signed by him, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or imprisonment for not more than thirty days or both.

Sec. 9. Section 6, chapter 67, Laws of 1949 as last amended by section 7, chapter 15, Laws of 1971 ex. sess. and RCW 66.20.210 are each amended to read as follows:

No licensee or the agent or employee of the licensee, or store employee, shall be prosecuted criminally or be sued in any civil action for serving liquor to a person under ((twenty-one years of)) legal age to purchase liquor if such person has presented a card of identification in accordance with RCW 66.20.180, and has signed a certification card as provided in RCW 66.20.190.

Such card in the possession of a licensee may be offered as a defense in any hearing held by the board for serving liquor to the person who signed the card and may be considered by the board as evidence that the licensee acted in good faith.

Sec. 10. Section 27, chapter 62, Laws of 1933 ex. sess. as last amended by section 1, chapter 70, Laws of 1971 and RCW 66.24.010 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every license shall be issued in the name of the applicant and the holder thereof shall not allow any other person to use the license.

(2) For the purpose of considering any application for a license, the board may cause an inspection of the premises to be made, and may inquire into all matters in connection with the construction and operation of the premises. The board may, in its discretion, grant or refuse the license applied for. No retail license of any kind shall be issued to:

(a) A person who is not a citizen of the United States, except when the privilege is granted by treaty;

(b) A person who has not resided in the state for at least one month prior to making application, except in cases of licenses issued to dining places on railroads, boats, or aircraft;

(c) A person who has been convicted of a felony within five years prior to filing his application;

(d) A copartnership, unless all of the members thereof are qualified to obtain a license, as provided in this section:
(e) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent, unless such manager or agent possesses the same qualifications required of the licensee;

(f) A corporation, unless all of the officers thereof are citizens of the United States.

(3) The board may, in its discretion, subject to the provisions of RCW 66.08.150, suspend or cancel any license; and all rights of the licensee to keep or sell liquor thereunder shall be suspended or terminated, as the case may be. The board may appoint examiners who shall have power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, books, accounts, documents, and testimony, examine witnesses, and to receive testimony in any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding in any part of the state, under such rules and regulations as the board may adopt.

Witnesses shall be allowed fees at the rate of four dollars per day, plus ten cents per mile each way. Fees need not be paid in advance of appearance of witnesses to testify or to produce books, records, or other legal evidence.

In case of disobedience of any person to comply with the order of the board or a subpoena issued by the board, or any of its members, or examiners, or on the refusal of a witness to testify to any matter regarding which he may be lawfully interrogated, the judge of the superior court of the county in which the person resides, on application of any member of the board or examiner, shall compel obedience by contempt proceedings, as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from said court or a refusal to testify therein.

(4) Upon receipt of notice of the suspension or cancellation of a license, the licensee shall forthwith deliver up the license to the board. Where the license has been suspended only, the board shall return the license to the licensee at the expiration or termination of the period of suspension, with a memorandum of the suspension written or stamped upon the face thereof in red ink. The board shall notify all vendors in the city or place where the licensee has its premises of the suspension or cancellation of the license; and no employee shall allow or cause any liquor to be delivered to or for any person at the premises of that licensee.

(5) Unless sooner canceled, every license issued by the board shall expire at midnight of the thirtieth day of June of the fiscal year for which it was issued.

(6) Every license issued under this section shall be subject to all conditions and restrictions imposed by this title or by the regulations in force from time to time.

(7) Every licensee shall post and keep posted its license, or
licenses, in a conspicuous place on the premises.

(8) Before the board shall issue a license to an applicant it shall give notice of such application to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town, if the application be for a license within an incorporated city or town, or to the board of county commissioners, if the application be for a license outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns; and such incorporated city or town, through the official or employee selected by it, or the board of county commissioners or the official or employee, selected by it, shall have the right to file with the board within twenty days after date of transmittal of such notice, written objections against the applicant or against the premises for which the license is asked, and shall include with such objections a statement of all facts upon which such objections are based, and in case written objections are filed, may request and the liquor control board may in its discretion hold a formal hearing subject to the applicable provisions of chapter 34.04 RCW, as now or hereafter amended. Upon the granting of a license under this title the board shall cause a duplicate of the license to be transmitted to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town in which the license is granted, or to the board of county commissioners if the license is granted outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns.

(9) Before the board issues any license to any applicant, it shall give due consideration to the location of the business to be conducted under such license with respect to the proximity of churches, schools and public institutions: PROVIDED, That on and after the effective date of this act, the board shall issue no beer retailer license class A, B, or D or wine retailer license class C covering any premises not now licensed, if such premises are within five hundred feet of the premises of any church, parochial or tax-supported public elementary or secondary school measured along the most direct route over or across established public walks, streets or other public passageway from the outer property line of the church or school grounds to the nearest public entrance of the premises proposed for license, unless the board shall receive written notice from an official representative or representatives of the schools and/or churches within five hundred feet of said proposed licensed premises, indicating to the board that there is no objection to the issuance of such license because of proximity to a school or church. For the purpose of this section, church shall mean a building erected for and used exclusively for religious worship and
schooling or other activity in connection therewith.

(10) The restrictions set forth in the preceding subsection shall not prohibit the board from authorizing the transfer of existing licenses now located within the restricted area to other persons or locations within the restricted area: PROVIDED, Such transfer shall in no case result in establishing the licensed premises closer to a church or school than it was before the transfer.

Sec. 11. Section 23-U added to chapter 62, Laws of 1933 ex. sess. by section 1, chapter 217, Laws of 1937 as amended by section 2, chapter 70, Laws of 1971 and RCW 66.24.025 are each amended to read as follows:

The holder of one or more licenses may assign and transfer the same to any qualified person under such rules and regulations as the board may prescribe: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That no such assignment and transfer shall be made which will result in both a change of licensee and change of location; the fee for such assignment and transfer shall be thirty-five dollars; PROVIDED, FURTHER, That no fee will be charged for transfer to the surviving spouse only of a deceased licensee if the parties were maintaining a marital community and the license was issued in the names of one or both of the parties.

Sec. 12. Section 27-C added to chapter 62, Laws of 1933 ex. sess. by section 7, chapter 172, Laws of 1939 and RCW 66.24.120 are each amended to read as follows:

The board in suspending any license may further provide in the order of suspension that such suspension shall be vacated upon payment to the board by the licensee of a monetary penalty in an amount then fixed by the board (not exceeding a sum equal to the aggregate annual license fees of all licenses then held by such licensee).

Sec. 13. Section 10, chapter 21, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 66.24.206 are each amended to read as follows:

No wine wholesaler nor wine importer shall purchase any wine not manufactured within the state of Washington by a winery holding a license as a manufacturer of wine from the state of Washington, and/or transport or cause the same to be transported into the state of Washington for resale therein, unless the winery or manufacturer of such wine, or the licensed importer of wine produced outside the United States, has obtained from the Washington state liquor control board a certificate of approval, as hereinafter provided. The certificate of approval herein provided for shall not be granted unless and until such winery, manufacturer, or licensed importer of wine produced outside the United States, shall have made a written agreement with the board to furnish to the board, on or before the tenth day of each month, a report under oath, on a form to be
prescribed by the board, showing the quantity of wine sold or
delivered to each licensed wine importer, or imported by the licensed
importer of wine produced outside the United States, during the
preceding month, and shall further have agreed with the board, that
such wineries, manufacturers, or licensed importers of wine produced
outside the United States, and all general sales corporations or
agencies maintained by them, and all of their trade representatives
and agents, shall and will faithfully comply with all laws of the
state of Washington pertaining to the sale of intoxicating liquors
and all rules and regulations of the Washington state liquor control
board. If any such winery, manufacturer, or licensed importer of
wine produced outside the United States, shall, after obtaining such
certificate, fail to submit such report, or if such winery, manufacturer,
or licensed importer of wine produced outside the
United States, or general sales corporations or agencies maintained
by them, or their trade representatives or agents, shall violate the
terms of such agreement, the board shall, in its discretion, suspend
or revoke such certificate: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That such
certificates of approval shall be issued only for specifically named
designated and identified types of wine. The Washington state liquor
control board shall not certify wines labeled with names which may be
confused with other nonalcoholic beverages, whether manufactured or
produced from a domestic winery or imported, nor wines which fail to
meet quality standards established by the board.

The fee for the certificate of approval, issued pursuant to
the provisions of this title, shall be fifty dollars per annum, which
sum shall accompany the application for such certificate.

sess. by section 1, chapter 217, Laws of 1937 as amended by section
4, chapter 178, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 66.24.270 are each
amended to read as follows:

(1) Every person, firm or corporation, holding a license to
manufacture malt liquors within the state of Washington, shall, on or
before the tenth day of each month, furnish to the Washington state
liquor control board, on a form to be prescribed by the board, a
statement showing the quantity of malt liquors sold for resale during
the preceding calendar month to each beer wholesaler within the state
of Washington;

(2) No beer wholesaler nor beer importer shall purchase any
beer not manufactured within the state of Washington by a brewer
holding a license as a manufacturer of malt liquors from the state of
Washington, and/or transport or cause the same to be transported into
the state of Washington for resale therein, unless the brewer or
manufacturer of such beer or the licensed importer of beer produced
outside the United States has obtained from the Washington state
liquor control board a certificate of approval, as hereinafter provided. The certificate of approval herein provided for shall not be granted unless and until such brewer or manufacturer of malt liquors or the licensed importer of beer produced outside the United States shall have made a written agreement with the board to furnish to the board, on or before the tenth day of each month, a report under oath, on a form to be prescribed by the board, showing the quantity of beer sold or delivered to each licensed beer importer or imported by the licensed importer of beer produced outside the United States during the preceding month, and shall further have agreed with the board, that such brewer or manufacturer of malt liquors or the licensed importer of beer produced outside the United States and all general sales corporations or agencies maintained by such brewers or manufacturers or importers, and all trade representatives or agents of such brewer or manufacturer of malt liquors or the licensed importer of beer produced outside the United States, and of such general sales corporations and agencies, shall and will faithfully comply with all laws of the state of Washington pertaining to the sale of intoxicating liquors and all rules and regulations of the Washington state liquor control board. If any such brewer or manufacturer of malt liquors or the licensed importer of beer produced outside the United States and all general sales corporations or agencies maintained by such brewers or manufacturers or importers, or any representative or agent thereof, shall violate the terms of such agreement, the board shall, in its discretion, suspend or revoke such certificate;

(3) The fee for the certificate of approval, issued pursuant to the provisions of this title, shall be fifty dollars per annum, which sum shall accompany the application for such certificate.

Sec. 15. Section 23-N added to chapter 62, Laws of 1933 ex. sess. by section 1, chapter 217, Laws of 1937 as last amended by section 3, chapter 75, Laws of 1967 ex. sess. and RCW 66.24.330 are each amended to read as follows:

There shall be a beer retailer's license to be designated as a class B license to sell beer by the individual glass or opened bottle at retail, for consumption on the premises and to sell unpasteurized beer for consumption off the premises: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That unpasteurized beer so sold must be in original sealed packages of the manufacturer or bottler of not less than seven and three-fourths gallons: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That unpasteurized beer may be sold to a purchaser in a sanitary container brought to the premises by the purchaser and filled at the tap by the retailer at the time of sale;
such license to be issued only to a person operating a tavern. The
annual fee for said license, if issued in cities and towns, shall be
graduated according to the population thereof as follows:
Cities and towns of less than 10,000; fee $62.50;
Cities and towns of 10,000 and less than 100,000; fee $125.00;
Cities and towns of 100,000 or over; fee $187.50;
The annual fee for such license, if issued outside of cities
and towns, shall be sixty-two dollars and fifty cents: PROVIDED,
HOWEVER, That where dancing is permitted on the premises, the fee
shall be one hundred eighty-seven dollars and fifty cents.
Sec. 16. Section 23-R added to chapter 62, Laws of 1933 ex.
sees by section 1, chapter 217, Laws of 1937 as amended by section
7, chapter 75, Laws of 1967 ex. sess. and RCW 66.24.370 are each
amended to read as follows:
There shall be a wine retailer's license to be designated as
class F license to sell wine in bottles and original packages, not to
be consumed on the premises where sold, at any store other than the
state liquor stores: PROVIDED, Such licensee shall pay to the state
liquor stores for (such) wines purchased from such stores the
current retail price; fee forty-three dollars and seventy-five cents
per annum: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That a holder of a class A or class B
license shall be entitled to the privileges permitted in this section
by paying an annual fee of twelve dollars and fifty cents for each
store.
Sec. 17. Section 23-S added to chapter 62, Laws of 1933 ex.
sees by section 1, chapter 217, Laws of 1937 as amended by section
5, chapter 178, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 66.24.380 are each
amended to read as follows:
There shall be a beer retailer's license to be designated as
class G; a special license to a society or organization to sell beer
at picnics or other special occasions at a specified date and place;
fee ten dollars per day. Sale, service, and consumption of beer is
to be confined to specified premises or designated areas only.
Sec. 18. Section 9, chapter 178, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and
RCW 66.24.500 are each amended to read as follows:
There shall be a wine retailer's license to be designated as
class J; a special license to a society or organization to sell wine
at special occasions at a specified date and place; fee ten dollars
per day. Sale, service, and consumption of wine is to be confined to
specified premises or designated areas only.
Sec. 19. Section 1, chapter 200, Laws of 1929 as amended by
section 1, chapter 2, Laws of 1933 and RCW 66.44.320 are each amended
to read as follows:
Every person who shall sell any intoxicating liquor to any
minor shall be guilty of a ((felony)) violation of Title 66 RCW.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. Section 437, chapter 249, Laws of 1909, section 2, chapter 27, Laws of 1909 ex. sess. and RCW 66.44.230 are each repealed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. If any phrase, clause, subsection or section of this 1973 amendatory act shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, it shall be conclusively presumed that the legislature would have enacted this 1973 amendatory act without the phrase, clause, subsection or section so held unconstitutional or invalid and the remainder of the act shall not be affected as a result of said part being held unconstitutional or invalid.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. This 1973 amendatory act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect July 1, 1973.

Passed the Senate March 27, 1973.
Approved by the Governor April 25, 1973, with the exception of Section 2 which is vetoed.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 26, 1973.
Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:
"I am returning herewith, without my approval as to one section, Substitute Senate Bill No. 2600 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to intoxicating liquor."

This bill was requested by the liquor control board and has the effect of modernizing and clarifying many of the statutes relating to their operation. Section two of the bill, which was not originally in the bill, would prohibit the board from employing any person who is receiving a pension in the amount of four hundred dollars or more. This restriction, if valid at all, should be applied to all state employees if it is to be adopted, not just liquor control board employees. Consequently, such a provision belongs in the laws relating to the personnel board rather than this act.

Accordingly, I have determined to veto that item consisting of section two for the reasons set out above. With that exception, Substitute Senate Bill No. 2600 is approved."

[1622]