The enactment of sections 6 and 7, but to allow them to stand would effectively deprive the Commission of funding under existing mechanisms.

Accordingly, I have determined to veto those four items found in section 1, and consisting of sections 2, 6 and 7.

CHAPTER 217
[Engrossed House Bill No. 704]
STATE BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION--GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

AN ACT Relating to state government; providing for the acquisition, construction, remodeling, furnishing, and equipping of state buildings and facilities; providing for the financing thereof by the issuance of bonds; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. For the purpose of acquiring land, funding and providing the planning, acquisition, construction, remodeling, and furnishing, together with all improvements, enhancements, fixed equipment, and facilities, of capitol office buildings, parking facilities, governor's mansion, and such other buildings and facilities as are determined by the state capitol committee to be necessary to provide space for the legislature by way of offices, committee rooms, hearing rooms, and work rooms, and to provide executive office and housing for the governor, and to provide executive office space for other elective officials and such other state agencies as may be necessary, the state finance committee is authorized to issue general obligation bonds of the state of Washington in the sum of twenty-seven million dollars, or so much thereof as may be required, to finance the projects defined in this 1973 act and all costs incidental thereto. Such bonds shall be paid and discharged within thirty years of the date of issuance in accordance with Article VIII, section 1 of the state Constitution.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The issuance, sale and retirement of said bonds shall be under the supervision and control of the state finance committee. The committee is authorized to prescribe the form, terms, conditions, and covenants of the bonds, the time or times of sale of all or any portion of them, and the conditions and manner of their sale, issuance and redemption. None of the bonds herein authorized shall be sold for less than the par value thereof.

The committee may provide that the bonds, or any of them, may be called prior to the maturity date thereof under such terms,
conditions, and provisions as it may determine and may authorize the use of facsimile signatures in the issuance of such bonds and notes, if any. Such bonds shall be payable at such places as the committee may provide.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. At the time the state finance committee determines to issue such bonds or a portion thereof, it may, pending the issuing of such bonds, issue, in the name of the state, temporary notes in anticipation of the money to be derived from the sale of the bonds, which notes shall be designated as "anticipation notes". Such portion of the proceeds of the sale of such bonds that may be required for such purpose shall be applied to the payment of the principal of and interest on such anticipation notes which have been issued. The proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by this 1973 act shall be deposited in the state building construction account of the general fund in the state treasury and shall be used exclusively for the purposes specified in this 1973 act and for the payment of expenses incurred in the issuance and sale of the bonds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The principal proceeds from the sale of the bonds or notes deposited in the state building construction account of the general fund shall be administered by the state department of general administration subject to the approval of the state capitol committee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The state building bond redemption fund is hereby created in the state treasury, which fund shall be exclusively devoted to the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds authorized by this 1973 act. The state finance committee, shall, on or before June 30th of each year, certify to the state treasurer the amount needed in the ensuing twelve months to meet such bond retirement and interest requirements and on July 1st of each year the state treasurer shall deposit such amount in the state building bond redemption fund from any general state revenues received in the state treasury and certified by the state treasurer to be general state revenues. Bonds issued under the provisions of this 1973 act shall state that they are a general obligation of the state of Washington, shall pledge the full faith and credit of the state to the payment of the principal thereof and the interest thereon and shall contain an unconditional promise to pay such principal and interest as the same shall become due. The owner and holder of each of the bonds or the trustee for the owner and holder of any of the bonds may by a mandamus or other appropriate proceeding require the transfer and payment of funds as directed herein.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. In addition to any other charges authorized by law and to assist in reimbursing the state general fund for expenditures from the general state revenues in paying the principal and interest on the bonds and notes herein authorized, the
director of general administration shall assess a charge against each state board, commission, agency, office, department, activity, or other occupant or user for payment of a proportion of costs for each square foot of floor space assigned to or occupied by it. Payment of the amount so billed to the entity for such occupancy shall be made annually and in advance at the beginning of each fiscal year. The director of general administration shall cause the same to be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the general fund.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 7. The legislature may provide additional means for raising moneys for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds authorized herein, and this 1973 act shall not be deemed to provide an exclusive method for such payment.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 8. The bonds herein authorized shall be a legal investment for all state funds or funds under state control and for all funds of any other public body.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 9. If any provision of this 1973 act, or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid the remainder of the act, or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 10. This 1973 act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions and shall take effect immediately.

Approved by the Governor April 25, 1973, with the exception of two items in Section 1 and Section 4 which are vetoed.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 26, 1973.
Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:
"I am filing herewith to be transmitted to the House of Representatives at the next session of the Legislature, without my approval as to two items, **Engrossed House Bill No. 704**, entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to state government; providing for the acquisition, construction, remodeling, furnishing and equipping of state buildings and facilities; providing for the financing thereof by the issuance of bonds; and declaring an emergency."

This bill authorizes the State Finance Committee to issue general obligation bonds in the amount of $27 million for the purposes of acquiring land and the planning,
construction and remodeling of capital office buildings, parking facilities, Governor's Mansion, legislative facilities, and executive office space for elective officials and other state agencies. This is desirable legislation which is required in order to allow the development of needed facilities for the executive and legislative branches of government.

As initially filed and pursuant to existing law the bill would have provided for administration of these planning, construction and remodeling funds by the Department of General Administration. However, as amended in the Senate, section 1 of the bill now provides that any planning, acquisition, construction, remodeling or furnishing of space for the Legislature by way of offices, committee rooms, hearing rooms and workrooms would have to be approved by the State Capitol Committee while the other non-legislative projects would not be similarly controlled. This would mean that even the most minor of remodeling requirements for the Legislature would necessitate the prior approval of the State Capitol Committee. I find such a requirement unreasonable and probably not really intended by the drafters of this amendment.

Under existing law the Department of General Administration has express responsibility to supervise the construction, repair and betterment of all capitol buildings. On the other hand, the State Capitol Committee is a policy-making body for capitol campus development which has not heretofore functioned as an administrative mechanism for the actual construction and remodeling of capitol facilities.

Accordingly, I have vetoed those items in section 1 and section 4 of Engrossed House Bill No. 704 which would unnecessarily involve the State Capitol Committee in the administration of the capital funding authorized by this bill.

With these exceptions, the remainder of Engrossed House Bill No. 704 is approved."