

expiration of the term of such faculty member's individual contract for any cause which is not related to elimination or reduction of financing or the elimination or reduction of program shall be considered a termination for cause subject to the provisions of this chapter;

(3) "Probationary faculty appointment" shall mean a faculty appointment for a designated period of time which may be terminated without cause upon expiration of the probationer's terms of employment;

(4) "Probationer" shall mean an individual holding a probationary faculty appointment;

(5) "Administrative appointment" shall mean employment in a specific administrative position as determined by the appointing authority;

(6) "Appointing authority" shall mean the board of trustees of a community college district;

(7) "Review committee" shall mean a committee composed of the probationer's faculty peers, a student representative, and the administrative staff of the community college: PROVIDED, That the majority of the committee shall consist of the probationer's faculty peers.

Passed the Senate April 21, 1975.

Passed the House May 19, 1975.

Approved by the Governor May 28, 1975.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 28, 1975.

CHAPTER 113

[Senate Bill No. 2960]

EMERGENCY SERVICES

AN ACT Relating to emergency services; amending section 3, chapter 178, Laws of 1951 as last amended by section 4, chapter 171, Laws of 1974 ex. sess. and RCW 38.52.010; amending section 2, chapter 178, Laws of 1951 as last amended by section 5, chapter 171, Laws of 1974 ex. sess. and RCW 38.52.020; and amending section 4, chapter 178, Laws of 1951 as last amended by section 58, chapter 154, Laws of 1973 1st ex. sess. and RCW 38.52.030.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. Section 3, chapter 178, Laws of 1951 as last amended by section 4, chapter 171, Laws of 1974 ex. sess. and RCW 38.52.010 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Emergency services" means the preparation for and the carrying out of all emergency functions, other than functions for which the military forces are primarily responsible, to minimize and repair injury and damage, and to aid victims suffering from damage, resulting from disasters caused by enemy attack, sabotage, or other hostile action, or by fire, flood, storm, earthquake, or other natural causes, and to provide support for search and rescue operations for persons and property in distress. These functions include, without limitation, fire fighting services, police services, medical and health services, rescue, engineering, air raid warning services, communications, radiological, chemical and other special weapons defense, evacuation of persons from stricken areas, emergency welfare services, emergency transportation, existing or properly assigned functions of plant

protection, temporary restoration of public utility services and other functions related to civilian protection, together with all other activities necessary or incidental to the preparation and for carrying out of the foregoing functions.

(2) "Local organization for emergency services" means an organization created in accordance with the provisions of this chapter by state or local authority to perform local emergency services functions.

(3) "Mobile support unit" means an organization for emergency services created in accordance with the provisions of this chapter by state or local authority to be dispatched by the governor to supplement local organizations for emergency services in stricken areas.

(4) "Political subdivision" means any county, city or town.

(5) "Emergency services worker" means any person who is registered with a state or local emergency services organization and holds an identification card issued by the state or local emergency services director for the purpose of engaging in authorized emergency services or is an employee of the state of Washington or any political subdivision thereof who is called upon to perform emergency services.

(6) "Injury" as used in this chapter shall mean and include accidental injuries and/or occupational diseases arising out of emergency services.

(7) "Disaster" as used in this chapter shall mean events, arising out of either enemy attack, sabotage, or other hostile action, or natural causes, which reach such a dimension or degree of destructiveness as to warrant the governor declaring a state of emergency pursuant to RCW 43.06.010.

Sec. 2. Section 2, chapter 178, Laws of 1951 as last amended by section 5, chapter 171, Laws of 1974 ex. sess. and RCW 38.52.020 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Because of the existing and increasing possibility of the occurrence of disasters of unprecedented size and destructiveness resulting from enemy attack, sabotage or other hostile action, or from fire, flood, storm, earthquake, or other natural causes, and in order to insure that preparations of this state will be adequate to deal with such disasters, to insure the administration of state and federal programs providing disaster relief to individuals, and further to insure adequate support for search and rescue operations, and generally to provide for the common defense and to protect the public peace, health, and safety, and to preserve the lives and property of the people of the state, it is hereby found and declared to be necessary:

(a) To create a state department of emergency services, and to authorize the creation of local organizations for emergency services in the political subdivisions of the state;

(b) To confer upon the governor and upon the executive heads of the political subdivisions of the state the emergency powers provided herein;

(c) To provide for the rendering of mutual aid among the political subdivisions of the state and with other states and to cooperate with the federal government with respect to the carrying out of emergency services functions; and

(d) To provide a means of compensating emergency services workers who may suffer any injury as herein defined as a result of participation in emergency services.

(2) It is further declared to be the purpose of this chapter and the policy of the state that all emergency services functions of this state and its political subdivisions be coordinated to the maximum extent with the comparable functions of the federal government including its various departments and agencies of other states and localities, and of private agencies of every type, to the end that the most effective preparation and use may be made of the nation's manpower, resources, and facilities for dealing with any disaster that may occur.

Sec. 3. Section 4, chapter 178, Laws of 1951 as last amended by section 58, chapter 154, Laws of 1973 1st ex. sess. and RCW 38.52.030 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) There is hereby created within the executive branch of the state government a department of emergency services and a director of emergency services (hereinafter called the director) who shall be the head thereof. The director shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate; the director shall not hold any other state office; the director shall hold office during the pleasure of the governor, and shall be compensated at the rate established by the governor's advisory committee on salaries and wages.

(2) The director may employ such technical, clerical, stenographic, and other personnel and may make such expenditures within the appropriation therefor, or from other funds made available for purposes of emergency services, as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

(3) The director and other personnel of the department shall be provided with appropriate office space, furniture, equipment, supplies, stationery, and printing in the same manner as provided for personnel of other state agencies.

(4) The director, subject to the direction and control of the governor, shall be the executive head of the department and shall be responsible to the governor for carrying out the program for emergency services of this state. The director shall coordinate the activities of all organizations for emergency services within the state, and shall maintain liaison with and cooperate with emergency services agencies and organizations of other states and of the federal government, and shall have such additional authority, duties, and responsibilities authorized by this chapter, as may be prescribed by the governor.

(5) The director shall appoint a communications coordinating committee consisting of six persons with the director as chairman thereof. Three of the members shall be appointed from qualified, trained and experienced telephone communications administrators or engineers actively engaged in such work within the state of Washington at the time of appointment, and three of the members shall be appointed from qualified, trained and experienced radio communication administrators or engineers actively engaged in such work within the state of Washington at the time of appointment. This committee shall be given full and complete authority over all plans for the direction and control of any communications facilities or functions to be operated or controlled under the provisions of this chapter by the department of emergency services, except supplemental emergency communications facilities under the direction of any local organization for emergency services.

(6) The director shall appoint a state coordinator of search and rescue operations, who shall coordinate those state resources, services and facilities (other than

those for which the state director of aeronautics is directly responsible) requested by political subdivisions in support of search and rescue operations, and who shall on request maintain liaison with and coordinate the resources, services, and facilities of political subdivisions when more than one political subdivision is engaged in joint search and rescue operations.

(7) The director, subject to the direction and control of the governor, shall prepare and administer a state program for emergency assistance to individuals within the state who are victims of a disaster caused by enemy attack, sabotage, or other hostile action, or by fire, flood, storms, earthquake, or other natural causes. Such program may be integrated into and coordinated with disaster assistance plans and programs of the federal government which provide to the state, or through the state to any political subdivision thereof, services, equipment, supplies, materials, or funds by way of gift, grant, or loan for purposes of assistance to individuals affected by a disaster. Further, such program may include, but shall not be limited to, grants, loans, or gifts of services, equipment, supplies, materials, or funds of the state, or any political subdivision thereof, to individuals who, as a result of a disaster, are in need of assistance and who meet standards of eligibility for disaster assistance established by the department of social and health services: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That nothing herein shall be construed in any manner inconsistent with the provisions of Article VIII, section 5 or section 7 of the Washington state Constitution.

Passed the Senate April 22, 1975.

Passed the House May 19, 1975.

Approved by the Governor May 28, 1975.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 28, 1975.

CHAPTER 114

[House Bill No. 15]

HEALING ARTS—SPECIAL IMMUNITIES

AN ACT Relating to special immunities; amending section 1, chapter 157, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 4.24.240; amending section 1, chapter 144, Laws of 1971 ex. sess. and RCW 4.24.250; and amending section 2, chapter 144, Laws of 1971 ex. sess. and RCW 4.24.260.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. Section 1, chapter 157, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 4.24.240 are each amended to read as follows:

Physicians licensed under chapters 18.71 or 18.57 RCW (~~and~~), dentists licensed under chapter 18.32 RCW, and pharmacists licensed under chapter 18.64 RCW who are members of review committees for medical (~~or~~), dental, or pharmaceutical societies, and licensed hospitals, or committees whose duties require evaluation of credentials and qualifications of physicians (~~and~~), dentists, or pharmacists shall be immune from civil action for damages arising out of the performance of their duties on such committees, where such actions are being brought by or on behalf of the person who is being evaluated.

Sec. 2. Section 1, chapter 144, Laws of 1971 ex. sess. and RCW 4.24.250 are each amended to read as follows: