annual average full time equivalent student which when combined with the basic education allocation is equal to but does not exceed one hundred and four percent for levies to be collected in 1979, and one hundred and six percent for levies to be collected in 1980 and thereafter of the previous school year's comparable dollars per annual average full time equivalent student: PROVIDED FURTHER, That for levies to be collected in 1980 and thereafter any school district receiving authority to exceed the levy limitation and whose enrollment is declining at a rate of at least four percent, or three hundred full time equivalent students, whichever is less, from the immediately preceding school year, may, in addition to the increase above, further increase its levy by an amount equal to fifty percent of the enrollment decline multiplied by the previous school year's comparable dollars per annual full time equivalent student. The provisions of this subsection (6) shall only apply to excess levies for collection prior to calendar year 1983.

(7) The superintendent of public instruction shall develop rules and regulations and inform school districts of the pertinent data necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. If any provision of this amendatory act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This amendatory act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect on September 1, 1979.

Passed the House May 1, 1979.
Passed the Senate April 27, 1979.
Approved by the Governor May 14, 1979.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 14, 1979.

CHAPTER 173
[Substitute House Bill No. 367]

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION—SCHOOL DISTRICT BOARDS—DUTIES

AN ACT Relating to the powers and duties of the state board of education; and amending section 28A.04.120, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. as last amended by section 1, chapter 92, Laws of 1975—76 2nd ex. sess. and RCW 28A.04.120; and amending section 28A.58.101, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. as last amended by section 2, chapter 97, Laws of 1975—76 2nd ex. sess. and RCW 28A.58.101.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. Section 28A.04.120, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. as last amended by section 1, chapter 92, Laws of 1975—76 2nd ex. sess. and RCW 28A.04.120 are each amended to read as follows:

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In addition to any other powers and duties as provided by law, the state board of education shall:

(1) Approve the program of courses leading to teacher, school administrator, and school specialized personnel certification offered by all institutions of higher education within the state which may be accredited and whose graduates may become entitled to receive such certification.

(2) Investigate the character of the work required to be performed as a condition of entrance to and graduation from any institution of higher education in this state relative to such certification as provided for in subsection (1) above, and prepare a list of accredited institutions of higher education of this and other states whose graduates may be awarded such certificates.

(3) Supervise the issuance of such certificates as provided for in subsection (1) above and specify the types and kinds of certificates necessary for the several departments of the common schools by rule or regulation in accordance with RCW 28A.70.005.

(4) ((Examinie a-nd)) Accredit ((secondary)), subject to such accreditation standards and procedures as may be established by the state board of education, all schools that apply for accreditation, and approve, subject to the provisions of RCW 28A.02.201, private schools carrying out a program for any or all of the grades one through twelve: PROVIDED, That no public or private ((high)) schools shall be placed upon the list of accredited schools so long as secret societies are knowingly allowed to exist among its students by school officials: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the state board may elect to require all or certain classifications of the public schools to conduct and participate in such pre-accreditation examination and evaluation processes as may now or hereafter be established by the board.

(5) Make rules and regulations governing the establishment in any existing nonhigh school district of any secondary program or any new grades in grades nine through twelve. Before any such program or any new grades are established the district must obtain prior approval of the state board.

(6) Prepare such outline of study for the common schools as the board shall deem necessary, and prescribe such rules for the general government of the common schools, as shall seek to secure regularity of attendance, prevent truancy, secure efficiency, and promote the true interest of the common schools.

(7) Prepare with the assistance of the superintendent of public instruction a uniform series of questions, with the proper answers therefor for use in the correcting thereof, to be used in the examination of persons, as this code may direct, and prescribe rules and regulations for conducting any such examinations.

(8) Continuously reevaluate courses and adopt and enforce regulations within the common schools so as to meet the educational needs of students and articulate with the institutions of higher education and unify the work of the public school system.
(9) Prepare courses of instruction in physical education, and direct and enforce such instruction throughout the state, with the assistance of the school officials, educational service district superintendents and the boards of directors of the common schools.

(10) Carry out board powers and duties relating to the organization and reorganization of school districts under chapter 28A.57 RCW.

(11) By rule or regulation promulgated upon the advice of the state fire marshal, provide for instruction of pupils in the public and private schools carrying out a K through 12 program, or any part thereof, so that in case of sudden emergency they shall be able to leave their particular school building in the shortest possible time or take such other steps as the particular emergency demands, and without confusion or panic; such rules and regulations shall be published and distributed to certificated personnel throughout the state whose duties shall include a familiarization therewith as well as the means of implementation thereof at their particular school.

(12) Hear and decide appeals as otherwise provided by law.

Sec. 2. Section 28A.58.101, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. as last amended by section 2, chapter 97, Laws of 1975-'76 2nd ex. sess. and RCW 28A.58.101 are each amended to read as follows:

Every board of directors, unless otherwise specifically provided by law, shall:

(1) Enforce the rules and regulations prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction and the state board of education for the government of schools, pupils, and certificated employees.

(2) Adopt and make available to each pupil, teacher and parent in the district reasonable written rules and regulations regarding pupil conduct, discipline, and rights, including but not limited to short-term and long-term suspensions. Such rules and regulations shall not be inconsistent with law or the rules and regulations of the superintendent of public instruction or the state board of education and shall include such substantive and procedural due process guarantees as prescribed by the state board of education under RCW 28A.04.132. Commencing with the 1976-77 school year, when such rules and regulations are made available to each pupil, teacher and parent, they shall be accompanied by a detailed description of rights, responsibilities and authority of teachers and principals with respect to the discipline of pupils as prescribed by state statutory law, superintendent of public instruction and state board of education rules and regulations and rules and regulations of the school district.

For the purposes of this subsection, computation of days included in "short-term" and "long-term" suspensions shall be determined on the basis of consecutive school days.
(3) Suspend, expel, or discipline pupils in accordance with RCW 28A.04.132.

Passed the House April 26, 1979.
Passed the Senate April 11, 1979.
Approved by the Governor May 14, 1979.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 14, 1979.

CHAPTER 174
[Substitute House Bill No. 437]
EDUCATIONAL CLINICS—STUDENT ELIGIBILITY—LEGISLATIVE REPORT

AN ACT Relating to educational clinics; amending section 2, chapter 341, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.97.020; amending section 4, chapter 341, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.97.040; creating new sections; and adding a new section to chapter 341, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and to chapter 28A.97 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. Section 2, chapter 341, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.97.020 are each amended to read as follows:

Only eligible common school dropouts shall be enrolled in a certified educational clinic for reimbursement by the superintendent of public instruction as provided in RCW 28A.97.040. No person shall be considered an eligible common school dropout who (1) has completed high school, (2) who has not reached his or her thirteenth birthday or has passed his ((eighteenth)) or her twentieth birthday, or (3) shows proficiency beyond the high school level in a test approved by the superintendent of public instruction to be given as part of the initial diagnostic procedure, or (4) until ((three)) one month((s)) has passed after he or she has dropped out of any common school and the educational clinic has received written verification from a school official of the common school last attended in this state that such person is no longer in attendance at such school, unless such clinic has been requested to admit such person by written communication of the board of directors or ((the superintendent)) its designee, of that common school, or unless such person is unable to attend a particular common school because of disciplinary reasons, including suspension and/or expulsion therefrom. The fact that any person may be subject to chapter 28A.27 RCW shall not affect his or her qualifications as an eligible common school dropout under this chapter.

Sec. 2. Section 4, chapter 341, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.97.040 are each amended to read as follows:

From funds appropriated for that purpose, the superintendent of public instruction shall pay to a certified clinic on a monthly basis for each student enrolled in compliance with RCW 28A.97.020, fees in accordance with the following conditions: