twenty-five percent of the monthly amount due from the department or self-insurer or one-sixth of the total overpayment, whichever is the lesser.

(4) No reduction may be made unless the worker receives notice of the reduction prior to the month in which the reduction is made.

(5) In no event shall the reduction reduce total benefits to less than the greater amount the worker may be entitled to under this title or the federal old-age, survivors and disability insurance act.

(6) The director, pursuant to rules adopted in accordance with the procedures provided in the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.04 RCW, may exercise his discretion to waive, in whole or in part, the amount of any overpayment where the recovery would be against equity and good conscience.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This 1979 act applies to all cases in which notification of the first reduction in compensation pursuant to RCW 51.32-.220 is mailed after the effective date of this 1979 act, regardless of when the basis, authority, or cause for such reduction may have arisen. To such extent, this 1979 act applies retrospectively, but in all other respects it applies prospectively.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. If any provision of this 1979 act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

Passed the Senate May 25, 1979.
Passed the House May 14, 1979.
Approved by the Governor June 15, 1979.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State June 15, 1979.

CHAPTER 232
[Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 2505]
LOCAL JAILS—IMPROVEMENT AND CONSTRUCTION—STATE BOND ISSUE—OPERATION, DETENTION STANDARDS

AN ACT Relating to the support of state government; providing for the planning, acquisition, construction, remodeling, furnishing and equipping of certain jail buildings and facilities; providing for the financing thereof by the issuance of bonds and anticipation notes; amending section 2, chapter 316, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and RCW 70.48.020; amending section 3, chapter 316, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and RCW 70.48.030; amending section 5, chapter 316, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and RCW 70.48.050; amending section 6, chapter 316, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. as amended by section 170, chapter 151, Laws of 1979 and RCW 70.48.060; amending section 7, chapter 316, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. as amended by section 2, chapter 147, Laws of 1979 and RCW 70.48.070; amending section 9, chapter
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. In order for the state to provide safe and humane detention and correctional facilities, its long range development goals must include the renovation of jail buildings and facilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. For the purpose of providing funds for the planning, acquisition, construction, and improvement of jail buildings and necessary supporting facilities within the state, the state finance committee is authorized to issue general obligation bonds of the state of Washington in the sum of one hundred six million dollars, or so much thereof as may be required, to finance the improvements defined in this chapter and all costs incidental thereto but not including acquisition or preparation of sites. These bonds shall be paid and discharged within thirty years. No bonds authorized by this chapter shall be offered for sale without prior legislative appropriation of the proceeds of the bonds to be sold.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by this chapter shall be deposited in the local jail improvement and construction account hereby created in the general fund and shall be used exclusively for the purpose specified in this chapter and for payment of the expenses incurred in the issuance and sale of the bonds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds deposited in the local jail improvement and construction account of the general fund under the terms of this chapter shall be administered by the Washington state jail commission subject to legislative appropriation.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The state finance committee is authorized to prescribe the form, terms, conditions, and covenants of the bonds, the time or times of sale of all or any portion of them, and the conditions and manner of their sale and issuance. None of the bonds authorized in this chapter shall be sold for less than their par value.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. When the state finance committee has decided to issue the bonds, or a portion thereof, it may, pending the issuing of the bonds, issue, in the name of the state, temporary notes in anticipation of the money to be derived from the sale of the bonds, which notes shall be designated as "anticipation notes." Such portion of the proceeds of the sale of the bonds as may be required for this purpose shall be applied to the payment of the principal of and interest on any of these anticipation notes which have been issued. The bonds and notes shall pledge the full faith and credit of the state of Washington and shall contain an unconditional promise to pay the principal and interest when due. The state finance committee may authorize the use of a printed facsimile of the seal of the state of Washington in the issuance of the bonds and notes.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The jail renovation bond retirement fund is hereby created in the state treasury. This fund shall be used for the payment of interest on and retirement of the bonds and notes authorized by this chapter. The state finance committee shall, on or before June 30th of each year, certify to the state treasurer the amount required in the next succeeding twelve months for the payment of the principal of and the interest coming due on the bonds. Not less than thirty days prior to the date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the state treasurer shall withdraw from any general state revenues received in the state treasury and deposit in the jail renovation bond retirement fund an amount equal to the amount certified by the state finance committee to be due on the payment date. The owner and holder of each of the bonds or the trustee for any of the bonds may by mandamus or other appropriate proceeding require the transfer and payment of funds as directed in this section.

If a state general obligation bond retirement fund is created in the state treasury by chapter ... (SB 2361 or HB 569), Laws of 1979 1st ex. sess., and becomes effective by statute prior to the issuance of any of the bonds authorized by this chapter, the retirement fund shall be used for purposes of this chapter in lieu of the jail renovation bond retirement fund, and the jail renovation bond retirement fund shall cease to exist.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. The bonds authorized in this chapter shall be a legal investment for all state funds or for funds under state control and for all funds of any other public body.

Sec. 9. Section 6, chapter 316, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. as amended by section 170, chapter 151, Laws of 1979 and RCW 70.48.060 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any funds allocated to a governing unit for jail construction or renovation pursuant to this chapter shall constitute full funding of the cost of implementing the physical plant standards within the meaning of RCW 70.48.070(2). Jail construction or renovation represents the full extent of the state's financial commitment with regard to jails. Local governing units are responsible for funding all costs of operating jails.

(2) As a condition of eligibility for such financial assistance as may be provided by or through the state of Washington exclusively for the construction and/or modernization of jails, all jail construction and/or substantial remodeling projects shall be submitted by the governing unit to the commission ((for review)) which shall review all submitted projects in accordance with rules to be adopted by the commission and shall approve or reject each project for purposes of state funding. The commission shall allocate available funding to the projects approved for funding in accordance with moneys actually available and the priorities established by the commission under this section. ((The commission shall submit the projects to...})
the office of financial management, pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, if they comply with the physical plant standards adopted by the commission, pursuant to the provisions of RCW 70.48.050(3). Notice of rejection because of noncompliance to said standards shall be given within forty-five days after receipt by the commission of the submitted project:

(2) If the projects are approved, the department) (3) The rules to be adopted by the commission for purposes of approving or denying requests for state funds for jail construction or remodeling shall:

(i) Limit state funding to the minimum amount required to fully implement the physical plant standards;

(ii) Encourage the voluntary consolidation of jail facilities and programs of contiguous governing units where feasible: PROVIDED, That such consolidation is approved by all participating governing units;

(iii) Insure that each governing unit or consolidation of governing units applying for state funds under this chapter has submitted a plan which demonstrates that pretrial and posttrial alternatives to incarceration are being considered within the governmental unit;

(iv) Establish criteria and procedures for setting priorities among the projects approved for state funding for purposes of allocating state funds actually available; and

(v) Establish procedures for the submission, review, and approval or denial of projects submitted and appeals from adverse determinations, including time periods applicable thereto.

(4) The commission shall review all submitted projects with the office of financial management and the office of financial management shall provide technical assistance to the commission for purposes of insuring the accuracy of statistical information to be used by the commission in determining projects to be funded.

(5) The commission shall oversee ((the)) approved construction and remodeling to the extent necessary to assure compliance with the standards adopted and approved pursuant to RCW 70.48.050((3)) (5).

((3)) (6) The commission shall develop estimates of the costs of the capital construction grants for each biennium required under the provisions of this chapter. The estimates ((shall be subject to the review of the secretary and)) shall be submitted to the office of financial management consistent with the provisions of chapter 43.88 RCW and the office of financial management shall review and approve or disapprove within thirty days.

(7) The commission and the office of financial management shall jointly report to the legislature on or before the convening of a regular session as to the projects approved for funding, construction status of such projects, funds expended and encumbered to date, and updated population and incarceration statistics.
(8) The jail commission shall examine, and by December 1, 1980, present to the legislature recommendations relating to detention and correctional services, including the formulation of the role of state and local governing units regarding detention and correctional facilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. There is added to chapter 70.48 RCW a new section to read as follows:

(1) In determining the capacity of a planned jail facility for purposes of funding under this chapter, the commission shall consider all relevant information, including data supplied to the commission by the office of financial management with regard to the governing unit's population projections, current incarceration rates as applied to population projections by age group, and peaking factors not to exceed 1.29 standard deviations above the mean average daily population.

(2) The number of square feet allowed per bed shall generally be consistent for facilities of similar size and classification within either major urban, medium urban, or rural counties.

(3) Funds shall be allocated to governing units based on authorized beds and square feet as determined by the commission under this chapter and the rules adopted pursuant thereto.

(4) Total dollars allocated to a governing unit for new construction or renovation shall be the lesser of the amount specified in an accepted bid, the amount computed in subsection (3) of this section, or the budget request submitted to the commission by the governing unit.

(5) If a governing unit determines the assumptions specified in subsection (1) of this section are to be exceeded, then the funding responsibility in excess of amount determined by the commission will be that of the governing unit.

(6) The office of financial management shall assist governing units in obtaining whatever federal grants and aid might be available for jail construction and renovation. The amount of such grants or aid which might be obtained shall be deducted from the moneys which would otherwise be granted to the governing units from the funds from the sale of bonds authorized by section 2 of this act.

(7) Jails which are constructed and/or renovated with funds provided pursuant to this act shall not be considered state buildings for the purposes of RCW 43.17.200.

Sec. 11. Section 2, chapter 316, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and RCW 70.48.020 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter the words and phrases in this section shall have the meanings indicated unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Holding facility" means a facility operated by a governing unit primarily designed, staffed, and used for the temporary housing of adult persons charged with a criminal offense prior to trial or sentencing and for
the temporary housing of such persons during or after trial and/or sentencing, but in no instance shall the housing exceed thirty days.

(2) "Detention facility" means a facility operated by a governing unit primarily designed, staffed, and used for the temporary housing of adult persons charged with a criminal offense prior to trial or sentencing and for the housing of adult persons for purposes of punishment and correction after sentencing or persons serving terms not to exceed ninety days.

(3) "Correctional facility" means a facility operated by a governing unit primarily designed, staffed, and used for the housing of adult persons serving terms not exceeding one year for the purposes of punishment, correction, and rehabilitation following conviction of a criminal offense.

(4) "Jail" means any holding, detention, or correctional facility as defined in this section.

(5) "Health care" means preventive, diagnostic and rehabilitative services provided by licensed health care professionals and/or facilities; such care to include providing prescription drugs where indicated.

(6) "Commission" means the state jail commission created pursuant to RCW 70.48.030.

(7) "Substantially remodeled" means significant alterations made to the physical plant of a jail to conform with the physical plant standards.

(8) "Department" means the department of social and health services.

(9) "Secretary" means the secretary of social and health services.

(10) "Governing unit" means the city and/or county or any combinations of cities and/or counties responsible for the operation, supervision, and maintenance of a jail.

(11) "Mandatory custodial care standards" means those minimum standards, rules, or regulations that are adopted pursuant to RCW 70.48.050(1)(a) and 70.48.070(1) for jails to meet federal and state constitutional requirements relating to the health, safety, security, and welfare of inmates.

(12) "Advisory custodial care standards" means custodial care standards recommended by the commission which are not mandatory.

(13) "Physical plant standards" and "physical plant requirements" mean those minimum standards, rules, or regulations that are prescribed by the commission for jails that relate to structural specifications of the physical plant, including but not limited to size of cells and rooms within a jail, design of facilities, and specifications for fixtures and other equipment.

(14) "Jail inspector" means a person with at least five years in a supervisory position as a law enforcement or custodial corrections officer.

(15) "Major urban" means a county or combination of counties which has a city having a population greater than twenty-six thousand based on the 1978 projections of the office of financial management.

(16) "Medium urban" means a county or combination of counties which has a city having a population equal to or greater than ten thousand but less
than twenty-six thousand based on the 1978 projections of the office of financial management.

(17) "Rural" means a county or combination of counties which has a city having a population less than ten thousand based on the 1978 projections of the office of financial management.

Sec. 12. Section 3, chapter 316, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and RCW 70.48.030 are each amended to read as follows:

A state jail commission shall be appointed (by the governor) to establish standards approved by the legislature for the operation of city and county jails. The commission shall be comprised of fifteen members of which eleven (members who) shall be appointed by the governor and confirmed by the state senate: PROVIDED, That at least seven of the members shall be elected city, town, or county legislative or executive officials: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the secretary or the secretary's designee shall be one of the members of the commission.

At least two members of the commission shall represent minorities.

At least four members of the commission shall reside east of the crest of the Cascade Range. Any member of the commission appointed pursuant to this section as an incumbent official shall immediately, upon termination of holding said office, cease to be a member of the commission and the governor shall appoint a replacement. Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner as original appointments: PROVIDED, That a person appointed as a replacement shall serve for only the balance of the replaced member's term unless the replacement is reappointed.

Four members shall be legislators who shall be nonvoting members of the commission. The president of the senate and the speaker of the house shall each appoint two members, one from each party. The legislator members' terms shall expire on the first day of the convening of the legislature in each odd-numbered year.

Three of the original appointments shall be for terms of one year, four of the initial appointments shall be for terms of two years, and four of the initial appointments shall be for terms of three years. Subsequent appointments shall be for a three year term except for the legislative members.

The chairperson of the commission shall be appointed by the governor and shall serve as chairperson at the governor's pleasure. A vice-chairperson shall be elected by the commission. The commission shall meet on call of the chairperson or on request of a majority of its members, but not less than four times per year. (This commission shall be terminated on June 30, 1983, unless this date is revised by the legislature.)

Sec. 13. Section 5, chapter 316, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and RCW 70.48.050 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to any other powers and duties contained in this chapter, the commission shall have the powers and duties:
(1) To adopt such rules and regulations, after approval by the legislature, pursuant to chapter 34.04 RCW, as it deems necessary and consistent with the purposes and intent of this chapter on the following subjects:

(a) Mandatory custodial care standards that are essential for the health, welfare, and security of persons confined in jails: PROVIDED, That in adopting each rule or regulation pertaining to mandatory custodial care standards, the commission shall cite the applicable case law, statutory law or constitutional provision which requires such rule or regulation;

(b) Advisory custodial care standards;

(c) The classification and uses of holding, detention, and correctional facilities. Except for the housing of work releasees in accordance with commission rules, a person may not be held in a holding facility longer than seventy-two hours, exclusive of weekends and holidays, without being transferred to a detention or correctional facility unless the court having jurisdiction over the individual authorizes a longer holding, but in no instance shall the holding exceed thirty days;

(d) The content of jail records which shall be maintained by the department of corrections or the chief law enforcement officer of the governing unit. In addition the governing unit, chief law enforcement officer, or department of corrections may require such additional records as they deem proper; and

(e) The segregation of persons and classes of persons confined in holding, detention, and correctional facilities;

(2) To investigate, develop, and encourage alternative and innovative methods in all phases of jail operation;

(3) To make comments, reports, and recommendations concerning all phases of jail operation including those not specifically described in this chapter;

(4) To hire necessary staff, acquire office space, supplies, and equipment, and make such other expenditures as may be deemed necessary to carry out its duties;

(5) The secretary shall submit minimum physical plant standards to the commission for review and promulgate proposed standards pursuant to chapter 34.04 RCW. After such promulgation, the standards shall be presented for review at a public conference of city, town, and county legislative and executive officials and directors of departments of correction or the chief law enforcement officers of the governing units in four regional meetings, two of which shall be east of the Cascade range. Subsequent to these reviews, and utilizing the data received, the commission shall adopt minimum physical plant standards pursuant to chapter 34.04 RCW, after approval by the legislature;

(6) To cause all jails to be inspected at least annually by designated jail inspectors and to issue a certificate of compliance to each facility which is found to satisfactorily meet the requirements of this chapter and the rules,
regulations, and standards adopted hereunder: PROVIDED, That certificates of partial compliance may be issued where applicable. The inspectors shall have access to all portions of jails, to all prisoners confined therein, and to all records maintained by said jails; and

(7) To establish advisory guidelines and model ordinances to assist governing units in establishing the agreements necessary for the joint operation of jails and for the determination of the rates of allowance for the daily costs of holding a prisoner pursuant to the provisions of RCW 70.48.080(6).

Sec. 14. Section 7, chapter 316, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. as amended by section 2, chapter 147, Laws of 1979 and RCW 70.48.070 are each amended to read as follows:

All jails shall be constructed, operated, and maintained in compliance with the provisions and intent of this chapter and the rules, regulations, and standards adopted thereunder: PROVIDED, That, as limited by this section, compliance with such rules, regulations, and standards shall be pursuant to the time schedules set by the commission for classes of facilities:

(1) The mandatory custodial care standards that are essential for the health, welfare, and security of persons confined, which are adopted pursuant to RCW 70.48.050(1)(a), shall be proposed by the commission to the legislature no later than December 31, 1978. ((Standards shall be prescribed by the commission and submitted to the legislature and governor for approval. Such standards shall be adopted by the commission pursuant to chapter 34.04 RCW upon approval by the governor and upon approval by the legislature by concurrent resolution if the legislature is in session. If the legislature is not in session legislative approval may be given by a joint committee established by resolution for such purpose));

(2) ((The physical plant standards shall be prescribed by the commission and submitted to the legislature and governor for approval. Such standards shall be adopted by the commission pursuant to chapter 34.04 RCW upon approval by the governor and upon approval by the legislature by concurrent resolution if the legislature is in session. If the legislature is not in session legislative approval may be given by a joint committee established by resolution for such purpose.)) The physical plant standards which are adopted and approved pursuant to RCW 70.48.050(5) shall not be mandatory unless, pursuant to the provisions of RCW 70.48.110, the state fully funds the cost of implementing such standards for detention and correctional facilities: PROVIDED, That, such funds shall be subject to ((biennial)) appropriation: PROVIDED FURTHER, That after such funds are made available, local jurisdictions shall have a period of time before such standards are mandatory that is adequate to effect any needed construction or repairs: PROVIDED FURTHER, That those provisions of RCW 70.48.060 and 70.48.110 requiring approval prior to funding and commencement of construction or remodeling shall not apply to prevent the funding of jails of governing units which have appropriated funds for substantial remodeling
or construction of jails after February 16, 1974, and before June 23, 1977. Approval in such cases may be given retroactively: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the commission may grant variances from the physical plant standards consistent with the intent of this act, and such standards shall otherwise be mandatory for purposes of this section and RCW 70.48.080 and jail facilities approved by the commission shall be deemed to comply with the physical plant standards:

(3) The mandatory custodial care standards and physical plant standards as submitted by the commission to the legislature on December 20, 1978 are hereby approved and shall take effect after adoption by the commission. Mandatory custodial care standards shall be complied with no later than October 1, 1979;

(4) Modifications of the standards or additional standards may be adopted by the commission pursuant to chapter 34.04 RCW.

Sec. 15. Section 9, chapter 316, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and RCW 70.48.090 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Contracts for jail services may be made between a county and city located within the boundaries of a county, and among counties. The contracts shall: Be in writing, give one governing unit the responsibility for the operation of the jails, specify the responsibilities of each governing unit involved, and include the applicable charges for custody of the prisoners as well as the basis for adjustments in the charges. The contracts may be terminated only by ninety days written notice to the governing units involved and to the commission. The notice shall state the grounds for termination and the specific plans for accommodating the affected jail population.

(2) The contract authorized in subsection (1) of this section shall be for a minimum term of ten years when state funds are provided to construct or remodel a jail in one governing unit that will be used to house prisoners of other governing units. The contract may not be terminated prior to the end of the term without the commission's approval. If the contract is terminated, or upon the expiration and nonrenewal of the contract, the governing unit whose jail facility was built or remodeled to hold the prisoners of other governing units shall pay to the state treasurer the amount set by the commission when it authorized disbursal of state funds for the remodeling or construction under RCW 70.48.120. This amount shall be deposited in the local jail improvement and construction account and shall fairly represent the construction costs incurred in order to house prisoners from other governing units. The commission may pay the funds to the governing units which had previously contracted for jail services under rules which the commission may adopt. The acceptance of state funds for constructing or remodeling consolidated jail facilities constitutes agreement to the proportionate amounts set by the commission. Notice of the proportionate amounts shall be given to all governing units involved.
(3) A city or county primarily responsible for the operation of a jail or jails may create a department of corrections to be in charge of such jail and of all persons confined therein by law, subject to the authority of the governing unit. If such department is created, it shall have charge of jails and persons confined therein. If no such department of corrections is created, the chief law enforcement officer of the city or county primarily responsible for the operation of said jail shall have charge of the jail and of all persons confined therein. A department of corrections or the chief law enforcement officer shall operate a jail in conformance with the rules and regulations adopted by the commission and any rules, regulations, or ordinances adopted by the governing unit.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. There is added to chapter 70.48 RCW a new section to read as follows:

Counties may acquire, build, operate and maintain holding, detention, and correctional facilities as defined in RCW 70.48.020 at any place designated by the county legislative authority within the territorial limits of the county. The facilities shall comply with chapter 70.48 RCW and the rules adopted thereunder.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. There is added to chapter 70.48 RCW a new section to read as follows:

(1) All cities and counties are authorized to establish and maintain farms, camps, and work release programs and facilities. The facilities shall meet the requirements of chapter 70.48 RCW and any rules adopted thereunder.

(2) Farms and camps may be established either inside or outside the territorial limits of a city or county. A sentence of confinement in a city or county jail may include placement in a farm or camp. Unless directed otherwise by court order, the chief law enforcement officer or department of corrections, may transfer the prisoner to a farm or camp. The sentencing court, chief law enforcement officer, or department of corrections may not transfer to a farm or camp a greater number of prisoners than can be furnished with constructive employment and can be reasonably accommodated.

(3) The city or county may establish a city or county work release program and housing facilities for the prisoners in the program. In such regard, factors such as employment conditions and the condition of jail facilities should be considered. When a work release program is established the following provisions apply:

(a) A person convicted of a felony and placed in a city or county jail is eligible for the work release program. A person sentenced to a city or county jail is eligible for the work release program. The program may be used as
a condition of probation for a criminal offense. Good conduct is a condition of participation in the program.

(b) The court may permit a person who is currently, regularly employed to continue his employment. The chief law enforcement officer or department of corrections shall make all necessary arrangements if possible. The court may authorize the person to seek suitable employment and may authorize the chief law enforcement officer or department of corrections to make reasonable efforts to find suitable employment for the person. A person participating in the work release program may not work in an establishment where there is a labor dispute.

(c) The work release prisoner shall be confined in a work release facility or jail whenever the prisoner is not employed and between the hours or periods of employment unless the court directs otherwise.

(d) The chief law enforcement officer or his designee shall collect the work release prisoner's earnings and from the earnings make payments for the prisoner's board, personal expenses inside and outside the jail, and share of the administrative expenses of this section. Support payments for the prisoner's dependents, if any, shall be made as directed by the court. With the prisoner's consent, the remaining funds may be used to pay the prisoner's preexisting debts. Any balance shall be retained and paid to the prisoner when the prisoner is discharged.

(e) With court approval the prisoner's sentence may be reduced by one-fourth if the prisoner's conduct, diligence, and general attitude merit the reduction.

(f) If the work release prisoner violates the conditions of custody or employment, the prisoner shall be returned to the sentencing court. The sentencing court may require the prisoner to spend the remainder of the sentence in actual confinement and may cancel any earned reduction of the sentence.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. There is added to chapter 70.48 RCW a new section to read as follows:

The jurisdiction having immediate authority over a prisoner is responsible for the transportation expenses. The transporting officer shall have custody of the prisoner within any Washington county while being transported. Any jail within the state may be used for the temporary confinement of the prisoner with the only charge being for the reasonable cost of board.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. There is added to chapter 70.48 RCW a new section to read as follows:

A person convicted of an offense punishable by imprisonment in a city or county jail may be confined in the jail of any city or county contracting with the prosecuting city or county for jail services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. There is added to chapter 70.48 RCW a new section to read as follows:
A person imprisoned in a detention or correctional facility who has not obtained a bail bond shall be transferred to a state institution designated by the secretary pending the appeal of a felony conviction after the thirtieth day and before the forty-first day from the date on which the judgment was entered. Upon a showing of good cause, a superior court judge may order the prisoner detained in the county jail for an additional period not to exceed ten days; except that this provision does not apply to persons sentenced for a felony who are held in the facility as a condition of probation or who are specifically sentenced to confinement in the facility.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. RCW 35.21.330 as now or hereafter amended is decodified and is recodified in chapter 70.48 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. Sections 1 through 8 of this act are each added to chapter 70.48 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

Passed the Senate June 1, 1979.
Passed the House June 1, 1979.
Approved by the Governor June 15, 1979.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State June 15, 1979.

CHAPTER 233
[Senate Bill No. 2508]
INSURANCE PREMIUMS—ANNUITY CONTRACTS—TAXATION


Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. It is the intent of the legislature to eliminate existing tax discrimination between qualified and nonqualified pension plans which are effectuated by annuity contracts, by excluding the consideration paid for such contracts from premiums subject to the premium tax.

Sec. 2. Section .14.02, chapter 79, Laws of 1947 as amended by section 9, chapter 241, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 48.14.020 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Subject to other provisions of this chapter, each authorized insurer except title insurers shall on or before the first day of March of each year pay to the state treasurer through the commissioner's office a tax on premiums. Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, such tax shall be in the amount of two percent of all premiums, excluding amounts returned to or the amount of reductions in premiums allowed to holders of industrial