official name of this bridge is changed from the Longview-Columbia bridge to the Lewis and Clark bridge.

Passed the Senate February 4, 1980.

Passed the House February 12, 1980.

Approved by the Governor February 14, 1980.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State February 14, 1980.

## CHAPTER 6

## [Senate Bill No. 3406] CURRENT STATE SCHOOL FUND

An ACT Relating to certain state funds; amending section 28A.40.100, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.40.100; amending section 28A.41.040, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.41.040; amending section 28A.41.050, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.41.050; amending section 28A.35.030, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. as last amended by section 59, chapter 275, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. and RCW 28A.35.030; amending section 15, chapter 15, Laws of 1970 ex. sess. as last amended by section 1, chapter 237, Laws of 1979 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.48.010; creating new sections; repealing section 28A.41.020, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.41.020; and repealing section 28A.41.030, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.41.030.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. Section 28A.40.100, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.40.100 are each amended to read as follows:

The common school construction fund is to be used exclusively for the purpose of financing the construction of facilities for the common schools. The sources of said fund shall be: (1) Those proceeds derived from sale or appropriation of timber and other crops from school and state land subsequent to June 30, 1965, other than those granted for specific purposes; (2) the interest accruing on the permanent common school fund from and after July 2, 1967, together with all rentals and other revenue derived therefrom and from land and other property devoted to the permanent common school fund from and after July 1, 1967; (3) all moneys received by the state from the United States under the provisions of section 191, Title 30, United State Code, Annotated, and under section 810, chapter 12, Title 16, (Conservation), United States Code, Annotated; and (((3))) (4) such other sources as the legislature may direct. That portion of the common school construction fund derived from interest on the permanent common school fund may be used to retire such bonds as may be authorized by law for the purpose of financing the construction of facilities for the common schools.

The interest accruing on the permanent common school fund together with all rentals and other revenues accruing thereto pursuant to subsection (2) of this section prior to July 1, 1967, shall be exclusively applied to the current use of the common schools.

Sec. 2. Section 28A.41.040, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.41.040 are each amended to read as follows:

At such time as the governor shall determine under the provisions of chapter 43.88 RCW, the superintendent of public instruction shall submit such detailed estimates and other information to the governor and in such form as the governor shall determine of the total estimated amount required for appropriation from the state general fund ((to the current school fund)) for state support to public schools during the ensuing biennium.

Sec. 3. Section 28A.41.050, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.41.050 are each amended to read as follows:

The state legislature shall, at each regular session ((thereof)) in an odd-numbered year, appropriate from the ((current state school)) state general fund for the current use of the common schools such amounts as needed for state support to the common schools during the ensuing biennium as in this chapter provided.

Sec. 4. Section 28A.35.030, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. as last amended by section 59, chapter 275, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. and RCW 28A.35.030 are each amended to read as follows:

The cost of establishing and maintaining such kindergartens shall be paid from the general school fund of the district. It shall be the duty of teachers, school district superintendents and educational service district superintendents to respectively report as other school attendance is reported, the attendance of all children five years of age or over at such kindergartens, and it shall thereupon be the duty of the superintendent of public instruction to make apportionment to the proper counties ((of the current state school fund)), and of the respective educational service district superintendents to apportion to the districts entitled thereto, such funds as are apportioned by the legislature in accordance with the provisions of chapter 28A.41 RCW. It shall be the duty of all school district superintendents to include children four years of age and over in the enumeration of the annual school census.

Sec. 5. Section 15, chapter 15, Laws of 1970 ex. sess. as last amended by section 1, chapter 237, Laws of 1979 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.48.010 are each amended to read as follows:

On or before the last business day of September 1969 and each month thereafter, the superintendent of public instruction shall apportion from the ((current state school fund and/or the)) state general fund to the several educational service districts of the state the proportional share of the total annual amount due and apportionable to such educational service districts for the school districts thereof as follows:

September	9%
October	9%
November	5.5%

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8.5%

The annual amount due and apportionable shall be the amount apportionable for all apportionment credits estimated to accrue to the schools during the apportionment year beginning September first and continuing through August thirty-first. Appropriations made for school districts for each year of a biennium shall be apportioned according to the schedule set forth in this section for the fiscal year starting September 1st of the then calendar year and ending August 31st of the next calendar year. The apportionment from the state general fund for each month shall be an amount which ((together with the revenues of the current state school fund)) will equal the amount due and apportionable to the several educational service districts during such month: PROVIDED, That any school district may petition the superintendent of public instruction for an emergency advance of funds which may become apportionable to it but not to exceed ten percent of the total amount to become due and apportionable during the school districts apportionment year. The superintendent of public instruction shall determine if the emergency warrants such advance and if the funds are available therefor. If he determines in the affirmative, he may approve such advance and, at the same time, add such an amount to the apportionment for the educational service district in which the school district is located: PROVIDED, That the emergency advance of funds and the interest earned by school districts on the investment of temporary cash surpluses resulting from obtaining such advance of state funds shall be deducted by the superintendent of public instruction from the remaining amount apportionable to said districts during that apportionment year in which the funds are advanced.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. On and after the effective date of this amendatory act, the current state school fund is abolished and the state treasurer shall transfer any moneys in such account on such effective date of this amendatory act, or any moneys thereafter received for such account, to the common school construction fund as referred to in RCW 28A.40.100.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. The following acts or parts thereof are each hereby repealed:

(1) Section 28A.41.020, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.41.020; and

(2) Section 28A.41.030, chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 28A.41.030.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. If any provision of this amendatory act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Passed the Senate February 5, 1980.

Passed the House February 12, 1980.

Approved by the Governor February 14, 1980.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State February 14, 1980.

## CHAPTER 7

## [Substitute Senate Bill No. 3271] JUDICIAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM MEMBERSHIP

AN ACT Relating to the judicial retirement system; amending section 22, chapter 267, Laws of 1971 ex. sess. and RCW 2.10.220; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. Section 22, chapter 267, Laws of 1971 ex. sess. and RCW 2.10.220 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) Any member of the Washington public employees' retirement system who is eligible to participate in the judicial retirement system may, by written request filed with the retirement boards of the two systems respectively, transfer such membership to the judicial retirement system. Upon the receipt of such request, the board of the Washington public employees' retirement system shall transfer to the board of the Washington judicial retirement system (a) all employee's contributions and interest thereon belonging to such member in the employees' savings fund and all employer's contributions credited or attributed to such member in the benefit account fund and (b) a record of service credited to such member. One-half of such service shall be computed and not more than nine years shall be credited to such member as though such service was performed as a member of the judicial retirement system. Upon such transfer being made the state treasurer shall deposit such moneys in the judicial retirement fund. In the event that any such member should terminate judicial service prior to his entitlement to retirement benefits under any of the provisions of this chapter, he shall upon request therefor be repaid from the judicial retirement fund an amount equal to the amount of his employee's contributions to the Washington public employees' retirement system and interest plus interest thereon from the date of the transfer of such moneys.
- (2) Any member of the judicial retirement system who was formerly a member of the Washington public employees' retirement system with membership service credit of not less than six years but who has terminated his