other than a private location if there arises a specific threat to institutional security that reasonably requires such a search or if all persons in the facility are being searched for the discovery of weapons or contraband.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) A person who suffers damage or harm as a result of a violation of section 3, 4, or 5 of this act may bring a civil action to recover actual damages sustained by him or her. The court may, in its discretion, award injunctive and declaratory relief as it deems necessary.

(2) Sections 3, 4, and 5 of this act shall not be construed as limiting any constitutional, common law, or statutory right of any person regarding any action for damages or injunctive relief, or as precluding the prosecution under another provision of law of any law enforcement officer or other person who has violated section 3, 4, or 5 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The corrections standards board shall study the use of strip searches of persons booked into holding, detention, and local correctional facilities. The corrections standards board shall identify those categories of persons booked into holding, detention, and local correctional facilities which the board deems inappropriate to strip search or body cavity search. Minimum criteria to be employed by the board in identifying such categories shall be federal and state constitutional requirements. The board shall submit its findings and recommendations, together with proposed legislation, to the judiciary committees of the senate and house of representatives before January 1, 1984.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. Sections 1 through 6 of this act are each added to chapter 10.79 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect on July 1, 1983.

Passed the Senate May 11, 1983.
Passed the House May 11, 1983.
Approved by the Governor May 19, 1983.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 19, 1983.

CHAPTER 43
[Substitute House Bill No. 43]
MEDICAL CARE ELIGIBILITY

AN ACT Relating to social and health services; amending section 22, chapter 6, Laws of 1981 1st ex. sess. as last amended by section 1, chapter 19, Laws of 1982 1st ex. sess. and RCW
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. Section 22, chapter 6, Laws of 1981 1st ex. sess as last amended by section 1, chapter 19, Laws of 1982 1st ex. sess. and RCW 74.09.700 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) To the extent of available funds, medical care may be provided under the limited casualty program to persons not otherwise eligible for medical assistance or medical care services who are medically needy as defined in the social security Title XIX state plan and medical indigents in accordance with medical eligibility requirements established by the department. This includes residents of skilled nursing homes, intermediate care facilities, and intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded who are aged, blind, or disabled as defined in Title XVI of the federal social security act and whose income exceeds three hundred percent of the federal supplement security income benefit level.

(2) Determination of the amount, scope, and duration of medical coverage under the limited casualty program shall be the responsibility of the department, subject to the following:

   (a) Only inpatient hospital services; outpatient hospital and rural health clinic services; physicians' and clinic services; prescribed drugs, dentures, prosthetic devices, and eyeglasses; skilled nursing home services, intermediate care facility services, and intermediate care facility services for the mentally retarded; home health services; other laboratory and x-ray services; and medically necessary transportation shall be covered;

   (b) A patient deductible not to exceed one-half the payment the department makes for the first day's stay for inpatient hospital care, shall be included for the medically needy component of the program;

   (c) Persons who are medically indigent and are not eligible for a federal aid program shall satisfy a deductible of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars in any twelve-month period;

   (d) Medical care services provided to the medically indigent and received no more than seven days prior to the date of application shall be retroactively certified and approved for payment on behalf of a person who was otherwise eligible at the time the medical services were furnished: PROVIDED, That eligible persons who fail to apply within the seven-day time period for medical reasons or other good cause may be retroactively certified and approved for payment.

(3) The department shall establish standards of assistance and resource and income exemptions. All nonexempt income and resources of limited casualty program recipients shall be applied against the cost of their medical care services. In addition, the department shall include a prohibition against
the knowing and wilful assignment of property or cash for the purpose of qualifying for assistance under RCW 74.09.532 through 74.09.536.

Sec. 2. Section 19, chapter 6, Laws of 1981 1st ex. sess. as amended by section 3, chapter 19, Laws of 1982 1st ex. sess. and RCW 74.09.035 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) To the extent of available funds, medical care services may be provided to recipients of general assistance in accordance with medical eligibility requirements established by the department.

(2) Determination of the amount, scope, and duration of medical care services shall be limited to coverage as defined by the department, except that adult dental, and routine foot care shall not be included.

(3) The department shall establish standards of assistance and resource and income exemptions, which may include deductibles and co-insurance provisions. In addition, the department may include a prohibition against the voluntary assignment of property or cash for the purpose of qualifying for assistance.

(4) Residents of skilled nursing homes, intermediate care facilities, and intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded who are eligible for medical care services shall be provided medical services to the same extent as provided to those persons eligible under the medical assistance program.

(5) Payments made by the department under this program shall be the limit of expenditures for medical care services solely from state funds.

(6) Medical care services received no more than seven days prior to the date of application shall be retroactively certified and approved for payment on behalf of a person who was otherwise eligible at the time the medical services were furnished: PROVIDED, That eligible persons who fail to apply within the seven-day time period for medical reasons or other good cause may be retroactively certified and approved for payment. Eligibility for medical care services shall commence with the date of certification for general assistance.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect on July 1, 1983.

Passed the House April 26, 1983.
Passed the Senate May 9, 1983.
Approved by the Governor May 20, 1983.
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