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(3) Active-duty military personnel of field grade or lower rank and the spouses and dependents of such military personnel for the first twelve months they are stationed in the state of Washington.

(4) Any immigrant refugee and the spouse and dependent children of such refugee, if the refugee (a) is on parole status, or (b) has received an immigrant visa, or (c) has applied for United States citizenship.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

Passed the Senate March 6, 1984. Passed the House March 4, 1984. Approved by the Governor March 27, 1984. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 27, 1984.

## CHAPTER 233

## [Substitute Senate Bill No. 3181] MENTALLY DISORDERED PERSONS—DETENTION, EVALUATION, AND TREATMENT

AN ACT Relating to detention of mentally disordered persons; amending section 20, chapter 142, Laws of 1973 1st ex. sess. as last amended by section 9, chapter 215, Laws of 1979 ex. sess. and RCW 71.05.150; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. Section 20, chapter 142, Laws of 1973 1st ex. sess. as last amended by section 9, chapter 215. Laws of 1979 ex. sess. and RCW 71-.05.150 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (a) When a mental health professional designated by the county receives information alleging that a person, as a result of a mental disorder, presents a likelihood of serious harm to others or himself, or is gravely disabled, such mental health professional, after investigation and evaluation of the specific facts alleged, and of the reliability and credibility of the person or persons, if any, providing information to initiate detention, may ((summon such person to appear at an evaluation and treatment facility for not more than a seventy-two hour evaluation and treatment period; the summons shall state whether the required seventy-two hour evaluation and treatment status. The mental health professional shall also designate, at the time of the summons, from a list provided by the court, an attorney who will be appointed,

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if any is to be appointed, and state the name, business address; and telephone number of this attorney in the summons)), if satisfied that the allegations are true and that the person will not voluntarily seek appropriate treatment, file a petition for initial detention. Before filing the petition, the county designated mental health professional must personally interview the person, unless the person refuses an interview, and determine whether the person will voluntarily receive appropriate evaluation and treatment at an evaluation and treatment facility.

(b) ((The summons shall state a date and time to appear not less than twenty-four hours after the service of the summons. The summons)) Whenever it appears, by petition for initial detention, to the satisfaction of a judge of the superior court that a person presents, as a result of a mental disorder, a likelihood of serious harm to others or himself, or is gravely disabled, and that the person has refused or failed to accept appropriate evaluation and treatment voluntarily, the judge may issue an order requiring the person to appear not less than twenty-four hours after service of the order at a designated evaluation and treatment facility for not more than a seventy-two hour evaluation and treatment period. The order shall state the address of the evaluation and treatment facility to which ((such)) the person is to report and ((the business address and phone number of the mental health professional designated by the county. The summons shall state)) whether the required seventy-two hour evaluation and treatment services may be delivered on an outpatient or inpatient basis and that if the person named in the ((summons)) order fails to appear at the evaluation and treatment facility at or before the date and time stated in the ((summons)) order, such person may be involuntarily taken into custody((. Accompanying the summons to such person shall be a copy of the petition for initial detention and a notice of rights)) for evaluation and treatment. The order shall also designate retained counsel or, if counsel is appointed from a list provided by the court, the name, business address, and telephone number of the attorney appointed to represent the person.

(c) ((If such mental health professional decides to summon such person for up to a seventy-two hour evaluation and treatment period, the mental health professional must file in court the summons, the petition for initial detention, and all documentary evidence.)) The mental health professional shall then serve or cause to be served on such person, his guardian, and conservator, if any, a copy of the ((summons)) order to appear together with a notice of rights and a petition for initial detention. After service on such person the mental health professional shall file the return of service in court and provide copies of all papers in the court file to the evaluation and treatment facility and the designated attorney. The mental health professional shall notify the court and the prosecuting attorney that a probable cause hearing will be held within seventy-two hours of the date and time Ch. 233

((specified on the summons if such person is not released prior to the expiration of such period)) of outpatient evaluation or admission to the evaluation and treatment facility. The person shall be permitted to remain in his home or other place of his choosing prior to the time of evaluation and shall be permitted to be accompanied by one or more of his relatives, friends, an attorney, a personal physician, or other professional or religious advisor to the place of evaluation. An attorney accompanying the person to the place of evaluation shall be permitted to be present during the admission evaluation. Any other individual accompanying the person may be present during the admission evaluation. The facility may exclude the individual if his or her presence would present a safety risk, delay the proceedings, or otherwise interfere with the evaluation.

(d) If the person ((summoned)) ordered to appear does appear((s)) on or before the date and time specified, the evaluation and treatment facility may admit such person as required by RCW 71.05.170 or may provide treatment on an outpatient basis. If the person ((summoned)) ordered to appear fails to appear on or before the date and time specified, the evaluation and treatment facility shall immediately notify the mental health professional designated by the county who may notify a peace officer to take such person or cause such person to be taken into custody and placed in an evaluation and treatment facility. Should the mental health professional notify a peace officer authorizing him to take a person into custody under the provisions of this subsection, he shall file with the court a copy of such authorization and a notice of detention. At the time such person is taken into custody there shall commence to be served on such person, his guardian, and conservator, if any, a copy of the original ((summons)) order together with a notice of detention, a notice of rights, and a petition for initial detention.

(2) When a mental health professional designated by the county receives information alleging that a person, as the result of a mental disorder, presents an imminent likelihood of serious harm to himself or others, or is in imminent danger because of being gravely disabled, after investigation and evaluation of the specific facts alleged and of the reliability and credibility of the person or persons providing the information if any, the mental health professional may take such person, or cause by oral or written order such person to be taken into emergency custody in an evaluation and treatment facility for not more than seventy-two hours as described in RCW 71.05.180.

(3) A peace officer may take such person or cause such person to be taken into custody and placed in an evaluation and treatment facility pursuant to subsection (1)(d) of this section.

(4) A peace officer may, without prior notice of the proceedings provided for in subsection (1) of this section, take or cause such person to be taken into custody and immediately delivered to an evaluation and treatment facility:

(a) Only pursuant to subsections (1)(d) and (2) of this section; or

(b) When he has reasonable cause to believe that such person is suffering from a mental disorder and presents an imminent likelihood of serious harm to others or himself or is in imminent danger because of being gravely disabled.

(5) Persons delivered to evaluation and treatment facilities by peace officers pursuant to subsection (4)(b) of this section may be held by the facility for a period of up to twelve hours: PROVIDED, That they are examined by a mental health professional within three hours of their arrival. Within twelve hours of their arrival, the designated county mental health professional must file a supplemental petition for detention, and commence service on the designated attorney for the detained person.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

Passed the Senate March 5, 1984. Passed the House March 5, 1984. Approved by the Governor March 27, 1984. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 27, 1984.

## **CHAPTER 234**

[Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 3429] JOINT LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM

AN ACT Relating to the criminal justice system; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. There is established a joint legislative committee on the criminal justice system. The committee shall be composed of the following nineteen persons:

(1) The president of the Washington state association of police chiefs and sheriffs, or his designee;

(2) The chief of the Washington state patrol, or his designee;

(3) The president of the Washington association of prosecuting attorneys, or his designee;

(4) The president of the Washington state bar association, or his designee;

(5) The president of the Washington state magistrates association, or his designee;

(6) The president of the superior court judges association, or his designee;