likely to result in immediate physical injury to persons or to property of the school district in the absence of prompt remedial action.

Passed the Senate April 23, 1985.
Passed the House April 10, 1985.
Approved by the Governor May 16, 1985.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 16, 1985.

CHAPTER 325
[Substitute Senate Bill No. 4358]
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIES—TWO DEPUTY DIRECTORS ALLOWED

AN ACT Relating to revising the administrative structure of the department of labor and industries; and amending RCW 43.22.005.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. Section 2, chapter 32, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 43.22-.005 are each amended to read as follows:

The director of labor and industries may appoint and deputize ((an)) two assistant directors to be known as ((the)) deputy ((director, and)) directors. The director shall designate one deputy director who, in case a vacancy occurs in the office of director, shall continue in charge of the department until a director is appointed and qualified, or the governor appoints an acting director.

Passed the Senate March 20, 1985.
Approved by the Governor May 16, 1985.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 16, 1985.

CHAPTER 326
[Substitute House Bill No. 270]
ACUPUNCTURE LICENSURE

AN ACT Relating to acupuncture; amending RCW 4.24.240, 4.24.290, 7.70.020, and 18.130.040; reenacting and amending RCW 18.120.020; adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW; prescribing penalties; providing an expiration date; and making an appropriation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The following terms in this chapter shall have the meanings set forth in this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

(1) "Acupuncture" means a health care service based on a traditional Oriental system of medical theory utilizing Oriental diagnosis and treatment to promote health and treat organic or functional disorders by treating
specific acupuncture points or meridians. Acupuncture includes but is not necessarily limited to the following techniques:

(a) Use of acupuncture needles to stimulate acupuncture points and meridians;
(b) Use of electrical, mechanical, or magnetic devices to stimulate acupuncture points and meridians;
(c) Moxibustion;
(d) Acupressure;
(e) Cupping;
(f) Dermal friction technique (gwa hsa);
(g) Infra-red;
(h) Sonopuncture;
(i) Laserpuncture;
(j) Dietary advice based on traditional Chinese medical theory; and
(k) Point injection therapy (aquapuncture).

(2) "Acupuncturist" means a person certified under this chapter.
(3) "Department" means the department of licensing.
(4) "Director" means the director of licensing or the director's designee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) No one may hold themselves out to the public as an acupuncturist or certified acupuncturist or any derivative thereof which is intended to or is likely to lead the public to believe such a person is an acupuncturist or certified acupuncturist unless certified as provided for in this chapter.
(2) No one may use any configuration of letters after their name (including Ac.) which indicates a degree or formal training in acupuncture unless certified as provided for in this chapter.
(3) The director may by rule prescribe or regulate advertising and other forms of patient solicitation which are likely to mislead or deceive the public as to whether someone is certified under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. Any person certified as provided for in this chapter may practice acupuncture irrespective of any other occupational licensing law. This authorization also extends to:
(1) The practice of acupuncture by a person who is a regular student in a school of acupuncture approved by the director: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That the performance of such services be pursuant only to a regular course of instruction or assignments from his instructor and that such services are performed only under the direct supervision and control of a person certified pursuant to this chapter or licensed under any other healing art whose scope of practice includes acupuncture; and
(2) The practice of acupuncture by any person licensed or certified to perform acupuncture in any other jurisdiction where such person is doing so in the course of regular instruction of a school of acupuncture approved by
the director or in an educational seminar sponsored by a professional organization of acupuncture: PROVIDED, That in the latter case, the practice is supervised directly by a person certified pursuant to this chapter or licensed under any other healing art whose scope of practice includes acupuncture.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The proscriptions contained in section 2 (1) and (2) of this act do not extend to:

(1) Those holding valid licenses under chapter 18.71, 18.57, 18.22, or 18.32 RCW operating within their lawful scopes of practice or valid registration authorizing the performance of acupuncture procedures pursuant to chapter 18.71A or 18.57A RCW;

(2) Those practicing acupuncture in the state under the authority of any instrumentality of the United States; and

(3) Those performing acupuncture procedures under section 3 (1) and (2) of this act.

Provided, That such persons shall not hold themselves out as being certified acupuncturists under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Any person seeking to be examined shall present to the director at least forty-five days before the commencement of the examination:

(1) A written application on a form or forms provided by the director setting forth under affidavit such information as the director may require; and

(2) Proof that the candidate has:

(a) Completed a minimum of two academic years or seventy-two quarter credits of undergraduate college education in the general sciences and humanities prior to entering an acupuncture training program. The obtaining of a degree is not required for the educational credits to qualify;

(b) Successfully completed a course, approved by the director, of didactic training in basic sciences and acupuncture over a minimum period of two academic years. The training shall include such subjects as anatomy, physiology, bacteriology, biochemistry, pathology, hygiene, and a survey of western clinical sciences. The basic science classes must be equivalent to those offered at the collegiate level. However, if the applicant is a licensed chiropractor under chapter 18.25 RCW or a drugless healer under chapter 18.36 RCW, the requirements of this subsection relating to basic sciences may be reduced by up to one year depending upon the extent of the candidate's qualifications as determined under rules adopted by the director;

(c) Successfully completed a course, approved by the director, of clinical training in acupuncture over a minimum period of one academic year. The training shall include a minimum of: (i) Twenty-nine quarter credits of supervised practice, consisting of at least four hundred separate patient treatments involving a minimum of one hundred different patients, and (ii)
one hundred hours or nine quarter credits of observation which shall include
case presentation and discussion.

*Sec. 5 was partially vetoed, see message at end of chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. The department shall consider for approval
any school, program, apprenticeship, or tutorial which meets the require-
ments outlined in this chapter and provides the training required under sec-
tion 5 of this act. Clinical and didactic training may be approved as
separate programs or as a joint program. The process for approval shall be
established by the director by rule.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. No applicant may be permitted to take an
examination under this chapter until the director has approved his or her
application and the applicant has paid an examination fee as prescribed un-
der RCW 43.24.086. The examination fee shall accompany the application.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) The director of licensing is hereby auth-
orized and empowered to execute the provisions of this chapter and shall
offer examinations in acupuncture at least twice a year at such times and
places as the director may select. The examination shall be a written exam-
ination in English and may include a practical examination.

(2) The director shall develop or approve a licensure examination in
the subjects that the director determines are within the scope of and com-
mensurate with the work performed by certified acupuncturists and shall
include but not necessarily be limited to anatomy, physiology, bacteriology,
biochemistry, pathology, hygiene, and acupuncture. All application papers
shall be deposited with the director and there retained for a least one year,
when they may be destroyed.

(3) If the examination is successfully passed, the director shall confer
on such candidate the title of Certified Acupuncturist.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. Before certification, each applicant shall
demonstrate sufficient fluency in reading, speaking, and understand the
English language to enable the applicant to communicate with other health
care providers and patients concerning health care problems and treatment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. Each applicant shall, as part of his or her
application, furnish written consent to an investigation of his or her personal
background, professional training, and experience by the department or any
person acting on its behalf.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. The uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18-
.130 RCW, governs the issuance and denial of certificates and the disciplin-
ing of certificate holders under this chapter. The director shall be the
disciplining authority under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. (1) Every person certified in acupuncture
shall register with the director annually and pay an annual renewal regist-
ration fee determined by the director as provided in RCW 43.24.086 on or
before the certificate holder's birth anniversary date. The certificate of the person shall be renewed for a period of one year or longer in the discretion of the director.

(2) Any failure to register and pay the annual renewal registration fee shall render the certificate invalid. The certificate shall be reinstated upon:
   (a) Written application to the director; (b) payment to the state of a penalty fee determined by the director as provided in RCW 43.24.086; and (c) payment to the state of all delinquent annual certificate renewal fees.

(3) Any person who fails to renew his or her certification for a period of three years shall not be entitled to renew such certification under this section. Such person, in order to obtain a certification in acupuncture in this state, shall file a new application under this chapter, along with the required fee, and shall meet examination or continuing education requirements as the director, by rule, provides.

(4) All fees collected under this section and section 6 of this act shall be credited to the health professions account as required under RCW 43.24.072.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. The director shall develop a form to be used by an acupuncturist to inform the patient of the acupuncturist's scope of practice and qualifications. All certificate holders shall bring the form to the attention of the patients in whatever manner the director, by rule, provides.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. Every certified acupuncturist shall develop a written plan for consultation, emergency transfer, and referral to other health care practitioners operating within the scope of their authorized practices. The written plan shall be submitted with the initial application for certification as well as annually thereafter with the certificate renewal fee to the department. The department may withhold certification or renewal of certification if the plan fails to meet the standards contained in rules promulgated by the director.

When the acupuncturist sees patients with potentially serious disorders such as cardiac conditions, acute abdominal symptoms, and such other conditions, the acupuncturist shall immediately request a consultation or recent written diagnosis from a physician licensed under chapter 18.71 or 18.57 RCW. In the event that the patient with the disorder refuses to authorize such consultation or provide a recent diagnosis from such physician, acupuncture treatment shall not be continued.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. Any person violating the provisions of section 13 or 14 of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in RCW 9.92.030.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. The director shall adopt rules in the manner provided by chapter 34.04 RCW as are necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. (1) The acupuncture advisory committee is created. The committee shall be composed of one physician licensed under chapter 18.71 or 18.57 RCW, three acupuncturists certified under this chapter, and one public member, who does not have any financial interest in the rendering of health services.

(2) The director shall appoint members to staggered terms so as to provide continuity in membership. Members shall serve at the pleasure of the director but may not serve more than five years total. Members of the committee shall be reimbursed for travel expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

(3) Each member of the committee shall receive fifty dollars for each day during which the member attends an official meeting of the group or performs statutorily prescribed duties approved by the director.

(4) The committee shall meet only on the request of the director and consider only those matters referred to it by the director.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. All persons registered as acupuncture assistants pursuant to chapter 18.71A or 18.57A RCW on the effective date of this act shall be certified under this chapter by the director without examination if they otherwise would qualify for certification under this chapter and apply for certification within one hundred twenty days of the effective date of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. The director may certify a person without examination if such person is licensed or certified as an acupuncturist in another jurisdiction if, in the director's judgment, the requirements of that jurisdiction are equivalent to or greater than those of Washington state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. Nothing in this chapter may be construed to require that individual or group policies or contracts of an insurance carrier, health care service contractor, or health maintenance organization provide benefits or coverage for services and supplies provided by a person registered or certified under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. This chapter shall not be construed as permitting the administration or prescription of drugs or in any way infringing upon the practice of medicine and surgery as defined in chapter 18.71 or 18.57 RCW, except as authorized in this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. Sections 1 through 21 of this act shall terminate on July 1, 1991, and shall be subject to the process provided for in chapter 43.131 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. Sections 1 through 21 of this act are each repealed effective July 1, 1992.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. Sections 1 through 23 of this act shall constitute a new chapter in Title 18 RCW.
Sec. 25. Section 1, chapter 157, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. as last amended by section 4, chapter 56, Laws of 1975-'76 2nd ex. sess. and RCW 4.24.240 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (a) A person licensed by this state to provide health care or related services, including, but not limited to, a certified acupuncturist, a physician, osteopathic physician, dentist, nurse, optometrist, podiatrist, chiropractor, physical therapist, psychologist, pharmacist, optician, physician's assistant, osteopathic physician's assistant, nurse practitioner, including, in the event such person is deceased, his estate or personal representative;

(b) An employee or agent of a person described in subparagraph (a) of this subsection, acting in the course and scope of his employment, including, in the event such employee or agent is deceased, his estate or personal representative; or

(c) An entity, whether or not incorporated, facility, or institution employing one or more persons described in subparagraph (a) of this subsection, including, but not limited to, a hospital, clinic, health maintenance organization, or nursing home; or an officer, director, trustee, employee, or agent thereof acting in the course and scope of his employment, including in the event such officer, director, employee, or agent is deceased, his estate or personal representative;

shall be immune from civil action for damages arising out of the good faith performance of their duties on such committees, where such actions are being brought by or on behalf of the person who is being evaluated.

(2) No member, employee, staff person, or investigator of a professional review committee shall be liable in a civil action as a result of acts or omissions made in good faith on behalf of the committee; nor shall any person be so liable for filing charges with or supplying information or testimony in good faith to any professional review committee; nor shall a member, employee, staff person, or investigator of a professional society, of a professional examining or licensing board, of a professional disciplinary board, of a governing board of any institution, or of any employer of professionals be so liable for good faith acts or omissions made in full or partial reliance on recommendations or decisions of a professional review committee or examining board.

Sec. 26. Section 1, chapter 35, Laws of 1975 Ist ex. sess. as amended by section 1, chapter 149, Laws of 1983 and RCW 4.24.290 are each amended to read as follows:

In any civil action for damages based on professional negligence against a hospital which is licensed by the state of Washington or against the personnel of any such hospital, or against a member of the healing arts including, but not limited to, an acupuncturist certified under chapter 18—RCW (sections 1 through 23 of this 1985 act), a physician licensed under chapter 18.71 RCW, an osteopathic physician licensed under chapter 18.57 RCW, a chiropractor licensed under chapter 18.25 RCW, a dentist licensed
under chapter 18.32 RCW, a podiatrist licensed under chapter 18.22 RCW, or a nurse licensed under chapters 18.78 or 18.88 RCW, the plaintiff in order to prevail shall be required to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant or defendants failed to exercise that degree of skill, care, and learning possessed at that time by other persons in the same profession, and that as a proximate result of such failure the plaintiff suffered damages, but in no event shall the provisions of this section apply to an action based on the failure to obtain the informed consent of a patient.

Sec. 27. Section 7, chapter 56, Laws of 1975-'76 2nd ex. sess. as amended by section 1, chapter 53, Laws of 1981 and RCW 7.70.020 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter "health care provider" means either:

(1) A person licensed by this state to provide health care or related services, including, but not limited to, a certified acupuncturist, a physician, osteopathic physician, dentist, nurse, optometrist, podiatrist, chiropractor, physical therapist, psychologist, pharmacist, optician, physician's assistant, midwife, osteopathic physician's assistant, nurse practitioner, or physician's trained mobile intensive care paramedic, including, in the event such person is deceased, his estate or personal representative;

(2) An employee or agent of a person described in part (1) above, acting in the course and scope of his employment, including, in the event such employee or agent is deceased, his estate or personal representative; or

(3) An entity, whether or not incorporated, facility, or institution employing one or more persons described in part (1) above, including, but not limited to, a hospital, clinic, health maintenance organization, or nursing home; or an officer, director, employee, or agent thereof acting in the course and scope of his employment, including in the event such officer, director, employee, or agent is deceased, his estate or personal representative.

Sec. 28. Section 2, chapter 168, Laws of 1983 as amended by section 18, chapter 9, Laws of 1984 and by section 57, chapter 279, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.120.020 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The definitions contained in this section shall apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Applicant group" includes any health professional group or organization, any individual, or any other interested party which proposes that any health professional group not presently regulated be regulated or which proposes to substantially increase the scope of practice of the profession.

(2) "Certificate" and "certification" mean a voluntary process by which a statutory regulatory entity grants recognition to an individual who (a) has met certain prerequisite qualifications specified by that regulatory entity, and (b) may assume or use "certified" in the title or designation to perform prescribed health professional tasks.

(3) "Grandfather clause" means a provision in a regulatory statute applicable to practitioners actively engaged in the regulated health profession.
prior to the effective date of the regulatory statute which exempts the practitioners from meeting the prerequisite qualifications set forth in the regulatory statute to perform prescribed occupational tasks.

(4) "Health professions" means and includes the following health and health-related licensed or regulated professions and occupations: Podiatry under chapter 18.22 RCW; chiropractic under chapters 18.25 and 18.26 RCW; dental hygiene under chapter 18.29 RCW; dentistry under chapter 18.32 RCW; dispensing opticians under chapter 18.34 RCW; hearing aids under chapter 18.35 RCW; drugless healing under chapter 18.36 RCW; embalming and funeral directing under chapter 18.39 RCW; midwifery under chapter 18.50 RCW; nursing home administration under chapter 18.52 RCW; optometry under chapters 18.53 and 18.54 RCW; oculists under chapter 18.55 RCW; osteopathy and osteopathic medicine and surgery under chapters 18.57 and 18.57A RCW; pharmacy under chapters 18.64 and 18.64A RCW; medicine under chapters 18.71, 18.71A, and 18.72 RCW; emergency medicine under chapter 18.73 RCW; physical therapy under chapter 18.74 RCW; practical nurses under chapter 18.78 RCW; psychologists under chapter 18.83 RCW; registered nurses under chapter 18.88 RCW; occupational therapists licensed pursuant to chapter 18.59 RCW; veterinarians and animal technicians under chapter 18.92 RCW; ((aMd)) massage practitioners under chapter 18.108 RCW; and acupuncturists certified under chapter 18.— RCW (sections 1 through 23 of this 1985 act).

(5) "Inspection" means the periodic examination of practitioners by a state agency in order to ascertain whether the practitioners' occupation is being carried out in a fashion consistent with the public health, safety, and welfare.

(6) "Legislative committees of reference" means the standing legislative committees designated by the respective rules committees of the senate and house of representatives to consider proposed legislation to regulate health professions not previously regulated.

(7) "License", "licensing", and "licensure" mean permission to engage in a health profession which would otherwise be unlawful in the state in the absence of the permission. A license is granted to those individuals who meet prerequisite qualifications to perform prescribed health professional tasks and for the use of a particular title.

(8) "Professional license" means an individual, nontransferable authorization to carry on a health activity based on qualifications which include: (a) Graduation from an accredited or approved program, and (b) acceptable performance on a qualifying examination or series of examinations.

(9) "Practitioner" means an individual who (a) has achieved knowledge and skill by practice, and (b) is actively engaged in a specified health profession.
(10) "Public member" means an individual who is not, and never was, a member of the health profession being regulated or the spouse of a member, or an individual who does not have and never has had a material financial interest in either the rendering of the health professional service being regulated or an activity directly related to the profession being regulated.

(11) "Registration" means the formal notification which, prior to rendering services, a practitioner shall submit to a state agency setting forth the name and address of the practitioner; the location, nature and operation of the health activity to be practiced; and, if required by the regulatory entity, a description of the service to be provided.

(12) "Regulatory entity" means any board, commission, agency, division, or other unit or subunit of state government which regulates one or more professions, occupations, industries, businesses, or other endeavors in this state.

(13) "State agency" includes every state office, department, board, commission, regulatory entity, and agency of the state, and, where provided by law, programs and activities involving less than the full responsibility of a state agency.

Sec. 29. Section 4, chapter 279, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.130.040 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) This chapter applies only to the director and the boards having jurisdiction in relation to the professions licensed under the chapters specified in this section. This chapter does not apply to any business or profession not licensed under the chapters specified in this section.

(2) (a) The director has authority under this chapter in relation to the following professions:

(i) Dispensing opticians licensed under chapter 18.34 RCW;
(ii) Drugless healers licensed under chapter 18.36 RCW;
(iii) Midwives licensed under chapter 18.50 RCW;
(iv) Ocularists licensed under chapter 18.55 RCW;
(v) Psychologists licensed under chapter 18.83 RCW unless a disciplinary committee is established under chapter 18.83 RCW;
(vi) Massage operators and businesses licensed under chapter 18.108 RCW; ((and))
(vii) Dental hygienists licensed under chapter 18.29 RCW; and
(viii) Acupuncturists certified under chapter 18.— RCW (sections 1 through 23 of this 1985 act).

(b) The boards having authority under this chapter are as follows:

(i) The podiatry board as established in chapter 18.22 RCW;
(ii) The chiropractic disciplinary board as established in chapter 18.26 RCW governing licenses issued under chapter 18.25 RCW;
(iii) The dental disciplinary board as established in chapter 18.32 RCW;
(iv) The council on hearing aids as established in chapter 18.35 RCW;
(v) The board of funeral directors and embalmers as established in chapter 18.39 RCW;
(vi) The board of examiners for nursing home administrators as established in chapter 18.52 RCW;
(vii) The optometry board as established in chapter 18.54 RCW governing licenses issued under chapter 18.53 RCW;
(viii) The board of osteopathic medicine and surgery as established in chapter 18.57 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.57 and 18.57A RCW;
(ix) The medical disciplinary board as established in chapter 18.72 RCW governing licenses and registrations issued under chapters 18.71 and 18.71A RCW;
(x) The board of physical therapy as established in chapter 18.74 RCW;
(xi) The board of occupational therapy practice as established in chapter 18.59 RCW;
(xii) The board of practical nursing as established in chapter 18.78 RCW;
(xiii) The board of nursing as established in chapter 18.88 RCW; and
(xiv) The veterinary board of governors as established in chapter 18.92 RCW.

(3) In addition to the authority to discipline license holders, the disciplining authority has the authority to grant or deny licenses based on the conditions and criteria established in this chapter and the chapters specified in subsection (2) of this section. However, the board of chiropractic examiners has authority over issuance and denial of licenses provided for in chapter 18.25 RCW, the board of dental examiners has authority over issuance and denial of licenses provided for in RCW 18.32.040, and the board of medical examiners has authority over issuance and denial of licenses and registrations provided for in chapters 18.71 and 18.71A RCW. This chapter governs any investigation, hearing, or proceeding relating to denial of licensure by the disciplining authority, the board of chiropractic examiners, the board of dental examiners, and the board of medical examiners, if adopted pursuant to this chapter by the disciplinary authority.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 30. There is hereby appropriated the sum of eighty-one thousand seven hundred seven dollars to the department of licensing from the health professions account—general fund for the implementation of this chapter for the 1985-87 biennium.

Passed the House April 22, 1985.
Passed the Senate April 16, 1985.
Approved by the Governor May 16, 1985, with the exception of certain items which are vetoed.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 16, 1985.
WASHINGTON LAWS, 1985  Ch. 327

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I am returning herewith without my approval as to one portion Substitute House Bill No. 270, entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to acupuncture;"

Section 5(2)(a) of this bill would require applicants for licensure as an acupuncturist to complete two years of college training in the general sciences and humanities before undertaking acupuncture training. While general education is certainly desirable, we must be careful not to impose any requirements on applicants that are not specifically related to their ability to practice competently. This two-year education requirement does not relate to competence, and neither does the requirement that it be completed before occupational training commences.

With the exception of Section 5(2)(a), Substitute House Bill No. 270 is approved.*

CHAPTER 327
[House Bill No. 107]
INTIMIDATING A JUDGE—CLASS B FELONY—INTIMIDATING WITNESSES OR JURORS—REVISIONS

AN ACT Relating to interference with official proceedings; amending RCW 9A.72.110 and 9A.72.130; adding a new section to chapter 9A.72 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 9A.72 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A person is guilty of intimidating a judge if a person directs a threat to a judge because of a ruling or decision of the judge in any official proceeding, or if by use of a threat directed to a judge, a person attempts to influence a ruling or decision of the judge in any official proceeding.

(2) "Threat" as used in this section means:
(a) To communicate, directly or indirectly, the intent immediately to use force against any person who is present at the time; or
(b) Threats as defined in RCW 9A.04.110(25).

(3) Intimidating a judge is a class B felony.

Sec. 2. Section 9A.72.110, chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. as amended by section 18, chapter 47, Laws of 1982 1st ex. sess. and RCW 9A.72.110 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person is guilty of intimidating a witness if a person directs a threat to a former witness because of the witness' testimony in any official proceeding, or if, by use of a threat directed to a current witness or a person he has reason to believe is about to be called as a witness in any official proceeding or to a person whom he has reason to believe may have information relevant to a criminal investigation, he attempts to:
(a) Influence the testimony of that person; or
(b) Induce that person to elude legal process summoning him to testify; or