NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Funds in the worker and community right to know fund established under RCW 49.70.170 may be spent by the department of ecology to implement section 1 (1) through (3) of this act following legislative appropriation. Disbursements from the fund shall be on authorization of the director of the department of ecology.

Passed the House April 22, 1985.
Passed the Senate April 11, 1985.
Approved by the Governor May 20, 1985.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 1985.

CHAPTER 411
[Substitute House Bill No. 1195]
FLEXIBLE-TIME WORK SCHEDULES IN PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT

AN ACT Relating to public employment; and adding a new section to chapter 41.04 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 41.04 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The legislature finds that flexible-time work schedules, which provide varying times for employees to arrive at and depart from work, tend to alleviate traffic congestion during peak rush hour periods and thereby reduce hazardous traffic conditions; provide more efficient use of highways and other transit facilities; and decrease fuel consumption. In addition, the legislature finds that flexible-time work schedules provide families in which both parents work outside of the home with the flexibility necessary to provide for day care; provide employees with flexibility allowing them to spend more time with their families; improve employee morale and, in-so-doing, improve productivity. Therefore, due to the clear advantages to both agencies and employees, the legislature finds that flexible-time work schedules should be utilized by agencies to the maximum extent possible.

(2) As used in this section, "flexible-time work schedule" means a daily work schedule which contains a core time of required hours during which an employee subject to the schedule is required to be present for work and designated hours before or after the core time during which an employee, with the approval of his or her agency, may elect a time of arrival to work and departure from work.

(3) Each agency shall prepare a flexible-time work schedule or schedules and shall offer the schedule or schedules to employees as an option to the traditional eight o'clock a.m. to five o'clock p.m. working day. However, an agency shall not be required to prepare or offer a flexible-time work schedule or schedules if the agency head determines that the implementation of such a schedule would serve as an impediment to the provision of
services to the public or would in any other way impede the agency in accomplishing its mission.

(4) Any employee wishing to use a flexible-time work schedule prepared under subsection (3) of this section must first obtain the permission of the agency head or the agency head's designee. However, if there is an employee organization certified as an exclusive bargaining representative for a bargaining unit affected by the flexible-time work schedule, the agency shall first negotiate with the certified employee organization.

(5) Nothing in this section affects official hours during which state offices are required to be open for the transaction of business, as prescribed in RCW 42.04.060.

Passed the Senate April 19, 1985.
Approved by the Governor May 20, 1985.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 1985.

CHAPTER 412
[Substitute House Bill No. 890]
AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS—LIENS

AN ACT Relating to agricultural liens; amending RCW 20.01.010, 60.22.010, 62A.9-203, 62A.9-307, 62A.9-310, and 62A.9-104; adding a new chapter to Title 16 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 60 RCW; repealing RCW 20.01.620, 20.01.630, 20.01.640, 20.01.650, 20.01.660, and 20.01.670; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, the terms defined in this section have the meanings indicated unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Agricultural product," "conditioner," "consignor," "person," "processor," and "producer" have the meanings defined in RCW 20.01.010.

(2) "Preparer" means a person engaged in the business of feeding livestock or preparing livestock products for market.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. Starting on the date a producer delivers any agricultural product to a processor or conditioner, the producer has a first priority statutory lien, referred to as a "processor lien." This processor lien shall continue until twenty days after payment for the product is due and remains unpaid, without filing any notice of lien, for the contract price, if any, or the fair market value of the products delivered. The processor lien attaches to the agricultural products delivered, to the processor's or conditioner's inventory, and to the processor's or conditioner's accounts receivable. However, no processor lien may attach to agricultural products delivered by a producer, or on the producer's behalf, to a processor which is organized and operated on a cooperative basis and of which the producer is