but only to the extent that a similar exemption or privilege is granted under the laws of that state for vessels registered in this state: PROVIDED, That any vessel which is validly registered in another state and which is physically located in this state for a period of more than sixty days is subject to registration under this chapter;

(5) Vessels used as a ship's lifeboat;

(6) Vessels equipped with propulsion machinery of less than ten horsepower that:
   (a) Are owned by the owner of a vessel for which a valid vessel number has been issued;
   (b) Display the number of that numbered vessel followed by the suffix "1" in the manner prescribed by the department; and
   (c) Are used as a tender for direct transportation between that vessel and the shore and for no other purpose;

(7) Vessels under sixteen feet in overall length which have no propulsion machinery of any type or which are not used on waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States or on the high seas beyond the territorial seas for vessels owned in the United States and are powered by propulsion machinery of ten or less horsepower;

(8) Vessels with no propulsion machinery of any type for which the primary mode of propulsion is human power;

(9) Vessels which are temporarily in this state undergoing repair or alteration;

(10) Vessels primarily engaged in commerce which have or are required to have a valid marine document as a vessel of the United States; and

(11) Vessels primarily engaged in commerce which are owned by a resident of a country other than the United States.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect July 1, 1985.

Passed the House April 22, 1985.
Passed the Senate April 17, 1985.
Approved by the Governor May 21, 1985.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 21, 1985.

CHAPTER 453
[Substitute House Bill No. 232]
GROUND WATER MANAGEMENT

AN ACT Relating to ground water management; adding new sections to chapter 90.44 RCW; and declaring an emergency.
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) This legislation is enacted for the purpose of identifying ground water management procedures that are consistent with both local needs and state water resource policies and management objectives; including the protection of water quality, assurance of quantity, and efficient management of water resources to meet future needs.

In recognition of existing water rights and the need to manage ground water aquifers for future use, the department of ecology shall, by rule, establish standards, criteria, and a process for the designation of specific ground water areas or sub-areas, or separate depth zones within such area or sub-area, and provide for either the department of ecology, local governments, or ground water users of the area to initiate development of a ground water management program for each area or sub-area, consistent with state and local government objectives, policies, and authorities. The department shall develop and adopt these rules by January 1, 1986.

(2) The department of ecology, in cooperation with other state agencies, local government, and user groups, shall identify probable ground water management areas or sub-areas. The department shall also prepare a general schedule for the development of ground water management programs that recognizes the available local or state agency staff and financial resources to carry out the intent of sections 1 through 3 of this act. The department shall also provide the option for locally initiated studies and for local government to assume the lead agency role in developing the ground water management program and in implementing the provisions of sections 1 through 3 of this act. The criteria to guide identification of the ground water areas or sub-areas shall include but not be limited to, the following:

(a) Aquifer systems that are declining due to restricted recharge or over-utilization;
(b) Aquifer systems in which over-appropriation may have occurred and adjudication of water rights has not yet been completed;
(c) Aquifer systems currently being considered for water supply reservation under chapter 90.54 RCW for future beneficial uses;
(d) Aquifers identified as the primary source of supply for public water supply systems;
(e) Aquifers designated as a sole source aquifer by the federal environmental protection agency; and
(f) Geographical areas where land use may result in contamination or degradation of the ground water quality.

(3) In developing the ground water management programs, priority shall be given to areas or sub-areas where water quality is imminently threatened.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) To assist in the development of ground
water management programs, a ground water management advisory com-
mittee, with representation from major user and public interest groups, and
state and local governments shall be appointed by the department for each
area or sub-area. The procedure for advisory committee appointment, terms
of appointment, and committee responsibilities shall be addressed in the
rules prepared under section 1 of this act.

(2) The ground water area or sub-area management programs shall
include:

(a) A description of the specific ground water area or sub-areas, or
separate depth zones within any such area or sub-area, and the relationship
of this zone or area to the land use management responsibilities of county
government;

(b) A management program based on long-term monitoring and re-
source management objectives for the area or sub-area;

(c) Identification of water resources and the allocation of the resources
to meet state and local needs;

(d) Projection of water supply needs for existing and future identified
user groups and beneficial uses;

(e) Identification of water resource management policies and/or prac-
tices that may impact the recharge of the designated area or policies that
may affect the safe yield and quantity of water available for future
appropriation;

(f) Identification of land use and other activities that may impact the
quality and efficient use of the ground water, including domestic, industrial,
solid, and other waste disposal, underground storage facilities, or storm wa-
ter management practices;

(g) The design of the program necessary to manage the resource to as-
sure long-term benefits to the citizens of the state;

(h) Identification of water quality objectives for the aquifer system
which recognize existing and future uses of the aquifer and that are in ac-
cordance with department of ecology and department of social and health
services drinking and surface water quality standards;

(i) Long-term policies and construction practices necessary to protect
existing water rights and subsequent facilities installed in accordance with
the ground water area or sub-area management programs and/or other
water right procedures;

(j) Annual withdrawal rates and safe yield guidelines which are direct-
ed by the long-term management programs that recognize annual variations
in aquifer recharge;

(k) A description of conditions and potential conflicts and identification
of a program to resolve conflicts with existing water rights;

(l) Alternative management programs to meet future needs and exist-
ing conditions, including water conservation plans; and
(m) A process for the periodic review of the ground water management program and monitoring of the implementation of the program.

(3) The ground water area or sub-area management programs shall be submitted for review in accordance with the state environmental policy act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The department of ecology shall consider the ground water area or sub-area management plan for adoption in accordance with this chapter and chapter 90.54 RCW.

Upon completion of the ground water area or sub-area management program, the department of ecology shall hold a public hearing within the designated ground water management area for the purpose of taking public testimony on the proposed program. Following the public hearing, the department of ecology and affected local governments shall (1) prepare findings which either provide for the subsequent adoption of the program as proposed or identify the revisions necessary to ensure that the program is consistent with the intent of this chapter, and (2) adopt regulations, ordinances, and/or programs for implementing those provisions of the ground water management program which are within their respective jurisdictional authorities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The department of ecology, the department of social and health services, and affected local governments shall be guided by the adopted program when reviewing and considering approval of all studies, plans, and facilities that may utilize or impact the implementation of the program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Sections 1 through 4 of this act shall not affect any water rights existing as of the effective date of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Sections 1 through 5 of this act are each added to chapter 90.44 RCW.

Passed the Senate April 18, 1985.
Approved by the Governor May 21, 1985.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 21, 1985.

CHAPTER 454
[Substitute House Bill No. 380]
FLOOD PLAIN MANAGEMENT—DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY APPROVAL POWER

AN ACT Relating to flooding; and amending RCW 86.26.050.