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CHAPTER 376
[House Bill No. 541]
JOINT OPERATING AGENCIES—CONTRACTING AND PURCHASING
REQUIREMENTS—CONSERVATION AUTHORITY—LEAST-COST APPROACH
FOR ENERGY INVESTMENTS

AN ACT Relating to acquisition by joint operating agencies of public works, materials,
equipment, supplies, and conservation resources; amending RCW 43.52.250, 43.52.260, 43.52-
.3411, and 43.52.360; adding new sections to chapter 43.52 RCW; creating a new section; re-
pealing RCW 43.52.490, 43.52.495, 43.52.500, 43.52.505, 43.52.510, 43.52.600, 43.52.603,
43.52.606, 43.52.609, 43.52.615, 43.52.618, and 43.52.621; and prescribing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) Except as provided otherwise in this
chapter, a joint operating agency shall purchase any item or items of mate-
rials, equipment, or supplies, the estimated cost of which is in excess of five
thousand dollars exclusive of sales tax, or order work for construction of
generating projects and associated facilities, the estimated cost of which is
in excess of ten thousand dollars exclusive of sales tax, by contract in ac-
cordance with RCW 54.04.070 and 54.04.080, which require sealed bids for
contracts.

(2) When a joint operating agency executes a contract under section 2,
4, or 5 of this act, the managing director shall certify to the committees on
energy and utilities of the senate and house of representatives in writing
within thirty days after the contract is signed, that such contract is in the
public interest, state the reason or reasons why, and indicate the estimated
cost savings to the project compared to contracting for the same material,
supplies, equipment or work through completion of work as contracted, in-
cluding termination costs, or through sealed bids.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) An operating agency may enter into
contracts through competitive negotiation under subsection (2) of this sec-
tion for materials, equipment, supplies, or work to be performed during
commercial operation of a nuclear generating project and associated facili-
ties (a) to replace a defaulted contract or a contract terminated in whole or
in part, or (b) where consideration of factors in addition to price, such as
technical knowledge, experience, management, staff, or schedule, is neces-
sary to achieve economical operation of the project, provided that the man-
aging director or a designee determines in writing and the executive board
finds that execution of a contract under this section will accomplish project
completion or operation more economically than sealed bids.

(2) The selection of a contractor shall be made in accordance with the
following procedures:
(a) Proposals shall be solicited through a request for proposals, which shall state the requirements to be met. Responses shall describe the professional competence of the offeror, the technical merits of the offer, and the price.

(b) The request for proposals shall be given adequate public notice in the same manner as for sealed bids.

(c) As provided in the request for proposals, the operating agency shall specify at a preproposal conference the contract requirements in the request for proposal, which may include but are not limited to: Schedule, managerial, and staffing requirements, productivity and production levels, technical expertise, approved project quality assurance procedures, and time and place for submission of proposals. Any inquiries and responses thereto shall be confirmed in writing and shall be sent to all potential offerors.

(d) Proposals shall be opened so as to avoid disclosure of contents to competing offerors during the process of negotiation. A register of proposals shall be open for public inspection after contract award.

(e) As provided in the request for proposals, invitations shall be sent to all responsible offerors who submit proposals to attend discussions for the purpose of clarification to assure full understanding of, and responsiveness to, the solicitation requirements. Any inquiries and responses thereto shall be confirmed in writing and shall be sent to all offerors. Offerors shall be accorded fair and equal treatment with respect to any opportunity for discussion and revision of proposals, and such revisions may be permitted after submissions and prior to award for the purpose of obtaining best and final offers. In conducting discussions, there shall be no disclosure of any information derived from proposals submitted by competing offerors.

(f) The operating agency shall execute a contract with the responsible offeror whose proposal is determined in writing to be the most advantageous to the operating agency taking into consideration the requirements set forth in the request for proposals: PROVIDED, That for any proposed contract which exceeds ten million dollars, the operating agency shall notify the committees on energy and utilities of the senate and house of representatives at least thirty days prior to the date of contract execution and shall provide a copy of the contract with the notification. The contract file shall contain the basis on which the successful offeror is selected. The operating agency shall conduct a briefing conference on the selection if requested by an offeror.

(g) The contract may be fixed price or cost-reimbursable, in whole or in part, but not cost-plus-percentage-of-cost.

(h) The operating agency shall retain authority and responsibility for inspection, testing, and compliance with applicable regulations or standards of any state or federal governmental agency.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. For the awarding of a contract to purchase any item or items of materials, equipment, or supplies in an amount exceeding five thousand dollars but less than seventy-five thousand dollars, exclusive of sales tax, the managing director or a designee may, in lieu of sealed bids, secure telephone and/or written quotations from at least five vendors, where practical, and award contracts for purchase of materials, equipment, or supplies to the lowest responsible bidder. The agency shall establish a procurement roster, which shall consist of suppliers and manufacturers who may supply materials or equipment to the operating agency, and shall provide for solicitations which will equitably distribute opportunity for bids among suppliers and manufacturers on the roster. Immediately after the award is made, the bid quotations obtained shall be recorded and shall be posted or otherwise made available for public inspection and copying pursuant to chapter 42.17 RCW at the office of the operating agency or any other officially designated location. Waiver of the deposit or bid bond required for sealed bids may be authorized by the operating agency in securing the bid quotations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. When the managing director or a designee determines in writing that it is impracticable to secure competition for required materials, equipment, or supplies, he or she may purchase the materials, equipment, or supplies without competition. The term "impracticable to secure competition" means:

(1) When material, equipment, or supplies can be obtained from only one person or firm (single source of supply); or

(2) When specially designed parts or components are being procured as replacement parts in support of equipment specially designed by the manufacturer.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. When the managing director or a designee determines in writing that an emergency endangers the public safety or threatens property damage or that serious financial injury would result if materials, supplies, equipment, or work are not obtained by a certain time, and they cannot be contracted for by that time by means of sealed bids, the managing director or a designee may purchase materials, equipment, or supplies or may order work by contract in any amount necessary, after having taken precautions to secure a responsive proposal at the lowest price practicable under the circumstances.

For the purposes of this section the term "serious financial injury" means that the costs attributable to the delay caused by contracting by sealed bids exceed the cost of materials, supplies, equipment, or work to be obtained.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. The executive board shall establish procedures for implementing sections 1 through 5 of this act by operating agency resolution after notice, public hearing, and opportunity for public comment.
The procedures shall be established within six months after the effective date of this section.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 7. Nothing in sections 1 through 6 of this act requires reapplication by a joint operating agency in existence on the effective date of this section.

Sec. 8. Section 43.52.250, chapter 8, Laws of 1965 as last amended by section 1, chapter 43, Laws of 1982 1st ex. sess. and RCW 43.52.250 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter and unless the context indicates otherwise, words and phrases shall mean:

"District" means a public utility district as created under the laws of the state of Washington authorized to engage in the business of generating and/or distributing electricity.

"City" means any city or town in the state of Washington authorized to engage in the business of generating and/or distributing electricity.

"Canada" means Canada or any province thereof.

"Operating agency" or "joint operating agency" means a municipal corporation created pursuant to RCW 43.52.360, as now or hereafter amended.

"Board of directors" means the board established under RCW 43.52.370.

"Executive board" means the board established under RCW 43.52.374.

"Board" means the board of directors of the joint operating agency unless the operating agency is constructing, operating, terminating, or decommissioning a nuclear power plant under a site certification agreement under chapter 80.50 RCW, in which case "board" means the executive board.

"Public utility" means any person, firm or corporation, political subdivision or governmental subdivision including cities, towns and public utility districts engaged in or authorized to engage in the business of generating, transmitting or distributing electric energy.

"Revenue bonds or warrants" means bonds, notes, bond anticipation notes, warrants, certificates of indebtedness, commercial paper, refunding or renewal obligations, payable from a special fund or revenues of the utility properties operated by the joint operating agency.

"Electrical resources" means both electric energy and conservation.

"Electrical energy" means electric energy produced by any means including water power, steam power, nuclear power, and conservation.

"Conservation" means any reduction in electric power consumption as a result of increases in efficiency of energy use, production, or distribution.

Sec. 9. Section 43.52.260, chapter 8, Laws of 1965 as amended by section 2, chapter 184, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and RCW 43.52.260 are each amended to read as follows:
The authority granted in this chapter shall apply equally to the generating of electricity by water power, by steam power, by nuclear power, conservation, or by any other means whatsoever.

Sec. 10. Section 43.52.3411, chapter 8, Laws of 1965 as last amended by section 116, chapter 167, Laws of 1983 and RCW 43.52.3411 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes provided for in this chapter, an operating agency shall have power to issue revenue bonds or warrants payable from the revenues of the utility properties operated by it. Whenever the board of a joint operating agency shall deem it advisable to issue bonds or warrants to engage in conservation activities or to construct or acquire any public utility or any works, plants or facilities or any additions or betterments thereto or extensions thereof it shall provide therefor by resolution, which shall specify and adopt the system or plan proposed and declare the estimated cost thereof as near as may be. Such cost may include funds for working capital, for payment of expenses incurred in the conservation activities or the acquisition or construction of the utility and for the repayment of advances made to the operating agency by any public utility district or city. Except as otherwise provided in RCW 43.52.343, all the provisions of law as now or hereafter in effect relating to revenue bonds or warrants of public utility districts shall apply to revenue bonds or warrants issued by the joint operating agency including, without limitation, provisions relating to: The creation of special funds and the pledging of revenues thereto; the time and place of payment of such bonds or warrants and the interest rate or rates thereon; the covenants that may be contained therein and the effect thereof; the execution, issuance, sale, funding, or refunding, redemption and registration of such bonds or warrants; and the status thereof as negotiable instruments, as legal securities for deposits of public moneys and as legal investments for trustees and other fiduciaries and for savings and loan associations, banks and insurance companies doing business in this state. However, for revenue bonds or warrants issued by an operating agency, the provisions under RCW 54.24.030 relating to additional or alternate methods for payment may be made a part of the contract with the owners of any revenue bonds or warrants of an operating agency. The board may authorize the managing director or the treasurer of the operating agency to sell revenue bonds or warrants maturing one year or less from the date of issuance, and to fix the interest rate or rates on such revenue bonds or warrants with such restrictions as the board shall prescribe. Such bonds and warrants may be in any form, including bearer bonds or bearer warrants, or registered bonds or registered warrants as provided in RCW 39.46.030. Such bonds and warrants may also be issued and sold in accordance with chapter 39.46 RCW.

Sec. 11. Section 43.52.360, chapter 8, Laws of 1965 as amended by section 6, chapter 184, Laws of 1977 ex. sess. and RCW 43.52.360 are each amended to read as follows:
Any two or more cities or public utility districts or combinations thereof may form an operating agency (herein sometimes called a joint operating agency) for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, operating and owning plants, systems and other facilities and extensions thereof, for the generation and/or transmission of electric energy and power. Each such agency shall be a municipal corporation of the state of Washington with the right to sue and be sued in its own name.

Application for the formation of an operating agency shall be made to the director of the department of ecology (herein sometimes referred to as the director) after the adoption of a resolution by the legislative body of each city or public utility district to be initial members thereof authorizing said city or district to participate. Such application shall set forth (1) the name and address of each participant, together with a certified copy of the resolution authorizing its participation; (2) a general description of the project and the principal project works, including dams, reservoirs, power houses and transmission lines; (3) the general location of the project and, if a hydroelectric project, the name of the stream on which such proposed project is to be located; (4) if the project is for the generation of electricity, the proposed use or market for the power to be developed; (5) a general statement of the electric loads and resources of each of the participants; (6) a statement of the proposed method of financing the preliminary engineering and other studies and the participation therein by each of the participants.

Within ten days after such application is filed with the director of the department of ecology notice thereof shall be published by the director once a week for four consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or counties in which such project is to be located, setting forth the names of the participants and the general nature, extent and location of the project. Any public utility wishing to do so may object to such application by filing an objection, setting forth the reasons therefor, with the director of the department of ecology not later than ten days after the date of last publication of such notice.

Within ninety days after the date of last publication the director shall either make findings thereon or have instituted a hearing thereon. In event the director has neither made findings nor instituted a hearing within ninety days of the date of last publication, or if such hearing is instituted within such time but no findings are made within one hundred and twenty days of the date of such last publication, the application shall be deemed to have been approved and the operating agency established. If it shall appear (a) that the statements set forth in said application are substantially correct; (b) that the contemplated project is such as is adaptable to the needs, both actual and prospective, of the participants and such other public utilities as indicate a good faith intention by contract or by letter of intent to participate in the use of such project; (c) that no objection to the formation of
such operating agency has been filed by any other public utility which prior to and at the time of the filing of the application for such operating agency had on file a permit or license from an agency of the state or an agency of the United States, whichever has primary jurisdiction, for the construction of such project; (d) that adequate provision will be made for financing the preliminary engineering, legal and other costs necessary thereto; the director shall make findings to that effect and enter an order creating such operating agency, establishing the name thereof and the specific project for the construction and operation for which such operating agency is formed. Such order shall not be construed to constitute a bar to any other public utility proceeding according to law to procure any required governmental permits, licenses or authority, but such order shall establish the competency of the operating agency to proceed according to law to procure such permits, licenses or authority.

No operating agency shall undertake projects or conservation activities in addition to those for which it was formed without the approval of the legislative bodies of a majority of the members thereof. Prior to undertaking any new project for acquisition of an energy resource, a joint operating agency shall prepare a plan which details a least-cost approach for investment in energy resources. The plan shall include an analysis of the costs of developing conservation compared with costs of developing other energy resources and a strategy for implementation of the plan. The plan shall be updated annually and presented to the energy and utilities committees of the Senate and house of representatives for their review and comment. In the event that an operating agency desires to undertake such a hydroelectric project at a site or sites upon which any publicly or privately owned public utility has a license or permit or has a prior application for a license or permit pending with any commission or agency, state or federal, having jurisdiction thereof, application to construct such additional project shall be made to the director of the department of ecology in the same manner, subject to the same requirements and with the same notice as required for an initial agency and project and shall not be constructed until an order authorizing the same shall have been made by the director in the manner provided for such original application.

Any party who has joined in filing the application for, or objections against, the creation of such operating agency and/or the construction of an additional project, and who feels aggrieved by any order or finding of the director shall have the right to appeal to the superior court in the manner set forth in RCW 43.52.430.

After the formation of an operating agency, any other city or district may become a member thereof upon application to such agency after the adoption of a resolution of its legislative body authorizing said city or district to participate, and with the consent of the operating agency by the affirmative vote of the majority of its members. Any member may withdraw
from an operating agency, and thereupon such member shall forfeit any and all rights or interest which it may have in such operating agency or in any of the assets thereof: PROVIDED, That all contractual obligations incurred while a member shall remain in full force and effect. An operating agency may be dissolved by the unanimous agreement of the members, and the members, after making provisions for the payment of all debts and obligations, shall thereupon hold the assets thereof as tenants in common.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. Sections 1 through 7 of this act are each added to chapter 43.52 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. This act shall not be construed as affecting any existing right acquired, or liability or obligation incurred under the sections repealed in this act, nor any rule, regulation, or order adopted, nor any proceeding instituted, under those sections.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) Section 2, chapter 28, Laws of 1977 ex. sess., section 1, chapter 173, Laws of 1981 and RCW 43.52.490;
(2) Section 2, chapter 173, Laws of 1981 and RCW 43.52.495;
(3) Section 3, chapter 173, Laws of 1981 and RCW 43.52.500;
(4) Section 4, chapter 173, Laws of 1981 and RCW 43.52.505;
(5) Section 5, chapter 173, Laws of 1981, section 14, chapter 158, Laws of 1986 and RCW 43.52.510;
(6) Section 1, chapter 44, Laws of 1982 1st ex. sess. and RCW 43.52-.600;
(7) Section 2, chapter 44, Laws of 1982 1st ex. sess. and RCW 43.52-.603;
(8) Section 3, chapter 44, Laws of 1982 1st ex. sess. and RCW 43.52-.606;
(9) Section 4, chapter 44, Laws of 1982 1st ex. sess. and RCW 43.52-.609;
(10) Section 6, chapter 44, Laws of 1982 1st ex. sess. and RCW 43-.52.615;
(11) Section 7, chapter 44, Laws of 1982 1st ex. sess., section 15, chapter 158, Laws of 1986 and RCW 43.52.618; and
(12) Section 8, chapter 44, Laws of 1982 1st ex. sess. and RCW 43-.52.621.

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