NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. Section 1, chapter 332, Laws of 1981 and RCW 35.13.025 are each repealed.

Passed the House April 23, 1989.
Passed the Senate April 14, 1989.
Approved by the Governor May 12, 1989, with the exception of certain items which were vetoed.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 12, 1989.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I am returning herewith, without my approval as to section 1, Substitute House Bill No. 1251 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to annexation for municipal purposes."

Substitute House Bill No. 1251 resulted from recommendations of the Local Governance Study Commission. The Commission found that Washington has comparatively restrictive annexation procedures, and that the problems of providing services to citizens in high-density unincorporated areas result in part from those restrictive procedures. The purpose of Substitute House Bill No. 1251 is to improve municipal annexation procedures and facilitate annexation of urbanized land. That is a laudable goal and one that I fully endorse.

A portion of section 1 of the bill, which resulted from an amendment to the original bill, would have the effect of increasing the number of signatures necessary at certain times to initiate an annexation under the petition-election method for a non-code city or town. That is contrary to the overall purpose of the legislation and the recommendations of the Local Governance Study Commission.

With the exception of section 1, Substitute House Bill No. 1251 is approved."

CHAPTER 352
[House Bill No. 1478]
BOARD OF PHARMACY—POWERS AND DUTIES

AN ACT Relating to the board of pharmacy; amending RCW 18.64.044, 18.64.245, 18.64.080, 18.64.165, and 69.41.020; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310; and adding new sections to chapter 69.41 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. Section 17, chapter 90, Laws of 1979 as last amended by section 5, chapter 153, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.64.044 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A shopkeeper registered ((or exempt from registration)) as provided in this section may sell nonprescription drugs, if such drugs are sold in the original package of the manufacturer. ((Shopkeepers with fifteen or fewer drugs shall be exempt from the registration requirements of this section and shall not be required to pay any fees required by this section, but shall be considered shopkeepers for any other purposes under chapter 18.64 RCW:))

(2) Every shopkeeper not a licensed pharmacist, desiring to secure the benefits and privileges of this section, is hereby required to register as a shopkeeper through the master license system, and he or she shall pay the
fee determined by the board for registration, and on a date to be determined by the board thereafter the fee determined by the board for renewal of the registration; and shall at all times keep said registration or the current renewal thereof conspicuously exposed in the shop to which it applies. In event such shopkeeper's registration is not renewed by the master license expiration date, no renewal or new registration shall be issued except upon payment of the registration renewal fee and the master license delinquency fee under chapter 19.02 RCW. This registration fee shall not authorize the sale of legend drugs or controlled substances.

(3) The registration fees determined by the board under subsection (2) of this section shall not exceed the cost of registering the shopkeeper.

(4) Any shopkeeper who shall vend or sell, or offer to sell to the public any such nonprescription drug or preparation without having registered to do so as provided in this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and each sale or offer to sell shall constitute a separate offense.

Sec. 2. Section 1, chapter 28, Laws of 1939 as amended by section 15, chapter 90, Laws of 1979 and RCW 18.64.245 are each amended to read as follows:

Every proprietor or manager of a pharmacy shall keep readily available a suitable record of prescriptions which shall preserve for a period of not less than ((five)) two years the record of every prescription dispensed at such pharmacy which shall be numbered, dated, and filed, and shall produce the same in court or before any grand jury whenever lawfully required to do so. The record shall be maintained either separately from all other records of the pharmacy or in such form that the information required is readily retrievable from ordinary business records of the pharmacy. All record-keeping requirements for controlled substances must be complied with. Such record of prescriptions shall be for confidential use in the pharmacy, only: PROVIDED, That the record of prescriptions shall be open for inspection by the board of pharmacy or any officer of the law, who is authorized to enforce chapter 18.64, 69.41, or 69.50 RCW.

Sec. 3. Section 1, chapter 9, Laws of 1972 ex. sess. as last amended by section 10, chapter 153, Laws of 1984 and RCW 18.64.080 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The state board of pharmacy may license as a pharmacist any person who has filed an application therefor, subscribed by the person under oath or affirmation, containing such information as the board may by regulation require, and who—

(a) Is at least eighteen years of age ((and is a citizen of the United States, an alien in an educational pharmacy graduate or residency program for the period of the program, or a resident alien));

(b) Has satisfied the board that he or she is of good moral and professional character, that he or she will carry out the duties and responsibilities
required of a pharmacist, and that he or she is not unfit or unable to prac-
tice pharmacy by reason of the extent or manner of his or her proven use of
alcoholic beverages, drugs, or controlled substances, or by reason of a prov-
en physical or mental disability;

(c) Holds a baccalaureate degree in pharmacy or a doctor of pharmacy
degree granted by a school or college of pharmacy which is accredited by
the board of pharmacy;

(d) Has completed or has otherwise met the internship requirements as
set forth in board rules;

(e) Has satisfactorily passed the necessary examinations given by the
board.

(2) The state board of pharmacy shall, at least once in every calendar
year, offer an examination to all applicants for a pharmacist license who
have completed their educational and internship requirements pursuant to
rules promulgated by the board. The said examination shall be determined
by the board. In case of failure at a first examination, the applicant shall
have within three years the privilege of a second and third examination. In
case of failure in a third examination, the applicant shall not be eligible for
further examination until he or she has satisfactorily completed additional
preparation as directed and approved by the board. The applicant must pay
the examination fee determined by the board for each examination taken.
Upon passing the required examinations and complying with all the rules
and regulations of the board and the provisions of this chapter, the board
shall grant the applicant a license as a pharmacist and issue to him or her a
certificate qualifying him or her to enter into the practice of pharmacy.

(3) Any person enrolled as a student of pharmacy in an accredited
college may file with the state board of pharmacy an application for regis-
tration as a pharmacy intern in which said application he or she shall be
required to furnish such information as the board may, by regulation, pre-
scribe and, simultaneously with the filing of said application, shall pay to
the board a fee to be determined by the board. All certificates issued to
pharmacy interns shall be valid for a period to be determined by the board,
but in no instance shall the certificate be valid if the individual is no longer
making timely progress toward graduation, provided however, the board
may issue an intern certificate to a person to complete an internship to be
eligible for initial licensure or for the reinstatement of a previously licensed
pharmacist.

(4) To assure adequate practical instruction, pharmacy internship ex-
perience as required under this chapter shall be obtained after registration
as a pharmacy intern by practice in any licensed pharmacy or other pro-
gram meeting the requirements promulgated by regulation of the board,
and shall include such instruction in the practice of pharmacy as the board
by regulation shall prescribe.
(5) The board may, without examination other than one in the laws relating to the practice of pharmacy, license as a pharmacist any person who, at the time of filing application therefor, is currently licensed as a pharmacist in any other state, territory, or possession of the United States: PROVIDED, That the said person shall produce evidence satisfactory to the board of having had the required secondary and professional education and training and who was licensed as a pharmacist by examination in another state prior to June 13, 1963, shall be required to satisfy only the requirements which existed in this state at the time he or she became licensed in such other state: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the state in which said person is licensed shall under similar conditions grant reciprocal licenses as pharmacist without examination to pharmacists duly licensed by examination in this state. Every application under this subsection shall be accompanied by a fee determined by the board.

(6) The board shall provide for, regulate, and require all persons licensed as pharmacists to renew their license periodically, and shall prescribe the form of such license and information required to be submitted by all applicants.

Sec. 4. Section 15, chapter 38, Laws of 1963 as amended by section 14, chapter 90, Laws of 1979 and RCW 18.64.165 are each amended to read as follows:

The board shall have the power to refuse, suspend, or revoke the license of any manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, shopkeeper, itinerant vendor, ((or)) peddler, poison distributor, or precursor chemical distributor upon proof that:

(1) The license was procured through fraud, misrepresentation, or deceit;

(2) The licensee has violated or has permitted any employee to violate any of the laws of this state or the United States relating to drugs, controlled substances, cosmetics, or nonprescription drugs, or has violated any of the rules and regulations of the board of pharmacy or has been convicted of a felony.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 69.41 RCW to read as follows:

A pharmaceutical manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, or practitioner who purchases, dispenses, or distributes legend drugs shall maintain invoices or such other records as are necessary to account for the receipt and disposition of the legend drugs.

The records maintained pursuant to this section shall be available for inspection by the board and its authorized representatives and shall be maintained for two years.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 69.41 RCW to read as follows:
All records, reports, and information obtained by the board or its authorized representatives from or on behalf of a pharmaceutical manufacturer, representative of a manufacturer, wholesaler, pharmacy, or practitioner who purchases, dispenses, or distributes legend drugs under this chapter are confidential and exempt from public inspection and copying under chapter 42.17 RCW. Nothing in this section restricts the investigations or the proceedings of the board so long as the board and its authorized representatives comply with the provisions of chapter 42.17 RCW.

Sec. 7. Section 2, chapter 107, Laws of 1987, section 1, chapter 337, Laws of 1987, section 16, chapter 370, Laws of 1987, section 1, chapter 404, Laws of 1987, and section 10, chapter 411, Laws of 1987 and RCW 42.17.310 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

1. The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:
   a. Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, welfare recipients, prisoners, probationers, or parolees.
   b. Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.
   c. Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by RCW 82.32.330 or (ii) violate the taxpayer's right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.
   d. Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person's right to privacy.
   e. Information revealing the identity of persons who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure commission, if disclosure would endanger any person's life, physical safety, or property: PROVIDED, That if at the time the complaint is filed the complainant indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath.
   f. Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.
   g. Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the
sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.

(h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.

(i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.

(j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.

(k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of such sites.

(l) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.

(m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (a) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (b) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.

(n) Railroad company contracts filed with the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.

(o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to chapter 53.31 RCW.

(p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under chapter 28C.10 RCW.

(q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are confidential under RCW 80.04.095.

(r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.31, 43.63A, and 43.168 RCW.

(s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.
(t) (Except as provided under section 2 of this 1987 act [1987 c 404 § 2];) All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.

(u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists of employees or volunteers.

(v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers.

(w) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in RCW 69.45.090.

(x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy and its representatives as provided in section 6 of this act.

(2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential income data exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.

(3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual's right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

(4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.

Sec. 8. Section 2, chapter 186, Laws of 1973 1st ex. sess. and RCW 69.41.020 are each amended to read as follows:

Legend drugs shall be sold, delivered, dispensed or administered except in accordance with this chapter.

(1) No person shall obtain or attempt to obtain a legend drug, or procure or attempt to procure the administration of a legend drug:

(a) By fraud, deceit, misrepresentation, or subterfuge; or

(b) By the forgery or alteration of a prescription or of any written order; or

(c) By the concealment of a material fact; or

(d) By the use of a false name or the giving of a false address.
(2) Information communicated to a practitioner in an effort unlawfully to procure a legend drug, or unlawfully to procure the administration of any such drug, shall not be deemed a privileged communication.

(3) No person shall willfully make a false statement in any prescription, order, report, or record, required by this chapter.

(4) No person shall, for the purpose of obtaining a legend drug, falsely assume the title of, or represent himself to be, a manufacturer, wholesaler, or any practitioner.

(5) No person shall make or utter any false or forged prescription or other written order for legend drugs.

(6) No person shall affix any false or forged label to a package or receptacle containing legend drugs.

(7) No person shall willfully fail to maintain the records required by section 5 of this act.

Passed the House April 22, 1989.
Passed the Senate April 22, 1989.
Approved by the Governor May 12, 1989.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 12, 1989.

CHAPTER 353
[Substitute Senate Bill No. 5499]
MOTOR VEHICLE LIABILITY INSURANCE—REQUIRED COVERAGE

AN ACT Relating to uninsured motorists; amending RCW 46.52.030, 46.61.020, and 46.61.021; reenacting and amending RCW 46.63.020; adding a new chapter to Title 46 RCW; creating new sections; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. It is a privilege granted by the state to operate a motor vehicle upon the highways of this state. The legislature recognizes the threat that uninsured drivers are to the people of the state. In order to alleviate the threat posed by uninsured drivers it is the intent of the legislature to require that all persons driving vehicles registered in this state satisfy the financial responsibility requirements of this chapter. By enactment of this chapter it is not the intent of the legislature to modify, amend, or invalidate existing insurance contract terms, conditions, limitations, or exclusions or to preclude insurance companies from using similar terms, conditions, limitations, or exclusions in future contracts.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) No person may operate a motor vehicle subject to registration under chapter 46.16 RCW in this state unless the person is insured under a motor vehicle liability policy with liability limits