one hundred ((two)) one percent or less unless an increase greater than this limit is approved by the voters at an election as provided in RCW 84.55.050. In districts with legislative authorities of four members or less, two-thirds of the members must approve an ordinance or resolution under this section. In districts with more than four members, a majority plus one vote must approve an ordinance or resolution under this section. The new limit factor shall be effective for taxes collected in the following year only.

CONSTRUCTION CLAUSE

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The provisions of this act are to be liberally construed to effectuate the policies and purposes of this act.

SEVERABILITY CLAUSE

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

LEGISLATIVE INTENT

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. The people have clearly expressed their desire to limit taxes through the overwhelming passage of numerous initiatives and referendums. However, politicians throughout the state of Washington continue to ignore the mandate of these measures.

Politicians are reminded:

(1) All political power is vested in the people, as stated in Article I, section 1 of the Washington state Constitution.

(2) The first power reserved by the people is the initiative, as stated in Article II, section 1 of the Washington state Constitution.

(3) Politicians are an employee of the people, not their boss.

(4) Any property tax increase which violates the clear intent of this measure undermines the trust of the people in their government and will increase the likelihood of future tax limitation measures.

Originally filed in Office of Secretary of State January 11, 2001.
Approved by the People of the State of Washington in the General Election on November 6, 2001.

CHAPTER 2
[Initiative 773]
ADDITIONAL TOBACCO TAXES

AN ACT Relating to improving the health of low-income persons; amending RCW 43.72.900; adding a new section to chapter 70.47 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.24 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 82.26 RCW.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 70.47 RCW to read as follows:
WASHINGTON LAWS, 2002

It is the intent of the people to improve the health of low-income children and adults by expanding access to basic health care and by reducing tobacco-related and other diseases and illnesses that disproportionately affect low-income persons.

Sec. 2. RCW 43.72.900 and 1993 c 492 s 469 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The health services account is created in the state treasury. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Subject to the transfers described in subsection (3) of this section, moneys in the account may be expended only for maintaining and expanding health services access for low-income residents, maintaining and expanding the public health system, maintaining and improving the capacity of the health care system, containing health care costs, and the regulation, planning, and administering of the health care system.

(2) Funds deposited into the health services account under sections 3 and 4 of this act shall be used solely as follows:

(a) Five million dollars for the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2002, and five million dollars for the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2003, shall be appropriated by the legislature for programs that effectively improve the health of low-income persons, including efforts to reduce diseases and illnesses that harm low-income persons. The department of health shall submit a report to the legislature on March 1, 2002, evaluating the cost-effectiveness of programs that improve the health of low-income persons and address diseases and illnesses that disproportionately affect low-income persons, and making recommendations to the legislature on which of these programs could most effectively utilize the funds appropriated under this subsection.

(b) Ten percent of the funds deposited into the health services account under sections 3 and 4 of this act remaining after the appropriation under (a) of this subsection shall be transferred no less frequently than annually by the treasurer to the tobacco prevention and control account established by RCW 43.79.480. The funds transferred shall be used exclusively for implementation of the Washington state tobacco prevention and control plan and shall be used only to supplement, and not supplant, funds in the tobacco prevention and control account as of January 1, 2001, however, these funds may be used to replace funds appropriated by the legislature for further implementation of the Washington state tobacco prevention and control plan for the biennium beginning July 1, 2001. For each state fiscal year beginning on and after July 1, 2002, the legislature shall appropriate no less than twenty-six million two hundred forty thousand dollars from the tobacco prevention and control account for implementation of the Washington state tobacco prevention and control plan.

(c) Because of its demonstrated effectiveness in improving the health of low-income persons and addressing illnesses and diseases that harm low-income persons, the remainder of the funds deposited into the health services account under sections 3 and 4 of this act shall be appropriated solely for Washington basic health plan enrollment as provided in chapter 70.47 RCW. Funds appropriated
pursuant to this subsection (2)(c) must supplement, and not supplant, the level of state funding needed to support enrollment of a minimum of one hundred twenty-five thousand persons for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2002, and every fiscal year thereafter. The health care authority may enroll up to twenty thousand additional persons in the basic health plan during the biennium beginning July 1, 2001, above the base level of one hundred twenty-five thousand enrollees. The health care authority may enroll up to fifty thousand additional persons in the basic health plan during the biennium beginning July 1, 2003, above the base level of one hundred twenty-five thousand enrollees. For each biennium beginning on and after July 1, 2005, the health care authority may enroll up to at least one hundred seventy-five thousand enrollees. Funds appropriated under this subsection may be used to support outreach and enrollment activities only to the extent necessary to achieve the enrollment goals described in this section.

(3) Prior to expenditure for the purposes described in subsection (2) of this section, funds deposited into the health services account under sections 3 and 4 of this act shall first be transferred to the following accounts to ensure the continued availability of previously dedicated revenues for certain existing programs:

(a) To the violence reduction and drug enforcement account under RCW 69.50.520, two million two hundred forty-nine thousand five hundred dollars for the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2001, four million two hundred forty-eight thousand dollars for the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2002, seven million seven hundred eighty-nine thousand dollars for the biennium beginning July 1, 2003, six million nine hundred thirty-two thousand dollars for the biennium beginning July 1, 2005, and six million nine hundred thirty-two thousand dollars for each biennium thereafter, as required by RCW 82.24.020(2);

(b) To the health services account under this section, nine million seventy-seven thousand dollars for the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2001, seventeen million one hundred eighty-two thousand dollars for the biennium beginning July 1, 2003, twenty-eight million six hundred twenty-two thousand dollars for each biennium thereafter, as required by RCW 82.24.020(3); and

(c) To the water quality account under RCW 70.146.030, two million two hundred three thousand five hundred dollars for the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2001, four million two hundred forty-four thousand dollars for the state fiscal year beginning July 1, 2002, eight million one hundred eighty-five thousand dollars for the biennium beginning July 1, 2003, seven million eight hundred eighty-five thousand dollars for each biennium thereafter, as required by RCW 82.24.027(2)(a).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 82.24 RCW to read as follows:
In addition to the tax imposed upon the sale, use, consumption, handling, possession, or distribution of cigarettes set forth in RCW 82.24.020, there is imposed a tax in an amount equal to the rate of thirty mills per cigarette effective January 1, 2002. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be deposited in the health services account created under RCW 43.72.900 by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 82.26 RCW to read as follows:

In addition to the taxes imposed upon the wholesale sales price of tobacco products set forth in RCW 82.26.020 and 82.26.025, a surtax is imposed equal to ninety-three and three-quarters percent of taxes levied under RCW 82.26.020, effective January 1, 2002. The surtax payable under this subsection shall be deposited in the health services account created under RCW 43.72.900 for the purposes set forth in that section.

Originally filed in Office of Secretary of State April 4, 2001.
Approved by the People of the State of Washington in the General Election on November 6, 2001.

CHAPTER 3
[Initiative 775]
LONG-TERM IN-HOME CARE SERVICES

AN ACT Relating to regulating and improving long-term in-home care services; amending RCW 74.39A.030 and 74.39A.095; adding new sections to chapter 74.39A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.56 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.127 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.09 RCW; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. FINDINGS. The people of the state of Washington find as follows:

1. Thousands of Washington seniors and persons with disabilities live independently in their own homes, which they prefer and is less costly than institutional care such as nursing homes.

2. Many Washington seniors and persons with disabilities currently receive long-term in-home care services from individual providers hired directly by them under the medicaid personal care, community options programs entry system, or chore services program.

3. Quality long-term in-home care services allow Washington seniors, persons with disabilities, and their families the choice of allowing seniors and persons with disabilities to remain in their homes, rather than forcing them into institutional care such as nursing homes. Long-term in-home care services are also less costly, saving Washington taxpayers significant amounts through lower reimbursement rates.

4. The quality of long-term in-home care services in Washington would benefit from improved regulation, higher standards, better accountability, and