

Washington State Legislative History Chart Book:

A Selected Graphical and Tabular History of
The Washington State Legislature

2009 Update

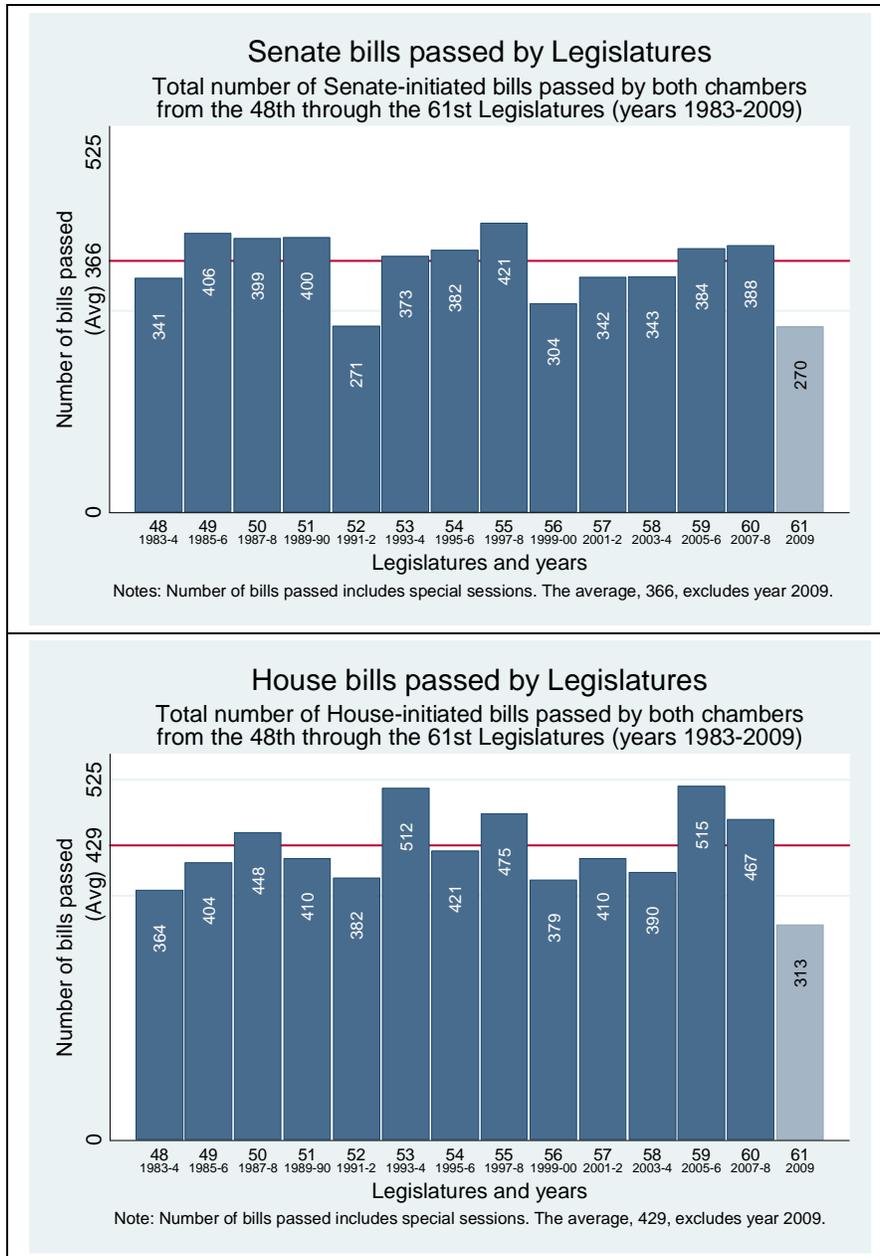
A Selected Graphical and Tabular History of Washington State Legislature

Table of Contents

- Page 1-2: Bill history by legislature
- Page 3-5: Bills passed by chamber, legislature and year
- Page 6-7: Similar to previous but side-by-side
- Page 8-10: Bills passed by chamber, legislature and year showing regular and special sessions
- Page 11: Summary table of regular and special sessions
- Page 12-14: Statistical summary of bills introduced and passed by chamber, total and year
- Page 15: Table of percent bills passed
- Page 16: Charts of veto detail by chamber and year
- Page 17: Charts of bills vetoed with percent enacted by chamber and year
- Page 18: Box plots contrasting bills vetoed by chamber
- Page 19: Summary table of percent bills vetoed by chamber, legislature and year
- Page 20: Gubernatorial appointments, showing referred and confirmed
- Page 21: Graphic history since 1980 of length of session
- Page 22: Table summary of legislative sessions, and a brief narrative for the next four charts
- Page 23-26: Political division since 1889 by chamber and year
- Page 27-29: Graphic history of women in legislature

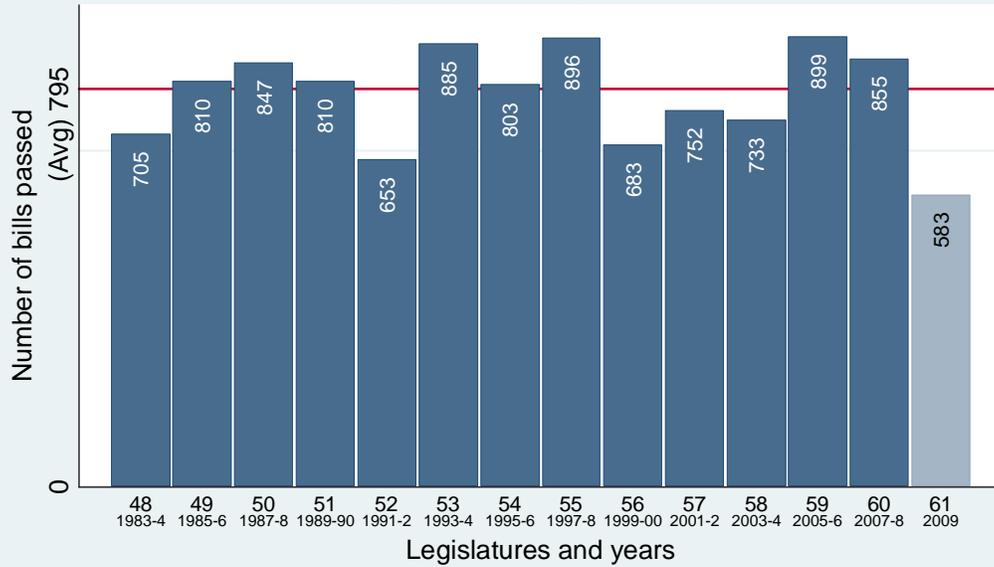
The following gives a selected graphical history of Washington state legislature.

First is an overview showing bill history beginning with the 48th legislature.

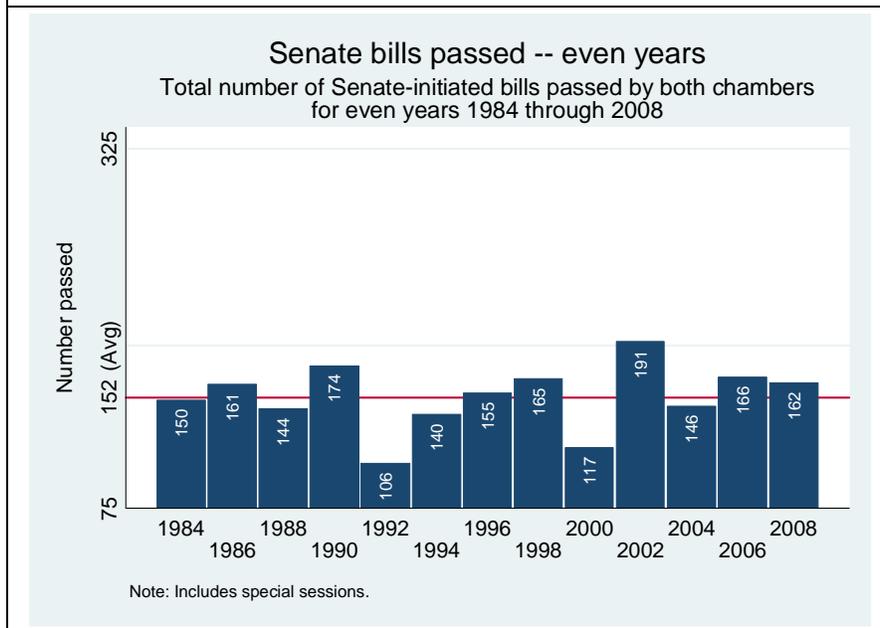
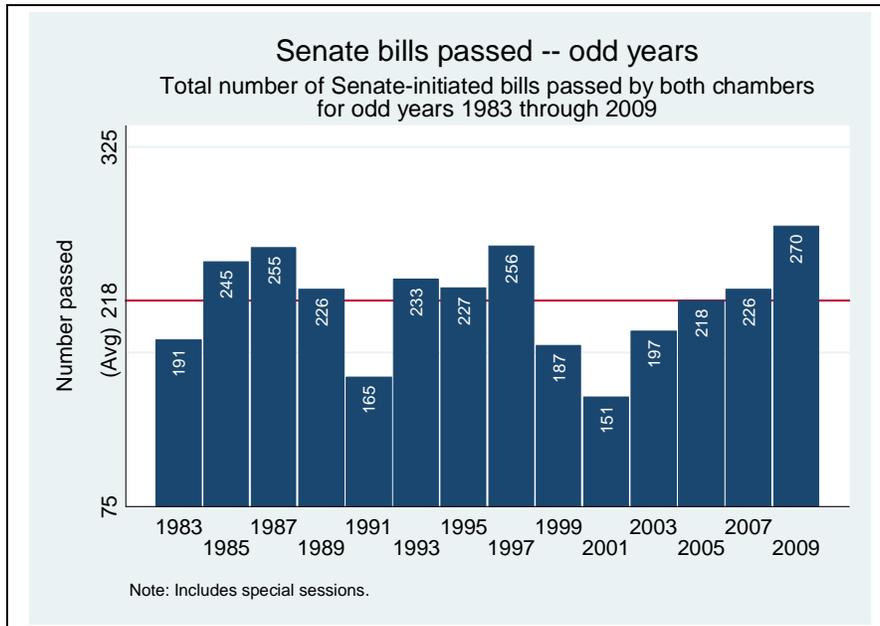


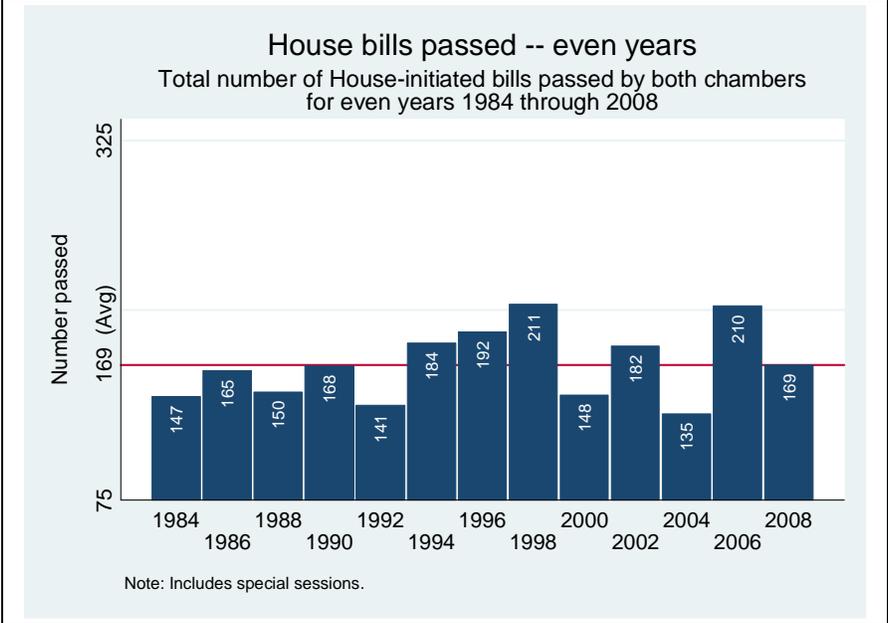
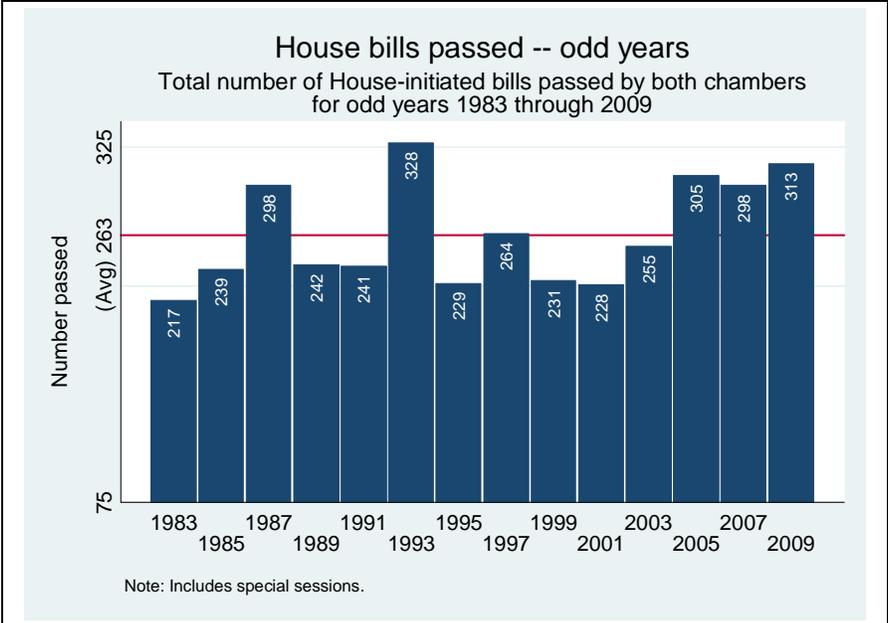
Total bills passed by Legislatures

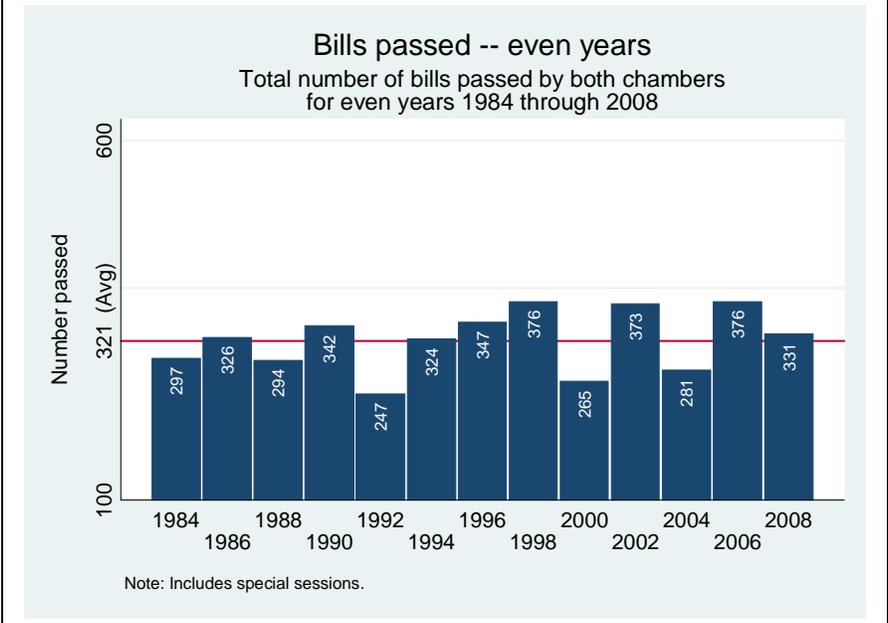
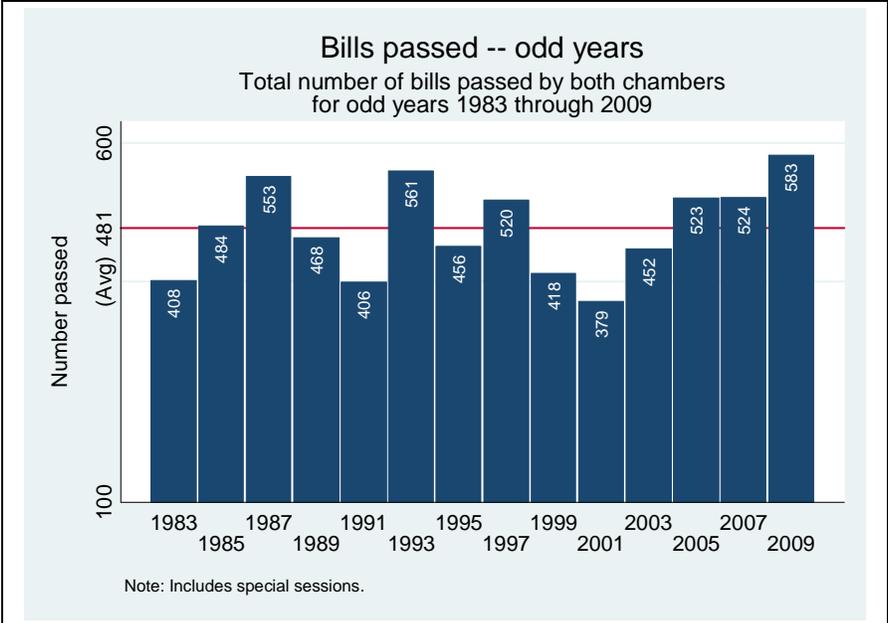
Number of bills initiated by either chamber and passed by both from the 48th through the 61st Legislatures (years 1983-2009)



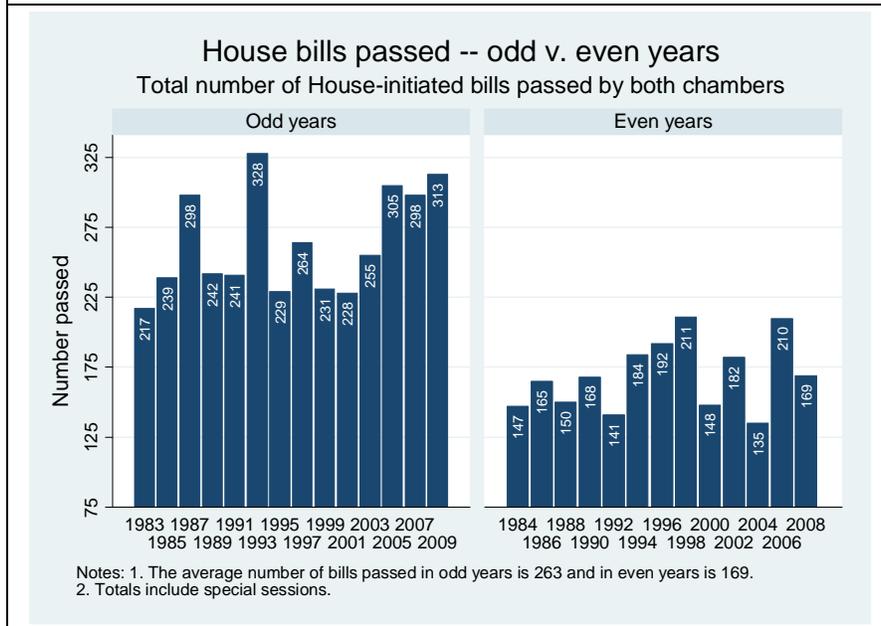
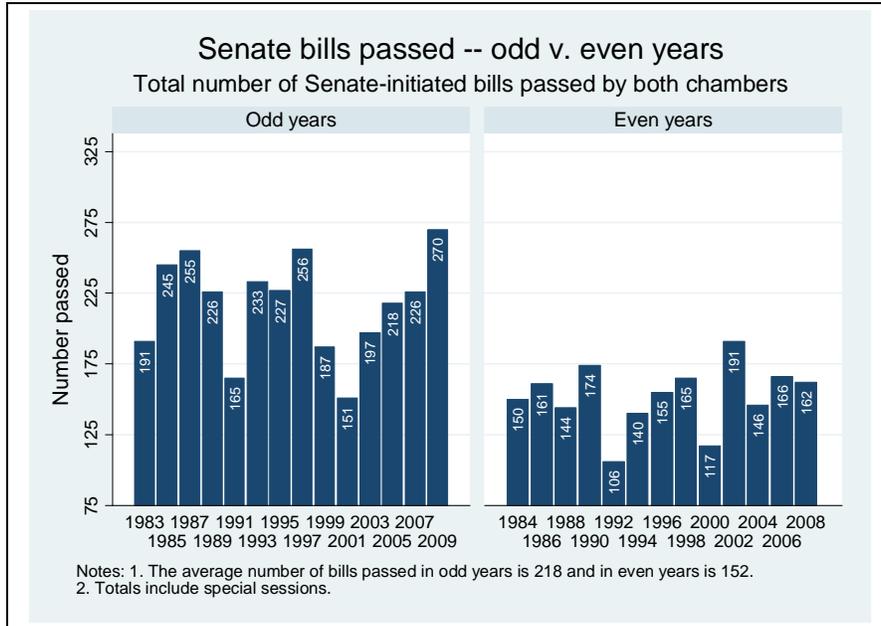
The next six charts summarize bills initiated by each chamber and legislature as a whole and passed by both, for odd and even years.





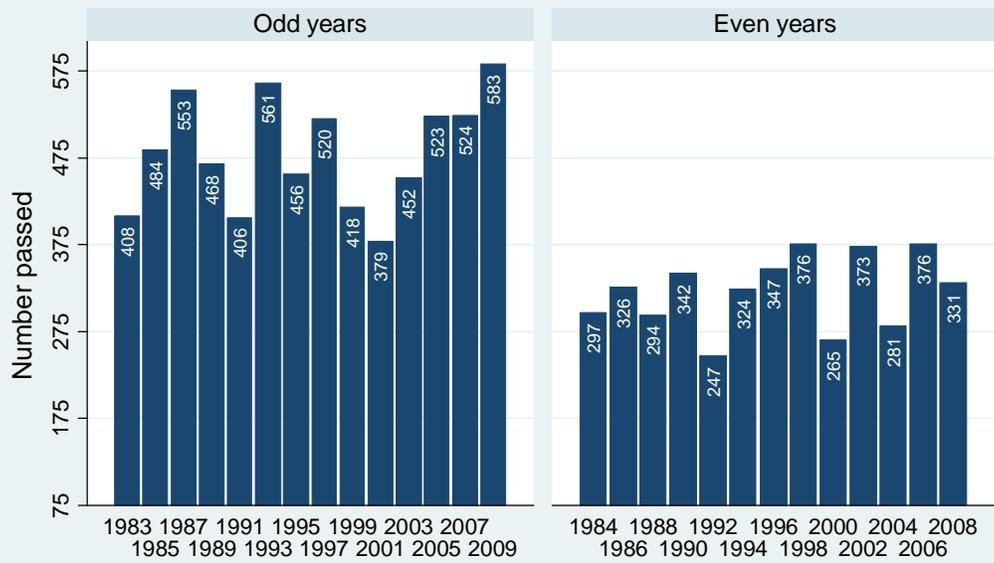


These and the next page are similar to the previous six charts but odd and even years are side-by-side for ease of comparison.



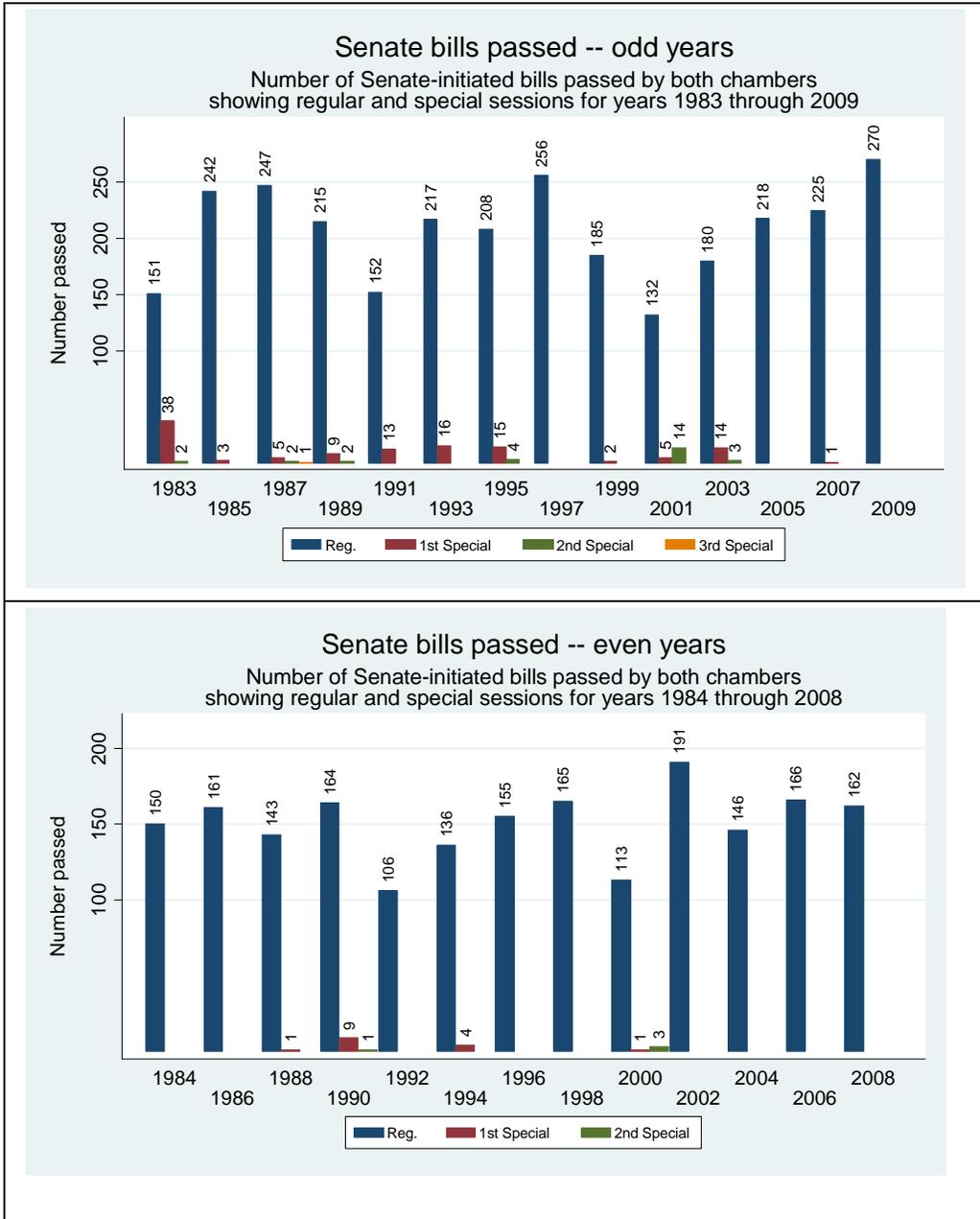
Total bills passed -- odd v. even years

Number of bills initiated by either chamber and passed by both



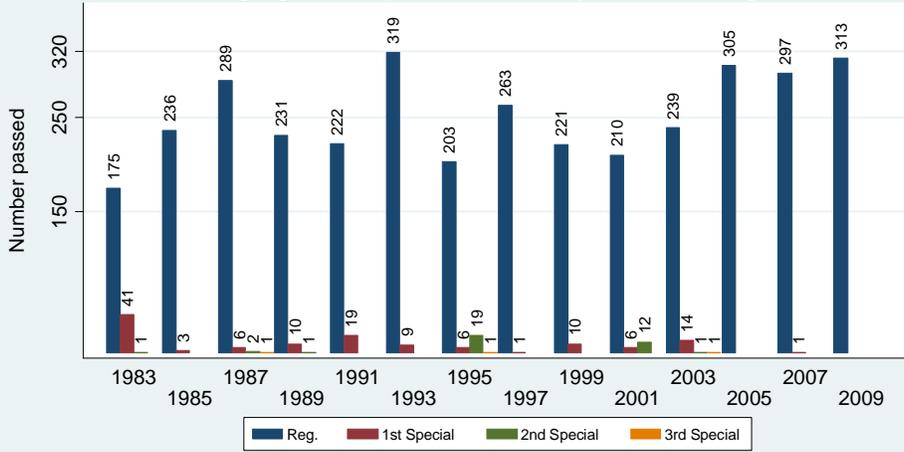
Notes: 1. The average number of bills passed in odd years is 481 and in even years is 321.
 2. Totals include special sessions.

Six bar charts showing regular and special sessions.



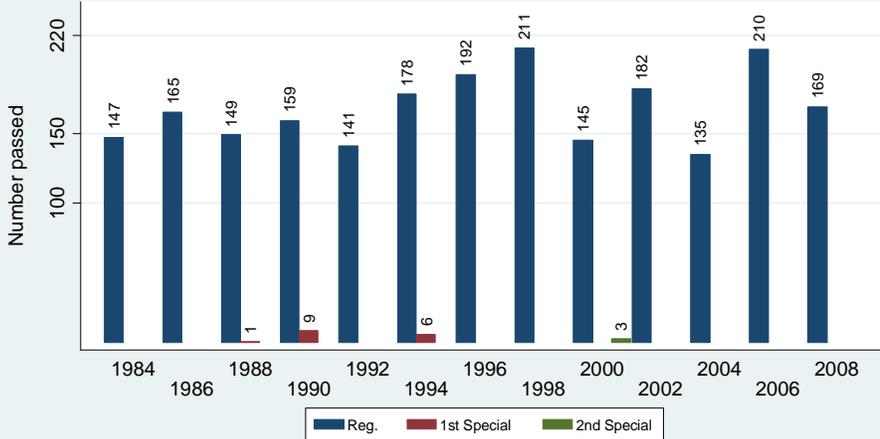
House bills passed -- odd years

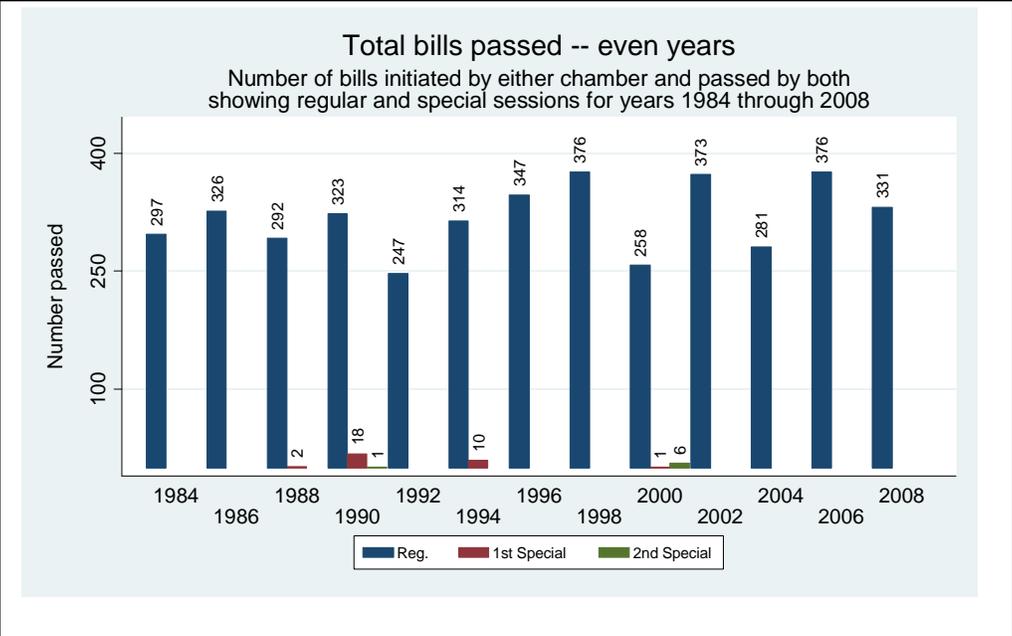
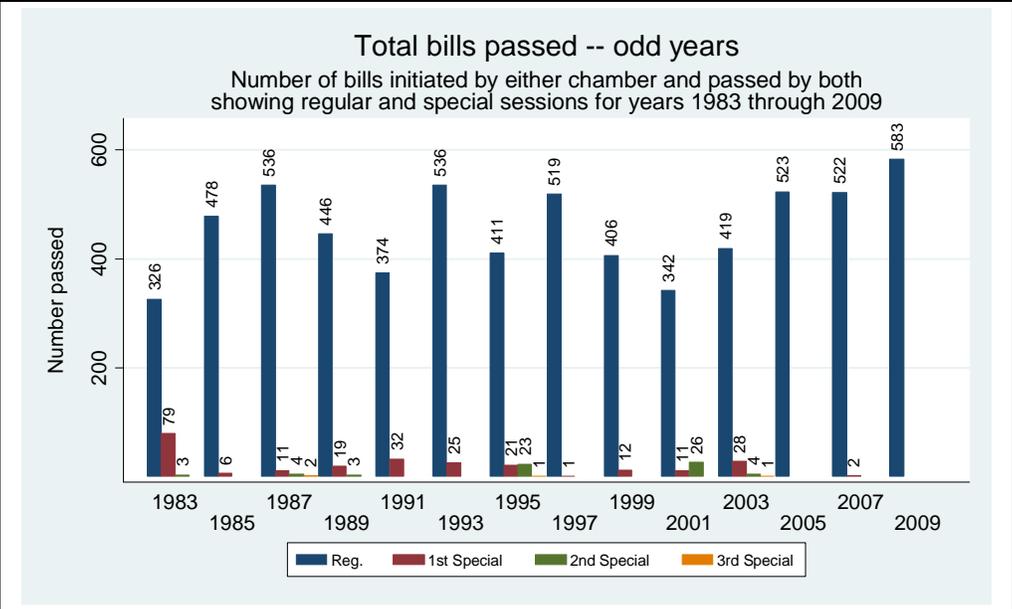
Number of House-initiated bills passed by both chambers showing regular and special sessions for years 1983 through 2009



House bills passed -- even years

Number of House-initiated bills passed by both chambers showing regular and special sessions for years 1984 through 2008





Summary tables of regular and special sessions.

Senate -- average number of bills passed and frequency of sessions, for years 1983 -2009

Sessions	Odd years		Even years	
	Average number of bills passed	Number of sessions	Average number of bills passed	Number of sessions
Regular	207	14	151	12
1st Special	11	11	4	4
2nd Special	5	6	2	2
3rd Special	0.25	4	0	0

For example, during odd years there were four 3rd special sessions, in which one bill had been introduced in the Senate and passed both chambers.

House -- average number of bills passed and frequency of sessions, for years 1983-2009

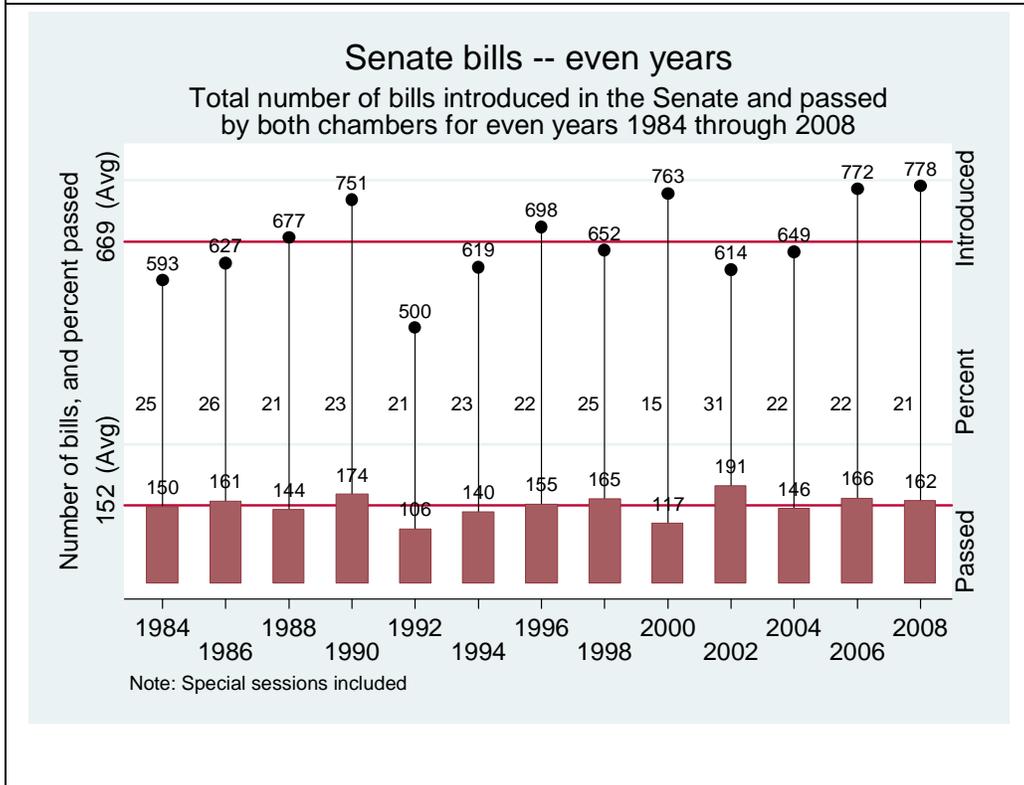
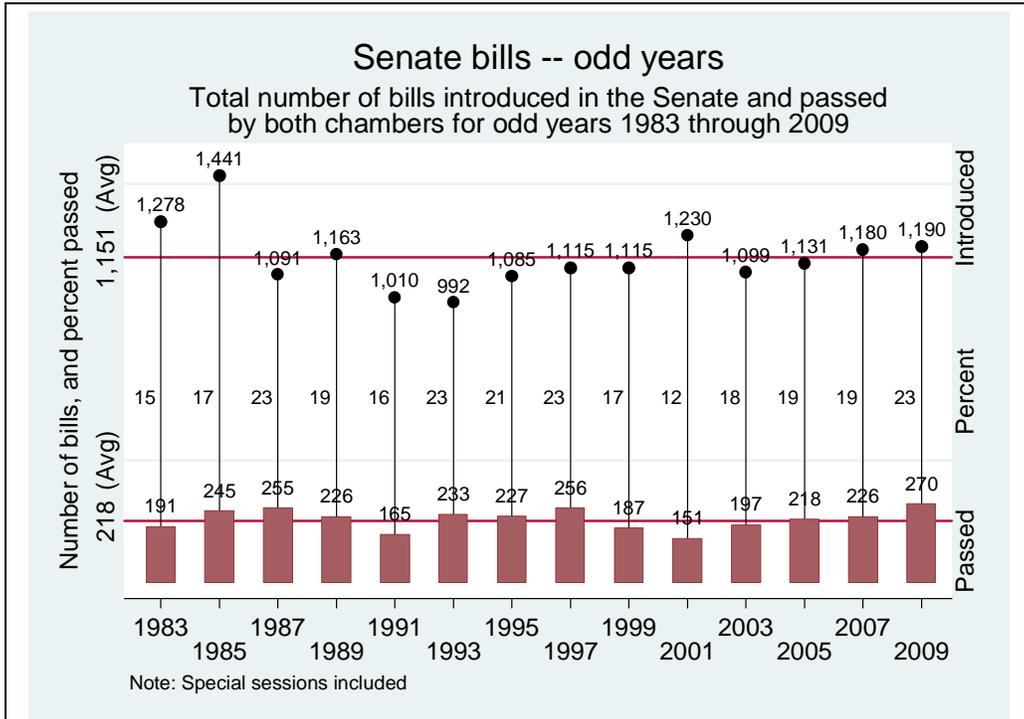
Sessions	Odd years		Even years	
	Average number of bills passed	Number of sessions	Average number of bills passed	Number of sessions
Regular	252	14	169	12
1st Special	11	11	4	4
2nd Special	6	6	2	2
3rd Special	0.75	4	0	0

For example, during odd years there were four 3rd special sessions, in which three bills were introduced in the House and passed by both chambers.

Average number of bills passed by both chambers and frequency of sessions, for years 1983-2009

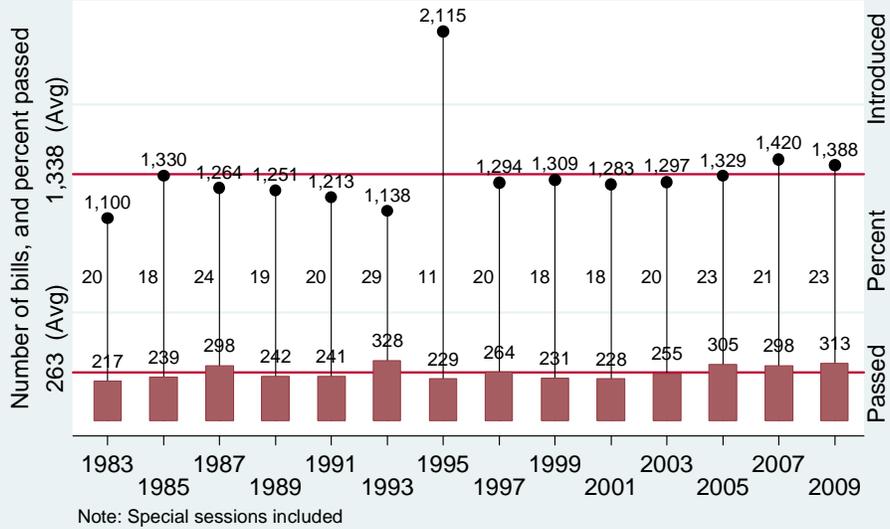
Sessions	Odd years		Even years	
	Average number of bills passed	Number of sessions	Average number of bills passed	Number of sessions
Regular	230	14	160	12
1st Special	11	11	4	4
2nd Special	6	6	2	2
3rd Special	0.5	4	0	0

Next are six statistical summary charts of bills introduced and passed.



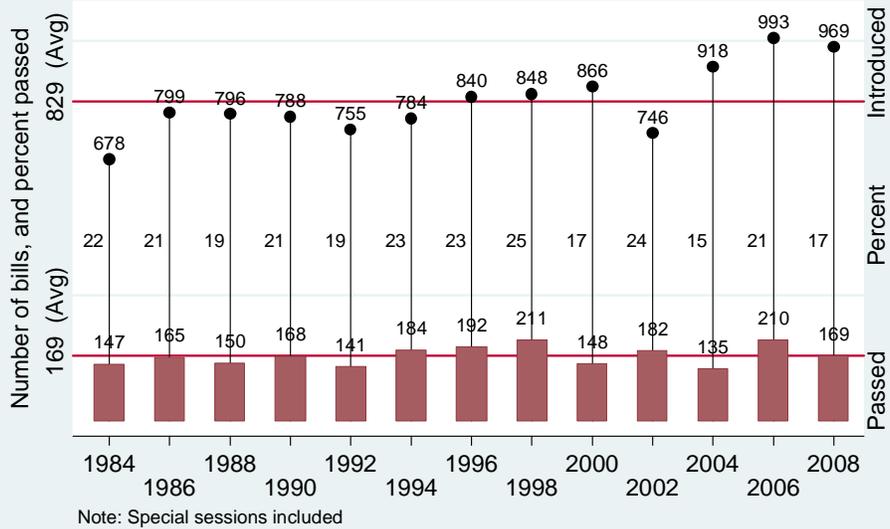
House bills -- odd years

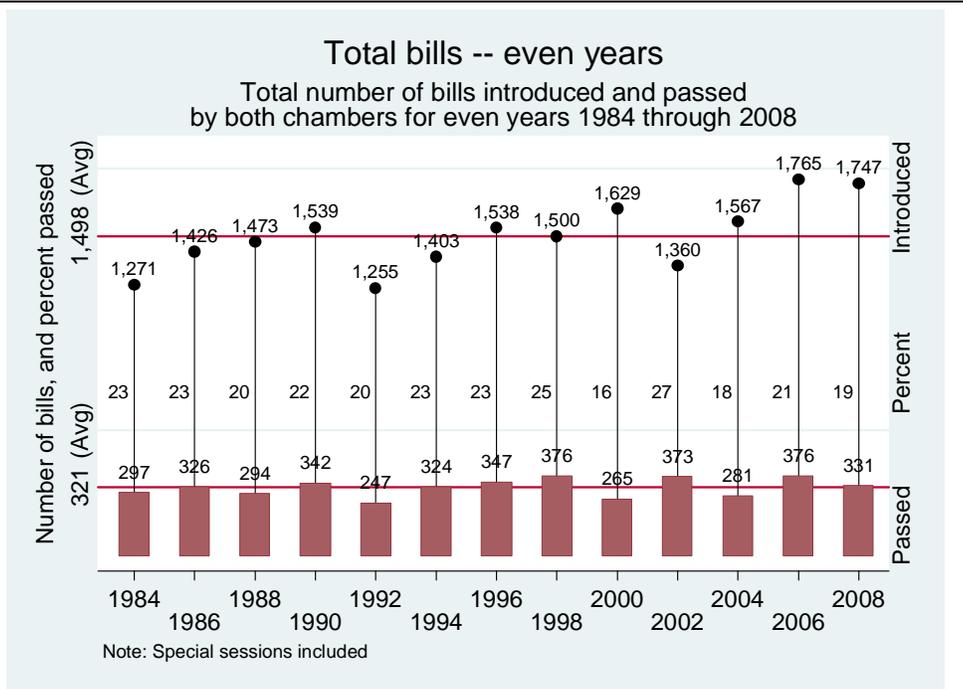
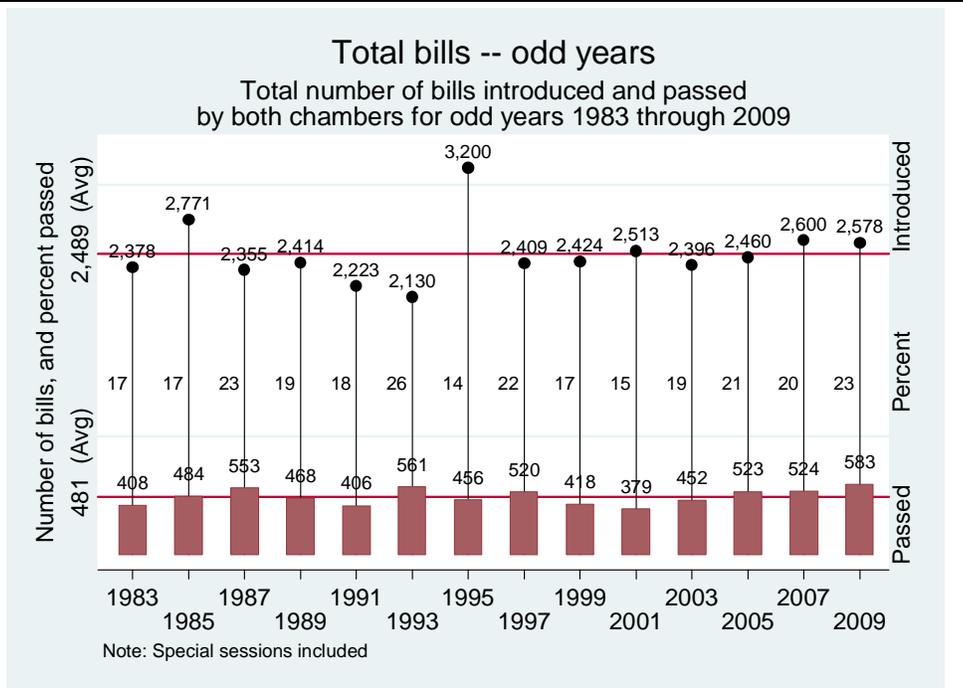
Total number of bills introduced in the House and passed by both chambers for odd years 1983 through 2009



House bills -- even years

Total number of bills introduced in the House and passed by both chambers for even years 1984 through 2008

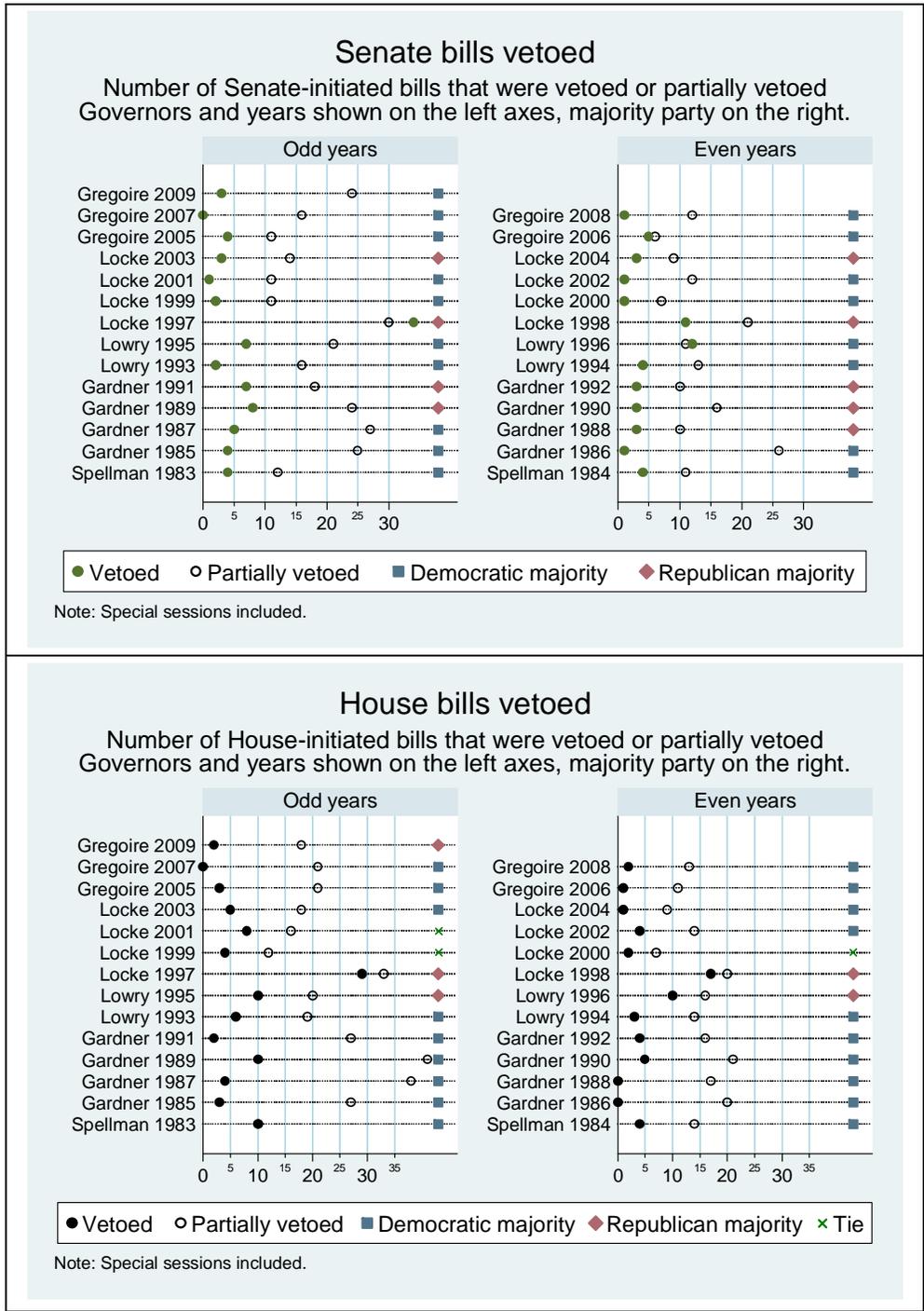




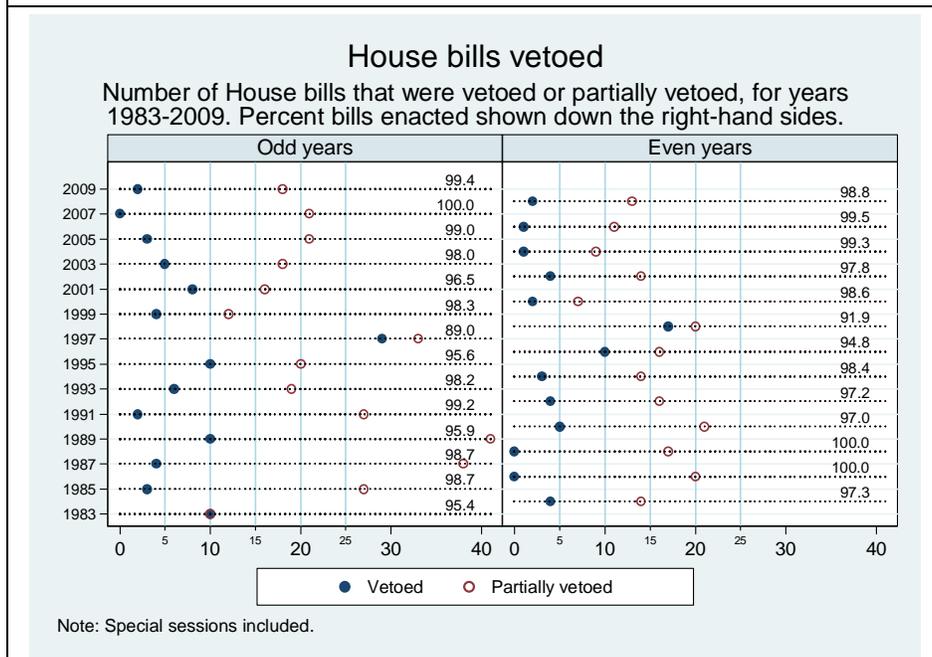
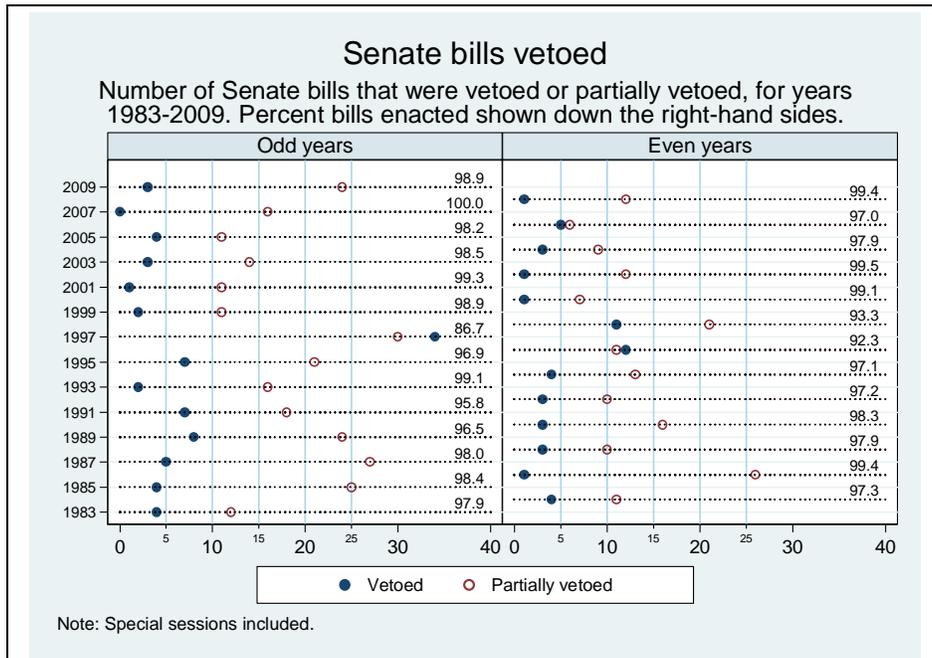
**Bills passed as a
percent of those introduced**

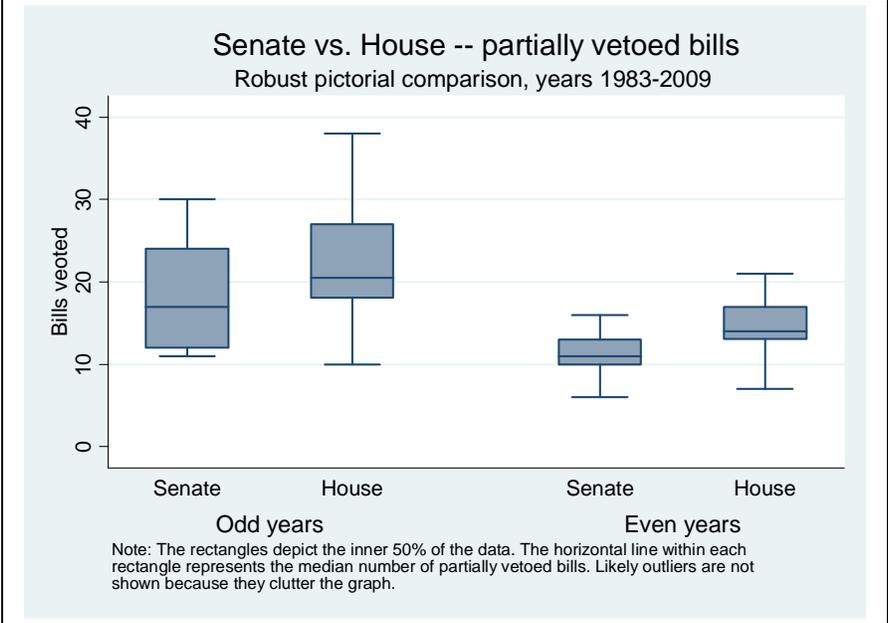
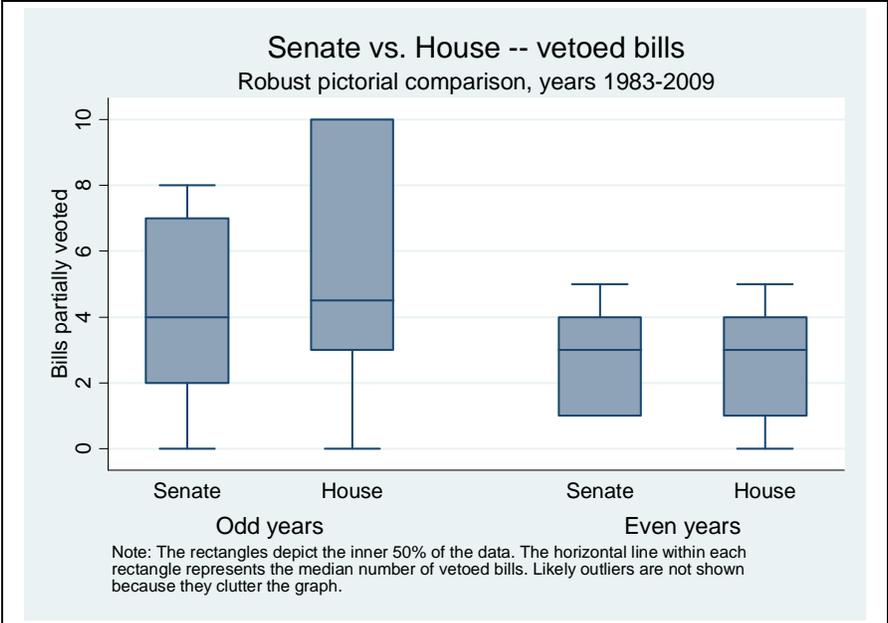
Year	Senate %	House %	Legislature%
2009	22.7	22.6	22.6
2008	20.8	17.4	18.9
2007	19.1	21.0	20.2
2006	21.5	21.1	21.3
2005	19.3	22.9	21.3
2004	22.5	14.7	17.9
2003	17.9	19.7	18.9
2002	31.1	24.4	27.4
2001	12.3	17.8	15.1
2000	15.3	17.1	16.3
1999	16.8	17.6	17.2
1998	25.3	24.9	25.1
1997	23.0	20.4	21.6
1996	22.2	22.9	22.6
1995	20.9	10.8	14.3
1994	22.6	23.5	23.1
1993	23.5	28.8	26.3
1992	21.2	18.7	19.7
1991	16.3	19.9	18.3
1990	23.2	21.3	22.2
1989	19.4	19.3	19.4
1988	21.3	18.8	20.0
1987	23.4	23.6	23.5
1986	25.7	20.7	22.9
1985	17.0	18.0	17.5
1984	25.3	21.7	23.4
1983	14.9	19.7	17.2
Average	20.9	20.3	20.5

This page gives horizontal dot plots for easy comparison of bills partially and fully vetoed versus odd and even years, also showing presiding governors and controlling party.



Here we have plots similar to the preceding page but showing the number of bills vetoed and the percent enacted. The next page box (or box-and-whisker) plots are used to contrast the Senate and House. These were used because the data are too skewed and variable for the mean to reasonably portray central tendency. This is followed by a summary table of percentages using medians.





On the average, the House introduces and subsequently passes more bills than the Senate. So one would expect the average number of bills vetoed to be somewhat higher in the lower chamber. The following table looks at percentages. Again, for robustness, the median was used, this time to calculate the percentages.

**Average percent of partial and full vetoes
for years 1983-2009**

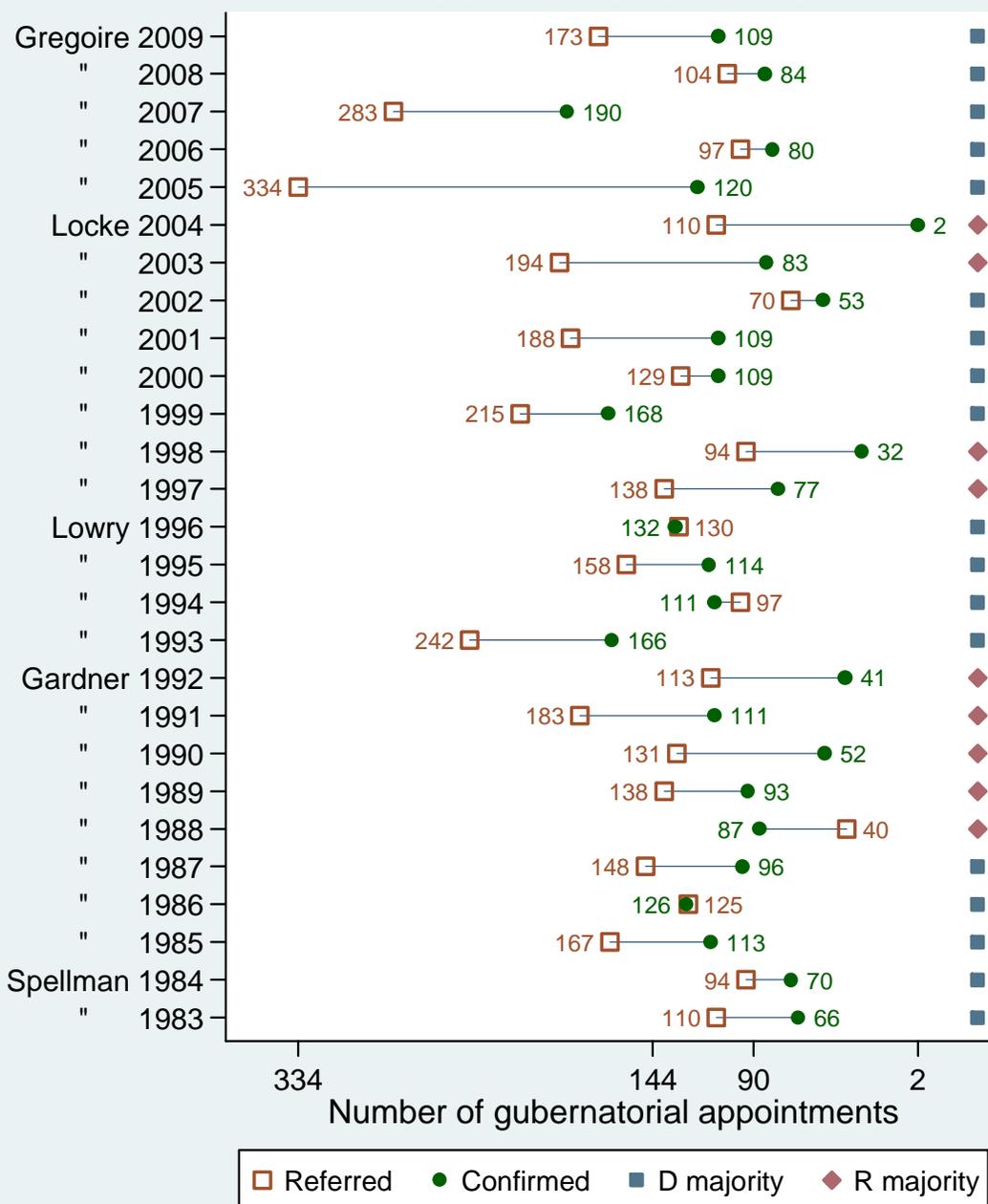
Action	Odd years			Even years		
	Senate	House	Legislature	Senate	House	Legislature
Partial veto	7.5 %	8.4 %	8.4 %	6.5 %	8.3 %	8.0 %
Full veto	1.8	2.0	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.9

Note: Percentages based on median number of bills passed.

Action	Odd years			Even years		
	Senate	House	Legislature	Senate	House	Legislature
Partial veto	17	21	20	11	14	13
Full veto	4	5	4	3	3	3
Bills passed	226	249	236	155	168	162

**Note: Percentages are calculated directly from the above
tabled median values (e.g., 17 divided by 226 yields 7.1%).**

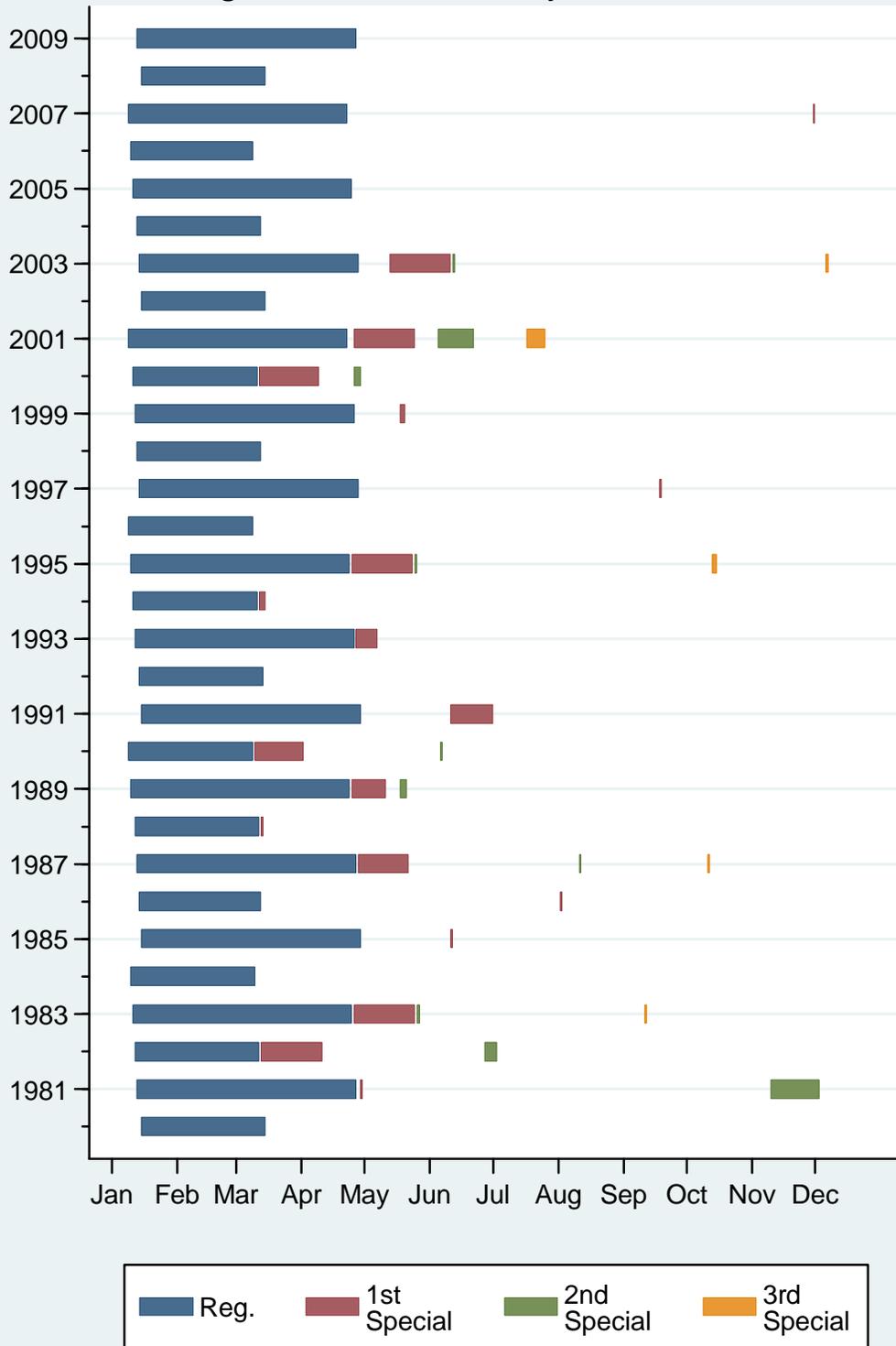
Gubernatorial appointments, referred and confirmed



Notes: The average number referred for 1983-2009 was 144; the average number confirmed was 90. Special session appointments, if any, are included for that year.

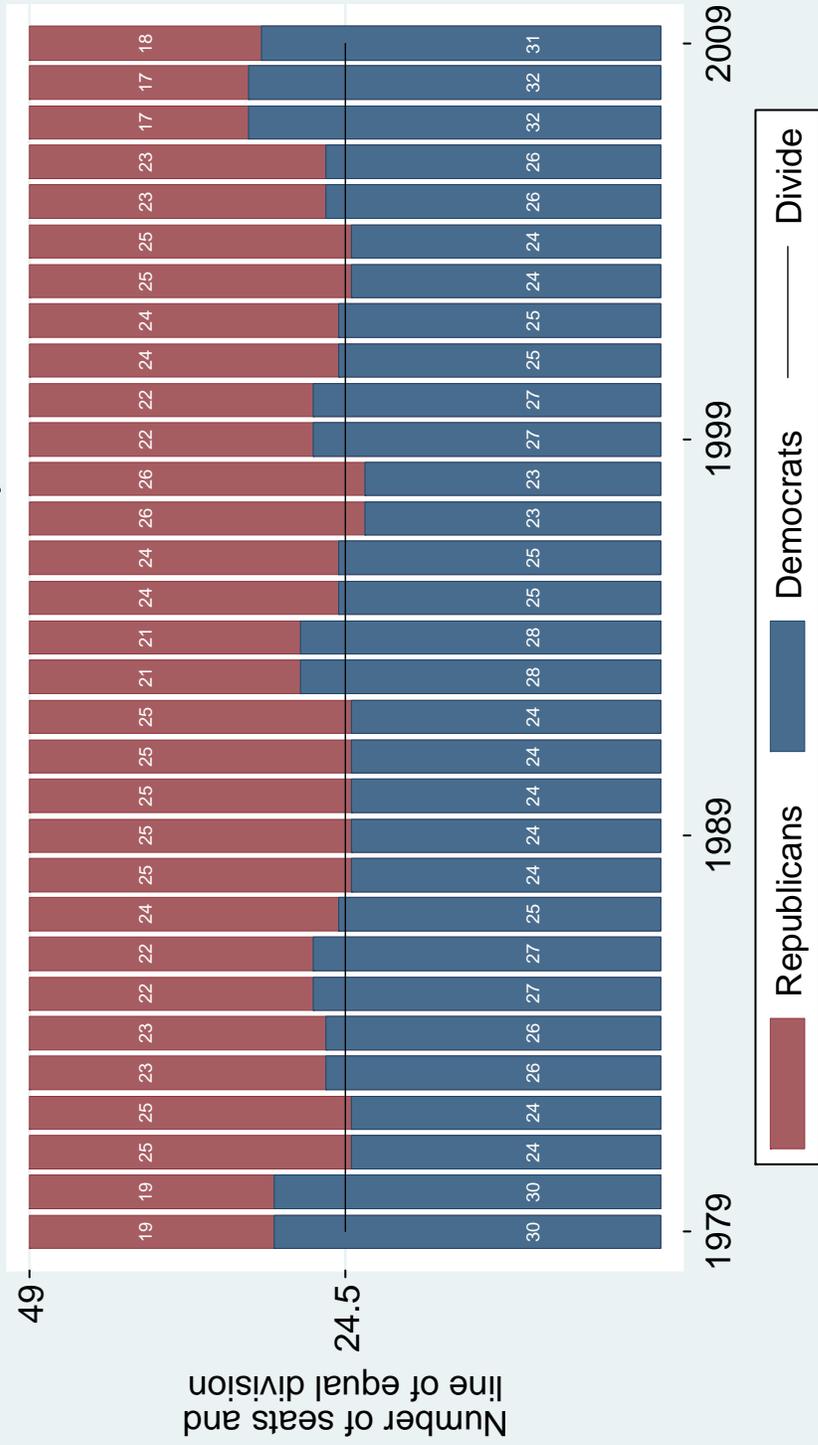
The next graph summarizes length of sessions from 1980 through 2009, showing regular and special sessions.

Washington State Legislature Length of sessions for years 1980-2009



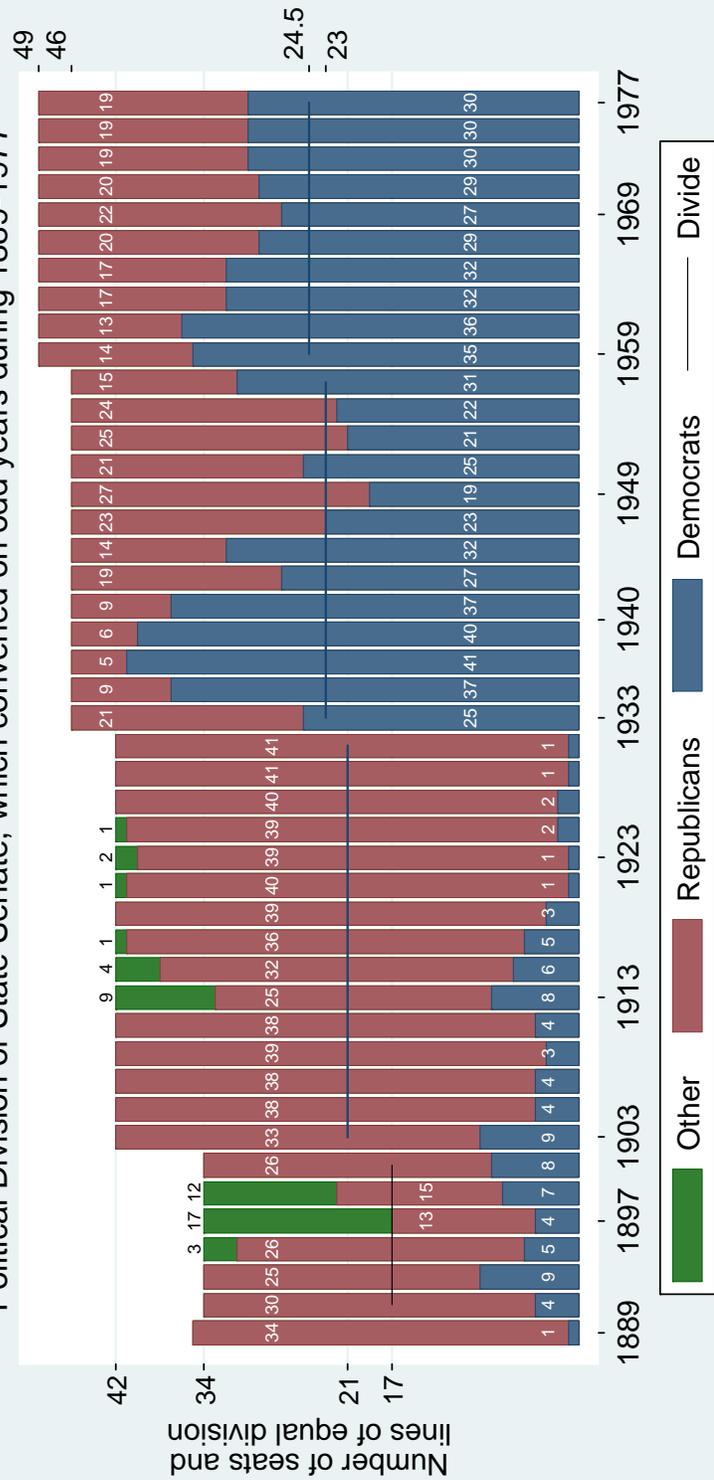
Washington State Legislature

Political Division of State Senate, years 1979-2009



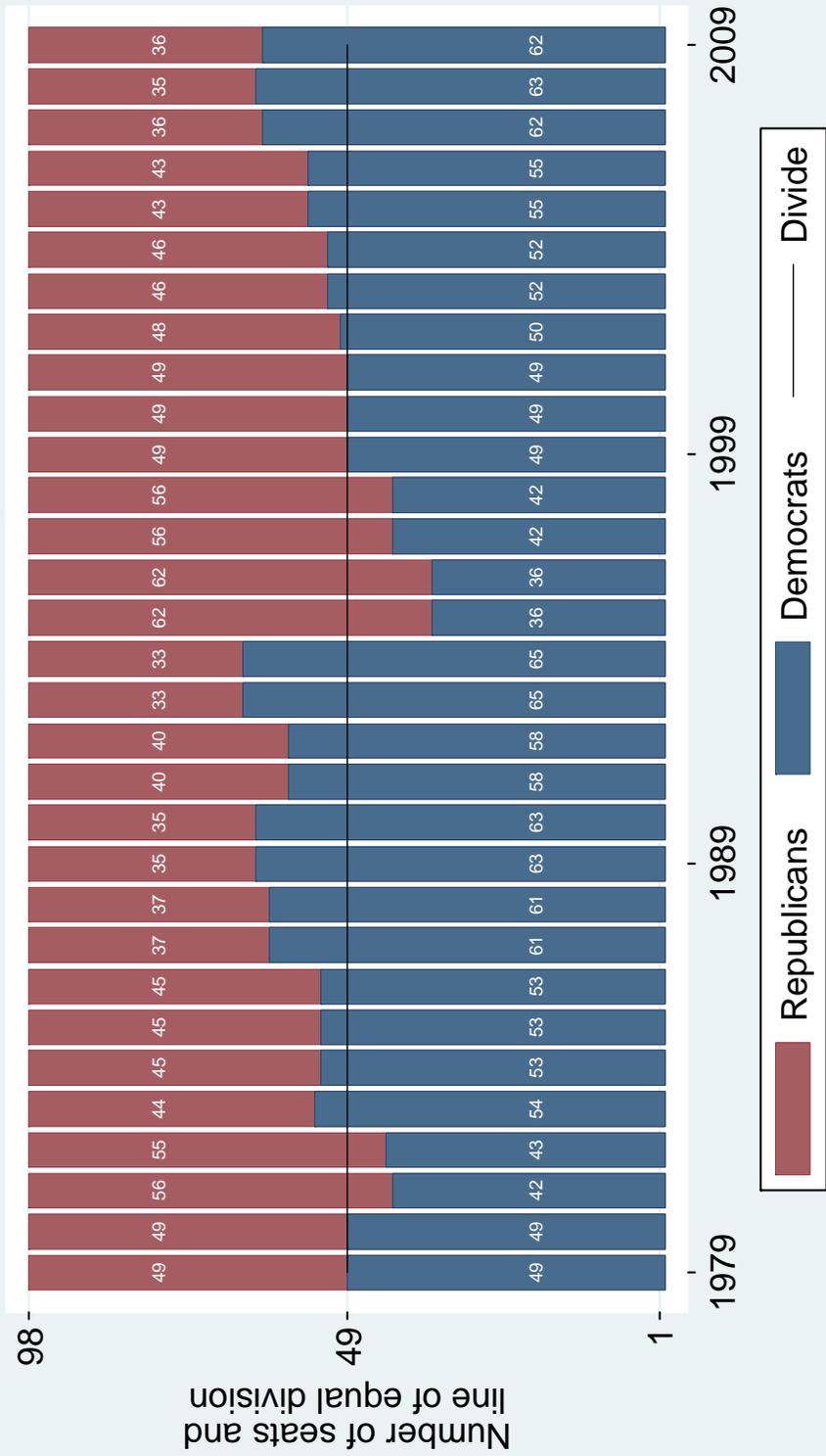
Washington State Legislature

Political Division of State Senate, which convened on odd years during 1889-1977

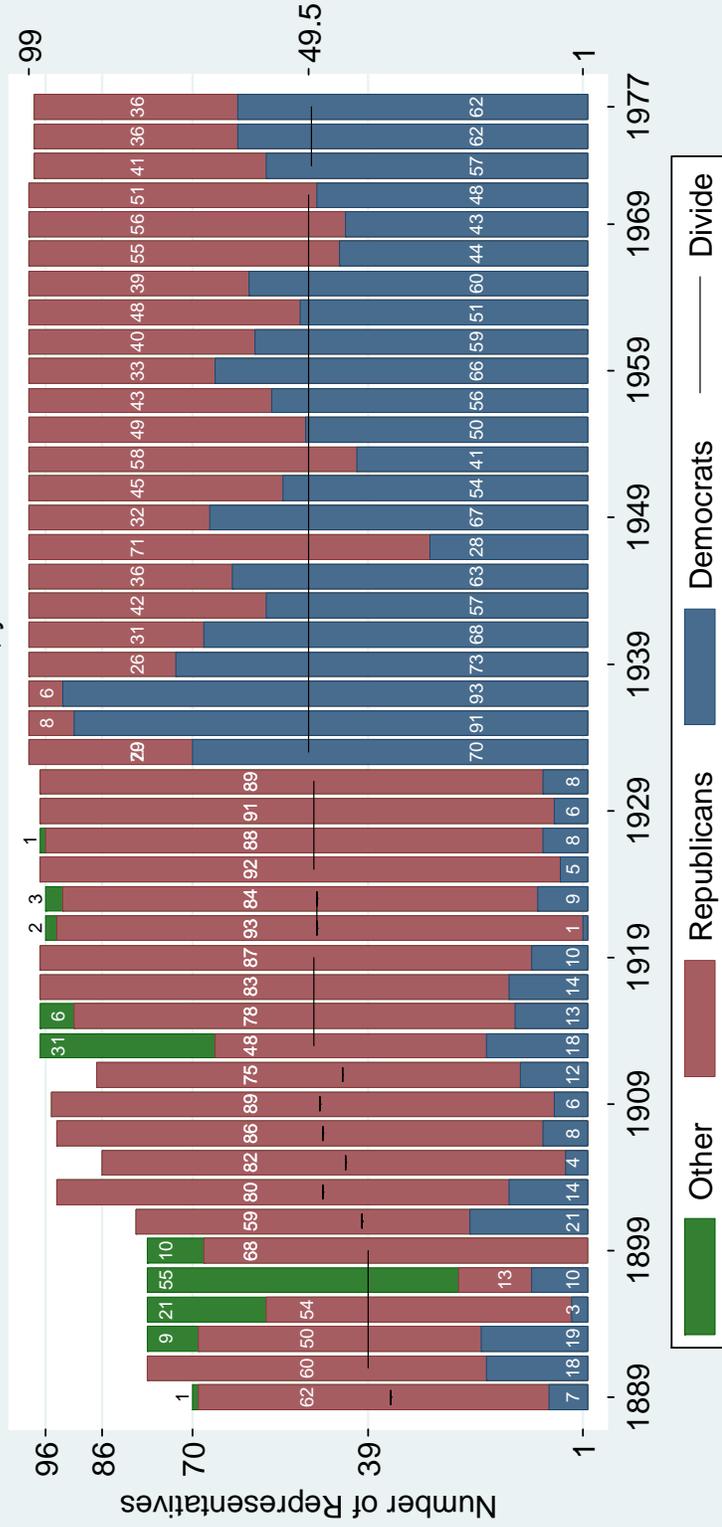


Washington State Legislature

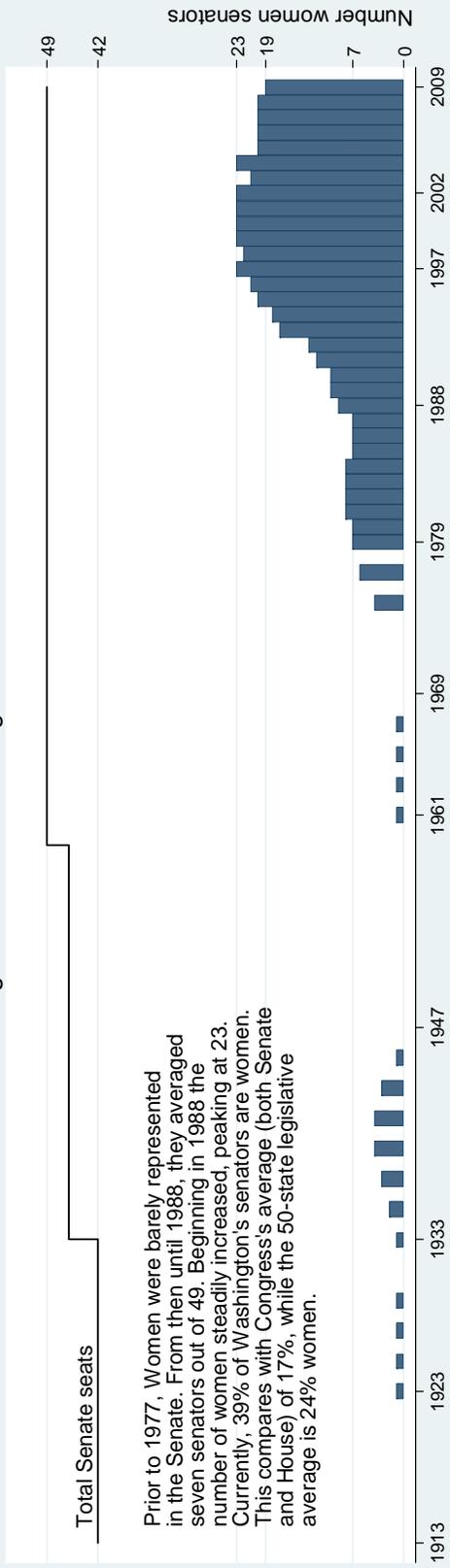
Political Division of State House, years 1979-2009



Washington State Legislature Political Division of State House, years 1889-1977



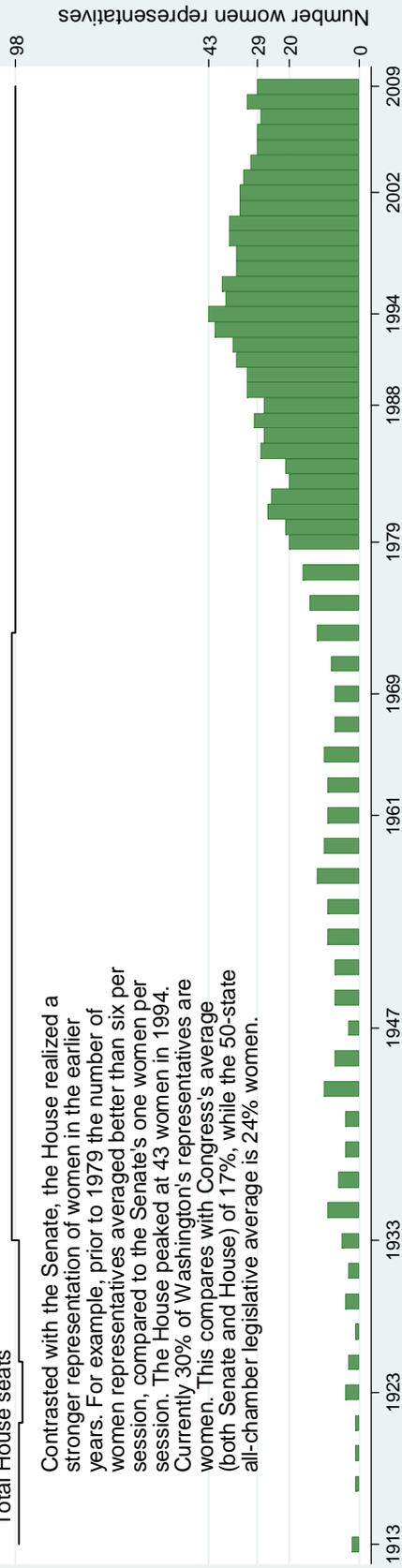
Women legislators in the Washington State Senate



Women legislators in the Washington State House

Total House seats

Contrasted with the Senate, the House realized a stronger representation of women in the earlier years. For example, prior to 1979 the number of women representatives averaged better than six per session, compared to the Senate's one woman per session. The House peaked at 43 women in 1994. Currently 30% of Washington's representatives are women. This compares with Congress's average (both Senate and House) of 17%, while the 50-state all-chamber legislative average is 24% women.



Women legislators in the Washington State House and Senate

In 1910, ten years before women's suffrage became the law of the land, Washington women gained the right to vote. Three years later, in 1913, two women became members of the House. Now there are 48 state women legislators, 33% of the total 147 legislative seats. The 50-state average is 24%.

