provision of law, the county committee on school district organization of each county in which such a United States military reservation is located, or in the case such military reservation is located in two counties, the joint county committee established pursuant to RCW 28A.57.240, shall order effective July 1 of the then calendar year the annexation of portions of reservation territory not currently within the single school district, as required by section 1 of this 1972 act, to one of the school districts encompassing a portion of the military reservation: PROVIDED, That notwithstanding any other provision of this act the annexation order shall not include territory of school districts on such military reservations in which none or less than a majority of the pupils residing within that portion of the district within such military reservation have one or more parents serving in the military and under such military command. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the decision as to which school district shall serve the pupils residing within such military reservation shall rest solely with the county committee on school district organization of the county in which the affected military reservation is located. The county committee on school district organization shall order such equitable transfer of assets and liabilities as is deemed necessary for the orderly transfer of the territory in accordance with transfers in other annexation proceedings authorized under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This 1972 act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

> Passed the Senate February 16, 1972. Passed the House February 12, 1972. Approved by the Governor February 20, 1972. Filed in Office of Secretary of State February 21, 1972.

CHAPTER 64

[Senate Bill No. 181]

STATE BUILDING AUTHORITY PROJECTS--FUND TRANSFERS

AN ACT Relating to state building authority projects; authorizing transfer of funds between projects of the same institution; and adding a new section to chapter 162, Laws of 1967, and to chapter 43.75 RCW.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. There is added to chapter 162, of 1967, and to chapter 43.75 RCW a new section to read as follows:

The governor, through the director of program planning and fiscal management and with the concurrence of the state building authority may authorize a transfer of funds authorized for a capital project which are in excess of the amount required for the completion of such project, to other building authority capital projects for which the authorization is insufficient: PROVIDED, That no such transfer shall be used to expand the capacity of any facility beyond that anticipated by the legislature in making the authorization: PROVIDED FURTHER. That such transfers shall not be made between the respective institutions of higher education. A report of any transfer affected under this section shall be filed with the legislative auditor for transmittal to the legislative budget committee by the director of the office of program planning and fiscal management within thirty days of the date the transfer is effected.

> Passed the Senate February 1, 1972. Passed the House February 12, 1972. Approved by the Governor February 20, 1972. Filed in Office of Secretary of State February 21, 1972.

CHAPTER 65 [Senate Bill No. 246]

INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE -- "CHILD" DEFINED

AN ACT Relating to industrial insurance; amending section 51.08.030, chapter 23, Laws of 1961, as amended by section 1, chapter 77, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 51.08.030.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

Section 1. Section 51.08.030, chapter 23, Laws of 1961 as amended by section 1, chapter 77, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and RCW 51.08.030 are each amended to read as follows:

"Child" means every natural born child, posthumous child, stepchild, child legally adopted prior to the injury, dependent child in the legal custody and control of the claimant, and illegitimate child legitimated prior to the injury, all while under the age of years, or under the age of twenty-one years while permanently enrolled at a full time course in an accredited school, and over the age of eighteen years if the child is a dependent invalid child.