2009

SESSION LAWS

OF THE

STATE OF WASHINGTON

REGULAR SESSION SIXTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE

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WASHINGTON SESSION LAWS GENERAL INFORMATION

1. EDITIONS AVALIABLE.

- (a) General Information. The session laws are printed in a permanent softbound edition containing the accumulation of all laws adopted in the legislative session. The edition contains a subject index and tables indicating Revised Code of Washington sections affected.
- (b) Where and how obtained price. The permanent session laws may be ordered from the Statute Law Committee, Pritchard Building, P.O. Box 40552, Olympia, Washington 98504-0552. The edition costs \$25.00 per set plus applicable state and local sales taxes and \$7.00 shipping and handling. All orders must be accompanied by payment.

2. PRINTING STYLE - INDICATION OF NEW OR DELETED MATTER.

The session laws are presented in the form in which they were enacted by the legislature. This style quickly and graphically portrays the current changes to existing law as follows:

- (a) In amendatory sections
 - (i) underlined matter is new matter.
 - (ii) deleted matter is ((lined out and bracketed between double parentheses)).
- (b) Complete new sections are prefaced by the words NEW SECTION.

3. PARTIAL VETOES.

- (a) Vetoed matter is *printed in bold italics*.
- (b) Pertinent excerpts of the governor's explanation of partial vetoes are printed at the end of the chapter concerned.
- EDITORIAL CORRECTIONS. Words and clauses inserted in the session laws under the authority of RCW 44.20.060 are enclosed in [brackets].
- 5 EFFECTIVE DATE OF LAWS
 - (a) The state Constitution provides that unless otherwise qualified, the laws of any session take effect ninety days after adjournment sine die. The Secretary of State has determined the pertinent date for the Laws of the 2009 regular session to be the first moment of July 26, 2009.
 - (b) Laws that carry an emergency clause take effect immediately upon approval by the Governor.
 - (c) Laws that prescribe an effective date take effect upon that date.

6. INDEX AND TABLES.

A cumulative index and tables of all 2009 laws may be found at the back of the final volume.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter		Bill			
No.		No.		Subject	Pag
432		SHB	1555	Construction industry—Underground economy	2193
433		ESHB	1553	Claims against the state and local governments	2201
434		SHB	1062	Electrolytic processing business tax exemption	
435		2SHB	1081	Railroad crossing protection devices—Financing	
436		SHB	1119	Prudent management of institutional funds act	
437		SHB	1592	Business entity registration—Requirements	
438		ESHB	1138	Retail restroom access—Customers with medical	
.50		LUTIL	1150	conditions	2221
439		НВ	1148	Domestic violence—Protection of animals	
440		HB	1238	Juvenile case records access—Research—Public defense	
441		EHB	2194	Extraordinary medical placements—Offenders	
442		2SHB	1290	Local tourism promotion areas	
443		SHB	1347	Financial education public-private partnership	
444		ESHB	1379	Shoreline management act—Moratoria procedures	
445		SHB	1919	Drug court funding	
446		EHB	1986	Peer mentoring—Pilot program	
447		E2SHB		Developmental disabilities services—Jails and	227
44/		EZSHB	2076	corrections	2243
448	PV	НВ	2129	Greenhouse gas emissions performance standard	
449	1 V	ESHB	2222	Industrial storm water general discharge permits.	
450		2SHB	2119	Dual credit programs expansion	
451		ESHB	2289	Energy freedom program—Expansion—Funding	
452		HB	2313		
453		ESSB	5263	Farm vehicle permits—Validity period	
453 454		ESSB	5746	Electric shock devices—Prohibition in schools	2213
434		ESSD	3/40	Juvenile court jurisdiction—Decline hearings— Sentencing provisions	2274
455	PV	SB	5525	Offender release—Rental vouchers	
456	ΓV	SSB	5504	Reclaimed water permitting	
457		SSB	6036	Water cleanup planning and implementation	
458		ESSB	5768	Alaskan Way viaduct replacement project	
459		2SHB	1481	Electric vehicles	
460		ESHB	1619		
461			2122	School districts—Capital projects funds	
462		EHB HB	2331	Newspaper industry—Business and occupation tax	2323
462		пв	2331	Document recording surcharge—Services for the	2226
463	PV	ESHB	2128	homeless	
464	PV			Health care coverage for children	
464		SB	5071	State endemic mammal—Olympic marmot	
465 466		SSB	5172 5177	UW center for human rights	
		SSB		UW global Asia institute	
467		ESSB	5967	Community athletics programs—Sex discrimination	
468		2SSB	5973	K-12 education—Achievement gap	
469	DI.	ESSB	6170	Environmental tax incentives	
470	PV	ESSB	5352	Transportation budget.	
471		SSB	5684	Highway construction—Environmental mitigation	
472	ъ.	ESHB	2211	SR 520 bridge—Tolls.	
473	PV	SSB	5499	Highway construction contracts—Bond amounts	
474		2SHB	1172	Regional transfer of development rights program	
475		EHB	1824	Youth sports—Head injury policies	
476		SHB	1845	Child support orders—Medical support	2452

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapte	r	Bill			
No.		No.		Subject	Page
477		ESHB	1782	Dependency matters—Reunification with parent	2474
478		HB	2359	Long-term care—Peer mentoring—Implementation date	
479		ESSB	5073	Account consolidation—State general fund	2485
480		SSB	5285	Guardians ad litem	
481		SB	5354	Public hospital capital facility areas	2571
482		SSB	5431	Out-of-home care—Subsequent foster home placement	
483		SB	5470	Sales and use tax exemption—Low-income senior	
				citizens	
484		SSB	5510	Dependency proceedings—Notification	2581
485		SSB	5574	Motor vehicle recording devices	2582
486		SSB	5723	Small business assistance	2586
487		SSB	5725	Organ transplant lifetime limits	2598
488		SB	6002	Washington state quality forum—Repeal	2598
489		SSB	6009	Long-term care—Medicaid policies	2599
490		SSB	5732	Relicensing diversion programs—Driving abstracts	
491		ESSB	5811	Dependency matters—Placement of children	
492	PV	E2SSB	5850	Human trafficking	
493		SSB	5963	Unemployment insurance	
494		SB	6096	Business and occupation tax—Bunker fuel	2641
495		SSB	6171	Department of health programs—Savings	
496		SSB	6095	Puget Sound pilotage district tariff	
497	PV	ESHB	1216	Capital budget	
498		ESHB	1272	Capital and operating budget projects—Bonds	
499		ESHB	2254	Higher education projects—Financing	
500		SSB	5537	Statutory debt limit—Elimination	
501		ESHB	1004	Energy efficiency code—Additions—Removal	
502		SHB	1170	Parenting plan modifications—Military service	
503		HB	1287	Tax exemptions—Commuter air carriers	
504		SHB	1332	Watershed management partnership—Eminent domain	
505		SHB	1420	Real estate seller disclosure	
506		EHB	2040	Beer and wine regulation	
507		EHB	2358	Retail liquor license fees	2913
508		HB	1579	Tax exemption—Legal services—Low-income	2024
509		E2SHB	1701	individuals	2924
309		EZSHB	1/01	internet	2024
510		ESHB	1709	Small loan borrowers—Installment plans	
511		SHB	1751	Tax collection—Public facilities in rural counties	
512		SHB	2339	Vehicle registration—State park donation	
513		EHB	1815	Current use valuation—Open space land	
514		ESHB	1959	Marine container ports—Uses and planning	
515	PV	ESHB	2072	Special needs transportation	
516	1 1	ESHB	2125	Community preservation and development authorities	
517		SHB	2208	New motorsports vehicles—Cancellation or return	
518	PV	ESHB	2327	State agency reports—Elimination and reduction	
519	PV	E2SSB	5560	State agencies—Emissions reduction.	
520	PV	2SHB	2106	Child welfare services—Contracts	
521		E2SSB	5688	Domestic partnerships—Expansion of rights	
522		ESHB	1445	State patrol—Retirement—Domestic partners	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Chapter	Bill			
No.	No.		Subject	Pag
523	EHB	1616	State pension benefits—Domestic partners	3153
524	SHB	1758	Community and technical colleges—High school	
			diplomas	3169
525	SHB	1103	Vulnerable adults—Inheritance—Financial exploitation	3174
526	SHB	1239	Dependency proceedings—Parenting plans	3182
527	HB	2347	Adoption support agreements—Review	3186
528	SHB	1749	Mortgage brokers—Industry regulation	3187
529	SHB	1869	Health care fees and charges—Disclosure	3204
530	E2SHB	1935	Adult family homes—Licensure—Covenants	3205
531	SHB	2003	Professional educator standards board	3209
532	ESHB	2035	Offender registration—Internet communication	
			information	3213
533	EHB	2299	Public facilities districts—Recreational facilities	3214
534	ESHB	2049	Civil service—Senior management—Review	3219
535	ESHB	2075	Taxation—Electronically transferred goods and services	3222

CHAPTER 432

[Substitute House Bill 1555]

CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY—UNDERGROUND ECONOMY

AN ACT Relating to the recommendations of the joint legislative task force on the underground economy in the construction industry; amending RCW 60.28.021, 60.28.040, 60.28.051, 60.28.060, and 50.12.070; amending 2008 c 120 s 10 (uncodiffed); reenacting and amending RCW 60.28.011; adding a new section to chapter 18.27 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.01 RCW; and an expectation of the providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 18.27 RCW to read as follows:

A contractor must maintain and have available for inspection by the department a list of all direct subcontractors and a copy of their certificate of registration.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 35.21 RCW to read as follows:

A city that issues a business license to a person required to be registered under chapter 18.27 RCW may verify that the person is registered under chapter 18.27 RCW and report violations to the department of labor and industries. The department of licensing shall conduct the verification for cities that participate in the master license system.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 35A.21 RCW to read as follows:

A city that issues a business license to a person required to be registered under chapter 18.27 RCW may verify that the person is registered under chapter 18.27 RCW and report violations to the department of labor and industries. The department of licensing shall conduct the verification for cities that participate in the master license system.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 36.01 RCW to read as follows:

A county that issues a business license to a person required to be registered under chapter 18.27 RCW may verify that the person is registered under chapter 18.27 RCW and report violations to the department of labor and industries.

- **Sec. 5.** RCW 60.28.011 and 2007 c 494 s 504 and 2007 c 218 s 92 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Public improvement contracts shall provide, and public bodies shall reserve, a contract retainage not to exceed five percent of the moneys earned by the contractor as a trust fund for the protection and payment of: (a) The claims of any person arising under the contract; and (b) the state with respect to taxes imposed pursuant to Titles 50, 51, and 82 RCW which may be due from such contractor.
- (2) Every person performing labor or furnishing supplies toward the completion of a public improvement contract shall have a lien upon moneys reserved by a public body under the provisions of a public improvement contract. However, the notice of the lien of the claimant shall be given within

forty-five days of completion of the contract work, and in the manner provided in RCW 39.08.030.

- (3) The contractor at any time may request the contract retainage be reduced to one hundred percent of the value of the work remaining on the project.
- (a) After completion of all contract work other than landscaping, the contractor may request that the public body release and pay in full the amounts retained during the performance of the contract, and sixty days thereafter the public body must release and pay in full the amounts retained (other than continuing retention of five percent of the moneys earned for landscaping) subject to the provisions of chapters 39.12 and 60.28 RCW.
- (b) Sixty days after completion of all contract work the public body must release and pay in full the amounts retained during the performance of the contract subject to the provisions of chapters 39.12 and 60.28 RCW.
- (4) The moneys reserved by a public body under the provisions of a public improvement contract, at the option of the contractor, shall be:
 - (a) Retained in a fund by the public body;
- (b) Deposited by the public body in an interest bearing account in a bank, mutual savings bank, or savings and loan association. Interest on moneys reserved by a public body under the provision of a public improvement contract shall be paid to the contractor;
- (c) Placed in escrow with a bank or trust company by the public body. When the moneys reserved are placed in escrow, the public body shall issue a check representing the sum of the moneys reserved payable to the bank or trust company and the contractor jointly. This check shall be converted into bonds and securities chosen by the contractor and approved by the public body and the bonds and securities shall be held in escrow. Interest on the bonds and securities shall be paid to the contractor as the interest accrues.
- (5) The contractor or subcontractor may withhold payment of not more than five percent from the moneys earned by any subcontractor or sub-subcontractor or supplier contracted with by the contractor to provide labor, materials, or equipment to the public project. Whenever the contractor or subcontractor reserves funds earned by a subcontractor or sub-subcontractor or supplier, the contractor or subcontractor shall pay interest to the subcontractor or subsubcontractor or supplier at a rate equal to that received by the contractor or subcontractor from reserved funds.
- (6) A contractor may submit a bond for all or any portion of the contract retainage in a form acceptable to the public body and from a bonding company meeting standards established by the public body. The public body shall accept a bond meeting these requirements unless the public body can demonstrate good cause for refusing to accept it. This bond and any proceeds therefrom are subject to all claims and liens and in the same manner and priority as set forth for retained percentages in this chapter. The public body shall release the bonded portion of the retained funds to the contractor within thirty days of accepting the bond from the contractor. Whenever a public body accepts a bond in lieu of retained funds from a contractor, the contractor shall accept like bonds from any subcontractors or suppliers from which the contractor has retained funds. The contractor shall then release the funds retained from the subcontractor or supplier to the subcontractor or supplier within thirty days of accepting the bond from the subcontractor or supplier.

- (7) If the public body administering a contract, after a substantial portion of the work has been completed, finds that an unreasonable delay will occur in the completion of the remaining portion of the contract for any reason not the result of a breach thereof, it may, if the contractor agrees, delete from the contract the remaining work and accept as final the improvement at the stage of completion then attained and make payment in proportion to the amount of the work accomplished and in this case any amounts retained and accumulated under this section shall be held for a period of sixty days following the completion. In the event that the work is terminated before final completion as provided in this section, the public body may thereafter enter into a new contract with the same contractor to perform the remaining work or improvement for an amount equal to or less than the cost of the remaining work as was provided for in the original contract without advertisement or bid. The provisions of this chapter are exclusive and shall supersede all provisions and regulations in conflict herewith.
- (8) Whenever the department of transportation has contracted for the construction of two or more ferry vessels, sixty days after completion of all contract work on each ferry vessel, the department must release and pay in full the amounts retained in connection with the construction of the vessel subject to the provisions of RCW 60.28.020 and chapter 39.12 RCW. However, the department of transportation may at its discretion condition the release of funds retained in connection with the completed ferry upon the contractor delivering a good and sufficient bond with two or more sureties, or with a surety company, in the amount of the retained funds to be released to the contractor, conditioned that no taxes shall be certified or claims filed for work on the ferry after a period of sixty days following completion of the ferry; and if taxes are certified or claims filed, recovery may be had on the bond by the department of revenue, the employment security department, the department of labor and industries, and the material suppliers and laborers filing claims.
- (9) Except as provided in subsection (1) of this section, reservation by a public body for any purpose from the moneys earned by a contractor by fulfilling its responsibilities under public improvement contracts is prohibited.
- (10) Contracts on projects funded in whole or in part by farmers home administration and subject to farmers home administration regulations are not subject to subsections (1) through (9) of this section.
- (11) This subsection applies only to a public body that has contracted for the construction of a facility using the general contractor/construction manager procedure, as defined under RCW 39.10.210. If the work performed by a subcontractor on the project has been completed within the first half of the time provided in the general contractor/construction manager contract for completing the work, the public body may accept the completion of the subcontract. The public body must give public notice of this acceptance. After a forty-five day period for giving notice of liens, and compliance with the retainage release procedures in RCW 60.28.021, the public body may release that portion of the retained funds associated with the subcontract. Claims against the retained funds after the forty-five day period are not valid.
- (12) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section.
- (a) "Contract retainage" means an amount reserved by a public body from the moneys earned by a person under a public improvement contract.

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

- (b) "Person" means a person or persons, mechanic, subcontractor, or materialperson who performs labor or provides materials for a public improvement contract, and any other person who supplies the person with provisions or supplies for the carrying on of a public improvement contract.
- (c) "Public body" means the state, or a county, city, town, district, board, or other public body.
- (d) "Public improvement contract" means a contract for public improvements or work, other than for professional services, or a work order as defined in RCW 39.10.210.
- Sec. 6. RCW 60.28.021 and 2007 c 218 s 94 are each amended to read as follows:

After the expiration of the forty-five day period for giving notice of lien provided in RCW 60.28.011(2), and after receipt of the ((department of revenue's)) certificates of the department of revenue, the employment security department, and the department of labor and industries, and the public body is satisfied that the taxes certified as due or to become due by the department of revenue, the employment security department, and the department of labor and industries are discharged, and the claims of material suppliers and laborers who have filed their claims, together with a sum sufficient to defray the cost of foreclosing the liens of such claims, and to pay attorneys' fees, have been paid, the public body may withhold from the remaining retained amounts for claims the public body may have against the contractor and shall pay the balance, if any, to the contractor the fund retained by it or release to the contractor the securities and bonds held in escrow.

If such taxes have not been discharged or the claims, expenses, and fees have not been paid, the public body shall either retain in its fund, or in an interest bearing account, or retain in escrow, at the option of the contractor, an amount equal to such unpaid taxes and unpaid claims together with a sum sufficient to defray the costs and attorney fees incurred in foreclosing the lien of such claims, and shall pay, or release from escrow, the remainder to the contractor.

- Sec. 7. RCW 60.28.040 and 1985 c 80 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Subject to subsection (5) of this section, the amount of all taxes, increases, and penalties due or to become due under Title 82 RCW, from a contractor or the contractor's successors or assignees with respect to a public improvement contract wherein the contract price is twenty thousand dollars or more, shall be a lien prior to all other liens upon the amount of the retained percentage withheld by the disbursing officer under such contract((; except that)).
- (2) Subject to subsection (5) of this section, after payment of all taxes, increases, and penalties due or to become due under Title 82 RCW, from a contractor or the contractor's successors or assignees with respect to a public improvement contract wherein the contract price is twenty thousand dollars or more, the amount of all other taxes, increases, and penalties under Title 82 RCW, due and owing from the contractor, shall be a lien prior to all other liens upon the amount of the retained percentage withheld by the disbursing officer under such contract.

- (3) Subject to subsection (5) of this section, after payment of all taxes, increases, and penalties due or to become due under Title 82 RCW, the amount of all taxes, increases, and penalties due or to become due under Titles 50 and 51 RCW from the contractor or the contractor's successors or assignees with respect to a public improvement contract wherein the contract price is twenty thousand dollars or more shall be a lien prior to all other liens upon the amount of the retained percentage withheld by the disbursing officer under such contract.
- (4) Subject to subsection (5) of this section, the amount of all other taxes, increases, and penalties due and owing from the contractor shall be a lien upon the balance of such retained percentage remaining in the possession of the disbursing officer after all other statutory lien claims have been paid.
- (5) The employees of a contractor or the contractor's successors or assignees who have not been paid the prevailing wage under such a public improvement contract shall have a first priority lien against the bond or retainage prior to all other liens. ((The amount of all other taxes, increases and penalties due and owing from the contractor shall be a lien upon the balance of such retained percentage remaining in the possession of the disbursing officer after all other statutory lien claims have been paid.))
- Sec. 8. RCW 60.28.051 and 2007 c 210 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon completion of a contract, the state, county, or other municipal officer charged with the duty of disbursing or authorizing disbursement or payment of such contracts shall forthwith notify the department of revenue, the employment security department, and the department of labor and industries of the completion of contracts over thirty-five thousand dollars. Such officer shall not make any payment from the retained percentage fund or release any retained percentage escrow account to any person, until he or she has received from the department of revenue ((a)), the employment security department, and the department of labor and industries certificates that all taxes, increases, and penalties due from the contractor, and all taxes due and to become due with respect to such contract have been paid in full or that they are, in ((the)) each department's opinion, readily collectible without recourse to the state's lien on the retained percentage.

Sec. 9. RCW 60.28.060 and 1967 ex.s. c 26 s 25 are each amended to read as follows:

If within thirty days after receipt of notice by the department of revenue, the employment security department, and the department of labor and industries of the completion of the contract, the amount of all taxes, increases and penalties due from the contractor or any of his successors or assignees or to become due with respect to such contract have not been paid, the department of revenue, the employment security department, and the department of labor and industries may certify to the disbursing officer the amount of all taxes, increases and penalties due from the contractor, together with the amount of all taxes due and to become due with respect to the contract and may request payment thereof ((to the department of revenue)) in accordance with the priority provided by this chapter. The disbursing officer shall within ten days after receipt of such certificate and request pay to the department of revenue, the employment security department, and the department of labor and industries the amount of all

taxes, increases and penalties certified to be due or to become due ((with respect to the particular contract, and, after payment of)) and all claims which by statute are a lien upon the retained percentage withheld by the disbursing officer((, shall pay to the department of revenue the balance, if any, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to satisfy the claim of the department of revenue for the balance of all taxes, increases or penalties shown to be due by the certificate of the department of revenue)) in accordance with the priority provided by this chapter. If the contractor owes no taxes imposed pursuant to Titles 50, 51, and 82 RCW, the department of revenue, the employment security department, and the department of labor and industries shall so certify to the disbursing officer.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** A new section is added to chapter 51.04 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall conduct education and outreach to employers on workers' compensation requirements and premium responsibilities, including independent contractor issues. The department shall work with new employers on an individual basis and also establish mass education campaigns.

- **Sec. 11.** RCW 50.12.070 and 2008 c 120 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Each employing unit shall keep true and accurate work records, containing such information as the commissioner may prescribe. Such records shall be open to inspection and be subject to being copied by the commissioner or his or her authorized representatives at any reasonable time and as often as may be necessary. The commissioner may require from any employing unit any sworn or unsworn reports with respect to persons employed by it, which he or she deems necessary for the effective administration of this title.
- (b) An employer who contracts with another person or entity for work subject to chapter 18.27 or 19.28 RCW shall obtain and preserve a record of the unified business identifier account number for and compensation paid to the person or entity performing the work. In addition to the penalty in subsection (3) of this section, failure to obtain or maintain the record is subject to RCW 39.06.010 ((and to a penalty determined by the commissioner, but not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars, to be collected as provided in RCW 50.24.120)).
- (2)(a) Each employer shall register with the department and obtain an employment security account number. Registration must include the names and social security numbers of the owners, partners, members, or corporate officers of the business, as well as their mailing addresses and telephone numbers and other information the commissioner may by rule prescribe. Registration of corporations must also include the percentage of stock ownership for each corporate officer, delineated by zero percent, less than ten percent, or ten percent or more. Any changes in the owners, partners, members, or corporate officers of the business, and changes in percentage of ownership of the outstanding shares of stock of the corporation, must be reported to the department at intervals prescribed by the commissioner under (b) of this subsection.
- (b) Each employer shall make periodic reports at such intervals as the commissioner may by regulation prescribe, setting forth the remuneration paid for employment to workers in its employ, the full names and social security numbers of all such workers, and the total hours worked by each worker and such other information as the commissioner may by regulation prescribe.

- (c) If the employing unit fails or has failed to report the number of hours in a reporting period for which a worker worked, such number will be computed by the commissioner and given the same force and effect as if it had been reported by the employing unit. In computing the number of such hours worked, the total wages for the reporting period, as reported by the employing unit, shall be divided by the dollar amount of the state's minimum wage in effect for such reporting period and the quotient, disregarding any remainder, shall be credited to the worker: PROVIDED, That although the computation so made will not be subject to appeal by the employing unit, monetary entitlement may be redetermined upon request if the department is provided with credible evidence of the actual hours worked. Benefits paid using computed hours are not considered an overpayment and are not subject to collections when the correction of computed hours results in an invalid or reduced claim; however:
- (i) A contribution paying employer who fails to report the number of hours worked will have its experience rating account charged for all benefits paid that are based on hours computed under this subsection; and
- (ii) An employer who reimburses the trust fund for benefits paid to workers and fails to report the number of hours worked shall reimburse the trust fund for all benefits paid that are based on hours computed under this subsection.
- (3) Any employer who fails to keep and preserve records required by this section shall be subject to a penalty determined by the commissioner but not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars or two hundred percent of the quarterly tax for each offense, whichever is greater.
 - Sec. 12. 2008 c 120 s 10 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The joint legislative task force on the underground economy ((in the Washington state construction industry)) is established. For purposes of this section, "underground economy" means ((contracting and construction)) business activities in which payroll is unreported or underreported with consequent nonpayment of payroll taxes to federal and state agencies including nonpayment of workers' compensation and unemployment compensation taxes.
- (2) The purpose of the task force is to formulate a state policy to establish cohesion and transparency between state agencies so as to increase the oversight and regulation of the underground economy practices ((in the construction industry)) in this state. To assist the task force in achieving this goal and to determine the extent of and projected costs to the state and workers of the underground economy ((in the construction industry)), the task force shall contract with the institute for public policy, or, if the institute is unavailable, another entity with expertise capable of providing such assistance.
 - (3)(a) The task force shall consist of the following members:
- (i) The chair and ranking minority member of the senate labor, commerce, research and development committee;
- (ii) The chair and ranking minority member of the house of representatives commerce and labor committee;
- (iii) Four members representing ((the construction)) business interests, selected from nominations submitted by statewide ((construction)) business organizations and appointed jointly by the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives;
- (iv) Four members representing ((eonstruction laborers)) labor interests, selected from nominations submitted by statewide labor organizations and

appointed jointly by the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives:

- (v) One member representing cities, appointed by an association of cities;
- (vi) One member representing counties, appointed by an association of counties.
- (b) In addition, the employment security department, the department of labor and industries, and the department of revenue shall cooperate with the task force and shall each maintain a liaison representative, who is a nonvoting member of the task force. The departments shall cooperate with the task force and the institute for public policy, or other entity as appropriate, and shall provide information and data as the task force or the institute, or other entity as appropriate, may reasonably request.
- (c) The task force shall choose its chair or cochairs from among its legislative membership. The chairs of the senate labor, commerce, research and development committee and the house of representatives commerce and labor committee shall convene the initial meeting of the task force.
 - (4) In conducting its study in 2009, the task force may consider:
- (a) Issues previously discussed by the joint legislative task force on the underground economy in the construction industry and whether these issues need to be addressed in nonconstruction industries;
 - (b) The role of local governments in monitoring the underground economy;
- (c) The need to establish additional benchmarks and measures for purposes of section 13 of this act;
 - (d) Such other items the task force deems necessary.
- (5)(a) The task force shall use legislative facilities and staff support shall be provided by senate committee services and the house of representatives office of program research. Within available funding, the task force may hire additional staff with specific technical expertise if such expertise is necessary to carry out the mandates of this study.
- (b) Legislative members of the task force shall be reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 44.04.120. Nonlegislative members, except those representing an employer or organization, are entitled to be reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.
- (c) The expenses of the task force will be paid jointly by the senate and house of representatives. Task force expenditures are subject to approval by the senate facilities and operations committee and the house of representatives executive rules committee, or their successor committees.
- (((5))) (6) The task force shall report its ((preliminary)) findings and recommendations to the legislature by ((January 1, 2008, and submit a final report to the legislature by)) December ((31, 2008)) 1, 2009.
 - (((6))) (7) This section expires ((July 1,)) December 15, 2009.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** The department of labor and industries, the employment security department, and the department of revenue shall coordinate and report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1st of each year on the effectiveness of efforts implemented since July 1, 2008, to address the underground economy. The agencies shall use benchmarks and measures established by the institute for public policy and other measures it determines appropriate.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** Section 11 of this act takes effect October 1, 2009.

Passed by the House April 23, 2009.
Passed by the Senate April 16, 2009.
Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 433

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1553]

CLAIMS AGAINST THE STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

AN ACT Relating to claims for damages against the state and local governmental entities; and amending RCW 4.96.020, 4.92.100, and 4.92.110.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 4.96.020 and 2006 c 82 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The provisions of this section apply to claims for damages against all local governmental entities and their officers, employees, or volunteers, acting in such capacity, except that claims involving injuries from health care are governed solely by the procedures set forth in chapter 7.70 RCW and are exempt from this chapter.
- (2) The governing body of each local governmental entity shall appoint an agent to receive any claim for damages made under this chapter. The identity of the agent and the address where he or she may be reached during the normal business hours of the local governmental entity are public records and shall be recorded with the auditor of the county in which the entity is located. All claims for damages against a local governmental entity, or against any local governmental entity's officers, employees, or volunteers, acting in such capacity, shall be presented to the agent within the applicable period of limitations within which an action must be commenced. A claim is deemed presented when the claim form is delivered in person or is received by the agent by regular mail, registered mail, or certified mail, with return receipt requested, to the agent or other person designated to accept delivery at the agent's office. The failure of a local governmental entity to comply with the requirements of this section precludes that local governmental entity from raising a defense under this chapter.
- (3) ((All claims for damages arising out of tortious conduct must locate and describe the conduct and circumstances which brought about the injury or damage, describe the injury or damage, state the time and place the injury or damage occurred, state the names of all persons involved, if known, and shall contain the amount of damages claimed, together with a statement of the actual residence of the claimant at the time of presenting and filing the claim and for a period of six months immediately prior to the time the claim arose. If the claimant is incapacitated from verifying, presenting, and filing the claim in the time prescribed or if the claimant is a minor, or is a nonresident of the state absent therefrom during the time within which the claim is required to be filed, the claim may be verified, presented, and filed on behalf of the claimant by any relative, attorney, or agent representing the claimant.)) For claims for damages

presented after the effective date of this section, all claims for damages must be presented on the standard tort claim form that is maintained by the risk management division of the office of financial management, except as allowed under (c) of this subsection. The standard tort claim form must be posted on the office of financial management's web site.

- (a) The standard tort claim form must, at a minimum, require the following information:
 - (i) The claimant's name, date of birth, and contact information;
- (ii) A description of the conduct and the circumstances that brought about the injury or damage;
 - (iii) A description of the injury or damage;
 - (iv) A statement of the time and place that the injury or damage occurred:
- (v) A listing of the names of all persons involved and contact information, if known;
 - (vi) A statement of the amount of damages claimed; and
- (vii) A statement of the actual residence of the claimant at the time of presenting the claim and at the time the claim arose.
 - (b) The standard tort claim form must be signed either:
 - (i) By the claimant, verifying the claim;
- (ii) Pursuant to a written power of attorney, by the attorney in fact for the claimant;
- (iii) By an attorney admitted to practice in Washington state on the claimant's behalf; or
- (iv) By a court-approved guardian or guardian ad litem on behalf of the claimant.
- (c) Local governmental entities shall make available the standard tort claim form described in this section with instructions on how the form is to be presented and the name, address, and business hours of the agent of the local governmental entity. If a local governmental entity chooses to also make available its own tort claim form in lieu of the standard tort claim form, the form:
- (i) May require additional information beyond what is specified under this section, but the local governmental entity may not deny a claim because of the claimant's failure to provide that additional information;
 - (ii) Must not require the claimant's social security number; and
- (iii) Must include instructions on how the form is to be presented and the name, address, and business hours of the agent of the local governmental entity appointed to receive the claim.
- (d) If any claim form provided by the local governmental entity fails to require the information specified in this section, or incorrectly lists the agent with whom the claim is to be filed, the local governmental entity is deemed to have waived any defense related to the failure to provide that specific information or to present the claim to the proper designated agent.
- (e) Presenting either the standard tort claim form or the local government tort claim form satisfies the requirements of this chapter.
- (f) The amount of damages stated on the claim form is not admissible at trial.
- (4) No action <u>subject to the claim filing requirements of this section</u> shall be commenced against any local governmental entity, or against any local governmental entity's officers, employees, or volunteers, acting in such capacity,

for damages arising out of tortious conduct until sixty <u>calendar</u> days have elapsed after the claim has first been presented to ((and filed with)) the agent of the governing body thereof. The applicable period of limitations within which an action must be commenced shall be tolled during the sixty((-)) <u>calendar</u> day period. For the purposes of the applicable period of limitations, an action commenced within five court days after the sixty calendar day period has elapsed is deemed to have been presented on the first day after the sixty calendar day period elapsed.

- (5) With respect to the content of claims under this section and all procedural requirements in this section, this section must be liberally construed so that substantial compliance will be deemed satisfactory.
- Sec. 2. RCW 4.92.100 and 2006 c 82 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) All claims against the state, or against the state's officers, employees, or volunteers, acting in such capacity, for damages arising out of tortious conduct, except for claims involving injuries from health care, shall be presented to ((and filed with)) the risk management division. ((All such claims shall be verified and shall accurately describe the conduct and circumstances which brought about the injury or damage, describe the injury or damage, state the time and place the injury or damage occurred, state the names of all persons involved, if known, and shall contain the amount of damages claimed, together with a statement of the actual residence of the claimant at the time of presenting and filing the claim and for a period of six months immediately prior to the time the claim arose. If the claimant is incapacitated from verifying, presenting, and filing the claim or if the claimant is a minor, or is a nonresident of the state, the claim may be verified, presented, and filed on behalf of the claimant by any relative, attorney, or agent representing the claimant.)) Claims involving injuries from health care are governed solely by the procedures set forth in chapter 7.70 RCW and are exempt from this chapter. A claim is deemed presented when the claim form is delivered in person or by regular mail, registered mail, or certified mail, with return receipt requested, to the risk management division. For claims for damages presented after the effective date of this section, all claims for damages must be presented on the standard tort claim form that is maintained by the risk management division. The standard tort claim form must be posted on the office of financial management's web site.
- (a) The standard tort claim form must, at a minimum, require the following information:
 - (i) The claimant's name, date of birth, and contact information;
- (ii) A description of the conduct and the circumstances that brought about the injury or damage;
 - (iii) A description of the injury or damage;
 - (iv) A statement of the time and place that the injury or damage occurred;
- (v) A listing of the names of all persons involved and contact information, if known;
 - (vi) A statement of the amount of damages claimed; and
- (vii) A statement of the actual residence of the claimant at the time of presenting the claim and at the time the claim arose.
 - (b) The standard tort claim form must be signed either:
 - (i) By the claimant, verifying the claim;

- (ii) Pursuant to a written power of attorney, by the attorney in fact for the claimant:
- (iii) By an attorney admitted to practice in Washington state on the claimant's behalf; or
- (iv) By a court-approved guardian or guardian ad litem on behalf of the claimant.
- (c) The amount of damages stated on the claim form is not admissible at trial.
- (2) The state shall make available the standard tort claim form described in this section with instructions on how the form is to be presented and the name, address, and business hours of the risk management division. The standard tort claim form must not list the claimant's social security number and must not require information not specified under this section.
- (3) With respect to the content of ((such)) claims under this section and all procedural requirements in this section, this section ((shall)) must be liberally construed so that substantial compliance will be deemed satisfactory.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 4.92.110 and 2006 c 82 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

No action <u>subject to the claim filing requirements of RCW 4.92.100</u> shall be commenced against the state, or against any state officer, employee, or volunteer, acting in such capacity, for damages arising out of tortious conduct until sixty <u>calendar</u> days have elapsed after the claim is presented to ((and filed with)) the risk management division. The applicable period of limitations within which an action must be commenced shall be tolled during the sixty((-)) <u>calendar</u> day period. For the purposes of the applicable period of limitations, an action commenced within five court days after the sixty calendar day period has elapsed is deemed to have been presented on the first day after the sixty calendar day period elapsed.

Passed by the House April 24, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 434

[Substitute House Bill 1062]
ELECTROLYTIC PROCESSING BUSINESS TAX EXEMPTION

AN ACT Relating to the expiration date, goals, and legislative reporting provisions of the electrolytic processing business tax exemption; amending RCW 82.16.0421 and 82.32.560; creating a new section; and providing an expiration date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- Sec. 1. RCW 82.16.0421 and 2004 c 240 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) For the purposes of this section:
- (a) "Chlor-alkali electrolytic processing business" means a person who is engaged in a business that uses more than ten average megawatts of electricity per month in a chlor-alkali electrolytic process to split the electrochemical bonds of sodium chloride and water to make chlorine and sodium hydroxide. A "chlor-

alkali electrolytic processing business" does not include direct service industrial customers or their subsidiaries that contract for the purchase of power from the Bonneville power administration as of June 10, 2004.

- (b) "Sodium chlorate electrolytic processing business" means a person who is engaged in a business that uses more than ten average megawatts of electricity per month in a sodium chlorate electrolytic process to split the electrochemical bonds of sodium chloride and water to make sodium chlorate and hydrogen. A "sodium chlorate electrolytic processing business" does not include direct service industrial customers or their subsidiaries that contract for the purchase of power from the Bonneville power administration as of June 10, 2004.
- (2) Effective July 1, 2004, the tax levied under this chapter does not apply to sales of electricity made by a light and power business to a chlor-alkali electrolytic processing business or a sodium chlorate electrolytic processing business for the electrolytic process if the contract for sale of electricity to the business contains the following terms:
- (a) The electricity to be used in the electrolytic process is separately metered from the electricity used for general operations of the business;
- (b) The price charged for the electricity used in the electrolytic process will be reduced by an amount equal to the tax exemption available to the light and power business under this section; and
- (c) Disallowance of all or part of the exemption under this section is a breach of contract and the damages to be paid by the chlor-alkali electrolytic processing business or the sodium chlorate electrolytic processing business are the amount of the tax exemption disallowed.
- (3) The exemption provided for in this section does not apply to amounts received from the remarketing or resale of electricity originally obtained by contract for the electrolytic process.
- (4) In order to claim an exemption under this section, the chlor-alkali electrolytic processing business or the sodium chlorate electrolytic processing business must provide the light and power business with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department.
- (5)(a) This section does not apply to sales of electricity made after December 31, ((2010)) 2018.
 - (b) This section expires June 30, ((2011)) 2019.
- Sec. 2. RCW 82.32.560 and 2004 c 240 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) For the purposes of this section, "electrolytic processing business tax exemption" means the exemption and preferential tax rate under RCW 82.16.0421.
- (2) The legislature finds that accountability and effectiveness are important aspects of setting tax policy. In order to make policy choices regarding the best use of limited state resources, the legislature needs information to evaluate whether the stated goals of legislation were achieved.
 - (3) The goals of the electrolytic processing business tax exemption are:
- (a) To retain family wage jobs by enabling electrolytic processing businesses to maintain production of chlor-alkali and sodium chlorate at a level that will preserve at least seventy-five percent of the jobs that were on the payroll effective January 1, 2004; and

- (b) To allow the electrolytic processing industries to continue production in this state ((through 2011)) so that the industries will remain competitive and be positioned to preserve and create new jobs ((when the anticipated reduction of energy costs occur)).
- (4)(a) A person who receives the benefit of an electrolytic processing business tax exemption shall make an annual report to the department detailing employment, wages, and employer-provided health and retirement benefits per job at the manufacturing site. The report is due by March 31st following any year in which a tax exemption is claimed or used. The report shall not include names of employees. The report shall detail employment by the total number of full-time, part-time, and temporary positions. The report shall indicate the quantity of product produced at the plant during the time period covered by the report. The first report filed under this subsection shall include employment, wage, and benefit information for the twelve-month period immediately before first use of a tax exemption. Employment reports shall include data for actual levels of employment and identification of the number of jobs affected by any employment reductions that have been publicly announced at the time of the Information in a report under this section is not subject to the confidentiality provisions of RCW 82.32.330 and may be disclosed to the public upon request.
- (b) If a person fails to submit an annual report under (a) of this subsection by the due date of the report, the department shall declare the amount of taxes exempted for that year to be immediately due and payable. Public utility taxes payable under this subsection are subject to interest but not penalties, as provided under this chapter. This information is not subject to the confidentiality provisions of RCW 82.32.330 and may be disclosed to the public upon request.
- (5) ((By December 1, 2007, and by December 1, 2010, the fiscal committees of the house of representatives and the senate, in consultation with the department, shall report to the legislature on the effectiveness of the tax incentive under RCW 82.16.0421. The report shall measure)) Pursuant to chapter 43.136 RCW, the citizen commission for performance measurement of tax preferences must schedule the electrolytic processing business tax exemption under RCW 82.16.0421 for a tax preference review by the joint legislative audit and review committee. In addition to any of the factors in RCW 43.136.055(1), the committee must also study and report on the effect of the incentive on job retention for Washington residents, and other factors as the committee((s)) selects. The report shall also discuss expected trends or changes to electricity prices as they affect the industries that benefit from the incentives.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** If chapter . . ., Laws of 2009 (Substitute House Bill No. 1597 (H-2475/09)) is enacted, section 2, chapter . . ., Laws of 2009 (section 2 of this act) is null and void.

Passed by the House April 26, 2009.
Passed by the Senate April 26, 2009.
Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 435

[Second Substitute House Bill 1081]

RAILROAD CROSSING PROTECTION DEVICES—FINANCING

AN ACT Relating to local improvement district financing of railroad crossing protection devices; and amending RCW 35.43.040.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 35.43.040 and 1997 c 452 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever the public interest or convenience may require, the legislative authority of any city or town may order the whole or any part of any local improvement including but not restricted to those, or any combination thereof, listed below to be constructed, reconstructed, repaired, or renewed and landscaping including but not restricted to the planting, setting out, cultivating, maintaining, and renewing of shade or ornamental trees and shrubbery thereon; may order any and all work to be done necessary for completion thereof; and may levy and collect special assessments on property specially benefited thereby to pay the whole or any part of the expense thereof, viz:

- (1) Alleys, avenues, boulevards, lanes, park drives, parkways, parking facilities, public places, public squares, public streets, their grading, regrading, planking, replanking, paving, repaving, macadamizing, remacadamizing, graveling, regraveling, piling, repiling, capping, recapping, or other improvement; if the management and control of park drives, parkways, and boulevards is vested in a board of park commissioners, the plans and specifications for their improvement must be approved by the board of park commissioners before their adoption;
 - (2) Auxiliary water systems;
- (3) Auditoriums, field houses, gymnasiums, swimming pools, or other recreational, playground, museum, cultural, or arts facilities or structures;
 - (4) Bridges, culverts, and trestles and approaches thereto;
 - (5) Bulkheads and retaining walls;
 - (6) Dikes and embankments;
- (7) Drains, sewers, and sewer appurtenances which as to trunk sewers shall include as nearly as possible all the territory which can be drained through the trunk sewer and subsewers connected thereto;
- (8) Escalators or moving sidewalks together with the expense of operation and maintenance;
 - (9) Parks and playgrounds;
 - (10) Sidewalks, curbing, and crosswalks;
- (11) Street lighting systems together with the expense of furnishing electrical energy, maintenance, and operation;
 - (12) Underground utilities transmission lines;
- (13) Water mains, hydrants, and appurtenances which as to trunk water mains shall include as nearly as possible all the territory in the zone or district to which water may be distributed from the trunk water mains through lateral service and distribution mains and services;
- (14) Fences, culverts, syphons, or coverings or any other feasible safeguards along, in place of, or over open canals or ditches to protect the public from the hazards thereof;

- (15) Roadbeds, trackage, signalization, storage facilities for rolling stock, overhead and underground wiring, and any other stationary equipment reasonably necessary for the operation of an electrified public streetcar line;
- (16) Systems of surface, underground, or overhead railways, tramways, buses, or any other means of local transportation except taxis, and including passenger, terminal, station parking, and related facilities and properties, and such other facilities as may be necessary for passenger and vehicular access to and from such terminal, station, parking, and related facilities and properties, together with all lands, rights-of-way, property, equipment, and accessories necessary for such systems and facilities;
- (17) Convention center facilities or structures in cities incorporated before January 1, 1982, with a population over sixty thousand located in a county with a population over one million, other than the city of Seattle. Assessments for purposes of convention center facilities or structures may be levied only to the extent necessary to cover a funding shortfall that occurs when funds received from special excise taxes imposed pursuant to chapter 67.28 RCW are insufficient to fund the annual debt service for such facilities or structures, and may not be levied on property exclusively maintained as single-family or multifamily permanent residences whether they are rented, leased, or owner occupied; ((and))
- (18) Programs of aquatic plant control, lake or river restoration, or water quality enhancement. Such programs shall identify all the area of any lake or river which will be improved and shall include the adjacent waterfront property specially benefited by such programs of improvements. Assessments may be levied only on waterfront property including any waterfront property owned by the department of natural resources or any other state agency. Notice of an assessment on a private leasehold in public property shall comply with provisions of chapter 79.44 RCW. Programs under this subsection shall extend for a term of not more than five years; and
- (19) Railroad crossing protection devices, including maintenance and repair. Assessments for purposes of railroad crossing protection devices may not be levied on property owned or maintained by a railroad, railroad company, street railroad, or street railroad company, as defined in RCW 81.04.010, or a regional transit authority as defined in RCW 81.112.020.

Passed by the House March 9, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 436

[Substitute House Bill 1119]

PRUDENT MANAGEMENT OF INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS ACT

AN ACT Relating to the management of funds held by nonprofit institutions; adding a new chapter to Title 24 RCW; repealing RCW 24.44.010, 24.44.020, 24.44.030, 24.44.040, 24.44.050, 24.44.060, 24.44.070, 24.44.080, 24.44.090, and 24.44.900; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** SHORT TITLE. This act may be known and cited as the uniform prudent management of institutional funds act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:

- (1) "Charitable purpose" means the relief of poverty, the advancement of education or religion, the promotion of health, the promotion of a governmental purpose, or any other purpose the achievement of which is beneficial to the community.
- (2) "Endowment fund" means an institutional fund or part thereof that, under the terms of a gift instrument, is not wholly expendable by the institution on a current basis. "Endowment fund" does not include assets that an institution designates as an endowment fund for its own use.
- (3) "Gift instrument" means a record or records, including an institutional solicitation, under which property is granted to, transferred to, or held by an institution as an institutional fund.
 - (4) "Institution" means:
- (a) A person, other than an individual, organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes;
- (b) A government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, to the extent that it holds funds exclusively for a charitable purpose; or
- (c) A trust that had both charitable and noncharitable interests, after all noncharitable interests have terminated.
- (5) "Institutional fund" means a fund held by an institution exclusively for charitable purposes. "Institutional fund" does not include:
 - (a) Program-related assets;
 - (b) A fund held for an institution by a trustee that is not an institution; or
- (c) A fund in which a beneficiary that is not an institution has an interest, other than an interest that could arise upon violation or failure of the purposes of the fund.
- (6) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, government or governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
- (7) "Program-related asset" means an asset held by an institution primarily to accomplish a charitable purpose of the institution and not primarily for investment.
- (8) "Record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** STANDARD OF CONDUCT IN MANAGING AND INVESTING INSTITUTIONAL FUND. (1) Subject to the intent of a donor expressed in a gift instrument, an institution, in managing and investing an institutional fund, shall consider the charitable purposes of the institution and the purposes of the institutional fund.
- (2) In addition to complying with the duty of loyalty imposed by law other than this chapter, each person responsible for managing and investing an institutional fund shall manage and invest the fund in good faith and with the care an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar circumstances.

- (3) In managing and investing an institutional fund, an institution:
- (a) May incur only costs that are appropriate and reasonable in relation to the assets, the purposes of the institution, and the skills available to the institution; and
- (b) Shall make a reasonable effort to verify facts relevant to the management and investment of the fund.
- (4) An institution may pool two or more institutional funds for purposes of management and investment.
- (5) Except as otherwise provided by a gift instrument, the following rules apply:
- (a) In managing and investing an institutional fund, the following factors, if relevant, must be considered:
 - (i) General economic conditions;
 - (ii) The possible effect of inflation or deflation;
- (iii) The expected tax consequences, if any, of investment decisions or strategies;
- (iv) The role that each investment or course of action plays within the overall investment portfolio of the fund;
- (v) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments;
 - (vi) Other resources of the institution;
- (vii) The needs of the institution and the institutional fund to make distributions and to preserve capital; and
- (viii) An asset's special relationship or special value, if any, to the charitable purposes of the institution.
- (b) Management and investment decisions about an individual asset must be made not in isolation but rather in the context of the institutional fund's portfolio of investments as a whole and as a part of an overall investment strategy having risk and return objectives reasonably suited to the institutional fund and to the institution.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided by law, an institution may invest in any kind of property or type of investment consistent with this section.
- (d) An institution shall diversify the investments of an institutional fund unless the institution reasonably determines that, because of special circumstances, the purposes of the fund are better served without diversification.
- (e) Within a reasonable time after receiving property, an institution shall make and carry out decisions concerning the retention or disposition of the property or to rebalance a portfolio, in order to bring the institutional fund into compliance with the purposes, terms, and distribution requirements of the institution as necessary to meet other circumstances of the institution and the requirements of this chapter.
- (f) A person that has special skills or expertise, or is selected in reliance upon the person's representation that the person has special skills or expertise, has a duty to use those skills or that expertise in managing and investing institutional funds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. APPROPRIATION FOR EXPENDITURE OR ACCUMULATION OF ENDOWMENT FUND—RULES OF CONSTRUCTION. (1) Subject to the intent of a donor expressed in the gift instrument, an institution may appropriate for expenditure or accumulate so

much of an endowment fund as the institution determines is prudent for the uses, benefits, purposes, and duration for which the endowment fund is established. Unless stated otherwise in the gift instrument, the assets in an endowment fund are donor-restricted assets until appropriated for expenditure by the institution. In making a determination to appropriate or accumulate, the institution shall act in good faith, with the care that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar circumstances, and shall consider, if relevant, the following factors:

- (a) The duration and preservation of the endowment fund;
- (b) The purposes of the institution and the endowment fund;
- (c) General economic conditions;
- (d) The possible effect of inflation or deflation;
- (e) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments:
 - (f) Other resources of the institution; and
 - (g) The investment policy of the institution.
- (2) To limit the authority to appropriate for expenditure or accumulate under subsection (1) of this section, a gift instrument must specifically state the limitation.
- (3) Terms in a gift instrument designating a gift as an endowment, or a direction or authorization in the gift instrument to use only "income," "interest," "dividends," or "rents, issues, or profits," or "to preserve the principal intact," or words of similar import:
- (a) Create an endowment fund of permanent duration unless other language in the gift instrument limits the duration or purpose of the fund; and
- (b) Do not otherwise limit the authority to appropriate for expenditure or accumulate under subsection (1) of this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** DELEGATION OF MANAGEMENT AND INVESTMENT FUNCTIONS. (1) Subject to any specific limitation set forth in a gift instrument or in law other than this chapter, an institution may delegate to an external agent the management and investment of an institutional fund to the extent that an institution could prudently delegate under the circumstances. An institution shall act in good faith, with the care that an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar circumstances, in:

- (a) Selecting an agent;
- (b) Establishing the scope and terms of the delegation, consistent with the purposes of the institution and the institutional fund; and
- (c) Periodically reviewing the agent's actions in order to monitor the agent's performance and compliance with the scope and terms of the delegation.
- (2) In performing a delegated function, an agent owes a duty to the institution to exercise reasonable care to comply with the scope and terms of the delegation.
- (3) An institution that complies with subsection (1) of this section is not liable for the decisions or actions of an agent to which the function was delegated.
- (4) By accepting delegation of a management or investment function from an institution that is subject to the laws of this state, an agent submits to the jurisdiction of the courts of this state in all proceedings arising from or related to the delegation or the performance of the delegated function.

- (5) An institution may delegate management and investment functions to its committees, officers, or employees as authorized by law.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. RELEASE OR MODIFICATION OF RESTRICTIONS ON MANAGEMENT, INVESTMENT, OR PURPOSE. (1) If the donor consents in a record, an institution may release or modify, in whole or in part, a restriction contained in a gift instrument on the management, investment, or purpose of an institutional fund. A release or modification may not allow a fund to be used for a purpose other than a charitable purpose of the institution.
- (2) The court, upon application of an institution, may modify a restriction contained in a gift instrument regarding the management or investment of an institutional fund if the restriction has become impracticable or wasteful, if it impairs the management or investment of the fund, or if, because of circumstances not anticipated by the donor, a modification of a restriction will further the purposes of the fund. The institution shall notify the attorney general of the application, and the attorney general must be given an opportunity to be heard. To the extent practicable, any modification must be made in accordance with the donor's probable intention.
- (3) If a particular charitable purpose or a restriction contained in a gift instrument on the use of an institutional fund becomes unlawful, impracticable, impossible to achieve, or wasteful, the court, upon application of an institution, may modify the purpose of the fund or the restriction on the use of the fund in a manner consistent with the charitable purposes expressed in the gift instrument. The institution shall notify the attorney general of the application, and the attorney general must be given an opportunity to be heard.
- (4) If an institution determines that a restriction contained in a gift instrument on the management, investment, or purpose of an institutional fund is unlawful, impracticable, impossible to achieve, or wasteful, the institution, sixty days after notification to the attorney general, may release or modify the restriction, in whole or part, if:
- (a) The institutional fund subject to the restriction has a total value of less than seventy-five thousand dollars. On the first day of July of each year, beginning on July 1, 2011, the dollar limit provided in this subsection (4)(a) shall increase by an amount of two thousand five hundred dollars;
 - (b) More than twenty years have elapsed since the fund was established; and
- (c) The institution uses the property in a manner consistent with the charitable purposes expressed in the gift instrument.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** REVIEWING COMPLIANCE. Compliance with this chapter is determined in light of the facts and circumstances existing at the time a decision is made or action is taken, and not by hindsight.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** APPLICATION TO EXISTING INSTITUTIONAL FUNDS. (1) Before July 1, 2009, this chapter applies to an institutional fund existing on the effective date of this act only if the institution's governing body elects to apply this chapter to the institutional fund before July 1, 2009.
 - (2) On and after July 1, 2009, this chapter applies to all institutional funds.
- (3) As applied to institutional funds existing on the effective date of this act, this chapter governs only decisions made or actions taken on or after July 1,

2009, except that in the case of an institution that makes the election under subsection (1) of this section this chapter governs decisions made or actions taken on or after the date the institution elects to be covered by this chapter.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** RELATION TO ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT. This chapter modifies, limits, and supersedes the electronic signatures in global and national commerce act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001 et seq.), but does not modify, limit, or supersede 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001(a), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7003(b).

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND CONSTRUCTION. In applying and construing this uniform act, consideration must be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** CAPTIONS NOT LAW. Captions used in this act are not any part of the law.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** Sections 1 through 11 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 24 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed, effective July 1, 2009:

- (1) RCW 24.44.010 (Definitions) and 1973 c 17 s 1;
- (2) RCW 24.44.020 (Appropriation of appreciation) and 1973 c 17 s 2;
- (3) RCW 24.44.030 (Investment authority) and 1973 c 17 s 3;
- (4) RCW 24.44.040 (Delegation of investment management) and 1973 c 17 s 4;
 - (5) RCW 24.44.050 (Standard of conduct) and 1973 c 17 s 5;
- (6) RCW 24.44.060 (Release of restrictions on use or investments) and 1973 c 17 s 6;
- (7) RCW 24.44.070 (Uniformity of application and construction) and 1973 c 17 s 8;
 - (8) RCW 24.44.080 (Short title) and 1973 c 17 s 9:
 - (9) RCW 24.44.090 (Section headings) and 1973 c 17 s 10; and
 - (10) RCW 24.44.900 (Severability—1973 c 17) and 1973 c 17 s 7.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Passed by the House April 24, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 437

[Substitute House Bill 1592]

BUSINESS ENTITY REGISTRATION—REQUIREMENTS

AN ACT Relating to business entities and associations registered with the secretary of state; amending RCW 25.15.270, 25.15.290, 25.05.500, and 25.05.560; adding a new section to chapter 25.15 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 24.12 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 25.05 RCW; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 25.15.270 and 2006 c 48 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

A limited liability company is dissolved and its affairs shall be wound up upon the first to occur of the following:

- (1)(a) The dissolution date, if any, specified in the certificate of formation. If a dissolution date is not specified in the certificate of formation, the limited liability company's existence will continue until the first to occur of the events described in subsections (2) through (6) of this section. If a dissolution date is specified in the certificate of formation, the certificate of formation may be amended and the existence of the limited liability company may be extended by vote of all the members($(\frac{1}{2})$).
- (b) This subsection does not apply to a limited liability company formed under RCW 30.08.025 or 32.08.025((-));
- (2) The happening of events specified in a limited liability company agreement;
 - (3) The written consent of all members;
- (4) Unless the limited liability company agreement provides otherwise, ninety days following an event of dissociation of the last remaining member, unless those having the rights of assignees in the limited liability company under RCW 25.15.130(1) have, by the ninetieth day, voted to admit one or more members, voting as though they were members, and in the manner set forth in RCW 25.15.120(1);
 - (5) The entry of a decree of judicial dissolution under RCW 25.15.275; or
- (6) The expiration of ((two)) five years after the effective date of dissolution under RCW 25.15.285 without the reinstatement of the limited liability company.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 25.15.290 and 1994 c 211 s 805 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A limited liability company administratively dissolved under RCW 25.15.285 may apply to the secretary of state for reinstatement within ((two)) five years after the effective date of dissolution. The application must:
- (a) Recite the name of the limited liability company and the effective date of its administrative dissolution:
- (b) State that the ground or grounds for dissolution either did not exist or have been eliminated; and
- (c) State that the limited liability company's name satisfies the requirements of RCW 25.15.010.
- (2) If the secretary of state determines that the application contains the information required by subsection (1) of this section and that the name is available, the secretary of state shall reinstate the limited liability company and give the limited liability company written notice, as provided in RCW 25.15.285(1), of the reinstatement that recites the effective date of reinstatement. If the name is not available, the limited liability company must file with its application for reinstatement an amendment to its certificate of formation reflecting a change of name.
- (3) When the reinstatement is effective, it relates back to and takes effect as of the effective date of the administrative dissolution and the limited liability

company may resume carrying on its business as if the administrative dissolution had never occurred.

(4) If an application for reinstatement is not made within the ((two-year)) five-year period set forth in subsection (1) of this section, or if the application made within this period is not granted, the ((secretary of state shall cancel the)) limited liability company's certificate of formation is deemed canceled.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 25.15 RCW under the subchapter heading "Article VIII. Dissolution" to read as follows:

- (1) A limited liability company voluntarily dissolved under RCW 25.15.270 may apply to the secretary of state for reinstatement within one hundred twenty days after the effective date of dissolution. The application must:
- (a) Recite the name of the limited liability company and the effective date of its voluntary dissolution;
- (b) State that the ground or grounds for voluntary dissolution have been eliminated; and
- (c) State that the limited liability company's name satisfies the requirements of RCW 25.15.010.
- (2) If the secretary of state determines that the application contains the information required by subsection (1) of this section and that the name is available, the secretary of state shall reinstate the limited liability company and give the limited liability company written notice of the reinstatement that recites the effective date of reinstatement. If the name is not available, the limited liability company must file with its application for reinstatement an amendment to its certificate of formation reflecting a change of name.
- (3) When the reinstatement is effective, it relates back to and takes effect as of the effective date of the voluntary dissolution and the limited liability company may resume carrying on its business as if the voluntary dissolution had never occurred.
- (4) If an application for reinstatement is not made within the one hundred twenty-day period set forth in subsection (1) of this section, or if the application made within this period is not granted, the secretary of state shall cancel the limited liability company's certificate of formation.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 25.05.500 and 1998 c 103 s 1101 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A partnership which is not a limited liability partnership on June 11, 1998, may become a limited liability partnership upon the approval of the terms and conditions upon which it becomes a limited liability partnership by the vote necessary to amend the partnership agreement except, in the case of a partnership agreement that expressly considers obligations to contribute to the partnership, the vote necessary to amend those provisions, and by filing the applications required by subsection (2) of this section. A partnership which is a limited liability partnership on June 11, 1998, continues as a limited liability partnership under this chapter.
- (2)(a) To become and to continue as a limited liability partnership, a partnership shall file with the secretary of state an application stating the name of the partnership; the location of a registered office, which need not be a place of its activity in this state; the address of its principal office; if the partnership's principal office is not located in this state, the address of a registered office and

the name and address of a registered agent for service of process in this state which the partnership will be required to <u>continuously</u> maintain; the number of partners; a brief statement of the business in which the partnership engages; any other matters that the partnership determines to include; and that the partnership thereby applies for status as a limited liability partnership.

- (b) A registered agent for service of process under (a) of this subsection must be an individual who is a resident of this state or other person authorized to do business in this state.
- (3) The application shall be accompanied by a fee of one hundred seventy-five dollars for each partnership.
- (4) The secretary of state shall register as a limited liability partnership any partnership that submits a completed application with the required fee.
- (5) A partnership registered under this section shall pay an annual fee, in each year following the year in which its application is filed, on a date and in an amount specified by the secretary of state. The fee must be accompanied by a notice, on a form provided by the secretary of state, of the number of partners currently in the partnership and of any material changes in the information contained in the partnership's application for registration.
- (6) Registration is effective immediately after the date an application is filed, and remains effective until:
- (a) It is voluntarily withdrawn by filing with the secretary of state a written withdrawal notice executed by a majority of the partners or by one or more partners or other persons authorized to execute a withdrawal notice; or
- (b) Thirty days after receipt by the partnership of a notice from the secretary of state, which notice shall be sent by first-class mail, postage prepaid, that the partnership has failed to make timely payment of the annual fee specified in subsection (5) of this section, unless the fee is paid within such a thirty-day period.
- (7) The status of a partnership as a limited liability partnership, and the liability of the partners thereof, shall not be affected by: (a) Errors in the information stated in an application under subsection (2) of this section or a notice under subsection (6) of this section; or (b) changes after the filing of such an application or notice in the information stated in the application or notice.
- (8) The secretary of state may provide forms for the application under subsection (2) of this section or a notice under subsection (6) of this section.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** CHANGE OF REGISTERED OFFICE OR AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS. (1) In order to change its registered office, registered agent for service of process, or the address of its registered agent for service of process, a limited liability partnership must deliver to the secretary of state for filing a statement of change containing:
 - (a) The name of the limited liability partnership;
 - (b) The street and mailing address of its current registered office;
- (c) If the current registered office is to be changed, the street and mailing address of the new registered office;
- (d) The name and street and mailing address of its current registered agent for service of process; and
- (e) If the current registered agent for service of process or an address of the registered agent is to be changed, the new information.
 - (2) A statement of change is effective when filed by the secretary of state.

- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** RESIGNATION OF REGISTERED AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS. (1) In order to resign as a registered agent for service of process of a limited liability partnership, the registered agent must deliver to the secretary of state for filing a statement of resignation containing the name of the limited liability partnership.
- (2) After receiving a statement of resignation, the secretary of state shall file it and mail a copy to the registered office of the limited liability partnership and another copy to the principal office if the address of the office appears in the records of the secretary of state and is different from the address of the registered office
- (3) A registered agent for service of process is terminated on the thirty-first day after the secretary of state files the statement of resignation.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** SERVICE OF PROCESS. (1) A registered agent for service of process appointed by a limited liability partnership is a registered agent of the limited liability partnership for service of any process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon the limited liability partnership.
- (2) If a limited liability partnership does not appoint or maintain a registered agent for service of process in this state or the registered agent for service of process cannot with reasonable diligence be found at the registered agent's address, the secretary of state is an agent of the limited liability partnership upon whom process, notice, or demand may be served.
- (3) Service of any process, notice, or demand on the secretary of state may be made by delivering to and leaving with the secretary of state duplicate copies of the process, notice, or demand. If a process, notice, or demand is served on the secretary of state, the secretary of state shall forward one of the copies by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the limited liability partnership at its registered office.
 - (4) Service is effected under subsection (3) of this section at the earliest of:
- (a) The date the limited liability partnership receives the process, notice, or demand:
- (b) The date shown on the return receipt, if signed on behalf of the limited liability partnership; or
- (c) Five days after the process, notice, or demand is deposited in the mail, if mailed postpaid and correctly addressed.
- (5) The secretary of state shall keep a record of each process, notice, and demand served pursuant to this section and record the time of, and the action taken regarding, the service.
- (6) This section does not affect the right to serve process, notice, or demand in any other manner provided by law.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** REGISTERED OFFICE AND AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS. (1) A foreign limited liability partnership shall designate and continuously maintain in this state:
- (a) A registered office, which need not be a place of its activity in this state; and
 - (b) A registered agent for service of process.

(2) A registered agent for service of process of a foreign limited liability partnership must be an individual who is a resident of this state or other person authorized to do business in this state.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** CHANGE OF REGISTERED OFFICE OR AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS. (1) In order to change its registered office, registered agent for service of process, or the address of its registered agent for service of process, a foreign limited liability partnership must deliver to the secretary of state for filing a statement of change containing:

- (a) The name of the foreign limited liability partnership;
- (b) The street and mailing address of its current registered office;
- (c) If the current registered office is to be changed, the street and mailing address of the new registered office;
- (d) The name and street and mailing address of its current registered agent for service of process; and
- (e) If the current registered agent for service of process or an address of the registered agent is to be changed, the new information.
 - (2) A statement of change is effective when filed by the secretary of state.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** RESIGNATION OF REGISTERED AGENT FOR SERVICE OF PROCESS. (1) In order to resign as a registered agent for service of process of a foreign limited liability partnership, the registered agent must deliver to the secretary of state for filing a statement of resignation containing the name of the foreign limited liability partnership.

- (2) After receiving a statement of resignation, the secretary of state shall file it and mail a copy to the registered office of the foreign limited liability partnership and another copy to the principal office if the address of the office appears in the records of the secretary of state and is different from the address of the registered office.
- (3) A registered agent for service of process is terminated on the thirty-first day after the secretary of state files the statement of resignation.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** SERVICE OF PROCESS. (1) A registered agent for service of process appointed by a foreign limited liability partnership is a registered agent of the foreign limited liability partnership for service of any process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be served upon the foreign limited liability partnership.

- (2) If a foreign limited liability partnership does not appoint or maintain a registered agent for service of process in this state or the registered agent for service of process cannot with reasonable diligence be found at the registered agent's address, the secretary of state is an agent of the foreign limited liability partnership upon whom process, notice, or demand may be served.
- (3) Service of any process, notice, or demand on the secretary of state may be made by delivering to and leaving with the secretary of state duplicate copies of the process, notice, or demand. If a process, notice, or demand is served on the secretary of state, the secretary of state shall forward one of the copies by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, to the foreign limited liability partnership at its registered office.
 - (4) Service is effected under subsection (3) of this section at the earliest of:
- (a) The date the foreign limited liability partnership receives the process, notice, or demand;

- (b) The date shown on the return receipt, if signed on behalf of the foreign limited liability partnership; or
- (c) Five days after the process, notice, or demand is deposited in the mail, if mailed postpaid and correctly addressed.
- (5) The secretary of state shall keep a record of each process, notice, and demand served pursuant to this section and record the time of, and the action taken regarding, the service.
- (6) This section does not affect the right to serve process, notice, or demand in any other manner provided by law.
- **Sec. 12.** RCW 25.05.560 and 1998 c 103 s 1203 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A foreign limited liability partnership transacting business in this state may not maintain an action or proceeding in this state unless it has in effect a registration as a foreign limited liability partnership.
- (2) The failure of a foreign limited liability partnership to have in effect a registration as a foreign limited liability partnership does not impair the validity of a contract or act of the foreign limited liability partnership or preclude it from defending an action or proceeding in this state.
- (3) A limitation on personal liability of a partner is not waived solely by transacting business in this state without registration as a foreign limited liability partnership.
- (4) If a foreign limited liability partnership transacts business in this state without a registration as a foreign limited liability partnership, the secretary of state is its agent, as set forth under section 11 of this act, for service of process with respect to a right of action arising out of the transaction of business in this state.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** A new section is added to chapter 24.12 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Each corporation sole registered in this state shall file, with a ten dollar filing fee and within the time prescribed by this chapter, an annual report in the form prescribed by the secretary of state. The report shall set forth:
- (a) The name of the corporation sole and the state or country under the laws of which it is incorporated;
- (b) The address of the principal place of business of the corporation sole in this state including street and number;
- (c) The name and respective address of the bishop, overseer, or presiding elder of the corporation sole; and
 - (d) The corporation sole's unified business identifier number.
- (2)(a) The information shall be given as of the date of the execution of the report. It shall be executed by the corporation sole by an officer of the corporation sole or, if the corporation sole is in the hands of a receiver or trustee, it shall be executed on behalf of the corporation sole by such receiver or trustee.
- (b) The secretary of state may provide that correcting or updating information appearing on previous annual or biennial filings is sufficient to constitute the current filing.
- (3) The secretary may administratively dissolve a corporation sole that does not comply with this section. However, the secretary shall reinstate a corporation sole administratively dissolved under this subsection if the

corporation sole complies with the requirements of section 15 of this act within five years of the administrative dissolution.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** A new section is added to chapter 24.12 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Not less than thirty days prior to a corporation sole's renewal date, the secretary of state shall mail to each corporation sole, by first-class mail addressed to its registered office, a notice that its annual report must be filed as required by this chapter, and stating that if it fails to file its annual report it shall be dissolved or its certificate of authority revoked, as the case may be. Failure of the secretary of state to mail the notice does not relieve a corporation sole from its obligation to file the annual reports required by this chapter.
- (2)(a) The report of a corporation sole shall be delivered to the secretary of state on an annual renewal date as the secretary of state may establish. The secretary of state may adopt rules to establish biennial reporting dates and to stagger reporting dates.
- (b) If the secretary of state finds that the report substantially conforms to the requirements of this chapter, the secretary of state shall file that report.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** A new section is added to chapter 24.12 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The secretary of state shall, when exigent or mitigating circumstances are presented, reinstate to full active status any corporation sole previously in good standing that would otherwise be penalized or lose its active status. Any corporation sole desiring to seek relief under this section shall, within five years of the missed filing or lapse, notify the secretary of state in writing. The notification must include the name and mailing address of the corporation sole, the corporate sole officer to whom correspondence should be sent, and a statement under oath by a responsible corporate sole officer, setting forth the nature of the missed filing or lapse, the circumstances of the missed filing or lapse, that disproportionate harm would occur to the corporation sole if relief were not granted, and the relief sought.
- (2) Upon receipt of the notice under subsection (1) of this section, the secretary of state shall investigate the circumstances of the missed filing or lapse.
- (a) If the secretary of state is satisfied that sufficient exigent or mitigating circumstances exist; that the corporation sole has demonstrated good faith and a reasonable attempt to comply with the applicable corporate sole license statutes of this state; that disproportionate harm would occur to the corporation sole if relief were not granted; and that relief would not be contrary to the public interest expressed in this title, the secretary may issue an order reinstating the corporation sole and specifying any terms and conditions of the relief. Reinstatement may relate back to the date of lapse or dissolution.
- (b) If the secretary of state determines the request does not comply with the requirements for relief, the secretary shall issue an order denying the requested relief and stating the reasons for the denial. Any denial of relief by the secretary of state is final and is not appealable.
- (c) The secretary of state shall keep records of all requests for relief and the disposition of the requests. The secretary of state shall annually report to the

legislature the number of relief requests received in the preceding year and a summary of the secretary's disposition of the requests.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 16.** A new section is added to chapter 24.12 RCW to read as follows:

Effective August 1, 2009, a corporation sole may not be formed or incorporated under this chapter.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 17.** Sections 5 through 7 of this act are each added to chapter 25.05 RCW under the subchapter heading "Article 11 Limited Liability Partnership."

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 18.** Sections 8 through 11 of this act are each added to chapter 25.05 RCW under the subchapter heading "Article 12 Foreign Limited Liability Partnership."

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 19.** Captions used in this act are not any part of the law.

Passed by the House April 24, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 23, 2009.

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CHAPTER 438

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1138]

RETAIL RESTROOM ACCESS—CUSTOMERS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

AN ACT Relating to allowing persons with certain medical conditions to access the restroom in a retail establishment; adding a new section to chapter 70.54 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 70.54 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) For purposes of this section:
- (a) "Customer" means an individual who is lawfully on the premises of a retail establishment.
 - (b) "Eligible medical condition" means:
- (i) Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, or any other inflammatory bowel disease;
 - (ii) Irritable bowel syndrome;
 - (iii) Any condition requiring use of an ostomy device; or
- (iv) Any permanent or temporary medical condition that requires immediate access to a restroom.
- (c) "Employee restroom" means a restroom intended for employees only in a retail facility and not intended for customers.
- (d) "Health care provider" means an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed under chapter 18.79 RCW, an osteopathic physician or surgeon licensed under chapter 18.57 RCW, an osteopathic physicians assistant licensed under chapter 18.57A RCW, a physician or surgeon licensed under chapter 18.71 RCW, or a physician assistant licensed under chapter 18.71A RCW.
- (e) "Retail establishment" means a place of business open to the general public for the sale of goods or services. Retail establishment does not include

any structure such as a filling station, service station, or restaurant of eight hundred square feet or less that has an employee restroom located within that structure.

- (2) A retail establishment that has an employee restroom must allow a customer with an eligible medical condition to use that employee restroom during normal business hours if:
- (a) The customer requesting the use of the employee restroom provides in writing either:
- (i) A signed statement by the customer's health care provider on a form that has been prepared by the department of health under subsection (4) of this section; or
- (ii) An identification card that is issued by a nonprofit organization whose purpose includes serving individuals who suffer from an eligible medical condition; and
 - (b) One of the following conditions are met:
- (i) The employee restroom is reasonably safe and is not located in an area where providing access would create an obvious health or safety risk to the customer; or
- (ii) Allowing the customer to access the restroom facility does not pose a security risk to the retail establishment or its employees.
- (3) A retail establishment that has an employee restroom must allow a customer to use that employee restroom during normal business hours if:
- (a)(i) Three or more employees of the retail establishment are working at the time the customer requests use of the employee restroom; and
- (ii) The retail establishment does not normally make a restroom available to the public; and
- (b)(i) The employee restroom is reasonably safe and is not located in an area where providing access would create an obvious health or safety risk to the customer; or
- (ii) Allowing the customer to access the employee restroom does not pose a security risk to the retail establishment or its employees.
- (4) The department of health shall develop a standard electronic form that may be signed by a health care provider as evidence of the existence of an eligible medical condition as required by subsection (2) of this section. The form shall include a brief description of a customer's rights under this section and shall be made available for a customer or his or her health care provider to access by computer. Nothing in this section requires the department to distribute printed versions of the form.
- (5) Fraudulent use of a form as evidence of the existence of an eligible medical condition is a misdemeanor punishable under RCW 9A.20.010.
- (6) For a first violation of this section, the city or county attorney shall issue a warning letter to the owner or operator of the retail establishment, and to any employee of a retail establishment who denies access to an employee restroom in violation of this section, informing the owner or operator of the establishment and employee of the requirements of this section. A retail establishment or an employee of a retail establishment that violates this section after receiving a warning letter is guilty of a class 2 civil infraction under chapter 7.80 RCW.
- (7) A retail establishment is not required to make any physical changes to an employee restroom under this section and may require that an employee

accompany a customer or a customer with an eligible medical condition to the employee restroom.

- (8) A retail establishment or an employee of a retail establishment is not civilly liable for any act or omission in allowing a customer or a customer with an eligible medical condition to use an employee restroom if the act or omission meets all of the following:
 - (a) It is not willful or grossly negligent;
- (b) It occurs in an area of the retail establishment that is not accessible to the public; and
- (c) It results in an injury to or death of the customer or the customer with an eligible medical condition or any individual other than an employee accompanying the customer or the customer with an eligible medical condition.

Passed by the House April 24, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009.

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CHAPTER 439

[House Bill 1148]

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE—PROTECTION OF ANIMALS

AN ACT Relating to protecting animals from perpetrators of domestic violence; amending RCW 26.50.060 and 26.50.110; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that considerable research shows a strong correlation between animal abuse, child abuse, and domestic violence. The legislature intends that perpetrators of domestic violence not be allowed to further terrorize and manipulate their victims, or the children of their victims, by using the threat of violence toward pets.

- **Sec. 2.** RCW 26.50.060 and 2000 c 119 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Upon notice and after hearing, the court may provide relief as follows:
 - (a) Restrain the respondent from committing acts of domestic violence;
- (b) Exclude the respondent from the dwelling that the parties share, from the residence, workplace, or school of the petitioner, or from the day care or school of a child:
- (c) Prohibit the respondent from knowingly coming within, or knowingly remaining within, a specified distance from a specified location;
- (d) On the same basis as is provided in chapter 26.09 RCW, the court shall make residential provision with regard to minor children of the parties. However, parenting plans as specified in chapter 26.09 RCW shall not be required under this chapter;
- (e) Order the respondent to participate in a domestic violence perpetrator treatment program approved under RCW 26.50.150;
- (f) Order other relief as it deems necessary for the protection of the petitioner and other family or household members sought to be protected, including orders or directives to a peace officer, as allowed under this chapter;

- (g) Require the respondent to pay the administrative court costs and service fees, as established by the county or municipality incurring the expense and to reimburse the petitioner for costs incurred in bringing the action, including reasonable attorneys' fees;
- (h) Restrain the respondent from having any contact with the victim of domestic violence or the victim's children or members of the victim's household;
- (i) Require the respondent to submit to electronic monitoring. The order shall specify who shall provide the electronic monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring must be performed. The order also may include a requirement that the respondent pay the costs of the monitoring. The court shall consider the ability of the respondent to pay for electronic monitoring;
 - (i) Consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800;
- (k) Order possession and use of essential personal effects. The court shall list the essential personal effects with sufficient specificity to make it clear which property is included. Personal effects may include pets. The court may order that a petitioner be granted the exclusive custody or control of any pet owned, possessed, leased, kept, or held by the petitioner, respondent, or minor child residing with either the petitioner or respondent and may prohibit the respondent from interfering with the petitioner's efforts to remove the pet. The court may also prohibit the respondent from knowingly coming within, or knowingly remaining within, a specified distance of specified locations where the pet is regularly found; and
 - (1) Order use of a vehicle.
- (2) If a protection order restrains the respondent from contacting the respondent's minor children the restraint shall be for a fixed period not to exceed one year. This limitation is not applicable to orders for protection issued under chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 26.26 RCW. With regard to other relief, if the petitioner has petitioned for relief on his or her own behalf or on behalf of the petitioner's family or household members or minor children, and the court finds that the respondent is likely to resume acts of domestic violence against the petitioner or the petitioner's family or household members or minor children when the order expires, the court may either grant relief for a fixed period or enter a permanent order of protection.

If the petitioner has petitioned for relief on behalf of the respondent's minor children, the court shall advise the petitioner that if the petitioner wants to continue protection for a period beyond one year the petitioner may either petition for renewal pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or may seek relief pursuant to the provisions of chapter 26.09 or 26.26 RCW.

(3) If the court grants an order for a fixed time period, the petitioner may apply for renewal of the order by filing a petition for renewal at any time within the three months before the order expires. The petition for renewal shall state the reasons why the petitioner seeks to renew the protection order. Upon receipt of the petition for renewal the court shall order a hearing which shall be not later than fourteen days from the date of the order. Except as provided in RCW 26.50.085, personal service shall be made on the respondent not less than five days before the hearing. If timely service cannot be made the court shall set a new hearing date and shall either require additional attempts at obtaining personal service or permit service by publication as provided in RCW 26.50.085 or by mail as provided in RCW 26.50.123. If the court permits service by

publication or mail, the court shall set the new hearing date not later than twenty-four days from the date of the order. If the order expires because timely service cannot be made the court shall grant an ex parte order of protection as provided in RCW 26.50.070. The court shall grant the petition for renewal unless the respondent proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the respondent will not resume acts of domestic violence against the petitioner or the petitioner's children or family or household members when the order expires. The court may renew the protection order for another fixed time period or may enter a permanent order as provided in this section. The court may award court costs, service fees, and reasonable attorneys' fees as provided in subsection $(1)((\frac{(f)}{2}))$ (g) of this section.

- (4) In providing relief under this chapter, the court may realign the designation of the parties as "petitioner" and "respondent" where the court finds that the original petitioner is the abuser and the original respondent is the victim of domestic violence and may issue an ex parte temporary order for protection in accordance with RCW 26.50.070 on behalf of the victim until the victim is able to prepare a petition for an order for protection in accordance with RCW 26.50.030.
- (5) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, no order for protection shall grant relief to any party except upon notice to the respondent and hearing pursuant to a petition or counter-petition filed and served by the party seeking relief in accordance with RCW 26.50.050.
- (6) The court order shall specify the date the order expires if any. The court order shall also state whether the court issued the protection order following personal service, service by publication, or service by mail and whether the court has approved service by publication or mail of an order issued under this section.
- (7) If the court declines to issue an order for protection or declines to renew an order for protection, the court shall state in writing on the order the particular reasons for the court's denial.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 26.50.110 and 2007 c 173 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Whenever an order is granted under this chapter, chapter 7.90, 10.99, 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 74.34 RCW, or there is a valid foreign protection order as defined in RCW 26.52.020, and the respondent or person to be restrained knows of the order, a violation of any of the following provisions of the order is a gross misdemeanor, except as provided in subsections (4) and (5) of this section:
- (i) The restraint provisions prohibiting acts or threats of violence against, or stalking of, a protected party, or restraint provisions prohibiting contact with a protected party;
- (ii) A provision excluding the person from a residence, workplace, school, or day care;
- (iii) A provision prohibiting a person from knowingly coming within, or knowingly remaining within, a specified distance of a location; ((or))
- (iv) A provision prohibiting interfering with the protected party's efforts to remove a pet owned, possessed, leased, kept, or held by the petitioner, respondent, or a minor child residing with either the petitioner or the respondent; or
- (v) A provision of a foreign protection order specifically indicating that a violation will be a crime.

- (b) Upon conviction, and in addition to any other penalties provided by law, the court may require that the respondent submit to electronic monitoring. The court shall specify who shall provide the electronic monitoring services, and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed. The order also may include a requirement that the respondent pay the costs of the monitoring. The court shall consider the ability of the convicted person to pay for electronic monitoring.
- (2) A peace officer shall arrest without a warrant and take into custody a person whom the peace officer has probable cause to believe has violated an order issued under this chapter, chapter 7.90, 10.99, 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 74.34 RCW, or a valid foreign protection order as defined in RCW 26.52.020, that restrains the person or excludes the person from a residence, workplace, school, or day care, or prohibits the person from knowingly coming within, or knowingly remaining within, a specified distance of a location, if the person restrained knows of the order. Presence of the order in the law enforcement computer-based criminal intelligence information system is not the only means of establishing knowledge of the order.
- (3) A violation of an order issued under this chapter, chapter 7.90, 10.99, 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 74.34 RCW, or of a valid foreign protection order as defined in RCW 26.52.020, shall also constitute contempt of court, and is subject to the penalties prescribed by law.
- (4) Any assault that is a violation of an order issued under this chapter, chapter 7.90, 10.99, 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 74.34 RCW, or of a valid foreign protection order as defined in RCW 26.52.020, and that does not amount to assault in the first or second degree under RCW 9A.36.011 or 9A.36.021 is a class C felony, and any conduct in violation of such an order that is reckless and creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person is a class C felony.
- (5) A violation of a court order issued under this chapter, chapter 7.90, 10.99, 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 74.34 RCW, or of a valid foreign protection order as defined in RCW 26.52.020, is a class C felony if the offender has at least two previous convictions for violating the provisions of an order issued under this chapter, chapter 7.90, 10.99, 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 74.34 RCW, or a valid foreign protection order as defined in RCW 26.52.020. The previous convictions may involve the same victim or other victims specifically protected by the orders the offender violated.
- (6) Upon the filing of an affidavit by the petitioner or any peace officer alleging that the respondent has violated an order granted under this chapter, chapter 7.90, 10.99, 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 74.34 RCW, or a valid foreign protection order as defined in RCW 26.52.020, the court may issue an order to the respondent, requiring the respondent to appear and show cause within fourteen days why the respondent should not be found in contempt of court and punished accordingly. The hearing may be held in the court of any county or municipality in which the petitioner or respondent temporarily or permanently resides at the time of the alleged violation.

Passed by the House April 22, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 17, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 440

[House Bill 1238]

JUVENILE CASE RECORDS ACCESS—RESEARCH—PUBLIC DEFENSE

AN ACT Relating to access to juvenile case records for the Washington state center for court research and the Washington office of public defense; and amending RCW 13.50.010.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 13.50.010 and 1998 c 269 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) For purposes of this chapter:
- (a) "Juvenile justice or care agency" means any of the following: Police, diversion units, court, prosecuting attorney, defense attorney, detention center, attorney general, the legislative children's oversight committee, the office of (([the])) the family and children's ombudsman, the department of social and health services and its contracting agencies, schools; persons or public or private agencies having children committed to their custody; and any placement oversight committee created under RCW 72.05.415;
- (b) "Official juvenile court file" means the legal file of the juvenile court containing the petition or information, motions, memorandums, briefs, findings of the court, and court orders;
- (c) "Records" means the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of any other juvenile justice or care agency in the case;
- (d) "Social file" means the juvenile court file containing the records and reports of the probation counselor.
- (2) Each petition or information filed with the court may include only one juvenile and each petition or information shall be filed under a separate docket number. The social file shall be filed separately from the official juvenile court file.
- (3) It is the duty of any juvenile justice or care agency to maintain accurate records. To this end:
- (a) The agency may never knowingly record inaccurate information. Any information in records maintained by the department of social and health services relating to a petition filed pursuant to chapter 13.34 RCW that is found by the court to be false or inaccurate shall be corrected or expunged from such records by the agency;
- (b) An agency shall take reasonable steps to assure the security of its records and prevent tampering with them; and
- (c) An agency shall make reasonable efforts to insure the completeness of its records, including action taken by other agencies with respect to matters in its files.
- (4) Each juvenile justice or care agency shall implement procedures consistent with the provisions of this chapter to facilitate inquiries concerning records.
- (5) Any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency and who has been denied access to those records by the agency may make a motion

to the court for an order authorizing that person to inspect the juvenile justice or care agency record concerning that person. The court shall grant the motion to examine records unless it finds that in the interests of justice or in the best interests of the juvenile the records or parts of them should remain confidential.

- (6) A juvenile, or his or her parents, or any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency may make a motion to the court challenging the accuracy of any information concerning the moving party in the record or challenging the continued possession of the record by the agency. If the court grants the motion, it shall order the record or information to be corrected or destroyed.
- (7) The person making a motion under subsection (5) or (6) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to all parties to the original action and to any agency whose records will be affected by the motion.
- (8) The court may permit inspection of records by, or release of information to, any clinic, hospital, or agency which has the subject person under care or treatment. The court may also permit inspection by or release to individuals or agencies, including juvenile justice advisory committees of county law and justice councils, engaged in legitimate research for educational, scientific, or public purposes. The court may also permit inspection of, or release of information from, records which have been sealed pursuant to RCW 13.50.050(((11))) (12). The court shall release to the sentencing guidelines commission records needed for its research and data-gathering functions under RCW 9.94A.850 and other statutes. Access to records or information for research purposes shall be permitted only if the anonymity of all persons mentioned in the records or information will be preserved. Each person granted permission to inspect juvenile justice or care agency records for research purposes shall present a notarized statement to the court stating that the names of juveniles and parents will remain confidential.
- (9) Juvenile detention facilities shall release records to the sentencing guidelines commission under RCW 9.94A.850 upon request. The commission shall not disclose the names of any juveniles or parents mentioned in the records without the named individual's written permission.
- (10) Requirements in this chapter relating to the court's authority to compel disclosure shall not apply to the legislative children's oversight committee or the office of the family and children's ombudsman.
- (11) For the purpose of research only, the administrative office of the courts shall maintain an electronic research copy of all records in the judicial information system related to juveniles. Access to the research copy is restricted to the Washington state center for court research. The Washington state center for court research shall maintain the confidentiality of all confidential records and shall preserve the anonymity of all persons identified in the research copy. The research copy may not be subject to any records retention schedule and must include records destroyed or removed from the judicial information system pursuant to RCW 13.50.050 (17) and (18) and 13.50.100(3).
- (12) The court shall release to the Washington state office of public defense records needed to implement the agency's oversight, technical assistance, and other functions as required by RCW 2.70.020. Access to the records used as a basis for oversight, technical assistance, or other agency functions is restricted to

the Washington state office of public defense. The Washington state office of public defense shall maintain the confidentiality of all confidential information included in the records.

Passed by the House February 23, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 25, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 441

[Engrossed House Bill 2194]

EXTRAORDINARY MEDICAL PLACEMENTS—OFFENDERS

AN ACT Relating to extraordinary medical placement for offenders; amending RCW 9.94A.728; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 9.94A.728 and 2008 c 231 s 34 are each amended to read as follows:

No person serving a sentence imposed pursuant to this chapter and committed to the custody of the department shall leave the confines of the correctional facility or be released prior to the expiration of the sentence except as follows:

- (1) Except as otherwise provided for in subsection (2) of this section, the term of the sentence of an offender committed to a correctional facility operated by the department may be reduced by earned release time in accordance with procedures that shall be developed and promulgated by the correctional agency having jurisdiction in which the offender is confined. The earned release time shall be for good behavior and good performance, as determined by the correctional agency having jurisdiction. The correctional agency shall not credit the offender with earned release credits in advance of the offender actually earning the credits. Any program established pursuant to this section shall allow an offender to earn early release credits for presentence incarceration. If an offender is transferred from a county jail to the department, the administrator of a county jail facility shall certify to the department the amount of time spent in custody at the facility and the amount of earned release time. An offender who has been convicted of a felony committed after July 23, 1995, that involves any applicable deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or (4), or both, shall not receive any good time credits or earned release time for that portion of his or her sentence that results from any deadly weapon enhancements.
- (a) In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed fifteen percent of the sentence. In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed ten percent of the sentence.
- (b)(i) In the case of an offender who qualifies under (b)(ii) of this subsection, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed fifty percent of the sentence.

- (ii) An offender is qualified to earn up to fifty percent of aggregate earned release time under this subsection (1)(b) if he or she:
- (A) Is classified in one of the two lowest risk categories under (b)(iii) of this subsection;
 - (B) Is not confined pursuant to a sentence for:
 - (I) A sex offense:
 - (II) A violent offense;
 - (III) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;
 - (IV) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020;
 - (V) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);
- (VI) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine; or
- (VII) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor); (C) Has no prior conviction for:
 - (I) A sex offense;
 - (II) A violent offense:
 - (III) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;
 - (IV) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020;
 - (V) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);
- (VI) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine; or
- (VII) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor);
- (D) Participates in programming or activities as directed by the offender's individual reentry plan as provided under RCW 72.09.270 to the extent that such programming or activities are made available by the department; and
- (E) Has not committed a new felony after July 22, 2007, while under community custody.
- (iii) For purposes of determining an offender's eligibility under this subsection (1)(b), the department shall perform a risk assessment of every offender committed to a correctional facility operated by the department who has no current or prior conviction for a sex offense, a violent offense, a crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411, a felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020, a violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary), a violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, or a violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor). The department must classify each assessed offender in one of four risk categories between highest and lowest risk.
- (iv) The department shall recalculate the earned release time and reschedule the expected release dates for each qualified offender under this subsection (1)(b).
- (v) This subsection (1)(b) applies retroactively to eligible offenders serving terms of total confinement in a state correctional facility as of July 1, 2003.

- (vi) This subsection (1)(b) does not apply to offenders convicted after July 1, 2010.
- (c) In no other case shall the aggregate earned release time exceed one-third of the total sentence;
- (2)(a) A person convicted of a sex offense, a violent offense, any crime against persons under RCW 9.94A.411(2), or a felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, may become eligible, in accordance with a program developed by the department, for transfer to community custody in lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section;
- (b) The department shall, as a part of its program for release to the community in lieu of earned release, require the offender to propose a release plan that includes an approved residence and living arrangement. All offenders with community custody terms eligible for release to community custody in lieu of earned release shall provide an approved residence and living arrangement prior to release to the community;
- (c) The department may deny transfer to community custody in lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section if the department determines an offender's release plan, including proposed residence location and living arrangements, may violate the conditions of the sentence or conditions of supervision, place the offender at risk to violate the conditions of the sentence, place the offender at risk to reoffend, or present a risk to victim safety or community safety. The department's authority under this section is independent of any court-ordered condition of sentence or statutory provision regarding conditions for community custody;
- (d) If the department denies transfer to community custody in lieu of earned early release pursuant to (c) of this subsection, the department may transfer an offender to partial confinement in lieu of earned early release up to three months. The three months in partial confinement is in addition to that portion of the offender's term of confinement that may be served in partial confinement as provided in this section;
- (e) An offender serving a term of confinement imposed under RCW 9.94A.670(5)(a) is not eligible for earned release credits under this section;
- (3) An offender may leave a correctional facility pursuant to an authorized furlough or leave of absence. In addition, offenders may leave a correctional facility when in the custody of a corrections officer or officers;
- (4)(a) The secretary may authorize an extraordinary medical placement for an offender when all of the following conditions exist:
- (i) The offender has a medical condition that is serious ((enough)) and is expected to require costly care or treatment;
- (ii) The offender poses a low risk to the community because he or she is <u>currently</u> physically incapacitated due to age or the medical condition <u>or is expected to be so at the time of release</u>; and
- (iii) It is expected that granting the extraordinary medical placement will result in a cost savings to the state.
- (b) An offender sentenced to death or to life imprisonment without the possibility of release or parole is not eligible for an extraordinary medical placement.
- (c) The secretary shall require electronic monitoring for all offenders in extraordinary medical placement unless the electronic monitoring equipment

interferes with the function of the offender's medical equipment or results in the loss of funding for the offender's medical care, in which case, an alternative type of monitoring shall be utilized. The secretary shall specify who shall provide the monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed.

- (d) The secretary may revoke an extraordinary medical placement under this subsection at any time;
- (5) The governor, upon recommendation from the clemency and pardons board, may grant an extraordinary release for reasons of serious health problems, senility, advanced age, extraordinary meritorious acts, or other extraordinary circumstances;
- (6) No more than the final six months of the offender's term of confinement may be served in partial confinement designed to aid the offender in finding work and reestablishing himself or herself in the community. This is in addition to that period of earned early release time that may be exchanged for partial confinement pursuant to subsection (2)(d) of this section;
 - (7) The governor may pardon any offender;
- (8) The department may release an offender from confinement any time within ten days before a release date calculated under this section;
- (9) An offender may leave a correctional facility prior to completion of his or her sentence if the sentence has been reduced as provided in RCW 9.94A.870; and
- (10) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, an offender sentenced for a felony crime listed in RCW 9.94A.540 as subject to a mandatory minimum sentence of total confinement shall not be released from total confinement before the completion of the listed mandatory minimum sentence for that felony crime of conviction unless allowed under RCW 9.94A.540, however persistent offenders are not eligible for extraordinary medical placement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act takes effect August 1, 2009.

Passed by the House April 26, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 25, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 442

[Second Substitute House Bill 1290] LOCAL TOURISM PROMOTION AREAS

AN ACT Relating to local tourism promotion areas; amending RCW 35.101.010; and adding a new section to chapter 35.101 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 35.101.010 and 2003 c 148 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Area" means a tourism promotion area.

- (2) "Legislative authority" means the legislative authority of any county with a population greater than forty thousand ((but less than one million)), or of any city or town within such a county, including unclassified cities or towns operating under special charters. However, in any county with a population of one million or more, the legislative authority shall be comprised of two or more jurisdictions acting jointly as the legislative authority under an interlocal agreement created under chapter 39.34 RCW for the joint establishment and operation of a tourism promotion area.
- (3) "Lodging business" means a person that furnishes lodging taxable by the state under chapter 82.08 RCW that has forty or more lodging units.
- (4) "Tourism promotion" means activities and expenditures designed to increase tourism and convention business, including but not limited to advertising, publicizing, or otherwise distributing information for the purpose of attracting and welcoming tourists, and operating tourism destination marketing organizations.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 35.101 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A legislative authority shall contract, prior to the effective date of an ordinance imposing a lodging charge under RCW 35.101.050, for the administration and collection of the charge by the state department of revenue. The department may deduct a percentage amount, as provided by contract, for the administration and collection expenses incurred by the department.
- (2) This section only applies to a legislative authority consisting of a county with a population of one million or more or a city or town within such a county.

Passed by the House March 11, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 23, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 443

[Substitute House Bill 1347]
FINANCIAL EDUCATION PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP

AN ACT Relating to financial education; amending RCW 28A.300.450, 28A.300.460, and 28A.300.465; adding new sections to chapter 28A.300 RCW; and repealing RCW 28A.300.455, 28A.300.470, and 28A.230.205.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 28A.300.450 and 2004 c 247 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A financial ((literacy)) education public-private partnership is established, composed of ((up to four members representing the legislature, one from and appointed by the office of the superintendent of public instruction, one from and appointed by the department of financial institutions, up to four from the financial services sector, and four educators. One or two members of the senate, one of whom is a member of the senate committee on financial services, insurance and housing, shall be appointed by the president of the senate. One or two members of the house of representatives, one of whom is a member of the house committee on financial institutions and insurance, shall be appointed by

the speaker of the house of representatives. The superintendent of public instruction shall appoint the members from the financial services sector and educator members.)) the following members:

- (a) Four members of the legislature, with one member from each caucus of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, and one member from each caucus of the senate appointed by the president of the senate;
- (b) Four representatives from the private for-profit and nonprofit financial services sector, including at least one representative from the jumpstart coalition, to be appointed by the governor;
- (c) Four teachers to be appointed by the superintendent of public instruction, with one each representing the elementary, middle, secondary, and postsecondary education sectors;
- (d) A representative from the department of financial institutions to be appointed by the director;
- (e) Two representatives from the office of the superintendent of public instruction, with one involved in curriculum development and one involved in teacher professional development, to be appointed by the superintendent.
- (2) The chair of the partnership shall be selected by the members of the partnership from among the legislative members.
- (((2))) (3) To the extent funds are appropriated or are available for this purpose, the partnership may hire a staff person who shall reside in the office of the superintendent of public instruction for administrative purposes. Additional technical and logistical support may be provided by the office of the superintendent of public instruction, the department of financial institutions, the organizations composing the partnership, and other participants in the financial ((hteraey)) education public-private partnership. ((The superintendent of public instruction shall compile the initial list of members and convene the first meeting of the partnership.
- (3))) (4) The members of the ((eommittee)) partnership shall be appointed by ((July 1, 2004)) August 1, 2009.
- (((4))) (5) Legislative members of the partnership shall receive per diem and travel under RCW 44.04.120.
- $((\frac{5}{)}))$ $\underline{(6)}$ Travel and other expenses of members of the partnership shall be provided by the agency, association, or organization that member represents.
 - (7) This section shall be implemented to the extent funds are available.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 28A.300.460 and 2007 c 459 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The task of the financial ((literacy)) education public-private partnership is to seek out and determine the best methods of equipping students with the knowledge and skills they need, before they become self-supporting, in order for them to make critical decisions regarding their personal finances. The components of personal financial ((literacy examined)) education shall include((, at a minimum, consumer financial education, personal finance, and personal credit. The partnership shall identify the types of outcome measures expected from participating districts and students, in accordance with the definitions and outcomes developed under RCW 28A.300.455)) the achievement of skills and knowledge necessary to make informed judgments and effective

- decisions regarding earning, spending, and the management of money and credit.
- (2) In carrying out its task, and to the extent funds are available, the partnership shall:
- (a) Communicate to school districts the financial education standards adopted under section 3 of this act, other important financial education skills and content knowledge, and strategies for expanding the provision and increasing the quality of financial education instruction;
- (b) Review on an ongoing basis financial education curriculum that is available to school districts, including instructional materials and programs and schoolwide programs that include the important financial skills and content knowledge;
- (c) Develop evaluation standards and a procedure for endorsing financial education curriculum that the partnership determines should be recommended for use in school districts;
- (d) Identify assessments and outcome measures that schools and communities may use to determine whether students have met the financial education standards adopted under section 3 of this act;
- (e) Monitor and provide guidance for professional development for educators regarding financial education, including ways that teachers at different grade levels may integrate financial skills and content knowledge into mathematics, social studies, and other course content areas;
- (f) Work with the office of the superintendent of public instruction and the professional educator standards board to create professional development that could lead to a certificate endorsement or other certification of competency in financial education;
- (g) Develop academic guidelines and standards-based protocols for use by classroom volunteers who participate in delivering financial education to students in the public schools; and
- (h) Provide an annual report beginning December 1, 2009, as provided in section 4 of this act, to the governor, the superintendent of public instruction, and the committees of the legislature with oversight over K-12 education and higher education.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Subject to funds appropriated specifically for this purpose, the office of the superintendent of public instruction and the financial education public-private partnership shall provide technical assistance and grants to support demonstration projects for district-wide adoption and implementation of the financial education learning standards under this section.
- (2) School districts may apply on a competitive basis to participate as a demonstration project. The office and the partnership shall select up to four school districts as demonstration projects, with two districts located in eastern Washington and two districts located in western Washington, if possible.
 - (3) Selected districts must:
- (a) Adopt the jumpstart coalition national standards in K-12 personal finance education as the essential academic learning requirements for financial education and provide students with an opportunity to master the standards;

- (b) Make a commitment to integrate financial education into instruction at all grade levels and in all schools in the district;
- (c) Establish local partnerships within the community to promote financial education in the schools; and
 - (d) Conduct pre- and post-testing of students' financial literacy.
- (4) The office of the superintendent of public instruction, with the advice of the financial education public-private partnership, shall provide assistance to the demonstration projects regarding curriculum, professional development, and innovative instructional programs to implement the financial education standards.
- (5) The selected districts must report findings and results of the demonstration project to the office of the superintendent of public instruction and appropriate committees of the legislature by April 30, 2011.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:

The annual report from the financial education public-private partnership, provided funds are available, shall include:

- (1) Results from the jumpstart survey of personal financial literacy;
- (2) Progress toward statewide adoption of financial education standards by school districts;
- (3) Professional development activities related to equipping teachers with the knowledge and skills to teach financial education;
 - (4) Activities related to financial education curriculum development; and
- (5) Any recommendations for policies or other activities to support financial education instruction in public schools.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 28A.300.465 and 2004 c 247 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

The Washington financial ((literacy)) education public-private partnership account is hereby created in the custody of the state treasurer. The purpose of the account is to support the financial ((literacy)) education public-private partnership, and to provide financial ((literacy)) education opportunities for students and financial ((literacy)) education professional development opportunities for the teachers providing those educational opportunities. Revenues to the account may include gifts from the private sector, federal funds, and any appropriations made by the legislature or other sources. Grants and their administration shall be paid from the account. Only the superintendent of public instruction or the superintendent's designee may authorize expenditures from the account, and only at the direction of the partnership. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

- (1) RCW 28A.300.455 (Financial literacy public-private partnership responsibilities—Definition of financial literacy—Strategies—Reports) and 2007 c 459 s 1, 2005 c 277 s 2, & 2004 c 247 s 3;
- (2) RCW 28A.300.470 (Financial literacy public-private partnership—Expiration) and 2007 c 459 s 4 & 2004 c 247 s 7; and

(3) RCW 28A.230.205 (Financial literary skills—Duties of the superintendent of public instruction and of school districts) and 2007 c 459 s 3.

Passed by the House April 21, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 17, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 444

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1379]

SHORELINE MANAGEMENT ACT—MORATORIA PROCEDURES

AN ACT Relating to moratoria and other interim official controls adopted under the shoreline management act; adding a new section to chapter 90.58 RCW; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature recognizes that cities and counties have moratoria authority granted through constitutional and statutory provisions and that this authority, when properly exercised, is an important aspect of complying with environmental stewardship and protection requirements.

Recognizing the fundamental role and value of properly exercised moratoria, the legislature intends to establish new moratoria procedures and to affirm moratoria authority that local governments have and may exercise when implementing the shoreline management act, while recognizing the legitimate interests of existing shoreline related developments during the period of interim moratoria.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 90.58 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Local governments may adopt moratoria or other interim official controls as necessary and appropriate to implement this chapter.
- (2)(a) A local government adopting a moratorium or control under this section must:
 - (i) Hold a public hearing on the moratorium or control;
- (ii) Adopt detailed findings of fact that include, but are not limited to justifications for the proposed or adopted actions and explanations of the desired and likely outcomes;
- (iii) Notify the department of the moratorium or control immediately after its adoption. The notification must specify the time, place, and date of any public hearing required by this subsection;
- (iv) Provide that all lawfully existing uses, structures, or other development shall continue to be deemed lawful conforming uses and may continue to be maintained, repaired, and redeveloped, so long as the use is not expanded, under the terms of the land use and shoreline rules and regulations in place at the time of the moratorium
- (b) The public hearing required by this section must be held within sixty days of the adoption of the moratorium or control.
- (3) A moratorium or control adopted under this section may be effective for up to six months if a detailed work plan for remedying the issues and circumstances necessitating the moratorium or control is developed and made available for public review. A moratorium or control may be renewed for two

six-month periods if the local government complies with subsection (2)(a) of this section before each renewal. If a moratorium or control is in effect on the date a proposed master program or amendment is submitted to the department, the moratorium or control must remain in effect until the department's final action under RCW 90.58.090; however, the moratorium expires six months after the date of submittal if the department has not taken final action.

(4) Nothing in this section may be construed to modify county and city moratoria powers conferred outside this chapter.

Passed by the House April 25, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 25, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 445

[Substitute House Bill 1919] DRUG COURT FUNDING

AN ACT Relating to drug court funding; and amending RCW 70.96A.350 and 2.28.170.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- Sec. 1. RCW 70.96A.350 and 2008 c 329 s 918 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The criminal justice treatment account is created in the state treasury. Moneys in the account may be expended solely for: (a) Substance abuse treatment and treatment support services for offenders with an addiction or a substance abuse problem that, if not treated, would result in addiction, against whom charges are filed by a prosecuting attorney in Washington state; (b) the provision of drug and alcohol treatment services and treatment support services for nonviolent offenders within a drug court program; ((and)) (c) the administrative and overhead costs associated with the operation of a drug court; and (d) during the 2007-2009 biennium, operation of the integrated crisis response and intensive case management pilots contracted with the department of social and health services division of alcohol and substance abuse. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation.
 - (2) For purposes of this section:
- (a) "Treatment" means services that are critical to a participant's successful completion of his or her substance abuse treatment program, but does not include the following services: Housing other than that provided as part of an inpatient substance abuse treatment program, vocational training, and mental health counseling; and
- (b) "Treatment support" means transportation to or from inpatient or outpatient treatment services when no viable alternative exists, and child care services that are necessary to ensure a participant's ability to attend outpatient treatment sessions.
- (3) Revenues to the criminal justice treatment account consist of: (a) Funds transferred to the account pursuant to this section; and (b) any other revenues appropriated to or deposited in the account.
- (4)(a) For the fiscal biennium beginning July 1, 2003, the state treasurer shall transfer eight million nine hundred fifty thousand dollars from the general

fund into the criminal justice treatment account, divided into eight equal quarterly payments. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2005, and each subsequent fiscal year, the state treasurer shall transfer eight million two hundred fifty thousand dollars from the general fund to the criminal justice treatment account, divided into four equal quarterly payments. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2006, and each subsequent fiscal year, the amount transferred shall be increased on an annual basis by the implicit price deflator as published by the federal bureau of labor statistics.

- (b) For the fiscal biennium beginning July 1, 2003, and each biennium thereafter, the state treasurer shall transfer two million nine hundred eighty-four thousand dollars from the general fund into the violence reduction and drug enforcement account, divided into eight quarterly payments. The amounts transferred pursuant to this subsection (4)(b) shall be used solely for providing drug and alcohol treatment services to offenders confined in a state correctional facility who are assessed with an addiction or a substance abuse problem that if not treated would result in addiction.
- (c) In each odd-numbered year, the legislature shall appropriate the amount transferred to the criminal justice treatment account in (a) of this subsection to the division of alcohol and substance abuse for the purposes of subsection (5) of this section.
- (5) Moneys appropriated to the division of alcohol and substance abuse from the criminal justice treatment account shall be distributed as specified in this subsection. The department shall serve as the fiscal agent for purposes of distribution. Until July 1, 2004, the department may not use moneys appropriated from the criminal justice treatment account for administrative expenses and shall distribute all amounts appropriated under subsection (4)(c) of this section in accordance with this subsection. Beginning in July 1, 2004, the department may retain up to three percent of the amount appropriated under subsection (4)(c) of this section for its administrative costs.
- (a) Seventy percent of amounts appropriated to the division from the account shall be distributed to counties pursuant to the distribution formula adopted under this section. The division of alcohol and substance abuse, in consultation with the department of corrections, the sentencing guidelines commission, the Washington state association of counties, the Washington state association of drug court professionals, the superior court judges' association, the Washington association of prosecuting attorneys, representatives of the criminal defense bar, representatives of substance abuse treatment providers, and any other person deemed by the division to be necessary, shall establish a fair and reasonable methodology for distribution to counties of moneys in the criminal justice treatment account. County or regional plans submitted for the expenditure of formula funds must be approved by the panel established in (b) of this subsection.
- (b) Thirty percent of the amounts appropriated to the division from the account shall be distributed as grants for purposes of treating offenders against whom charges are filed by a county prosecuting attorney. The division shall appoint a panel of representatives from the Washington association of prosecuting attorneys, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs, the superior court judges' association, the Washington state association of counties, the Washington defender's association or the Washington association of

criminal defense lawyers, the department of corrections, the Washington state association of drug court professionals, substance abuse treatment providers, and the division. The panel shall review county or regional plans for funding under (a) of this subsection and grants approved under this subsection. The panel shall attempt to ensure that treatment as funded by the grants is available to offenders statewide.

- (6) The county alcohol and drug coordinator, county prosecutor, county sheriff, county superior court, a substance abuse treatment provider appointed by the county legislative authority, a member of the criminal defense bar appointed by the county legislative authority, and, in counties with a drug court, a representative of the drug court shall jointly submit a plan, approved by the county legislative authority or authorities, to the panel established in subsection (5)(b) of this section, for disposition of all the funds provided from the criminal justice treatment account within that county. The funds shall be used solely to provide approved alcohol and substance abuse treatment pursuant to RCW 70.96A.090 ((and)), treatment support services, and for the administrative and overhead costs associated with the operation of a drug court.
- (a) No more than ten percent of the total moneys received under subsections (4) and (5) of this section by a county or group of counties participating in a regional agreement shall be spent on the administrative and overhead costs associated with the operation of a drug court.
- (b) No more than ten percent of the total moneys received under subsections (4) and (5) of this section by a county or group of counties participating in a regional agreement shall be spent for treatment support services.
- (7) Counties are encouraged to consider regional agreements and submit regional plans for the efficient delivery of treatment under this section.
- (8) Moneys allocated under this section shall be used to supplement, not supplant, other federal, state, and local funds used for substance abuse treatment.
 - (9) Counties must meet the criteria established in RCW 2.28.170(3)(b).
- (10) The authority under this section to use funds from the criminal justice treatment account for the administrative and overhead costs associated with the operation of a drug court expires June 30, 2013.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 2.28.170 and 2006 c 339 s 106 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Counties may establish and operate drug courts.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, "drug court" means a court that has special calendars or dockets designed to achieve a reduction in recidivism and substance abuse among nonviolent, substance abusing felony and nonfelony offenders, whether adult or juvenile, by increasing their likelihood for successful rehabilitation through early, continuous, and intense judicially supervised treatment; mandatory periodic drug testing; and the use of appropriate sanctions and other rehabilitation services.
- (3)(a) Any jurisdiction that seeks a state appropriation to fund a drug court program must first:
- (i) Exhaust all federal funding that is available to support the operations of its drug court and associated services; and
- (ii) Match, on a dollar-for-dollar basis, state moneys allocated for drug court programs with local cash or in-kind resources. Moneys allocated by the state must be used to supplement, not supplant, other federal, state, and local funds for

drug court operations and associated services. However, from the effective date of this act until June 30, 2013, no match is required for state moneys expended for the administrative and overhead costs associated with the operation of a drug court pursuant to RCW 70.96A.350.

- (b) Any county that establishes a drug court pursuant to this section shall establish minimum requirements for the participation of offenders in the program. The drug court may adopt local requirements that are more stringent than the minimum. The minimum requirements are:
 - (i) The offender would benefit from substance abuse treatment;
- (ii) The offender has not previously been convicted of a serious violent offense or sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030; and
- (iii) Without regard to whether proof of any of these elements is required to convict, the offender is not currently charged with or convicted of an offense:
 - (A) That is a sex offense;
 - (B) That is a serious violent offense;
 - (C) During which the defendant used a firearm; or
- (D) During which the defendant caused substantial or great bodily harm or death to another person.

Passed by the House April 21, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 17, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 446

[Engrossed House Bill 1986]
PEER MENTORING—PILOT PROGRAM

AN ACT Relating to peer mentoring; adding a new section to chapter 28B.12 RCW; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that peer mentoring provides tangible and long-lasting opportunities for all students, especially for low-income students, students of color, and first generation students. These benefits include improved student achievement and planning for success in postsecondary education. The legislature further finds that mentoring increases the self-worth of both mentees and mentors, while cultivating opportunities to improve communication skills and develop and enhance leadership and other critical transferable skills. Furthermore, the legislature finds that mentorship provides a valuable opportunity to increase student interest in career opportunities in the counseling and teaching professions, and thus intends to support those efforts to the maximum extent possible.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.12 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Western Washington University shall create and implement a pilot mentoring program to inspire academic success and introduce elementary students to educational opportunities. In addition to establishing a pilot project on its own campus, the university, in close collaboration with the state board for community and technical colleges, shall jointly identify a community or

technical college to participate in the pilot program. The community or technical college selected shall demonstrate active partnerships with interested common schools, local businesses, and community organizations. Western Washington University and the state board for community and technical colleges shall identify the community or technical college by August 1, 2009.

- (2) The state board for community and technical colleges shall work in close collaboration with Western Washington University to identify a community or technical college to participate in the pilot mentoring program.
 - (3) The goals of the pilot project are to:
- (a) Encourage at-risk elementary school students to complete high school and attend college, boosting the percentage of Washington students who continue onto college;
- (b) Provide positive role models for at-risk students and allow college students the opportunity to perform community service;
- (c) Strengthen relationships between the community, the university, and area youth;
- (d) Introduce at-risk students to college and provide them an opportunity to experience their public colleges and universities;
- (e) Increase the number of youth who view going to college as both necessary and achievable; and
 - (f) Develop a model that is scalable statewide.
 - (4) Within existing resources, the pilot institutions shall:
- (a) Recruit college students interested in serving as mentors to elementary school students;
- (b) Identify local elementary schools with demonstrated need for a mentoring program;
- (c) Develop a curriculum used for training college mentors. The college may grant college-level credit to students who complete the course;
- (d) Develop any necessary contracts or interagency agreements to facilitate program implementation;
 - (e) Provide ongoing support and oversight of the program;
- (f) Solicit grants, awards, and gifts from individuals, businesses, agencies, and foundations;
 - (g) Provide community outreach and publicity for the program;
- (h) Develop appropriate outcome measures and evaluate the program at regular intervals;
- (i) Together with the state board for community and technical colleges and in close collaboration with other community and institutional partners, submit to the legislature:
- (i) A preliminary progress report by December 1, 2010, that includes a review of preliminary findings from the pilot project, recommendations regarding the resources necessary to expand the model statewide, and a process and timeline for statewide implementation; and
- (ii) A final report, updating the findings from the preliminary report, by December 1, 2011.

Passed by the House April 21, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 16, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 447

[Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill 2078]

DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES SERVICES—JAILS AND CORRECTIONS

AN ACT Relating to persons with developmental disabilities who are in correctional facilities or jails; creating new sections; and providing an expiration date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that:

- (a) A small number of persons with developmental disabilities commit crimes, are held in jail, are tried for their offenses, and are sentenced to serve time in our correctional system;
- (b) Persons with developmental disabilities are often confused with persons with mental illness. These populations are different and must be understood as distinct groups, with different reasonable accommodation needs; and
- (c) A developmental disability often stems from a mix of causes and many persons with developmental disabilities have cognitive impairments that require reasonable accommodations to assist them in understanding what is happening to them and what is expected of them when they encounter the criminal justice system.
- (2) The legislature intends to improve the ability of corrections institutions to better identify and provide safe, appropriate accommodations for persons with developmental disabilities.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** (1) Within state and federal funds appropriated or otherwise available for this purpose, a work group is established, to be cochaired by representatives of the developmental disabilities council and the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs, to address issues relating to persons with developmental disabilities who are confined in correctional facilities.
- (2) In addition to representatives from the developmental disabilities council and the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs, the work group shall consult with:
 - (a) The department of social and health services;
 - (b) The department of corrections;
- (c) The Washington traumatic brain injury strategic partnership advisory council as defined in RCW 74.31.020:
 - (d) Disability rights Washington;
 - (e) Consumer advocates; and
- (f) Other interested organizations as identified by the developmental disabilities council and the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs.
- (3) By December 1, 2009, the work group shall develop recommendations and report to the appropriate committees of the legislature relating to:
- (a) Expeditiously reviewing and determining eligibility for developmental disabilities services provided through the department of social and health services prior to a person's release from confinement from jail or confinement in the department of corrections;

- (b) The appropriate role of the department of social and health services in providing potential alternatives to confinement for persons with developmental disabilities and consultation and technical assistance to jails and the department of corrections in their efforts to provide reasonable accommodations for persons with developmental disabilities who are confined in their facility;
- (c) Increasing the appropriate use of the authority granted the courts under current sentencing reform act provisions, chapter 9.94A RCW, to order alternatives to confinement prior to trial or following conviction in cases with a sentence of twelve months or less:
- (d) The establishment of new options under the sentencing reform act to divert persons with developmental disabilities from the criminal justice system while maintaining public safety;
- (e) The feasibility of developing and adopting law enforcement training for responding to persons with developmental disabilities that is analogous to the crisis intervention training currently provided to law enforcement officers for responding to alleged criminal behavior by persons with mental illness;
- (f) The feasibility of adopting standardized statewide screening and application practices and forms designed to facilitate the application of a confined person who is likely to be eligible for medical assistance services by the division of developmental disabilities;
- (g) The need for and feasibility of developing a screening tool and training for corrections staff to be used to identify persons with developmental disabilities who are confined in prison with the department of corrections similar to the tool to be developed for jails under subsection (4) of this section; and
- (h) The feasibility of developing a screening tool for traumatic brain injuries, and information on best practices and training regarding appropriate accommodations for persons with traumatic brain injuries.
 - (4) By July 1, 2010, the work group shall develop:
- (a) A simple screening tool that may be used by jails as part of a jail's intake and/or classification process and which will assist in the identification of offenders with the most common types of developmental disabilities;
 - (b) A model policy for the use of the screening tool;
- (c) A cost-effective means to provide concise training to jail staff on the use of the tool; and
- (d) Information on best practices and training regarding appropriate accommodations for persons with developmental disabilities during their confinement.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** The definitions in this section apply throughout sections 1 and 2 of this act unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Jail" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 70.48.020; and
- (2) "Confined" means incarcerated in a jail.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. This act expires December 1, 2010.

Passed by the House April 20, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 9, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 448

[House Bill 2129]

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS PERFORMANCE STANDARD

AN ACT Relating to the greenhouse gas emissions performance standard under chapter 80.80 RCW; and amending RCW 80.80.010, 80.80.040, 80.80.060, and 80.80.070.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 80.80.010 and 2007 c 307 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Attorney general" means the Washington state office of the attorney general.
- (2) "Auditor" means: (a) The Washington state auditor's office or its designee for consumer-owned utilities under its jurisdiction; or (b) an independent auditor selected by a consumer-owned utility that is not under the jurisdiction of the state auditor.
- (3) "Average available greenhouse ((gases [gas])) gas emissions output" means the level of greenhouse ((gases [gas])) gas emissions as surveyed and determined by the energy policy division of the department of community, trade, and economic development under RCW 80.80.050.
- (4) "Baseload electric generation" means electric generation from a power plant that is designed and intended to provide electricity at an annualized plant capacity factor of at least sixty percent.
- (5) "Cogeneration facility" means a power plant in which the heat or steam is also used for industrial or commercial heating or cooling purposes and that meets federal energy regulatory commission standards for qualifying facilities under the public utility regulatory policies act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. Sec. 824a-3), as amended.
- (6) "Combined-cycle natural gas thermal electric generation facility" means a power plant that employs a combination of one or more gas turbines and steam turbines in which electricity is produced in the steam turbine from otherwise lost waste heat exiting from one or more of the gas turbines.
- (7) "Commission" means the Washington utilities and transportation commission.
- (8) "Consumer-owned utility" means a municipal utility formed under Title 35 RCW, a public utility district formed under Title 54 RCW, an irrigation district formed under chapter 87.03 RCW, a cooperative formed under chapter 23.86 RCW, a mutual corporation or association formed under chapter 24.06 RCW, or port district within which an industrial district has been established as authorized by Title 53 RCW, that is engaged in the business of distributing electricity to more than one retail electric customer in the state.
 - (9) "Department" means the department of ecology.
- (10) "Distributed generation" means electric generation connected to the distribution level of the transmission and distribution grid, which is usually located at or near the intended place of use.
- (11) "Electric utility" means an electrical company or a consumer-owned utility.

- (12) "Electrical company" means a company owned by investors that meets the definition of RCW 80.04.010.
- (13) "Governing board" means the board of directors or legislative authority of a consumer-owned utility.
- (14) "Greenhouse gases" includes carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride.
 - (15) "Long-term financial commitment" means:
- (a) Either a new ownership interest in baseload electric generation or an upgrade to a baseload electric generation facility; or
- (b) A new or renewed contract for baseload electric generation with a term of five or more years for the provision of retail power or wholesale power to end-use customers in this state.
- (16) "Plant capacity factor" means the ratio of the electricity produced during a given time period, measured in kilowatt-hours, to the electricity the unit could have produced if it had been operated at its rated capacity during that period, expressed in kilowatt-hours.
- (17) "Power plant" means a facility for the generation of electricity that is permitted as a single plant by ((the energy facility site evaluation council or a local jurisdiction)) a jurisdiction inside or outside the state.
- (18) "Upgrade" means any modification made for the primary purpose of increasing the electric generation capacity of a baseload electric generation facility. "Upgrade" does not include routine or necessary maintenance, installation of emission control equipment, installation, replacement, or modification of equipment that improves the heat rate of the facility, or installation, replacement, or modification of equipment for the primary purpose of maintaining reliable generation output capability that does not increase the heat input or fuel usage as specified in existing generation air quality permits as of July 22, 2007, but may result in incidental increases in generation capacity.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 80.80.040 and 2007 c 307 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Beginning July 1, 2008, the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard for all baseload electric generation for which electric utilities enter into long-term financial commitments on or after such date is the lower of:
- (a) One thousand one hundred pounds of greenhouse gases per megawatthour; or
- (b) The average available greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions output as determined under RCW 80.80.050.
- (2) This chapter does not apply to long-term financial commitments with the Bonneville power administration.
- (3) All baseload electric generation facilities in operation as of June 30, 2008, are deemed to be in compliance with the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard established under this section until the facilities are the subject of long-term financial commitments. All baseload electric generation that commences operation after June 30, 2008, and is located in Washington, must comply with the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard established in subsection (1) of this section.
- (((3))) (4) All electric generation facilities or power plants powered exclusively by renewable resources, as defined in RCW 19.280.020, are deemed

to be in compliance with the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard established under this section.

- (((4))) (5) All cogeneration facilities in the state that are fueled by natural gas or waste gas or a combination of the two fuels, and that are in operation as of June 30, 2008, are deemed to be in compliance with the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard established under this section until the facilities are the subject of a new ownership interest or are upgraded.
- (((5))) (6) In determining the rate of emissions of greenhouse gases for baseload electric generation, the total emissions associated with producing electricity shall be included.
- (7) In no case shall a long-term financial commitment be determined to be in compliance with the greenhouse gas emissions performance standard if the commitment includes more than twelve percent of electricity from unspecified sources.
- (8) For a long-term financial commitment with multiple power plants, each specified power plant must be treated individually for the purpose of determining the annualized plant capacity factor and net emissions, and each power plant must comply with subsection (1) of this section, except as provided in subsections (3) through (5) of this section.
- (((6))) (9) The department shall establish an output-based methodology to ensure that the calculation of emissions of greenhouse gases for a cogeneration facility recognizes the total usable energy output of the process, and includes all greenhouse gases emitted by the facility in the production of both electrical and thermal energy. In developing and implementing the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard, the department shall consider and act in a manner consistent with any rules adopted pursuant to the public utilities regulatory policy act of 1978 (16 U.S.C. Sec. 824a-3), as amended.
- (((7))) (10) The following greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions produced by baseload electric generation owned or contracted through a long-term financial commitment shall not be counted as emissions of the power plant in determining compliance with the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard:
 - (a) Those emissions that are injected permanently in geological formations;
- (b) Those emissions that are permanently sequestered by other means approved by the department; and
- (c) Those emissions sequestered or mitigated as approved under subsection $((\frac{(13)}{)})$ of this section.
- (((8))) (11) In adopting and implementing the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard, the department of community, trade, and economic development energy policy division, in consultation with the commission, the department, the Bonneville power administration, the western electricity coordination council, the energy facility site evaluation council, electric utilities, public interest representatives, and consumer representatives, shall consider the effects of the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard on system reliability and overall costs to electricity customers.
- (((9))) (12) In developing and implementing the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard, the department shall, with assistance of the commission, the department of community, trade, and economic development energy policy division, and electric utilities, and to the extent practicable,

address long-term purchases of electricity from unspecified sources in a manner consistent with this chapter.

- (((10))) (13) The directors of the energy facility site evaluation council and the department shall each adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW in coordination with each other to implement and enforce the greenhouse ((gases)) <u>gas</u> emissions performance standard. The rules necessary to implement this section shall be adopted by June 30, 2008.
- $(((\frac{11}{1})))$ (14) In adopting the rules for implementing this section, the energy facility site evaluation council and the department shall include criteria to be applied in evaluating the carbon sequestration plan, for baseload electric generation that will rely on subsection $(((\frac{7}{1})))$ (10) of this section to demonstrate compliance, but that will commence sequestration after the date that electricity is first produced. The rules shall include but not be limited to:
- (a) Provisions for financial assurances, as a condition of plant operation, sufficient to ensure successful implementation of the carbon sequestration plan, including construction and operation of necessary equipment, and any other significant costs;
- (b) Provisions for geological or other approved sequestration commencing within five years of plant operation, including full and sufficient technical documentation to support the planned sequestration;
- (c) Provisions for monitoring the effectiveness of the implementation of the sequestration plan;
 - (d) Penalties for failure to achieve implementation of the plan on schedule;
- (e) Provisions for an owner to purchase emissions reductions in the event of the failure of a sequestration plan under subsection (((13))) (16) of this section; and
- (f) Provisions for public notice and comment on the carbon sequestration plan.
- (((12))) (15)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, as part of its role enforcing the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard, the department shall determine whether sequestration or a plan for sequestration will provide safe, reliable, and permanent protection against the greenhouse gases entering the atmosphere from the power plant and all ancillary facilities.
- (b) For facilities under its jurisdiction, the energy facility site evaluation council shall contract for review of sequestration or the carbon sequestration plan with the department consistent with the conditions under (a) of this subsection, consider the adequacy of sequestration or the plan in its adjudicative proceedings conducted under RCW 80.50.090(3), and incorporate specific findings regarding adequacy in its recommendation to the governor under RCW 80.50.100.
- (((13))) (16) A project under consideration by the energy facility site evaluation council by July 22, 2007, is required to include all of the requirements of subsection (((11))) (14) of this section in its carbon sequestration plan submitted as part of the energy facility site evaluation council process. A project under consideration by the energy facility site evaluation council by July 22, 2007, that receives final site certification agreement approval under chapter 80.50 RCW shall make a good faith effort to implement the sequestration plan. If the project owner determines that implementation is not feasible, the project owner shall submit documentation of that determination to

the energy facility site evaluation council. The documentation shall demonstrate the steps taken to implement the sequestration plan and evidence of the technological and economic barriers to successful implementation. The project owner shall then provide to the energy facility site evaluation council notification that they shall implement the plan that requires the project owner to meet the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard by purchasing verifiable greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions reductions from an electric generating facility located within the western interconnection, where the reduction would not have occurred otherwise or absent this contractual agreement, such that the sum of the emissions reductions purchased and the facility's emissions meets the standard for the life of the facility.

- Sec. 3. RCW 80.80.060 and 2007 c 307 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) No electrical company may enter into a long-term financial commitment unless the baseload electric generation supplied under such a long-term financial commitment complies with the greenhouse gases emissions performance standard established under RCW 80.80.040.
- (2) In order to enforce the requirements of this chapter, the commission shall review in a general rate case or as provided in subsection (5) of this section any long-term financial commitment entered into by an electrical company after June 30, 2008, to determine whether the baseload electric generation to be supplied under that long-term financial commitment complies with the greenhouse gases emissions performance standard established under RCW 80.80.040.
- (3) In determining whether a long-term financial commitment is for baseload electric generation, the commission shall consider the design of the power plant and its intended use, based upon the electricity purchase contract, if any, permits necessary for the operation of the power plant, and any other matter the commission determines is relevant under the circumstances.
- (4) Upon application by an electric utility, the commission may provide a case-by-case exemption from the greenhouse gases emissions performance standard to address: (a) Unanticipated electric system reliability needs; ((or)) (b) extraordinary cost impacts on utility ratepayers; or (c) catastrophic events or threat of significant financial harm that may arise from unforeseen circumstances.
- (5) Upon application by an electrical company, the commission shall determine whether the company's proposed decision to acquire electric generation or enter into a power purchase agreement for electricity complies with the greenhouse gases emissions performance standard established under RCW 80.80.040((, whether the company has a need for the resource, and whether the specific resource selected is appropriate. The commission shall take into consideration factors such as the company's forecasted loads, need for energy, power plant technology, expected costs, and other associated investment decisions)). The commission shall not decide in a proceeding under this subsection (5) issues involving the actual costs to construct and operate the selected resource, cost recovery, or other issues reserved by the commission for decision in a general rate case or other proceeding for recovery of the resource or contract costs. ((A proceeding under this subsection (5) shall be conducted pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW (part IV). The commission shall adopt rules to

provide that the schedule for a proceeding under this subsection takes into account both (a) the needs of the parties to the proposed resource acquisition or power purchase agreement for timely decisions that allow transactions to be completed; and (b) the procedural rights to be provided to parties in chapter 34.05 RCW (part IV), including intervention, discovery, briefing, and hearing.))

- (6) An electrical company may account for and defer for later consideration by the commission costs incurred in connection with ((the)) a long-term financial commitment, including operating and maintenance costs, depreciation, taxes, and cost of invested capital. The deferral begins with the date on which the power plant begins commercial operation or the effective date of the power purchase agreement and continues for a period not to exceed twenty-four months; provided that if during such period the company files a general rate case or other proceeding for the recovery of such costs, deferral ends on the effective date of the final decision by the commission in such proceeding. Creation of such a deferral account does not by itself determine the actual costs of the longterm financial commitment, whether recovery of any or all of these costs is appropriate, or other issues to be decided by the commission in a general rate case or other proceeding for recovery of these costs. For the purpose of this subsection (6) only, the term "long-term financial commitment" also includes an electric company's ownership or power purchase agreement with a term of five or more years associated with an eligible renewable resource as defined in RCW 19.285.030.
- (7) The commission shall consult with the department to apply the procedures adopted by the department to verify the emissions of greenhouse gases from baseload electric generation under RCW 80.80.040. The department shall report to the commission whether baseload electric generation will comply with the greenhouse gases emissions performance standard for the duration of the period the baseload electric generation is supplied to the electrical company.
- (8) The commission shall adopt rules for the enforcement of this section with respect to electrical companies and adopt procedural rules for approving costs incurred by an electrical company under subsection (4) of this section.
- (9) The commission shall adopt rules necessary to implement this section by December 31, 2008.
- *Sec. 4. RCW 80.80.070 and 2007 c 307 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) No consumer-owned utility may enter into a long-term financial commitment unless the baseload electric generation supplied under such a long-term financial commitment complies with the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard established under RCW 80.80.040.
- (2) The governing board shall review and make a determination on any long-term financial commitment by the utility, pursuant to this chapter and after consultation with the department, to determine whether the baseload electric generation to be supplied under that long-term financial commitment complies with the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard established under RCW 80.80.040. No consumer-owned utility may enter into a long-term financial commitment unless the baseload electric generation to be supplied under that long-term financial commitment complies with the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard established under RCW 80.80.040.

- (3) In confirming that a long-term financial commitment is for baseload electric generation, the governing board shall consider the design of the power plant and the intended use of the power plant based upon the electricity purchase contract, if any, permits necessary for the operation of the power plant, and any other matter the governing board determines is relevant under the circumstances.
- (4) The governing board may provide a case-by-case exemption from the greenhouse ((gases)) gas emissions performance standard to address: (a) Unanticipated electric system reliability needs; ((or)) (b) extraordinary cost impacts on utility ratepayers; or (c) catastrophic events or threat of significant financial harm that may arise from unforeseen circumstances.
- (5) The governing board shall apply the procedures adopted by the department to verify the emissions of greenhouse gases from baseload electric generation under RCW 80.80.040, and may request assistance from the department in doing so.
- (6) For consumer-owned utilities, the auditor is responsible for auditing compliance with this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter that apply to those utilities and the attorney general is responsible for enforcing that compliance.

*Sec. 4 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

Passed by the House April 20, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 9, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I have approved, except for Section 4, House Bill 2129 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to the greenhouse gas emissions performance standard under chapter 80.80 RCW."

Section 4 allows the governing boards of public utilities to exempt themselves from performance standards if they find "extraordinary cost impacts on utility ratepayers." I am vetoing this section because there is no clear definition of what these impacts may be on ratepayers, no process by which other parties would have the opportunity to present evidence and argument opposing a proposed exemption, and no clear legal framework that assures transparency and accountability.

For these reasons, I have vetoed Section 4 of House Bill 2129. With the exception of Section 4, House Bill No. 2129 is approved."

CHAPTER 449

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2222]

INDUSTRIAL STORM WATER GENERAL DISCHARGE PERMITS

AN ACT Relating to conditioning industrial storm water general discharge permits; amending RCW 90.48.555; adding a new section to chapter 90.48 RCW; and providing an expiration date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 90.48.555 and 2004 c 225 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this section apply to the construction and industrial storm water general permits issued by the department pursuant to the federal clean water act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq., and this chapter.

- (1) Effluent limitations shall be included in construction and industrial storm water general permits as required under the federal clean water act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq., and its implementing regulations. In accordance with federal clean water act requirements, pollutant specific, water quality-based effluent limitations shall be included in construction and industrial storm water general permits if there is a reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an excursion of a state water quality standard.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of this section, both technology and water quality-based effluent limitations may be expressed as:
 - (a) Numeric effluent limitations;
 - (b) Narrative effluent limitations; or
 - (c) A combination of numeric and narrative effluent discharge limitations.
- (3) The department must condition storm water general permits for industrial and construction activities issued under the national pollutant discharge elimination system of the federal clean water act to require compliance with numeric effluent discharge limits when such discharges are subject to:
- (a) Numeric effluent limitations established in federally adopted, industry-specific effluent guidelines;
- (b) State developed, industry-specific performance-based numeric effluent limitations;
- (c) Numeric effluent limitations based on a completed total maximum daily load analysis or other pollution control measures; or
 - (d) A determination by the department that:
- (i) The discharges covered under either the construction or industrial storm water general permits have a reasonable potential to cause or contribute to violation of state water quality standards; and
- (ii) Effluent limitations based on nonnumeric best management practices are not effective in achieving compliance with state water quality standards.
- (4) In making a determination under subsection (3)(d) of this section, the department shall use procedures that account for:
 - (a) Existing controls on point and nonpoint sources of pollution;
- (b) The variability of the pollutant or pollutant parameter in the storm water discharge; and
 - (c) As appropriate, the dilution of the storm water in the receiving waters.
- (5) Narrative effluent limitations requiring both the implementation of best management practices, when designed to satisfy the technology and water quality-based requirements of the federal clean water act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq., and compliance with water quality standards, shall be used for construction and industrial storm water general permits, unless the provisions of subsection (3) of this section apply.
- (6) Compliance with water quality standards shall be presumed, unless discharge monitoring data or other site specific information demonstrates that a discharge causes or contributes to violation of water quality standards, when the permittee is:
- (a) In full compliance with all permit conditions, including planning, sampling, monitoring, reporting, and recordkeeping conditions; and

- (b)(i) Fully implementing storm water best management practices contained in storm water technical manuals approved by the department, or practices that are demonstrably equivalent to practices contained in storm water technical manuals approved by the department, including the proper selection, implementation, and maintenance of all applicable and appropriate best management practices for on-site pollution control.
- (ii) For the purposes of this section, "demonstrably equivalent" means that the technical basis for the selection of all storm water best management practices are documented within a storm water pollution prevention plan. The storm water pollution prevention plan must document:
- (A) The method and reasons for choosing the storm water best management practices selected;
- (B) The pollutant removal performance expected from the practices selected;
- (C) The technical basis supporting the performance claims for the practices selected, including any available existing data concerning field performance of the practices selected;
- (D) An assessment of how the selected practices will comply with state water quality standards; and
- (E) An assessment of how the selected practices will satisfy both applicable federal technology-based treatment requirements and state requirements to use all known, available, and reasonable methods of prevention, control, and treatment.
- (7)(a) By November 1, 2009, the department shall modify or reissue the industrial storm water general permit to require compliance ((by May 1, 2009,)) with appropriately derived numeric water quality-based effluent limitations for existing discharges to water bodies listed as impaired according to 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1313(d) (Sec. 303(d) of the federal clean water act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq.).
- (b) ((No later than September 1, 2008;)) The industrial storm water general permit must require permittees to comply with appropriately derived numeric water quality-based effluent limitations in the permit, as described in (a) of this subsection, by no later than six months after the effective date of the modified or reissued industrial storm water general permit.
- (c) For permittees that the department determines are unable to comply with the numeric water quality-based effluent limitations required by (a) of this subsection, within the timeline established in (b) of this subsection, the department shall establish a compliance schedule as follows:
- (i) Any compliance schedule provided by the department must require compliance as soon as possible, and must require compliance by no later than twenty-four months, or two complete wet seasons, after the effective date of the industrial storm water general permit. For purposes of this subsection (7)(c)(i), "wet seasons" means October 1st through June 30th.
- (ii) The department shall post on its web site the name, location, industrial storm water permit number, and the reason for requesting a compliance schedule for each permittee who requests a compliance schedule according to this subsection (7)(c). The department shall post this information no later than thirty days after receiving a permittee's request for a compliance schedule under this subsection (7)(c). The department shall also prepare a list of organizations and

individuals seeking to be notified when such requests for compliance schedules are made, and notify them within thirty days after receiving a permittee's request for a compliance schedule. Notification under this subsection may be accomplished electronically.

- (d) The department shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature specifying how the numeric effluent limitation in (a) of this subsection would be implemented. The report shall identify the number of dischargers to impaired water bodies and provide an assessment of anticipated compliance with the numeric effluent limitation established by (a) of this subsection.
- (8)(a) Construction and industrial storm water general permits issued by the department shall include an enforceable adaptive management mechanism that includes appropriate monitoring, evaluation, and reporting. The adaptive management mechanism shall include elements designed to result in permit compliance and shall include, at a minimum, the following elements:
 - (i) An adaptive management indicator, such as monitoring benchmarks;
 - (ii) Monitoring;
 - (iii) Review and revisions to the storm water pollution prevention plan;
 - (iv) Documentation of remedial actions taken; and
 - (v) Reporting to the department.
- (b) Construction and industrial storm water general permits issued by the department also shall include the timing and mechanisms for implementation of treatment best management practices.
- (9) Construction and industrial storm water discharges authorized under general permits must not cause or have the reasonable potential to cause or contribute to a violation of an applicable water quality standard. Where a discharge has already been authorized under a national pollutant discharge elimination system storm water permit and it is later determined to cause or have the reasonable potential to cause or contribute to the violation of an applicable water quality standard, the department may notify the permittee of such a violation.
- (10) Once notified by the department of a determination of reasonable potential to cause or contribute to the violation of an applicable water quality standard, the permittee must take all necessary actions to ensure future discharges do not cause or contribute to the violation of a water quality standard and document those actions in the storm water pollution prevention plan and a report timely submitted to the department. If violations remain or recur, coverage under the construction or industrial storm water general permits may be terminated by the department, and an alternative general permit or individual permit may be issued. Compliance with the requirements of this subsection does not preclude any enforcement activity provided by the federal clean water act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq., for the underlying violation.
- (11) Receiving water sampling shall not be a requirement of an industrial or construction storm water general permit except to the extent that it can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of persons conducting the sampling.
- (12) The department may authorize mixing zones only in compliance with and after making determinations mandated by the procedural and substantive requirements of applicable laws and regulations.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 90.48 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) As funding to do so becomes available, the department shall create a storm water technical resource center in partnership with a university, nonprofit organization, or other public or private entity to provide tools for storm water management. The center shall use its authority to support the duties listed in this subsection through research, development, technology demonstration, technology transfer, education, outreach, recognition, and training programs. The center may:
 - (a) Review and evaluate emerging storm water technologies;
- (b) Research and develop innovative and cost-effective technical solutions to remove pollutants from runoff and to reduce or eliminate storm water discharges;
 - (c) Conduct pilot projects to test technical solutions;
- (d) Serve as a clearinghouse and outreach center for information on storm water technology;
- (e) Assist in the development of storm water control methods to better protect water quality, including source control, product substitution, pollution prevention, and storm water treatment;
- (f) Coordinate with federal, state, and local agencies and private organizations in administering programs related to storm water control measures; and
 - (g) Collaborate with existing storm water outreach programs.
- (2) The department shall consult with an advisory committee in the development of the storm water technical resource center. The advisory committee must include representatives from relevant state agencies, local governments, the business community, the environmental community, tribes, and the building and development industry.
- (3) The department, in consultation with the storm water technical resource center advisory committee, shall identify a funding strategy for funding the storm water technical resource center.
- (4) The department shall encourage all interested parties to help and support the technical resource center with in-kind services.
- (5) The department shall prepare and submit a biennial progress report to the legislature.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. Section 1 of this act expires January 1, 2015.

Passed by the House April 20, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 14, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 450

[Second Substitute House Bill 2119]
DUAL CREDIT PROGRAMS EXPANSION

AN ACT Relating to expanding dual credit opportunities; amending RCW 28A.225.290, 28A.600.160, 28A.600.300, and 28A.600.310; adding new sections to chapter 28A.600 RCW; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** (1) The legislature finds that the economy of the state of Washington requires a well-prepared workforce. To meet the need, more Washington students need to be prepared for postsecondary education and training. Further, the personal enrichment and success of Washington citizens increasingly relies on their ability to use the state's postsecondary education and training system. To accomplish those ends, the legislature desires to increase the number of students who begin earning college credits while still in high school.
- (2) The legislature further finds that dual credit programs introduce students to college-level work, provide a jump start on getting a college degree, and, perhaps most importantly, show students that they can succeed in college. Dual credit programs also provide another avenue of student financial aid, since many programs are offered for little or no cost to students.
- (3) The legislature also finds that students must be provided a choice when selecting a dual credit program that is right for them. Options should be available for the student who wants to learn on a college campus and the student who wants to stay at the high school and take college-level courses. Options must also be available for the hands-on learner who seeks to complete an apprenticeship program.
- (4) The legislature intends to blur the line between high school and college by articulating a vision to dramatically increase participation in dual credit programs. It is for this reason that the legislature should call on all education stakeholders to come together to coordinate resources, track outcomes, and improve program availability.
- (5) The legislature further intends to provide high schools, colleges, and universities with a set of tools for growing and coordinating dual credit programs. Institutions should be given some flexibility in determining the best methods to secure long-term, ample financial support for these programs, while students should be given some help in offsetting instructional costs.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.600 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction, in collaboration with the state board for community and technical colleges, the Washington state apprenticeship and training council, the workforce training and education coordinating board, the higher education coordinating board, and the public baccalaureate institutions, shall report by September 1, 2010, and annually thereafter to the education and higher education committees of the legislature regarding participation in dual credit programs. The report shall include:
- (a) Data about student participation rates and academic performance including but not limited to running start, college in the high school, tech prep, international baccalaureate, advanced placement, and running start for the trades:
- (b) Data on the total unduplicated head count of students enrolled in at least one dual credit program course; and
- (c) The percentage of students who enrolled in at least one dual credit program as percent of all students enrolled in grades nine through twelve.
- (2) Data on student participation shall be disaggregated by race, ethnicity, gender, and receipt of free or reduced-price lunch.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.600 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The superintendent of public instruction, the state board for community and technical colleges, the higher education coordinating board, and the public baccalaureate institutions shall jointly develop and each adopt rules governing the college in the high school program. The association of Washington school principals shall be consulted during the rules development. The rules shall be written to encourage the maximum use of the program and may not narrow or limit the enrollment options.
- (2) College in the high school programs shall each be governed by a local contract between the district and the institution of higher education, in compliance with the guidelines adopted by the superintendent of public instruction, the state board for community and technical colleges, and the public baccalaureate institutions.
- (3) The college in the high school program must include the provisions in this subsection.
- (a) The high school and institution of higher education together shall define the criteria for student eligibility. The institution of higher education may charge tuition fees to participating students.
- (b) School districts shall report no student for more than one full-time equivalent including college in the high school courses.
- (c) The funds received by the institution of higher education may not be deemed tuition or operating fees and may be retained by the institution of higher education.
- (d) Enrollment information on persons registered under this section must be maintained by the institution of higher education separately from other enrollment information and may not be included in official enrollment reports, nor may such persons be considered in any enrollment statistics that would affect higher education budgetary determinations.
- (e) A school district must grant high school credit to a student enrolled in a program course if the student successfully completes the course. If no comparable course is offered by the school district, the school district superintendent shall determine how many credits to award for the course. The determination shall be made in writing before the student enrolls in the course. The credits shall be applied toward graduation requirements and subject area requirements. Evidence of successful completion of each program course shall be included in the student's secondary school records and transcript.
- (f) An institution of higher education must grant college credit to a student enrolled in a program course if the student successfully completes the course. The college credit shall be applied toward general education requirements or major requirements. If no comparable course is offered by the college, the institution of higher education at which the teacher of the program course is employed shall determine how many credits to award for the course and whether the course fulfills general education or major requirements. Evidence of successful completion of each program course must be included in the student's college transcript.
- (g) Eleventh and twelfth grade students or students who have not yet received a high school diploma or its equivalent and are eligible to be in the

eleventh or twelfth grades may participate in the college in the high school program.

- (h) Participating school districts must provide general information about the college in the high school program to all students in grades ten, eleven, and twelve and to the parents and guardians of those students.
- (i) Full-time and part-time faculty at institutions of higher education, including adjunct faculty, are eligible to teach program courses.
 - (4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section.
- (a) "Institution of higher education" has the meaning in RCW 28B.10.016 and also includes a public tribal college located in Washington and accredited by the Northwest commission on colleges and universities or another accrediting association recognized by the United States department of education.
- (b) "Program course" means a college course offered in a high school under the college in the high school program.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.600 RCW to read as follows:

The superintendent of public instruction and the higher education coordinating board shall develop advising guidelines to assure that students and parents understand that college credits earned in high school dual credit programs may impact eligibility for financial aid.

- Sec. 5. RCW 28A.225.290 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 9 s 207 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall prepare and annually distribute an information booklet outlining parents' and guardians' enrollment options for their children.
- (2) Before the 1991-92 school year, the booklet shall be distributed to all school districts by the office of the superintendent of public instruction. School districts shall have a copy of the information booklet available for public inspection at each school in the district, at the district office, and in public libraries.
 - (3) The booklet shall include:
- (a) Information about enrollment options and program opportunities, including but not limited to programs in RCW 28A.225.220, 28A.185.040, 28A.225.200 through 28A.225.215, 28A.225.230 through 28A.225.250, ((28A.175.090,)) 28A.340.010 through 28A.340.070 (small high school cooperative projects), and 28A.335.160.
- (b) Information about the running start ((—community college or vocational-technical institute)) choice program under RCW 28A.600.300 through ((28A.600.395)) 28A.600.400; and
- (c) Information about the seventh and eighth grade choice program under RCW 28A 230.090.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 28A.600.160 and 1998 c 225 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Any middle school, junior high school, or high school using educational pathways shall ensure that all participating students will continue to have access to the courses and instruction necessary to meet admission requirements at baccalaureate institutions. Students shall be allowed to enter the educational pathway of their choice. Before accepting a student into an educational pathway,

the school shall inform the student's parent of the pathway chosen, the opportunities available to the student through the pathway, and the career objectives the student will have exposure to while pursuing the pathway. Parents and students dissatisfied with the opportunities available through the selected educational pathway shall be provided with the opportunity to transfer the student to any other pathway provided in the school. Schools may not develop educational pathways that retain students in high school beyond the date they are eligible to graduate, and may not require students who transfer between pathways to complete pathway requirements beyond the date the student is eligible to graduate. Educational pathways may include, but are not limited to, programs such as ((work-based)) worksite learning, ((school-to-work transition)) internships, tech prep, ((vocational-)) career and technical education, running start, college in the high school, running start for the trades, and preparation for technical college, community college, or university education.

- **Sec. 7.** RCW 28A.600.300 and 2005 c 207 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The program established in this section through RCW 28A.600.400 shall be known as the running start program.
- (2) For the purposes of RCW 28A.600.310 through 28A.600.400, "participating institution of higher education" or "institution of higher education" means:
- (((1))) (a) A community or technical college as defined in RCW 28B.50.030;
- (((2))) (b) A public tribal college located in Washington and accredited by the northwest commission on colleges and universities or another accrediting association recognized by the United States department of education; and
- (((3))) (c) Central Washington University, Eastern Washington University, Washington State University, and The Evergreen State College, if the institution's governing board decides to participate in the program in RCW 28A.600.310 through 28A.600.400.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 28A.600.310 and 2005 c 125 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Eleventh and twelfth grade students or students who have not yet received the credits required for the award of a high school diploma and are eligible to be in the eleventh or twelfth grades may apply to a participating institution of higher education to enroll in courses or programs offered by the institution of higher education. A student receiving home-based instruction enrolling in a public high school for the sole purpose of participating in courses or programs offered by institutions of higher education shall not be counted by the school district in any required state or federal accountability reporting if the student's parents or guardians filed a declaration of intent to provide home-based instruction and the student received home-based instruction during the school year before the school year in which the student intends to participate in courses or programs offered by the institution of higher education. Students receiving home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW and students attending private schools approved under chapter 28A.195 RCW shall not be required to meet the student learning goals, obtain a certificate of academic achievement or a certificate of individual achievement to graduate from high school, or to master

the essential academic learning requirements. However, students are eligible to enroll in courses or programs in participating universities only if the board of directors of the student's school district has decided to participate in the program. Participating institutions of higher education, in consultation with school districts, may establish admission standards for these students. If the institution of higher education accepts a secondary school pupil for enrollment under this section, the institution of higher education shall send written notice to the pupil and the pupil's school district within ten days of acceptance. The notice shall indicate the course and hours of enrollment for that pupil.

- (2) In lieu of tuition and fees, as defined in RCW 28B.15.020 and 28B.15.041, running start students shall pay to the community or technical college all other mandatory fees as established by each community or technical college; and all other institutions of higher education operating a running start program may charge technology fees. The fees charged shall be prorated based on credit load.
- (3) The institutions of higher education must make available fee waivers for low-income running start students. Each institution must establish a written policy for the determination of low-income students before offering the fee waiver. A student shall be considered low income and eligible for a fee waiver upon proof that the student is currently qualified to receive free or reduced-price lunch. Acceptable documentation of low-income status may also include, but is not limited to, documentation that a student has been deemed eligible for free or reduced-price lunches in the last five years, or other criteria established in the institution's policy.
- (4) The pupil's school district shall transmit to the institution of higher education an amount per each full-time equivalent college student at statewide uniform rates for vocational and nonvocational students. The superintendent of public instruction shall separately calculate and allocate moneys appropriated for basic education under RCW 28A.150.260 to school districts for purposes of making such payments and for granting school districts seven percent thereof to offset program related costs. The calculations and allocations shall be based upon the estimated statewide annual average per full-time equivalent high school student allocations under RCW 28A.150.260, excluding small high school enhancements, and applicable rules adopted under chapter 34.05 RCW. The superintendent of public instruction, the higher education coordinating board, and the state board for community and technical colleges shall consult on the calculation and distribution of the funds. ((The institution of higher education shall not require the pupil to pay any other fees.)) The funds received by the institution of higher education from the school district shall not be deemed tuition or operating fees and may be retained by the institution of higher education. A student enrolled under this subsection shall $((\frac{not}{not}))$ be counted for the purpose of ((determining any)) meeting enrollment ((restrictions imposed by the state on the institution of higher education)) targets in accordance with terms and conditions specified in the omnibus appropriations act.
- (5) The state board for community and technical colleges, in collaboration with the other institutions of higher education that participate in the running start program and the office of the superintendent of public instruction, shall identify, assess, and report on alternatives for providing ongoing and adequate financial support for the program. Such alternatives shall include but are not limited to

student tuition, increased support from local school districts, and reallocation of existing state financial support among the community and technical college system to account for differential running start enrollment levels and impacts. The state board for community and technical colleges shall report the assessment of alternatives to the governor and to the appropriate fiscal and policy committees of the legislature by September 1, 2010.

Passed by the House April 20, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 13, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 451

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2289]
ENERGY FREEDOM PROGRAM—EXPANSION—FUNDING

AN ACT Relating to expanding the energy freedom program; amending RCW 43.325.010, 43.325.020, 43.325.030, 43.325.040, 43.325.070, and 43.84.092; reenacting and amending RCW 43.84.092; creating a new section; providing an effective date; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature intends to modify the energy freedom program and account in order to receive federal funds and other sources of funding. Also, the legislature intends to expand the mission of the energy freedom program to accelerate energy efficiency improvements, renewable energy improvements, and deployment of innovative energy technologies. Additionally, the legislature intends to support, through the energy freedom program, research, demonstration, and commercialization of energy efficiency improvements, renewable energy improvements, and innovation energy technologies.

Sec. 2. RCW 43.325.010 and 2007 c 348 s 301 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Applicant" means the state and any political subdivision of the state, including port districts, counties, cities, towns, special purpose districts, and other municipal corporations or quasi-municipal corporations. "Applicant" may also include federally recognized tribes ((and)), state institutions of higher education with appropriate research capabilities, any organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code, and private entities that are eligible to receive federal funds.
- (2) "Alternative fuel" means all products or energy sources used to propel motor vehicles, other than conventional gasoline, diesel, or reformulated gasoline. "Alternative fuel" includes, but is not limited to, cellulose, liquefied petroleum gas, liquefied natural gas, compressed natural gas, biofuels, biodiesel fuel, E85 motor fuel, fuels containing seventy percent or more by volume of alcohol fuel, fuels that are derived from biomass, hydrogen fuel, anhydrous ammonia fuel, nonhazardous motor fuel, or electricity, excluding onboard electric generation.

- (3) "Assistance" includes loans, leases, product purchases, or other forms of financial or technical assistance.
- (4) "Biofuel" includes, but is not limited to, biodiesel, ethanol, and ethanol blend fuels and renewable liquid natural gas or liquid compressed natural gas made from biogas.
- (5) "Biogas" includes waste gases derived from landfills and wastewater treatment plants and dairy and farm wastes.
- (6) "Cellulose" means lignocellulosic, hemicellulosic, or other cellulosic matter that is available on a renewable or recurring basis, including dedicated energy crops and trees, wood and wood residues, plants, grasses, agricultural residues, fibers, animal wastes and other waste materials, and municipal solid waste.
- (7) "Coordinator" means the person appointed by the director of the department of community, trade, and economic development.
- (8) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and economic development.
- (9) "Director" means the director of the department of community, trade, and economic development.
- (10) "Energy efficiency improvement" means an installation or modification that is designed to reduce energy consumption. The term includes, but is not limited to: Insulation; storm windows and doors; automatic energy control systems; energy efficiency audits; heating, ventilating, or air conditioning and distribution system modifications or replacements in buildings or central plants; caulking and weather stripping; energy recovery systems; geothermal heat pumps; and day lighting systems.
- (11) "Green highway zone" means an area in the state designated by the department that is within reasonable proximity of state route number 5, state route number 90, and state route number 82.
- (((11))) (12) "Innovative energy technology" means, but is not limited to, the following: Smart grid or smart metering; biogas from landfills, wastewater treatment plants, anaerobic digesters, or other processes; wave or tidal power; fuel cells; high efficiency cogeneration; and energy storage systems.
- (13) "Peer review committee" means a board, appointed by the director, that includes bioenergy specialists, energy conservation specialists, scientists, and individuals with specific recognized expertise.
- (((12))) (14) "Project" ((means)) includes: (a) The construction of facilities, including the purchase of equipment, to convert farm products or wastes into electricity or gaseous or liquid fuels or other coproducts associated with such conversion; (b) clean energy projects identified by the clean energy leadership council, created in section 2, chapter . . . (Substitute Senate Bill No. 5921), Laws of 2009; and (c) energy efficiency improvements, renewable energy improvements, or innovative energy technologies. These specifically include fixed or mobile facilities to generate electricity or methane from the anaerobic digestion of organic matter, and fixed or mobile facilities for extracting oils from canola, rape, mustard, and other oilseeds. "Project" may also include the construction of facilities associated with such conversion for the distribution and storage of such feedstocks and fuels. The definition of project does not apply to projects as described in RCW 43.325.020(5).

- (15) "Renewable energy improvements" means a fixture, product, system, device, or interacting group of devices that produces energy from renewable resources. The term includes, but is not limited to: Photovoltaic systems; solar thermal systems; small wind systems; biomass systems; and geothermal systems.
- (((13))) (16) "Refueling project" means the construction of new alternative fuel refueling facilities, as well as upgrades and expansion of existing refueling facilities, that will enable these facilities to offer alternative fuels to the public.
- (((14))) (17) "Research and development project" means research and development, by an institution of higher education as defined in subsection (1) of this section, relating to:
- (a) Bioenergy sources including but not limited to biomass and associated gases; or
 - (b) The development of markets for bioenergy coproducts.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 43.325.020 and 2007 c 348 s 302 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The energy freedom program is established within the department. The director may establish policies and procedures necessary for processing, reviewing, and approving applications made under this chapter.
- (2) When reviewing applications submitted under this program, the director shall consult with those agencies and other public entities having expertise and knowledge to assess the technical and business feasibility of the project and probability of success. These agencies may include, but are not limited to, Washington State University, the University of Washington, the department of ecology, the department of natural resources, the department of agriculture, the department of general administration, local clean air authorities, ((and)) the Washington state conservation commission, and the clean energy leadership council created in section 2, chapter . . . (Substitute Senate Bill No. 5921), Laws of 2009.
- (3) Except as provided in subsections (4) and (5) of this section, the director, in cooperation with the department of agriculture, may approve an application only if the director finds:
- (a) The project will convert farm products, wastes, cellulose, or biogas directly into electricity or biofuel or other coproducts associated with such conversion;
- (b) The project demonstrates technical feasibility and directly assists in moving a commercially viable project into the marketplace for use by Washington state citizens;
- (c) The facility will produce long-term economic benefits to the state, a region of the state, or a particular community in the state;
 - (d) The project does not require continuing state support;
- (e) The assistance will result in new jobs, job retention, or higher incomes for citizens of the state;
- (f) The state is provided an option under the assistance agreement to purchase a portion of the fuel or feedstock to be produced by the project, exercisable by the department of general administration;
 - (g) The project will increase energy independence or diversity for the state;

- (h) The project will use feedstocks produced in the state, if feasible, except this criterion does not apply to the construction of facilities used to distribute and store fuels that are produced from farm products or wastes;
- (i) Any product produced by the project will be suitable for its intended use, will meet accepted national or state standards, and will be stored and distributed in a safe and environmentally sound manner;
- (j) The application provides for adequate reporting or disclosure of financial and employment data to the director, and permits the director to require an annual or other periodic audit of the project books; and
- (k) For research and development projects, the application has been independently reviewed by a peer review committee as defined in RCW 43.325.010 and the findings delivered to the director.
- (4) When reviewing an application for a refueling project, the coordinator may award a grant or a loan to an applicant if the director finds:
 - (a) The project will offer alternative fuels to the motoring public;
 - (b) The project does not require continued state support;
- (c) The project is located within a green highway zone as defined in RCW 43.325.010;
- (d) The project will contribute towards an efficient and adequately spaced alternative fuel refueling network along the green highways designated in RCW 47.17.020, 47.17.135, and 47.17.140; and
- (e) The project will result in increased access to alternative fueling infrastructure for the motoring public along the green highways designated in RCW 47.17.020, 47.17.135, and 47.17.140.
- (5) When reviewing an application for energy efficiency improvements, renewable energy improvements, or innovative energy technology, the director may award a grant or a loan to an applicant if the director finds:
- (a) The project or program will result in increased access for the public, state and local governments, and businesses to energy efficiency improvements, renewable energy improvements, or innovative energy technologies;
- (b) The project or program demonstrates technical feasibility and directly assists in moving a commercially viable project into the marketplace for use by Washington state citizens;
 - (c) The project or program does not require continued state support; or
- (d) The federal government has provided funds with a limited time frame for use for energy independence and security, energy efficiency, renewable energy, innovative energy technologies, or conservation.
- (6)(a) The director may approve a project application for assistance under subsection (3) of this section up to five million dollars. In no circumstances shall this assistance constitute more than fifty percent of the total project cost.
- (b) The director may approve a refueling project application for a grant or a loan under subsection (4) of this section up to fifty thousand dollars. In no circumstances shall a grant or a loan award constitute more than fifty percent of the total project cost.
- (((6))) (7) The director shall enter into agreements with approved applicants to fix the terms and rates of the assistance to minimize the costs to the applicants, and to encourage establishment of a viable bioenergy or biofuel industry, or a viable energy efficiency, renewable energy, or innovative energy technology industry. The agreement shall include provisions to protect the state's

investment, including a requirement that a successful applicant enter into contracts with any partners that may be involved in the use of any assistance provided under this program, including services, facilities, infrastructure, or equipment. Contracts with any partners shall become part of the application record.

- (((7))) (8) The director may defer any payments for up to twenty-four months or until the project starts to receive revenue from operations, whichever is sooner
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 43.325.030 and 2007 c 348 s 205 are each amended to read as follows:

The director of the department shall appoint a coordinator that is responsible for:

- (1) Managing, directing, inventorying, and coordinating state efforts to promote, develop, and encourage ((a)) biofuel((s)) and energy efficiency, renewable energy, and innovative energy technology markets in Washington;
- (2) Developing, coordinating, and overseeing the implementation of a plan, or series of plans, for the production, transport, distribution, and delivery of biofuels produced predominantly from recycled products or Washington feedstocks;
- (3) Working with the departments of transportation and general administration, and other applicable state and local governmental entities and the private sector, to ensure the development of biofuel fueling stations for use by state and local governmental motor vehicle fleets, and to provide greater availability of public biofuel fueling stations for use by state and local governmental motor vehicle fleets;
- (4) Coordinating with the Western Washington University alternative automobile program for opportunities to support new Washington state technology for conversion of fossil fuel fleets to biofuel, hybrid, or alternative fuel propulsion;
- (5) Coordinating with the University of Washington's college of forest management and the Olympic natural resources center for the identification of barriers to using the state's forest resources for fuel production, including the economic and transportation barriers of physically bringing forest biomass to the market:
- (6) Coordinating with the department of agriculture and Washington State University for the identification of other barriers for future biofuels development and development of strategies for furthering the penetration of the Washington state fossil fuel market with Washington produced biofuels, particularly among public entities.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 43.325.040 and 2007 c 348 s 305 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The energy freedom account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from appropriations made to the account and any loan payments of principal and interest derived from loans made under ((this chapter)) the energy freedom account must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only for financial assistance for further funding for projects consistent with this chapter or otherwise authorized by the legislature.

- (2) The green energy incentive account is created in the state treasury as a subaccount of the energy freedom account. All receipts from appropriations made to the green energy incentive account shall be deposited into the account, and may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only for:
 - (a) Refueling projects awarded under this chapter;
- (b) Pilot projects for plug-in hybrids, including grants provided for the electrification program set forth in RCW 43.325.110; and
- (c) Demonstration projects developed with state universities as defined in RCW 28B.10.016 and local governments that result in the design and building of a hydrogen vehicle fueling station.
- (3)(a) The energy recovery act account is created in the state treasury. State and federal funds may be deposited into the account and any loan payments of principal and interest derived from loans made from the energy recovery act account must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation.
- (b) Expenditures from the account may be used only for loans, loan guarantees, and grants that encourage the establishment of innovative and sustainable industries for renewable energy and energy efficiency technology, including but not limited to:
- (i) Renewable energy projects or programs that require interim financing to complete project development and implementation;
- (ii) Companies with innovative, near-commercial or commercial, clean energy technology; and
- (iii) Energy efficiency technologies that have a viable repayment stream from reduced utility costs.
- (c) The director shall establish policies and procedures for processing, reviewing, and approving applications for funding under this section. When developing these policies and procedures, the department must consider the clean energy leadership strategy developed under section 2, chapter . . . (Substitute Senate Bill No. 5921), Laws of 2009.
- (d) The director shall enter into agreements with approved applicants to fix the term and rates of funding provided from this account.
- (e) The policies and procedures of this subsection (3) do not apply to assistance awarded for projects under RCW 43.325.020(3).
- (4) Any state agency receiving funding from the energy freedom account is prohibited from retaining greater than three percent of any funding provided from the energy freedom account for administrative overhead or other deductions not directly associated with conducting the research, projects, or other end products that the funding is designed to produce unless this provision is waived in writing by the director.
- (((4))) (5) Any university, institute, or other entity that is not a state agency receiving funding from the energy freedom account is prohibited from retaining greater than fifteen percent of any funding provided from the energy freedom account for administrative overhead or other deductions not directly associated with conducting the research, projects, or other end products that the funding is designed to produce.
- (((5))) (6) Subsections (2) ((through)), (4) and (5) of this section do not apply to assistance awarded for projects under RCW 43.325.020(3).

- **Sec. 6.** RCW 43.325.070 and 2007 c 348 s 303 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) If the total requested dollar amount of assistance awarded for projects under RCW 43.325.020(3) exceeds the amount available in the energy freedom account created in RCW 43.325.040, the applications must be prioritized based upon the following criteria:
- (a) The extent to which the project will help reduce dependence on petroleum fuels and imported energy either directly or indirectly;
- (b) The extent to which the project will reduce air and water pollution either directly or indirectly;
- (c) The extent to which the project will establish a viable bioenergy or biofuel production capacity, energy efficiency, renewable energy, or innovative energy technology industry in Washington;
 - (d) The benefits to Washington's agricultural producers;
 - (e) The benefits to the health of Washington's forests;
 - (f) The beneficial uses of biogas; ((and))
- (g) The number and quality of jobs and economic benefits created by the project: and
- (h) Other criteria as determined by the clean energy leadership council created in section 2, chapter . . . (Substitute Senate Bill No. 5921), Laws of 2009.
- (2) This section does not apply to grants or loans awarded for refueling projects under RCW 43.325.020 (4) and (5).
- Sec. 7. RCW 43.84.092 and 2008 c 106 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) All earnings of investments of surplus balances in the state treasury shall be deposited to the treasury income account, which account is hereby established in the state treasury.
- (2) The treasury income account shall be utilized to pay or receive funds associated with federal programs as required by the federal cash management improvement act of 1990. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for refunds or allocations of interest earnings required by the cash management improvement act. Refunds of interest to the federal treasury required under the cash management improvement act fall under RCW 43.88.180 and shall not require appropriation. The office of financial management shall determine the amounts due to or from the federal government pursuant to the cash management improvement act. The office of financial management may direct transfers of funds between accounts as deemed necessary to implement the provisions of the cash management improvement act, and this subsection. Refunds or allocations shall occur prior to the distributions of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.
- (3) Except for the provisions of RCW 43.84.160, the treasury income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasury funds including, but not limited to, depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state treasury and affected state agencies. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for payments to financial institutions. Payments shall occur prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

- (4) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings credited to the treasury income account. The state treasurer shall credit the general fund with all the earnings credited to the treasury income account except:
- (a) The following accounts and funds shall receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's and fund's average daily balance for the period: The budget stabilization account, the capitol building construction account, the Cedar River channel construction and operation account, the Central Washington University capital projects account, the charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions account, the cleanup settlement account, the Columbia river basin water supply development account, the common school construction fund, the county criminal justice assistance account, the county sales and use tax equalization account, the data processing building construction account, the deferred compensation administrative account, the deferred compensation principal account, the department of retirement systems expense account, the developmental disabilities community trust account, the drinking water assistance account, the drinking water assistance administrative account, the drinking water assistance repayment account, the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the education construction fund, the education legacy trust account, the election account, the energy freedom account, the energy recovery act account, The Evergreen State College capital projects account, the federal forest revolving account, the freight congestion relief account, the freight mobility investment account, the freight mobility multimodal account, the health services account, the public health services account, the health system capacity account, the personal health services account, the state higher education construction account, the higher education construction account, the highway infrastructure account, the high occupancy toll lanes operations account, the industrial insurance premium refund account, the judges' retirement account, the judicial retirement administrative account, the judicial retirement principal account, the local leasehold excise tax account, the local real estate excise tax account, the local sales and use tax account, the medical aid account, the mobile home park relocation fund, the multimodal transportation account, the municipal criminal justice assistance account, the municipal sales and use tax equalization account, the natural resources deposit account, the oyster reserve land account, the pension funding stabilization account, the perpetual surveillance and maintenance account, the public employees' retirement system plan 1 account, the public employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the public facilities construction loan revolving account beginning July 1, 2004, the public health supplemental account, the public works assistance account, the Puyallup tribal settlement account, the real estate appraiser commission account, the regional mobility grant program account, the resource management cost account, the rural Washington loan fund, the site closure account, the small city pavement and sidewalk account, the special wildlife account, the state employees' insurance account, the state employees' insurance reserve account, the state investment board expense account, the state investment board commingled trust fund accounts, the supplemental pension account, the Tacoma Narrows toll bridge account, the teachers' retirement system plan 1 account, the teachers' retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the tobacco prevention and control account, the tobacco settlement account, the

transportation infrastructure account, the transportation partnership account, the traumatic brain injury account, the tuition recovery trust fund, the University of Washington bond retirement fund, the University of Washington building account, the volunteer firefighters' and reserve officers' relief and pension principal fund, the volunteer firefighters' and reserve officers' administrative fund, the Washington fruit express account, the Washington judicial retirement system account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 1 retirement account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 2 retirement account, the Washington public safety employees' plan 2 retirement account, the Washington school employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and 3 account, the Washington state health insurance pool account, the Washington state patrol retirement account, the Washington State University building account, the Washington State University bond retirement fund, the water pollution control revolving fund, and the Western Washington University capital projects account. Earnings derived from investing balances of the agricultural permanent fund, the normal school permanent fund, the permanent common school fund, the scientific permanent fund, and the state university permanent fund shall be allocated to their All earnings to be distributed under this respective beneficiary accounts. subsection (4)(a) shall first be reduced by the allocation to the state treasurer's service fund pursuant to RCW 43.08.190.

- (b) The following accounts and funds shall receive eighty percent of their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's or fund's average daily balance for the period: The aeronautics account, the aircraft search and rescue account, the county arterial preservation account, the department of licensing services account, the essential rail assistance account, the ferry bond retirement fund, the grade crossing protective fund, the high capacity transportation account, the highway bond retirement fund, the highway safety account, the motor vehicle fund, the motorcycle safety education account, the pilotage account, the public transportation systems account, the Puget Sound capital construction account, the Puget Sound ferry operations account, the recreational vehicle account, the rural arterial trust account, the safety and education account, the special category C account, the state patrol highway account, the transportation 2003 account (nickel account), the transportation equipment fund, the transportation fund, the transportation improvement account, the transportation improvement board bond retirement account, and the urban arterial trust account.
- (5) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state Constitution, no treasury accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 43.84.092 and 2008 c 128 s 19 and 2008 c 106 s 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) All earnings of investments of surplus balances in the state treasury shall be deposited to the treasury income account, which account is hereby established in the state treasury.
- (2) The treasury income account shall be utilized to pay or receive funds associated with federal programs as required by the federal cash management improvement act of 1990. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for refunds or allocations

of interest earnings required by the cash management improvement act. Refunds of interest to the federal treasury required under the cash management improvement act fall under RCW 43.88.180 and shall not require appropriation. The office of financial management shall determine the amounts due to or from the federal government pursuant to the cash management improvement act. The office of financial management may direct transfers of funds between accounts as deemed necessary to implement the provisions of the cash management improvement act, and this subsection. Refunds or allocations shall occur prior to the distributions of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

- (3) Except for the provisions of RCW 43.84.160, the treasury income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasury funds including, but not limited to, depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state treasury and affected state agencies. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for payments to financial institutions. Payments shall occur prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.
- (4) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings credited to the treasury income account. The state treasurer shall credit the general fund with all the earnings credited to the treasury income account except:

The following accounts and funds shall receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's and fund's average daily balance for the period: The aeronautics account, the aircraft search and rescue account, the budget stabilization account, the capitol building construction account, the Cedar River channel construction and operation account, the Central Washington University capital projects account, the charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions account, the cleanup settlement account, the Columbia river basin water supply development account, the common school construction fund, the county arterial preservation account, the county criminal justice assistance account, the county sales and use tax equalization account, the data building construction account, the deferred compensation administrative account, the deferred compensation principal account, the department of licensing services account, the department of retirement systems expense account, the developmental disabilities community trust account, the drinking water assistance account, the drinking water assistance administrative account, the drinking water assistance repayment account, the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the education construction fund, the education legacy trust account, the election account, the energy freedom account, the energy recovery act account, the essential rail assistance account, The Evergreen State College capital projects account, the federal forest revolving account, the ferry bond retirement fund, the freight congestion relief account, the freight mobility investment account, the freight mobility multimodal account, the grade crossing protective fund, the health services account, the public health services account, the health system capacity account, the personal health services account, the high capacity transportation account, the state higher education construction account, the higher education construction account, the highway bond retirement fund, the highway infrastructure account, the highway safety account, the high occupancy toll lanes operations account, the industrial insurance premium refund account, the judges' retirement account, the judicial retirement administrative account, the judicial retirement principal account, the local leasehold excise tax account, the local real estate excise tax account, the local sales and use tax account, the medical aid account, the mobile home park relocation fund, the motor vehicle fund, the motorcycle safety education account, the multimodal transportation account, the municipal criminal justice assistance account, the municipal sales and use tax equalization account, the natural resources deposit account, the oyster reserve land account, the pension funding stabilization account, the perpetual surveillance and maintenance account, the public employees' retirement system plan 1 account, the public employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the public facilities construction loan revolving account beginning July 1, 2004, the public health supplemental account, the public transportation systems account, the public works assistance account, the Puget Sound capital construction account, the Puget Sound ferry operations account, the Puyallup tribal settlement account, the real estate appraiser commission account, the recreational vehicle account, the regional mobility grant program account, the resource management cost account, the rural arterial trust account, the rural Washington loan fund, the safety and education account, the site closure account, the small city pavement and sidewalk account, the special category C account, the special wildlife account, the state employees' insurance account, the state employees' insurance reserve account, the state investment board expense account, the state investment board commingled trust fund accounts, the state patrol highway account, the supplemental pension account, the Tacoma Narrows toll bridge account, the teachers' retirement system plan 1 account, the teachers' retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the tobacco prevention and control account, the tobacco settlement account, the transportation 2003 account (nickel account), the transportation equipment fund, the transportation fund, the transportation improvement account, the transportation improvement board bond retirement account, the transportation infrastructure account, the transportation partnership account, the traumatic brain injury account, the tuition recovery trust fund, the University of Washington bond retirement fund, the University of Washington building account, the urban arterial trust account, the volunteer firefighters' and reserve officers' relief and pension principal fund, the volunteer firefighters' and reserve officers' administrative fund, the Washington fruit express account, the Washington judicial retirement system account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 1 retirement account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 2 retirement account, the Washington public safety employees' plan 2 retirement account, the Washington school employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and 3 account, the Washington state health insurance pool account, the Washington state patrol retirement account, the Washington State University building account, the Washington State University bond retirement fund, the water pollution control revolving fund, and the Western Washington University capital projects account. Earnings derived from investing balances of the agricultural permanent fund, the normal school permanent fund, the permanent common school fund, the scientific permanent fund, and the state university permanent fund shall be allocated to their respective beneficiary accounts. All earnings to be distributed under this subsection (4)(a) shall first be reduced by the allocation to the state treasurer's service fund pursuant to RCW 43.08.190.

(5) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state Constitution, no treasury accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. Section 8 of this act takes effect July 1, 2009.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** (1) Sections 2, 3, 5, and 6 of this act expire June 30, 2016.

(2) Section 7 of this act expires July 1, 2009.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Passed by the House April 21, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 17, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 452

[House Bill 2313]

FARM VEHICLE PERMITS—VALIDITY PERIOD

AN ACT Relating to extending the length of commercial and farm vehicle permits; and amending RCW 46.16.162.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.16.162 and 2006 c 337 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The owner of a farm vehicle licensed under RCW 46.16.090 purchasing a monthly license under RCW 46.16.135 may, as an alternative to the first partial month of the license registration, secure and operate the vehicle under authority of a farm vehicle trip permit issued by this state. The licensed gross weight may not exceed eighty thousand pounds for a combination of vehicles nor forty thousand pounds for a single unit vehicle with three or more axles.
- (2) If a monthly license previously issued has expired, the owner of a farm vehicle may, as an alternative to purchasing a full monthly license, secure and operate the vehicle under authority of a farm vehicle trip permit issued by this state. The licensed gross weight may not exceed eighty thousand pounds for a combination of vehicles nor forty thousand pounds for a single unit vehicle with three or more axles.
- (3) Each farm vehicle trip permit shall authorize the operation of a single vehicle at the maximum legal weight limit for the vehicle for ((the period remaining in the first month of monthly license)) thirty consecutive calendar days, commencing with the day of first use. No more than four such permits may be used for any one vehicle in any twelve-month period. Every permit shall identify, as the department may require, the vehicle for which it is issued and shall be completed in its entirety and signed by the operator before operation of the vehicle on the public highways of this state. Correction of data on the permit such as dates, license number, or vehicle identification number invalidates the permit. The farm vehicle trip permit shall be displayed on the vehicle to which it is issued as prescribed by the department.

- (4) Vehicles operating under authority of farm vehicle trip permits are subject to all laws, rules, and regulations affecting the operation of like vehicles in this state.
- (5) Farm vehicle trip permits may be obtained from the department of licensing or agents and subagents appointed by the department. The fee for each farm vehicle trip permit is six dollars and twenty-five cents. Farm vehicle trip permits sold by the department's agents or subagents are subject to fees specified in RCW 46.01.140 (4)(a), (5)(b), or (6).
- (6) The proceeds from farm vehicle trip permits received by the director shall be forwarded to the state treasurer to be distributed as provided in RCW 46.68.035(2).
- (7) No exchange, credits, or refunds may be given for farm vehicle trip permits after they have been purchased.
- (8) The department of licensing may adopt rules as it deems necessary to administer this section.

Passed by the House April 18, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 10, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 453

[Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 5263]
ELECTRIC SHOCK DEVICES—PROHIBITION IN SCHOOLS

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting devices in schools that are designed to administer to a person or an animal an electric shock, charge, or impulse; amending RCW 9.41.280; and prescribing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- Sec. 1. RCW 9.41.280 and 1999 c 167 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) It is unlawful for a person to carry onto, or to possess on, public or private elementary or secondary school premises, school-provided transportation, or areas of facilities while being used exclusively by public or private schools:
 - (a) Any firearm;
 - (b) Any other dangerous weapon as defined in RCW 9.41.250;
- (c) Any device commonly known as "nun-chu-ka sticks", consisting of two or more lengths of wood, metal, plastic, or similar substance connected with wire, rope, or other means;
- (d) Any device, commonly known as "throwing stars", which are multipointed, metal objects designed to embed upon impact from any aspect; ((of))
- (e) Any air gun, including any air pistol or air rifle, designed to propel a BB, pellet, or other projectile by the discharge of compressed air, carbon dioxide, or other gas; or
- (f)(i) Any portable device manufactured to function as a weapon and which is commonly known as a stun gun, including a projectile stun gun which projects wired probes that are attached to the device that emit an electrical charge designed to administer to a person or an animal an electric shock, charge, or impulse; or

- (ii) Any device, object, or instrument which is used or intended to be used as a weapon with the intent to injure a person by an electric shock, charge, or impulse.
- (2) Any such person violating subsection (1) of this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. If any person is convicted of a violation of subsection (1)(a) of this section, the person shall have his or her concealed pistol license, if any revoked for a period of three years. Anyone convicted under this subsection is prohibited from applying for a concealed pistol license for a period of three years. The court shall send notice of the revocation to the department of licensing, and the city, town, or county which issued the license.

Any violation of subsection (1) of this section by elementary or secondary school students constitutes grounds for expulsion from the state's public schools in accordance with RCW 28A.600.010. An appropriate school authority shall promptly notify law enforcement and the student's parent or guardian regarding any allegation or indication of such violation.

Upon the arrest of a person at least twelve years of age and not more than twenty-one years of age for violating subsection (1)(a) of this section, the person shall be detained or confined in a juvenile or adult facility for up to seventy-two hours. The person shall not be released within the seventy-two hours until after the person has been examined and evaluated by the ((eounty-))designated mental health professional unless the court in its discretion releases the person sooner after a determination regarding probable cause or on probation bond or bail.

Within twenty-four hours of the arrest, the arresting law enforcement agency shall refer the person to the ((eounty-))designated mental health professional for examination and evaluation under chapter 71.05 or 71.34 RCW and inform a parent or guardian of the person of the arrest, detention, and examination. The ((eounty-))designated mental health professional shall examine and evaluate the person subject to the provisions of chapter 71.05 or 71.34 RCW. The examination shall occur at the facility in which the person is detained or confined. If the person has been released on probation, bond, or bail, the examination shall occur wherever is appropriate.

The ((eounty-))designated mental health professional may determine whether to refer the person to the county-designated chemical dependency specialist for examination and evaluation in accordance with chapter 70.96A RCW. The county-designated chemical dependency specialist shall examine the person subject to the provisions of chapter 70.96A RCW. The examination shall occur at the facility in which the person is detained or confined. If the person has been released on probation, bond, or bail, the examination shall occur wherever is appropriate.

Upon completion of any examination by the ((eounty-))designated mental health professional or the county-designated chemical dependency specialist, the results of the examination shall be sent to the court, and the court shall consider those results in making any determination about the person.

The ((eounty-))designated mental health professional and county-designated chemical dependency specialist shall, to the extent permitted by law, notify a parent or guardian of the person that an examination and evaluation has taken place and the results of the examination. Nothing in this subsection prohibits the delivery of additional, appropriate mental health examinations to the person while the person is detained or confined.

If the ((eounty-))designated mental health professional determines it is appropriate, the ((eounty-))designated mental health professional may refer the person to the local regional support network for follow-up services or the department of social and health services or other community providers for other services to the family and individual.

- (3) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:
- (a) Any student or employee of a private military academy when on the property of the academy;
- (b) Any person engaged in military, law enforcement, or school district security activities. However, a person who is not a commissioned law enforcement officer and who provides school security services under the direction of a school administrator may not possess a device listed in subsection (1)(f) of this section unless he or she has successfully completed training in the use of such devices that is equivalent to the training received by commissioned law enforcement officers;
- (c) Any person who is involved in a convention, showing, demonstration, lecture, or firearms safety course authorized by school authorities in which the firearms of collectors or instructors are handled or displayed;
- (d) Any person while the person is participating in a firearms or air gun competition approved by the school or school district;
- (e) Any person in possession of a pistol who has been issued a license under RCW 9.41.070, or is exempt from the licensing requirement by RCW 9.41.060, while picking up or dropping off a student;
- (f) Any nonstudent at least eighteen years of age legally in possession of a firearm or dangerous weapon that is secured within an attended vehicle or concealed from view within a locked unattended vehicle while conducting legitimate business at the school;
- (g) Any nonstudent at least eighteen years of age who is in lawful possession of an unloaded firearm, secured in a vehicle while conducting legitimate business at the school; or
- (h) Any law enforcement officer of the federal, state, or local government agency.
- (4) Subsections (1)(c) and (d) of this section do not apply to any person who possesses nun-chu-ka sticks, throwing stars, or other dangerous weapons to be used in martial arts classes authorized to be conducted on the school premises.
- (5) Subsection (1)(f)(i) of this section does not apply to any person who possesses a device listed in subsection (1)(f)(i) of this section, if the device is possessed and used solely for the purpose approved by a school for use in a school authorized event, lecture, or activity conducted on the school premises.
- (6) Except as provided in subsection (3)(b), (c), (f), and (h) of this section, firearms are not permitted in a public or private school building.
- (((6))) (7) "GUN-FREE ZONE" signs shall be posted around school facilities giving warning of the prohibition of the possession of firearms on school grounds.

Passed by the Senate April 26, 2009. Passed by the House April 25, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 454

[Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 5746]

JUVENILE COURT JURISDICTION—DECLINE HEARINGS—SENTENCING PROVISIONS

AN ACT Relating to sentencing provisions for juveniles adjudicated of certain crimes; amending RCW 13.40.020, 13.40.110, and 13.40.308; reenacting and amending RCW 13.04.030; and prescribing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 13.04.030 and 2005 c 290 s 1 and 2005 c 238 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in this section, the juvenile courts in this state shall have exclusive original jurisdiction over all proceedings:
- (a) Under the interstate compact on placement of children as provided in chapter 26.34 RCW;
- (b) Relating to children alleged or found to be dependent as provided in chapter 26.44 RCW and in RCW 13.34.030 through ((13.34.170)) 13.34.161;
- (c) Relating to the termination of a parent and child relationship as provided in RCW 13.34.180 through 13.34.210;
- (d) To approve or disapprove out-of-home placement as provided in RCW 13.32A.170;
- (e) Relating to juveniles alleged or found to have committed offenses, traffic or civil infractions, or violations as provided in RCW 13.40.020 through 13.40.230, unless:
- (i) The juvenile court transfers jurisdiction of a particular juvenile to adult criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110;
- (ii) The statute of limitations applicable to adult prosecution for the offense, traffic or civil infraction, or violation has expired;
- (iii) The alleged offense or infraction is a traffic, fish, boating, or game offense, or traffic or civil infraction committed by a juvenile sixteen years of age or older and would, if committed by an adult, be tried or heard in a court of limited jurisdiction, in which instance the appropriate court of limited jurisdiction shall have jurisdiction over the alleged offense or infraction, and no guardian ad litem is required in any such proceeding due to the juvenile's age((÷ PROVIDED, That)). If such an alleged offense or infraction and an alleged offense or infraction subject to juvenile court jurisdiction arise out of the same event or incident, the juvenile court may have jurisdiction of both matters((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That)). The jurisdiction under this subsection does not constitute "transfer" or a "decline" for purposes of RCW 13.40.110(1) or (e)(i) of this subsection((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That)). Courts of limited jurisdiction which confine juveniles for an alleged offense or infraction may place juveniles in juvenile detention facilities under an agreement with the officials responsible for the administration of the juvenile detention facility in RCW 13.04.035 and 13.20.060;
- (iv) The alleged offense is a traffic or civil infraction, a violation of compulsory school attendance provisions under chapter 28A.225 RCW, or a misdemeanor, and a court of limited jurisdiction has assumed concurrent jurisdiction over those offenses as provided in RCW 13.04.0301; or
- (v) The juvenile is sixteen or seventeen years old on the date the alleged offense is committed and the alleged offense is:
 - (A) A serious violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030;

- (B) A violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 and the juvenile has a criminal history consisting of: (I) One or more prior serious violent offenses; (II) two or more prior violent offenses; or (III) three or more of any combination of the following offenses: Any class A felony, any class B felony, vehicular assault, or manslaughter in the second degree, all of which must have been committed after the juvenile's thirteenth birthday and prosecuted separately;
- (C) Robbery in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, or driveby shooting, committed on or after July 1, 1997;
- (D) Burglary in the first degree committed on or after July 1, 1997, and the juvenile has a criminal history consisting of one or more prior felony or misdemeanor offenses; or
- (E) Any violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 committed on or after July 1, 1997, and the juvenile is alleged to have been armed with a firearm.
- (I) In such a case the adult criminal court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction, except as provided in (e)(v)(E)(II) and (III) of this subsection.
- (II) The juvenile court shall have exclusive jurisdiction over the disposition of any remaining charges in any case in which the juvenile is found not guilty in the adult criminal court of the charge or charges for which he or she was transferred, or is convicted in the adult criminal court of a lesser included offense that is not also an offense listed in (e)(v) of this subsection. The juvenile court shall enter an order extending juvenile court jurisdiction if the juvenile has turned eighteen years of age during the adult criminal court proceedings pursuant to RCW 13.40.300. However, once the case is returned to juvenile court, the court may hold a decline hearing pursuant to RCW 13.40.110 to determine whether to retain the case in juvenile court for the purpose of disposition or return the case to adult criminal court for sentencing.
- (III) The prosecutor and respondent may agree to juvenile court jurisdiction and waive application of exclusive adult criminal jurisdiction in (e)(v)(A) through (E) of this subsection and remove the proceeding back to juvenile court with the court's approval.

If the juvenile challenges the state's determination of the juvenile's criminal history under (e)(v) of this subsection, the state may establish the offender's criminal history by a preponderance of the evidence. If the criminal history consists of adjudications entered upon a plea of guilty, the state shall not bear a burden of establishing the knowing and voluntariness of the plea;

- (f) Under the interstate compact on juveniles as provided in chapter 13.24 RCW;
- (g) Relating to termination of a diversion agreement under RCW 13.40.080, including a proceeding in which the divertee has attained eighteen years of age;
- (h) Relating to court validation of a voluntary consent to an out-of-home placement under chapter 13.34 RCW, by the parent or Indian custodian of an Indian child, except if the parent or Indian custodian and child are residents of or domiciled within the boundaries of a federally recognized Indian reservation over which the tribe exercises exclusive jurisdiction;
- (i) Relating to petitions to compel disclosure of information filed by the department of social and health services pursuant to RCW 74.13.042; and
- (j) Relating to judicial determinations and permanency planning hearings involving developmentally disabled children who have been placed in out-ofhome care pursuant to a voluntary placement agreement between the child's

parent, guardian, or legal custodian and the department of social and health services.

- (2) The family court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction with the juvenile court over all proceedings under this section if the superior court judges of a county authorize concurrent jurisdiction as provided in RCW 26.12.010.
- (3) The juvenile court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction with the family court over child custody proceedings under chapter 26.10 RCW as provided for in RCW 13.34.155.
- (4) A juvenile subject to adult superior court jurisdiction under subsection (1)(e)(i) through (v) of this section, who is detained pending trial, may be detained in a detention facility as defined in RCW 13.40.020 pending sentencing or a dismissal.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 13.40.020 and 2004 c 120 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter:

- (1) "Community-based rehabilitation" means one or more of the following: Employment; attendance of information classes; literacy classes; counseling, outpatient substance abuse treatment programs, outpatient mental health programs, anger management classes, education or outpatient treatment programs to prevent animal cruelty, or other services; or attendance at school or other educational programs appropriate for the juvenile as determined by the school district. Placement in community-based rehabilitation programs is subject to available funds;
 - (2) Community-based sanctions may include one or more of the following:
 - (a) A fine, not to exceed five hundred dollars;
- (b) Community restitution not to exceed one hundred fifty hours of community restitution;
- (3) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender as punishment for committing an offense. Community restitution may be performed through public or private organizations or through work crews;
- (4) "Community supervision" means an order of disposition by the court of an adjudicated youth not committed to the department or an order granting a deferred disposition. A community supervision order for a single offense may be for a period of up to two years for a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 and up to one year for other offenses. As a mandatory condition of any term of community supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to refrain from committing new offenses. As a mandatory condition of community supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to comply with the mandatory school attendance provisions of chapter 28A.225 RCW and to inform the school of the existence of this requirement. Community supervision is an individualized program comprised of one or more of the following:
 - (a) Community-based sanctions;
 - (b) Community-based rehabilitation;
 - (c) Monitoring and reporting requirements;
 - (d) Posting of a probation bond;
- (5) "Confinement" means physical custody by the department of social and health services in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state, or physical custody in a detention facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with

any county. The county may operate or contract with vendors to operate county detention facilities. The department may operate or contract to operate detention facilities for juveniles committed to the department. Pretrial confinement or confinement of less than thirty-one days imposed as part of a disposition or modification order may be served consecutively or intermittently, in the discretion of the court;

- (6) "Court," when used without further qualification, means the juvenile court judge(s) or commissioner(s);
- (7) "Criminal history" includes all criminal complaints against the respondent for which, prior to the commission of a current offense:
- (a) The allegations were found correct by a court. If a respondent is convicted of two or more charges arising out of the same course of conduct, only the highest charge from among these shall count as an offense for the purposes of this chapter; or
- (b) The criminal complaint was diverted by a prosecutor pursuant to the provisions of this chapter on agreement of the respondent and after an advisement to the respondent that the criminal complaint would be considered as part of the respondent's criminal history. A successfully completed deferred adjudication that was entered before July 1, 1998, or a deferred disposition shall not be considered part of the respondent's criminal history;
 - (8) "Department" means the department of social and health services;
- (9) "Detention facility" means a county facility, paid for by the county, for the physical confinement of a juvenile alleged to have committed an offense or an adjudicated offender subject to a disposition or modification order. "Detention facility" includes county group homes, inpatient substance abuse programs, juvenile basic training camps, and electronic monitoring;
- (10) "Diversion unit" means any probation counselor who enters into a diversion agreement with an alleged youthful offender, or any other person, community accountability board, youth court under the supervision of the juvenile court, or other entity except a law enforcement official or entity, with whom the juvenile court administrator has contracted to arrange and supervise such agreements pursuant to RCW 13.40.080, or any person, community accountability board, or other entity specially funded by the legislature to arrange and supervise diversion agreements in accordance with the requirements of this chapter. For purposes of this subsection, "community accountability board" means a board comprised of members of the local community in which the juvenile offender resides. The superior court shall appoint the members. The boards shall consist of at least three and not more than seven members. If possible, the board should include a variety of representatives from the community, such as a law enforcement officer, teacher or school administrator, high school student, parent, and business owner, and should represent the cultural diversity of the local community;
- (11) "Foster care" means temporary physical care in a foster family home or group care facility as defined in RCW 74.15.020 and licensed by the department, or other legally authorized care;
- (12) "Institution" means a juvenile facility established pursuant to chapters 72.05 and 72.16 through 72.20 RCW;
- (13) "Intensive supervision program" means a parole program that requires intensive supervision and monitoring, offers an array of individualized treatment

and transitional services, and emphasizes community involvement and support in order to reduce the likelihood a juvenile offender will commit further offenses:

- (14) "Juvenile," "youth," and "child" mean any individual who is under the chronological age of eighteen years and who has not been previously transferred to adult court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110, unless the individual was convicted of a lesser charge or acquitted of the charge for which he or she was previously transferred pursuant to RCW 13.40.110 or who is not otherwise under adult court jurisdiction;
- (15) "Juvenile offender" means any juvenile who has been found by the juvenile court to have committed an offense, including a person eighteen years of age or older over whom jurisdiction has been extended under RCW 13.40.300;
- (16) "Local sanctions" means one or more of the following: (a) 0-30 days of confinement; (b) 0-12 months of community supervision; (c) 0-150 hours of community restitution; or (d) \$0-\$500 fine;
- (17) "Manifest injustice" means a disposition that would either impose an excessive penalty on the juvenile or would impose a serious, and clear danger to society in light of the purposes of this chapter;
- (18) "Monitoring and reporting requirements" means one or more of the following: Curfews; requirements to remain at home, school, work, or court-ordered treatment programs during specified hours; restrictions from leaving or entering specified geographical areas; requirements to report to the probation officer as directed and to remain under the probation officer's supervision; and other conditions or limitations as the court may require which may not include confinement:
- (19) "Offense" means an act designated a violation or a crime if committed by an adult under the law of this state, under any ordinance of any city or county of this state, under any federal law, or under the law of another state if the act occurred in that state:
- (20) "Probation bond" means a bond, posted with sufficient security by a surety justified and approved by the court, to secure the offender's appearance at required court proceedings and compliance with court-ordered community supervision or conditions of release ordered pursuant to RCW 13.40.040 or 13.40.050. It also means a deposit of cash or posting of other collateral in lieu of a bond if approved by the court;
- (21) "Respondent" means a juvenile who is alleged or proven to have committed an offense;
- (22) "Restitution" means financial reimbursement by the offender to the victim, and shall be limited to easily ascertainable damages for injury to or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for medical treatment for physical injury to persons, lost wages resulting from physical injury, and costs of the victim's counseling reasonably related to the offense. Restitution shall not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain and suffering, or other intangible losses. Nothing in this chapter shall limit or replace civil remedies or defenses available to the victim or offender;
- (23) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social and health services. "Assistant secretary" means the assistant secretary for juvenile rehabilitation for the department;

- (24) "Services" means services which provide alternatives to incarceration for those juveniles who have pleaded or been adjudicated guilty of an offense or have signed a diversion agreement pursuant to this chapter;
- (25) "Sex offense" means an offense defined as a sex offense in RCW 9.94A.030:
- (26) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which the respondent committed the offense was for the purpose of his or her sexual gratification;
- (27) "Surety" means an entity licensed under state insurance laws or by the state department of licensing, to write corporate, property, or probation bonds within the state, and justified and approved by the superior court of the county having jurisdiction of the case;
- (28) "Violation" means an act or omission, which if committed by an adult, must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and is punishable by sanctions which do not include incarceration;
- (29) "Violent offense" means a violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030;
- (30) "Youth court" means a diversion unit under the supervision of the juvenile court.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 13.40.110 and 1997 c 338 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) <u>Discretionary decline hearing</u> The prosecutor, respondent, or the court on its own motion may, before a hearing on the information on its merits, file a motion requesting the court to transfer the respondent for adult criminal prosecution and the matter shall be set for a hearing on the question of declining jurisdiction.
- (2) Mandatory decline hearing Unless waived by the court, the parties, and their counsel, a decline hearing shall be held when:
- (a) The respondent is ((fifteen,)) sixteen((-,)) or seventeen years of age and the information alleges a class A felony or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit a class A felony;
- (b) The respondent is seventeen years of age and the information alleges assault in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, indecent liberties, child molestation in the second degree, kidnapping in the second degree, or robbery in the second degree; or
- (c) The information alleges an escape by the respondent and the respondent is serving a minimum juvenile sentence to age twenty-one.
- (((2))) (3) The court after a decline hearing may order the case transferred for adult criminal prosecution upon a finding that the declination would be in the best interest of the juvenile or the public. The court shall consider the relevant reports, facts, opinions, and arguments presented by the parties and their counsel.
- (((3))) (4) When the respondent is transferred for criminal prosecution or retained for prosecution in juvenile court, the court shall set forth in writing its finding which shall be supported by relevant facts and opinions produced at the hearing.

- **Sec. 4.** RCW 13.40.308 and 2007 c 199 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) If a respondent is adjudicated of taking a motor vehicle without permission in the first degree as defined in RCW 9A.56.070, the court shall impose the following minimum sentence, in addition to any restitution the court may order payable to the victim:
- (a) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of zero to one-half points shall be sentenced to a standard range sentence that includes no less than ((five days of home detention)) three months of community supervision, forty-five hours of community restitution, ((and)) a two hundred dollar fine, and a requirement that the juvenile remain at home such that the juvenile is confined to a private residence for no less than five days. The juvenile may be subject to electronic monitoring where available. If the juvenile is enrolled in school, the confinement shall be served on nonschool days;
- (b) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of three-quarters to one and one-half points shall be sentenced to $((\frac{[a]}{a}))$ a standard range sentence that includes \underline{six} months of community supervision, no less than ten days of detention, ninety hours of community restitution, and a four hundred dollar fine; and
- (c) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of two or more points shall be sentenced to no less than fifteen to thirty-six weeks ((of confinement, seven days of home detention)) commitment to the juvenile rehabilitation administration, four months of parole supervision, ninety hours of community restitution, and a four hundred dollar fine.
- (2) If a respondent is adjudicated of theft of a motor vehicle as defined under RCW 9A.56.065, or possession of a stolen vehicle as defined under RCW 9A.56.068, the court shall impose the following minimum sentence, in addition to any restitution the court may order payable to the victim:
- (a) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of zero to one-half points shall be sentenced to a standard range sentence that includes ((either: (i) No less than five days of home detention and)) no less than three months of community supervision, forty-five hours of community restitution((; or (ii) no home detention and ninety hours of community restitution)), a two hundred dollar fine, and either ninety hours of community restitution or a requirement that the juvenile remain at home such that the juvenile is confined in a private residence for no less than five days. The juvenile may be subject to electronic monitoring where available;
- (b) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of three-quarters to one and one-half points shall be sentenced to (([a])) a standard range sentence that includes no less than six months of community supervision, no less than ten days of detention, ninety hours of community restitution, and a four hundred dollar fine; and
- (c) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of two or more points shall be sentenced to no less than fifteen to thirty-six weeks ((of confinement, seven days of home detention)) commitment to the juvenile rehabilitation administration, four months of parole supervision, ninety hours of community restitution, and a four hundred dollar fine.

- (3) If a respondent is adjudicated of taking a motor vehicle without permission in the second degree as defined in RCW 9A.56.075, the court shall impose a standard range as follows:
- (a) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of zero to one-half points shall be sentenced to a standard range sentence that includes ((either: (i) No less than one day of home detention, one)) three months of community supervision, ((and)) fifteen hours of community restitution((; or (ii) no home detention, one month of supervision, and thirty hours of community restitution)), and a requirement that the juvenile remain at home such that the juvenile is confined in a private residence for no less than one day. If the juvenile is enrolled in school, the confinement shall be served on nonschool days. The juvenile may be subject to electronic monitoring where available;
- (b) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of three-quarters to one and one-half points shall be sentenced to a standard range sentence that includes no less than one day of detention, ((two days of home detention, two)) three months of community supervision, thirty hours of community restitution, ((and)) a one hundred fifty dollar fine, and a requirement that the juvenile remain at home such that the juvenile is confined in a private residence for no less than two days. If the juvenile is enrolled in school, the confinement shall be served on nonschool days. The juvenile may be subject to electronic monitoring where available; and
- (c) Juveniles with a prior criminal history score of two or more points shall be sentenced to no less than three days of detention, ((seven days of home detention, three)) six months of community supervision, forty-five hours of community restitution, ((and)) a one hundred fifty dollar fine, and a requirement that the juvenile remain at home such that the juvenile is confined in a private residence for no less than seven days. If the juvenile is enrolled in school, the confinement shall be served on nonschool days. The juvenile may be subject to electronic monitoring where available.

Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Passed by the House April 15, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 455

[Senate Bill 5525]

OFFENDER RELEASE—RENTAL VOUCHERS

AN ACT Relating to rental vouchers to allow release from state institutions; amending RCW 9.94A.728 and 9.94A.728; adding a new section to chapter 9.94A RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 9.94A.728 and 2007 c 483 s 304 are each amended to read as follows:

No person serving a sentence imposed pursuant to this chapter and committed to the custody of the department shall leave the confines of the correctional facility or be released prior to the expiration of the sentence except as follows:

- (1) ((Except as otherwise provided for in subsection (2) of this section, the term of the sentence of an offender committed to a correctional facility operated by the department may be reduced by earned release time in accordance with procedures that shall be developed and promulgated by the correctional agency having jurisdiction in which the offender is confined. The earned release time shall be for good behavior and good performance, as determined by the correctional agency having jurisdiction. The correctional agency shall not credit the offender with earned release credits in advance of the offender actually earning the credits. Any program established pursuant to this section shall allow an offender to earn early release credits for presentence incarceration. If an offender is transferred from a county jail to the department, the administrator of a county jail facility shall certify to the department the amount of time spent in custody at the facility and the amount of earned release time. An offender who has been convicted of a felony committed after July 23, 1995, that involves any applicable deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or (4), or both, shall not receive any good time credits or earned release time for that portion of his or her sentence that results from any deadly weapon enhancements.
- (a) In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed fifteen percent of the sentence. In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed ten percent of the sentence.
- (b)(i) In the case of an offender who qualifies under (b)(ii) of this subsection, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed fifty percent of the sentence.
- (ii) An offender is qualified to earn up to fifty percent of aggregate earned release time under this subsection (1)(b) if he or she:
- (A) Is classified in one of the two lowest risk categories under (b)(iii) of this subsection;
 - (B) Is not confined pursuant to a sentence for:
 - (I) A sex offense:
 - (II) A violent offense:
 - (III) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;
 - (IV) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020;
 - (V) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);
- (VI) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine; or
- (VII) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor);
 - (C) Has no prior conviction for:
 - (I) A sex offense:
 - (II) A violent offense;
 - (III) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;
 - (IV) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020;
 - (V) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);

- (VI) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine; or
- (VII) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor);
- (D) Participates in programming or activities as directed by the offender's individual reentry plan as provided under RCW 72.09.270 to the extent that such programming or activities are made available by the department; and
- (E) Has not committed a new felony after July 22, 2007, while under community supervision, community placement, or community custody.
- (iii) For purposes of determining an offender's eligibility under this subsection (1)(b), the department shall perform a risk assessment of every offender committed to a correctional facility operated by the department who has no current or prior conviction for a sex offense, a violent offense, a crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411, a felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020, a violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary), a violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, or a violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor). The department must classify each assessed offender in one of four risk categories between highest and lowest risk.
- (iv) The department shall recalculate the carned release time and reschedule the expected release dates for each qualified offender under this subsection (1)(b).
- (v) This subsection (1)(b) applies retroactively to eligible offenders serving terms of total confinement in a state correctional facility as of July 1, 2003.
- (vi) This subsection (1)(b) does not apply to offenders convicted after July 1, 2010.
- (e) In no other case shall the aggregate earned release time exceed one-third of the total sentence:
- (2)(a) A person convicted of a sex offense or an offense categorized as a serious violent offense, assault in the second degree, vehicular homicide, vehicular assault, assault of a child in the second degree, any crime against persons where it is determined in accordance with RCW 9.94A.602 that the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, committed before July 1, 2000, may become eligible, in accordance with a program developed by the department, for transfer to community custody status in lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section;
- (b) A person convicted of a sex offense, a violent offense, any crime against persons under RCW 9.94A.411(2), or a felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, committed on or after July 1, 2000, may become eligible, in accordance with a program developed by the department, for transfer to community custody status in lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section;
- (c) The department shall, as a part of its program for release to the community in lieu of earned release, require the offender to propose a release plan that includes an approved residence and living arrangement. All offenders

with community placement or community custody terms eligible for release to community custody status in lieu of carned release shall provide an approved residence and living arrangement prior to release to the community;

- (d) The department may deny transfer to community custody status in lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section if the department determines an offender's release plan, including proposed residence location and living arrangements, may violate the conditions of the sentence or conditions of supervision, place the offender at risk to violate the conditions of the sentence, place the offender at risk to reoffend, or present a risk to victim safety or community safety. The department's authority under this section is independent of any court-ordered condition of sentence or statutory provision regarding conditions for community custody or community placement;
- (e) If the department denies transfer to community custody status in lieu of earned early release pursuant to (d) of this subsection, the department may transfer an offender to partial confinement in lieu of earned early release up to three months. The three months in partial confinement is in addition to that portion of the offender's term of confinement that may be served in partial confinement as provided in this section;
- (f) An offender serving a term of confinement imposed under RCW 9.94A.670(4)(a) is not eligible for earned release credits under this section;
- (3))) An offender may earn early release time as authorized by section 3 of this act.
- (2) An offender may leave a correctional facility pursuant to an authorized furlough or leave of absence. In addition, offenders may leave a correctional facility when in the custody of a corrections officer or officers;
- (((4))) (3)(a) The secretary may authorize an extraordinary medical placement for an offender when all of the following conditions exist:
- (i) The offender has a medical condition that is serious enough to require costly care or treatment;
- (ii) The offender poses a low risk to the community because he or she is physically incapacitated due to age or the medical condition; and
- (iii) Granting the extraordinary medical placement will result in a cost savings to the state.
- (b) An offender sentenced to death or to life imprisonment without the possibility of release or parole is not eligible for an extraordinary medical placement.
- (c) The secretary shall require electronic monitoring for all offenders in extraordinary medical placement unless the electronic monitoring equipment interferes with the function of the offender's medical equipment or results in the loss of funding for the offender's medical care. The secretary shall specify who shall provide the monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed.
- (d) The secretary may revoke an extraordinary medical placement under this subsection at any time.
 - (e) Persistent offenders are not eligible for extraordinary medical placement;
- (((5))) (4) The governor, upon recommendation from the clemency and pardons board, may grant an extraordinary release for reasons of serious health problems, senility, advanced age, extraordinary meritorious acts, or other extraordinary circumstances;

- $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$ No more than the final six months of the offender's term of confinement may be served in partial confinement designed to aid the offender in finding work and reestablishing himself or herself in the community. This is in addition to that period of earned early release time that may be exchanged for partial confinement pursuant to $((\frac{\text{subsection}}{(2)(e)}))$ section 3(5)(d) of this $((\frac{\text{section}}{(2)(e)}))$ act;
 - (((7))) (6) The governor may pardon any offender;
- (((8))) (7) The department may release an offender from confinement any time within ten days before a release date calculated under this section; and
- (((9))) (8) An offender may leave a correctional facility prior to completion of his or her sentence if the sentence has been reduced as provided in RCW 9.94A.870.

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, an offender sentenced for a felony crime listed in RCW 9.94A.540 as subject to a mandatory minimum sentence of total confinement shall not be released from total confinement before the completion of the listed mandatory minimum sentence for that felony crime of conviction unless allowed under RCW 9.94A.540((, however persistent offenders are not eligible for extraordinary medical placement)).

Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.728 and 2008 c 231 s 34 are each amended to read as follows:

No person serving a sentence imposed pursuant to this chapter and committed to the custody of the department shall leave the confines of the correctional facility or be released prior to the expiration of the sentence except as follows:

- (1) ((Except as otherwise provided for in subsection (2) of this section, the term of the sentence of an offender committed to a correctional facility operated by the department may be reduced by earned release time in accordance with procedures that shall be developed and promulgated by the correctional agency having jurisdiction in which the offender is confined. The carned release time shall be for good behavior and good performance, as determined by the correctional agency having jurisdiction. The correctional agency shall not credit the offender with earned release credits in advance of the offender actually earning the credits. Any program established pursuant to this section shall allow an offender to earn early release credits for presentence incarceration. If an offender is transferred from a county jail to the department, the administrator of a county jail facility shall certify to the department the amount of time spent in custody at the facility and the amount of earned release time. An offender who has been convicted of a felony committed after July 23, 1995, that involves any applicable deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or (4), or both, shall not receive any good time credits or earned release time for that portion of his or her sentence that results from any deadly weapon enhancements.
- (a) In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed fifteen percent of the sentence. In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed ten percent of the sentence.

- (b)(i) In the case of an offender who qualifies under (b)(ii) of this subsection, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed fifty percent of the sentence.
- (ii) An offender is qualified to earn up to fifty percent of aggregate earned release time under this subsection (1)(b) if he or she:
- (A) Is classified in one of the two lowest risk categories under (b)(iii) of this subsection:
 - (B) Is not confined pursuant to a sentence for:
 - (I) A sex offense:
 - (II) A violent offense:
 - (III) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;
 - (IV) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020;
 - (V) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);
- (VI) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine; or
- (VII) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor); (C) Has no prior conviction for:
 - (I) A sex offense:
 - (II) A violent offense;
 - (III) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;
 - (IV) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020;
 - (V) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);
- (VI) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine; or
- (VII) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor);
- (D) Participates in programming or activities as directed by the offender's individual reentry plan as provided under RCW 72.09.270 to the extent that such programming or activities are made available by the department; and
- (E) Has not committed a new felony after July 22, 2007, while under community custody.
- (iii) For purposes of determining an offender's eligibility under this subsection (1)(b), the department shall perform a risk assessment of every offender committed to a correctional facility operated by the department who has no current or prior conviction for a sex offense, a violent offense, a crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411, a felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020, a violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary), a violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, or a violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor). The department must classify each assessed offender in one of four risk categories between highest and lowest risk.
- (iv) The department shall recalculate the earned release time and reschedule the expected release dates for each qualified offender under this subsection (1)(b).

- (v) This subsection (1)(b) applies retroactively to eligible offenders serving terms of total confinement in a state correctional facility as of July 1, 2003.
- (vi) This subsection (1)(b) does not apply to offenders convicted after July 1, 2010.
- (e) In no other case shall the aggregate earned release time exceed one-third of the total sentence:
- (2)(a) A person convicted of a sex offense, a violent offense, any crime against persons under RCW 9.94A.411(2), or a felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, may become eligible, in accordance with a program developed by the department, for transfer to community custody in lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section;
- (b) The department shall, as a part of its program for release to the community in lieu of earned release, require the offender to propose a release plan that includes an approved residence and living arrangement. All offenders with community custody terms eligible for release to community custody in lieu of earned release shall provide an approved residence and living arrangement prior to release to the community;
- (e) The department may deny transfer to community custody in lieu of earned release time pursuant to subsection (1) of this section if the department determines an offender's release plan, including proposed residence location and living arrangements, may violate the conditions of the sentence or conditions of supervision, place the offender at risk to violate the conditions of the sentence, place the offender at risk to reoffend, or present a risk to victim safety or community safety. The department's authority under this section is independent of any court-ordered condition of sentence or statutory provision regarding conditions for community custody;
- (d) If the department denies transfer to community custody in lieu of earned early release pursuant to (e) of this subsection, the department may transfer an offender to partial confinement in lieu of earned early release up to three months. The three months in partial confinement is in addition to that portion of the offender's term of confinement that may be served in partial confinement as provided in this section;
- (e) An offender serving a term of confinement imposed under RCW 9.94A.670(5)(a) is not eligible for earned release credits under this section;
- (3))) An offender may earn early release time as authorized by section 3 of this act.
- (2) An offender may leave a correctional facility pursuant to an authorized furlough or leave of absence. In addition, offenders may leave a correctional facility when in the custody of a corrections officer or officers;
- (((4))) (3)(a) The secretary may authorize an extraordinary medical placement for an offender when all of the following conditions exist:
- (i) The offender has a medical condition that is serious enough to require costly care or treatment;
- (ii) The offender poses a low risk to the community because he or she is physically incapacitated due to age or the medical condition; and
- (iii) Granting the extraordinary medical placement will result in a cost savings to the state.

- (b) An offender sentenced to death or to life imprisonment without the possibility of release or parole is not eligible for an extraordinary medical placement.
- (c) The secretary shall require electronic monitoring for all offenders in extraordinary medical placement unless the electronic monitoring equipment interferes with the function of the offender's medical equipment or results in the loss of funding for the offender's medical care. The secretary shall specify who shall provide the monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed.
- (d) The secretary may revoke an extraordinary medical placement under this subsection at any time.
 - (e) Persistent offenders are not eligible for extraordinary medical placement;
- (((5))) (4) The governor, upon recommendation from the clemency and pardons board, may grant an extraordinary release for reasons of serious health problems, senility, advanced age, extraordinary meritorious acts, or other extraordinary circumstances;
- (((6))) (5) No more than the final six months of the offender's term of confinement may be served in partial confinement designed to aid the offender in finding work and reestablishing himself or herself in the community. This is in addition to that period of earned early release time that may be exchanged for partial confinement pursuant to ((subsection (2))) section 3(5)(d) of this ((section)) act;
 - (((7))) (6) The governor may pardon any offender;
- (((8))) (7) The department may release an offender from confinement any time within ten days before a release date calculated under this section;
- (((9))) (8) An offender may leave a correctional facility prior to completion of his or her sentence if the sentence has been reduced as provided in RCW 9.94A.870; and
- (((10))) (9) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, an offender sentenced for a felony crime listed in RCW 9.94A.540 as subject to a mandatory minimum sentence of total confinement shall not be released from total confinement before the completion of the listed mandatory minimum sentence for that felony crime of conviction unless allowed under RCW 9.94A.540((, however persistent offenders are not eligible for extraordinary medical placement)).

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 9.94A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The term of the sentence of an offender committed to a correctional facility operated by the department may be reduced by earned release time in accordance with procedures that shall be developed and adopted by the correctional agency having jurisdiction in which the offender is confined. The earned release time shall be for good behavior and good performance, as determined by the correctional agency having jurisdiction. The correctional agency shall not credit the offender with earned release credits in advance of the offender actually earning the credits. Any program established pursuant to this section shall allow an offender to earn early release credits for presentence incarceration. If an offender is transferred from a county jail to the department, the administrator of a county jail facility shall certify to the department the

amount of time spent in custody at the facility and the amount of earned release time.

- (2) An offender who has been convicted of a felony committed after July 23, 1995, that involves any applicable deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.533 (3) or (4), or both, shall not receive any good time credits or earned release time for that portion of his or her sentence that results from any deadly weapon enhancements.
 - (3) An offender may earn early release time as follows:
- (a) In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 1990, and before July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed fifteen percent of the sentence.
- (b) In the case of an offender convicted of a serious violent offense, or a sex offense that is a class A felony, committed on or after July 1, 2003, the aggregate earned release time may not exceed ten percent of the sentence.
- (c) An offender is qualified to earn up to fifty percent of aggregate earned release time if he or she:
- (i) Is not classified as an offender who is at a high risk to reoffend as provided in subsection (4) of this section;
 - (ii) Is not confined pursuant to a sentence for:
 - (A) A sex offense:
 - (B) A violent offense;
 - (C) A crime against persons as defined in RCW 9.94A.411;
 - (D) A felony that is domestic violence as defined in RCW 10.99.020;
 - (E) A violation of RCW 9A.52.025 (residential burglary);
- (F) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.401 by manufacture or delivery or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine; or
- (G) A violation of, or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to violate, RCW 69.50.406 (delivery of a controlled substance to a minor);
- (iii) Has no prior conviction for the offenses listed in (c)(ii) of this subsection;
- (iv) Participates in programming or activities as directed by the offender's individual reentry plan as provided under RCW 72.09.270 to the extent that such programming or activities are made available by the department; and
- (v) Has not committed a new felony after July 22, 2007, while under community custody.
- (d) In no other case shall the aggregate earned release time exceed one-third of the total sentence.
- (4) The department shall perform a risk assessment of each offender who may qualify for earned early release under subsection (3)(c) of this section utilizing the risk assessment tool recommended by the Washington state institute for public policy. Subsection (3)(c) of this section does not apply to offenders convicted after July 1, 2010.
- (5)(a) A person who is eligible for earned early release as provided in this section and who is convicted of a sex offense, a violent offense, any crime against persons under RCW 9.94A.411(2), or a felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, shall be transferred to community custody in lieu of earned release time:

- (b) The department shall, as a part of its program for release to the community in lieu of earned release, require the offender to propose a release plan that includes an approved residence and living arrangement. All offenders with community custody terms eligible for release to community custody in lieu of earned release shall provide an approved residence and living arrangement prior to release to the community;
- (c) The department may deny transfer to community custody in lieu of earned release time if the department determines an offender's release plan, including proposed residence location and living arrangements, may violate the conditions of the sentence or conditions of supervision, place the offender at risk to violate the conditions of the sentence, place the offender at risk to reoffend, or present a risk to victim safety or community safety. The department's authority under this section is independent of any court-ordered condition of sentence or statutory provision regarding conditions for community custody;
- (d) If the department is unable to approve the offender's release plan, the department may do one or more of the following:
- (i) Transfer an offender to partial confinement in lieu of earned early release for a period not to exceed three months. The three months in partial confinement is in addition to that portion of the offender's term of confinement that may be served in partial confinement as provided in RCW 9.94A.728(5);
- (ii) Provide rental vouchers to the offender for a period not to exceed three months if rental assistance will result in an approved release plan. The voucher must be provided in conjunction with additional transition support programming or services that enable an offender to participate in services including, but not limited to, substance abuse treatment, mental health treatment, sex offender treatment, educational programming, or employment programming;
- (e) For each offender who is the recipient of a rental voucher, the department shall include, concurrent with the data that the department otherwise obtains and records, the housing status of the offender for the duration of the offender's supervision.
- (6) An offender serving a term of confinement imposed under RCW 9.94A.670(5)(a) is not eligible for earned release credits under this section.

*<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. The department shall report to the legislature and the appropriate committees by December 1, 2009, the number of rental vouchers issued to offenders pursuant to this act, any sanction history for offenders after they received the vouchers, and additional information tracked by the department that may assist the legislature in evaluating the rental voucher program.

*Sec. 4 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Section 2 of this act takes effect August 1, 2009.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Section 1 of this act expires August 1, 2009.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** Section 3 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Passed by the Senate April 24, 2009.

Passed by the House April 22, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I have approved, except for Section 4, Senate Bill 5525 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to rental vouchers to allow release from state institutions."

This section requires a report from the Department of Corrections to the Legislature on December 1, 2009 regarding the number of rental vouchers issued to offenders and any corresponding sanction history for those offenders receiving vouchers. No funding is included in the budget for this report. I am directing the Department to keep track of information related to this bill.

For this reason, I have vetoed Section 4 of Senate Bill 5525. With the exception of Section 4, Senate Bill 5525 is approved."

CHAPTER 456

[Substitute Senate Bill 5504]

RECLAIMED WATER PERMITTING

AN ACT Relating to reclaimed water permitting; amending RCW 90.46.010, 90.46.015, 90.46.040, 90.46.080, 90.46.120, 90.48.465, 43.21B.110, 43.21B.300, and 43.21B.310; adding new sections to chapter 90.46 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 90.46.060; and prescribing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 90.46.010 and 2006 c 279 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Agricultural industrial process water" means water that has been used for the purpose of agricultural processing and has been adequately and reliably treated, so that as a result of that treatment, it is suitable for other agricultural water use
- (2) "Agricultural processing" means the processing of crops or milk to produce a product primarily for wholesale or retail sale for human or animal consumption, including but not limited to potato, fruit, vegetable, and grain processing.
- (3) "Agricultural water use" means the use of water for irrigation and other uses related to the production of agricultural products. These uses include, but are not limited to, construction, operation, and maintenance of agricultural facilities and livestock operations at farms, ranches, dairies, and nurseries. Examples of these uses include, but are not limited to, dust control, temperature control, and fire control.
- (4) (("Beneficial use" means the use of reclaimed water, that has been transported from the point of production to the point of use without an intervening discharge to the waters of the state, for a beneficial purpose.
- (5))) "Constructed beneficial use wetlands" means those wetlands intentionally constructed on nonwetland sites to produce or ((replace)) create natural wetland functions and values. ((Constructed beneficial use wetlands are considered "waters of the state."

- (6))) (5) "Constructed treatment wetlands" means ((those wetlands)) wetland-like impoundments intentionally constructed on nonwetland sites and managed for the primary purpose of ((polishing)) further treatment or retention of reclaimed water ((or aesthetics)) as distinct from creating natural wetland functions and values. ((Constructed treatment wetlands are considered part of the collection and treatment system and are not considered "waters of the state."
- (7))) (6) "Direct groundwater recharge" means the controlled subsurface addition of water directly ((to the groundwater basin that results in the replenishment of)) into groundwater for the purpose of replenishing groundwater.
- (((8))) (7) "Greywater or gray water" means ((wastewater having the consistency and strength of residential)) domestic type ((wastewater. Greywater includes wastewater)) flows from bathtubs, showers, bathroom sinks, washing machines, dishwashers, and kitchen or utility sinks((, showers, and laundry fixtures, but)). Gray water does not include flow from a toilet or urinal ((waters)).
- (((9) "Groundwater recharge)) (8) "State drinking water contaminant criteria" means the contaminant criteria found in the drinking water quality standards adopted by the state board of health pursuant to chapter 43.20 RCW and the department of health pursuant to chapter 70.119A RCW.
- (((10))) (9) "Industrial reuse water" means water that has been used for the purpose of industrial processing and has been adequately and reliably treated so that, as a result of that treatment, it is suitable for other uses.
- (((11))) (10) "Land application" means use of reclaimed water as permitted under this chapter for the purpose of irrigation or watering of landscape ((enhancement for residential, business, and governmental purposes)) vegetation.
- (((12))) (11) "Person" means any state, individual, public or private corporation, political subdivision, governmental subdivision, governmental agency, municipality, copartnership, association, firm, trust estate, or any other legal entity whatever.
- (((13))) (12) "Planned groundwater recharge project" means any reclaimed water project designed for the purpose of recharging groundwater((, via direct recharge or surface percolation)).
- (((14))) (13) "Reclaimed water" means ((effluent)) water derived in any part from ((sewage from a)) wastewater ((treatment system)) with a domestic wastewater component that has been adequately and reliably treated, so that ((as a result of that treatment, it is suitable for a beneficial use or a controlled use that would not otherwise occur and is no longer considered wastewater.
- (15) "Reclamation criteria" means the criteria set forth in the water reclamation and reuse interim standards and subsequent revisions adopted by the department of ecology and the department of health)) it can be used for beneficial purposes. Reclaimed water is not considered a wastewater.
- (14) "Wastewater" means water-carried wastes from residences, buildings, industrial and commercial establishments, or other places, together with such groundwater infiltration and inflow as may be present.
- (((16) "Sewage")) (15) "Domestic wastewater" means ((water-carried human wastes from residences, buildings, industrial and commercial establishments, or other places, together with such groundwater infiltration,

surface waters, or industrial wastewater as may be present)) wastewater from greywater, toilet, or urinal sources.

- (((17))) (16) "Streamflow or surface water augmentation" means the ((discharge)) intentional use of reclaimed water ((to)) for rivers and streams of the state or other surface water bodies, ((but not wetlands)) for the purpose of increasing volumes.
- $((\frac{(18)}{)})\frac{(17)}{(17)}$ "Surface percolation" means the controlled application of water to the ground surface or to unsaturated soil for the purpose of replenishing groundwater.
 - (((19))) (18) "User" means any person who uses reclaimed water.
- (((20) "Wastewater" means water and wastes discharged from homes, businesses, and industry to the sewer system.
- (21)) (19) "Wetland or wetlands" means areas that are inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted to life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas. Wetlands regulated under this chapter shall be delineated in accordance with the manual adopted by the department of ecology pursuant to RCW 90.58.380.
- (20) "Lead agency" means either the department of health or the department of ecology that has been designated by rule as the agency that will coordinate, review, issue, and enforce a reclaimed water permit issued under this chapter.
- (21) "Nonlead agency" means either the department of health or the department of ecology, whichever is not the lead agency for purposes of this chapter.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 90.46.015 and 2006 c 279 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department of ecology shall, in coordination with the department of health, adopt rules for reclaimed water use consistent with this chapter. The rules must address all aspects of reclaimed water use, including commercial and industrial uses, land applications, direct groundwater recharge, wetland discharge, surface percolation, constructed wetlands, and streamflow or surface water augmentation. The department of health shall, in coordination with the department of ecology, adopt rules for greywater reuse. The rules must also designate whether the department of ecology or the department of health will be the lead ((permitting or regulatory)) agency responsible for a particular aspect of reclaimed water use. In developing the rules, the departments of health and ecology shall amend or rescind any existing rules on reclaimed water in conflict with the new rules.
- (2) All rules required to be adopted pursuant to this section must be completed no later than December 31, 2010, although the department of ecology is encouraged to adopt the final rules as soon as possible.
- (3) The department of ecology must consult with the advisory committee created under RCW 90.46.050 in all aspects of rule development required under this section

- **Sec. 3.** RCW 90.46.040 and 2006 c 279 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(((a))) The department of ecology shall, in coordination with the department of health, adopt a single set of standards, procedures, and guidelines, on or before August 1, 1993, for land applications of reclaimed water.
- (((b))) (2) Standards adopted under this section are superseded by any rules adopted by the department of ecology pursuant to RCW 90.46.015 as they relate to the land application of reclaimed water.
- (((2) A permit is required for any land application of reclaimed water. The department of ecology may issue a reclaimed water permit under chapter 90.48 RCW to the generator of reclaimed water who may then distribute the water, subject to provisions in the permit governing the location, rate, water quality, and purpose of use. The department of ecology shall not issue more than one permit for any individual land application of reclaimed water to a single generator.
- (3) In cases where the department of ecology determines, in land applications of reclaimed water, that a significant risk to the public health exists, the department shall refer the application to the department of health for review and consultation and the department of health may require fees appropriate for review and consultation from the applicant pursuant to RCW 43.70.250.
- (4) A permit under this section for use of reclaimed water may be issued only to:
 - (a) A municipal, quasi-municipal, or other governmental entity;
 - (b) A private utility as defined under RCW 36.94.010; or
- (c) The holder of a waste discharge permit issued under chapter 90.48 RCW:
- (5) The authority and duties created in this section are in addition to any authority and duties already provided in law. Nothing in this section limits the powers of the state or any political subdivision to exercise such authority.
- (6) Before deciding whether to issue a permit under this section to a private utility, the department of ecology may require information that is reasonable and necessary to determine whether the private utility has the financial and other resources to ensure the reliability, continuity, and supervision of the reclaimed water facility.))
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 90.46.080 and 2006 c 279 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, reclaimed water may be beneficially used for surface percolation provided the reclaimed water meets the ((groundwater recharge)) state drinking water contaminant criteria as measured in groundwater beneath or down gradient of the recharge project site, and has been incorporated into a sewer or water comprehensive plan, as applicable, adopted by the applicable local government and approved by the department of health or department of ecology as applicable.
- (2) If the state ((groundwater recharge)) drinking water contaminant criteria ((as defined by RCW 90.46.010)) do not contain a standard for a constituent or contaminant, the department of ecology shall establish a discharge limit consistent with the goals of this chapter, except as otherwise provided in this section.

- (3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, reclaimed water that does not meet the ((groundwater recharge)) state drinking water contaminant criteria may be beneficially used for surface percolation where the department of ecology, in consultation with the department of health, has specifically authorized such use at such lower standard.
- (4) The provisions of this section are superseded by any rules adopted by the department of ecology pursuant to RCW 90.46.015 as they relate to surface percolation.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 90.46.120 and 2007 c 445 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The owner of a wastewater treatment facility that is reclaiming water with a permit issued under this chapter has the exclusive right to any reclaimed water generated by the wastewater treatment facility. Use, distribution, storage, and the recovery from ((aquifer)) storage of reclaimed water ((by the owner of the wastewater treatment facility)) permitted under this chapter is exempt from the permit requirements of RCW 90.03.250 and 90.44.060, provided that a permit for recovery of reclaimed water from aquifer storage ((and recovery)) shall be reviewed under the standards established under RCW 90.03.370(2) for aquifer storage and recovery projects. Revenues derived from the reclaimed water facility shall be used only to offset the cost of operation of the wastewater utility fund or other applicable source of systemwide funding.
- (2) If the proposed use ((or uses)) of reclaimed water ((are intended)) is to augment or replace potable water supplies or to create the potential for the development of an additional new potable water ((supplies, such use or uses shall be considered in the development of any regional water supply plan or plans addressing potable water supply service by multiple water purveyors. Such water supply plans include plans developed by multiple jurisdictions under the relevant provisions of chapters 43.20, 70.116, 90.44, and 90.82 RCW, and the water supply provisions under the utility element of chapter 36.70A RCW. The method by which such plans are approved shall remain unchanged. The owner of a wastewater treatment facility that proposes to reclaim water shall be included as a participant in the development of such regional water supply plan or plans)) supply, then regional water supply plans, or any other potable water supply plans prepared by multiple water purveyors, must consider the proposed use of the reclaimed water as they are developed or updated.
- (a) Regional water supply plans include those adopted under state board of health laws (chapter 43.20 RCW), the public water system coordination act of 1977 (chapter 70.116 RCW), groundwater protection laws (chapter 90.44 RCW), and the watershed planning act (chapter 90.82 RCW).
- (b) The requirement to consider the use of reclaimed water does not change the plan approval process established under these statutes.
- (c) When regional water supply plans are being developed, the owners of wastewater treatment facilities that produce or propose to produce reclaimed water for use within the planning area must be included in the planning process.
- (3) ((Where opportunities for the use of reclaimed water exist within the period of time addressed by a water system plan, a water supply plan, or a coordinated water system plan developed)) When reclaimed water is available or is proposed for use under a water supply or wastewater plan developed under chapter((s)) 43.20, 70.116, 90.44, ((and)) 90.48, or 90.82 RCW((, and the water

- supply provisions under the utility element of chapter 36.70A RCW₂)) these plans must be ((developed and)) coordinated to ensure that opportunities for reclaimed water are evaluated. The requirements of this subsection (3) do not apply to water system plans developed under chapter 43.20 RCW for utilities serving less than one thousand service connections.
- (4) The provisions of any plan for reclaimed water, developed under the authorities in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, should be included by a city, town, or county in reviewing provisions for water supplies in a proposed short plat, short subdivision, or subdivision under chapter 58.17 RCW, where reclaimed water supplies may be proposed for nonpotable purposes in the short plat, short subdivision, or subdivision.
- (5) By November 30, 2009, the department of ecology shall review comments from the reclaimed water advisory committee under RCW 90.46.050 and the reclaimed water and water rights advisory committee under the direction of the department of ecology and submit a recommendation to the legislature on the impairment requirements and standards for reclaimed water. The department of ecology shall also provide a report to the legislature that describes the opinions of the stakeholders on the impairment requirements and standards for reclaimed water.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 90.48.465 and 2002 c 361 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department shall establish annual fees to collect expenses for issuing and administering each class of permits under RCW 90.48.160, 90.48.162, and 90.48.260. An initial fee schedule shall be established by rule and be adjusted no more often than once every two years. This fee schedule shall apply to all permits, regardless of date of issuance, and fees shall be assessed prospectively. All fees charged shall be based on factors relating to the complexity of permit issuance and compliance and may be based on pollutant loading and toxicity and be designed to encourage recycling and the reduction of the quantity of pollutants. Fees shall be established in amounts to fully recover and not to exceed expenses incurred by the department in processing permit applications and modifications, monitoring and evaluating compliance with permits, conducting inspections, securing laboratory analysis of samples taken during inspections, reviewing plans and documents directly related to operations of permittees, overseeing performance of delegated pretreatment programs, and supporting the overhead expenses that are directly related to these activities.
- (2) The annual fee paid by a municipality, as defined in 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1362, for all domestic wastewater facility permits issued under RCW 90.48.162 and 90.48.260 shall not exceed the total of a maximum of fifteen cents per month per residence or residential equivalent contributing to the municipality's wastewater system.
- (3) The department shall ensure that indirect dischargers do not pay twice for the administrative expense of a permit. Accordingly, administrative expenses for permits issued by a municipality under RCW 90.48.165 are not recoverable by the department.
- (4) In establishing fees, the department shall consider the economic impact of fees on small dischargers and the economic impact of fees on public entities required to obtain permits for storm water runoff and shall provide appropriate adjustments.

- (5) The fee for an individual permit issued for a dairy farm as defined under chapter 90.64 RCW shall be fifty cents per animal unit up to one thousand two hundred fourteen dollars for fiscal year 1999. The fee for a general permit issued for a dairy farm as defined under chapter 90.64 RCW shall be fifty cents per animal unit up to eight hundred fifty dollars for fiscal year 1999. Thereafter, these fees may rise in accordance with the fiscal growth factor as provided in chapter 43.135 RCW.
- (6) The fee for a general permit or an individual permit developed solely as a result of the federal court of appeals decision in *Headwaters, Inc. v. Talent Irrigation District*, 243 F.3rd 526 (9th Cir. 2001) is limited, until June 30, 2003, to a maximum of three hundred dollars. Such a permit is required only, and as long as, the interpretation of this court decision is not overturned or modified by future court rulings, administrative rule making, or clarification of scope by the United States environmental protection agency or legislative action. In such a case the department shall take appropriate action to rescind or modify these permits.
- (7) All fees collected under this section shall be deposited in the water quality permit account hereby created in the state treasury. Moneys in the account may be appropriated only for purposes of administering permits under section 9 of this act, RCW 90.48.160, 90.48.162, and 90.48.260.
- (8) The department shall present a biennial progress report on the use of moneys from the account to the legislature. The report will be due December 31st of odd-numbered years. The report shall consist of information on fees collected, actual expenses incurred, and anticipated expenses for the current and following fiscal years.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** LEAD AGENCY DUTIES. (1) The department of ecology and the department of health shall have authority to carry out all the provisions of this chapter including, but not limited to, permitting and enforcement. Only the department of ecology or the department of health may act as a lead agency for purposes of this chapter and will be established as such by rule. Enforcement of a permit issued under this chapter shall be at the sole discretion of the lead agency that issued the permit.
- (2) All permit applications shall be referred to the nonlead agency for review and consultation. The nonlead agency may choose to limit the scope of its review.
- (3) The authority and duties created in this chapter are in addition to any authority and duties already provided in law. Nothing in this chapter limits the powers of the state or any political subdivision to exercise such authority.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. VIOLATIONS—INJUNCTIONS AND LEGAL PROCEEDINGS AUTHORIZED. The lead agency, with the assistance of the attorney general, is authorized to bring any appropriate action at law or in equity, including action for injunctive relief, as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter. The lead agency may bring the action in the superior court of the county in which the violation occurred or in the superior court of Thurston county. The court may award reasonable attorneys' fees for the cost of the attorney general's office in representing the lead agency.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** OPERATING PERMIT REQUIRED. (1) Any person proposing to generate any type of reclaimed water for a use regulated

under this chapter shall obtain a permit from the lead agency prior to distribution or use of that water. The permittee may then distribute and use the water, subject to the provisions in the permit. The permit must include provisions that protect human health and the environment. At a minimum, the permit must:

- (a) Assure adequate and reliable treatment; and
- (b) Govern the water quality, location, rate, and purpose of use.
- (2) A permit under this chapter may be issued only to:
- (a) A municipal, quasi-municipal, or other governmental entity;
- (b) A private utility as defined in RCW 36.94.010;
- (c) The holder of a waste disposal permit issued under chapter 90.48 RCW; or
- (d) The owner of an agricultural processing facility that is generating agricultural industrial process water for agricultural use, or the owner of an industrial facility that is generating industrial process water for reuse.
- (3) Before deciding whether to issue a permit under this section to a private utility, the lead agency may require information that is reasonable and necessary to determine whether the private utility has the financial and other resources to ensure the reliability, continuity, and supervision of the reclaimed water facility.
- (4) Permits shall be issued for a fixed term specified by the rules adopted under RCW 90.46.015. A permittee shall apply for permit renewal prior to the end of the term. The rules adopted under RCW 90.46.015 shall specify the process of renewal, modification, change of ownership, suspension, and termination.
- (5) The lead agency may deny an application for a permit or modify, suspend, or revoke a permit for good cause, including but not limited to, any case in which it finds that the permit was obtained by fraud or misrepresentation, or there is or has been a failure, refusal, or inability to comply with the requirements of this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter.
- (6) The lead agency shall provide for adequate public notice and opportunity for review and comment on all initial permit applications and renewal applications. Methods for providing notice may include electronic mail, posting on the lead agency's internet site, publication in a local newspaper, press releases, mailings, or other means of notification the lead agency determines appropriate. The lead agency shall also publicize notice of final permitting decisions.
- (7) Any person aggrieved by a permitting decision has the right to an adjudicative proceeding. An adjudicative proceeding conducted under this subsection is governed by chapter 34.05 RCW. For any permit decision for which the department of ecology is the lead agency under this chapter, any appeal shall be in accordance with chapter 43.21B RCW. For any permit decision for which department of health is the lead agency under this chapter, any application for an adjudicative proceeding must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the action, include a copy of the decision, be served on and received by the department of health within twenty-eight days of receipt of notice of the final decision, and be served in a manner that shows proof of receipt.
- (8) Permit requirements for the distribution and use of greywater will be established in rules adopted by the department of health under RCW 90.46.015.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** AUTHORITY TO ENTER PREMISES—SEARCH WARRANTS. (1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in (b) of this subsection, the lead agency or its designee shall have the right to enter and inspect any property related to the purpose of the permit, public or private, at reasonable times with prior notification in order to determine compliance with laws and rules administered by the lead agency. During such inspections, the lead agency shall have free and unimpeded access to all data, facilities, and property involved in the generation, distribution, and use of reclaimed water.

- (b) The lead agency or its designee need not give prior notification to enter property under (a) of this subsection if the purpose of the entry is to ensure compliance by the permittee with a prior order of the lead agency or if the lead agency or its designee has reasonable cause to believe there is a violation of the law that poses a serious threat to public health and safety or the environment.
- (2) The lead agency or its designee may apply for an administrative search warrant to a court of competent jurisdiction and an administrative search warrant may issue where:
- (a) The lead agency has attempted an inspection under this chapter and access has been actually or constructively denied; or
- (b) There is reasonable cause to believe that a violation of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter is occurring or has occurred.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. PLANS, REPORTS, AND PROPOSED METHODS OF OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE TO BE SUBMITTED TO DEPARTMENTS. All required feasibility studies, planning documents, engineering reports, and plans and specifications for the construction of new reclaimed water, agricultural industrial process water, and industrial reuse water facilities, including generation, distribution, and use facilities, or for improvements or extensions to existing facilities, and the proposed method of future operation and maintenance of said facility or facilities, shall be submitted to and be approved by the lead agency, before construction thereof may begin. No approval shall be given until the lead agency is satisfied that the plans, reports, and specifications and the methods of operation and maintenance submitted are adequate to protect the quality of the water for the intended use as provided for in this chapter and are adequate to protect public health and safety as necessary.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** NOTICE OF DETERMINATION THAT VIOLATION HAS OR WILL OCCUR—REPORT OF COMPLIANCE WITH DETERMINATION—ORDER OR DIRECTIVE TO BE ISSUED—NOTICE.

(1) When, in the opinion of the lead agency, a person violates or creates a substantial potential to violate this chapter, the lead agency shall notify the person of its determination by registered mail. The determination shall not constitute an appealable order or directive. Within thirty days from the receipt of notice of such determination, the person shall file with the lead agency a full report stating what steps have been and are being taken to comply with the determination of the lead agency. After the full report is filed or after the thirty days have elapsed, the lead agency may issue the order or directive as it deems appropriate under the circumstances, shall notify the person by registered mail, and shall inform the person of the process for requesting an adjudicative hearing.

- (2) When it appears to the lead agency that water quality conditions or other conditions exist which require immediate action to protect human health and safety or the environment, the lead agency may issue a written order to the person or persons responsible without first issuing a notice of determination pursuant to subsection (1) of this section. An order or directive issued pursuant to this subsection shall be served by registered mail or personally upon any person to whom it is directed, and shall inform the person or persons responsible of the process for requesting an adjudicative hearing.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** PENALTY. Any person found guilty of willfully violating any of the provisions of this chapter, or any final written orders or directive of the lead agency or a court in pursuance thereof, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of up to ten thousand dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than one year, or both, in the discretion of the court. Each day upon which a willful violation of the provisions of this chapter occurs may be deemed a separate and additional violation.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. VIOLATIONS—CIVIL PENALTY—PROCEDURE. (1) Except as provided in RCW 43.05.060 through 43.05.080, 43.05.100, 43.05.110, and 43.05.150, any person who:
- (a) Generates any reclaimed water for a use regulated under this chapter and distributes or uses that water without a permit;
 - (b) Violates the terms or conditions of a permit issued under this chapter; or
 - (c) Violates rules or orders adopted or issued pursuant to this chapter,
- shall incur, in addition to any other penalty as provided by law, a penalty in an amount of up to ten thousand dollars per day for every violation. Each violation shall be a separate and distinct offense, and in case of a continuing violation, every day's continuance shall be a separate and distinct violation. Every act of commission or omission which procures, aids, or abets in the violation shall be considered a violation under the provisions of this section and subject to the penalty herein provided for. The penalty amount shall be set in consideration of the previous history of the violator and the severity of the violation's impact on public health, the environment, or both, in addition to other relevant factors.
- (2) A penalty imposed by a final administrative order is due upon service of the final administrative order. A person who fails to pay a penalty assessed by a final administrative order within thirty days of service of the final administrative order shall pay, in addition to the amount of the penalty, interest at the rate of one percent of the unpaid balance of the assessed penalty for each month or part of a month that the penalty remains unpaid, commencing within the month in which the notice of penalty was served, and reasonable attorneys' fees as are incurred if civil enforcement of the final administrative order is required to collect penalty.
- (3) A person who institutes proceedings for judicial review of a final administrative order assessing a civil penalty under this chapter shall place the full amount of the penalty in an interest bearing account in the registry of the reviewing court. At the conclusion of the proceeding the court shall, as appropriate, enter a judgment on behalf of the lead agency and order that the judgment be satisfied to the extent possible from moneys paid into the registry of the court or shall enter a judgment in favor of the person appealing the penalty assessment and order return of the moneys paid into the registry of the court

together with accrued interest to the person appealing. The judgment may award reasonable attorneys' fees for the cost of the attorney general's office in representing the lead agency.

- (4) If no appeal is taken from a final administrative order assessing a civil penalty under this chapter, the lead agency may file a certified copy of the final administrative order with the clerk of the superior court in which the person resides, or in Thurston county, and the clerk shall enter judgment in the name of the lead agency and in the amount of the penalty assessed in the final administrative order.
- (5) When the penalty herein provided for is imposed by the department of ecology, it shall be imposed pursuant to the procedures set forth in RCW 43.21B.300. All penalties imposed by the department of ecology pursuant to RCW 43.21B.300 shall be deposited into the state treasury and credited to the general fund.
- (6) When the penalty is imposed by the department of health, it shall be imposed pursuant to the procedures set forth in RCW 43.70.095. All receipts from penalties shall be deposited into the health reclaimed water account. The department of health shall use revenue derived from penalties only to provide training and technical assistance to reclaimed water system owners and operators.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. APPLICATION OF ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE LAW TO RULE MAKING AND ADJUDICATIVE PROCEEDINGS. The provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW, the administrative procedure act, apply to all rule making and adjudicative proceedings authorized by or arising under the provisions of this chapter.
- **Sec. 16.** RCW 43.21B.110 and 2003 c 393 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The hearings board shall only have jurisdiction to hear and decide appeals from the following decisions of the department, the director, local conservation districts, and the air pollution control boards or authorities as established pursuant to chapter 70.94 RCW, or local health departments:
- (a) Civil penalties imposed pursuant to RCW 18.104.155, 70.94.431, 70.105.080, 70.107.050, 88.46.090, 90.03.600, section 14 of this act, 90.48.144, 90.56.310, and 90.56.330.
- (b) Orders issued pursuant to RCW 18.104.043, 18.104.060, 43.27A.190, 70.94.211, 70.94.332, 70.105.095, 86.16.020, 88.46.070, 90.14.130, section 12 of this act, 90.48.120, and 90.56.330.
- (c) Except as provided in RCW 90.03.210(2), the issuance, modification, or termination of any permit, certificate, or license by the department or any air authority in the exercise of its jurisdiction, including the issuance or termination of a waste disposal permit, the denial of an application for a waste disposal permit, the modification of the conditions or the terms of a waste disposal permit, or a decision to approve or deny an application for a solid waste permit exemption under RCW 70.95.300.
- (d) Decisions of local health departments regarding the grant or denial of solid waste permits pursuant to chapter 70.95 RCW.
- (e) Decisions of local health departments regarding the issuance and enforcement of permits to use or dispose of biosolids under RCW 70.95J.080.

- (f) Decisions of the department regarding waste-derived fertilizer or micronutrient fertilizer under RCW 15.54.820, and decisions of the department regarding waste-derived soil amendments under RCW 70.95.205.
- (g) Decisions of local conservation districts related to the denial of approval or denial of certification of a dairy nutrient management plan; conditions contained in a plan; application of any dairy nutrient management practices, standards, methods, and technologies to a particular dairy farm; and failure to adhere to the plan review and approval timelines in RCW 90.64.026.
- (h) Any other decision by the department or an air authority which pursuant to law must be decided as an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW.
 - (2) The following hearings shall not be conducted by the hearings board:
- (a) Hearings required by law to be conducted by the shorelines hearings board pursuant to chapter 90.58 RCW.
- (b) Hearings conducted by the department pursuant to RCW 70.94.332, 70.94.390, 70.94.395, 70.94.400, 70.94.405, 70.94.410, and 90.44.180.
- (c) Proceedings conducted by the department, or the department's designee, under RCW 90.03.160 through 90.03.210 or 90.44.220.
 - (d) Hearings conducted by the department to adopt, modify, or repeal rules.
- (e) Appeals of decisions by the department as provided in chapter 43.21L RCW.
- (3) Review of rules and regulations adopted by the hearings board shall be subject to review in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW.
- **Sec. 17.** RCW 43.21B.300 and 2007 c 147 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Any civil penalty provided in RCW 18.104.155, 70.94.431, 70.105.080, 70.107.050, 88.46.090, 90.03.600, section 14 of this act, 90.48.144, 90.56.310, and 90.56.330 and chapter 90.76 RCW shall be imposed by a notice in writing, either by certified mail with return receipt requested or by personal service, to the person incurring the penalty from the department or the local air authority, describing the violation with reasonable particularity. Within thirty days after the notice is received, the person incurring the penalty may apply in writing to the department or the authority for the remission or mitigation of the penalty. Upon receipt of the application, the department or authority may remit or mitigate the penalty upon whatever terms the department or the authority in its discretion deems proper. The department or the authority may ascertain the facts regarding all such applications in such reasonable manner and under such rules as it may deem proper and shall remit or mitigate the penalty only upon a demonstration of extraordinary circumstances such as the presence of information or factors not considered in setting the original penalty.
- (2) Any penalty imposed under this section may be appealed to the pollution control hearings board in accordance with this chapter if the appeal is filed with the hearings board and served on the department or authority thirty days after the date of receipt by the person penalized of the notice imposing the penalty or thirty days after the date of receipt of the notice of disposition of the application for relief from penalty.
 - (3) A penalty shall become due and payable on the later of:
 - (a) Thirty days after receipt of the notice imposing the penalty;

- (b) Thirty days after receipt of the notice of disposition on application for relief from penalty, if such an application is made; or
- (c) Thirty days after receipt of the notice of decision of the hearings board if the penalty is appealed.
- (4) If the amount of any penalty is not paid to the department within thirty days after it becomes due and payable, the attorney general, upon request of the department, shall bring an action in the name of the state of Washington in the superior court of Thurston county, or of any county in which the violator does business, to recover the penalty. If the amount of the penalty is not paid to the authority within thirty days after it becomes due and payable, the authority may bring an action to recover the penalty in the superior court of the county of the authority's main office or of any county in which the violator does business. In these actions, the procedures and rules of evidence shall be the same as in an ordinary civil action.
- (5) All penalties recovered shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the general fund except those penalties imposed pursuant to RCW 18.104.155, which shall be credited to the reclamation account as provided in RCW 18.104.155(7), RCW 70.94.431, the disposition of which shall be governed by that provision, RCW 70.105.080, which shall be credited to the hazardous waste control and elimination account created by RCW 70.105.180, RCW 90.56.330, which shall be credited to the coastal protection fund created by RCW 90.48.390, and RCW 90.76.080, which shall be credited to the underground storage tank account created by RCW 90.76.100.
- **Sec. 18.** RCW 43.21B.310 and 2004 c 204 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in RCW 90.03.210(2), any order issued by the department or local air authority pursuant to RCW 70.94.211, 70.94.332, 70.105.095, 43.27A.190, 86.16.020, 88.46.070, section 12 of this act, or 90.48.120(2) or any provision enacted after July 26, 1987, or any permit, certificate, or license issued by the department may be appealed to the pollution control hearings board if the appeal is filed with the board and served on the department or authority within thirty days after the date of receipt of the order. Except as provided under chapter 70.105D RCW and RCW 90.03.210(2), this is the exclusive means of appeal of such an order.
- (2) The department or the authority in its discretion may stay the effectiveness of an order during the pendency of such an appeal.
- (3) At any time during the pendency of an appeal of such an order to the board, the appellant may apply pursuant to RCW 43.21B.320 to the hearings board for a stay of the order or for the removal thereof.
- (4) Any appeal must contain the following in accordance with the rules of the hearings board:
 - (a) The appellant's name and address;
 - (b) The date and docket number of the order, permit, or license appealed;
- (c) A description of the substance of the order, permit, or license that is the subject of the appeal;
- (d) A clear, separate, and concise statement of every error alleged to have been committed;
- (e) A clear and concise statement of facts upon which the requester relies to sustain his or her statements of error; and

- (f) A statement setting forth the relief sought.
- (5) Upon failure to comply with any final order of the department, the attorney general, on request of the department, may bring an action in the superior court of the county where the violation occurred or the potential violation is about to occur to obtain such relief as necessary, including injunctive relief, to insure compliance with the order. The air authorities may bring similar actions to enforce their orders.
- (6) An appealable decision or order shall be identified as such and shall contain a conspicuous notice to the recipient that it may be appealed only by filing an appeal with the hearings board and serving it on the department within thirty days of the date of receipt.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. The code reviser shall alphabetize and renumber the definitions in RCW 90.46.010.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. Captions used in this act are not any part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. Sections 7 through 15 of this act are each added to chapter 90.46 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. RCW 90.46.060 (Enforcement powers— Secretary of health) and 1992 c 204 s 7 are each repealed.

Passed by the Senate April 19, 2009.

Passed by the House April 9, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 457

[Substitute Senate Bill 6036]

WATER CLEANUP PLANNING AND IMPLEMENTATION

AN ACT Relating to water cleanup planning and implementation; and adding a new section to chapter 90.48 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 90.48 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall amend the state water quality standards to authorize compliance schedules in excess of ten years for discharge permits issued under this chapter that implement allocations contained in a total maximum daily load under certain circumstances. Any such amendment must be submitted to the United States environmental protection agency under the clean water act. Compliance schedules for the permits may exceed ten years if the department determines that:

- (1) The permittee is meeting its requirements under the total maximum daily load as soon as possible;
- (2) The actions proposed in the compliance schedule are sufficient to achieve water quality standards as soon as possible;
 - (3) A compliance schedule is appropriate; and
- (4) The permittee is not able to meet its waste load allocation solely by controlling and treating its own effluent.

Passed by the Senate April 21, 2009. Passed by the House April 8, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 11, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 11, 2009.

CHAPTER 458

[Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 5768]
ALASKAN WAY VIADUCT REPLACEMENT PROJECT

AN ACT Relating to identifying the final design for the state route number 99 Alaskan Way viaduct replacement project as a deep bore tunnel; adding a new section to chapter 47.01 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 47.01 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The legislature finds that the replacement of the vulnerable state route number 99 Alaskan Way viaduct is a matter of urgency for the safety of Washington's traveling public and the needs of the transportation system in central Puget Sound. The state route number 99 Alaskan Way viaduct is susceptible to damage, closure, or catastrophic failure from earthquakes and tsunamis. Additionally, the viaduct serves as a vital route for freight and passenger vehicles through downtown Seattle.

Since 2001, the department has undertaken an extensive evaluation of multiple options to replace the Alaskan Way viaduct, including an initial evaluation of seventy-six conceptual alternatives and a more detailed analysis of five alternatives in 2004. In addition to a substantial technical review, the department has also undertaken considerable public outreach, which included consultation with a stakeholder advisory committee that met sixteen times over a thirteen-month period.

Therefore, it is the conclusion of the legislature that time is of the essence, and that Washington state cannot wait for a disaster to make it fully appreciate the urgency of the need to replace this vulnerable structure. The state shall take the necessary steps to expedite the environmental review and design processes to replace the Alaskan Way viaduct with a deep bore tunnel under First Avenue from the vicinity of the sports stadiums in Seattle to Aurora Avenue north of the Battery Street tunnel. The tunnel must include four general purpose lanes in a stacked formation.

(2) The state route number 99 Alaskan Way viaduct replacement project finance plan must include state funding not to exceed two billion four hundred million dollars and must also include no more than four hundred million dollars in toll revenue. These funds must be used solely to build a replacement tunnel, as described in subsection (1) of this section, and to remove the existing state route number 99 Alaskan Way viaduct. All costs associated with city utility relocations for state work as described in this section must be borne by the city of Seattle and provided in a manner that meets project construction schedule requirements as determined by the department. State funding is not authorized for any utility relocation costs, or for central seawall or waterfront promenade improvements.

- (3) The department shall provide updated cost estimates for construction of the bored tunnel and also for the full Alaskan Way viaduct replacement project to the legislature and governor by January 1, 2010. The department must also consult with independent tunnel engineering experts to review the estimates and risk assumptions. The department shall not enter into a design-build contract for construction of the bored tunnel until the report in this section has been submitted.
- (4) Any contract the department enters into related to construction of the deep bored tunnel must include incentives and penalties to encourage on-time completion of the project and to minimize the potential for cost overruns.
- (5) It is important that the public and policymakers have accurate and timely access to information related to the Alaskan Way viaduct replacement project as it proceeds to, and during, construction of all aspects of the project, specifically including but not limited to information regarding costs, schedules, contracts, project status, and neighborhood impacts. Therefore it is the intent of the legislature that the state, city, and county departments of transportation establish a single source of accountability for integration, coordination, tracking, and information of all requisite components of the replacement project, which must include, at minimum:
- (a) A master schedule of all subprojects included in the full replacement project or program; and
- (b) A single point of contact for the public, media, stakeholders, and other interested parties.
- (6)(a) The city and county departments of transportation shall be responsible for the cost, delivery, and associated risks of the project components for which each department is responsible, as outlined in the January 13, 2009, letter of agreement signed by the governor, city, and county.
- (b) The state's contribution shall not exceed two billion four hundred million dollars. If costs exceed two billion four hundred million dollars, no more than four hundred million of the additional costs shall be financed with toll revenue. Any costs in excess of two billion eight hundred million dollars shall be borne by property owners in the Seattle area who benefit from replacement of the existing viaduct with the deep bore tunnel.
- (7) Compression brakes may be used by authorized motor vehicles in the deep bore tunnel in a manner consistent with the requirements of RCW 46.37.395.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** The department of transportation must prepare a traffic and revenue study for a state route number 99 deep bore tunnel for the purpose of determining the facility's potential to generate toll revenue. The department shall regularly report to the transportation commission regarding the progress of the study for the purpose of guiding the commission's toll setting on the facility. The study must include the following information:
- (1) An analysis of the potential diversion from state route number 99 to other parts of the transportation system resulting from tolls on the facility;
- (2) An analysis of potential mitigation measures to offset or reduce diversion from state route number 99;
- (3) A summary of the amount of revenue generated from tolling the deep bore tunnel: and
 - (4) An analysis of the impact of tolls on the performance of the facility.

The department must provide the results of the study to the governor and the legislature by January 2010.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 24, 2009.
Passed by the House April 22, 2009.
Approved by the Governor May 12, 2009.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 2009.

CHAPTER 459

[Second Substitute House Bill 1481] ELECTRIC VEHICLES

AN ACT Relating to electric vehicles; amending RCW 43.19.648; adding a new section to chapter 82.29A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 79.13 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.21C RCW; adding new sections to chapter 35.63 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.63 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.70 RCW; adding new section to chapter 36.70 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 19.27 RCW; adding new section to chapter 19.28 RCW; creating new sections; and providing expiration dates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds the development of electric vehicle infrastructure to be a critical step in creating jobs, fostering economic growth, reducing greenhouse gas emissions, reducing our reliance on foreign fuels, and reducing the pollution of Puget Sound attributable to the operation of petroleum-based vehicles on streets and highways. Limited driving distance between battery charges is a fundamental disadvantage and obstacle to broad consumer adoption of vehicles powered by electricity. In order to eliminate this fundamental disadvantage and dramatically increase consumer acceptance and usage of electric vehicles, it is essential that an infrastructure of convenient electric vehicle charging opportunities be developed. The purpose of this act is to encourage the transition to electric vehicle use and to expedite the establishment of a convenient, cost-effective, electric vehicle infrastructure that such a transition necessitates. The state's success in encouraging this transition will serve as an economic stimulus to the creation of short-term and long-term jobs as the entire automobile industry and its associated direct and indirect jobs transform over time from combustion to electric vehicles.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** (1) A regional transportation planning organization containing any county with a population in excess of one million in collaboration with representatives from the department of ecology, the department of community, trade, and economic development, local governments, and the office of regulatory assistance must seek federal or private funding for the planning for, deployment of, or regulations concerning electric vehicle infrastructure. These efforts should include:

(a) Development of short-term and long-term plans outlining how state, regional, and local government construction may include electric vehicle infrastructure in publicly available off-street parking and government fleet

vehicle parking, including what ratios of charge spots to parking may be appropriate based on location or type of facility or building;

- (b) Consultations with the state building code council and the department of labor and industries to coordinate the plans with state standards for new residential, commercial, and industrial buildings to ensure that the appropriate electric circuitry is installed to support electric vehicle infrastructure;
- (c) Consultation with the workforce development council and the higher education coordinating board to ensure the development of appropriate educational and training opportunities for citizens of the state in support of the transition of some portion of vehicular transportation from combustion to electric vehicles;
- (d) Development of an implementation plan for counties with a population greater than five hundred thousand with the goal of having public and private parking spaces, in the aggregate, be ten percent electric vehicle ready by December 31, 2018; and
- (e) Development of model ordinances and guidance for local governments for siting and installing electric vehicle infrastructure, in particular battery charging stations, and appropriate handling, recycling, and storage of electric vehicle batteries and equipment.
- (2) These plans and any recommendations developed as a result of the consultations required by this section must be submitted to the legislature by December 31, 2010, or as soon as reasonably practicable after the securing of any federal or private funding. Priority will be given to the activities in subsection (1)(e) of this section and any ordinances or guidance that is developed will be submitted to the legislature, the department of community, trade, and economic development, and affected local governments prior to December 31, 2010, if completed.
- (3) The definitions in this subsection apply through this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (c) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means structures, machinery, and equipment necessary and integral to support an electric vehicle, including battery charging stations, rapid charging stations, and battery exchange stations.
- (d) "Rapid charging station" means an industrial grade electrical outlet that allows for faster recharging of electric vehicle batteries through higher power levels, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 82.29A RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Leasehold excise tax may not be imposed on leases to tenants of public lands for purposes of installing, maintaining, and operating electric vehicle infrastructure.
- (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (c) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means structures, machinery, and equipment necessary and integral to support an electric vehicle, including battery charging stations, rapid charging stations, and battery exchange stations.
- (d) "Rapid charging station" means an industrial grade electrical outlet that allows for faster recharging of electric vehicle batteries through higher power levels, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
 - (3) This section expires January 1, 2020.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to:
- (a) The sale of batteries for electric vehicles;
- (b) The sale of or charge made for labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, altering, or improving electric vehicle batteries;
- (c) The sale of or charge made for labor and services rendered in respect to installing, constructing, repairing, or improving electric vehicle infrastructure; and
- (d) The sale of tangible personal property that will become a component of electric vehicle infrastructure during the course of installing, constructing, repairing, or improving electric vehicle infrastructure.
- (2) Sellers may make tax exempt sales under this section only if the buyer provides the seller with an exemption certification in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for the seller's files.
- (3) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set

forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.

- (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (c) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means structures, machinery, and equipment necessary and integral to support an electric vehicle, including battery charging stations, rapid charging stations, and battery exchange stations.
- (d) "Rapid charging station" means an industrial grade electrical outlet that allows for faster recharging of electric vehicle batteries through higher power levels, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
 - (4) This section expires January 1, 2020.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020 does not apply to the use of:
- (a) Electric vehicle batteries;
- (b) Labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, altering, or improving electric vehicle batteries; and
- (c) Tangible personal property that will become a component of electric vehicle infrastructure during the course of installing, constructing, repairing, or improving electric vehicle infrastructure.
- (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (c) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means structures, machinery, and equipment necessary and integral to support an electric vehicle, including battery charging stations, rapid charging stations, and battery exchange stations.
- (d) "Rapid charging station" means an industrial grade electrical outlet that allows for faster recharging of electric vehicle batteries through higher power levels, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
 - (3) This section expires January 1, 2020.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 79.13 RCW under the subchapter heading "general provisions" to read as follows:

- (1) The state and any local government, including any housing authority, is authorized to lease land owned by such an entity to any person for purposes of installing, maintaining, and operating a battery charging station, a battery exchange station, or a rapid charging station, for a term not in excess of fifty years, for rent of not less than one dollar per year, and with such other terms as the public entity's governing body determines in its sole discretion.
- (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (c) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means structures, machinery, and equipment necessary and integral to support an electric vehicle, including battery charging stations, rapid charging stations, and battery exchange stations.
- (d) "Rapid charging station" means an industrial grade electrical outlet that allows for faster recharging of electric vehicle batteries through higher power levels, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- **Sec. 7.** RCW 43.19.648 and 2007 c 348 s 202 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Effective June 1, 2015, all state agencies and local government subdivisions of the state, to the extent determined practicable by the rules adopted by the department of community, trade, and economic development pursuant to RCW 43.325.080, are required to satisfy one hundred percent of their fuel usage for operating publicly owned vessels, vehicles, and construction equipment from electricity or biofuel.
- (2) In order to phase in this transition for the state, all state agencies, to the extent determined practicable by the department of community, trade, and economic development by rules adopted pursuant to RCW 43.325.080, are required to achieve forty percent fuel usage for operating publicly owned vessels, vehicles, and construction equipment from electricity or biofuel by June 1, 2013. The department of general administration, in consultation with the department of community, trade, and economic development, shall report to the governor and the legislature by December 1, 2013, on what percentage of the state's fuel usage is from electricity or biofuel.
- (3) Except for cars owned or operated by the Washington state patrol, when tires on vehicles in the state's motor vehicle fleet are replaced, they must be

replaced with tires that have the same or better rolling resistance as the original tires.

- (4) By December 31, 2015, the state must, to the extent practicable, install electrical outlets capable of charging electric vehicles in each of the state's fleet parking and maintenance facilities.
- (5) The department of transportation's obligations under subsection (2) of this section are subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for the specific purpose identified in subsection (2) of this section.
- (6) The department of transportation's obligations under subsection (4) of this section are subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for the specific purpose identified in subsection (4) of this section unless the department receives federal or private funds for the specific purpose identified in subsection (4) of this section.
- (7) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 43.21C RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The installation of individual battery charging stations and battery exchange stations, which individually are categorically exempt under the rules adopted under RCW 43.21C.110, may not be disqualified from such categorically exempt status as a result of their being parts of a larger proposal that includes other such facilities and related utility networks under the rules adopted under RCW 43.21C.110.
- (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 35.63 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) By July 1, 2010, the development regulations of any jurisdiction:
- (a) Adjacent to Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520, with a population over twenty thousand, and located in a county with a population over one million five hundred thousand; or
- (b) Adjacent to Interstate 5 and located in a county with a population greater than six hundred thousand; or
- (c) Adjacent to Interstate 5 and located in a county with a state capitol within its borders;

planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.

- (2) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under section 18 of this act occurs, whichever is later, the development regulations of any jurisdiction adjacent to Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520 planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
- (3) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under section 18 of this act occurs, whichever is later, the development regulations of any jurisdiction planning under this chapter must allow battery charging stations as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
- (4) Cities are authorized to adopt incentive programs to encourage the retrofitting of existing structures with the electrical outlets capable of charging electric vehicles. Incentives may include bonus height, site coverage, floor area ratio, and transferable development rights for use in urban growth areas.
- (5) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.

- (c) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means structures, machinery, and equipment necessary and integral to support an electric vehicle, including battery charging stations, rapid charging stations, and battery exchange stations.
- (d) "Rapid charging station" means an industrial grade electrical outlet that allows for faster recharging of electric vehicle batteries through higher power levels, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (6) If federal funding for public investment in electric vehicles, electric vehicle infrastructure, or alternative fuel distribution infrastructure is not provided by February 1, 2010, subsection (1) of this section is null and void.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** A new section is added to chapter 35A.63 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) By July 1, 2010, the development regulations of any jurisdiction:
- (a) Adjacent to Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520, with a population over twenty thousand, and located in a county with a population over one million five hundred thousand; or
- (b) Adjacent to Interstate 5 and located in a county with a population greater than six hundred thousand; or
- (c) Adjacent to Interstate 5 and located in a county with a state capitol within its borders;
- planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
- (2) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under section 18 of this act occurs, whichever is later, the development regulations of any jurisdiction adjacent to Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520 planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
- (3) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under section 18 of this act occurs, whichever is later, the development regulations of any jurisdiction planning under this chapter must allow battery charging stations as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
- (4) Cities are authorized to adopt incentive programs to encourage the retrofitting of existing structures with the electrical outlets capable of charging electric vehicles. Incentives may include bonus height, site coverage, floor area ratio, and transferable development rights for use in urban growth areas.
- (5) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within

electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.

- (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (c) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means structures, machinery, and equipment necessary and integral to support an electric vehicle, including battery charging stations, rapid charging stations, and battery exchange stations.
- (d) "Rapid charging station" means an industrial grade electrical outlet that allows for faster recharging of electric vehicle batteries through higher power levels, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (6) If federal funding for public investment in electric vehicles, electric vehicle infrastructure, or alternative fuel distribution infrastructure is not provided by February 1, 2010, subsection (1) of this section is null and void.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** A new section is added to chapter 36.70 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) By July 1, 2010, the development regulations of any jurisdiction with a population over six hundred thousand or with a state capitol within its borders planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas within one mile of Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520, except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
- (2) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under section 18 of this act occurs, whichever is later, the development regulations of any jurisdiction planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas within one mile of Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520, except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
- (3) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under section 18 of this act occurs, whichever is later, the development regulations of any jurisdiction planning under this chapter must allow battery charging stations as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
- (4) Counties are authorized to adopt incentive programs to encourage the retrofitting of existing structures with the electrical outlets capable of charging electric vehicles. Incentives may include bonus height, site coverage, floor area ratio, and transferable development rights for use in urban growth areas.

- (5) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act
- (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (c) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means structures, machinery, and equipment necessary and integral to support an electric vehicle, including battery charging stations, rapid charging stations, and battery exchange stations.
- (d) "Rapid charging station" means an industrial grade electrical outlet that allows for faster recharging of electric vehicle batteries through higher power levels, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (6) If federal funding for public investment in electric vehicles, electric vehicle infrastructure, or alternative fuel distribution infrastructure is not provided by February 1, 2010, subsection (1) of this section is null and void.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

- (1) By July 1, 2010, the development regulations of any jurisdiction:
- (a) Adjacent to Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520, with a population over twenty thousand, and located in a county with a population over one million five hundred thousand; or
- (b) Adjacent to Interstate 5 and located in a county with a population greater than six hundred thousand; or
- (c) Adjacent to Interstate 5 and located in a county with a state capitol within its borders:
- planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
- (2) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under section 18 of this act occurs, whichever is later, the development regulations of any jurisdiction adjacent to Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520 planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
- (3) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under section 18 of this act occurs, whichever is later, the development regulations of

any jurisdiction planning under this chapter must allow battery charging stations as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.

- (4) Cities are authorized to adopt incentive programs to encourage the retrofitting of existing structures with the electrical outlets capable of charging electric vehicles. Incentives may include bonus height, site coverage, floor area ratio, and transferable development rights for use in urban growth areas.
- (5) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (c) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means structures, machinery, and equipment necessary and integral to support an electric vehicle, including battery charging stations, rapid charging stations, and battery exchange stations.
- (d) "Rapid charging station" means an industrial grade electrical outlet that allows for faster recharging of electric vehicle batteries through higher power levels, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (6) If federal funding for public investment in electric vehicles, electric vehicle infrastructure, or alternative fuel distribution infrastructure is not provided by February 1, 2010, subsection (1) of this section is null and void.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** A new section is added to chapter 35.63 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) By July 1, 2010, the development regulations of any jurisdiction with a population over six hundred thousand or with a state capitol within its borders planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas within one mile of Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520, except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
- (2) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under section 18 of this act occurs, whichever is later, the development regulations of any jurisdiction adjacent to Interstate 5, Interstate 90, Interstate 405, or state route number 520 planning under this chapter must allow electric vehicle infrastructure as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development

regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.

- (3) By July 1, 2011, or six months after the distribution required under section 18 of this act occurs, whichever is later, the development regulations of any jurisdiction planning under this chapter must allow battery charging stations as a use in all areas except those zoned for residential or resource use or critical areas. A jurisdiction may adopt and apply other development regulations that do not have the effect of precluding the siting of electric vehicle infrastructure in areas where that use is allowed.
- (4) Counties are authorized to adopt incentive programs to encourage the retrofitting of existing structures with the electrical outlets capable of charging electric vehicles. Incentives may include bonus height, site coverage, floor area ratio, and transferable development rights for use in urban growth areas.
- (5) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (c) "Electric vehicle infrastructure" means structures, machinery, and equipment necessary and integral to support an electric vehicle, including battery charging stations, rapid charging stations, and battery exchange stations.
- (d) "Rapid charging station" means an industrial grade electrical outlet that allows for faster recharging of electric vehicle batteries through higher power levels, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.
- (6) If federal funding for public investment in electric vehicles, electric vehicle infrastructure, or alternative fuel distribution infrastructure is not provided by February 1, 2010, subsection (1) of this section is null and void.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** A new section is added to chapter 47.38 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) As a necessary and desirable step to spur public and private investment in electric vehicle infrastructure in accordance with section 1 of this act, and to begin implementing the provisions of RCW 43.19.648, the legislature authorizes an alternative fuels corridor pilot project capable of supporting electric vehicle charging and battery exchange technologies.
- (2) To the extent permitted under federal programs, rules, or law, the department may enter into partnership agreements with other public and private entities for the use of land and facilities along state routes and within interstate highway rights-of-way for an alternative fuels corridor pilot project. At a minimum, the pilot project must:

- (a) Limit renewable fuel and vehicle technology offerings to those with a forecasted demand over the next fifteen years and approved by the department;
- (b) Ensure that a pilot project site does not compete with existing retail businesses in the same geographic area for the provision of the same refueling services, recharging technologies, or other retail commercial activities;
- (c) Provide existing truck stop operators and retail truck refueling businesses with an absolute right of first refusal over the offering of refueling services to class six trucks with a maximum gross vehicle weight of twenty-six thousand pounds within the same geographic area identified for a possible pilot project site;
- (d) Reach agreement with the department of services for the blind ensuring that any activities at host sites do not materially affect the revenues forecasted from their vending operations at each site;
- (e) Regulate the internal rate of return from the partnership, including provisions to reduce or eliminate the level of state support once the partnership attains economic self-sufficiency;
- (f) Be limited to not more than five locations on state-owned land within federal interstate rights-of-way or state highway rights-of-way in Washington; and
- (g) Be limited in duration to a term of years reasonably necessary for the partnership to recover the cost of capital investments, plus the regulated internal rate of return.
- (3) The department is not responsible for providing capital equipment nor operating refueling or recharging services. The department must provide periodic status reports on the pilot project to the office of financial management and the relevant standing committees of the legislature not less than every biennium.
- (4) The provisions of this section are subject to the availability of existing funds. However, capital improvements under this section must be funded with federal or private funds.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** A new section is added to chapter 47.38 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) By December 31, 2015, the state must, to the extent practicable, install electrical outlets capable of charging electric vehicles in each state-operated highway rest stop.
- (2) By December 31, 2015, the state must provide the opportunity to lease space for the limited purpose of installing and operating a battery exchange station or a battery charging station in appropriate state-owned highway rest stops.
- (3) The department of transportation's obligations under this section are subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for the specific purpose identified in this section, unless the department receives federal or private funds for the specific purpose identified in this section.
- (4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Battery charging station" means an electrical component assembly or cluster of component assemblies designed specifically to charge batteries within electric vehicles, which meet or exceed any standards, codes, and regulations set

forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act

(b) "Battery exchange station" means a fully automated facility that will enable an electric vehicle with a swappable battery to enter a drive lane and exchange the depleted battery with a fully charged battery through a fully automated process, which meets or exceeds any standards, codes, and regulations set forth by chapter 19.28 RCW and consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 16.** A new section is added to chapter 19.27 RCW to read as follows:

The building code council shall adopt rules for electric vehicle infrastructure requirements. Rules adopted by the state building code council must consider applicable national and international standards and be consistent with rules adopted under section 17 of this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 17.** A new section is added to chapter 19.28 RCW to read as follows:

The director shall adopt by rule standards for the installation of electric vehicle infrastructure, including all wires and equipment that convey electric current and any equipment to be operated by electric current, in, on, or about buildings or structures. The rules must be consistent with rules adopted under section 16 of this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 18.** The department of community, trade, and economic development must distribute to local governments model ordinances, model development regulations, and guidance for local governments for siting and installing electric vehicle infrastructure, and in particular battery charging stations, and appropriate handling, recycling, and storage of electric vehicle batteries and equipment, when available. The model ordinances, model development regulations, and guidance must be developed by a federal or state agency, or nationally recognized organizations with specific expertise in landuse regulations or electric vehicle infrastructure.

Passed by the House April 24, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 12, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 2009.

CHAPTER 460

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1619] SCHOOL DISTRICTS—CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

AN ACT Relating to use of capital projects funds by school districts; amending RCW 84.52.053; and reenacting and amending RCW 28A.320.330.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 28A.320.330 and 2007 c 503 s 2 and 2007 c 129 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

School districts shall establish the following funds in addition to those provided elsewhere by law:

- (1) A general fund for maintenance and operation of the school district to account for all financial operations of the school district except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- (2) A capital projects fund shall be established for major capital purposes. All statutory references to a "building fund" shall mean the capital projects fund so established. Money to be deposited into the capital projects fund shall include, but not be limited to, bond proceeds, proceeds from excess levies authorized by RCW 84.52.053, state apportionment proceeds as authorized by RCW 28A.150.270, earnings from capital projects fund investments as authorized by RCW 28A.320.310 and 28A.320.320, and state forest revenues transferred pursuant to subsection (3) of this section.

Money derived from the sale of bonds, including interest earnings thereof, may only be used for those purposes described in RCW 28A.530.010, except that accrued interest paid for bonds shall be deposited in the debt service fund.

Money to be deposited into the capital projects fund shall include but not be limited to rental and lease proceeds as authorized by RCW 28A.335.060, and proceeds from the sale of real property as authorized by RCW 28A.335.130.

Money legally deposited into the capital projects fund from other sources may be used for the purposes described in RCW 28A.530.010, and for the purposes of:

- (a) Major renovation((, including the)) and replacement of facilities and systems where periodical repairs are no longer economical or extend the useful life of the facility or system beyond its original planned useful life. ((Major)) Such renovation and replacement shall include, but shall not be limited to, major repairs, exterior painting of facilities, replacement and refurbishment of roofing, exterior walls, windows, heating and ventilating systems, floor covering in classrooms and public or common areas, and electrical and plumbing systems.
- (b) Renovation and rehabilitation of playfields, athletic fields, and other district real property.
- (c) The conduct of preliminary energy audits and energy audits of school district buildings. For the purpose of this section:
- (i) "Preliminary energy audits" means a determination of the energy consumption characteristics of a building, including the size, type, rate of energy consumption, and major energy using systems of the building.
- (ii) "Energy audit" means a survey of a building or complex which identifies the type, size, energy use level, and major energy using systems; which determines appropriate energy conservation maintenance or operating procedures and assesses any need for the acquisition and installation of energy conservation measures, including solar energy and renewable resource measures.
- (iii) "Energy capital improvement" means the installation, or modification of the installation, of energy conservation measures in a building which measures are primarily intended to reduce energy consumption or allow the use of an alternative energy source.
- (d) Those energy capital improvements which are identified as being cost-effective in the audits authorized by this section.
- (e) Purchase or installation of additional major items of equipment and furniture: PROVIDED, That vehicles shall not be purchased with capital projects fund money.

- (f)(i) Costs associated with implementing technology systems, facilities, and projects, including acquiring hardware, licensing software, and online applications and training related to the installation of the foregoing. However, the software or applications must be an integral part of the district's technology systems, facilities, or projects.
- (ii) Costs associated with the application and modernization of technology systems for operations and instruction including, but not limited to, the ongoing fees for online applications, subscriptions, or software licenses, including upgrades and incidental services, and ongoing training related to the installation and integration of these products and services. However, to the extent the funds are used for the purpose under this subsection (2)(f)(ii), the school district shall transfer to the district's general fund the portion of the capital projects fund used for this purpose. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop accounting guidelines for these transfers in accordance with internal revenue service regulations.
- (g) Major equipment repair, painting of facilities, and other major preventative maintenance purposes. However, to the extent the funds are used for the purpose under this subsection (2)(g), the school district shall transfer to the district's general fund the portion of the capital projects fund used for this purpose. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop accounting guidelines for these transfers in accordance with internal revenue service regulations. Based on the district's most recent two-year history of general fund maintenance expenditures, funds used for this purpose may not replace routine annual preventive maintenance expenditures made from the district's general fund.
- (3) A debt service fund to provide for tax proceeds, other revenues, and disbursements as authorized in chapter 39.44 RCW. State forest land revenues that are deposited in a school district's debt service fund pursuant to RCW 79.64.110 and to the extent not necessary for payment of debt service on school district bonds may be transferred by the school district into the district's capital projects fund.
 - (4) An associated student body fund as authorized by RCW 28A.325.030.
- (5) Advance refunding bond funds and refunded bond funds to provide for the proceeds and disbursements as authorized in chapter 39.53 RCW.
- Sec. 2. RCW 84.52.053 and 2007 c 129 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The limitations imposed by RCW 84.52.050 through 84.52.056, and 84.52.043 shall not prevent the levy of taxes by school districts, when authorized so to do by the voters of such school district in the manner and for the purposes and number of years allowable under Article VII, section 2(a) of the Constitution of this state. Elections for such taxes shall be held in the year in which the levy is made or, in the case of propositions authorizing two-year through four-year levies for maintenance and operation support of a school district, authorizing two-year levies for transportation vehicle funds established in RCW 28A.160.130, or authorizing two-year through six-year levies to support the construction, modernization, or remodeling of school facilities, which includes the purposes of RCW 28A.320.330(2) (f) and (g), in the year in which the first annual levy is made.

- (2) Once additional tax levies have been authorized for maintenance and operation support of a school district for a two-year through four-year period as provided under subsection (1) of this section, no further additional tax levies for maintenance and operation support of the district for that period may be authorized. For the purpose of applying the limitation of this subsection, a two-year through six-year levy to support the construction, modernization, or remodeling of school facilities shall not be deemed to be a tax levy for maintenance and operation support of a school district.
- (3) A special election may be called and the time therefor fixed by the board of school directors, by giving notice thereof by publication in the manner provided by law for giving notices of general elections, at which special election the proposition authorizing such excess levy shall be submitted in such form as to enable the voters favoring the proposition to vote "yes" and those opposed thereto to vote "no".

Passed by the House April 25, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 25, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 12, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 2009.

CHAPTER 461

[Engrossed House Bill 2122]

NEWSPAPER INDUSTRY—BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX

AN ACT Relating to reducing the business and occupation tax burden on the newspaper industry; amending RCW 82.04.280, 82.04.280, 35.102.150, and 82.08.806; amending 2006 c 300 s 12 (uncodified); reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.260, 82.32.590, and 82.32.600; adding a new section to chapter 82.32 RCW; providing an effective date; providing a contingent effective date; providing a contingent expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 82.04.260 and 2008 c 296 s 1, 2008 c 217 s 100, and 2008 c 81 s 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing:
- (a) Wheat into flour, barley into pearl barley, soybeans into soybean oil, canola into canola oil, canola meal, or canola byproducts, or sunflower seeds into sunflower oil; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the flour, pearl barley, oil, canola meal, or canola byproduct manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;
- (b) Beginning July 1, 2012, seafood products that remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing by that person; or selling manufactured seafood products that remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing, to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state;

- (c) Beginning July 1, 2012, dairy products that as of September 20, 2001, are identified in 21 C.F.R., chapter 1, parts 131, 133, and 135, including byproducts from the manufacturing of the dairy products such as whey and casein; or selling the same to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of state; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state;
- (d) Beginning July 1, 2012, fruits or vegetables by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables, or selling at wholesale fruits or vegetables manufactured by the seller by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables and sold to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state;
- (e) Until July 1, 2009, alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business shall be equal to the value of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent; and
- (f) Alcohol fuel or wood biomass fuel, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business shall be equal to the value of alcohol fuel or wood biomass fuel manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.
- (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of splitting or processing dried peas; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the peas split or processed, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.
- (3) Upon every nonprofit corporation and nonprofit association engaging within this state in research and development, as to such corporations and associations, the amount of tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.
- (4) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of slaughtering, breaking and/or processing perishable meat products and/or selling the same at wholesale only and not at retail; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.
- (5) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of acting as a travel agent or tour operator; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.

- (6) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as an international steamship agent, international customs house broker, international freight forwarder, vessel and/or cargo charter broker in foreign commerce, and/or international air cargo agent; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to only international activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.
- (7) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the movement of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent. Persons subject to taxation under this subsection shall be exempt from payment of taxes imposed by chapter 82.16 RCW for that portion of their business subject to taxation under this subsection. Stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the conduct of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce are defined as all activities of a labor, service or transportation nature whereby cargo may be loaded or unloaded to or from vessels or barges, passing over, onto or under a wharf, pier, or similar structure; cargo may be moved to a warehouse or similar holding or storage yard or area to await further movement in import or export or may move to a consolidation freight station and be stuffed. unstuffed, containerized, separated or otherwise segregated or aggregated for delivery or loaded on any mode of transportation for delivery to its consignee. Specific activities included in this definition are: Wharfage, handling, loading, unloading, moving of cargo to a convenient place of delivery to the consignee or a convenient place for further movement to export mode; documentation services in connection with the receipt, delivery, checking, care, custody and control of cargo required in the transfer of cargo; imported automobile handling prior to delivery to consignee; terminal stevedoring and incidental vessel services, including but not limited to plugging and unplugging refrigerator service to containers, trailers, and other refrigerated cargo receptacles, and securing ship hatch covers.
- (8) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of disposing of low-level waste, as defined in RCW 43.145.010; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross income of the business, excluding any fees imposed under chapter 43.200 RCW, multiplied by the rate of 3.3 percent.

If the gross income of the taxpayer is attributable to activities both within and without this state, the gross income attributable to this state shall be determined in accordance with the methods of apportionment required under RCW 82.04.460.

- (9) Upon every person engaging within this state as an insurance producer or title insurance agent licensed under chapter 48.17 RCW; as to such persons, the amount of the tax with respect to such licensed activities shall be equal to the gross income of such business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.
- (10) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as a hospital, as defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, that is operated as a nonprofit corporation or by the state or any of its political subdivisions, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.75 percent through June 30, 1995, and 1.5

percent thereafter. The moneys collected under this subsection shall be deposited in the health services account created under RCW 43.72.900.

- (11)(a) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing commercial airplanes, or components of such airplanes, or making sales, at retail or wholesale, of commercial airplanes or components of such airplanes, manufactured by the seller, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall, in the case of manufacturers, be equal to the value of the product manufactured and the gross proceeds of sales of the product manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of:
- (i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through the later of June 30, 2007; and
 - (ii) 0.2904 percent beginning July 1, 2007.
- (b) Beginning July 1, 2008, upon every person who is not eligible to report under the provisions of (a) of this subsection (11) and is engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing tooling specifically designed for use in manufacturing commercial airplanes or components of such airplanes, or making sales, at retail or wholesale, of such tooling manufactured by the seller, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall, in the case of manufacturers, be equal to the value of the product manufactured and the gross proceeds of sales of the product manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent.
- (c) For the purposes of this subsection (11), "commercial airplane" and "component" have the same meanings as provided in RCW 82.32.550.
- (d) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a person eligible for the tax rate under this subsection (11) must report as required under RCW 82.32.545.
 - (e) This subsection (11) does not apply on and after July 1, 2024.
- (12)(a) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of extracting timber or extracting for hire timber; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business shall, in the case of extractors, be equal to the value of products, including byproducts, extracted, or in the case of extractors for hire, be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.
- (b) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing or processing for hire: (i) Timber into timber products or wood products; or (ii) timber products into other timber products or wood products; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business shall, in the case of manufacturers, be equal to the value of products, including byproducts, manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.
- (c) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of selling at wholesale: (i) Timber extracted by that person; (ii) timber products manufactured by that person from timber or other timber products; or (iii) wood products manufactured by that person from timber or timber products;

as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the timber, timber products, or wood products multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.

- (d) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of selling standing timber; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business shall be equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent. For purposes of this subsection (12)(d), "selling standing timber" means the sale of timber apart from the land, where the buyer is required to sever the timber within thirty months from the date of the original contract, regardless of the method of payment for the timber and whether title to the timber transfers before, upon, or after severance.
 - (e) For purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply:
- (i) "Biocomposite surface products" means surface material products containing, by weight or volume, more than fifty percent recycled paper and that also use nonpetroleum-based phenolic resin as a bonding agent.
- (ii) "Paper and paper products" means products made of interwoven cellulosic fibers held together largely by hydrogen bonding. "Paper and paper products" includes newsprint; office, printing, fine, and pressure-sensitive papers; paper napkins, towels, and toilet tissue; kraft bag, construction, and other kraft industrial papers; paperboard, liquid packaging containers, containerboard, corrugated, and solid-fiber containers including linerboard and corrugated medium; and related types of cellulosic products containing primarily, by weight or volume, cellulosic materials. "Paper and paper products" does not include books, newspapers, magazines, periodicals, and other printed publications, advertising materials, calendars, and similar types of printed materials.
- (iii) "Recycled paper" means paper and paper products having fifty percent or more of their fiber content that comes from postconsumer waste. For purposes of this subsection (12)(e)(iii), "postconsumer waste" means a finished material that would normally be disposed of as solid waste, having completed its life cycle as a consumer item.
- (iv) "Timber" means forest trees, standing or down, on privately or publicly owned land. "Timber" does not include Christmas trees that are cultivated by agricultural methods or short-rotation hardwoods as defined in RCW 84.33.035.
 - (v) "Timber products" means:
- (A) Logs, wood chips, sawdust, wood waste, and similar products obtained wholly from the processing of timber, short-rotation hardwoods as defined in RCW 84.33.035, or both;
- (B) Pulp, including market pulp and pulp derived from recovered paper or paper products; and
- (C) Recycled paper, but only when used in the manufacture of biocomposite surface products.
- (vi) "Wood products" means paper and paper products; dimensional lumber; engineered wood products such as particleboard, oriented strand board, medium density fiberboard, and plywood; wood doors; wood windows; and biocomposite surface products.
- (13) Upon every person engaging within this state in inspecting, testing, labeling, and storing canned salmon owned by another person, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the

gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

(14) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of printing a newspaper, publishing a newspaper, or both, the amount of tax on such business is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent.

Sec. 2. RCW 82.04.280 and 2006 c 300 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of: (1) Printing materials other than newspapers, and of publishing ((newspapers,)) periodicals((5)) or magazines; (2) building, repairing or improving any street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state or by the United States and which is used or to be used, primarily for foot or vehicular traffic including mass transportation vehicles of any kind and including any readjustment, reconstruction or relocation of the facilities of any public, private or cooperatively owned utility or railroad in the course of such building, repairing or improving, the cost of which readjustment, reconstruction, or relocation, is the responsibility of the public authority whose street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle is being built, repaired or improved; (3) extracting for hire or processing for hire, except persons taxable as extractors for hire or processors for hire under another section of this chapter; (4) operating a cold storage warehouse or storage warehouse, but not including the rental of cold storage lockers; (5) representing and performing services for fire or casualty insurance companies as an independent resident managing general agent licensed under the provisions of RCW 48.05.310; (6) radio and television broadcasting, excluding network, national and regional advertising computed as a standard deduction based on the national average thereof as annually reported by the Federal Communications Commission, or in lieu thereof by itemization by the individual broadcasting station, and excluding that portion of revenue represented by the out-of-state audience computed as a ratio to the station's total audience as measured by the 100 micro-volt signal strength and delivery by wire, if any; (7) engaging in activities which bring a person within the definition of consumer contained in RCW 82.04.190(6); as to such persons, the amount of tax on such business ((shall be)) is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

As used in this section, "cold storage warehouse" means a storage warehouse used to store fresh and/or frozen perishable fruits or vegetables, meat, seafood, dairy products, or fowl, or any combination thereof, at a desired temperature to maintain the quality of the product for orderly marketing.

As used in this section, "storage warehouse" means a building or structure, or any part thereof, in which goods, wares, or merchandise are received for storage for compensation, except field warehouses, fruit warehouses, fruit packing plants, warehouses licensed under chapter 22.09 RCW, public garages storing automobiles, railroad freight sheds, docks and wharves, and "self-storage" or "mini storage" facilities whereby customers have direct access to individual storage areas by separate entrance. "Storage warehouse" does not

include a building or structure, or that part of such building or structure, in which an activity taxable under RCW 82.04.272 is conducted.

As used in this section, "periodical or magazine" means a printed publication, other than a newspaper, issued regularly at stated intervals at least once every three months, including any supplement or special edition of the publication.

Sec. 3. RCW 82.04.280 and 2006 c 300 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of: (1) Printing materials other than newspapers, and of publishing ((newspapers,)) periodicals((-)) or magazines; (2) building, repairing or improving any street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state or by the United States and which is used or to be used, primarily for foot or vehicular traffic including mass transportation vehicles of any kind and including any readjustment, reconstruction or relocation of the facilities of any public, private or cooperatively owned utility or railroad in the course of such building, repairing or improving, the cost of which readjustment, reconstruction, or relocation, is the responsibility of the public authority whose street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle is being built, repaired or improved; (3) extracting for hire or processing for hire, except persons taxable as extractors for hire or processors for hire under another section of this chapter; (4) operating a cold storage warehouse or storage warehouse, but not including the rental of cold storage lockers; (5) representing and performing services for fire or casualty insurance companies as an independent resident managing general agent licensed under the provisions of RCW 48.05.310; (6) radio and television broadcasting, excluding network, national and regional advertising computed as a standard deduction based on the national average thereof as annually reported by the Federal Communications Commission, or in lieu thereof by itemization by the individual broadcasting station, and excluding that portion of revenue represented by the out-of-state audience computed as a ratio to the station's total audience as measured by the 100 micro-volt signal strength and delivery by wire, if any; (7) engaging in activities which bring a person within the definition of consumer contained in RCW 82.04.190(6); as to such persons, the amount of tax on such business ((shall be)) is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.

As used in this section, "cold storage warehouse" means a storage warehouse used to store fresh and/or frozen perishable fruits or vegetables, meat, seafood, dairy products, or fowl, or any combination thereof, at a desired temperature to maintain the quality of the product for orderly marketing.

As used in this section, "storage warehouse" means a building or structure, or any part thereof, in which goods, wares, or merchandise are received for storage for compensation, except field warehouses, fruit warehouses, fruit packing plants, warehouses licensed under chapter 22.09 RCW, public garages storing automobiles, railroad freight sheds, docks and wharves, and "self-storage" or "mini storage" facilities whereby customers have direct access to individual storage areas by separate entrance. "Storage warehouse" does not

include a building or structure, or that part of such building or structure, in which an activity taxable under RCW 82.04.272 is conducted.

As used in this section, "periodical or magazine" means a printed publication, other than a newspaper, issued regularly at stated intervals at least once every three months, including any supplement or special edition of the publication.

Sec. 4. RCW 35.102.150 and 2006 c 272 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding RCW 35.102.130, a city that imposes a business and occupation tax ((shall)) must allocate a person's gross income from the activities of printing, and of publishing newspapers, periodicals, or magazines, to the principal place in this state from which the taxpayer's business is directed or managed. As used in this section, the activities of printing, and of publishing newspapers, periodicals, or magazines((, have the same meanings as attributed to those terms in RCW 82.04.280(1) by the department of revenue)) are those activities to which the tax rates in RCW 82.04.260(14) and 82.04.280(1) apply.

- **Sec. 5.** RCW 82.08.806 and 2004 c 8 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 ((shall)) does not apply to sales, to a printer or publisher, of computer equipment, including repair parts and replacement parts for such equipment, when the computer equipment is used primarily in the printing or publishing of any printed material, or to sales of or charges made for labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the computer equipment. This exemption applies only to computer equipment not otherwise exempt under RCW 82.08.02565.
- (2) A person taking the exemption under this section must keep records necessary for the department to verify eligibility under this section. This exemption is available only when the purchaser provides the seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The seller shall retain a copy of the certificate for the seller's files.
- (3) The definitions in this subsection (3) apply throughout this section, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (a) "Computer" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.04.215.
- (b) "Computer equipment" means a computer and the associated physical components that constitute a computer system, including monitors, keyboards, printers, modems, scanners, pointing devices, and other computer peripheral equipment, cables, servers, and routers. "Computer equipment" also includes digital cameras and computer software.
 - (c) "Computer software" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.04.215.
 - (d) "Primarily" means greater than fifty percent as measured by time.
- (e) "Printer or publisher" means a person, as defined in RCW 82.04.030, who is subject to tax under RCW $\underline{82.04.260(14)}$ or $\underline{82.04.280(1)}$.
- (4) "Computer equipment" does not include computer equipment that is used primarily for administrative purposes including but not limited to payroll processing, accounting, customer service, telemarketing, and collection. If computer equipment is used simultaneously for administrative and nonadministrative purposes, the administrative use shall be disregarded during

the period of simultaneous use for purposes of determining whether the computer equipment is used primarily for administrative purposes.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 82.32 RCW to read as follows:

- (1)(a) Every person claiming the preferential rate provided in RCW 82.04.260(14) must file a complete annual report with the department. The report is due by March 31st of the year following any calendar year in which a person is eligible to claim the preferential rate provided in RCW 82.04.260(14). The department may extend the due date for timely filing of annual reports under this section as provided in RCW 82.32.590.
- (b) The report must include information detailing employment, wages, and employer-provided health and retirement benefits for employment positions in Washington for the year that the preferential rate was claimed. The report must not include names of employees. The report must also detail employment by the total number of full-time, part-time, and temporary positions for the year that the tax preference was claimed.
- (c) If a person filing a report under this section did not file a report with the department in the previous calendar year, the report filed under this section must also include employment, wage, and benefit information for the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year for which the preferential rate provided in RCW 82.04.260(14) was claimed.
- (2) As part of the annual report, the department may request additional information necessary to measure the results of, or determine eligibility for, the preferential rate provided in RCW 82.04.260(14).
- (3) Other than information requested under subsection (2) of this section, the information contained in an annual report filed under this section is not subject to the confidentiality provisions of RCW 82.32.330 and may be disclosed to the public upon request.
- (4) Except as otherwise provided by law, if a person claims the preferential rate provided in RCW 82.04.260(14) but fails to submit a report by the due date or any extension under RCW 82.32.590, the department must declare the amount of the tax preference claimed for the previous calendar year to be immediately due and payable. The department must assess interest, but not penalties, on the amounts due under this subsection. The interest must be assessed at the rate provided for delinquent taxes under this chapter, retroactively to the date the tax preference was claimed, and accrues until the taxes for which the tax preference was claimed are repaid. Amounts due under this subsection are not subject to the confidentiality provisions of RCW 82.32.330 and may be disclosed to the public upon request.
- (5) By November 1, 2014, and November 1, 2016, the fiscal committees of the house of representatives and the senate, in consultation with the department, must report to the legislature on the effectiveness of the preferential rate provided in RCW 82.04.260(14). The report must measure the effect of the preferential rate provided in RCW 82.04.260(14) on job retention, net jobs created for Washington residents, industry growth, and other factors as the committees select. The report must include a discussion of principles to apply in evaluating whether the legislature should continue the preferential rate provided in RCW 82.04.260(14).

- **Sec. 7.** RCW 82.32.590 and 2008 c 81 s 13 and 2008 c 15 s 7 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) If the department finds that the failure of a taxpayer to file an annual survey or annual report under RCW 82.04.4452, 82.32.5351, 82.32.650, 82.32.630, 82.32.610, 82.82.020, section 6 of this act. or 82.74.040 by the due date was the result of circumstances beyond the control of the taxpayer, the department shall extend the time for filing the survey or report. Such extension shall be for a period of thirty days from the date the department issues its written notification to the taxpayer that it qualifies for an extension under this section. The department may grant additional extensions as it deems proper.
- (2) In making a determination whether the failure of a taxpayer to file an annual survey or annual report by the due date was the result of circumstances beyond the control of the taxpayer, the department shall be guided by rules adopted by the department for the waiver or cancellation of penalties when the underpayment or untimely payment of any tax was due to circumstances beyond the control of the taxpayer.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 82.32.600 and 2008 c 81 s 14 and 2008 c 15 s 8 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Persons required to file annual surveys or annual reports under RCW 82.04.4452, 82.32.5351, 82.32.545, 82.32.610, 82.32.630, 82.82.020, section 6 of this act, or 82.74.040 must electronically file with the department all surveys, reports, returns, and any other forms or information the department requires in an electronic format as provided or approved by the department. As used in this section, "returns" has the same meaning as "return" in RCW 82.32.050.
- (2) Any survey, report, return, or any other form or information required to be filed in an electronic format under subsection (1) of this section is not filed until received by the department in an electronic format.
- (3) The department may waive the electronic filing requirement in subsection (1) of this section for good cause shown.
 - **Sec. 9.** 2006 c 300 s 12 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) ((This act and)) Section 3, chapter . . ., Laws of 2009 (section 3 of this act), section 7, chapter 300, Laws of 2006, and section 4, chapter 149, Laws of 2003 are contingent upon the siting and commercial operation of a significant semiconductor microchip fabrication facility in the state of Washington.
 - (b) For the purposes of this section:
- (i) "Commercial operation" means the same as "commencement of commercial production" as used in RCW 82.08.965.
- (ii) "Semiconductor microchip fabrication" means "manufacturing semiconductor microchips" as defined in RCW 82.04.426.
- (iii) "Significant" means the combined investment of new buildings and new machinery and equipment in the buildings, at the commencement of commercial production, will be at least one billion dollars.
- (2) ((This act)) Chapter 149, Laws of 2003 takes effect the first day of the month in which a contract for the construction of a significant semiconductor fabrication facility is signed, as determined by the director of the department of revenue.

- (3)(a) The department of revenue ((shall)) must provide notice of the effective date of this act to affected taxpayers, the legislature, and others as deemed appropriate by the department.
- (b) If, after making a determination that a contract has been signed and ((this net)) chapter 149, Laws of 2003 is effective, the department discovers that commencement of commercial production did not take place within three years of the date the contract was signed, the department ((shall)) must make a determination that ((this aet)) chapter 149, Laws of 2003 is no longer effective, and all taxes that would have been otherwise due ((shall be)) are deemed deferred taxes and are immediately assessed and payable from any person reporting tax under RCW 82.04.240(2) or claiming an exemption or credit under section 2 or 5 through 10 ((of this aet)), chapter 149, Laws of 2003. The department is not authorized to make a second determination regarding the effective date of ((this aet)) chapter 149, Laws of 2003.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2009.

(2) Section 3 of this act takes effect if the contingency in section 9 of this act occurs.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** Section 2 of this act expires on the date that section 3 of this act takes effect.

Passed by the House March 10, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 26, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 12, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 2009.

CHAPTER 462

[House Bill 2331]

DOCUMENT RECORDING SURCHARGE—SERVICES FOR THE HOMELESS

AN ACT Relating to the existing document recording fee for services for the homeless; and amending RCW 36.22.179.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 36.22.179 and 2007 c 427 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) In addition to the surcharge authorized in RCW 36.22.178, and except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, an additional surcharge of ten dollars shall be charged by the county auditor for each document recorded, which will be in addition to any other charge allowed by law. <u>During the 2009-11 and 2011-13 biennia</u>, the surcharge shall be thirty dollars. The funds collected pursuant to this section are to be distributed and used as follows:
- (a) The auditor shall retain two percent for collection of the fee, and of the remainder shall remit sixty percent to the county to be deposited into a fund that must be used by the county and its cities and towns to accomplish the purposes of ((this)) chapter 484, Laws of 2005, six percent of which may be used by the county for administrative costs related to its homeless housing plan, and the remainder for programs which directly accomplish the goals of the county's local

homeless housing plan, except that for each city in the county which elects as authorized in RCW 43.185C.080 to operate its own local homeless housing program, a percentage of the surcharge assessed under this section equal to the percentage of the city's local portion of the real estate excise tax collected by the county shall be transmitted at least quarterly to the city treasurer, without any deduction for county administrative costs, for use by the city for program costs which directly contribute to the goals of the city's local homeless housing plan; of the funds received by the city, it may use six percent for administrative costs for its homeless housing program.

- (b) The auditor shall remit the remaining funds to the state treasurer for deposit in the home security fund account. The department may use twelve and one-half percent of this amount for administration of the program established in RCW 43.185C.020, including the costs of creating the statewide homeless housing strategic plan, measuring performance, providing technical assistance to local governments, and managing the homeless housing grant program. The remaining eighty-seven and one-half percent is to be used by the department to:
- (i) Provide housing and shelter for homeless people including, but not limited to: Grants to operate, repair, and staff shelters; grants to operate transitional housing; partial payments for rental assistance; consolidated emergency assistance; overnight youth shelters; and emergency shelter assistance; and
 - (ii) Fund the homeless housing grant program.
- (2) The surcharge imposed in this section does not apply to (a) assignments or substitutions of previously recorded deeds of trust, or (b) documents recording a birth, marriage, divorce, or death or any documents otherwise exempted from a recording fee under state law.

Passed by the House April 25, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 25, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 12, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 2009.

CHAPTER 463

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2128]
HEALTH CARE COVERAGE FOR CHILDREN

AN ACT Relating to meeting the goal of all children in Washington state having health care coverage by 2010; amending RCW 74.09.470 and 74.09.480; and creating new sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that substantial progress has been made toward achieving the equally important goals set in 2007 that all children in Washington state have health care coverage by 2010 and that child health outcomes improve. The legislature also finds that continued steps are necessary to reach the goals that all children in Washington state shall have access to the health services they need to be healthy and ready to learn and that key measures of child health outcomes will show year by year improvement. The legislature further finds that reaching these goals is integral to the state's ability to weather the current economic crisis. The recent reauthorization of the federal children's health insurance program provides additional opportunities for

the state to reach these goals. In view of these important objectives, the legislature intends that the apple health for kids program be managed actively across administrations in the department of social and health services, and across state and local agencies, with clear accountability for achieving the intended program outcomes. The legislature further intends that the department continue the implementation of the apple health for kids program with a commitment to fully utilizing the new program identity with appropriate materials.

- Sec. 2. RCW 74.09.470 and 2007 c 5 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Consistent with the goals established in RCW 74.09.402, through the apple health for kids program authorized in this section, the department shall provide affordable health care coverage to children under the age of nineteen who reside in Washington state and whose family income at the time of enrollment is not greater than two hundred fifty percent of the federal poverty level as adjusted for family size and determined annually by the federal department of health and human services, and effective January 1, 2009, and only to the extent that funds are specifically appropriated therefor, to children whose family income is not greater than three hundred percent of the federal poverty level. In administering the program, the department shall take such actions as may be necessary to ensure the receipt of federal financial participation under the medical assistance program, as codified at Title XIX of the federal social security act, the state children's health insurance program, as codified at Title XXI of the federal social security act, and any other federal funding sources that are now available or may become available in the future. The department and the caseload forecast council shall estimate the anticipated caseload and costs of the program established in this section.
- (2) The department shall accept applications for enrollment for children's health care coverage; establish appropriate minimum-enrollment periods, as may be necessary; and determine eligibility based on current family income. The department shall make eligibility determinations within the time frames for establishing eligibility for children on medical assistance, as defined by RCW 74.09.510. The application and annual renewal processes shall be designed to minimize administrative barriers for applicants and enrolled clients, and to minimize gaps in eligibility for families who are eligible for coverage. If a change in family income results in a change in ((program eligibility)) the source of funding for coverage, the department shall transfer the family members to the appropriate ((programs)) source of funding and notify the family with respect to any change in premium obligation, without a break in eligibility. department shall use the same eligibility redetermination and appeals procedures as those provided for children on medical assistance programs. The department shall modify its eligibility renewal procedures to lower the percentage of children failing to annually renew. ((The department shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on its progress in this regard by December 2007.)) The department shall manage its outreach, application, and renewal procedures with the goals of: (a) Achieving year by year improvements in enrollment, enrollment rates, renewals, and renewal rates; (b) maximizing the use of existing program databases to obtain information related to earned and unearned income for purposes of eligibility determination and renewals, including, but not limited to, the basic food program, the child care subsidy

program, federal social security administration programs, and the employment security department wage database; (c) streamlining renewal processes to rely primarily upon data matches, online submissions, and telephone interviews; and (d) implementing any other eligibility determination and renewal processes to allow the state to receive an enhanced federal matching rate and additional federal outreach funding available through the federal children's health insurance program reauthorization act of 2009 by January 2010. The department shall advise the governor and the legislature regarding the status of these efforts by September 30, 2009. The information provided should include the status of the department's efforts, the anticipated impact of those efforts on enrollment, and the costs associated with that enrollment.

- (3) To ensure continuity of care and ease of understanding for families and health care providers, and to maximize the efficiency of the program, the amount, scope, and duration of health care services provided to children under this section shall be the same as that provided to children under medical assistance, as defined in RCW 74.09.520.
- (4) The primary mechanism for purchasing health care coverage under this section shall be through contracts with managed health care systems as defined in RCW 74.09.522 ((except when utilization patterns suggest that fee for service purchasing could produce equally effective and cost-efficient care)), subject to conditions, limitations, and appropriations provided in the biennial appropriations act. However, the department shall make every effort within available resources to purchase health care coverage for uninsured children whose families have access to dependent coverage through an employersponsored health plan or another source when it is cost-effective for the state to do so, and the purchase is consistent with requirements of Title XIX and Title XXI of the federal social security act. To the extent allowable under federal law, the department shall require families to enroll in available employer-sponsored coverage, as a condition of participating in the program established under ((chapter 5, Laws of 2007)) this section, when it is cost-effective for the state to do so. Families who enroll in available employer-sponsored coverage under ((ehapter 5, Laws of 2007)) this section shall be accounted for separately in the annual report required by RCW 74.09.053.
- (5)(a) To reflect appropriate parental responsibility, the department shall develop and implement a schedule of premiums for children's health care coverage due to the department from families with income greater than two hundred percent of the federal poverty level. For families with income greater than two hundred fifty percent of the federal poverty level, the premiums shall be established in consultation with the senate majority and minority leaders and the speaker and minority leader of the house of representatives. Premiums shall be set at a reasonable level that does not pose a barrier to enrollment. The amount of the premium shall be based upon family income and shall not exceed the premium limitations in Title XXI of the federal social security act. Premiums shall not be imposed on children in households at or below two hundred percent of the federal poverty level as articulated in RCW 74.09.055.
- (b) Beginning no later than January 1, ((2009)) 2010, the department shall offer families whose income is greater than three hundred percent of the federal poverty level the opportunity to purchase health care coverage for their children through the programs administered under this section without ((a)) an explicit

premium subsidy from the state. The design of the health benefit package offered to these children should provide a benefit package substantially similar to that offered in the apple health for kids program, and may differ with respect to cost-sharing, and other appropriate elements from that provided to children under subsection (3) of this section including, but not limited to, application of preexisting conditions, waiting periods, and other design changes needed to offer affordable coverage. The amount paid by the family shall be in an amount equal to the rate paid by the state to the managed health care system for coverage of the child, including any associated and administrative costs to the state of providing coverage for the child. Any pooling of the program enrollees that results in state fiscal impact must be identified and brought to the legislature for consideration.

- (6) The department shall undertake <u>and continue</u> a proactive, targeted outreach and education effort with the goal of enrolling children in health coverage and improving the health literacy of youth and parents. The department shall collaborate with the department of health, local public health jurisdictions, the office of (([the])) the superintendent of public instruction, the department of early learning, health educators, health care providers, health carriers, <u>community-based organizations</u>, and parents in the design and development of this effort. The outreach and education effort shall include the following components:
- (a) Broad dissemination of information about the availability of coverage, including media campaigns;
- (b) Assistance with completing applications, and community-based outreach efforts to help people apply for coverage. Community-based outreach efforts should be targeted to the populations least likely to be covered;
- (c) Use of existing systems, such as enrollment information from the free and reduced-price lunch program, the department of early learning child care subsidy program, the department of health's women, infants, and children program, and the early childhood education and assistance program, to identify children who may be eligible but not enrolled in coverage;
- (d) Contracting with community-based organizations and government entities to support community-based outreach efforts to help families apply for coverage. These efforts should be targeted to the populations least likely to be covered. The department shall provide informational materials for use by government entities and community-based organizations in their outreach activities, and should identify any available federal matching funds to support these efforts;
- (e) Development and dissemination of materials to engage and inform parents and families statewide on issues such as: The benefits of health insurance coverage; the appropriate use of health services, including primary care provided by health care practitioners licensed under chapters 18.71, 18.57, 18.36A, and 18.79 RCW, and emergency services; the value of a medical home, well-child services and immunization, and other preventive health services with linkages to department of health child profile efforts; identifying and managing chronic conditions such as asthma and diabetes; and the value of good nutrition and physical activity;

- (f) An evaluation of the outreach and education efforts, based upon clear, <u>cost-effective</u> outcome measures that are included in contracts with entities that undertake components of the outreach and education effort;
- (g) ((A feasibility study and)) An implementation plan to develop online application capability that is integrated with the department's automated client eligibility system, and to develop data linkages with the office of (([the])) the superintendent of public instruction for free and reduced-price lunch enrollment information and the department of early learning for child care subsidy program enrollment information. ((The department shall submit a feasibility study on the implementation of the requirements in this subsection to the governor and legislature by July 2008.))
- (7) The department shall take action to increase the number of primary care physicians providing dental disease preventive services including oral health screenings, risk assessment, family education, the application of fluoride varnish, and referral to a dentist as needed.
- (8) The department shall monitor the rates of substitution between private-sector health care coverage and the coverage provided under this section and shall report to appropriate committees of the legislature by December 2010.
- *NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The department must identify, within existing resources, a staff position as the single point of contact and coordination for the apple health for kids program. The position must ensure planning and coordination of all aspects of the apple health for kids program across all the involved agencies and with the various stakeholders, facilitate the collection, reporting, and analysis of the outcome data required in section 4 of this act, and facilitate the collection and reporting of the data required in section 2 of this act. The position must strive to provide transparency and accountability for the apple health for kids program and provide public reporting of the data required in sections 2 and 4 of this act.
- *Sec. 3 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 74.09.480 and 2007 c 5 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department, in collaboration with the department of health, health carriers, local public health jurisdictions, children's health care providers including pediatricians, family practitioners, and pediatric subspecialists, community and migrant health centers, parents, and other purchasers, shall ((identify explicit performance measures that indicate that a child has an established and effective medical home, such as)) establish a concise set of explicit performance measures that can indicate whether children enrolled in the program are receiving health care through an established and effective medical home, and whether the overall health of enrolled children is improving. Such indicators may include, but are not limited to:
 - (a) Childhood immunization rates;
- (b) Well child care utilization rates, including the use of <u>behavioral and oral health screening</u>, and validated, structured developmental ((assessment tools that include behavioral and oral health screening)) screens using tools, that are consistent with nationally accepted pediatric guidelines and recommended administration schedule, once funding is specifically appropriated for this purpose;
 - (c) Care management for children with chronic illnesses;

- (d) Emergency room utilization; ((and))
- (e) Visual acuity and eye health;
- (f) Preventive oral health service utilization; and
- (g) Children's mental health status. In defining these measures the department shall be guided by the measures provided in RCW 71.36.025.

Performance measures and targets for each performance measure must be ((reported to the appropriate committees of the senate and house of representatives by December 1, 2007)) established and monitored each biennium, with a goal of achieving measurable, improved health outcomes for the children of Washington state each biennium.

- (2) Beginning in calendar year 2009, targeted provider rate increases shall be linked to quality improvement measures established under this section. The department, in conjunction with those groups identified in subsection (1) of this section, shall develop parameters for determining criteria for increased payment, alternative payment methodologies, or other incentives for those practices and health plans that incorporate evidence-based practice and improve and achieve sustained improvement with respect to the measures ((in both fee for service and managed care)).
- (3) The department shall provide ((an annual)) <u>a</u> report to the governor and the legislature related to provider performance on these measures, beginning in September 2010 <u>for 2007 through 2009</u> and ((annually)) <u>biennially</u> thereafter. The department shall advise the legislature as to its progress towards developing this biennial reporting system by September 30, 2009.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** This act may be known and cited as the apple health for kids act.

Passed by the House April 20, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 15, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 12, 2009, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 2009.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I have approved, except for Section 3, Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2128 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to meeting the goal of all children in Washington having health care coverage by 2010."

Section 3 requires the Department of Social and Health Services to identify a staff position as the single point of contact and coordination for the Apple Health for Kids program. While I appreciate the intent of this section, I believe it inappropriate to direct in statute how an agency must staff a particular program. Especially in this difficult economic time, agencies must have the flexibility to allocate limited staff resources in the way which best suits all of their activities. Nonetheless, I will direct the Department to appoint someone to oversee this program.

For this reason, I have vetoed Section 3 of Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2128. With the exception of Section 3, Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2128 is approved."

CHAPTER 464

[Senate Bill 5071]

STATE ENDEMIC MAMMAL—OLYMPIC MARMOT

AN ACT Relating to the state endemic mammal; adding a new section to chapter 1.20 RCW; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that the Olympic marmot, the only endemic mammal in Washington state, should be designated as the state endemic mammal. The Olympic marmot inhabits the Olympic Peninsula in the western section of the state of Washington. Olympic marmots hibernate from September to May. During the morning and afternoon on summer days they feed and spend time sunbathing on rocks. In the evening, they return to their burrow. Olympic marmots are relatively easy to see during the summer months along Hurricane Ridge in the Olympic National Park. Olympic marmots eat herbs, grasses, and flowers. They prefer plants that are soft and easy to digest. They may also eat fruits, legumes, and insects.

Olympic marmots are highly social and may live in groups of over a dozen animals. Gregarious bonds are made between individuals in a family. Olympic marmots identify each other by touching noses and smelling cheeks.

The legislature intends to promote awareness of the Olympic marmot by designating the Olympic marmot as the official endemic mammal of the state of Washington.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 1.20 RCW to read as follows:

The Olympic marmot, *Marmota olympus*, is hereby designated as the official endemic mammal of the state of Washington.

Passed by the Senate March 11, 2009.

Passed by the House April 14, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 12, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 2009.

CHAPTER 465

[Substitute Senate Bill 5172]
UW CENTER FOR HUMAN RIGHTS

AN ACT Relating to establishing a University of Washington center for human rights; adding a new section to chapter 28B.20 RCW; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.20 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A University of Washington center for human rights is created. The mission of the center is to expand opportunities for Washington residents to receive a world-class education in human rights, generate research data and expert knowledge to enhance public and private policymaking, and become an academic center for human rights teaching and research in the nation. The center shall align with the founding principles and philosophies of the United States of America and engage faculty, staff, and students in service to enhance

the promise of life and liberty as outlined in the Preamble of the United States Constitution. Key substantive issues for the center include: The rights of all persons to security against violence; the rights of immigrants, native Americans, and ethnic or religious minorities; human rights and the environment; health as a human right; human rights and trade; the human rights of working people; and women's rights as human rights. State funds may not be used to support the center for human rights created in this section.

(2) The higher education coordinating board and the University of Washington may solicit, accept, receive, and administer federal funds or private funds, in trust or otherwise, and contract with foundations or with for-profit or nonprofit organizations to support the purposes of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The University of Washington center for human rights shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 2010, and biennially thereafter regarding the center's activities. The report shall include, but not be limited to, descriptions of the center's activities and accomplishments especially as they relate to: International human rights issues and community service; documentation of measurable accomplishments in improving outcomes in the issue areas outlined in section 1 of this act; and documentation of engagement with agencies and nongovernmental organizations outside of the University of Washington.

Passed by the Senate April 18, 2009. Passed by the House April 14, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 12, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 2009.

CHAPTER 466

[Substitute Senate Bill 5177]
UW GLOBAL ASIA INSTITUTE

AN ACT Relating to establishing a global Asia institute; adding a new section to chapter 28B.20 RCW; and creating new sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that Asia and its interactions with the rest of the world are transforming the way the world works in the twenty-first century. The legislature further finds that trade, finance, technology, and global influence and institutions are all areas in which China, India, and other Asian states are in the process of reshaping the nature of the international system, and that Washington state is uniquely situated to contribute to enhance interactions between the United States and Asia. The legislature intends to establish a global Asia institute at the University of Washington.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.20 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A global Asia institute is created within the Henry M. Jackson School of International Studies. The mission of the institute is to promote the understanding of Asia and its interactions with Washington state and the world. The institute shall host visiting scholars and policymakers, sponsor programs and learning initiatives, engage in collaborative research projects, and facilitate broader understanding and cooperation between the state of Washington and

Asia through general public programs and targeted collaborations with specific communities in the state.

- (2) Within existing resources, a global Asia institute advisory board is established. The director of the Henry M. Jackson School of International Studies shall appoint members of the advisory board and determine the advisory board's roles and responsibilities. The board shall include members representing academia, business, and government.
- (3) The higher education coordinating board may solicit, accept, receive, and administer federal funds or private funds, in trust or otherwise, and contract with foundations or with for-profit or nonprofit organizations to support the purposes of this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** The Henry M. Jackson School of International Studies shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 2010, regarding the achievements of the global Asia institute. The report shall include discussion of the achievements and challenges in accomplishing the institute's mission and recommendations regarding a path and timeline for the institute's expansion.

Passed by the Senate April 18, 2009. Passed by the House April 7, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 12, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 2009.

CHAPTER 467

[Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 5967]
COMMUNITY ATHLETICS PROGRAMS—SEX DISCRIMINATION

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting unfair practices in public community athletics programs by prohibiting discrimination on the basis of sex; adding new sections to chapter 49.60 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.61 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35A.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.68 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.68 RCW; adding a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds and declares:

On June 23, 1972, President Richard Nixon signed into law Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 to the 1964 Civil Rights Act. This landmark legislation provides that: "No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance...." Title IX has expanded opportunities for males as well as females in educational programs and activities, including ensuring access to athletic opportunities for girls and women in educational institutions and to male and female staff to coaching and athletics administrative positions in educational institutions. The dramatic increases in participation rates at both the high school and college levels since Title IX was passed show that when doors are opened to women and girls, they will participate.

Further, ensuring equality in the state of Washington, the legislature passed an amendment to the state Constitution, ratified by the voters in November 1972, providing "Equality of rights and responsibilities under the law shall not be denied or abridged on account of sex." In 1975, Washington continued to be at

the forefront of this issue by adopting legislation that established our own statutory version of the federal Title IX law that prohibited "inequality in the educational opportunities afforded women and girls at all levels of the public schools in Washington state."

Athletic opportunities provide innumerable benefits to participants, including greater academic success, better physical and psychological health, responsible social behaviors, and enhanced interpersonal skills. Athletic scholarships make it possible for some young people to attend college. The Washington state legislature, recognizing the importance of full participation in athletics, has passed numerous bills directed at achieving equity and eliminating discrimination in intercollegiate athletics in the state's institutions of higher education.

Despite advances in educational settings and efforts by some local agencies to expand opportunities in community athletics programs, discrimination still exists that limits these opportunities. It is the intent of the legislature to expand and support equal participation in athletics programs, and provide all sports programs equal access to facilities administered by cities, towns, counties, metropolitan park districts, park and recreation service areas, or park and recreation districts.

Nothing in this act is intended to affect the holding in the Washington state supreme court's ruling in *Darrin v. Gould*, 85 Wn.2d 859, 540 P.2d 882 (1975) and its progeny that held it is not acceptable to discriminate in contact sports on the basis of sex.

- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** (1) No city, town, county, or district may discriminate against any person on the basis of sex in the operation, conduct, or administration of community athletics programs for youth or adults. A third party receiving a lease or permit from a city, town, county, district, or a school district, for a community athletics program also may not discriminate against any person on the basis of sex in the operation, conduct, or administration of community athletics programs for youth or adults.
 - (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section.
- (a) "Community athletics program" means any athletic program that is organized for the purposes of training for and engaging in athletic activity and competition and that is in any way operated, conducted, administered, or supported by a city, town, county, district, or school district other than those offered by the school and created solely for the students by the school.
- (b) "District" means any metropolitan park district, park and recreation service area, or park and recreation district.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** (1) By January 1, 2010, each city, town, county, or district operating a community athletics program or issuing permission to a third party for the operation of such program on its facilities shall adopt a policy that specifically prohibits discrimination against any person on the basis of sex in the operation, conduct, or administration of community athletics programs for youth or adults.
- (2) It is the responsibility of each city, town, county, or district operating a community athletics program or issuing permission to a third party for the operation of such program on its facilities to publish and disseminate this policy. At a minimum, the nondiscrimination policy should be included in any

publication that includes information about the entity's own athletics programs, or about obtaining a permit for operating athletics programs and on the appropriate city, town, county, or district web site.

- (3) School districts issuing permission to a third party for the operation of a community athletics program on its facilities shall also follow the provisions of this section but may modify and use existing school district policies and procedures to the extent that is possible. Nothing in this section may be construed to require school districts to monitor compliance, investigate complaints, or otherwise enforce school district policies as to third parties using school district facilities.
- (4) Every city, town, county, or district covered by this section should also publish the name, office address, and office telephone number of the employee or employees responsible for its efforts to comply with and carry out its responsibilities under this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 35.21 RCW to read as follows:

The antidiscrimination provisions of section 2 of this act apply to community athletics programs and facilities operated, conducted, or administered by a city or town.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 35.61 RCW to read as follows:

The antidiscrimination provisions of section 2 of this act apply to community athletics programs and facilities operated, conducted, or administered by a metropolitan park district.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 35A.21 RCW to read as follows:

The antidiscrimination provisions of section 2 of this act apply to community athletics programs and facilities operated, conducted, or administered by a code city.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 36.01 RCW to read as follows:

The antidiscrimination provisions of section 2 of this act apply to community athletics programs and facilities operated, conducted, or administered by a county.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 36.68 RCW to read as follows:

The antidiscrimination provisions of section 2 of this act apply to community athletics programs and facilities operated, conducted, or administered by a park and recreation service area.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 36.69 RCW to read as follows:

The antidiscrimination provisions of section 2 of this act apply to community athletics programs and facilities operated, conducted, or administered by a park and recreation district.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** Sections 2 and 3 of this act are each added to chapter 49.60 RCW.

Passed by the Senate April 21, 2009. Passed by the House April 8, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 12, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 2009.

CHAPTER 468

[Second Substitute Senate Bill 5973]
K-12 EDUCATION—ACHIEVEMENT GAP

AN ACT Relating to closing the achievement gap in order to provide all students an excellent and equitable education; amending RCW 28A.300.137; adding new sections to chapter 28A.300 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.410 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.660 RCW; and creating new sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** (1) The legislature finds compelling evidence from five commissioned studies that additional progress must be made to address the achievement gap. Many students are in demographic groups that are overrepresented in measures such as school disciplinary sanctions; failure to meet state academic standards; failure to graduate; enrollment in special education and underperforming schools; enrollment in advanced placement courses, honors programs, and college preparatory classes; and enrollment in and completion of college. The studies contain specific recommendations that are data-driven and drawn from education research, as well as the personal, professional, and cultural experience of those who contributed to the studies. The legislature finds there is no better opportunity to make a strong commitment to closing the achievement gap and to affirm the state's constitutional obligation to provide opportunities to learn for all students without distinction or preference on account of race, ethnicity, socioeconomic status, or gender.

- (2) The legislature further finds that access to comprehensive and consistent data that is disaggregated in the smallest units allowable by law is important in closing the achievement gap. Policymakers and educators need as much information as possible not only about students' academic progress, but also about other factors across multiple disciplines that affect student performance.
- (3) A consistent and powerful theme throughout the achievement gap studies was the need for cultural competency in instruction, curriculum, assessment, and professional development. Cultural competency forms a foundation for efforts to address the achievement gap, and more work is needed to embed it into the public school system.
- (4) Therefore, following the priority recommendations from the achievement gap studies, the legislature intends to:
- (a) Provide resources to support parent and community involvement and outreach efforts by public schools, including such items as additional notices and communication to parents, translations, translators, parent and community meetings, and school events within the community. The legislature encourages school districts to consult with the office of the education ombudsman in developing plans for parent and community involvement and outreach;
- (b) Require that teachers demonstrate cultural competency in the classroom and with students at each level of state teacher certification, and provide

additional opportunities for professional development in cultural competency for current teachers:

- (c) Create local alternative routes to teacher certification for paraeducators and individuals in the communities surrounding schools and school districts that are struggling to address the achievement gap;
- (d) Reexamine the study recommendations regarding data and accountability and identify ways for the education data system to address these needs; and
- (e) Sustain efforts to close the achievement gap over the long term by creating a high profile achievement gap oversight and accountability committee that will provide ongoing advice to education agencies and report annually to the legislature and the governor.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) An achievement gap oversight and accountability committee is created to synthesize the findings and recommendations from the 2008 achievement gap studies into an implementation plan, and to recommend policies and strategies to the superintendent of public instruction, the professional educator standards board, and the state board of education to close the achievement gap.
- (2) The committee shall recommend specific policies and strategies in at least the following areas:
- (a) Supporting and facilitating parent and community involvement and outreach;
- (b) Enhancing the cultural competency of current and future educators and the cultural relevance of curriculum and instruction;
- (c) Expanding pathways and strategies to prepare and recruit diverse teachers and administrators;
- (d) Recommending current programs and resources that should be redirected to narrow the gap;
- (e) Identifying data elements and systems needed to monitor progress in closing the gap;
- (f) Making closing the achievement gap part of the school and school district improvement process; and
- (g) Exploring innovative school models that have shown success in closing the achievement gap.
- (3) Taking a multidisciplinary approach, the committee may seek input and advice from other state and local agencies and organizations with expertise in health, social services, gang and violence prevention, substance abuse prevention, and other issues that disproportionately affect student achievement and student success.
- (4) The achievement gap oversight and accountability committee shall be composed of the following members:
- (a) The chairs and ranking minority members of the house and senate education committees, or their designees;
- (b) One additional member of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house and one additional member of the senate appointed by the president of the senate;
 - (c) A representative of the office of the education ombudsman;

- (d) A representative of the center for the improvement of student learning in the office of the superintendent of public instruction;
- (e) A representative of federally recognized Indian tribes whose traditional lands and territories lie within the borders of Washington state, designated by the federally recognized tribes; and
- (f) Four members appointed by the governor in consultation with the state ethnic commissions, who represent the following populations: African-Americans, Hispanic Americans, Asian Americans, and Pacific Islander Americans.
- (5) The governor and the tribes are encouraged to designate members who have experience working in and with schools.
- (6) The committee may convene ad hoc working groups to obtain additional input and participation from community members. Members of ad hoc working groups shall serve without compensation and shall not be reimbursed for travel or other expenses.
- (7) The chair or cochairs of the committee shall be selected by the members of the committee. Staff support for the committee shall be provided by the center for the improvement of student learning. Members of the committee shall serve without compensation but must be reimbursed as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. Legislative members of the committee shall be reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 44.04.120.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 28A.300.137 and 2008 c 298 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Beginning in January 2010, the ((center for the improvement of student learning)) achievement gap oversight and accountability committee shall report annually to the superintendent of public instruction, the state board of education, the professional educator standards board, the governor, ((the P-20 council,)) and the education committees of the legislature on the ((implementation status of)) strategies to address the achievement gap ((for African-American students)) and on the progress in improvement of education performance measures for African-American, Hispanic, American Indian/Alaskan Native, Asian, and Pacific Islander/Hawaiian Native students.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:

All student data related reports required of the superintendent of public instruction in this title must be disaggregated by at least the following subgroups of students: White, Black, Hispanic, American Indian/Alaskan Native, Asian, Pacific Islander/Hawaiian Native, low income, transitional bilingual, migrant, special education, and students covered by section 504 of the federal rehabilitation act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. Sec. 794).

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.410 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The professional educator standards board, in consultation and collaboration with the achievement gap oversight and accountability committee established under section 2 of this act, shall identify a list of model standards for cultural competency and make recommendations to the education committees of the legislature on the strengths and weaknesses of those standards.

(2) For the purposes of this section, "cultural competency" includes knowledge of student cultural histories and contexts, as well as family norms and values in different cultures; knowledge and skills in accessing community resources and community and parent outreach; and skills in adapting instruction to students' experiences and identifying cultural contexts for individual students.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.660 RCW to read as follows:

The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall identify school districts that have the most significant achievement gaps among subgroups of students and for large numbers of those students, and districts that should receive priority for assistance in advancing cultural competency skills in their workforce. The professional educator standards board shall provide assistance to the identified school districts to develop partnership grant programs between the districts and teacher preparation programs to provide one or more of the four alternative route programs under RCW 28A.660.040 and to recruit paraeducators and other individuals in the local community to become certified as teachers. A partnership grant program proposed by an identified school district shall receive priority eligibility for partnership grants under RCW 28A.660.020. To the maximum extent possible, the board shall coordinate the recruiting Washington teachers program under RCW 28A.415.370 with the alternative route programs under this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** The superintendent of public instruction shall take all actions necessary to secure federal funds to support enhancing data collection and data system capacity in order to monitor progress in closing the achievement gap and to support other innovations and model programs that align education reform and address disproportionality in the public school system.

Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Passed by the House April 13, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 12, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 2009.

CHAPTER 469

[Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 6170] ENVIRONMENTAL TAX INCENTIVES

AN ACT Relating to environmental tax incentives; amending RCW 81.104.170, 82.14.050, 82.14.060, 82.04.263, 82.04.294, 82.08.9651, 82.12.9651, 82.16.110, 82.16.120, 82.16.130, 82.08.890, 82.12.890, 82.16.010, 82.16.020, and 82.08.020; adding new sections to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 82.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.14 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 82.08.813 and 82.12.813; providing effective dates; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

PART I Renewable Energy

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 101.** A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:

- (1)(a) Except as provided in section 103 of this act, purchasers who have paid the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 on machinery and equipment used directly in generating electricity using fuel cells, wind, sun, biomass energy, tidal or wave energy, geothermal resources, anaerobic digestion, technology that converts otherwise lost energy from exhaust, or landfill gas as the principal source of power, or to sales of or charges made for labor and services rendered in respect to installing such machinery and equipment, are eligible for an exemption as provided in this section, but only if the purchaser develops with such machinery, equipment, and labor a facility capable of generating not less than one thousand watts of electricity.
- (b) Beginning on July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2011, the tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to the sale of machinery and equipment described in (a) of this subsection that are used directly in generating electricity or to sales of or charges made for labor and services rendered in respect to installing such machinery and equipment.
- (c) Beginning on July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2013, the amount of the exemption under this subsection (1) is equal to seventy-five percent of the state and local sales tax paid. The purchaser is eligible for an exemption under this subsection (1)(c) in the form of a remittance.
- (2) For purposes of this section and section 102 of this act, the following definitions apply:
- (a) "Biomass energy" includes: (i) Byproducts of pulping and wood manufacturing process; (ii) animal waste; (iii) solid organic fuels from wood; (iv) forest or field residues; (v) wooden demolition or construction debris; (vi) food waste; (vii) liquors derived from algae and other sources; (viii) dedicated energy crops; (ix) biosolids; and (x) yard waste. "Biomass energy" does not include wood pieces that have been treated with chemical preservatives such as creosote, pentachlorophenol, or copper-chrome-arsenic; wood from old growth forests; or municipal solid waste.
- (b) "Fuel cell" means an electrochemical reaction that generates electricity by combining atoms of hydrogen and oxygen in the presence of a catalyst.
- (c) "Landfill gas" means biomass fuel, of the type qualified for federal tax credits under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 29 of the federal internal revenue code, collected from a "landfill" as defined under RCW 70.95.030.
- (d)(i) "Machinery and equipment" means fixtures, devices, and support facilities that are integral and necessary to the generation of electricity using fuel cells, wind, sun, biomass energy, tidal or wave energy, geothermal resources, anaerobic digestion, technology that converts otherwise lost energy from exhaust, or landfill gas as the principal source of power.
- (ii) "Machinery and equipment" does not include: (A) Hand-powered tools; (B) property with a useful life of less than one year; (C) repair parts required to restore machinery and equipment to normal working order; (D) replacement parts that do not increase productivity, improve efficiency, or extend the useful life of machinery and equipment; (E) buildings; or (F) building fixtures that are not integral and necessary to the generation of electricity that are permanently affixed to and become a physical part of a building.
- (3)(a) Machinery and equipment is "used directly" in generating electricity by wind energy, solar energy, biomass energy, tidal or wave energy, geothermal resources, anaerobic digestion, technology that converts otherwise lost energy

from exhaust, or landfill gas power if it provides any part of the process that captures the energy of the wind, sun, biomass energy, tidal or wave energy, geothermal resources, anaerobic digestion, technology that converts otherwise lost energy from exhaust, or landfill gas, converts that energy to electricity, and stores, transforms, or transmits that electricity for entry into or operation in parallel with electric transmission and distribution systems.

- (b) Machinery and equipment is "used directly" in generating electricity by fuel cells if it provides any part of the process that captures the energy of the fuel, converts that energy to electricity, and stores, transforms, or transmits that electricity for entry into or operation in parallel with electric transmission and distribution systems.
- (4)(a) A purchaser claiming an exemption in the form of a remittance under subsection (1)(c) of this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 and all applicable local sales taxes imposed under the authority of chapters 82.14 and 81.104 RCW. The purchaser may then apply to the department for remittance in a form and manner prescribed by the department. A purchaser may not apply for a remittance under this section more frequently than once per quarter. The purchaser must specify the amount of exempted tax claimed and the qualifying purchases for which the exemption is claimed. The purchaser must retain, in adequate detail, records to enable the department to determine whether the purchaser is entitled to an exemption under this section, including: Invoices; proof of tax paid; and documents describing the machinery and equipment.
- (b) The department must determine eligibility under this section based on the information provided by the purchaser, which is subject to audit verification by the department. The department must on a quarterly basis remit exempted amounts to qualifying purchasers who submitted applications during the previous quarter.
 - (5) This section expires July 1, 2013.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 102.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

- (1)(a) Except as provided in section 104 of this act, consumers who have paid the tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020 on machinery and equipment used directly in generating electricity using fuel cells, wind, sun, biomass energy, tidal or wave energy, geothermal resources, anaerobic digestion, technology that converts otherwise lost energy from exhaust, or landfill gas as the principal source of power, or to sales of or charges made for labor and services rendered in respect to installing such machinery and equipment, are eligible for an exemption as provided in this section, but only if the purchaser develops with such machinery, equipment, and labor a facility capable of generating not less than one thousand watts of electricity.
- (b) Beginning on July 1, 2009, through June 30, 2011, the provisions of this chapter do not apply in respect to the use of machinery and equipment described in (a) of this subsection that are used directly in generating electricity or to sales of or charges made for labor and services rendered in respect to installing such machinery and equipment.
- (c) Beginning on July 1, 2011, through June 30, 2013, the amount of the exemption under this subsection (1) is equal to seventy-five percent of the state

and local sales tax paid. The consumer is eligible for an exemption under this subsection (1)(c) in the form of a remittance.

- (2)(a) A person claiming an exemption in the form of a remittance under subsection (1)(c) of this section must pay the tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020 and all applicable local use taxes imposed under the authority of chapters 82.14 and 81.104 RCW. The consumer may then apply to the department for remittance in a form and manner prescribed by the department. A consumer may not apply for a remittance under this section more frequently than once per quarter. The consumer must specify the amount of exempted tax claimed and the qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is claimed. The consumer must retain, in adequate detail, records to enable the department to determine whether the consumer is entitled to an exemption under this section, including: Invoices; proof of tax paid; and documents describing the machinery and equipment.
- (b) The department must determine eligibility under this section based on the information provided by the consumer, which is subject to audit verification by the department. The department must on a quarterly basis remit exempted amounts to qualifying consumers who submitted applications during the previous quarter.
- (3) Purchases exempt under section 101 of this act are also exempt from the tax imposed under RCW 82.12.020.
 - (4) The definitions in section 101 of this act apply to this section.
 - (5) This section expires June 30, 2013.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 103.** A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of machinery and equipment used directly in generating electricity using solar energy, or to sales of or charges made for labor and services rendered in respect to installing such machinery and equipment, but only if the purchaser develops with such machinery, equipment, and labor a facility capable of generating not more than ten kilowatts of electricity and provides the seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for the seller's files.
 - (2) For purposes of this section and section 104 of this act:
- (a) "Machinery and equipment" means industrial fixtures, devices, and support facilities that are integral and necessary to the generation of electricity using solar energy;
- (b) "Machinery and equipment" does not include: (i) Hand-powered tools; (ii) property with a useful life of less than one year; (iii) repair parts required to restore machinery and equipment to normal working order; (iv) replacement parts that do not increase productivity, improve efficiency, or extend the useful life of machinery and equipment; (v) buildings; or (vi) building fixtures that are not integral and necessary to the generation of electricity that are permanently affixed to and become a physical part of a building; and
- (c) Machinery and equipment is "used directly" in generating electricity with solar energy if it provides any part of the process that captures the energy of the sun, converts that energy to electricity, and stores, transforms, or transmits that electricity for entry into or operation in parallel with electric transmission and distribution systems.

- (3) This section expires June 30, 2013.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 104.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply with respect to machinery and equipment used directly in generating not more than ten kilowatts of electricity using solar energy, or to the use of labor and services rendered in respect to installing such machinery and equipment.
 - (2) The definitions in section 103 of this act apply to this section.
 - (3) This section expires June 30, 2013.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 105.** A new section is added to chapter 82.14 RCW to read as follows:

The exemptions in sections 101 through 104 of this act are for the state and local sales and use taxes and include the sales and use taxes imposed under the authority of this chapter.

- **Sec. 106.** RCW 81.104.170 and 1997 c 450 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Cities that operate transit systems, county transportation authorities, metropolitan municipal corporations, public transportation benefit areas, and regional transit authorities may submit an authorizing proposition to the voters and if approved by a majority of persons voting, fix and impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter, solely for the purpose of providing high capacity transportation service.
- (2) The tax authorized pursuant to this section shall be in addition to the tax authorized by RCW 82.14.030 and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state pursuant to chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the taxing district. The maximum rate of such tax shall be approved by the voters and shall not exceed one percent of the selling price (in the case of a sales tax) or value of the article used (in the case of a use tax). The maximum rate of such tax that may be imposed shall not exceed nine-tenths of one percent in any county that imposes a tax under RCW 82.14.340, or within a regional transit authority if any county within the authority imposes a tax under RCW 82.14.340.
- (3)(a) The exemptions in RCW 82.08.820 and 82.12.820 are for the state portion of the sales and use tax and do not extend to the tax authorized in this section.
- (b) The exemptions in sections 101 and 102 of this act are for the state and local sales and use taxes and include the tax authorized by this section.
- **Sec. 107.** RCW 82.14.050 and 2005 c 336 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The counties, cities, and transportation authorities under RCW 82.14.045, public facilities districts under chapters 36.100 and 35.57 RCW, public transportation benefit areas under RCW 82.14.440, regional transportation investment districts, and transportation benefit districts under chapter 36.73 RCW shall contract, prior to the effective date of a resolution or ordinance imposing a sales and use tax, the administration and collection to the state department of revenue, which shall deduct a percentage amount, as provided by contract, not to exceed two percent of the taxes collected for administration and collection expenses incurred by the department. The

remainder of any portion of any tax authorized by this chapter that is collected by the department of revenue shall be deposited by the state department of revenue in the local sales and use tax account hereby created in the state treasury. Moneys in the local sales and use tax account may be ((spent)) withdrawn only for:

- (a) <u>D</u>istribution to counties, cities, transportation authorities, public facilities districts, public transportation benefit areas, regional transportation investment districts, and transportation benefit districts imposing a sales and use tax; and
- (b) Making refunds of taxes imposed under the authority of this chapter and RCW 81.104.170 and exempted under sections 101 and 102 of this act.
- (2) All administrative provisions in chapters 82.03, 82.08, 82.12, and 82.32 RCW, as they now exist or may hereafter be amended, shall, insofar as they are applicable to state sales and use taxes, be applicable to taxes imposed pursuant to this chapter.
- (3) Counties, cities, transportation authorities, public facilities districts, and regional transportation investment districts may not conduct independent sales or use tax audits of sellers registered under the streamlined sales tax agreement.
- (4) Except as provided in RCW 43.08.190, all earnings of investments of balances in the local sales and use tax account shall be credited to the local sales and use tax account and distributed to the counties, cities, transportation authorities, public facilities districts, public transportation benefit areas, regional transportation investment districts, and transportation benefit districts monthly.
- **Sec. 108.** RCW 82.14.060 and 2005 c 336 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Monthly, the state treasurer ((shall make distribution)) must distribute from the local sales and use tax account to the counties, cities, transportation authorities, public facilities districts, and transportation benefit districts the amount of tax collected on behalf of each taxing authority, less:
 - (i) The deduction provided for in RCW 82.14.050; and
- (ii) The amount of any refunds of local sales and use taxes exempted under sections 101 and 102 of this act, which must be made without appropriation.
- (b) The state treasurer shall make the distribution under this section without appropriation.
- (2) In the event that any ordinance or resolution imposes a sales and use tax at a rate in excess of the applicable limits contained herein, such ordinance or resolution shall not be considered void in toto, but only with respect to that portion of the rate which is in excess of the applicable limits contained herein.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 109.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the expiration of RCW 82.12.02567 and section 102 of this act do not require the payment of, or authorize the department to assess, use tax imposed by or under the authority of RCW 82.12.020, 81.104.170, and chapter 82.14 RCW, on the use of machinery and equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to installing such machinery and equipment, if such use qualified for the exemption under RCW 82.12.02567 or section 102 of this act immediately preceding the expiration date of the applicable exemption under RCW 82.12.02567 or section 102 of this act.

(2) Subsection (1) of this section does not prohibit the department from assessing, subject to the limitations period in RCW 82.32.050, state and local use taxes on the use of machinery and equipment, and labor and services rendered in respect to installing such machinery and equipment, if, before the expiration of the applicable exemption provided in RCW 82.12.02567 or section 102 of this act, the machinery and equipment was put to a use that is outside of the scope of the applicable exemption in RCW 82.12.02567 or section 102 of this act.

PART II Radioactive Waste Cleanup

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 201.** (1) The legislature finds that the cleaning up of radioactive waste at the Hanford site is crucial to the environment in this state. The legislature intends to include services supporting the cleanup within the radioactive waste clean-up business and occupation tax classification, but it is not the legislature's intent to extend the radioactive waste clean-up classification to all business activities conducted at the Hanford site or performed for persons engaged in the performance of cleanup.

- (2) It is the legislature's intent in enacting this legislation to ensure that the radioactive waste clean-up business and occupation tax classification applies to all services contributing to the performance of a clean-up project at the Hanford site other than services that are routinely provided to any business, including businesses that are not engaged in clean-up activities.
- **Sec. 202.** RCW 82.04.263 and 1996 c 112 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of cleaning up for the United States, or its instrumentalities, radioactive waste and other by-products of weapons production and nuclear research and development; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the ((value of the)) gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.471 percent.
- (2) For the purposes of this chapter, "cleaning up radioactive waste and other by-products of weapons production and nuclear research and development" means:
- (a) The activities of handling, storing, treating, immobilizing, stabilizing, or disposing of radioactive waste, radioactive tank waste and capsules, nonradioactive hazardous solid and liquid wastes, or spent nuclear fuel;
 - (b) Spent nuclear fuel conditioning;
 - (c) Removal of contamination in soils and groundwater;
- (d) Decontamination and decommissioning of facilities; and ((activities integral and necessary to the direct performance of cleanup)) (e) Services supporting the performance of cleanup. For the purposes of this subsection (2)(e), a service supports the performance of cleanup if it:
- (i) Is within the scope of work under a clean-up contract with the United States department of energy; or
- (ii) Assists in the accomplishment of a requirement of a clean-up project undertaken by the United States department of energy under a subcontract entered into with the prime contractor or another subcontractor in furtherance of

a clean-up contract between the United States department of energy and a prime contractor.

- (3) A service does not assist in the accomplishment of a requirement of a clean-up project undertaken by the United States department of energy if the same services are routinely provided to businesses not engaged in clean-up activities, except that the following services are always deemed to contribute to the accomplishment of a requirement of a clean-up project undertaken by the United States department of energy:
 - (a) Information technology and computer support services;
 - (b) Services rendered in respect to infrastructure; and
 - (c) Security, safety, and health services.
- (4) The legislature intends that the examples provided in this subsection be used as a guideline when determining whether a service is "routinely provided to businesses not engaged in clean-up activities" as that phrase is used in subsection (3) of this section.
- (a) The radioactive waste clean-up classification does not apply to general accounting services but does apply to performance audits performed for persons cleaning up radioactive waste.
- (b) The radioactive waste clean-up classification does not apply to general legal services but does apply to those legal services that assist in the accomplishment of a requirement of a clean-up project undertaken by the United States department of energy. Thus, legal services provided to contest any local, state, or federal tax liability or to defend a company against a workers' compensation claim arising from a worksite injury do not qualify for the radioactive waste clean-up classification. But, legal services related to the resolution of a contractual dispute between the parties to a clean-up contract between the United States department of energy and a prime contractor do qualify.
- (c) General office janitorial services do not qualify for the radioactive waste clean-up classification, but the specialized cleaning of equipment exposed to radioactive waste does qualify.

PART III Hog Fuel Tax Relief

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 301.** A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of hog fuel used to produce electricity, steam, heat, or biofuel. This exemption is available only if the buyer provides the seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for the seller's files.
 - (2) For the purposes of this section the following definitions apply:
- (a) "Hog fuel" means wood waste and other wood residuals including forest derived biomass. "Hog fuel" does not include firewood or wood pellets; and
 - (b) "Biofuel" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 43.325.010.
 - (3) This section expires June 30, 2013.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 302.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply with respect to the use of hog fuel for production of electricity, steam, heat, or biofuel.
 - (2) For the purposes of this section:
- (a) "Hog fuel" has the same meaning as provided in section 301 of this act; and
 - (b) "Biofuel" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 43.325.010.
 - (3) This section expires June 30, 2013.

PART IV Biomass Energy Incentives

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 401.** A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, harvesters are allowed a credit against the amount of tax otherwise due under this chapter, as provided in this section. The credit per harvested green ton of forest derived biomass sold, transferred, or used for production of electricity, steam, heat, or biofuel is as follows:
- (a) For forest derived biomass harvested October 1, 2009, through June 30, 2010, zero dollars;
- (b) For forest derived biomass harvested July 1, 2010, through June 30, 2013, three dollars;
- (c) For forest derived biomass harvested July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2015, five dollars.
- (2) Credit may not be claimed for forest derived biomass sold, transferred, or used before the effective date of this section. The amount of credit allowed for a reporting period may not exceed the tax otherwise due under this chapter for that reporting period. Any unused excess credit in a reporting period may be carried forward to future reporting periods for a maximum of two years.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, "harvested" and "harvesters" are defined in RCW 84.33.035, and "biofuel" is defined in RCW 43.325.010.
 - (4) This section expires June 30, 2015.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 402.** A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of forest derived biomass used to produce electricity, steam, heat, or biofuel. This exemption is available only if the buyer provides the seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for the seller's files.
 - (2) For purposes of this section, "biofuel" is defined in RCW 43.325.010.
 - (3) This section expires June 30, 2013.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 403.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply with respect to the use of forest derived biomass for production of electricity, steam, heat, or biofuel.
 - (2) For purposes of this section, "biofuel" is defined in RCW 43.325.010.
 - (3) This section expires June 30, 2013.

PART V Solar Energy Incentives

Sec. 501. RCW 82.04.294 and 2007 c 54 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1)(a) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing solar energy systems using photovoltaic modules, or of manufacturing solar grade silicon to be used exclusively in components of such systems; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall, in the case of manufacturers, be equal to the value of the product manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent.
- (b) Beginning October 1, 2009, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing solar energy systems using photovoltaic modules, or of manufacturing solar grade silicon, silicon solar wafers, silicon solar cells, thin film solar devices, or compound semiconductor solar wafers to be used exclusively in components of such systems; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is, in the case of manufacturers, equal to the value of the product manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.
- (2)(a) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of making sales at wholesale of solar energy systems using photovoltaic modules, or of solar grade silicon to be used exclusively in components of such systems, manufactured by that person; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the solar energy systems using photovoltaic modules, or of the solar grade silicon to be used exclusively in components of such systems, multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent.
- (b) Beginning October 1, 2009, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of making sales at wholesale of solar energy systems using photovoltaic modules, or of solar grade silicon, silicon solar wafers, silicon solar cells, thin film solar devices, or compound semiconductor solar wafers to be used exclusively in components of such systems, manufactured by that person; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the solar energy systems using photovoltaic modules, or of the solar grade silicon to be used exclusively in components of such systems, multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.
- (3) <u>Beginning October 1, 2009, silicon solar wafers, silicon solar cells, thin film solar devices, or compound semiconductor solar wafers are "semiconductor materials" for the purposes of RCW 82.08.9651 and 82.12.9651.</u>
 - (4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section.
- (a) "Compound semiconductor solar wafers" means a semiconductor solar wafer composed of elements from two or more different groups of the periodic table.
- (b) "Module" means the smallest nondivisible self-contained physical structure housing interconnected photovoltaic cells and providing a single direct current electrical output.

- $((\frac{b}{b}))$ (c) "Photovoltaic cell" means a device that converts light directly into electricity without moving parts.
- (((e))) (d) "Silicon solar cells" means a photovoltaic cell manufactured from a silicon solar wafer.
- (e) "Silicon solar wafers" means a silicon wafer manufactured for solar conversion purposes.
- (f) "Solar energy system" means any device or combination of devices or elements that rely upon direct sunlight as an energy source for use in the generation of electricity.
- (((d))) (g) "Solar grade silicon" means high-purity silicon used exclusively in components of solar energy systems using photovoltaic modules to capture direct sunlight. "Solar grade silicon" does not include silicon used in semiconductors.
- (((4))) (h) "Thin film solar devices" means a nonparticipating substrate on which various semiconducting materials are deposited to produce a photovoltaic cell that is used to generate electricity.
 - (5) This section expires June 30, 2014.
- **Sec. 502.** RCW 82.08.9651 and 2006 c 84 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 ((shall)) does not apply to sales of gases and chemicals used by a manufacturer or processor for hire in the production of semiconductor materials. This exemption is limited to gases and chemicals used in the production process to grow the product, deposit or grow permanent or sacrificial layers on the product, to etch or remove material from the product, to anneal the product, to immerse the product, to clean the product, and other such uses whereby the gases and chemicals come into direct contact with the product during the production process, or uses of gases and chemicals to clean the chambers and other like equipment in which such processing takes place. For the purposes of this section, "semiconductor materials" has the meaning provided in RCW 82.04.2404 and 82.04.294(3).
- (2) A person taking the exemption under this section must report under RCW 82.32.5351. No application is necessary for the tax exemption. The person is subject to all of the requirements of chapter 82.32 RCW.
 - (3) This section expires twelve years after December 1, 2006.
- **Sec. 503.** RCW 82.12.9651 and 2006 c 84 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply with respect to the use of gases and chemicals used by a manufacturer or processor for hire in the production of semiconductor materials. This exemption is limited to gases and chemicals used in the production process to grow the product, deposit or grow permanent or sacrificial layers on the product, to etch or remove material from the product, to anneal the product, to immerse the product, to clean the product, and other such uses whereby the gases and chemicals come into direct contact with the product during the production process, or uses of gases and chemicals to clean the chambers and other like equipment in which such processing takes place. For purposes of this section, "semiconductor materials" has the meaning provided in RCW 82.04.2404 and 82.04.294(3).

- (2) A person taking the exemption under this section must report under RCW 82.32.5351. No application is necessary for the tax exemption. The person is subject to all of the requirements of chapter 82.32 RCW.
 - (3) This section expires twelve years after December 1, 2006.
- **Sec. 504.** RCW 82.16.110 and 2005 c 300 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1)(a) "Community solar project" means:
- (i) A solar energy system owned by local individuals, households, nonprofit organizations, or nonutility businesses that is placed on the property owned by a cooperating local governmental entity that is not in the light and power business or in the gas distribution business; or
- (ii) A utility-owned solar energy system that is voluntarily funded by the utility's ratepayers where, in exchange for their financial support, the utility gives contributors a payment or credit on their utility bill for the value of the electricity produced by the project.
- (b) For the purposes of "community solar project" as defined in (a) of this subsection:
- (i) "Nonprofit organization" means an organization exempt from taxation under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, as of January 1, 2009; and
- (ii) "Utility" means a light and power business, an electric cooperative, or a mutual corporation that provides electricity service.
- (2) "Customer-generated electricity" means a community solar project or the alternating current electricity that is generated from a renewable energy system located on an individual's, businesses', or local government's real property that is also provided electricity generated by a light and power business. Except for community solar projects, a system located on a leasehold interest does not qualify under this definition. "Customer-generated electricity" does not include electricity generated by a light and power business with greater than one thousand megawatt hours of annual sales or a gas distribution business.
- (((2))) (3) "Economic development kilowatt-hour" means the actual kilowatt-hour measurement of customer-generated electricity multiplied by the appropriate economic development factor.
- (((3))) (4) "Local governmental entity" means any unit of local government of this state including, but not limited to, counties, cities, towns, municipal corporations, quasi-municipal corporations, special purpose districts, and school districts.
- (5) "Photovoltaic cell" means a device that converts light directly into electricity without moving parts.
- (((4))) (6) "Renewable energy system" means a solar energy system, an anaerobic digester as defined in RCW 82.08.900, or a wind generator used for producing electricity.
- (((5))) (7) "Solar energy system" means any device or combination of devices or elements that rely upon direct sunlight as an energy source for use in the generation of electricity.
- $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$ "Solar inverter" means the device used to convert direct current to alternating current in a photovoltaic cell system.

- (((7))) (9) "Solar module" means the smallest nondivisible self-contained physical structure housing interconnected photovoltaic cells and providing a single direct current electrical output.
- (((8) "Standards for interconnection to the electric distribution system" means technical, engineering, operational, safety, and procedural requirements for interconnection to the electric distribution system of a light and power business.))
- **Sec. 505.** RCW 82.16.120 and 2007 c 111 s 101 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Any individual, business, ((o+)) local governmental entity, not in the light and power business or in the gas distribution business, or a participant in a community solar project may apply to the light and power business serving the situs of the system, each fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2005, for an investment cost recovery incentive for each kilowatt-hour from a customer-generated electricity renewable energy system ((installed on its property that is not interconnected to the electric distribution system)). No incentive may be paid for kilowatt-hours generated before July 1, 2005, or after June 30, ((2014)) 2020.
- (2) ((When light and power businesses serving eighty percent of the total customer load in the state adopt uniform standards for interconnection to the electric distribution system, any individual, business, or local governmental entity, not in the light and power business or in the gas distribution business, may apply to the light and power business serving the situs of the system, each fiscal year, for an investment cost recovery incentive for each kilowatt-hour from a customer-generated electricity renewable energy system installed on its property that is not interconnected to the electric distribution system and from a customer-generated electricity renewable energy system installed on its property that is interconnected to the electric distribution system. Uniform standards for interconnection to the electric distribution system. Uniform standards established by light and power businesses that have ninety percent of total requirements the same. No incentive may be paid for kilowatt-hours generated before July 1, 2005, or after June 30, 2014.
- (3))(a) Before submitting for the first time the application for the incentive allowed under <u>subsection (4) of</u> this section, the applicant ((shall)) <u>must</u> submit to the department of revenue and to the climate and rural energy development center at the Washington State University, established under RCW 28B.30.642, a certification in a form and manner prescribed by the department that includes, but is not limited to, the following information:
- (i) The name and address of the applicant and location of the renewable energy system;
 - (ii) The applicant's tax registration number;
- (iii) That the electricity produced by the applicant meets the definition of "customer-generated electricity" and that the renewable energy system produces electricity with:
- (A) Any solar inverters and solar modules manufactured in Washington state;
 - (B) A wind generator powered by blades manufactured in Washington state;
 - (C) A solar inverter manufactured in Washington state;
 - (D) A solar module manufactured in Washington state; or
 - (E) Solar or wind equipment manufactured outside of Washington state;

- (iv) That the electricity can be transformed or transmitted for entry into or operation in parallel with electricity transmission and distribution systems;
- (v) The date that the renewable energy system received its final electrical permit from the applicable local jurisdiction.
- (b) Within thirty days of receipt of the certification the department of revenue ((shall)) <u>must</u> notify the applicant by mail, or electronically as provided in RCW 82.32.135, whether the renewable energy system qualifies for an incentive under this section. The department may consult with the climate and rural energy development center to determine eligibility for the incentive. System certifications and the information contained therein are subject to disclosure under RCW 82.32.330(3)(m).
- (((4))) (3)(a) By August 1st of each year application for the incentive shall be made to the light and power business serving the situs of the system by certification in a form and manner prescribed by the department that includes, but is not limited to, the following information:
- (i) The name and address of the applicant and location of the renewable energy system;
 - (ii) The applicant's tax registration number;
- (iii) The date of the notification from the department of revenue stating that the renewable energy system is eligible for the incentives under this section;
- (iv) A statement of the amount of kilowatt-hours generated by the renewable energy system in the prior fiscal year.
- (b) Within sixty days of receipt of the incentive certification the light and power business serving the situs of the system shall notify the applicant in writing whether the incentive payment will be authorized or denied. The business may consult with the climate and rural energy development center to determine eligibility for the incentive payment. Incentive certifications and the information contained therein are subject to disclosure under RCW 82.32.330(3)(m).
- (c)(i) Persons receiving incentive payments shall keep and preserve, for a period of five years, suitable records as may be necessary to determine the amount of incentive applied for and received. Such records shall be open for examination at any time upon notice by the light and power business that made the payment or by the department. If upon examination of any records or from other information obtained by the business or department it appears that an incentive has been paid in an amount that exceeds the correct amount of incentive payable, the business may assess against the person for the amount found to have been paid in excess of the correct amount of incentive payable and shall add thereto interest on the amount. Interest shall be assessed in the manner that the department assesses interest upon delinquent tax under RCW 82.32.050.
- (ii) If it appears that the amount of incentive paid is less than the correct amount of incentive payable the business may authorize additional payment.
- (((5))) (4) Except for community solar projects, the investment cost recovery incentive may be paid fifteen cents per economic development kilowatt-hour unless requests exceed the amount authorized for credit to the participating light and power business. For community solar projects, the investment cost recovery incentive may be paid thirty cents per economic development kilowatt-hour unless requests exceed the amount authorized for credit to the participating light and power business. For the purposes of this

section, the rate paid for the investment cost recovery incentive may be multiplied by the following factors:

- (a) For customer-generated electricity produced using solar modules manufactured in Washington state, two and four-tenths;
- (b) For customer-generated electricity produced using a solar or a wind generator equipped with an inverter manufactured in Washington state, one and two-tenths:
- (c) For customer-generated electricity produced using an anaerobic digester, or by other solar equipment or using a wind generator equipped with blades manufactured in Washington state, one; and
- (d) For all other customer-generated electricity produced by wind, eight-tenths.
- (((6))) (5) No individual, household, business, or local governmental entity is eligible for incentives <u>provided under subsection</u> (4) of this section for more than ((two)) <u>five</u> thousand dollars per year. <u>Each applicant in a community solar project is eligible for up to five thousand dollars per year.</u>
- (((7))) (<u>6</u>) If requests for the investment cost recovery incentive exceed the amount of funds available for credit to the participating light and power business, the incentive payments shall be reduced proportionately.
- (((8))) (7) The climate and rural energy development center at Washington State University energy program may establish guidelines and standards for technologies that are identified as Washington manufactured and therefore most beneficial to the state's environment.
- $((\frac{9}{}))$ (8) The environmental attributes of the renewable energy system belong to the applicant, and do not transfer to the state or the light and power business upon receipt of the investment cost recovery incentive.
- **Sec. 506.** RCW 82.16.130 and 2005 c 300 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A light and power business shall be allowed a credit against taxes due under this chapter in an amount equal to investment cost recovery incentive payments made in any fiscal year under RCW 82.16.120. The credit shall be taken in a form and manner as required by the department. The credit under this section for the fiscal year ((shall)) may not exceed ((twenty five one hundredths of)) one percent of the businesses' taxable power sales due under RCW 82.16.020(1)(b) or ((twenty five)) one hundred thousand dollars, whichever is greater. Incentive payments to participants in a utility-owned community solar project as defined in RCW 82.16.110(1)(a)(ii) may only account for up to twenty-five percent of the total allowable credit. The credit may not exceed the tax that would otherwise be due under this chapter. Refunds shall not be granted in the place of credits. Expenditures not used to earn a credit in one fiscal year may not be used to earn a credit in subsequent years.
- (2) For any business that has claimed credit for amounts that exceed the correct amount of the incentive payable under RCW 82.16.120, the amount of tax against which credit was claimed for the excess payments shall be immediately due and payable. The department shall assess interest but not penalties on the taxes against which the credit was claimed. Interest shall be assessed at the rate provided for delinquent excise taxes under chapter 82.32 RCW, retroactively to the date the credit was claimed, and shall accrue until the taxes against which the credit was claimed are repaid.

(3) The right to earn tax credits under this section expires June 30, ((2015)) 2020. Credits may not be claimed after June 30, ((2016)) 2021.

PART VI Livestock Nutrient Incentives

- **Sec. 601.** RCW 82.08.890 and 2006 c 151 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales to eligible persons of.
 - (a) Qualifying livestock nutrient management equipment;
- (b) Labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving qualifying livestock nutrient management equipment; and
- (c)(i) <u>Labor and</u> services rendered in respect to ((operating,)) repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving of <u>qualifying</u> livestock nutrient management ((equipment and)) facilities, or to ((sales of)) tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of ((the equipment and)) <u>qualifying</u> livestock nutrient management facilities in the course of repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving of such facilities.
- (ii) The exemption provided in this subsection (1)(c) does not apply to the sale of or charge made for: (A) Labor and services rendered in respect to the constructing of new, or replacing previously existing, qualifying livestock nutrient management facilities; or (B) tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of qualifying livestock nutrient management facilities during the course of constructing new, or replacing previously existing, qualifying livestock nutrient management facilities.
- (2)(((a) To be eligible, the equipment and facilities must be used exclusively for activities necessary to maintain a livestock nutrient management plan.
- (b))) The exemption provided in subsection (1) of this section applies to sales made after the livestock nutrient management plan is: ((i)) (a) Certified under chapter 90.64 RCW; (((ii))) (b) approved as part of the permit issued under chapter 90.48 RCW; or (((iii))) (c) approved as required under subsection (4)(c)(iii) of this section.
- (3)(a) The department of revenue must provide an exemption certificate to an eligible person upon application by that person. The department of agriculture must provide a list of eligible persons, as defined in subsection (4)(c)(i) and (ii) of this section, to the department of revenue. Conservation districts must maintain lists of eligible persons as defined in subsection (4)(c)(iii) of this section to allow the department of revenue to verify eligibility. The application must be in a form and manner prescribed by the department and must contain information regarding the location of the dairy or animal feeding operation and other information the department may require.
- (b) A person claiming an exemption under this section must keep records necessary for the department to verify eligibility under this section. The exemption is available only when the buyer provides the seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for the seller's files.
- (4) The definitions in this subsection apply to this section and RCW 82.12.890 unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

- (a) "Animal feeding operation" means a lot or facility, other than an aquatic animal production facility, where the following conditions are met:
- (i) Animals, other than aquatic animals, have been, are, or will be stabled or confined and fed or maintained for a total of forty-five days or more in any twelve-month period; and
- (ii) Crops, vegetation, forage growth, or postharvest residues are not sustained in the normal growing season over any portion of the lot or facility.
- (b) "Conservation district" means a subdivision of state government organized under chapter 89.08 RCW.
- (c) "Eligible person" means a person: (i) Licensed to produce milk under chapter 15.36 RCW who has a certified dairy nutrient management plan, as required by chapter 90.64 RCW; (ii) who owns an animal feeding operation and has a permit issued under chapter 90.48 RCW; or (iii) who owns an animal feeding operation and has a nutrient management plan approved by a conservation district as meeting natural resource conservation service field office technical guide standards and who possesses an exemption certificate under RCW 82.08.855.
- (d) (("Livestock nutrient management equipment and facilities" means machinery, equipment, and structures used in the handling and treatment of livestock manure, such as aerators, agitators, alley scrapers, augers, dams, gutter cleaners, loaders, lagoons, pipes, pumps, separators, and tanks. The term also includes tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of the equipment and facilities, including repair and replacement parts)) "Handling and treatment of livestock manure" means the activities of collecting, storing, moving, or transporting livestock manure, separating livestock manure solids from liquids, or applying livestock manure to the agricultural lands of an eligible person other than through the use of pivot or linear type traveling irrigation systems.
- (e) "Permit" means either a state waste discharge permit or a national pollutant discharge elimination system permit, or both.
- (f) "Qualifying livestock nutrient management equipment" means the following tangible personal property for exclusive use in the handling and treatment of livestock manure, including repair and replacement parts for such equipment: (i) Aerators; (ii) agitators; (iii) augers; (iv) conveyers; (v) gutter cleaners; (vi) hard-hose reel traveler irrigation systems; (vii) lagoon and pond liners and floating covers; (viii) loaders; (ix) manure composting devices; (x) manure spreaders; (xi) manure tank wagons; (xii) manure vacuum tanks; (xiii) poultry house cleaners; (xiv) poultry house flame sterilizers; (xv) poultry house washers; (xvi) poultry litter saver machines; (xvii) pipes; (xviii) pumps; (xix) scrapers; (xx) separators; (xxi) slurry injectors and hoses; and (xxiii) wheelbarrows, shovels, and pitchforks.
- (g) "Qualifying livestock nutrient management facilities" means the following structures and facilities for exclusive use in the handling and treatment of livestock manure: (i) Flush systems; (ii) lagoons; (iii) liquid livestock manure storage structures, such as concrete tanks or glass-lined steel tanks; and (iv) structures used solely for the dry storage of manure, including roofed stacking facilities.

- **Sec. 602.** RCW 82.12.890 and 2006 c 151 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply with respect to the use by an eligible person of ((tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of livestock nutrient management equipment and facilities, as defined in RCW 82.08.890, or to labor and services rendered in respect to repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving eligible tangible personal property)):
 - (a) Qualifying livestock nutrient management equipment;
- (b) Labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving qualifying livestock nutrient management equipment; and
- (c)(i) Tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of qualifying livestock nutrient management facilities in the course of repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving of such facilities.
- (ii) The exemption provided in this subsection (1)(c) does not apply to the use of tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of qualifying livestock nutrient management facilities during the course of constructing new, or replacing previously existing, qualifying livestock nutrient management facilities.
- (2)(a) To be eligible, the equipment and facilities must be used exclusively for activities necessary to maintain a livestock nutrient management plan.
- (b) The exemption applies to the use of tangible personal property ((or)) and labor and services made after the livestock nutrient management plan is: (i) Certified under chapter 90.64 RCW; (ii) approved as part of the permit issued under chapter 90.48 RCW; or (iii) approved as required under RCW 82.08.890(4)(c)(iii).
- (3) The exemption certificate and recordkeeping requirements of RCW 82.08.890 apply to this section. The definitions in RCW 82.08.890 apply to this section.

PART VII Log Trucks

Sec. 701. RCW 82.16.010 and 2007 c 6 s 1023 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, unless otherwise required by the context:

- (1) "Railroad business" means the business of operating any railroad, by whatever power operated, for public use in the conveyance of persons or property for hire. It shall not, however, include any business herein defined as an urban transportation business.
- (2) "Express business" means the business of carrying property for public hire on the line of any common carrier operated in this state, when such common carrier is not owned or leased by the person engaging in such business.
- (3) "Railroad car business" means the business of operating stock cars, furniture cars, refrigerator cars, fruit cars, poultry cars, tank cars, sleeping cars, parlor cars, buffet cars, tourist cars, or any other kinds of cars used for transportation of property or persons upon the line of any railroad operated in this state when such railroad is not owned or leased by the person engaging in such business.

- (4) "Water distribution business" means the business of operating a plant or system for the distribution of water for hire or sale.
- (5) "Light and power business" means the business of operating a plant or system for the generation, production or distribution of electrical energy for hire or sale and/or for the wheeling of electricity for others.
- (6) "Telegraph business" means the business of affording telegraphic communication for hire.
- (7) "Gas distribution business" means the business of operating a plant or system for the production or distribution for hire or sale of gas, whether manufactured or natural.
- (8) "Motor transportation business" means the business (except urban transportation business) of operating any motor propelled vehicle by which persons or property of others are conveyed for hire, and includes, but is not limited to, the operation of any motor propelled vehicle as an auto transportation company (except urban transportation business), common carrier or contract carrier as defined by RCW 81.68.010 and 81.80.010((:- PROVIDED, That)). However, "motor transportation business" shall not mean or include: (a) A log transportation business; or (b) the transportation of logs or other forest products exclusively upon private roads or private highways.
- (9) "Urban transportation business" means the business of operating any vehicle for public use in the conveyance of persons or property for hire, insofar as (a) operating entirely within the corporate limits of any city or town, or within five miles of the corporate limits thereof, or (b) operating entirely within and between cities and towns whose corporate limits are not more than five miles apart or within five miles of the corporate limits of either thereof. Included herein, but without limiting the scope hereof, is the business of operating passenger vehicles of every type and also the business of operating cartage, pickup, or delivery services, including in such services the collection and distribution of property arriving from or destined to a point within or without the state, whether or not such collection or distribution be made by the person performing a local or interstate line-haul of such property.
- (10) "Log transportation business" means the business of transporting logs by truck, other than exclusively upon private roads.
- (11)(a) "Public service business" means any of the businesses defined in subsections (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) of this section or any business subject to control by the state, or having the powers of eminent domain and the duties incident thereto, or any business hereafter declared by the legislature to be of a public service nature, except telephone business and low-level radioactive waste site operating companies as redefined in RCW 81.04.010. It includes, among others, without limiting the scope hereof: Airplane transportation, boom, dock, ferry, pipe line, toll bridge, toll logging road, water transportation and wharf businesses.
- (b) The definitions in this subsection (((10))) (11)(b) apply throughout this subsection (((10))) (11).
- (i) "Competitive telephone service" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.04.065
- (ii) "Network telephone service" means the providing by any person of access to a telephone network, telephone network switching service, toll service, or coin telephone services, or the providing of telephonic, video, data, or similar

communication or transmission for hire, via a telephone network, toll line or channel, cable, microwave, or similar communication or transmission system. "Network telephone service" includes the provision of transmission to and from the site of an internet provider via a telephone network, toll line or channel, cable, microwave, or similar communication or transmission system. "Network telephone service" does not include the providing of competitive telephone service, the providing of cable television service, the providing of broadcast services by radio or television stations, nor the provision of internet service as defined in RCW 82.04.297, including the reception of dial-in connection, provided at the site of the internet service provider.

- (iii) "Telephone business" means the business of providing network telephone service. It includes cooperative or farmer line telephone companies or associations operating an exchange.
- (iv) "Telephone service" means competitive telephone service or network telephone service, or both, as defined in (b)(i) and (ii) of this subsection.
- (((11))) (12) "Tugboat business" means the business of operating tugboats, towboats, wharf boats or similar vessels in the towing or pushing of vessels, barges or rafts for hire.
- (((12))) (13) "Gross income" means the value proceeding or accruing from the performance of the particular public service or transportation business involved, including operations incidental thereto, but without any deduction on account of the cost of the commodity furnished or sold, the cost of materials used, labor costs, interest, discount, delivery costs, taxes, or any other expense whatsoever paid or accrued and without any deduction on account of losses.
- (((13))) (14) The meaning attributed, in chapter 82.04 RCW, to the term "tax year," "person," "value proceeding or accruing," "business," "engaging in business," "in this state," "within this state," "cash discount" and "successor" shall apply equally in the provisions of this chapter.
- **Sec. 702.** RCW 82.16.020 and 1996 c 150 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) There is levied and there shall be collected from every person a tax for the act or privilege of engaging within this state in any one or more of the businesses herein mentioned. The tax shall be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate set out after the business, as follows:
- (a) Express, sewerage collection, and telegraph businesses: Three and sixtenths percent;
 - (b) Light and power business: Three and sixty-two one-hundredths percent;
 - (c) Gas distribution business: Three and six-tenths percent;
 - (d) Urban transportation business: Six-tenths of one percent;
- (e) Vessels under sixty-five feet in length, except tugboats, operating upon the waters within the state: Six-tenths of one percent;
- (f) Motor transportation, railroad, railroad car, and tugboat businesses, and all public service businesses other than ones mentioned above: One and eight-tenths of one percent;
 - (g) Water distribution business: Four and seven-tenths percent:
- (h) Log transportation business: One and twenty-eight one-hundredths percent.
- (2) An additional tax is imposed equal to the rate specified in RCW 82.02.030 multiplied by the tax payable under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) Twenty percent of the moneys collected under subsection (1) of this section on water distribution businesses and sixty percent of the moneys collected under subsection (1) of this section on sewerage collection businesses shall be deposited in the public works assistance account created in RCW 43.155.050.

PART VIII Hybrid Vehicles

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 801.** The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

- (1) RCW 82.08.813 (Exemptions—High gas mileage vehicles) and 2005 c 296 s 2; and
- (2) RCW 82.12.813 (Exemptions—High gas mileage vehicles) and 2005 c $296 \mathrm{\ s}\ 4$.
- Sec. 802. RCW 82.08.020 and 2006 c 1 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) There is levied and there shall be collected a tax on each retail sale in this state equal to six and five-tenths percent of the selling price.
- (2) There is levied and there shall be collected an additional tax on each retail car rental, regardless of whether the vehicle is licensed in this state, equal to five and nine-tenths percent of the selling price. The revenue collected under this subsection shall be deposited in the multimodal transportation account created in RCW 47.66.070.
- (3) Beginning July 1, 2003, there is levied and collected an additional tax of three-tenths of one percent of the selling price on each retail sale of a motor vehicle in this state, other than retail car rentals taxed under subsection (2) of this section. The revenue collected under this subsection shall be deposited in the multimodal transportation account created in RCW 47.66.070.
- (4) For purposes of subsection (3) of this section, "motor vehicle" has the meaning provided in RCW 46.04.320, but does not include farm tractors or farm vehicles as defined in RCW 46.04.180 and 46.04.181, off-road and nonhighway vehicles as defined in RCW 46.09.020, and snowmobiles as defined in RCW 46.10.010
- (5) Beginning on December 8, 2005, 0.16 percent of the taxes collected under subsection (1) of this section shall be dedicated to funding comprehensive performance audits required under RCW 43.09.470. The revenue identified in this subsection shall be deposited in the performance audits of government account created in RCW 43.09.475.
- (6) The taxes imposed under this chapter shall apply to successive retail sales of the same property.
- (7)(a) Until January 1, 2011, the tax imposed in subsection (3) of this section and the dedication of revenue provided for in subsection (5) of this section, do not apply with respect to the sales of new passenger cars, light duty trucks, and medium duty passenger vehicles, which utilize hybrid technology and have a United States environmental protection agency estimated highway gasoline mileage rating of at least forty miles per gallon.
- (b) As used in this subsection, "hybrid technology" means propulsion units powered by both electricity and gasoline.

(8) The rates provided in this section apply to taxes imposed under chapter 82.12 RCW as provided in RCW 82.12.020.

PART IX Miscellaneous

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 901.** Part headings used in this act are not any part of the law.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 902.** Except for sections 801 and 802 of this act, this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2009.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 903.** Sections 801 and 802 of this act take effect August 1, 2009.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 904. Section 802 of this act expires January 1, 2011.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 905.** Sections 701 and 702 of this act expire June 30, 2013.

Passed by the Senate April 19, 2009.

Passed by the House April 26, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 12, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 13, 2009.

CHAPTER 470

[Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 5352] TRANSPORTATION BUDGET

AN ACT Relating to transportation funding and appropriations; amending RCW 46.68.170, 47.29.170, 46.16.685, 47.01.380, 47.01.390, 47.60.395, 88.16.090, 47.12.244, 46.16.725, 46.68.060, 46.68.220, 46.61.527, 46.63.170, 47.12.080, 43.19.642, 43.19.534, and 47.68.090; creating new sections; making appropriations and authorizing expenditures for capital improvements; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

2009-11 FISCAL BIENNIUM

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** (1) The transportation budget of the state is hereby adopted and, subject to the provisions set forth, the several amounts specified, or as much thereof as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes designated, are hereby appropriated from the several accounts and funds named to the designated state agencies and offices for employee compensation and other expenses, for capital projects, and for other specified purposes, including the payment of any final judgments arising out of such activities, for the period ending June 30, 2011.

- (2) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this subsection apply throughout this act.
- (a) "Fiscal year 2010" or "FY 2010" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010.
- (b) "Fiscal year 2011" or "FY 2011" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011

- (c) "FTE" means full-time equivalent.
- (d) "Lapse" or "revert" means the amount shall return to an unappropriated status.
- (e) "Provided solely" means the specified amount may be spent only for the specified purpose. Unless otherwise specifically authorized in this act, any portion of an amount provided solely for a specified purpose that is not expended subject to the specified conditions and limitations to fulfill the specified purpose shall lapse.
- (f) "Reappropriation" means appropriation and, unless the context clearly provides otherwise, is subject to the relevant conditions and limitations applicable to appropriations.
- (g) "LEAP" means the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT AGENCIES—OPERATING

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 101. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ARCHAEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The entire appropriation is provided solely for staffing costs to be dedicated to state transportation activities. Staff hired to support transportation activities must have practical experience with complex construction projects.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 102. FOR THE UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Grade Crossing Protective Account—State Appropriation \$705,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 103. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) \$1,699,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for the office of regulatory assistance integrated permitting project.
- (2) \$1,004,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for the continued maintenance and support of the transportation executive information system. Of the amount provided in this subsection, \$502,000 is for two existing FTEs at the department of transportation to maintain and support the system.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 104. FOR THE MARINE EMPLOYEES COMMISSION

Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account—State

Appropriation......\$446,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 105. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The entire appropriation in this section is provided solely for road maintenance purposes.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 106. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) \$351,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for costs associated with the motor fuel quality program.
- (2) \$1,004,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely to test the quality of biofuel. The department must test fuel quality at the biofuel manufacturer, distributor, and retailer.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 107. FOR THE LEGISLATIVE EVALUATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAM COMMITTEE

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 108. FOR THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE AUDIT AND REVIEW COMMITTEE

- (1) As part of its 2009-11 fiscal biennium work plan, the joint legislative audit and review committee shall audit the capital cost accounting practices of the Washington state ferries. The audit must review the following and provide a report on its findings and any related recommendations to the legislature by January 2011:
- (a) Costs assigned to capital accounts to determine whether they are capital costs that meet the statutory requirements for preservation and improvement activities and whether they are within the scope of legislative appropriations;
- (b) Implementation of the life-cycle cost model required under RCW 47.60.345 to determine if it was developed as required and is maintained and updated when asset inspections are made; and
- (c) Washington state ferries' implementation of the cost allocation methodology evaluated under section 205, chapter 518, Laws of 2007, assessing whether actual costs are allocated consistently with the methodology, whether there are sufficient internal controls to ensure proper allocation, and the adequacy of staff training.
- (2) The joint legislative audit and review committee shall use existing staff and resources to conduct a review of scoping and cost estimates for transportation highway improvement and preservation projects funded in whole, or in part, by transportation partnership account—state and transportation 2003 account (nickel account)—state funds, excluding mega-projects. The review will examine whether the scoping and cost estimates guidelines used by the department of transportation are consistent with general construction industry practices and other appropriate standards. The review will include an analysis of a sample of scope and cost estimates for future projects. A report on the

committee's findings and recommendations must be submitted to the house of representatives and senate transportation committees by December 2009.

- (3) As part of its 2009-11 fiscal biennium work plan, the joint legislative audit and review committee shall conduct an analysis of the cost of credit card payment options at the department of transportation. For programs where a credit card payment option is offered, the review must include:
- (a) An analysis of the direct and indirect cost per transaction to process customer payments using credit cards;
- (b) An analysis of the direct and indirect cost per transaction for other methods of processing customer payments;
- (c) An analysis of the historical and projected total aggregate costs for processing all forms of customer payments;
- (d) Identification of whether there are customer service, administrative, and revenue collection benefits resulting from credit card usage; and
- (e) A review of the use of credit card payment options in other state agencies and in similar transportation programs at other states.

The committee shall provide a report on its findings and any related recommendations to the legislature by January 2010.

TRANSPORTATION AGENCIES—OPERATING

$\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$ 201. FOR THE WASHINGTON TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMISSION

Highway Safety Account—State Appropriation	\$2,542,000
Highway Safety Account—Federal Appropriation	\$16,540,000
School Zone Safety Account—State Appropriation	\$3,340,000
Highway Safety Account—Local Appropriation	\$50,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION	

- (1) \$2,670,000 of the highway safety account—federal appropriation is provided solely for a target zero trooper pilot program, which the commission shall develop and implement in collaboration with the Washington state patrol. The pilot program must demonstrate the effectiveness of intense, high visibility, driving under the influence enforcement in Washington. The commission shall apply to the national highway traffic safety administration for federal highway safety grants to cover the cost of the pilot program. If the pilot program is approved for funding by the national highway traffic safety administration, and sufficient federal grants are received, the commission shall provide grants to the Washington state patrol for the purchase of twenty-one fully equipped patrol vehicles in fiscal year 2010, and up to twenty-four months of salaries and benefits for eighteen troopers and three sergeants beginning in fiscal year 2011. The legislature anticipates that an additional \$1,830,000 will be appropriated from the highway safety account—federal in the 2011-13 fiscal biennium to conclude this pilot program.
- (2) The commission may oversee pilot projects implementing the use of automated traffic safety cameras to detect speed violations within cities west of the Cascade mountains that have a population over two hundred thousand. For the purposes of pilot projects in this subsection, no more than one automated

traffic safety camera may be used to detect speed violations within any one iurisdiction.

- (a) The commission shall comply with RCW 46.63.170 in administering the projects.
- (b) In order to ensure adequate time in the 2009-11 fiscal biennium to evaluate the effectiveness of the pilot projects, any projects authorized by the commission must be authorized by December 31, 2009.
- (c) By January 1, 2011, the commission shall provide a report to the legislature regarding the use, public acceptance, outcomes, and other relevant issues regarding automated traffic safety cameras demonstrated by the projects.

issues regarding automated traffic safety cameras demonstrated by the projects.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 202. FOR THE COUNTY ROAD
ADMINISTRATION BOARD
Rural Arterial Trust Account—State Appropriation
Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation
County Arterial Preservation Account—State
Appropriation
TOTAL APPROPRIATION
NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. FOR THE TRANSPORTATION
IMPROVEMENT BOARD
Urban Arterial Trust Account—State Appropriation \$1,824,000
Transportation Improvement Account—State
Appropriation
TOTAL APPROPRIATION
NEW SECTION. Sec. 204. FOR THE JOINT TRANSPORTATION
COMMITTEE
Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation

- (1) \$236,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is a reappropriation from the 2007-09 fiscal biennium for a comprehensive analysis of mid-term and long-term transportation funding mechanisms and methods. Elements of the study will include existing data and trends, policy objectives, performance and evaluation criteria, incremental transition strategies, and possibly, scaled testing. Baseline data and methods assessment must be concluded by December 31, 2009. Performance criteria must be developed by June 30, 2010, and recommended planning level alternative funding strategies must be completed by December 31, 2010.
- (2) \$200,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is for the joint transportation committee to convene an independent expert review panel to review the assumptions for toll operations costs used by the department to model financial plans for tolled facilities. The joint transportation committee shall work with staff from the senate and the house of representatives transportation committees to identify the scope of the review and to assure that the work performed meets the needs of the house of representatives and the senate. The joint transportation committee shall provide a report to the house of representatives and senate transportation committees by September 1, 2009.
- (3) \$300,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is for an independent analysis of methodologies to value the reversible lanes on Interstate

90 to be used for high capacity transit pursuant to sound transit proposition 1 approved by voters in November 2008. The independent analysis shall be conducted by sound transit and the department of transportation, using consultant resources deemed appropriate by the secretary of the department, the chief executive officer of sound transit, and the cochairs of the joint transportation committee. It shall be conducted in consultation with the federal transit and federal highway administrations and account for applicable federal laws, regulations, and practices. It shall also account for the 1976 Interstate 90 memorandum of agreement and subsequent 2004 amendment and the 1978 federal secretary of transportation's environmental decision on Interstate 90. The department and sound transit must provide periodic reports to the joint transportation committee, the sound transit board of directors, and the governor, and report final recommendations by November 1, 2009.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 205. FOR THE TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation	\$2,237,000
Multimodal Transportation Account—State Appropriation	\$112,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION	\$2,349,000

- (1) Pursuant to RCW 43.135.055, during the 2009-11 fiscal biennium, the transportation commission shall periodically review and, if necessary, modify the schedule of fares for the Washington state ferry system. The transportation commission may increase ferry fares, except no fare schedule modifications may be made prior to September 1, 2009. For purposes of this subsection, "modify" includes increases or decreases to the schedule. The commission may only approve ferry fare rate changes that have the same proportionate change for passengers as for vehicles.
- (2) Pursuant to RCW 43.135.055, during the 2009-11 fiscal biennium, the transportation commission shall periodically review and, if necessary, modify a schedule of toll charges applicable to the state route number 167 high occupancy toll lane pilot project, as required under RCW 47.56.403. For purposes of this subsection, "modify" includes increases or decreases to the schedule.
- (3) Pursuant to RCW 43.135.055, during the 2009-11 fiscal biennium, the transportation commission shall periodically review and, if necessary, modify the schedule of toll charges applicable to the Tacoma Narrows bridge, taking into consideration the recommendations of the citizen advisory committee created under RCW 47.46.091. For purposes of this subsection, "modify" includes increases or decreases to the schedule.
- (4) The commission may name state ferry vessels consistent with its authority to name state transportation facilities under RCW 47.01.420. When naming or renaming state ferry vessels, the commission shall investigate selling the naming rights and shall make recommendations to the legislature regarding this option.
- (5) \$350,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for consultant support services to assist the commission in updating the statewide transportation plan. The updated plan must be submitted to the legislature by December 1, 2010.

(6) If the commission considers implementing a ferry fuel surcharge, it must first submit an analysis and business plan to the office of financial management and either the joint transportation committee or the transportation committees of the legislature.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 206. FOR THE FREIGHT MOBILITY STRATEGIC INVESTMENT BOARD

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The freight mobility strategic investment board shall, on a quarterly basis, provide status reports to the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature on the delivery of projects funded by this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 207. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL—FIELD OPERATIONS BUREAU

State Patrol Highway Account—State

C 3	
Appropriation	. \$228,024,000
State Patrol Highway Account—Federal	
Appropriation	\$10,602,000
State Patrol Highway Account—Private/Local	
Appropriation	\$859,000

- (1) Washington state patrol officers engaged in off-duty uniformed employment providing traffic control services to the department of transportation or other state agencies may use state patrol vehicles for the purpose of that employment, subject to guidelines adopted by the chief of the Washington state patrol. The Washington state patrol shall be reimbursed for the use of the vehicle at the prevailing state employee rate for mileage and hours of usage, subject to guidelines developed by the chief of the Washington state patrol, and Cessna pilots funded from the state patrol highway account who are certified to fly the King Airs may pilot those aircraft for general fund purposes with the general fund reimbursing the state patrol highway account an hourly rate to cover the costs incurred during the flights since the aviation section will no longer be part of the Washington state patrol cost allocation system as of July 1, 2009.
- (2) The patrol shall not account for or record locally provided DUI cost reimbursement payments as expenditure credits to the state patrol highway account. The patrol shall report the amount of expected locally provided DUI cost reimbursements to the office of financial management and transportation committees of the legislature by September 30th of each year.
- (3) During the 2009-11 fiscal biennium, the Washington state patrol shall continue to perform traffic accident investigations on Thurston county roads, and shall work with the county to transition the traffic accident investigations on Thurston county roads to the county by July 1, 2011.

- (4) Within existing resources, the Washington state patrol shall make every reasonable effort to increase the enrollment in each academy class that commences during the 2009-11 fiscal biennium to fifty-five cadets.
- (5) The Washington state patrol shall collaborate with the Washington traffic safety commission to develop and implement the target zero trooper pilot program referenced in section 201 of this act.
- (6) The Washington state patrol shall discuss the implementation of the pilot program described under section 218(2) of this act with any union representing the affected employees.
- (7) The Washington state patrol shall assign necessary personnel and equipment to implement and operate the pilot program described under section 218(2) of this act using the portion of the automated traffic safety camera fines deposited into the state patrol highway account, but not to exceed \$370,000. If the fines deposited into the state patrol highway account from automated traffic safety camera infractions do not reach \$370,000, the department of transportation shall remit funds necessary to the Washington state patrol to ensure the completion of the pilot program.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 208. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL—INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES BUREAU

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 209. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL—TECHNICAL SERVICES BUREAU

State Patrol Highway Account—State Appropriation \$105,680,000 State Patrol Highway Account—Private/Local

- (1) The Washington state patrol shall work with the risk management division in the office of financial management in compiling the Washington state patrol's data for establishing the agency's risk management insurance premiums to the tort claims account. The office of financial management and the Washington state patrol shall submit a report to the legislative transportation committees by December 31st of each year on the number of claims, estimated claims to be paid, method of calculation, and the adjustment in the premium.
- (2) \$8,673,000 of the total appropriation is provided solely for automobile fuel in the 2009-11 fiscal biennium.
- (3) \$7,421,000 of the total appropriation is provided solely for the purchase of pursuit vehicles.
- (4) \$6,328,000 of the total appropriation is provided solely for vehicle repair and maintenance costs of vehicles used for highway purposes.
- (5) \$384,000 of the total appropriation is provided solely for the purchase of mission vehicles used for highway purposes in the commercial vehicle and traffic investigation sections of the Washington state patrol.
- (6) The Washington state patrol may submit information technology-related requests for funding only if the patrol has coordinated with the department of information services as required under section 601 of this act.

(7) \$345,000 of the state patrol highway account—state appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1445 (domestic partners/Washington state patrol retirement system). If Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1445 is not enacted by June 30, 2009, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SEC	CTION. Se	ec. 210.	FOR	THE	DEPARTMENT	OF
LICENSING						
Marine Fuel Tax	Refund Aco	count—S	tate Appro	priation	\$32	2,000
Motorcycle Safe	ty Education	Accoun	t—State			
Appropriation	on				\$4,373	,000
Wildlife Accoun	t—State Ap	propriatio	on		\$837	,000
					\$145,085	
					\$78,805	
					\$1,372	
					\$242	2,000
Department of L	icensing Ser	vices Ac	count—Sta	ate		
					\$3,867	,000
Washington State	e Patrol Higl	hway Aco	count—Sta	ite		
					\$738	3,000
Ignition Interlock						
					\$2,490	
TOTAL	APPROPR	IATION .			\$237,849	,000

- (1)(a) By November 1, 2009, the department of licensing, working with the department of revenue, shall analyze and plan for the transfer by July 1, 2010, of the administration of fuel taxes imposed under chapters 82.36, 82.38, 82.41, and 82.42 RCW and other provisions of law from the department of licensing to the department of revenue. By November 1, 2009, the departments shall report findings and recommendations to the governor and the transportation and fiscal committees of the legislature.
- (b) The analysis and planning directed under this subsection must include, but is not limited to, the following:
- (i) Outreach to and solicitation of comment from parties affected by the fuel taxes, including taxpayers, industry associations, state and federal agencies, and Indian tribes, and from the transportation and fiscal committees of the legislature;
- (ii) Identification and analysis of relevant factors including, but not limited to:
 - (A) Taxpayer reporting and payment processes;
 - (B) The international fuel tax agreement;
- (C) Proportional registration under the provisions of the international registration plan and chapter 46.87 RCW;
 - (D) Computer systems;
 - (E) Best management practices and efficiencies;
 - (F) Costs; and
 - (G) Personnel matters;

- (iii) Development of recommended actions to accomplish the transfer; and
- (iv) An implementation plan and schedule.
- (c) The report must include draft legislation, which transfers administration of fuel taxes as described under (a) of this subsection to the department of revenue on July 1, 2010, and amends existing law as needed.
- (2) \$55,845,000 of the highway safety account—state appropriation is provided solely for the driver examining program. In order to reduce costs and make the most efficient use of existing resources, the department may consolidate licensing service offices by closing the vehicle services counter at the highways licensing building in Olympia and up to twenty-five licensing service offices.
- (a) When closing offices, the department may redistribute staff from consolidated offices to neighboring offices and local community supercenters.
- (b) In order to mitigate the effects of office consolidations on customers, the department shall, within existing resources, provide the following enhanced services:
 - (i) Extended daily and weekend hours in regional supercenter offices;
 - (ii) Staffed greeter stations to improve office work flow; and
- (iii) Self-service stations for online transaction access, including vehicle renewal transactions.
- (c) In areas that are not consolidated, the department will work to reduce costs by identifying opportunities to share facilities with subagent offices and state, county, or local government offices and by analyzing hours and days of operation to meet demand.
- (d) The department shall work with vehicle licensing subagents regarding potential placement of self-service driver licensing kiosks in communities that will be affected by licensing services offices closures. The department may place kiosks in those subagent offices where both parties agree, and may pay the subagents the fair market value for any space used for kiosks.
- (e) The department shall report to the joint transportation committee by November 30, 2009, on the department's consolidation implementation to date and its plan for continued implementation.
- (3) \$11,688,000 of the highway safety account—state appropriation is provided solely for costs associated with: Issuing enhanced drivers' licenses and identicards at the enhanced licensing services offices; extended hours at those licensing services offices; cross-border tourism education; and other education campaigns. This is the maximum amount the department may expend for this purpose.
- (4) \$2,490,000 of the ignition interlock device revolving account—state appropriation is provided solely for the department to assist indigent persons with the costs of installing, removing, and leasing the device, and applicable licensing pursuant to RCW 46.68.340.
- (5) By December 31, 2009, the department shall report to the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature a cost-benefit analysis of leasing versus purchasing field office equipment.
- (6) By December 31, 2009, the department shall submit to the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature draft legislation that rewrites RCW 46.52.130 (driving record abstracts) in plain language.

- (7) The department may seek federal funds to implement a driver's license and identicard biometric matching system pilot program to verify the identity of applicants for, and holders of, drivers' licenses and identicards. If funds are received, the department shall report any benefits or problems identified during the course of the pilot program to the transportation committees of the legislature upon the completion of the program.
- (8) The department may submit information technology-related requests for funding only if the department has coordinated with the department of information services as required under section 601 of this act.
- (9) Consistent with the authority delegated to the director of licensing under RCW 46.01.100, the department may adopt a new organizational structure that includes the following programs: (a) Driver and vehicle services, which must encompass services relating to driver licensing customers, vehicle industry and fuel tax licensees, and vehicle and vessel licensing and registration; and (b) driver policy and programs, which must encompass policy development for all driver-related programs, including driver examining, driver records, commercial driver's license testing and auditing, driver training schools, motorcycle safety, technical services, hearings, driver special investigations, drivers' data management, central issuance contract management, and state and federal initiatives.
- (10) The legislature finds that measuring the performance of the department requires the measurement of quality, timeliness, and unit cost of services delivered to customers. Consequently:
- (a) The department shall develop a set of metrics that measure that performance and report to the transportation committees of the house of representatives and the senate and to the office of financial management on the development of these measurements along with recommendations to the 2010 legislature on which measurements must become a part of the next omnibus transportation appropriations act;
- (b) The department shall study the process in place at the licensing services office and present to the 2010 legislature recommendations for process changes to improve efficiencies for both the department and the customer; and
- (c) The department shall, on a quarterly basis, report to the transportation committees of the legislature the following monthly data by licensing service office locations: (i) Lease costs; (ii) salary and benefit costs; (iii) other costs; (iv) actual FTEs; (v) number of transactions completed, by type of transaction; and (vi) office hours.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 211. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—TOLL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE—PROGRAM B

High Occupancy Toll Lanes Operations Account—State	
Appropriation	. \$2,867,000
Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation	
Tacoma Narrows Toll Bridge Account—State	
Appropriation	\$27,358,000
State Route Number 520 Corridor Account—State	
Appropriation	\$58,088,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION	

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The department shall make detailed quarterly expenditure reports available to the transportation commission and to the public on the department's web site using current department resources. The reports must include a summary of revenue generated by tolls on the Tacoma Narrows bridge and an itemized depiction of the use of that revenue.
- (2) The department shall work with the office of financial management to review insurance coverage, deductibles, and limitations on tolled facilities to assure that the assets are well protected at a reasonable cost. Results from this review must be used to negotiate any future new or extended insurance agreements.
- (3) \$58,088,000 of the state route number 520 corridor account—state appropriation is provided solely for the costs directly related to tolling the state route number 520 floating bridge. Of this amount, \$175,000 is for the immediate costs necessary to pursue a request for proposal to implement variable, open road tolling on the state route number 520 floating bridge. The request for proposal must include tolling infrastructure and signage, customer service centers, collection and billing procedures, and, to the extent practicable, the maintenance and dispensing of transponders by the vendor. The remaining \$57,913,000 must be retained in unallotted status, and may only be released by the office of financial management after consultation with the joint transportation committee following the committee's examination of toll operations costs referenced in section 204(2) of this act. The amount provided in this subsection is contingent on the enactment of (a) Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2211 and (b) either Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2326 or other legislation authorizing bonds for the state route number 520 corridor projects. If the conditions of this subsection are not satisfied, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 212. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY—PROGRAM C

Transportation Partnership Account—State	
Appropriation	. \$2,675,000
Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation	\$67,811,000
Motor Vehicle Account—Federal Appropriation	\$240,000
Multimodal Transportation Account—State	
Appropriation	\$363,000
Transportation 2003 Account (Nickel Account)—State	
Appropriation	. \$2,676,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION	\$73,765,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The department shall consult with the office of financial management and the department of information services to: (a) Ensure that the department's current and future system development is consistent with the overall direction of other key state systems; and (b) when possible, use or develop common statewide information systems to encourage coordination and integration of

information used by the department and other state agencies and to avoid duplication.

- \$1,216,000 of the transportation partnership account—state appropriation and \$1,216,000 of the transportation 2003 account (nickel account)—state appropriation are provided solely for the department to develop a project management and reporting system which is a collection of integrated tools for capital construction project managers to use to perform all the necessary tasks associated with project management. The department shall integrate commercial off-the-shelf software with existing department systems and enhanced approaches to data management to provide web-based access for multi-level reporting and improved business work flows and reporting. On a quarterly basis, the department shall report to the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature on the status of the development and integration of the system. At a minimum, the reports shall indicate the status of the work as it compares to the work plan, any discrepancies, and proposed adjustments necessary to bring the project back on schedule or budget if necessary.
- (3) The department may submit information technology-related requests for funding only if the department has coordinated with the department of information services as required under section 601 of this act.

Aeronautics Account—Federal Appropriation.....\$2,150,000 TOTAL APPROPRIATION.....\$8,159,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) \$50,000 of the aeronautics account—state appropriation is a reappropriation provided solely to pay any outstanding obligations of the aviation planning council, which expires July 1, 2009.
- (2) \$150,000 of the aeronautics account—state appropriation is a reappropriation provided solely to complete runway preservation projects.

*NEW SECTION. Sec. 215. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—PROGRAM DELIVERY MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT—PROGRAM H

 Appropriation.
 \$250,000

 Water Pollution Account—State Appropriation
 \$2,000,000

 TOTAL APPROPRIATION
 \$50,782,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions

and limitations:

- (1) The department shall develop a plan for all current and future surplus property parcels based on the recommendations from the surplus property legislative work group that were presented to the senate transportation committee on February 26, 2009. The plan must include, at a minimum, strategies for maximizing the number of parcels sold, a schedule that optimizes proceeds, a recommended cash discount, a plan to report to the joint transportation committee, a recommendation for regional incentives, and a recommendation for equivalent value exchanges. This plan must accompany the department's 2010 supplemental budget request.
- (2) If the department determines that all or a portion of real property or an interest in real property that was acquired through condemnation or the threat of condemnation is no longer necessary for a public purpose and should be sold as surplus property, the former owner shall have a right of repurchase. "Former owner" means the person or entity from whom the department acquired title and that person's or entity's successors or assigns to the property or property interest subject to the repurchase right. At least ninety days prior to the date on which the property is to be sold by the department, the department must mail notice of the planned sale to the former owner of the property at the former owner's last known address or to a forwarding address if that owner has provided the department with a forwarding address. If the former owner notifies the department within thirty days of the date of the notice that the former owner intends to repurchase the property, the department shall proceed with the sale of the property to the former owner and shall not list the property for sale to other owners. If the former owner does not provide timely written notice to the department of the intent to exercise a repurchase right, or if the sale to the former owner is not completed within one year of the date of notice that the former owner intends to repurchase the property, that right shall be extinguished.
- (3) The legislature recognizes that the Dryden pit site (WSDOT Inventory Control (IC) No. 2-04-00103) is unused state-owned real property under the jurisdiction of the department of transportation, and that the public would benefit significantly from the complete enjoyment of the natural scenic beauty and recreational opportunities available at the site. Therefore, pursuant to RCW 47.12.080, the legislature declares that transferring the property to the department of fish and wildlife is consistent with the public interest in order to preserve the area for the use of the public. The department of transportation shall, as soon as is practicable, transfer and convey the Dryden pit site to the department of fish and wildlife for adequate consideration in the amount of no less than \$600,000, the proceeds of which must be deposited in the motor vehicle fund. By July 1, 2009, the department shall submit a status report regarding the transaction to the chairs of the legislative transportation committees
- (4) \$2,000,000 of the water pollution account—state appropriation is provided solely for the department's compliance with its national pollution discharge elimination system permit, consistent with the purposes described in Substitute House Bill No. 1614, addressing petroleum pollution in storm water. If Substitute House Bill No. 1614 is not enacted by June 30, 2009, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

- (5) \$750,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for the department's compliance with its national pollution discharge elimination system permit.
- (6) The department shall provide updated information on six project milestones for all active projects, funded in part or in whole with 2005 transportation partnership account funds or 2003 nickel account funds, on a quarterly basis in the transportation executive information system (TEIS). The department shall also provide updated information on six project milestones for projects, funded with preexisting funds and that are agreed to by the legislature, office of financial management, and the department, on a quarterly basis in TEIS.

*Sec. 215 was partially vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) \$200,000 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation is provided solely for the department to develop and implement public private partnerships at high priority terminals as identified in the January 12, 2009, final report on joint development opportunities at Washington state ferries terminals. The department shall first consider a mutually beneficial agreement at the Edmonds terminal.
- (2) \$50,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for the department to investigate the potential to generate revenue from web site sponsorships and similar ventures and, if feasible, pursue partnership opportunities.

- (1) If portions of the appropriations in this section are required to fund maintenance work resulting from major disasters not covered by federal emergency funds such as fire, flooding, snow, and major slides, supplemental appropriations must be requested to restore state funding for ongoing maintenance activities.
- (2) The department shall request an unanticipated receipt for any federal moneys received for emergency snow and ice removal and shall place an equal amount of the motor vehicle account—state into unallotted status. This

exchange shall not affect the amount of funding available for snow and ice removal.

- (3) The department shall request an unanticipated receipt for any private or local funds received for reimbursements of third party damages that are in excess of the motor vehicle account—private/local appropriation.
- (4) \$2,000,000 of the motor vehicle account—federal appropriation is for unanticipated federal funds that may be received during the 2009-11 fiscal biennium. Upon receipt of the funds, the department shall provide a report on the use of the funds to the transportation committees of the legislature and the office of financial management.
- (5) The department may incur costs related to the maintenance of the decorative lights on the Tacoma Narrows bridge only if:
- (a) The nonprofit corporation, narrows bridge lights organization, maintains an account balance sufficient to reimburse the department for all costs; and
- (b) The department is reimbursed from the narrows bridge lights organization within three months from the date any maintenance work is performed. If the narrows bridge lights organization is unable to reimburse the department for any future costs incurred, the lights must be removed at the expense of the narrows bridge lights organization subject to the terms of the contract.
- (6) The department may work with the department of corrections to utilize corrections crews for the purposes of litter pickup on state highways.
- (7) \$650,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for increased asphalt costs. If Senate Bill No. 5976 is not enacted by June 30, 2009, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.
- (8) \$16,800,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for the high priority maintenance backlog. Addressing the maintenance backlog must result in increased levels of service.
- (9) \$12,500,000 of the water pollution account—state appropriation is provided solely for the department's compliance with its national pollution discharge elimination system permit, consistent with the purposes described in Substitute House Bill No. 1614, addressing petroleum pollution in storm water. If Substitute House Bill No. 1614 is not enacted by June 30, 2009, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.
- (10) \$750,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for the department's compliance with its national pollution discharge elimination system permit.

*Sec. 217 was partially vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 218. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—TRAFFIC OPERATIONS—PROGRAM Q—OPERATING

Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation	\$51,526,000
Motor Vehicle Account—Federal Appropriation	. \$2,050,000
Motor Vehicle Account—Private/Local Appropriation	\$127,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION	\$53,703,000

- (1) \$2,400,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for low-cost enhancements. The department shall give priority to low-cost enhancement projects that improve safety or provide congestion relief. The department shall prioritize low-cost enhancement projects on a statewide rather than regional basis. By September 1st of each even-numbered year, the department shall provide a report to the legislature listing all low-cost enhancement projects prioritized on a statewide rather than regional basis completed in the prior year.
- (2) The department, in consultation with the Washington state patrol, may continue a pilot program for the patrol to issue infractions based on information from automated traffic safety cameras in roadway construction zones on state highways. For the purpose of this pilot program, during the 2009-11 fiscal biennium, a roadway construction zone includes areas where public employees or private contractors are not present but where a driving condition exists that would make it unsafe to drive at higher speeds, such as, when the department is redirecting or realigning lanes on any public roadway pursuant to ongoing construction. The department shall use the following guidelines to administer the program:
- (a) Automated traffic safety cameras may only take pictures of the vehicle and vehicle license plate and only while an infraction is occurring. The picture must not reveal the face of the driver or of passengers in the vehicle;
- (b) The department shall plainly mark the locations where the automated traffic safety cameras are used by placing signs on locations that clearly indicate to a driver that he or she is entering a roadway construction zone where traffic laws are enforced by an automated traffic safety camera;
- (c) Notices of infractions must be mailed to the registered owner of a vehicle within fourteen days of the infraction occurring;
- (d) The owner of the vehicle is not responsible for the violation if the owner of the vehicle, within fourteen days of receiving notification of the violation, mails to the patrol, a declaration under penalty of perjury, stating that the vehicle involved was, at the time, stolen or in the care, custody, or control of some person other than the registered owner, or any other extenuating circumstances;
- (e) For purposes of the 2009-11 fiscal biennium pilot program, infractions detected through the use of automated traffic safety cameras are not part of the registered owner's driving record under RCW 46.52.101 and 46.52.120. Additionally, infractions generated by the use of automated traffic safety cameras must be processed in the same manner as parking infractions for the purposes of RCW 3.50.100, 35.20.220, 46.16.216, and 46.20.270(3). However, the amount of the fine issued under this subsection (2) for an infraction generated through the use of an automated traffic safety camera is one hundred thirty-seven dollars. The court shall remit thirty-two dollars of the fine to the state treasurer for deposit into the state patrol highway account; and
- (f) If a notice of infraction is sent to the registered owner and the registered owner is a rental car business, the infraction must be dismissed against the business if it mails to the patrol, within fourteen days of receiving the notice, a declaration under penalty of perjury of the name and known mailing address of the individual driving or renting the vehicle when the infraction occurred. If the business is unable to determine who was driving or renting the vehicle at the time the infraction occurred, the business must sign a declaration under penalty

of perjury to this effect. The declaration must be mailed to the patrol within fourteen days of receiving the notice of traffic infraction. Timely mailing of this declaration to the issuing agency relieves a rental car business of any liability under this section for the notice of infraction. A declaration form suitable for this purpose must be included with each automated traffic infraction notice issued, along with instructions for its completion and use.

- (3) The department shall implement a pilot project to evaluate the benefits of using electronic traffic flagging devices. Electronic traffic flagging devices must be tested by the department at multiple sites and reviewed for efficiency and safety. The department shall report to the transportation committees of the legislature on the best use and practices involving electronic traffic flagging devices, including recommendations for future use, by June 30, 2010.
- (4) \$173,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for the department to continue a pilot tow truck incentive program and to expand the program to other areas of the state. The department may provide incentive payments to towing companies that meet clearance goals on accidents that involve heavy trucks. The department shall report to the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature on the effectiveness of the clearance goals and submit recommendations to improve the pilot program with the department's 2010 supplemental omnibus transportation appropriations act submittal.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 219. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT—PROGRAM S

Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation	\$29,153,000
Motor Vehicle Account—Federal Appropriation	\$30,000
Multimodal Transportation Account—State	
Appropriation	\$973,000
State Route Number 520 Corridor Account—State	
Appropriation	\$264,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION	

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: \$264,000 of the state route number 520 corridor account—state appropriation is provided solely for the costs directly related to tolling the state route number 520 floating bridge. This amount must be retained in unallotted status, and may only be released by the office of financial management after consultation with the joint transportation committee following the committee's examination of toll operations costs referenced in section 204(2) of this act. The amount provided in this section is contingent on the enactment of (1) Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2211 and (2) either Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2326 or other legislation authorizing bonds for the state route number 520 corridor projects. If the conditions of this section are not satisfied, the amount provided in this section shall lapse.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 220. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—TRANSPORTATION PLANNING, DATA, AND RESEARCH—PROGRAM T

Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation	\$24,724,000
Motor Vehicle Account—Federal Appropriation	\$19,116,000

Multimodal Transportation Account—State
Appropriation
Multimodal Transportation Account—Federal
Appropriation
Multimodal Transportation Account—Private/Local
Appropriation
TOTAL APPROPRIATION

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) \$150,000 of the motor vehicle account—federal appropriation is provided solely for the costs to develop an electronic map-based computer application that will enable law enforcement officers and others to more easily locate collisions and other incidents in the field.
- (2) \$400,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for a diesel multiple unit feasibility and initial planning study. The study must evaluate potential service on the Stampede Pass line from Maple Valley to Auburn via Covington. The study must evaluate the potential demand for service, the business model and capital needs for launching and running the line, and the need for improvements in switching, signaling, and tracking. A report on the study must be submitted to the legislature by June 30, 2010.
- (3) \$243,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation and \$81,000 of the motor vehicle account—federal appropriation are provided solely for the development of a freight database to help guide freight investment decisions and track project effectiveness. The database must be based on truck movement tracked through geographic information system technology. TransNow shall contribute additional federal funds that are not appropriated in this act. The department shall work with the freight mobility strategic investment board to implement this database.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 221. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—CHARGES FROM OTHER AGENCIES—PROGRAM U

Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation	\$87,331,000
Motor Vehicle Account—Federal Appropriation	\$400,000
Multimodal Transportation Account—State Appropriation	\$561,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION	\$88,292,000

- (1) The office of financial management must provide a detailed accounting of the revenues and expenditures of the self-insurance fund to the transportation committees of the legislature on December 31st and June 30th of each year.
- (2) Payments in this section represent charges from other state agencies to the department of transportation.
- (b) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE OFFICE OF THE STATE
 AUDITOR.....\$93

(d) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF
PERSONNEL
(e) FOR PAYMENT OF SELF-INSURANCE LIABILITY
PREMIUMS AND ADMINISTRATION\$44,418,000
(f) FOR ARCHIVES AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT\$623,000
(g) FOR OFFICE OF MINORITIES AND WOMEN BUSINESS
ENTERPRISES\$1,008,000
(h) FOR USE OF FINANCIAL AND REPORTING SYSTEMS
PROVIDED BY THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT \$1,143,000
(i) FOR POLICY AND SYSTEM ASSISTANCE FROM THE
DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION SERVICES \$1,980,000
(j) FOR LEGAL SERVICE PROVIDED BY THE ATTORNEY
GENERAL'S OFFICE
(k) FOR LEGAL SERVICE PROVIDED BY THE ATTORNEY
GENERAL'S OFFICE FOR THE SECOND PHASE OF THE BOLDT
LITIGATION\$672,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 222. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
TRANSPORTATION—PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION—PROGRAM V
Regional Mobility Grant Program Account—State
Appropriation\$54,677,000
Multimodal Transportation Account—State
Appropriation\$65,795,000
Multimodal Transportation Account—Federal
Appropriation\$2,582,000
Multimodal Transportation Account—Private/Local
Appropriation\$1,027,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION

- (1) \$25,000,000 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation is provided solely for a grant program for special needs transportation provided by transit agencies and nonprofit providers of transportation.
- (a) \$5,500,000 of the amount provided in this subsection is provided solely for grants to nonprofit providers of special needs transportation. Grants for nonprofit providers shall be based on need, including the availability of other providers of service in the area, efforts to coordinate trips among providers and riders, and the cost effectiveness of trips provided.
- (b) \$19,500,000 of the amount provided in this subsection is provided solely for grants to transit agencies to transport persons with special transportation needs. To receive a grant, the transit agency must have a maintenance of effort for special needs transportation that is no less than the previous year's maintenance of effort for special needs transportation. Grants for transit agencies shall be prorated based on the amount expended for demand response service and route deviated service in calendar year 2007 as reported in the "Summary of Public Transportation 2007" published by the department of transportation. No transit agency may receive more than thirty percent of these distributions.

- (2) Funds are provided for the rural mobility grant program as follows:
- (a) \$8,500,000 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation is provided solely for grants for those transit systems serving small cities and rural areas as identified in the "Summary of Public Transportation 2007" published by the department of transportation. Noncompetitive grants must be distributed to the transit systems serving small cities and rural areas in a manner similar to past disparity equalization programs.
- (b) \$8,500,000 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation is provided solely to providers of rural mobility service in areas not served or underserved by transit agencies through a competitive grant process.
- \$7,000,000 of multimodal transportation (3) the account—state appropriation is provided solely for a vanpool grant program for: (a) Public transit agencies to add vanpools or replace vans; and (b) incentives for employers to increase employee vanpool use. The grant program for public transit agencies will cover capital costs only; operating costs for public transit agencies are not eligible for funding under this grant program. employees may not be hired from the funds provided in this section for the vanpool grant program, and supplanting of transit funds currently funding vanpools is not allowed. The department shall encourage grant applicants and recipients to leverage funds other than state funds. At least \$1,600,000 of this amount must be used for vanpool grants in congested corridors.
- (4) \$400,000 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation is provided solely for a grant for a flexible carpooling pilot project program to be administered and monitored by the department. Funds are appropriated for one time only. The pilot project program must: Test and implement at least one flexible carpooling system in a high-volume commuter area that enables carpooling without prearrangement; utilize technologies that, among other things, allow for transfer of ride credits between participants; and be a membership system that involves prescreening to ensure safety of the participants. The program must include a pilot project that targets commuter traffic on the state route number 520 bridge. The department shall submit to the legislature by December 2010 a report on the program results and any recommendations for additional flexible carpooling programs.
- \$3,318,000 of the multimodal transportation account-state appropriation and \$21,248,000 of the regional mobility grant program account state appropriation are reappropriated and provided solely for the regional mobility grant projects identified on the LEAP Transportation Document 2007-B, as developed April 20, 2007, or the LEAP Transportation Document 2006-D, as developed March 8, 2006. The department shall continue to review all projects receiving grant awards under this program at least semiannually to determine whether the projects are making satisfactory progress. department shall promptly close out grants when projects have been completed, and any remaining funds available to the office of transit mobility must be used only to fund projects on the LEAP Transportation Document 2006-D, as developed March 8, 2006; the LEAP Transportation Document 2007-B, as developed April 20, 2007; or the LEAP Transportation Document 2009-B, as developed April 24, 2009. It is the intent of the legislature to appropriate funds

through the regional mobility grant program only for projects that will be completed on schedule.

- (6) \$33,429,000 of the regional mobility grant program account—state appropriation is provided solely for the regional mobility grant projects identified in LEAP Transportation Document 2009-B, as developed April 24, 2009. The department shall review all projects receiving grant awards under this program at least semiannually to determine whether the projects are making satisfactory progress. Any project that has been awarded funds, but does not report activity on the project within one year of the grant award, must be reviewed by the department to determine whether the grant should be terminated. The department shall promptly close out grants when projects have been completed, and any remaining funds available to the office of transit mobility must be used only to fund projects identified in LEAP Transportation Document 2009-B, as developed April 24, 2009. The department shall provide annual status reports on December 15, 2009, and December 15, 2010, to the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature regarding the projects receiving the grants. It is the intent of the legislature to appropriate funds through the regional mobility grant program only for projects that will be completed on schedule.
- (7) \$300,000 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation is provided solely for a transportation demand management program, developed by the Whatcom council of governments, to further reduce drive-alone trips and maximize the use of sustainable transportation choices. The community-based program must focus on all trips, not only commute trips, by providing education, assistance, and incentives to four target audiences: (a) Large work sites; (b) employees of businesses in downtown areas; (c) school children; and (d) residents of Bellingham.
- (8) \$130,000 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation is provided solely to the department to distribute to support Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2072 (special needs transportation).
- (a) \$80,000 of the amount provided in this subsection is provided solely for implementation of the work group related to federal requirements in section 1, chapter . . . (Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2072), Laws of 2009.
- (b) \$50,000 of the amount provided in this subsection is provided solely to support the pilot project to be developed or implemented by the local coordinating coalition comprised of a single county, described in sections 9, 10, and 11, chapter . . . (Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2072), Laws of 2009. The department shall assist the local coordinating coalition to seek funding sufficient to fully fund the pilot project from a variety of sources including, but not limited to, the regional transit authority serving the county, the regional transportation planning organization serving the county, and other appropriate state and federal agencies and grants. Development or implementation of the pilot project is contingent on securing funding sufficient to fully fund the pilot project.
- (c) If Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2072 is not enacted by June 30, 2009, the amount provided in this subsection (8) lapses. If Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2072 is enacted by June 30, 2009, but a commitment from other sources to fully fund the pilot project described in (b) of this subsection has not

been obtained by September 30, 2009, the amount provided in (b) of this subsection lapses.

- (9) Funds provided for the commute trip reduction program may also be used for the growth and transportation efficiency center program.
- (10) An affected urban growth area that has not previously implemented a commute trip reduction program is exempt from the requirements in RCW 70.94.527 if a solution to address the state highway deficiency that exceeds the person hours of delay threshold has been funded and is in progress during the 2009-11 fiscal biennium.
- (11) \$2,309,000 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation is provided solely for the tri-county connection service for Island, Skagit, and Whatcom transit agencies.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 223. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—MARINE—PROGRAM X

Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account—State

- (1) \$53,110,560 of the Puget Sound ferry operations account—state appropriation is provided solely for auto ferry vessel operating fuel in the 2009-11 fiscal biennium. This appropriation is contingent upon the enactment of section 716 of this act.
- (2) To protect the waters of Puget Sound, the department shall investigate nontoxic alternatives to fuel additives and other commercial products that are used to operate, maintain, and preserve vessels.
- (3) If, after the department's review of fares and pricing policies, the department proposes a fuel surcharge, the department must evaluate other cost savings and fuel price stabilization strategies that would be implemented before the imposition of a fuel surcharge.
- (4) The department shall strive to significantly reduce the number of injuries suffered by Washington state ferries employees. By December 15, 2009, the department shall submit to the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature its implementation plan to reduce such injuries.
- (5) The department shall continue to provide service to Sidney, British Columbia. The department may place a Sidney terminal departure surcharge on fares for out of state residents riding the Washington state ferry route that runs between Anacortes, Washington and Sidney, British Columbia, if the cost for landing/license fee, taxes, and additional amounts charged for docking are in excess of \$280,000 CDN. The surcharge must be limited to recovering amounts above \$280,000 CDN.
- (6) The department shall analyze operational solutions to enhance service on the Bremerton to Seattle ferry run. The Washington state ferries shall report its analysis to the transportation committees of the legislature by December 1, 2009.
- (7) The office of financial management budget instructions require agencies to recast enacted budgets into activities. The Washington state ferries shall include a greater level of detail in its 2011-13 omnibus transportation

appropriations act request, as determined jointly by the office of financial management, the Washington state ferries, and the legislative transportation committees.

- (8) \$3,000,000 of the Puget Sound ferry operations account—state appropriation is provided solely for commercial insurance for ferry assets. The office of financial management, after consultation with the transportation committees of the legislature, must present a business plan for the Washington state ferry system's insurance coverage to the 2010 legislature. The business plan must include a cost-benefit analysis of Washington state ferries' current commercial insurance purchased for ferry assets and a review of self-insurance for noncatastrophic events.
- (9) \$1,100,000 of the Puget Sound ferry operations account—state appropriation is provided solely for a marketing program. The department shall present a marketing program proposal to the transportation committees of the legislature during the 2010 legislative session before implementing this program. Of this amount, \$10,000 is for the city of Port Townsend and \$10,000 is for the town of Coupeville for mitigation expenses related to only one vessel operating on the Port Townsend MKeystone ferry route. The moneys provided to the city of Port Townsend and town of Coupeville are not contingent upon the required marketing proposal.
- (10) \$350,000 of the Puget Sound ferry operations account—state appropriation is provided solely for two extra trips per day during the summer of 2009 season, beyond the current schedule, on the Port Townsend/Keystone route.
- (11) When purchasing uniforms that are required by collective bargaining agreements, the department shall contract with the lowest cost provider.
- (12) The legislature finds that measuring the performance of Washington state ferries requires the measurement of quality, timeliness, and unit cost of services delivered to customers. Consequently, the department must develop a set of metrics that measure that performance and report to the transportation committees of the legislature and to the office of financial management on the development of these measurements along with recommendations to the 2010 legislature on which measurements must become a part of the next omnibus transportation appropriations act.
- (13) As a priority task, the department is directed to propose a comprehensive incident and accident investigation policy and appropriate procedures, and to provide the proposal to the legislature by November 1, 2009, using existing resources and staff expertise. In addition to consulting with ferry system unions and the United States coast guard, the Washington state ferries is encouraged to solicit independent outside expertise on incident and accident investigation best practices as they may be found in other organizations with a similar concern for marine safety. It is the intent of the legislature to enact the policies into law and to publish that law and procedures as a manual for Washington state ferries' accident/incident investigations. Until that time, the Washington state ferry system must exercise particular diligence to assure that any incident or accident investigations are conducted within the spirit of the guidelines of this act. The proposed policy must contain, at a minimum:
- (a) The definition of an incident and an accident and the type of investigation that is required by both types of events;

- (b) The process for appointing an investigating officer or officers and a description of the authorities and responsibilities of the investigating officer or officers. The investigating officer or officers must:
- (i) Have the appropriate training and experience as determined by the policy;
- (ii) Not have been involved in the incident or accident so as to avoid any conflict of interest;
- (iii) Have full access to all persons, records, and relevant organizations that may have information about or may have contributed to, directly or indirectly, the incident or accident under investigation, in compliance with any affected employee's or employees' respective collective bargaining agreement and state laws and rules regarding public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW;
- (iv) Be provided with, if requested by the investigating officer or officers, appropriate outside technical expertise; and
- (v) Be provided with staff and legal support by the Washington state ferries as may be appropriate to the type of investigation;
- (c) The process of working with the affected employee or employees in accordance with the employee's or employees' respective collective bargaining agreement and the appropriate union officials, within protocols afforded to all public employees;
- (d) The process by which the United States coast guard is kept informed of, interacts with, and reviews the investigation;
- (e) The process for review, approval, and implementation of any approved recommendations within the department; and
- (f) The process for keeping the public informed of the investigation and its outcomes, in compliance with any affected employee's or employees' respective collective bargaining agreement and state laws and rules regarding public disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 224. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—RAIL—PROGRAM Y—OPERATING

Multimodal Transportation Account—State

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) \$29,091,000 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation is provided solely for the Amtrak service contract and Talgo maintenance contract associated with providing and maintaining the state-supported passenger rail service. Upon completion of the rail platform project in the city of Stanwood, the department shall provide daily Amtrak Cascades service to the city.
 - (2) Amtrak Cascade runs may not be eliminated.
- (3) The department shall begin planning for a third roundtrip Cascades train between Seattle and Vancouver, B.C. by 2010.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 225. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—LOCAL PROGRAMS—PROGRAM Z—OPERATING

Motor Vehicle Account—Federal Appropriation \$2,567,000 TOTAL APPROPRIATION \$11,306,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 226.** The legislature recognizes that the department of transportation operates a seventh administrative region, including the urban corridors office. Therefore, the legislature intends that the secretary of the department of transportation identify and implement operational efficiencies. This may result in a decrease in the number of total regions and the amount of regional staff. The secretary shall report to the office of financial management and the joint transportation committee by January 2010 with a report regarding how the operational efficiencies were achieved.

TRANSPORTATION AGENCIES—CAPITAL

${ m NEW}$ SECTION. Sec. 301. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL

State Patrol Highway Account—State Appropriation \$3,126,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) \$1,626,000 of the state patrol highway account—state appropriation is provided solely for the following minor works projects: \$450,000 for Shelton training academy roofs; \$150,000 for HVAC control replacements; \$168,000 for upgrades to scales; \$50,000 for Bellevue electrical equipment upgrades; \$90,000 for South King detachment window replacement; \$200,000 for the replacement of the Naselle radio tower, generator shelter, and fence; \$200,000 for unforeseen emergency repairs; and \$318,000 for the Shelton training academy drive course/skid pan repair.
- (2) \$1,500,000 of the state patrol highway account—state appropriation is provided solely for the Shelton academy of the Washington state patrol and is contingent upon a signed agreement between the city of Shelton, the department of corrections, and the Washington state patrol that provides for an on-going payment to these three entities, based on their percentage of the total investment in the project, from all hookup fees, late comer fees, LIDS, and all other initial fees collected for the new waste water treatment lines, waste water plants, water lines, and water systems.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 302. FOR THE COUNTY ROAD ADMINISTRATION BOARD

Rural Arterial Trust Account—State Appropriation	\$51,000,000
Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation	. \$1,048,000
County Arterial Preservation Account—State	
Appropriation	\$31,400,000
TOTAL ADDRODDIATION	002 440 000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION \$33,448,000

- (1) \$1,048,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation may be used for county ferry projects as developed pursuant to RCW 47.56.725(4).
- (2) The appropriations in this section include funding to counties to assist them in efforts to recover from federally declared emergencies, by providing capitalization advances and local match for federal emergency funding as

determined by the county road administration board. The county road administration board shall specifically identify any such selected projects and shall include information concerning such selected projects in its next annual report to the legislature.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 303. FOR THE TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT BOARD

Small City Pavement and Sidewalk Account—State

Sman City I avenient and Sidewark Account—State	
Appropriation	\$5,779,000
Urban Arterial Trust Account—State Appropriation	\$122,400,000
Transportation Improvement Account—State	
Appropriation	. \$85,643,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The transportation improvement account—state appropriation includes up to \$7,143,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.26.500.
- (2) The urban arterial trust account—state appropriation includes up to \$15,000,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.26.420.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 304. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.** As part of its budget submittal for the 2011-13 fiscal biennium, the department shall provide an update to the report provided to the legislature in 2008 that:

- (1) Compares the original project cost estimates approved in the 2003 and 2005 project lists to the completed cost of the project, or the most recent legislatively approved budget and total project costs for projects not yet completed;
- (2) Identifies highway projects that may be reduced in scope and still achieve a functional benefit;
- (3) Identifies highway projects that have experienced scope increases and that can be reduced in scope;
- (4) Identifies highway projects that have lost significant local or regional contributions that were essential to completing the project; and
 - (5) Identifies contingency amounts allocated to projects.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 305. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—PROGRAM D (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION-ONLY PROJECTS)—CAPITAL

- (1) \$1,198,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for the Olympic region site acquisition debt service payments and administrative costs associated with capital improvement and preservation project and financial management.
- (2) \$3,612,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for high priority safety projects that are directly linked to employee safety, environmental risk, or minor works that prevent facility deterioration. This includes the administrative costs associated with those

NEW SECTION

projects and the reconstruction of the Wandermere facility that was destroyed in the 2008-09 winter storms.

306

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FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF

<u>New Section.</u> Sec. 300. FOR THE DEFARTMENT OF
TRANSPORTATION—IMPROVEMENTS—PROGRAM I
Multimodal Transportation Account—State
Appropriation\$1,000
Transportation Partnership Account—State
Appropriation\$1,723,834,000
Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation
Motor Vehicle Account—Federal Appropriation
Motor Vehicle Account—Private/Local
Appropriation
Special Category C Account—State Appropriation \$24,549,000
Transportation 2003 Account (Nickel Account)—State
Appropriation
Freight Mobility Multimodal Account—State
Appropriation\$4,422,000
Tacoma Narrows Toll Bridge Account—State Appropriation \$788,000
State Route Number 520 Corridor Account—State
Appropriation\$106,000,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION

- (1) Except as provided otherwise in this section, the entire transportation 2003 account (nickel account) appropriation and the entire transportation partnership account appropriation are provided solely for the projects and activities as listed by fund, project, and amount in LEAP Transportation Document 2009-1 as developed April 24, 2009, Program Highway Improvement Program (I). However, limited transfers of specific line-item project appropriations may occur between projects for those amounts listed subject to the conditions and limitations in section 603 of this act.
- (2) As a result of economic changes since the initial development of the improvement program budget for the 2009-11 fiscal biennium, the department has received bids on construction contracts over the last several months that are favorable with respect to current estimates of project costs. National economic forecasts indicate that inflationary pressures are likely to remain lower than previously expected for the next several years. As a result, the nominal project cost totals shown in LEAP Transportation Document 2009-1 in aggregate for the 2009-11 fiscal biennium and the 2011-13 fiscal biennium are expected to exceed the likely amount necessary to deliver the projects listed within those biennia by \$63,500,000 in the 2009-11 fiscal biennium and \$52,700,000 in the 2011-13 fiscal biennium. The appropriations provided in this section for the projects in those biennia are therefore \$63,500,000 less in the 2009-11 fiscal biennium and \$52,700,000 less in the 2011-13 fiscal biennium than the aggregate total of project costs listed. It is the intent of the legislature that the department shall deliver the projects listed in LEAP Transportation Document 2009-1 within the time, scope, and budgets identified in that document, provided that the prices of commodities used in transportation projects do not differ significantly from

those assumed for the 2009-11 and 2011-13 fiscal biennia in the March 2009 forecast of the economic and revenue forecast council.

- (3) \$162,900,000 of the transportation partnership account—state appropriation and \$106,000,000 of the state route number 520 corridor account—state appropriation are provided solely for the state route number 520 bridge replacement and HOV project. The department shall submit an application for the eastside transit and HOV project to the supplemental discretionary grant program for regionally significant projects as provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. Eastside state route number 520 improvements shall be designed and constructed to accommodate a future full interchange at 124th Avenue Northeast. Concurrent with the eastside transit and HOV project, the department shall conduct engineering design of a full interchange at 124th Avenue Northeast. The amount provided in this subsection from the state route number 520 corridor account—state appropriation is contingent on the enactment of (a) Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2211 and (b) either Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2326 or other legislation authorizing bonds for the state route number 520 corridor projects. If the conditions of this subsection are not satisfied, the state route number 520 corridor account—state appropriation shall lapse.
- (4) As required under section 305(6), chapter 518, Laws of 2007, the department shall report by January 2010 to the transportation committees of the legislature on the findings of the King county noise reduction solutions pilot project.
- (5) Funding allocated for mitigation costs is provided solely for the purpose of project impact mitigation, and shall not be used to develop or otherwise participate in the environmental assessment process.
- (6) The department shall apply for surface transportation program (STP) enhancement funds to be expended in lieu of or in addition to state funds for eligible costs of projects in Programs I and P including, but not limited to, the SR 518, SR 520, Columbia river crossing, and Alaskan Way viaduct projects.
- (7) The department shall, on a quarterly basis beginning July 1, 2009, provide to the office of financial management and the legislature reports providing the status on each active project funded in part or whole by the transportation 2003 account (nickel account) or the transportation partnership Funding provided at a programmatic level for transportation partnership account and transportation 2003 account (nickel account) projects relating to bridge rail, guard rail, fish passage barrier removal, and roadside safety projects should be reported on a programmatic basis. Projects within this programmatic level funding should be completed on a priority basis and scoped to be completed within the current programmatic budget. The department shall work with the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature to agree on report formatting and elements. Elements must include, but not be limited to, project scope, schedule, and costs. For new construction contracts valued at fifteen million dollars or more, the department must also use an earned value method of project monitoring. The department shall also provide the information required under this subsection on a quarterly basis via the transportation executive information systems (TEIS).

- (8) The transportation 2003 account (nickel account)—state appropriation includes up to \$628,000,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by RCW 47.10.861.
- (9) The transportation partnership account—state appropriation includes up to \$1,360,528,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.10.873.
- (10) The special category C account—state appropriation includes up to \$22,127,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.10.812.
- (11) The motor vehicle account—state appropriation includes up to \$31,500,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.10.843.
- (12) The department must prepare a tolling study for the Columbia river crossing project. While conducting the study, the department must coordinate with the Oregon department of transportation to perform the following activities:
- (a) Evaluate the potential diversion of traffic from Interstate 5 to other parts of the transportation system when tolls are implemented on Interstate 5 in the vicinity of the Columbia river;
- (b) Evaluate the most advanced tolling technology to maintain travel time speed and reliability for users of the Interstate 5 bridge;
- (c) Evaluate available active traffic management technology to determine the most effective options for technology that could maintain travel time speed and reliability on the Interstate 5 bridge;
- (d) Confer with the project sponsor's council, as well as local and regional governing bodies adjacent to the Interstate 5 Columbia river crossing corridor and the Interstate 205 corridor regarding the implementation of tolls, the impacts that the implementation of tolls might have on the operation of the corridors, the diversion of traffic to local streets, and potential mitigation measures;
- (e) Regularly report to the Washington transportation commission regarding the progress of the study for the purpose of guiding the commission's potential toll setting on the facility;
- (f) Research and evaluate options for a potential toll-setting framework between the Oregon and Washington transportation commissions;
- (g) Conduct public work sessions and open houses to provide information to citizens, including users of the bridge and business and freight interests, regarding implementation of tolls on the Interstate 5 and to solicit citizen views on the following items:
 - (i) Funding a portion of the Columbia river crossing project with tolls;
- (ii) Implementing variable tolling as a way to reduce congestion on the facility; and
- (iii) Tolling Interstate 205 separately as a management tool for the broader state and regional transportation system; and
 - (h) Provide a report to the governor and the legislature by January 2010.
- (13)(a) By January 2010, the department must prepare a traffic and revenue study for Interstate 405 in King county and Snohomish county that includes funding for improvements and high occupancy toll lanes, as defined in RCW 47.56.401, for traffic management. The department must develop a plan to operate up to two high occupancy toll lanes in each direction on Interstate 405.
 - (b) For the facility listed in (a) of this subsection, the department must:
- (i) Confer with the mayors and city councils of jurisdictions in the vicinity of the project regarding the implementation of high occupancy toll lanes and the

impacts that the implementation of these high occupancy toll lanes might have on the operation of the corridor and adjacent local streets;

- (ii) Conduct public work sessions and open houses to provide information to citizens regarding implementation of high occupancy toll lanes and to solicit citizen views;
- (iii) Regularly report to the Washington transportation commission regarding the progress of the study for the purpose of guiding the commission's toll setting on the facility; and
 - (iv) Provide a report to the governor and the legislature by January 2010.
- (14) \$9,199,985 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for project 100224I, as identified in the LEAP transportation document in subsection (1) of this section: US 2 high priority safety project. Expenditure of these funds is for safety projects on state route number 2 between Monroe and Gold Bar, which may include median rumble strips, traffic cameras, and electronic message signs.
- (15) Expenditures for the state route number 99 Alaskan Way viaduct replacement project must be made in conformance with Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5768.
- (16) The department shall conduct a public outreach process to identify and respond to community concerns regarding the Belfair bypass. The process must include representatives from Mason county, the legislature, area businesses, and community members. The department shall use this process to consider and develop design alternatives that alter the project's scope so that the community's needs are met within the project budget. The department shall provide a report on the process and outcomes to the legislature by June 30, 2010.
- (17) The legislature is committed to the timely completion of R8A which supports the construction of sound transit's east link. Following the completion of the independent analysis of the methodologies to value the reversible lanes on Interstate 90 which may be used for high capacity transit as directed in section 204 of this act, the department shall complete the process of negotiations with sound transit. Such agreement shall be completed no later than December 1, 2009.
- (18) \$250,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for the design and construction of a right turn lane to improve visibility and traffic flow on state route number 195 and Cheney-Spokane Road.
- (19) \$846,700 of the motor vehicle account—federal appropriation and \$17,280 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation are provided solely for the Westview school noise wall.
- (20) \$1,360 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation and \$35,786 of the motor vehicle account—federal appropriation are provided solely for interchange design and planning work on US 12 at A Street and Tank Farm Road.
- (21) \$20,011,125 of the transportation partnership account—state appropriation, \$2,550 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation, \$30,003,473 of the motor vehicle account—private/local appropriation, and \$1,482,066 of the motor vehicle account—federal appropriation are provided solely for the I-5/Columbia river crossing/Vancouver project. The funding described in this subsection includes a \$30,003,473 contribution from the state of Oregon.

- (22) It is important that the public and policymakers have accurate and timely access to information related to the Alaskan Way viaduct replacement project as it proceeds to, and during, the construction of all aspects of the project including, but not limited to, information regarding costs, schedules, contracts, project status, and neighborhood impacts. Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature that the state, city, and county departments of transportation establish a single source of accountability for integration, coordination, tracking, and information of all requisite components of the replacement project, which must include, at a minimum:
- (a) A master schedule of all subprojects included in the full replacement project or program; and
- (b) A single point of contact for the public, media, stakeholders, and other interested parties.
- (23) The state route number 520 corridor account—state appropriation includes up to \$106,000,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2326 or in legislation authorizing bonds for the state route number 520 corridor projects. If Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2326, or legislation authorizing bonds for the state route number 520 corridor projects, is not enacted by June 30, 2009, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.
- (24) The department shall evaluate a potential deep bore culvert for the state route number 305/Bjorgen creek fish barrier project identified as project 330514A in LEAP Transportation Document ALL PROJECTS 2009-2, as developed April 24, 2009. The department shall evaluate whether a deep bore culvert will be a less costly alternative than a traditional culvert since a traditional culvert would require extensive road detours during construction.
- (25) Project number 330215A in the LEAP transportation document described in subsection (1) of this section is expanded to include safety and congestion improvements from the Key Peninsula Highway to the vicinity of Purdy. The department shall consult with the Washington traffic safety commission to ensure that this project includes improvements at intersections and along the roadway to reduce the frequency and severity of collisions related to roadway conditions and traffic congestion.
- (26) \$10,600,000 of the transportation partnership account—state appropriation is provided solely for project 109040Q, the Interstate 90 Two Way Transit and HOV Improvements—Stage 2 and 3 project, as indicated in the LEAP transportation document referenced in subsection (1) of this section. Funds shall be used solely for preliminary engineering on stages 2 and 3 of this project.
- (27) The department shall continue to work with the local partners in developing transportation solutions necessary for the economic growth in the Red Mountain American Viticulture Area of Benton county.
- (28) For highway construction projects where the department considers agricultural lands of long-term commercial significance, as defined in RCW 36.70A.030, in reviewing and selecting sites to meet environmental mitigation requirements under the national environmental policy act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 4321 et seq.) and the state environmental policy act (chapter 43.21C RCW), the department shall, to the greatest extent possible, consider using public land first. If public lands are not available that meet the required environmental mitigation

needs, the department may use other sites while making every effort to avoid any net loss of agricultural lands that have a designation of long-term commercial significance.

- (29) Within the motor vehicle account—state appropriation and motor vehicle account—federal appropriation, the department may transfer funds between programs I and P, except for funds that are otherwise restricted in this act.
- (30) Within the amounts provided in this section, \$200,000 of the transportation partnership account—state appropriation is provided solely for the department to prepare a comprehensive tolling study of the state route number 167 corridor to determine the feasibility of administering tolls within the corridor, identified as project number 316718A in the LEAP transportation document described in subsection (1) of this section. The department shall report to the joint transportation committee by September 30, 2010. The department shall regularly report to the Washington transportation commission regarding the progress of the study for the purpose of guiding the commission's potential toll setting on the facility. The elements of the study must include, at a minimum:
- (a) The potential for value pricing to generate revenues for needed transportation facilities within the corridor;
 - (b) Maximizing the efficient operation of the corridor; and
 - (c) Economic considerations for future system investments.
- (31) Within the amounts provided in this section, \$200,000 of the transportation partnership account—state appropriation is provided solely for the department to prepare a comprehensive tolling study of the state route number 509 corridor to determine the feasibility of administering tolls within the corridor, identified as project number 850901F in the LEAP transportation document described in subsection (1) of this section. The department shall report to the joint transportation committee by September 30, 2010. The department shall regularly report to the Washington transportation commission regarding the progress of the study for the purpose of guiding the commission's potential toll setting on the facility. The elements of the study must include, at a minimum:
- (a) The potential for value pricing to generate revenues for needed transportation facilities within the corridor:
 - (b) Maximizing the efficient operation of the corridor; and
 - (c) Economic considerations for future system investments.
- (32) Within the amounts provided in this section, \$28,000,000 of the transportation partnership account—state appropriation is for project 600010A, as identified in the LEAP transportation document in subsection (1) of this section: NSC-North Spokane corridor design and right-of-way new alignment. Expenditure of these funds is for preliminary engineering and right-of-way purchasing to prepare for four lanes to be built from where existing construction ends at Francis Avenue for three miles to the Spokane river. Additionally, any savings realized on project 600001A, as identified in the LEAP transportation document in subsection (1) of this section: US 395/NSC-Francis Avenue to Farwell Road New Alignment, must be applied to project 600010A.
- (33) \$400,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for the department to conduct a state route number 2 route development

plan that will identify essential improvements needed between the port of Everett/Naval station and approaching the state route number 9 interchange near the city of Snohomish.

- (34) If the SR 26 Intersection and Illumination Improvements are not completed by June 30, 2009, the department shall ensure that the improvements are completed as soon as practicable after June 30, 2009, and shall submit monthly progress reports on the improvements beginning July 1, 2009.
- (35) \$200,000 of the transportation partnership account—state appropriation, identified on project number 400506A in the LEAP transportation document described in subsection (1) of this section, is provided solely for the department to work with the department of archaeology and historic preservation to ensure that the cultural resources investigation is properly conducted on the Columbia river crossing project. This project must be conducted with active archaeological management and result in one report that spans the single cultural area in Oregon and Washington. Additionally, the department shall establish a scientific peer review of independent archaeologists that are knowledgeable about the region and its cultural resources.
- (36) The department shall work with the department of archaeology and historic preservation to ensure that the cultural resources investigation is properly conducted on all mega-highway projects and large ferry terminal projects. These projects must be conducted with active archaeological management. Additionally, the department shall establish a scientific peer review of independent archaeologists that are knowledgeable about the region and its cultural resources.
- (37) Within the amounts provided in this section, \$1,500,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely for necessary work along the south side of SR 532, identified as project number 053255C in the LEAP transportation document described in subsection (1) of this section.
- (38) \$10,000,000 of the transportation partnership account—state appropriation is provided solely for the Spokane street viaduct portion of project 809936Z, SR 99/Alaskan Way Viaduct Replacement project as indicated in the LEAP transportation document referenced in subsection (1) of this section.
- (39) The department shall conduct a public outreach process to identify and respond to community concerns regarding the portion of John's Creek Road that connects state route number 3 and state route number 101. The process must include representatives from Mason county, the legislature, area businesses, and community members. The department shall use this process to consider, develop, and design a project scope so that the community's needs are met for the lowest cost. The department shall provide a report on the process and outcomes to the legislature by June 30, 2010.
- (40) The department shall apply for the competitive portion of federal transit administration funds for eligible transit-related costs of the state route number 520 bridge replacement and HOV project and the Columbia river crossing project. The federal funds described in this subsection must not include those federal transit administration funds distributed by formula. The department shall provide a report regarding this effort to the legislature by January 1, 2010.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 307. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—PRESERVATION—PROGRAM P

TRANSPORTATION—PRESERVATION—PROGRAM P
Transportation Partnership Account—State
Appropriation
Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation
Motor Vehicle Account—Federal Appropriation
Motor Vehicle Account—Private/Local Appropriation
Transportation 2003 Account (Nickel Account)—State
Appropriation
Puyallup Tribal Settlement Account—State
Appropriation
TOTAL APPROPRIATION

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) Except as provided otherwise in this section, the entire transportation 2003 account (nickel account) appropriation and the entire transportation partnership account appropriation are provided solely for the projects and activities as listed by fund, project, and amount in LEAP Transportation Document 2009-1 as developed April 24, 2009, Program Highway Preservation Program (P). However, limited transfers of specific line-item project appropriations may occur between projects for those amounts listed subject to the conditions and limitations in section 603 of this act.
- (2) \$544,639 of the motor vehicle account—federal appropriation and \$455,361 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation are provided solely for project 602110F, as identified in the LEAP transportation document in subsection (1) of this section: SR 21/Keller ferry boat Preservation. Funds are provided solely for preservation work on the existing vessel, the Martha S.
- (3) The department shall apply for surface transportation program (STP) enhancement funds to be expended in lieu of or in addition to state funds for eligible costs of projects in Programs I and P.
- (4) \$6,500,000 of the Puyallup tribal settlement account—state appropriation is provided solely for mitigation costs associated with the Murray Morgan/11th Street bridge demolition. The department may negotiate with the city of Tacoma for the purpose of transferring ownership of the Murray Morgan/11th Street bridge to the city. If the city agrees to accept ownership of the bridge, the department may use the Puyallup tribal settlement account appropriation and other appropriated funds for bridge rehabilitation, bridge replacement, bridge demolition, and related mitigation. The department's participation, including prior expenditures, may not exceed \$39,953,000. Funds may not be expended unless the city of Tacoma agrees to take ownership of the bridge in its entirety and provides that the payment of these funds extinguishes any real or implied agreements regarding future bridge expenditures.
- (5) The department and the city of Tacoma must present to the legislature an agreement on the timing of the transfer of ownership of the Murray Morgan/11th Street bridge and any additional necessary state funding required to achieve the transfer and rehabilitation of the bridge by January 1, 2010.
- (6) The department shall, on a quarterly basis beginning July 1, 2009, provide to the office of financial management and the legislature reports

providing the status on each active project funded in part or whole by the transportation 2003 account (nickel account) or the transportation partnership account. Funding provided at a programmatic level for transportation partnership account projects relating to seismic bridges should be reported on a programmatic basis. Projects within this programmatic level funding should be completed on a priority basis and scoped to be completed within the current programmatic budget. The department shall work with the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature to agree on report formatting and elements. Elements must include, but not be limited to, project scope, schedule, and costs. For new construction contracts valued at fifteen million dollars or more, the department must also use an earned value method of project monitoring. The department shall also provide the information required under this subsection on a quarterly basis via the transportation executive information systems (TEIS).

- (7) The department of transportation shall continue to implement the lowest life cycle cost planning approach to pavement management throughout the state to encourage the most effective and efficient use of pavement preservation funds. Emphasis should be placed on increasing the number of roads addressed on time and reducing the number of roads past due.
- (8)(a) The department shall conduct an analysis of state highway pavement replacement needs for the next ten years. The report must include:
- (i) The current backlog of asphalt and concrete pavement preservation projects;
- (ii) The level of investment needed to reduce or eliminate the backlog and resume the lowest life-cycle cost;
- (iii) Strategies for addressing the recent rapid escalation of asphalt prices, including alternatives to using hot mix asphalt;
- (iv) Criteria for determining which type of pavement will be used for specific projects, including annualized cost per mile, traffic volume per lane mile, and heavy truck traffic volume per lane mile; and
- (v) The use of recycled asphalt and concrete in state highway construction and the effect on highway pavement replacement needs.
- (b) Additionally, the department shall work with the department of ecology, the county road administration board, and the transportation improvement board to explore and explain the potential use of permeable asphalt and concrete pavement in state highway construction as an alternative method of storm water mitigation and the potential effects on highway pavement replacement needs.
- (c) The department shall submit the report to the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature by December 1, 2010, in order to inform the development of the 2011-13 omnibus transportation appropriations act.
- (9) \$1,722 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation, \$9,608,115 of the motor vehicle account—federal appropriation, and \$272,141 of the transportation partnership account—state appropriation are provided solely for the SR 104/Hood Canal bridge replace east half project, identified as project 310407B in the LEAP transportation document described in subsection (1) of this section.
- (10) Within the motor vehicle account—state appropriation and motor vehicle account—federal appropriation, the department may transfer funds

between programs I and P, except for funds that are otherwise restricted in this act.

- (11) Within the amounts provided in this section, \$1,510,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is provided solely to complete the rehabilitation of the SR 532/84th Avenue NW bridge deck.
- (12) \$1,500,000 of the motor vehicle account—federal appropriation is provided solely for the environmental impact statement and preliminary planning for the replacement of the state route number 9 Snohomish river bridge.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 308. FOR THE DEPARTMENT TRANSPORTATION—TRAFFIC OPERATIONS—PROGRAM 0— CAPITAL

Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation	\$6,394,000
Motor Vehicle Account—Federal Appropriation	
TOTAL APPROPRIATION	\$15,656,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 309. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—WASHINGTON STATE FERRIES CONSTRUCTION—PROGRAM W

Puget Sound Capital	Construction Account—State	
Appropriation		

Puget Sound Capital Construction Account—Federal

Puget Sound Capital Construction Account—Local

Transportation 2003 Account (Nickel Account)—State

Transportation Partnership Account—State

Multimodal Transportation Account—State Appropriation \$170,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations.

- (1) \$118,752,000 of the Puget Sound capital construction account—state appropriation, \$38,306,000 of the Puget Sound capital construction account federal appropriation, \$8,492,000 of the Puget Sound capital construction account—local appropriation, \$67,234,000 of the transportation partnership account—state appropriation, \$51,734,000 of the transportation 2003 account (nickel account)—state appropriation, and \$170,000 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation are provided solely for ferry capital projects, project support, and administration as listed in LEAP Transportation Document ALL PROJECTS 2009-2 as developed April 24, 2009, Program -Ferries Construction Program (W). Of the total appropriation, a maximum of \$10,627,000 may be used for administrative support, a maximum of \$8,184,000 may be used for terminal project support, and a maximum of \$4,497,000 may be used for vessel project support.
- (2) \$51,734,000 of the transportation 2003 account (nickel account)—state appropriation and \$63,100,000 of the transportation partnership account—state appropriation are provided solely for the acquisition of three new Island Home class ferry vessels subject to the conditions of RCW 47.56.780. The department

shall pursue a contract for the second and third Island Home class ferry vessels with an option to purchase a fourth Island Home class ferry vessel. However, if sufficient resources are available to build one 144-auto vessel prior to exercising the option to build the fourth Island Home class ferry vessel, procurement of the fourth Island Home class ferry vessel will be postponed and the department shall pursue procurement of a 144-auto vessel.

- (a) The first two Island Home class ferry vessels must be placed on the Port Townsend-Keystone route.
- (b) The department may add additional passenger capacity to one of the Island Home class ferry vessels to make it more flexible within the system in the future, if doing so does not require additional staffing on the vessel.
- (c) Cost savings from the following initiatives will be included in the funding of these vessels: The department's review and update of the vessel lifecycle cost model as required under this section; and the implementation of technology efficiencies as required under section 602 of this act.
- (3) \$2,450,000 of the Puget Sound capital construction account—state appropriation is provided solely for contingencies associated with closing out the existing contract for the technical design of the 144-auto vessel and the storage and maintenance of vessel owner-furnished equipment already procured. The department shall use as much of the already procured equipment as is practicable on the Island Home class ferry vessel if it is likely to be obsolete before it is used in procured 144-auto vessels.
- (4) \$6,300,000 of the Puget Sound capital construction account—state appropriation is provided solely for emergency capital costs.
- (5) The Anacortes terminal may be replaced if additional federal funds are sought and received by the department. If federal funds received are not sufficient to replace the terminal, only usable, discrete phases of the project, up to the amount of federal funds received, may be constructed with the funds.
- (6) \$3,965,000 of the Puget Sound capital construction account—state appropriation is provided solely for the following vessel projects: Waste heat recovery pilot project; steering gear ventilation pilot project; and a new propulsion system for the MV Yakima. Before beginning these projects, the Washington state ferries must ensure the vessels' out-of-service time does not negatively impact service to the system.
- (7) The department shall pursue purchasing a foreign-flagged vessel for service on the Anacortes, Washington to Sidney, British Columbia ferry route.
- (8) The department shall provide to the office of financial management and the legislature quarterly reports providing the status on each project listed in this section and in the project lists submitted pursuant to this act and on any additional projects for which the department has expended funds during the 2009-11 fiscal biennium. Elements must include, but not be limited to, project scope, schedule, and costs. The department shall also provide the information required under this subsection via the transportation executive information systems (TEIS). The quarterly report regarding the status of projects identified on the list referenced in subsection (1) of this section must be developed according to an earned value method of project monitoring.
- (9) The department shall review and adjust its capital program staffing levels to ensure staffing is at the most efficient level necessary to implement the capital program in the omnibus transportation appropriations act. The

Washington state ferries shall report this review and adjustment to the office of financial management and the house and senate transportation committees of the legislature by July 2009.

- (10) \$3,763,000 of the total appropriation is provided solely for the Washington state ferries to develop a reservation system. The department shall complete a predesign study and present the study to the joint transportation committee by November 1, 2009. This analysis must include an evaluation of the compatibility of the Washington state ferries' electronic fare system, proposed reservation system, and the implementation of smart card. The department may not implement a statewide reservation system until the department is authorized to do so in the 2010 supplemental omnibus transportation appropriations act.
- (11) \$1,200,000 of the total appropriation is provided solely for improving the toll booth configuration at the Port Townsend and Keystone ferry terminals.
- (12) \$3,249,915 of the total appropriation is provided solely for continued permitting and archaeological work in order to determine the feasibility of relocating the Mukilteo ferry terminal. In order to ensure that the cultural resources investigation is properly conducted in a coordinated fashion, the department shall work with the department of archaeology and historic preservation and shall conduct work with active archaeological management. The department shall seek additional federal funding for this project.
- (13) The department shall develop a proposed ferry vessel maintenance, preservation, and improvement program and present it to the transportation committees of the legislature by July 1, 2010. The proposal must:
- (a) Improve the basis for budgeting vessel maintenance, preservation, and improvement costs and for projecting those costs into a sixteen-year financial plan;
- (b) Limit the amount of planned out-of-service time to the greatest extent possible, including options associated with department staff as well as commercial shipyards. At a minimum, the department shall consider the following:
- (i) The costs compared to benefits of Eagle Harbor repair and maintenance facility operations options to include staffing costs and benefits in terms of reduced out-of-service time;
- (ii) The maintenance requirements for on-vessel staff, including the benefits of a systemwide standard;
- (iii) The costs compared to benefits of staff performing preservation or maintenance work, or both, while the vessel is underway, tied up between sailings, or not deployed;
- (iv) A review of the department's vessel maintenance, preservation, and improvement program contracting process and contractual requirements;
- (v) The costs compared to benefits of allowing for increased costs associated with expedited delivery;
- (vi) A method for comparing the anticipated out-of-service time of proposed projects and other projects planned during the same construction period;
 - (vii) Coordination with required United States coast guard dry dockings;
- (viii) A method for comparing how proposed projects relate to the service requirements of the route on which the vessel normally operates; and

- (ix) A method for evaluating the ongoing maintenance and preservation costs associated with proposed improvement projects; and
- (c) Be based on the service plan in the capital plan, recognizing that vessel preservation and improvement needs may vary by route.
- (14) \$247,000 of the Puget Sound capital construction account—state appropriation is provided solely for the Washington state ferries to review and update its vessel life-cycle cost model and report the results to the house of representatives and senate transportation committees of the legislature by December 1, 2009. This review will evaluate the impact of the planned out-of-service periods scheduled for each vessel on the ability of the overall system to deliver uninterrupted service and will assess the risk of service disruption from unscheduled maintenance or longer than planned maintenance periods.
- (15) The department shall work with the department of archaeology and historic preservation to ensure that the cultural resources investigation is properly conducted on all large ferry terminal projects. These projects must be conducted with active archaeological management. Additionally, the department shall establish a scientific peer review of independent archaeologists that are knowledgeable about the region and its cultural resources.
- (16) The Puget Sound capital construction account—state appropriation includes up to \$118,000,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.10.843.

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1)(a) Except as provided otherwise in this section, the entire appropriations in this section are provided solely for the projects and activities as listed by fund, project, and amount in LEAP Transportation Document ALL PROJECTS 2009-2 as developed April 24, 2009, Program Rail Capital Program (Y). However, limited transfers of specific line-item project appropriations may occur between projects for those amounts listed subject to the conditions and limitations in section 603 of this act.
- (b)(i) Within the amounts provided in this section, \$116,000 of the transportation infrastructure account—state appropriation is for a low-interest loan through the freight rail investment bank program to the Port of Ephrata for rehabilitation of a rail spur.
- (ii) Within the amounts provided in this section, \$1,200,000 of the transportation infrastructure account—state appropriation is for a low-interest

loan through the freight rail investment bank program to the Port of Everett for a new rail track to connect a cement loading facility to the mainline.

- (iii) Within the amounts provided in this section, \$3,684,000 of the transportation infrastructure account—state appropriation is for a low-interest loan through the freight rail investment bank program to the Port of Quincy for construction of a rail loop.
- (iv) The department shall issue the loans referenced in this subsection (1)(b) with a repayment period of no more than ten years, and only so much interest as is necessary to recoup the department's costs to administer the loans.
- (c)(i) Within the amounts provided in this section, \$1,712,022 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation and \$175,000 of the essential rail assistance account—state appropriation are for statewide emergent freight rail assistance projects as follows: Port of Ephrata/Ephrata additional spur rehabilitation (BIN 722710A) \$362,746; Tacoma Rail/Tacoma new refinery spur tracks (BIN 711010A) \$420,000; CW Line/Lincoln County grade crossing rehabilitation (BIN 700610A) \$370,650; Clark County owned railroad/Vancouver track rehabilitation (BIN 710110A) \$366,813; Tacoma Rail/Tacoma improved locomotive facility (BIN 711010B) \$366,813.
- (ii) Within the amounts provided in this section, \$500,000 of the essential rail assistance account—state appropriation and \$25,000 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation are for a statewide emergent freight rail assistance project grant for the Tacoma Rail/Roy new connection to BNSF and Yelm (BIN 711310A) project, provided that the grantee first executes a written instrument that imposes on the grantee the obligation to repay the grant within thirty days in the event that the grantee discontinues or significantly diminishes service along the line within a period of five years from the date that the grant is awarded.
- (iii) Within the amounts provided in this section, \$337,978 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation is for a statewide emergent freight rail assistance project grant for the Lincoln County PDA/ Creston new rail spur (BIN 710510A) project, provided that the grantee first documents to the satisfaction of the department sufficient commitments from the new shipper or shippers to locate in the publicly owned industrial park west of Creston to ensure that the net present value of the public benefits of the project is greater than the grant amount.
- (d) Within the amounts provided in this section, \$8,100,000 of the transportation infrastructure account—state appropriation is for grants to any intergovernmental entity or local rail district to which the department of transportation assigns the management and oversight responsibility for the business and economic development elements of existing operating leases on the Palouse River and Coulee City (PCC) rail lines. The PCC rail line system is made up of the CW, P&L, and PV Hooper rail lines. Business and economic development elements include such items as levels of service and business operating plans, but must not include the state's oversight of railroad regulatory compliance, rail infrastructure condition, or real property management issues. The PCC rail system must be managed in a self-sustaining manner and best efforts must be used to ensure that it does not require state capital or operating subsidy beyond the level of state funding expended on it to date. The assignment of the stated responsibilities to an intergovernmental entity or rail

district must be on terms and conditions as the department of transportation and the intergovernmental entity or rail district mutually agree. The grant funds may be used only to refurbish the rail lines. It is the intent of the legislature to make the funds appropriated in this section available as grants to an intergovernmental entity or local rail district for the purposes stated in this section at least until June 30, 2012, and to reappropriate as necessary any portion of the appropriation in this section that is not used by June 30, 2011.

- (2)(a) The department shall issue a call for projects for the freight rail investment bank program and the emergent freight rail assistance program, and shall evaluate the applications according to the cost benefit methodology developed during the 2008 interim using the legislative priorities specified in (c) of this subsection. By November 1, 2010, the department shall submit a prioritized list of recommended projects to the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature.
- (b) When the department identifies a prospective rail project that may have strategic significance for the state, or at the request of a proponent of a prospective rail project or a member of the legislature, the department shall evaluate the prospective project according to the cost benefit methodology developed during the 2008 interim using the legislative priorities specified in (c) of this subsection. The department shall report its cost benefit evaluation of the prospective rail project, as well as the department's best estimate of an appropriate construction schedule and total project costs, to the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature.
- (c) The legislative priorities to be used in the cost benefit methodology are, in order of relative importance:
- (i) Economic, safety, or environmental advantages of freight movement by rail compared to alternative modes;
 - (ii) Self-sustaining economic development that creates family-wage jobs;
 - (iii) Preservation of transportation corridors that would otherwise be lost;
- (iv) Increased access to efficient and cost-effective transport to market for Washington's agricultural and industrial products;
- (v) Better integration and cooperation within the regional, national, and international systems of freight distribution; and
 - (vi) Mitigation of impacts of increased rail traffic on communities.
- (3) The department is directed to seek the use of unprogrammed federal rail crossing funds to be expended in lieu of or in addition to state funds for eligible costs of projects in program Y.
- (4) At the earliest possible date, the department shall apply, and assist ports and local jurisdictions in applying, for any federal funding that may be available for any projects that may qualify for such federal funding. State projects must be (a) currently identified on the project list referenced in subsection (1)(a) of this section or (b) projects for which no state match is required to complete the project. Local or port projects must not require additional state funding in order to complete the project, with the exception of (c) state funds currently appropriated for such project if currently identified on the project list referenced in subsection (1)(a) of this section or (d) potential grants awarded in the competitive grant process for the essential rail assistance program. If the department receives any federal funding, the department is authorized to obligate and spend the federal funds in accordance with federal law. To the

extent permissible by federal law, federal funds may be used (e) in addition to state funds appropriated for projects currently identified on the project list referenced in subsection (1)(a) of this section in order to advance funding from future biennia for such project(s) or (f) in lieu of state funds; however, the state funds must be redirected within the rail capital program to advance funding for other projects currently identified on the project list referenced in subsection (1)(a) of this section. State funds may be redirected only upon consultation with the transportation committees of the legislature and the office of financial management, and approval by the director of the office of financial management. The department shall spend the federal funds before the state funds, and shall consult the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature regarding project scope changes.

- (5) The department shall provide quarterly reports to the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature regarding applications that the department submits for federal funds, the status of such applications, and the status of projects identified on the list referenced in subsection (1)(a) of this section. The quarterly report regarding the status of projects identified on the list referenced in subsection (1)(a) of this section must be developed according to an earned value method of project monitoring.
- (6) The multimodal transportation account—state appropriation includes up to \$20,000,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.10.867.
- (7) When the balance of that portion of the miscellaneous program account apportioned to the department for the grain train program reaches \$1,180,000, the department shall acquire twenty-nine additional grain train railcars.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 311. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—LOCAL PROGRAMS—PROGRAM Z—
CAPITAL
Highway Infrastructure Account—State Appropriation\$207,000
Highway Infrastructure Account—Federal
Appropriation
Freight Mobility Investment Account—State
Appropriation
Transportation Partnership Account—State
Appropriation
Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation
Motor Vehicle Account—Federal Appropriation
Freight Mobility Multimodal Account—State
Appropriation
Freight Mobility Multimodal Account—Local Appropriation
Appropriation
Appropriation
Multimodal Transportation Account—State
Appropriation
Transportation 2003 Account (Nickel Account)—State
Appropriation
Passenger Ferry Account—State Appropriation. \$2,879,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The department shall, on a quarterly basis, provide status reports to the legislature on the delivery of projects as outlined in the project lists incorporated in this section. For projects funded by new revenue in the 2003 and 2005 transportation packages, reporting elements shall include, but not be limited to, project scope, schedule, and costs. Other projects may be reported on a programmatic basis. The department shall also provide the information required under this subsection on a quarterly basis via the transportation executive information system (TEIS).
- (2) \$2,729,000 of the passenger ferry account—state appropriation is provided solely for near and long-term costs of capital improvements in a business plan approved by the governor for passenger ferry service.
- (3) \$150,000 of the passenger ferry account—state appropriation is provided solely for the Port of Kingston for a one-time operating subsidy needed to retain a federal grant.
- (4) \$3,000,000 of the motor vehicle account—federal appropriation is provided solely for the Coal Creek parkway project (L1000025).
- (5) The department shall seek the use of unprogrammed federal rail crossing funds to be expended in lieu of or in addition to state funds for eligible costs of projects in local programs, program Z capital.
- (6) The department shall apply for surface transportation program (STP) enhancement funds to be expended in lieu of or in addition to state funds for eligible costs of projects in local programs, program Z capital.
- (7) Federal funds may be transferred from program Z to programs I and P and state funds shall be transferred from programs I and P to program Z to replace those federal funds in a dollar-for-dollar match. Fund transfers authorized under this subsection shall not affect project prioritization status. Appropriations shall initially be allotted as appropriated in this act. The department may not transfer funds as authorized under this subsection without approval of the office of financial management. The department shall submit a report on those projects receiving fund transfers to the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature by December 1, 2009, and December 1, 2010.
- (8) The city of Winthrop may utilize a design-build process for the Winthrop bike path project. Of the amount appropriated in this section for this project, \$500,000 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation is contingent upon the state receiving from the city of Winthrop \$500,000 in federal funds awarded to the city of Winthrop by its local planning organization.
- (9) \$18,182,113 of the multimodal transportation account—state appropriation, \$8,753,895 of the motor vehicle account—federal appropriation, and \$4,000,000 of the transportation partnership account—state appropriation are provided solely for the pedestrian and bicycle safety program projects and safe routes to schools program projects identified in LEAP Transportation Document 2009-A, pedestrian and bicycle safety program projects and safe routes to schools program projects, as developed March 30, 2009, LEAP Transportation Document 2007-A, pedestrian and bicycle safety program projects and safe routes to schools program projects, as developed April 20, 2007, and LEAP Transportation Document 2006-B, pedestrian and bicycle

safety program projects and safe routes to schools program projects, as developed March 8, 2006. Projects must be allocated funding based on order of priority. The department shall review all projects receiving grant awards under this program at least semiannually to determine whether the projects are making satisfactory progress. Any project that has been awarded funds, but does not report activity on the project within one year of the grant award must be reviewed by the department to determine whether the grant should be terminated. The department shall promptly close out grants when projects have been completed, and identify where unused grant funds remain because actual project costs were lower than estimated in the grant award.

- (10) Except as provided otherwise in this section, the entire appropriations in this section are provided solely for the projects and activities as listed by fund, project, and amount in LEAP Transportation Document ALL PROJECTS 2009-2 as developed April 24, 2009, Programs Local Program (Z).
- (11) For the 2009-11 project appropriations, unless otherwise provided in this act, the director of financial management may authorize a transfer of appropriation authority between projects managed by the freight mobility strategic investment board in order for the board to manage project spending and efficiently deliver all projects in the respective program.
- (12) \$913,386 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation and \$2,858,216 of the motor vehicle account—federal appropriation are provided solely for completion of the US 101 northeast peninsula safety rest area and associated roadway improvements east of Port Angeles at the Deer Park scenic view point. The department must surplus any right-of-way previously purchased for this project near Sequim. Approval to proceed with construction is contingent on surplus of previously purchased right-of-way. \$865,000 of the motor vehicle account—state appropriation is to be placed into unallotted status until such time as the right-of-way sale is completed.

TRANSFERS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. FOR THE STATE TREASU	RER—BOND
RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOI	
REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR B	OND SALES
DISCOUNTS AND DEBT TO BE PAID BY MOTO	R VEHICLE
ACCOUNT AND TRANSPORTATION FUND REVENUE	
Highway Bond Retirement Account Appropriation	\$742,400,000
Farry Bond Patirament Account Appropriation	

Multimodal Transportation Account—State Appropriation \$283,000 TOTAL APPROPRIATION \$831,004,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. FOR THE STATE TREASURER—BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR BOND SALE EXPENSES AND FISCAL AGENT CHARGES
Transportation Partnership Account—State Appropriation
Special Category C Account—State Appropriation
TOTAL APPROPRIATION
AND TRANSFERS Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation: For transfer to the Puget Sound Capital Construction Account
The department of transportation is authorized to sell up to \$118,000,000 in bonds authorized by RCW 47.10.843 for vessel and terminal acquisition, major and minor improvements, and long lead-time materials acquisition for the Washington state ferries.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 404. FOR THE STATE TREASURER—STATE REVENUES FOR DISTRIBUTION Motor Vehicle Account Appropriation for
motor vehicle fuel tax distributions to cities and counties
NEW SECTION. Sec. 405. FOR THE STATE TREASURER— TRANSFERS Motor Vehicle Account—State
refunds and statutory transfers
LICENSING—TRANSFERS Motor Vehicle Account—State
Appropriation: For motor vehicle fuel tax refunds and transfers
NEW SECTION. Sec. 407. FOR THE STATE TREASURER—ADMINISTRATIVE TRANSFERS (1) Tacoma Narrows Toll Bridge Account—State
Appropriation: For transfer to the Motor Vehicle Account—State

(2) Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation:
For transfer to the Puget Sound Ferry Operations
Account—State\$17,000,000
(3) Recreational Vehicle Account—State
Appropriation: For transfer to the Motor Vehicle
Account—State\$2,000,000
(4) License Plate Technology Account—State
Appropriation: For transfer to the Highway Safety
Account—State\$2,750,000
(5) Multimodal Transportation Account—State
Appropriation: For transfer to the Puget Sound
Ferry Operations Account—State\$9,000,000
(6) Highway Safety Account—State Appropriation:
For transfer to the Multimodal Transportation
Account—State\$18,750,000
(7) Department of Licensing Services Account—State
Appropriation: For transfer to the Motor Vehicle
Account—State\$2,000,000
(8) Advanced Right-of-Way Account: For transfer
to the Motor Vehicle Account—State
(9) Motor Vehicle Account—State Appropriation:
For transfer to the Transportation Partnership
Account—State

The transfers identified in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The amount transferred in subsection (1) of this section represents repayment of operating loans and reserve payments provided to the Tacoma Narrows toll bridge account from the motor vehicle account in the 2005-07 fiscal biennium.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 408. STATUTORY APPROPRIATIONS. In addition to the amounts appropriated in this act for revenue for distribution, state contributions to the law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system, and bond retirement and interest including ongoing bond registration and transfer charges, transfers, interest on registered warrants, and certificates of indebtedness, there is also appropriated such further amounts as may be required or available for these purposes under any statutory formula or under any proper bond covenant made under law.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 409.** The department of transportation is authorized to undertake federal advance construction projects under the provisions of 23 U.S.C. Sec. 115 in order to maintain progress in meeting approved highway construction and preservation objectives. The legislature recognizes that the use of state funds may be required to temporarily fund expenditures of the federal appropriations for the highway construction and preservation programs for federal advance construction projects prior to conversion to federal funding.

COMPENSATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 501. FOR THE OFFICE OF FIN	
MANAGEMENT—REVISED PENSION CONTRIBUTION RAT	TES
Aeronautics Account—State	.(\$40,000)
Grade Crossing Protective Account—State	(\$2,000)
State Patrol Highway Account—State	5,593,000)
Motorcycle Safety Education Account—State	.(\$18,000)
High Occupancy Toll Lanes Operations Account—State	.(\$20,000)
Rural Arterial Trust Account—State	.(\$20,000)
Wildlife Account—State	
Highway Safety Account—State	
Highway Safety Account—Federal	.(\$56,000)
Motor Vehicle Account—State	1,348,000)
Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account—State	5,019,000)
Urban Arterial Trust Account—State	.(\$26,000)
Transportation Improvement Account—State	.(\$26,000)
County Arterial Preservation Account—State	.(\$22,000)
Department of Licensing Services Account—State	.(\$36,000)
Multimodal Transportation Account—State	
Tacoma Narrows Toll Bridge Account—State	
Puget Sound Capital Construction Account—State	
Motor Vehicle Account—Federal(\$	

Appropriations are adjusted to reflect changes to appropriations to reflect savings resulting from pension funding. The office of financial management shall update agency appropriations schedules to reflect the changes to funding levels in this section as identified by agency and fund in LEAP transportation document Z9R-2009. From the applicable accounts, the office of financial management shall adjust allotments to the respective agencies by an amount that conforms with funding adjustments enacted in the 2009-11 omnibus operating appropriations act. Any allotment reductions under this section shall be placed in reserve status and remain unexpended.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 502. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT—REVISED EMPLOYER HEALTH BENEFIT RATES Aeronautics Account—State.....\$9,000 High Occupancy Toll Lanes Operations Account—State......\$5,000 Highway Safety Account—State\$644,000

Multimodal Transportation Account—State	\$43,000
Tacoma Narrows Toll Bridge Account—State	. \$7,000
Motor Vehicle Account—Federal\$2	,108,000

Appropriations are adjusted to reflect changes to appropriations to reflect changes in the employer cost of providing health benefit coverage. The office of financial management shall update agency appropriations schedules to reflect the changes to funding levels in this section as identified by agency and fund in LEAP transportation document 6M-2009. From the applicable accounts, the office of financial management shall adjust allotments to the respective agencies by an amount that conforms with funding adjustments enacted in the 2009-11 omnibus operating appropriations act. Any allotment reductions under this section shall be placed in reserve status and remain unexpended.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 503. COMPENSATION—INSURANCE BENEFITS.** Appropriations for state agencies in this act are sufficient for nonrepresented and represented state employee health benefits for state agencies, and are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1)(a) The monthly employer funding rate for insurance benefit premiums, public employees' benefits board administration, and the uniform medical plan, shall not exceed \$745 per eligible employee for fiscal year 2010. For fiscal year 2011, the monthly employer funding rate shall not exceed \$768 per eligible employee.
- (b) In order to achieve the level of funding provided for health benefits, the public employees' benefits board shall require any or all of the following: Employee premium copayments; increases in point-of-service cost sharing; the implementation of managed competition; or make other changes to benefits consistent with RCW 41.05.065. During the 2009-11 fiscal biennium, the board may only authorize benefit plans and premium contributions for an employee and the employee's dependents that are the same, regardless of an employee's status as represented or nonrepresented under the personnel system reform act of 2002.
- (c) The health care authority shall deposit any moneys received on behalf of the uniform medical plan as a result of rebates on prescription drugs, audits of hospitals, subrogation payments, or any other moneys recovered as a result of prior uniform medical plan claims payments into the public employees' and retirees' insurance account to be used for insurance benefits. Such receipts shall not be used for administrative expenditures.
- (d) The conditions in this section apply to benefits for nonrepresented employees, employees represented by the super coalition, and represented employees outside of the super coalition, including employees represented under chapter 47.64 RCW.
- (2) The health care authority, subject to the approval of the public employees' benefits board, shall provide subsidies for health benefit premiums to eligible retired or disabled public employees and school district employees who are eligible for medicare, pursuant to RCW 41.05.085. From January 1, 2010, through December 31, 2010, the subsidy shall be \$182.89. Beginning January 1, 2011, the subsidy shall be \$182.89 per month.

IMPLEMENTING PROVISIONS

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 601. INFORMATION SYSTEMS PROJECTS.** Agencies shall comply with the following requirements regarding information systems projects when specifically directed to do so by this act.

- (1) Agency planning and decisions concerning information technology shall be made in the context of its information technology portfolio. "Information technology portfolio" means a strategic management approach in which the relationships between agency missions and information technology investments can be seen and understood, such that: Technology efforts are linked to agency objectives and business plans; the impact of new investments on existing infrastructure and business functions are assessed and understood before implementation; and agency activities are consistent with the development of an integrated, nonduplicative statewide infrastructure.
- (2) Agencies shall use their information technology portfolios in making decisions on matters related to the following:
 - (a) System refurbishment, acquisitions, and development efforts;
- (b) Setting goals and objectives for using information technology in meeting legislatively-mandated missions and business needs;
- (c) Assessment of overall information processing performance, resources, and capabilities;
- (d) Ensuring appropriate transfer of technological expertise for the operation of any new systems developed using external resources; and
 - (e) Progress toward enabling electronic access to public information.
- (3) Each project will be planned and designed to take optimal advantage of Internet technologies and protocols. Agencies shall ensure that the project is in compliance with the architecture, infrastructure, principles, policies, and standards of digital government as maintained by the information services board.
- (4) The agency shall produce a feasibility study for information technology projects at the direction of the information services board and in accordance with published department of information services policies and guidelines. At a minimum, such studies shall include a statement of: (a) The purpose or impetus for change; (b) the business value to the agency, including an examination and evaluation of benefits, advantages, and cost; (c) a comprehensive risk assessment based on the proposed project's impact on both citizens and state operations, its visibility, and the consequences of doing nothing; (d) the impact on agency and statewide information infrastructure; and (e) the impact of the proposed enhancements to an agency's information technology capabilities on meeting service delivery demands.
- (5) The agency shall produce a comprehensive management plan for each project. The plan or plans shall address all factors critical to successful completion of each project. The plan(s) shall include, but is not limited to, the following elements: A description of the problem or opportunity that the information technology project is intended to address; a statement of project objectives and assumptions; a definition and schedule of phases, tasks, and activities to be accomplished; and the estimated cost of each phase. The planning for the phased approach shall be such that the business case justification for a project needs to demonstrate how the project recovers cost or

adds measurable value or positive cost benefit to the agency's business functions within each development cycle.

- (6) The agency shall produce quality assurance plans for information technology projects. Consistent with the direction of the information services board and the published policies and guidelines of the department of information services, the quality assurance plan shall address all factors critical to successful completion of the project and successful integration with the agency and state information technology infrastructure. At a minimum, quality assurance plans shall provide time and budget benchmarks against which project progress can be measured, a specification of quality assurance responsibilities, and a statement of reporting requirements. The quality assurance plans shall set out the functionality requirements for each phase of a project.
- (7) A copy of each feasibility study, project management plan, and quality assurance plan shall be provided to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and legislative fiscal committees. The plans and studies shall demonstrate a sound business case that justifies the investment of taxpayer funds on any new project, an assessment of the impact of the proposed system on the existing information technology infrastructure, the disciplined use of preventative measures to mitigate risk, and the leveraging of private-sector expertise as needed. Authority to expend any funds for individual information systems projects is conditioned on the approval of the relevant feasibility study, project management plan, and quality assurance plan by the department of information services and the office of financial management.
- (8) Quality assurance status reports shall be submitted to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and legislative fiscal committees at intervals specified in the project's quality assurance plan.

*NEW SECTION. Sec. 602. Transportation agencies shall consider some or all of the following strategies to achieve savings on information technology expenditures: (a) Holistic virtualization strategies; (b) wide-area network optimization strategies; (c) replacement of traditional telephone communications systems with alternatives; and (d) migration of external voice mail systems to internal voice mail systems. Agencies shall select an experienced firm from the prequalified contractors on the department of information services ITPS master agreement to develop a consolidated strategy and plan to achieve these strategies. By December 1, 2009, agencies shall report findings, including anticipated savings for the 2010 supplemental omnibus transportation appropriations act, to the office of financial management and the transportation committees of the legislature.
*Sec. 602 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 603. FUND TRANSFERS.** (1) The transportation 2003 projects or improvements and the 2005 transportation partnership projects or improvements are listed in LEAP Transportation Document 2009-1 as developed April 24, 2009, which consists of a list of specific projects by fund source and amount over a sixteen year period. Current fiscal biennium funding for each project is a line item appropriation, while the outer year funding allocations represent a sixteen year plan. The department is expected to use the flexibility provided in this section to assist in the delivery and completion of all transportation partnership account and transportation 2003 (nickel) account projects on the LEAP lists referenced in this act. For the 2009-11 project

appropriations, unless otherwise provided in this act, the director of financial management may authorize a transfer of appropriation authority between projects funded with transportation 2003 account (nickel account) appropriations, transportation partnership account appropriations, or multimodal transportation account appropriations, in order to manage project spending and efficiently deliver all projects in the respective program under the following conditions and limitations:

- (a) Transfers may only be made within each specific fund source referenced on the respective project list;
- (b) Transfers from a project may not be made as a result of the reduction of the scope of a project, nor shall a transfer be made to support increases in the scope of a project;
- (c) Each transfer between projects may only occur if the director of financial management finds that any resulting change will not hinder the completion of the projects as approved by the legislature. Until the legislature reconvenes to consider the 2010 supplemental budget, any unexpended 2007-09 appropriation balance as approved by the office of financial management, in consultation with the legislative staff of the house of representatives and senate transportation committees, may be considered when transferring funds between projects;
- (d) Transfers from a project may be made if the funds appropriated to the project are in excess of the amount needed to complete the project;
- (e) Transfers may not occur to projects not identified on the applicable project list, except for those projects that were expected to be completed in the 2007-09 fiscal biennium; and
 - (f) Transfers may not be made while the legislature is in session.
- (2) At the time the department submits a request to transfer funds under this section a copy of the request shall be submitted to the transportation committees of the legislature.
- (3) The office of financial management shall work with legislative staff of the house of representatives and senate transportation committees to review the requested transfers.
- (4) The office of financial management shall document approved transfers and/or schedule changes in the transportation executive information system (TEIS), compare changes to the legislative baseline funding and schedules identified by project identification number identified in the LEAP lists adopted in this act, and transmit revised project lists to chairs of the transportation committees of the legislature on a quarterly basis.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 604.** Executive Order number 05-05, archaeological and cultural resources, was issued effective November 10, 2005. Agencies and higher education institutions that issue grants or loans for capital projects shall comply with the requirements set forth in this executive order.

MISCELLANEOUS 2009-11 FISCAL BIENNIUM

Sec. 701. RCW 46.68.170 and 2007 c 518 s 701 are each amended to read as follows:

There is hereby created in the motor vehicle fund the RV account. All moneys hereafter deposited in said account shall be used by the department of transportation for the construction, maintenance, and operation of recreational

vehicle sanitary disposal systems at safety rest areas in accordance with the department's highway system plan as prescribed in chapter 47.06 RCW. During the ((2005-2007 and)) 2007-2009 and 2009-2011 fiscal biennia, the legislature may transfer from the RV account to the motor vehicle fund such amounts as reflect the excess fund balance of the RV account to accomplish the purposes identified in this section.

Sec. 702. RCW 47.29.170 and 2007 c 518 s 702 are each amended to read as follows:

Before accepting any unsolicited project proposals, the commission must adopt rules to facilitate the acceptance, review, evaluation, and selection of unsolicited project proposals. These rules must include the following:

- (1) Provisions that specify unsolicited proposals must meet predetermined criteria;
- (2) Provisions governing procedures for the cessation of negotiations and consideration;
- (3) Provisions outlining that unsolicited proposals are subject to a two-step process that begins with concept proposals and would only advance to the second step, which are fully detailed proposals, if the commission so directed;
- (4) Provisions that require concept proposals to include at least the following information: Proposers' qualifications and experience; description of the proposed project and impact; proposed project financing; and known public benefits and opposition; and
- (5) Provisions that specify the process to be followed if the commission is interested in the concept proposal, which must include provisions:
- (a) Requiring that information regarding the potential project would be published for a period of not less than thirty days, during which time entities could express interest in submitting a proposal;
- (b) Specifying that if letters of interest were received during the thirty days, then an additional sixty days for submission of the fully detailed proposal would be allowed; and
- (c) Procedures for what will happen if there are insufficient proposals submitted or if there are no letters of interest submitted in the appropriate time frame.

The commission may adopt other rules as necessary to avoid conflicts with existing laws, statutes, or contractual obligations of the state.

The commission may not accept or consider any unsolicited proposals before July 1, ((2009)) 2011.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 703.** To the extent that any appropriation authorizes expenditures of state funds from the motor vehicle account, special category C account, Tacoma Narrows toll bridge account, transportation 2003 account (nickel account), transportation partnership account, transportation improvement account, Puget Sound capital construction account, multimodal transportation account, or other transportation capital project account in the state treasury for a state transportation program that is specified to be funded with proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in chapter 47.10 RCW, the legislature declares that any such expenditures made prior to the issue date of the applicable transportation bonds for that state transportation program are intended to be

reimbursed from proceeds of those transportation bonds in a maximum amount equal to the amount of such appropriation.

Sec. 704. RCW 46.16.685 and 2007 c 518 s 704 are each amended to read as follows:

The license plate technology account is created in the state treasury. All receipts collected under RCW 46.01.140(4)(e)(ii) must be deposited into this account. Expenditures from this account must support current and future license plate technology and systems integration upgrades for both the department and correctional industries. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Additionally, the moneys in this account may be used to reimburse the motor vehicle account for any appropriation made to implement the digital license plate system. During the 2007-2009 and 2009-2011 fiscal ((biennium)) biennia, the legislature may transfer from the license plate technology account to the ((multimodal transportation)) highway safety account such amounts as reflect the excess fund balance of the license plate technology account.

Sec. 705. RCW 47.01.380 and 2006 c 311 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall not commence construction on any part of the state route number 520 bridge replacement and HOV project until a record of decision has been reached providing reasonable assurance that project impacts will be avoided, minimized, or mitigated as much as practicable to protect against further adverse impacts on neighborhood environmental quality as a result of repairs and improvements made to the state route number 520 bridge and its connecting roadways, and that any such impacts will be addressed through engineering design choices, mitigation measures, or a combination of both. The requirements of this section shall not apply to off-site pontoon construction supporting the state route number 520 bridge replacement and HOV project. The requirements of this section shall not apply during the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium.

Sec. 706. RCW 47.01.390 and 2007 c 518 s 705 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) Prior to commencing construction on either project, the department of transportation must complete all of the following requirements for both the Alaskan Way viaduct and Seattle Seawall replacement project, and the state route number 520 bridge replacement and HOV project: (a) In accordance with the national environmental policy act, the department must designate the preferred alternative, prepare a substantial project mitigation plan, and complete a comprehensive cost estimate review using the department's cost estimate validation process, for each project; (b) in accordance with all applicable federal highway administration planning and project management requirements, the department must prepare a project finance plan for each project that clearly identifies secured and anticipated fund sources, cash flow timing requirements, and project staging and phasing plans if applicable; and (c) the department must report these results for each project to the joint transportation committee.
- (2) The requirements of this section shall not apply to (a) utility relocation work, and related activities, on the Alaskan Way viaduct and Seattle Seawall

replacement project and (b) off-site pontoon construction supporting the state route number 520 bridge replacement and HOV project.

- (3) The requirements of subsection (1) of this section shall not apply during the 2007-2009 fiscal biennium.
- (4) The requirements of subsection (1) of this section shall not apply during the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium.
- **Sec. 707.** RCW 47.60.395 and 2007 c 512 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The joint legislative audit and review committee shall assess and report as follows:
- (a) Audit the implementation of the cost allocation methodology evaluated under [section 205,] chapter 518, Laws of 2007, as it exists on July 22, 2007, assessing whether actual costs are allocated consistently with the methodology, whether there are sufficient internal controls to ensure proper allocation, and the adequacy of staff training; and
- (b) Review the assignment of preservation costs and improvement costs for fiscal year 2009 to determine whether:
 - (i) The costs are capital costs;
- (ii) The costs meet the statutory requirements for preservation activities and for improvement activities; and
 - (iii) Improvement costs are within the scope of legislative appropriations.
 - (2) The report on the evaluations in this section is due by January 31, 2010.
 - (3) This section expires December 31, 2010.
- (4) The requirements of this section shall not apply during the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium.
- **Sec. 708.** RCW 88.16.090 and 2008 c 128 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A person may pilot any vessel subject to this chapter on waters covered by this chapter only if licensed to pilot such vessels on such waters under this chapter.
- (2)(a) A person is eligible to be licensed as a pilot or a pilot trainee if the person:
 - (i) Is a citizen of the United States;
 - (ii) Is over the age of twenty-five years and under the age of seventy years;
- (iii)(A) Holds at the time of application, as a minimum, a United States government license as master of steam or motor vessels of not more than one thousand six hundred gross register tons (three thousand international tonnage convention tons) upon oceans, near coastal waters, or inland waters; or the then most equivalent federal license as determined by the board; any such license to have been held by the applicant for a period of at least two years before application;
- (B) Holds at the time of licensure as a pilot, after successful completion of the board-required training program, a first class United States endorsement without restrictions on the United States government license for the pilotage district in which the pilot applicant desires to be licensed; however, all applicants for a pilot examination scheduled to be given before July 1, 2008, must have the United States pilotage endorsement at the time of application; and

- (C) The board may require that applicants and pilots have federal licenses and endorsements as it deems appropriate; and
 - (iv) Successfully completes a board-specified training program.
- (b) In addition to the requirements of (a) of this subsection, a pilot applicant must meet such other qualifications as may be required by the board.
- (c) A person applying for a license under this section shall not have been convicted of an offense involving drugs or the personal consumption of alcohol in the twelve months prior to the date of application. This restriction does not apply to license renewals under this section.
- (3) The board may establish such other training license and pilot license requirements as it deems appropriate.
- (4) Pilot applicants shall be evaluated and may be ranked for entry into a board-specified training program in a manner specified by the board based on their performance on a written examination or examinations established by the board, performance on other evaluation exercises as may be required by the board, and other criteria or qualifications as may be set by the board.

When the board determines that the demand for pilots requires entry of an applicant into the training program it shall issue a training license to that applicant, but under no circumstances may an applicant be issued a training license more than four years after taking the written entry examination. The training license authorizes the trainee to do such actions as are specified in the training program.

After the completion of the training program the board shall evaluate the trainee's performance and knowledge. The board, as it deems appropriate, may then issue a pilot license, delay the issuance of the pilot license, deny the issuance of the pilot license, or require further training and evaluation.

- (5) The board may (a) appoint a special independent committee or (b) contract with private or governmental entities knowledgeable and experienced in the development, administration, and grading of licensing examinations or simulator evaluations for marine pilots, or (c) do both. Active, licensed pilots designated by the board may participate in the development, administration, and grading of examinations and other evaluation exercises. If the board does appoint a special examination or evaluation development committee, it is authorized to pay the members of the committee the same compensation and travel expenses as received by members of the board. Any person who willfully gives advance knowledge of information contained on a pilot examination or other evaluation exercise is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- (6) This subsection applies to the review of a pilot applicant's written examinations and evaluation exercises to qualify to be placed on a waiting list to become a pilot trainee. Failure to comply with the process set forth in this subsection renders the results of the pilot applicant's written examinations and evaluation exercises final. A pilot applicant may seek board review, administrative review, and judicial review of the results of the written examinations and evaluation exercises in the following manner:
- (a) A pilot applicant who seeks a review of the results of his or her written examinations or evaluation exercises must request from the board-appointed or board-designated examination committee an administrative review of the results of his or her written examinations or evaluation exercises as set forth by board rule.

- (b) The determination of the examination committee's review of a pilot applicant's examination results becomes final after thirty days from the date of service of written notification of the committee's determination unless a full adjudicative hearing before an administrative law judge has been requested by the pilot applicant before the thirty-day period has expired, as set forth by board rule.
- (c) When a full adjudicative hearing has been requested by the pilot applicant, the board shall request the appointment of an administrative law judge under chapter 34.12 RCW who has sufficient experience and familiarity with pilotage matters to be able to conduct a fair and impartial hearing. The hearing shall be governed by chapter 34.05 RCW. The administrative law judge shall issue an initial order.
- (d) The initial order of the administrative law judge is final unless within thirty days of the date of service of the initial order the board or pilot applicant requests review of the initial order under chapter 34.05 RCW.
- (e) The board may appoint a person to review the initial order and to prepare and enter a final order as governed by chapter 34.05 RCW and as set forth by board rule. The person appointed by the board under this subsection (6)(e) is called the board reviewing officer.
- (7) Pilots are licensed under this section for a term of five years from and after the date of the issuance of their respective state licenses. Licenses must thereafter be renewed as a matter of course, unless the board withholds the license for good cause. Each pilot shall pay to the state treasurer an annual license fee in an amount set by the board by rule. Pursuant to RCW 43.135.055, the fees established under this subsection may be increased ((in excess of the fiscal growth factor as provided in RCW 43.135.055)) through the fiscal year ending June 30, ((2009)) 2011. The fees must be deposited in the pilotage account. The board may assess partially active or inactive pilots a reduced fee.
- (8) All pilots and pilot trainees are subject to an annual physical examination by a physician chosen by the board. The physician shall examine the pilot's or pilot trainee's heart, blood pressure, circulatory system, lungs and respiratory system, eyesight, hearing, and such other items as may be prescribed by the board. After consultation with a physician and the United States coast guard, the board shall establish minimum health standards to ensure that pilots and pilot trainees licensed by the state are able to perform their duties. Within ninety days of the date of each annual physical examination, and after review of the physician's report, the board shall make a determination of whether the pilot or pilot trainee is fully able to carry out the duties of a pilot or pilot trainee under this chapter. The board may in its discretion check with the appropriate authority for any convictions of or information regarding offenses by a licensed pilot or pilot trainee involving drugs or the personal consumption of alcohol in the prior twelve months.
- (9) The board may require vessel simulator training for a pilot trainee and shall require vessel simulator training for a licensed pilot subject to RCW 88.16.105. The board shall also require vessel simulator training in the first year of active duty for a new pilot and at least once every five years for all active pilots.
- (10) The board shall prescribe, pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, such reporting requirements and review procedures as may be necessary to assure the

accuracy and validity of license and service claims. Willful misrepresentation of such required information by a pilot applicant shall result in disqualification of the pilot applicant.

Sec. 709. RCW 47.12.244 and 2007 c 518 s 707 are each amended to read as follows:

There is created the "advance right-of-way revolving fund" in the custody of the treasurer, into which the department is authorized to deposit directly and expend without appropriation:

- (1) An initial deposit of ten million dollars from the motor vehicle fund included in the department of transportation's 1991-93 budget;
- (2) All moneys received by the department as rental income from real properties that are not subject to federal aid reimbursement, except moneys received from rental of capital facilities properties as defined in chapter 47.13 RCW; and
- (3) Any federal moneys available for acquisition of right-of-way for future construction under the provisions of section 108 of Title 23, United States Code.
- (((4))) During the ((2007-09)) 2007-2009 and 2009-2011 fiscal ((biennium)) biennia, the legislature may transfer from the advance right-of-way revolving fund to the motor vehicle account amounts as reflect the excess fund balance of the advance right-of-way revolving fund.
- **Sec. 710.** RCW 46.16.725 and 2008 c 72 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The creation of the board does not in any way preclude the authority of the legislature to independently propose and enact special license plate legislation.
- (2) The board must review and either approve or reject special license plate applications submitted by sponsoring organizations.
 - (3) Duties of the board include but are not limited to the following:
- (a) Review and approve the annual financial reports submitted by sponsoring organizations with active special license plate series and present those annual financial reports to the senate and house transportation committees;
- (b) Report annually to the senate and house transportation committees on the special license plate applications that were considered by the board;
- (c) Issue approval and rejection notification letters to sponsoring organizations, the department, the chairs of the senate and house of representatives transportation committees, and the legislative sponsors identified in each application. The letters must be issued within seven days of making a determination on the status of an application;
- (d) Review annually the number of plates sold for each special license plate series created after January 1, 2003. The board may submit a recommendation to discontinue a special plate series to the chairs of the senate and house of representatives transportation committees;
- (e) Provide policy guidance and directions to the department concerning the adoption of rules necessary to limit the number of special license plates that an organization or a governmental entity may apply for.
- (4) Except as provided in chapter 72, Laws of 2008, in order to assess the effects and impact of the proliferation of special license plates, the legislature declares a temporary moratorium on the issuance of any additional plates until

July 1, ((2009)) 2011. During this period of time, the special license plate review board created in RCW 46.16.705 and the department of licensing are prohibited from accepting, reviewing, processing, or approving any applications. Additionally, no special license plate may be enacted by the legislature during the moratorium, unless the proposed license plate has been approved by the board before February 15, 2005.

Sec. 711. RCW 46.68.060 and 2007 c 518 s 714 are each amended to read as follows:

There is hereby created in the state treasury a fund to be known as the highway safety fund to the credit of which shall be deposited all moneys directed by law to be deposited therein. This fund shall be used for carrying out the provisions of law relating to driver licensing, driver improvement, financial responsibility, cost of furnishing abstracts of driving records and maintaining such case records, and to carry out the purposes set forth in RCW 43.59.010. During the ((2005-2007 and)) 2007-2009 and 2009-2011 fiscal biennia, the legislature may transfer from the highway safety fund to the motor vehicle fund and the multimodal transportation account such amounts as reflect the excess fund balance of the highway safety fund.

Sec. 712. RCW 46.68.220 and 2009 c 8 s 503 are each amended to read as follows:

The department of licensing services account is created in the motor vehicle fund. All receipts from service fees received under RCW 46.01.140(4)(b) shall be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only for information and service delivery systems for the department, and for reimbursement of county licensing activities. During the 2007-2009 and 2009-2011 fiscal ((biennium)) biennia, the legislature may transfer from the department of licensing services account such amounts as reflect the excess fund balance of the account.

Sec. 713. RCW 46.61.527 and 1994 c 141 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The secretary of transportation shall adopt standards and specifications for the use of traffic control devices in roadway construction zones on state highways. A roadway construction zone is an area where construction, repair, or maintenance work is being conducted by public employees or private contractors, on or adjacent to any public roadway. For the purpose of the pilot program referenced in section 218(2) of this act, during the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium, a roadway construction zone includes areas where public employees or private contractors are not present but where a driving condition exists that would make it unsafe to drive at higher speeds, such as, when the department is redirecting or realigning lanes on or adjacent to any public roadway pursuant to ongoing construction.
- (2) No person may drive a vehicle in a roadway construction zone at a speed greater than that allowed by traffic control devices.
- (3) A person found to have committed any infraction relating to speed restrictions in a roadway construction zone shall be assessed a monetary penalty equal to twice the penalty assessed under RCW 46.63.110. This penalty may not be waived, reduced, or suspended.

- (4) A person who drives a vehicle in a roadway construction zone in such a manner as to endanger or be likely to endanger any persons or property, or who removes, evades, or intentionally strikes a traffic safety or control device is guilty of reckless endangerment of roadway workers. A violation of this subsection is a gross misdemeanor punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- (5) The department shall suspend for sixty days the license or permit to drive or a nonresident driving privilege of a person convicted of reckless endangerment of roadway workers.
- **Sec. 714.** RCW 46.63.170 and 2007 c 372 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The use of automated traffic safety cameras for issuance of notices of infraction is subject to the following requirements:
- (a) The appropriate local legislative authority must first enact an ordinance allowing for their use to detect one or more of the following: Stoplight, railroad crossing, or school speed zone violations. At a minimum, the local ordinance must contain the restrictions described in this section and provisions for public notice and signage. Cities and counties using automated traffic safety cameras before July 24, 2005, are subject to the restrictions described in this section, but are not required to enact an authorizing ordinance.
- (b) Use of automated traffic safety cameras is restricted to two-arterial intersections, railroad crossings, and school speed zones only.
- (c) <u>During the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium</u>, <u>automated traffic safety cameras may be used to detect speed violations for the purposes of section 201(2) of this act if the local legislative authority first enacts an ordinance authorizing the use of cameras to detect speed violations.</u>
- (d) Automated traffic safety cameras may only take pictures of the vehicle and vehicle license plate and only while an infraction is occurring. The picture must not reveal the face of the driver or of passengers in the vehicle.
- (((d))) (e) A notice of infraction must be mailed to the registered owner of the vehicle within fourteen days of the violation, or to the renter of a vehicle within fourteen days of establishing the renter's name and address under subsection (3)(a) of this section. The law enforcement officer issuing the notice of infraction shall include with it a certificate or facsimile thereof, based upon inspection of photographs, microphotographs, or electronic images produced by an automated traffic safety camera, stating the facts supporting the notice of infraction. This certificate or facsimile is prima facie evidence of the facts contained in it and is admissible in a proceeding charging a violation under this chapter. The photographs, microphotographs, or electronic images evidencing the violation must be available for inspection and admission into evidence in a proceeding to adjudicate the liability for the infraction. A person receiving a notice of infraction based on evidence detected by an automated traffic safety camera may respond to the notice by mail.
- (((e))) (f) The registered owner of a vehicle is responsible for an infraction under RCW 46.63.030(1)(e) unless the registered owner overcomes the presumption in RCW 46.63.075, or, in the case of a rental car business, satisfies the conditions under subsection (3) of this section. If appropriate under the circumstances, a renter identified under subsection (3)(a) of this section is responsible for an infraction.

- (((f))) (g) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all photographs, microphotographs, or electronic images prepared under this section are for the exclusive use of law enforcement in the discharge of duties under this section and are not open to the public and may not be used in a court in a pending action or proceeding unless the action or proceeding relates to a violation under this section. No photograph, microphotograph, or electronic image may be used for any purpose other than enforcement of violations under this section nor retained longer than necessary to enforce this section.
- (((g))) (h) All locations where an automated traffic safety camera is used must be clearly marked by placing signs in locations that clearly indicate to a driver that he or she is entering a zone where traffic laws are enforced by an automated traffic safety camera.
- (((h))) (i) If a county or city has established an authorized automated traffic safety camera program under this section, the compensation paid to the manufacturer or vendor of the equipment used must be based only upon the value of the equipment and services provided or rendered in support of the system, and may not be based upon a portion of the fine or civil penalty imposed or the revenue generated by the equipment.
- (2) Infractions detected through the use of automated traffic safety cameras are not part of the registered owner's driving record under RCW 46.52.101 and 46.52.120. Additionally, infractions generated by the use of automated traffic safety cameras under this section shall be processed in the same manner as parking infractions, including for the purposes of RCW ((3.46.120,)) 3.50.100, 35.20.220, 46.16.216, and 46.20.270(3). However, the amount of the fine issued for an infraction generated through the use of an automated traffic safety camera shall not exceed the amount of a fine issued for other parking infractions within the jurisdiction.
- (3) If the registered owner of the vehicle is a rental car business, the law enforcement agency shall, before a notice of infraction being issued under this section, provide a written notice to the rental car business that a notice of infraction may be issued to the rental car business if the rental car business does not, within eighteen days of receiving the written notice, provide to the issuing agency by return mail:
- (a) A statement under oath stating the name and known mailing address of the individual driving or renting the vehicle when the infraction occurred; or
- (b) A statement under oath that the business is unable to determine who was driving or renting the vehicle at the time the infraction occurred because the vehicle was stolen at the time of the infraction. A statement provided under this subsection must be accompanied by a copy of a filed police report regarding the vehicle theft; or
- (c) In lieu of identifying the vehicle operator, the rental car business may pay the applicable penalty.

Timely mailing of this statement to the issuing law enforcement agency relieves a rental car business of any liability under this chapter for the notice of infraction.

(4) Nothing in this section prohibits a law enforcement officer from issuing a notice of traffic infraction to a person in control of a vehicle at the time a violation occurs under RCW 46.63.030(1) (a), (b), or (c).

- (5) For the purposes of this section, "automated traffic safety camera" means a device that uses a vehicle sensor installed to work in conjunction with an intersection traffic control system, a railroad grade crossing control system, or a speed measuring device, and a camera synchronized to automatically record one or more sequenced photographs, microphotographs, or electronic images of the rear of a motor vehicle at the time the vehicle fails to stop when facing a steady red traffic control signal or an activated railroad grade crossing control signal, or exceeds a speed limit in a school speed zone as detected by a speed measuring device. During the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium, an automated traffic safety camera includes a camera used to detect speed violations for the purposes of section 201(2) of this act.
- (6) During the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium, this section does not apply to automated traffic safety cameras for the purposes of section 218(2) of this act.
- *Sec. 715. RCW 47.12.080 and 1984 c 7 s 121 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as provided otherwise in this section, the secretary of transportation may transfer and convey to the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities, to any other state agency, to any county or city or port district of this state, or to any public utility company, any unused state-owned real property under the jurisdiction of the department of transportation when, in the judgment of the secretary of transportation and the attorney general, the transfer and conveyance is consistent with public interest. Whenever the secretary makes an agreement for any such transfer or conveyance, and the attorney general concurs therein, the secretary shall execute and deliver unto the grantee a deed of conveyance, easement, or other instrument, duly acknowledged, as shall be necessary to fulfill the terms of the aforesaid agreement. All moneys paid to the state of Washington under any of the provisions hereof shall be deposited in the motor vehicle fund.
- (2) Through the end of the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium, the legislature may designate property under the jurisdiction of the department as unused stateowned real property and may further designate the transfer and conveyance of the property as consistent with the public interest. Once designated under this subsection, the legislature may direct the transfer and conveyance of the property to any entity described in subsection (1) of this section for adequate consideration as deemed such by the legislature, and need not require fair market value in exchange for the property.
- *Sec. 715 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.
- **Sec. 716.** RCW 43.19.642 and 2007 c 348 s 201 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Effective June 1, 2006, for agencies complying with the ultra-low sulfur diesel mandate of the United States environmental protection agency for on-highway diesel fuel, agencies shall use biodiesel as an additive to ultra-low sulfur diesel for lubricity, provided that the use of a lubricity additive is warranted and that the use of biodiesel is comparable in performance and cost with other available lubricity additives. The amount of biodiesel added to the ultra-low sulfur diesel fuel shall be not less than two percent.
- (2) Effective June 1, 2009, state agencies are required to use a minimum of twenty percent biodiesel as compared to total volume of all diesel purchases

made by the agencies for the operation of the agencies' diesel-powered vessels, vehicles, and construction equipment.

- (3) All state agencies using biodiesel fuel shall, beginning on July 1, 2006, file biannual reports with the department of general administration documenting the use of the fuel and a description of how any problems encountered were resolved.
- (4) For the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium, the Washington state ferries is required to use a minimum of five percent biodiesel as compared to total volume of all diesel purchases made by the Washington state ferries for the operation of the Washington state ferries diesel-powered vessels so long as the per gallon price of diesel containing a five percent biodiesel blend level does not exceed the per gallon price of diesel by more than five percent. If the per gallon price of diesel containing a five percent biodiesel blend level exceeds the per gallon price of diesel by more than five percent, the requirements of this section do not apply to vessel fuel purchases by the Washington state ferries.
 - (5) By December 1, 2009, the department of general administration shall:
- (a) Report to the legislature on the average true price differential for biodiesel by blend and location; and
- (b) Examine alternative fuel procurement methods that work to address potential market barriers for in-state biodiesel producers and report these findings to the legislature.
- **Sec. 717.** RCW 43.19.534 and 1993 sp.s. c 20 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) State agencies, the legislature, and departments shall purchase for their use all goods and services required by the legislature, agencies, or departments that are produced or provided in whole or in part from class II inmate work programs operated by the department of corrections through state contract. These goods and services shall not be purchased from any other source unless, upon application by the department or agency: $((\frac{1}{2}))$ (a) The department of general administration finds that the articles or products do not meet the reasonable requirements of the agency or department, $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (b) are not of equal or better quality, or $((\frac{3}{2}))$ (c) the price of the product or service is higher than that produced by the private sector. However, the criteria contained in (((1))) (a), $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$ (b), and $((\frac{(3)}{2}))$ (c) of this section for purchasing goods and services from sources other than correctional industries do not apply to goods and services produced by correctional industries that primarily replace goods manufactured or services obtained from outside the state. The department of corrections and department of general administration shall adopt administrative rules that implement this section.
- (2) During the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium, and in conformance with section 223(11) of this act, this section does not apply to the purchase of uniforms by the Washington state ferries.
- **Sec. 718.** RCW 47.68.090 and 1980 c 67 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The department of transportation may make available its engineering and other technical services, with or without charge, to any municipality or person desiring them in connection with the planning, acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance or operation of airports or air navigation facilities.

The department may render financial assistance by grant or loan or both to any municipality or municipalities acting jointly in the planning, acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance, or operation of an airport owned or controlled, or to be owned or controlled by such municipality or municipalities, or to any Indian tribe recognized as such by the federal government or such tribes acting jointly in the planning, acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance or operation of an airport, owned or controlled, or to be owned or controlled by such tribe or tribes and to be held available for the general use of the public, out of appropriations made by the legislature for such purposes. Such financial assistance may be furnished in connection with federal or other financial aid for the same purposes: PROVIDED, That no grant or loan or both shall be in excess of two hundred fifty thousand dollars, or five hundred thousand dollars during the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium, for any one project: PROVIDED FURTHER. That no grant or loan or both shall be granted unless the municipality or municipalities acting jointly, or the tribe or tribes acting jointly shall from their own funds match any funds made available by the department upon such ratio as the department may prescribe.

The department is authorized to act as agent of any municipality or municipalities acting jointly or any tribe or tribes acting jointly, upon the request of such municipality or municipalities, or such tribe or tribes in accepting, receiving, receipting for and disbursing federal moneys, and other moneys public or private, made available to finance, in whole or in part, the planning, acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance or operation of an airport air navigation facility; and if requested by such municipality or municipalities, or tribe or tribes, may act as its or their agent in contracting for and supervising such planning, acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance, or operation; and all municipalities and tribes are authorized to designate the department as their agent for the foregoing purposes. department, as principal on behalf of the state, and any municipality on its own behalf, may enter into any contracts, with each other or with the United States or with any person, which may be required in connection with a grant or loan of federal moneys for airport or air navigation facility purposes. All federal moneys accepted under this section shall be accepted and transferred or expended by the department upon such terms and conditions as are prescribed by the United States. All moneys received by the department pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the state treasury, and, unless otherwise prescribed by the authority from which such moneys were received, shall be kept in separate funds designated according to the purposes for which the moneys were made available, and held by the state in trust for such purposes. All such moneys are hereby appropriated for the purposes for which the same were made available, to be disbursed or expended in accordance with the terms and conditions upon which they were made available: PROVIDED, That any landing fee or charge imposed by any Indian tribe or tribes for the privilege of use of an airport facility planned, acquired, constructed, improved, maintained, or operated with financial assistance from the department pursuant to this section must apply equally to tribal and nontribal members: PROVIDED FURTHER, That in the event any municipality or municipalities or Indian tribe or tribes, or any distributor of aircraft fuel as defined by RCW 82.42.020 which operates in any airport facility which has received financial assistance pursuant to this

section, fails to collect the aircraft fuel excise tax as specified in chapter 82.42 RCW, all funds or value of technical assistance given or paid to such municipality or municipalities or Indian tribe or tribes under the provisions of this section shall revert to the department, and shall be due and payable to the department immediately.

MISCELLANEOUS

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 801.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 802.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

INDEX	PAGE#
COMPENSATION	
INSURANCE BENEFITS	2419
COUNTY ROAD ADMINISTRATION BOARD	2375, 2396
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	2373
DEPARTMENT OF ARCHAEOLOGY AND HISTORIC	
PRESERVATION	2372
DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING	2379
TRANSFERS	
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	2397
AVIATION—PROGRAM F	
CHARGES FROM OTHER AGENCIES—PROGRAM U	2389
ECONOMIC PARTNERSHIPS—PROGRAM K	
FACILITIES—PROGRAM D—OPERATING	
HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE—PROGRAM M	2385
IMPROVEMENTS—PROGRAM I	
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY—PROGRAM C	
LOCAL PROGRAMS—PROGRAM Z—CAPITAL	
LOCAL PROGRAMS—PROGRAM Z—OPERATING	2395
MARINE—PROGRAM X	
PRESERVATION—PROGRAM P	2405
PROGRAM D (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION-	
ONLY PROJÈCTS)—CAPITAL	2397
PROGRAM DELIVERY MANAGEMENT AND	
SUPPORT—PROGRAM H	
PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION—PROGRAM V	
RAIL—PROGRAM Y—OPERATING	
RAIL—PROGRAM Y—CAPITAL	
TOLL OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE—PROGRAM I	
TRAFFIC OPERATIONS—PROGRAM Q—CAPITAL	
TRAFFIC OPERATIONS—PROGRAM Q—OPERATING	2386
TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT—	2200
PROGRAM S	2388

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

TRANSPORTATION PLANNING, DATA, AND		
RESEARCH—PROGRAM T		2388
WASHINGTON STATE FERRIES CONSTRUCTION—		
PROGRAM W	'	2407
FREIGHT MOBILITY STRATEGIC INVESTMENT BOARD		2377
INFORMATION SYSTEMS PROJECTS		
JOINT LEGISLATIVE AUDIT AND REVIEW COMMITTEE	'	2373
JOINT TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE		2375
LEGISLATIVE EVALUATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY		
PROGRAM COMMITTEE		2373
MARINE EMPLOYEES COMMISSION		
OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT		2372
REVISED EMPLOYER HEALTH BENEFIT RATES		2418
REVISED PENSION CONTRIBUTION RATES		2418
STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION		
STATE TREASURER		
ADMINISTRATIVE TRANSFERS		2416
BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST	2415.	2416
STATE REVENUES FOR DISTRIBUTION		
TRANSFERS		
STATUTORY APPROPRIATIONS		
TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION		
TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT BOARD		
UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION		
WASHINGTON STATE PATROL		
FIELD OPERATIONS BUREAU		
TECHNICAL SERVICES BUREAU		
WASHINGTON STATE PATROL—INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES		
BUREAU		2378
WASHINGTON TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMISSION		
Passed by the Senate April 25, 2009.		
Passed by the House April 25, 2009.		
Approved by the Governor May 13, 2009, with the exception	n of ce	rtain
items that were vetoed.	1 01 66	ıtaili
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.		
Theu in Office of Secretary of State Way 16, 2009.		

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I am returning, without my approval as to Sections 215(2), 215(4), 217(9), 602 and 715, Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 5352 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to transportation funding and appropriations."

Section 215(2), page 19, Department of Transportation

This proviso requires the Department of Transportation (Department) to offer former property owners the "right of first repurchase" if the property was acquired through condemnation or threat of condemnation, and the property is to be sold as surplus because it is no longer needed for a public purpose. This proviso may hinder the Department's ability to utilize property it currently owns in future acquisition negotiations. It also may have the unintended consequence of restricting the Department's ability to get the best price for surplus property by limiting competition.

Section 215(4), page 20, Department of Transportation

This proviso makes an appropriation of \$2,000,000 from the Water Pollution Account-State subject to passage of Substitute House Bill 1614. Since Substitute House Bill 1614 was not enacted, the appropriation lapses and this section is no longer required.

Section 217(9), page 22, Department of Transportation

This proviso makes an appropriation of \$12,500,000 from the Water Pollution Account-State subject to passage of Substitute House Bill 1614. Since Substitute House Bill 1614 was not enacted, the appropriation lapses and this section is no longer required.

Section 602, pages 71-72, Department of Transportation

This section would have transportation agencies hire a consultant approved by the Department of Information Services to develop a "consolidated strategy and plan" to achieve cost savings resulting from holistic virtualization, wide area network optimization, transition to alternative telecommunications systems, and migration to internal voice mail systems. A similar proviso in the omnibus operating budget (Section 143) requires the Department of Information Services to implement some or all of these strategies and to report on the savings to the Office of Financial Management and the fiscal committees of the Legislature.

The transportation budget does not contain funding to hire contractors to develop the plan. Rather than hiring a contractor, the Department can work with the Department of Information Services to learn from its experience with these strategies.

Section 715, pages 87-88, Department of Transportation

This section would give the Legislature the ability to designate property under the jurisdiction of the Department as "unused state-owned real property," and direct the transfer and conveyance of such unused property, provided it is consistent with public interest. The Legislature could then direct the transfer and conveyance of such property to entities listed in statute as eligible recipients such as ports, utilities, other state agencies, cities, or counties. The value of such properties would be determined by the Legislature for "adequate consideration," and would not require fair market value.

While the Legislature may possess the authority to direct the Department in the transfer and conveyance of unused properties, such decisions must be guided by clear criteria. This section does not set forth sufficient safeguards to determine how unused properties would be determined, how properties would be conveyed and transferred, or how values would be assigned to such properties.

For these reasons, I have vetoed Sections 215(2), 215(4), 217(9), 602 and 715.

With the exception of Sections 215(2), 215(4), 217(9), 602 and 715, Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 5352 is approved."

CHAPTER 471

[Substitute Senate Bill 5684]

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION—ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION

AN ACT Relating to environmental mitigation in highway construction; and adding a new section to chapter 47.01 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 47.01 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) For highway construction projects where the department considers agricultural lands of long-term commercial significance, as defined in RCW 36.70A.030, in reviewing and selecting sites to meet environmental mitigation requirements under the national environmental policy act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 4321 et seq.) and chapter 43.21C RCW, the department shall, to the greatest extent possible, consider using public land first.
- (2) If public lands are not available that meet the required environmental mitigation needs, the department may use other sites while making every effort

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

to avoid any net loss of agricultural lands that have a designation of long-term commercial significance.

Passed by the Senate March 11, 2009. Passed by the House April 23, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 13, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 472

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2211] SR 520 BRIDGE—TOLLS

AN ACT Relating to the authorization, administration, collection, and enforcement of tolls on the state route number 520 corridor; reenacting and amending RCW 43.84.092; adding new sections to chapter 47.56 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** It is the intent of the legislature that the state authorize early tolling on the state route number 520 corridor in order to secure the authority to spend federal grant moneys provided to Washington state as part of the urban partnership grant program.

It is further the intent of the legislature to impose tolls on the state route number 520 floating bridge subject to section 2 of this act, to help finance construction of the replacement state route number 520 floating bridge and necessary landings.

It is further the intent of the legislature to expedite the replacement of the floating bridge and necessary landings in a manner that does not preclude local design options on either side of the state route number 520 corridor. For all projects in the state route number 520 corridor program, the legislature intends that the total cost will be no more than four billion six hundred fifty million dollars.

It is further the intent of the legislature that if the tolls on the state route number 520 corridor significantly alter the performance of nearby facilities, the legislature will reconsider the tolling policy for the corridor.

It is further the intent of the legislature that the department of transportation applies for federal stimulus funds for projects in the corridor.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 47.56 RCW under the subchapter heading "toll facilities created after July 1, 2008" to read as follows:

- (1) The initial imposition of tolls on the state route number 520 corridor is authorized, the state route number 520 corridor is designated an eligible toll facility, and toll revenue generated in the corridor must only be expended as allowed under RCW 47.56 820.
- (2) The state route number 520 corridor consists of that portion of state route number 520 between the junctions of Interstate 5 and state route number 202. The toll imposed by this section shall be charged only for travel on the floating bridge portion of the state route number 520 corridor.
- (3)(a) In setting the toll rates for the corridor pursuant to RCW 47.56.850, the tolling authority shall set a variable schedule of toll rates to maintain travel

time, speed, and reliability on the corridor and generate the necessary revenue as required under (b) of this subsection.

- (b) The tolling authority shall initially set the variable schedule of toll rates, which the tolling authority may adjust at least annually to reflect inflation as measured by the consumer price index or as necessary to meet the redemption of bonds and interest payments on the bonds, to generate revenue sufficient to provide for:
- (i) The issuance of general obligation bonds first payable from toll revenue and then excise taxes on motor vehicle and special fuels pledged for the payment of those bonds in the amount necessary to fund the replacement state route number 520 floating bridge and necessary landings, subject to subsection (4) of this section; and
- (ii) Costs associated with the project designated in subsection (4) of this section that are eligible under RCW 47.56.820.
- (4) The proceeds of the bonds designated in subsection (3)(b)(i) of this section, which together with other appropriated and identified state and federal funds is sufficient to pay for the replacement of the floating bridge segment and necessary landings of state route number 520, must be used only to fund the construction of the replacement state route number 520 floating bridge and necessary landings.
- (5) The department may carry out the construction and improvements designated in subsection (4) of this section and administer the tolling program on the state route number 520 corridor.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 47.56 RCW to read as follows:

- (1)(a) The state route number 520 work group is created. The work group shall consist of the following members:
 - (i) The legislators from the forty-third legislative district;
 - (ii) The legislators from the forty-eighth legislative district;
 - (iii) The secretary of transportation;
- (iv) Two legislators from each of the forty-sixth and forty-fifth legislative districts as jointly determined by the speaker of the house of representatives and the president of the senate;
- (v) The chairs of the transportation committees of the legislature, who may each appoint one additional legislator from the joint transportation committee representing a legislative district outside of the state route number 520 corridor; and
- (vi) The member of the transportation commission representing King county.
- (b) The work group members shall elect two cochairs to consist of one legislative member representing the east side of the state route number 520 corridor and one legislative member representing the west side of the state route number 520 corridor. The work group shall conduct at least three meetings consisting of an initial meeting, a midcourse meeting, and a final meeting.
 - (2) The state route number 520 work group must:
- (a) Review and recommend a financing strategy, in conjuction with the department, to fund the projects in the state route number 520 corridor that reflects the design options recommended under (b) of this subsection. The financing strategy must be based on a total cost of all the intended projects in the

state route number 520 corridor that does not exceed four billion six hundred fifty million dollars;

- (b) Recommend design options that provide for a full state route number 520 corridor project, including projects in the corridor for which the department applies for federal stimulus funds provided in the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009, that meets the needs of the region's transportation system while providing appropriate mitigation for the neighborhood and communities in the area directly impacted by the project; and
- (c) Present a final report with recommendations on financing and design options to the legislature and the governor by January 1, 2010. The recommendations will inform the supplemental draft environmental impact statement process for the state route number 520 corridor. The process must continue through 2009.
- (3) All design options considered or recommended by the state route number 520 work group must adhere to RCW 47.01.408.
- (4) The state route number 520 work group shall form a westside subgroup to conduct a detailed review and make recommendations on design options on the west side of the corridor, which extends from the west end of the floating bridge to Interstate 5. The westside subgroup shall consult with neighborhood and community groups impacted by the potential design options. The work group may form an eastside subgroup to review current design options on the east side of the corridor, which extends from the east end of the floating bridge to state route number 202.
- (5) The state route number 520 work group shall consult with the governor and legislators representing the primary users of the state route number 520 corridor
- (6) The department shall provide staff support to the state route number 520 work group.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 47.56 RCW under the subchapter heading "toll facilities created after July 1, 2008" to read as follows:

A special account to be known as the state route number 520 corridor account is created in the state treasury.

- (1) Deposits to the account must include:
- (a) All proceeds of bonds issued for construction of the replacement state route number 520 floating bridge and necessary landings, including any capitalized interest;
- (b) All of the tolls and other revenues received from the operation of the state route number 520 corridor as a toll facility, to be deposited at least monthly;
- (c) Any interest that may be earned from the deposit or investment of those revenues:
- (d) Notwithstanding RCW 47.12.063, proceeds from the sale of any surplus real property acquired for the purpose of building the replacement state route number 520 floating bridge and necessary landings; and
- (e) All damages, liquidated or otherwise, collected under any contract involving the construction of the replacement state route number 520 floating bridge and necessary landings.
- (2) Subject to the covenants made by the state in the bond proceedings authorizing the issuance and sale of bonds for the replacement state route

number 520 floating bridge and necessary landings, toll charges, other revenues, and interest received from the operation of the state route number 520 corridor as a toll facility may be used to:

- (a) Pay any required costs allowed under RCW 47.56.820; and
- (b) Repay amounts to the motor vehicle fund as required.
- (3) When repaying the motor vehicle fund, the state treasurer shall transfer funds from the state route number 520 corridor account to the motor vehicle fund on or before each debt service date for bonds issued for the replacement state route number 520 floating bridge project and necessary landings in an amount sufficient to repay the motor vehicle fund for amounts transferred from that fund to the highway bond retirement fund to provide for any bond principal and interest due on that date. The state treasurer may establish subaccounts for the purpose of segregating toll charges, bond sale proceeds, and other revenues.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 43.84.092 and 2008 c 128 s 19 and 2008 c 106 s 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) All earnings of investments of surplus balances in the state treasury shall be deposited to the treasury income account, which account is hereby established in the state treasury.
- (2) The treasury income account shall be utilized to pay or receive funds associated with federal programs as required by the federal cash management improvement act of 1990. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for refunds or allocations of interest earnings required by the cash management improvement act. Refunds of interest to the federal treasury required under the cash management improvement act fall under RCW 43.88.180 and shall not require appropriation. The office of financial management shall determine the amounts due to or from the federal government pursuant to the cash management improvement act. The office of financial management may direct transfers of funds between accounts as deemed necessary to implement the provisions of the cash management improvement act, and this subsection. Refunds or allocations shall occur prior to the distributions of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.
- (3) Except for the provisions of RCW 43.84.160, the treasury income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasury funds including, but not limited to, depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state treasury and affected state agencies. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for payments to financial institutions. Payments shall occur prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.
- (4) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings credited to the treasury income account. The state treasurer shall credit the general fund with all the earnings credited to the treasury income account except:

The following accounts and funds shall receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's and fund's average daily balance for the period: The aeronautics account, the aircraft search and rescue account, the budget stabilization account, the capitol building construction account, the Cedar River channel construction and operation account, the Central Washington University capital projects account, the charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions account, the cleanup settlement account, the Columbia river basin water supply development account, the common school construction

fund, the county arterial preservation account, the county criminal justice assistance account, the county sales and use tax equalization account, the data processing building construction account, the deferred compensation administrative account, the deferred compensation principal account, the department of licensing services account, the department of retirement systems expense account, the developmental disabilities community trust account, the drinking water assistance account, the drinking water assistance administrative account, the drinking water assistance repayment account, the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the education construction fund, the education legacy trust account, the election account, the energy freedom account, the essential rail assistance account, The Evergreen State College capital projects account, the federal forest revolving account, the ferry bond retirement fund, the freight congestion relief account, the freight mobility investment account, the freight mobility multimodal account, the grade crossing protective fund, the health services account, the public health services account, the health system capacity account, the personal health services account, the high capacity transportation account, the state higher education construction account, the higher education construction account, the highway bond retirement fund, the highway infrastructure account, the highway safety account, the high occupancy toll lanes operations account, the industrial insurance premium refund account, the judges' retirement account, the judicial retirement administrative account, the judicial retirement principal account, the local leasehold excise tax account, the local real estate excise tax account, the local sales and use tax account, the medical aid account, the mobile home park relocation fund, the motor vehicle fund, the motorcycle safety education account, the multimodal transportation account, the municipal criminal justice assistance account, the municipal sales and use tax equalization account, the natural resources deposit account, the oyster reserve land account, the pension funding stabilization account, the perpetual surveillance and maintenance account, the public employees' retirement system plan 1 account, the public employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the public facilities construction loan revolving account beginning July 1, 2004, the public health supplemental account, the public transportation systems account, the public works assistance account, the Puget Sound capital construction account, the Puget Sound ferry operations account, the Puyallup tribal settlement account, the real estate appraiser commission account, the recreational vehicle account, the regional mobility grant program account, the resource management cost account, the rural arterial trust account, the rural Washington loan fund, the safety and education account, the site closure account, the small city pavement and sidewalk account, the special category C account, the special wildlife account, the state employees' insurance account, the state employees' insurance reserve account, the state investment board expense account, the state investment board commingled trust fund accounts, the state patrol highway account, the state route number 520 corridor account, the supplemental pension account, the Tacoma Narrows toll bridge account, the teachers' retirement system plan 1 account, the teachers' retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the tobacco prevention and control account, the tobacco settlement account, the transportation 2003 account (nickel account), the transportation equipment fund, the transportation fund, the transportation improvement account, the transportation improvement board bond retirement account, the transportation infrastructure account, the transportation partnership account, the traumatic brain injury account, the tuition recovery trust fund, the University of Washington bond retirement fund, the University of Washington building account, the urban arterial trust account, the volunteer firefighters' and reserve officers' relief and pension principal fund, the volunteer firefighters' and reserve officers' administrative fund, the Washington fruit express account, the Washington judicial retirement system account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 1 retirement account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 2 retirement account, the Washington public safety employees' plan 2 retirement account, the Washington school employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and 3 account, the Washington state health insurance pool account, the Washington state patrol retirement account, the Washington State University building account, the Washington State University bond retirement fund, the water pollution control revolving fund, and the Western Washington University capital projects account. Earnings derived from investing balances of the agricultural permanent fund, the normal school permanent fund, the permanent common school fund, the scientific permanent fund, and the state university permanent fund shall be allocated to their respective beneficiary accounts. All earnings to be distributed under this subsection $(4)((\frac{1}{4}))$ shall first be reduced by the allocation to the state treasurer's service fund pursuant to RCW 43.08.190.

(5) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state Constitution, no treasury accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 47.56 RCW to read as follows:

Prior to the convening of each regular session of the legislature, the transportation commission must provide the transportation committees of the legislature with a detailed report regarding any increase or decrease in any toll rate approved by the commission that has not been described in a previous report provided pursuant to this section, along with a detailed justification for each such increase or decrease.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. This act takes effect August 1, 2009.

Passed by the House April 25, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 24, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 13, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 473

[Substitute Senate Bill 5499]

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS—BOND AMOUNTS

AN ACT Relating to bond amounts for department of transportation highway contracts; amending RCW 39.08.030; adding a new section to chapter 39.08 RCW; and providing an expiration date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 39.08.030 and 2007 c 218 s 89 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The bond mentioned in RCW 39.08.010 shall be in an amount equal to the full contract price agreed to be paid for such work or improvement, except under subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and shall be to the state of Washington, except as otherwise provided in RCW 39.08.100, and except in cases of cities and towns, in which cases such municipalities may by general ordinance fix and determine the amount of such bond and to whom such bond shall run: PROVIDED. The same shall not be for a less amount than twenty-five percent of the contract price of any such improvement, and may designate that the same shall be payable to such city, and not to the state of Washington, and all such persons mentioned in RCW 39.08.010 shall have a right of action in his, her, or their own name or names on such bond for work done by such laborers or mechanics, and for materials furnished or provisions and goods supplied and furnished in the prosecution of such work, or the making of such improvements: PROVIDED, That such persons shall not have any right of action on such bond for any sum whatever, unless within thirty days from and after the completion of the contract with an acceptance of the work by the affirmative action of the board, council, commission, trustees, officer, or body acting for the state, county or municipality, or other public body, city, town or district, the laborer, mechanic or subcontractor, or material supplier, or person claiming to have supplied materials, provisions or goods for the prosecution of such work, or the making of such improvement, shall present to and file with such board, council, commission, trustees or body acting for the state, county or municipality, or other public body, city, town or district, a notice in writing in substance as follows:

To (here insert the name of the state, county or municipality or other public body, city, town or district):

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned (here insert the name of the laborer, mechanic or subcontractor, or material supplier, or person claiming to have furnished labor, materials or provisions for or upon such contract or work) has a claim in the sum of dollars (here insert the amount) against the bond taken from (here insert the name of the principal and surety or sureties upon such bond) for the work of (here insert a brief mention or description of the work concerning which said bond was taken).

(here to be signed)

Such notice shall be signed by the person or corporation making the claim or giving the notice, and said notice, after being presented and filed, shall be a public record open to inspection by any person, and in any suit or action brought against such surety or sureties by any such person or corporation to recover for any of the items hereinbefore specified, the claimant shall be entitled to recover in addition to all other costs, attorney's fees in such sum as the court shall adjudge reasonable: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That no attorney's fees shall be allowed in any suit or action brought or instituted before the expiration of thirty days following the date of filing of the notice hereinbefore mentioned:

PROVIDED FURTHER, That any city may avail itself of the provisions of RCW 39.08.010 through 39.08.030, notwithstanding any charter provisions in conflict herewith: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That any city or town may impose any other or further conditions and obligations in such bond as may be deemed necessary for its proper protection in the fulfillment of the terms of the contract secured thereby, and not in conflict herewith.

- (2) Under the job order contracting procedure described in RCW ((39.10.130)) 39.10.420, bonds will be in an amount not less than the dollar value of all open work orders.
- (3)(a) On highway construction contracts administered by the department of transportation with an estimated contract price of two hundred fifty million dollars or more, the department may authorize bonds in an amount less than the full contract price of the project. If a bond less than the full contract price is authorized by the department, the bond must be in the form of a performance bond and a separate payment bond. The department shall fix the amount of the performance bond on a contract-by-contract basis to adequately protect one hundred percent of the state's exposure to loss. The amount of the performance bond must not be less than two hundred fifty million dollars. The payment bond must be in an amount fixed by the department but must not be less than the amount of the performance bond. The secretary of transportation must approve each performance bond and payment bond authorized to be less than the full contract price of a project. Before the secretary may approve any bond authorized to be less than the full contract price of a project, the office of financial management shall review and approve the analysis supporting the amount of the bond set by the department to ensure that one hundred percent of the state's exposure to loss is adequately protected. All the requirements of this chapter apply respectively to the individual performance and payment bonds. The performance bond is solely for the protection of the department. payment bond is solely for the protection of laborers, mechanics, subcontractors, and suppliers mentioned in RCW 39.08.010.
- (b) The department shall develop risk assessment guidelines and gain approval of these guidelines from the office of financial management before implementing (a) of this subsection. The guidelines must include a clear process for how the department measures the state's exposure to loss and how the performance bond amount, determined under (a) of this subsection, adequately protects one hundred percent of the state's exposure to loss.
- (c) The department shall report to the house of representatives and senate transportation committees by December 1, 2012: Each project where the department authorized bonds that were less than the full contract price; the difference between the project amount and the bond requirements; the number of bidders on the project; and other information that documents the effects of the reduced bond amounts on the project.

*<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 39.08 RCW to read as follows:

In consultation with the director of the office of financial management and the secretary of the department of transportation, the governor shall approve any contract and bond amount authorized with respect to contracts in which the department intends to authorize bonds under RCW 39.08.030 in an amount less than the full contract price of the contract.

*Sec. 2 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act expires June 30, 2016.

Passed by the Senate April 26, 2009.

Passed by the House April 25, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 13, 2009, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I am returning, without my approval as to Section 2, Substitute Senate Bill 5499 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to bond amounts for department of transportation highway contracts."

Section 2 of this bill requires the Governor to approve any contracts in which the Washington State Department of Transportation intends to authorize bonds in an amount less than the full contract price of the contract.

Section 1 of the bill requires the Office of Financial Management to approve risk guidelines developed by the Department of Transportation prior to authorizing bonds in an amount less than the full price of the contract. Section 1 also requires the Office of Financial Management to review and approve the decision of the Secretary of Transportation to authorize a bond in an amount less than the full price of the contract prior to proceeding with the contract. Approval from the Office of Financial Management of the risk guidelines, as well as review of pending contracts constitutes sufficient oversight by the Governor's office of highway contract decisions. Requiring subsequent approval from the Governor is redundant and is not a necessary statutory requirement.

For these reasons, I have vetoed Section 2 of Substitute Senate Bill 5499.

With the exception of Section 2, Substitute Senate Bill 5499 is approved."

CHAPTER 474

[Second Substitute House Bill 1172]

REGIONAL TRANSFER OF DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS PROGRAM

AN ACT Relating to the implementation of a regional transfer of development rights program; amending RCW 43.362.005 and 43.362.010; and adding new sections to chapter 43.362 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 43.362.005 and 2007 c 482 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The legislature finds that current concern over the rapid and increasing loss of rural, agricultural, and forested land has led to the exploration of creative approaches to preserving these important lands((.—The legislature finds also)), and that the creation of a regional transfer of development rights marketplace will assist in ((slowing the conversion of)) conserving these lands.

((The legislature further finds that transferring)) (2) A transfer of development rights is a market-based ((technique)) exchange mechanism that encourages the voluntary transfer of ((growth)) development rights from ((places where a community would like to see less development, referred to as sending areas, to places where a community would like to see more development, referred to as receiving areas. Under this technique)) sending areas with lower population densities to receiving areas with higher population densities. When development rights are transferred through a transfer of development rights exchange, permanent deed restrictions are placed on the sending area properties

to ensure that the land will be used only for approved activities ((such as)), activities that may include farming, forest management, conservation, or passive recreation. ((Also under this technique)) Additionally, in a transfer of development rights exchange, the costs of purchasing the recorded development restrictions are borne by the developers who receive the transferred right in the form of a building credit or bonus.

- (3) The legislature further finds that a successful transfer of development rights program must consider housing affordable to all economic segments of the population, and economic development programs and policies in designated receiving areas. Counties, cities, and towns that decide to participate in the regional transfer of development rights program for central Puget Sound are encouraged to adopt comprehensive plan policies and development regulations to implement the program that do not compete or conflict with comprehensive plan policies and development regulations that require or encourage affordable housing. Participating cities and towns are also encouraged to use the development of receiving areas to maximize opportunities for economic development that supports the creation or retention of jobs.
- (4) Participation in a regional transfer of development rights program by counties, cities, and towns should be as simple as possible.
- (5) Accordingly, the legislature has determined that it is good public policy to build upon existing transfer of development rights programs, pilot projects, and private initiatives that foster effective use of transferred development rights through the creation of a market-based program that focuses on the central Puget Sound region. A regional transfer of development rights program in the central Puget Sound should be voluntary, incentive-driven, and separate, but compatible with existing local transfer of development rights programs.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 43.362.010 and 2007 c 482 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Receiving area ratio" means the number or character of development rights that are assigned to a development right for use in a receiving area. Development rights in a receiving area may be used at the discretion of the receiving area jurisdiction, including but not limited to additional residential density, additional building height, additional commercial floor area, or to meet regulatory requirements.
- (2) "Sending area ratio" means the number of development rights that a sending area landowner can sell per acre.
- (3) "By-right permitting" means that project applications for permits that use transferable development rights would be subject to administrative review. Administrative review allows a local planning official to approve a project without noticed public hearings.
- (4) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and economic development.
- $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$ "Nongovernmental entities" includes nonprofit or membership organizations with experience or expertise in transferring development rights.
- (((3))) (6) "Receiving areas" are lands within and designated by a city or town in which transferable development rights from the regional program established by this chapter may be used.

- (7) "Regional transfer of development rights program" or "regional program" means the regional transfer of development rights program established by section 3 of this act in central Puget Sound, including King, Pierce, Kitsap, and Snohomish counties and the cities and towns within these counties.
- (8) "Sending area" includes those lands that meet conservation criteria as described in section 4 of this act.
- (9) "Transferable development right" means a right to develop one or more residential units in a sending area that can be sold and transferred for use consistent with a receiving ratio adopted for development in a designated receiving area consistent with the regional program.
- (10) "Transfer of development rights" includes methods for protecting land from development by voluntarily removing the development rights from a sending area and transferring them to a receiving area for the purpose of increasing development density or intensity in the receiving area.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** (1) Subject to the availability of funds appropriated for this specific purpose or another source of funding made available for this specific purpose, the department shall establish a regional transfer of development rights program in central Puget Sound, including King, Kitsap, Snohomish, and Pierce counties and the cities and towns within these counties. The program must be guided by the Puget Sound regional council's multicounty planning policies adopted under RCW 36.70A.210(7).
- (2) The purpose of the program is to foster voluntary county, city, and town participation in the program so that interjurisdictional transfers occur between the counties, cities, and towns, including transfers from counties to cities and towns in other counties. Private transactions between buyers and sellers of transferable development rights are allowed and encouraged under this program. In fulfilling the requirements of this chapter, the department shall work with the Puget Sound regional council to implement a regional program.
- (3) The department shall encourage participation by the cities, towns, and counties in the regional program. The regional program shall not be implemented in a manner that negatively impacts existing local programs. The department shall encourage and work to enhance the efforts in any of these counties, cities, or towns to develop local transfer of development rights programs or enhance existing programs.
- (4) Subject to the availability of funds appropriated for this specific purpose or another source of funding made available for this specific purpose, the department shall do the following to implement a regional transfer of development rights program in central Puget Sound:
- (a) Serve as the central coordinator for state government in the implementation of sections 3 through 7 of this act.
- (b) Offer technical assistance to cities, towns, and counties planning for participation in the regional transfer of development rights program. The department's technical assistance shall:
- (i) Include written guidance for local development and implementation of the regional transfer of development rights program;
- (ii) Include guidance for and encourage permitting or environmental review incentives for developers to participate. Activities may include, but are not limited to, provision for by-right permitting, substantial environmental review of a subarea plan for the receiving area that includes the use of transferable

development rights, adoption of a categorical exemption for infill under RCW 43.21C.229 for a receiving area, or adoption of a planned action under RCW 43.21C.240;

- (iii) Provide guidance to counties, cities, and towns to negotiate receiving area ratios and foster private transactions;
- (iv) Provide guidance and encourage planning for receiving areas that do not compete or conflict with comprehensive plan policies and development regulations that require or encourage affordable housing; and
- (v) Provide guidance and encourage planning for receiving areas that maximizes opportunities for economic development through the creation or retention of jobs.
- (c) Work with counties, cities, and towns to inform elected officials, planning commissions, and the public regarding the regional transfer of development rights program. The information provided by the department shall discuss the importance of preserving farmland and farming, and forest land and forestry, to cities and towns and the local economy.
- (d) Based on information provided by the counties, cities, and towns, post on a web site information regarding transfer of development rights transactions and a list of interested buyers and sellers of transferable development rights.
- (e) Coordinate with and provide resources to state and local agencies and stakeholders to provide public outreach.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** (1) Counties shall use the following criteria to guide the designation of sending areas for participation in the regional transfer of development rights program:
- (a) Land designated as agricultural or forest land of long-term commercial significance;
 - (b) Land designated rural that is being farmed or managed for forestry;
- (c) Land whose conservation meets other state and regionally adopted priorities; and
- (d) Land that is in current use as a manufactured/mobile home park as defined in chapter 59.20 RCW.

Nothing in these criteria limits a county's authority to designate additional lands as a sending area for conservation under a local county transfer of development rights program.

- (2) Upon purchase of a transferable development right from land designated rural that is being farmed or managed for forestry, a county must include the land from which the right was purchased in any programs it administers for conservation of agricultural land or forest land.
- (3) The designation of receiving areas is limited to incorporated cities or towns. Prior to designating a receiving area, a city or town should have adequate infrastructure planned and funding identified for development in the receiving area at densities or intensities consistent with what can be achieved under the local transfer of development rights program. Nothing in this subsection limits a city's, town's, or county's authority to designate additional lands for a receiving area under a local intrajurisdictional transfer of development rights program that is not part of the regional program.
- (4) Cities and towns participating in the regional transfer of development rights program shall have discretion to determine which sending areas they receive development rights from to be used in their designated receiving areas.

- (5) Designation of sending and receiving areas should include a process for public outreach consistent with the public participation requirements in chapter 36.70A RCW.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** (1) To facilitate participation, the department shall develop and adopt by rule terms and conditions of an interlocal agreement for transfers of development rights between counties, cities, and towns. Counties, cities, and towns participating in the regional program have the option of adopting the rule by reference to transfer development rights across jurisdictional boundaries as an alternative to entering into an interlocal agreement under chapter 39.34 RCW.
- (2) This section and the rules adopted under this section shall be deemed to provide an alternative method for the implementation of a regional transfer of development rights program, and shall not be construed as imposing any additional condition upon the exercise of any other powers vested in municipalities.
- (3) Nothing in this section prohibits a county, city, or town from entering into an interlocal agreement under chapter 39.34 RCW to transfer development rights under the regional program.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** (1) Counties, cities, and towns that choose to participate in the regional transfer of development rights program must:

- (a) Enter into an interlocal agreement or adopt a resolution adopting by reference the provisions in the department rule authorized in section 5 of this act; and
- (b) Adopt transfer of development rights policies or implement development regulations that:
 - (i) Comply with chapter 36.70A RCW;
- (ii) Designate sending or receiving areas consistent with sections 3 through 7 of this act; and
- (iii) Adopt a sending or receiving area ratio in cooperation with the sending or receiving jurisdiction.
- (2) Cities and towns that choose to participate in the regional transfer of development rights program are encouraged to provide permitting or environmental review incentives for developers to participate. Such incentives may include, but are not limited to, provision for by-right permitting, substantial environmental review of a subarea plan for the receiving area that includes the use of transferable development rights, adoption of a categorical exemption for infill under RCW 43.21C.229 for a receiving area, or adoption of a planned action under RCW 43.21C.240.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** The department will develop quantitative and qualitative performance measures for monitoring the regional transfer of development rights program. The performance measures may address conservation of land and creation of compact communities, as well as other measures identified by the department. The department may require cities, towns, and counties to report on these performance measures biannually. The department shall compile any performance measure information that has been reported by the counties, cities, and towns and post it on a web site.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** Sections 3 through 7 of this act are each added to chapter 43.362 RCW.

Passed by the House April 22, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 17, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 475

[Engrossed House Bill 1824]
YOUTH SPORTS—HEAD INJURY POLICIES

AN ACT Relating to requiring the adoption of policies for the management of concussion and head injury in youth sports; amending RCW 4.24.660; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.600 RCW

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- Sec. 1. RCW 4.24.660 and 1999 c 316 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A school district shall not be liable for an injury to or the death of a person due to action or inaction of persons employed by, or under contract with, a youth program if:
- (a) The action or inaction takes place on school property and during the delivery of services of the youth program;
- (b) The private nonprofit group provides proof of being insured, under an accident and liability policy issued by an insurance company authorized to do business in this state, that covers any injury or damage arising from delivery of its services. Coverage for a policy meeting the requirements of this section must be at least fifty thousand dollars due to bodily injury or death of one person, or at least one hundred thousand dollars due to bodily injury or death of two or more persons in any incident. The private nonprofit shall also provide a statement of compliance with the policies for the management of concussion and head injury in youth sports as set forth in section 2 of this act; and
- (c) The group provides proof of such insurance before the first use of the school facilities. The immunity granted shall last only as long as the insurance remains in effect.
- (2) Immunity under this section does not apply to any school district before January 1, 2000.
- (3) As used in this section, "youth programs" means any program or service, offered by a private nonprofit group, that is operated primarily to provide persons under the age of eighteen with opportunities to participate in services or programs.
- (4) This section does not impair or change the ability of any person to recover damages for harm done by: (a) Any contractor or employee of a school district acting in his or her capacity as a contractor or employee; or (b) the existence of unsafe facilities or structures or programs of any school district.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.600 RCW to read as follows:

(1)(a) Concussions are one of the most commonly reported injuries in children and adolescents who participate in sports and recreational activities. The centers for disease control and prevention estimates that as many as three million nine hundred thousand sports-related and recreation-related concussions occur in the United States each year. A concussion is caused by a blow or

motion to the head or body that causes the brain to move rapidly inside the skull. The risk of catastrophic injuries or death are significant when a concussion or head injury is not properly evaluated and managed.

- (b) Concussions are a type of brain injury that can range from mild to severe and can disrupt the way the brain normally works. Concussions can occur in any organized or unorganized sport or recreational activity and can result from a fall or from players colliding with each other, the ground, or with obstacles. Concussions occur with or without loss of consciousness, but the vast majority occurs without loss of consciousness.
- (c) Continuing to play with a concussion or symptoms of head injury leaves the young athlete especially vulnerable to greater injury and even death. The legislature recognizes that, despite having generally recognized return to play standards for concussion and head injury, some affected youth athletes are prematurely returned to play resulting in actual or potential physical injury or death to youth athletes in the state of Washington.
- (2) Each school district's board of directors shall work in concert with the Washington interscholastic activities association to develop the guidelines and other pertinent information and forms to inform and educate coaches, youth athletes, and their parents and/or guardians of the nature and risk of concussion and head injury including continuing to play after concussion or head injury. On a yearly basis, a concussion and head injury information sheet shall be signed and returned by the youth athlete and the athlete's parent and/or guardian prior to the youth athlete's initiating practice or competition.
- (3) A youth athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head injury in a practice or game shall be removed from competition at that time.
- (4) A youth athlete who has been removed from play may not return to play until the athlete is evaluated by a licensed health care provider trained in the evaluation and management of concussion and receives written clearance to return to play from that health care provider. The health care provider may be a volunteer. A volunteer who authorizes a youth athlete to return to play is not liable for civil damages resulting from any act or omission in the rendering of such care, other than acts or omissions constituting gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.
 - (5) This section may be known and cited as the Zackery Lystedt law.

Passed by the House April 20, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 2, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 476

[Substitute House Bill 1845] CHILD SUPPORT ORDERS—MEDICAL SUPPORT

AN ACT Relating to medical support obligations; amending RCW 26.09.105, 26.18.170, 26.18.180, 26.23.050, 26.23.110, 74.20A.300, 74.20A.055, 74.20A.056, and 74.20A.059; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 26.09.105 and 1994 c 230 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) ((In entering or modifying)) Whenever a child support order is entered or modified under this chapter, the court shall require ((either or)) both parents to provide medical support for any child named in the order as provided in this section.
 - (a) Medical support consists of:
 - (i) Health insurance coverage; and
 - (ii) Cash medical support.
 - (b) Cash medical support consists of:
- (i) A parent's monthly payment toward the premium paid for coverage by either the other parent or the state, which represents the obligated parent's proportionate share of the premium paid, but no more than twenty-five percent of the obligated parent's basic support obligation; and
 - (ii) A parent's proportionate share of uninsured medical expenses.
- (c) Under appropriate circumstances, the court may excuse one parent from the responsibility to provide health insurance coverage or the monthly payment toward the premium.
- (d) The court shall always require both parents to contribute their proportionate share of uninsured medical expenses.
- (2) Both parents share the obligation to provide medical support for the child or children specified in the order, by providing health insurance coverage or contributing a cash medical support obligation when appropriate, and paying a proportionate share of any uninsured medical expenses.
- (3)(a) The court may specify how medical support must be provided by each parent under subsection (4) of this section.
- (b) If the court does not specify how medical support will be provided or if neither parent provides proof that he or she is providing health insurance coverage for the child at the time the support order is entered, the division of child support or either parent may enforce a parent's obligation to provide medical support under RCW 26.18.170.
- (4)(a) If there is sufficient evidence provided at the time the order is entered, the court may make a determination of which parent must provide coverage and which parent must contribute a sum certain amount as his or her monthly payment toward the premium.
- (b) If both parents have available health insurance coverage that is accessible to the child at the time the support order is entered, the court has discretion to order the parent with better coverage to provide the health insurance coverage for the child and the other parent to pay a monthly payment toward the premium. In making the determination of which coverage is better, the court shall consider the needs of the child, the cost and extent of each parent's coverage, and the accessibility of the coverage.
- (c) Each parent shall remain responsible for his or her proportionate share of uninsured medical expenses.
- (5) The order must provide that if the parties' circumstances change, the parties' medical support obligations will be enforced as provided in RCW 26.18.170.
- (6) A parent who is ordered to maintain or provide health insurance coverage ((except as provided in subsection (2) of this section,)) may comply with that requirement by:

- (a) Providing proof of accessible private insurance coverage for any child named in the order ((if: (a))); or
- (b) Providing coverage that can be extended to cover the child that is ((or becomes)) available to that parent through employment or that is union-related((; and
- (b))). if the cost of such coverage does not exceed twenty-five percent of ((the obligated)) that parent's basic child support obligation.
- (((2))) (7) The court ((shall consider the best interests of the child and have discretion to)) may order a parent to provide health insurance coverage ((when entering or modifying a support order under this chapter if the cost of such eoverage)) that exceeds twenty-five percent of ((the obligated)) that parent's basic support obligation if it is in the best interests of the child to provide coverage.
- (((3))) (8) If the child receives state-financed medical coverage through the department under chapter 74.09 RCW for which there is an assignment, the obligated parent shall pay a monthly payment toward the premium.
- (9) Each parent is responsible for his or her proportionate share of uninsured medical expenses for the child or children covered by the support order.
- (10) The parents ((shall)) must maintain ((such)) health insurance coverage as required under this section until:
 - (a) Further order of the court;
- (b) The child is emancipated, if there is no express language to the contrary in the order; or
- (c) Health insurance is no longer available through the parents' employer or union and no conversion privileges exist to continue coverage following termination of employment.
- (((4))) (11) A parent who is required to extend health insurance coverage to a child under this section is liable for any covered health care costs for which the parent receives direct payment from an insurer.
- (((5))) (12) This section shall not be construed to limit the authority of the court to enter or modify support orders containing provisions for payment of uninsured health expenses, health care costs, or insurance premiums which are in addition to and not inconsistent with this section.
- (((6+))) (13) A parent ordered to provide health insurance coverage ((shall)) must provide proof of such coverage or proof that such coverage is unavailable within twenty days of the entry of the order to:
 - (a) The ((physical eustodian)) other parent; or
- (b) The department of social and health services if the parent has been notified or ordered to make support payments to the Washington state support registry.
- (((7))) (14) Every order requiring a parent to provide health care or insurance coverage ((shall)) <u>must</u> be entered in compliance with RCW 26.23.050 and be subject to direct enforcement as provided under chapter 26.18 RCW.
- (((8) "Health insurance coverage" as used in this section does not include medical assistance provided under chapter 74.09 RCW.)) (15) When a parent is providing health insurance coverage at the time the order is entered, the premium shall be included in the worksheets for the calculation of child support under chapter 26.19 RCW.
 - (16) As used in this section:

- (a) "Accessible" means health insurance coverage which provides primary care services to the child or children with reasonable effort by the custodian.
- (b) "Cash medical support" means a combination of: (i) A parent's monthly payment toward the premium paid for coverage by either the other parent or the state, which represents the obligated parent's proportionate share of the premium paid, but no more than twenty-five percent of the obligated parent's basic support obligation; and (ii) a parent's proportionate share of uninsured medical expenses.
- (c) "Health insurance coverage" does not include medical assistance provided under chapter 74.09 RCW.
- (d) "Uninsured medical expenses" includes premiums, copays, deductibles, along with other health care costs not covered by insurance.
- (e) "Obligated parent" means a parent ordered to provide health insurance coverage for the children.
- (f) "Proportionate share" means an amount equal to a parent's percentage share of the combined monthly net income of both parents as computed when determining a parent's child support obligation under chapter 26.19 RCW.
- (g) "Monthly payment toward the premium" means a parent's contribution toward premiums paid by the other parent or the state for insurance coverage for the child, which is based on the obligated parent's proportionate share of the premium paid, but no more than twenty-five percent of the obligated parent's basic support obligation.
- (17) The department of social and health services has rule-making authority to enact rules in compliance with 45 C.F.R. Parts 302, 303, 304, 305, and 308.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 26.18.170 and 2007 c 143 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Whenever a parent ((who)) has been ordered to provide ((health insurance coverage)) medical support for a dependent child ((fails to provide such coverage or lets it lapse)), the department or ((a)) the other parent may seek enforcement of the ((eoverage order)) medical support as provided under this section.
- (a) If the obligated parent provides proof that he or she provides accessible coverage for the child through private insurance, that parent has satisfied his or her obligation to provide health insurance coverage.
- (b) If the obligated parent does not provide proof of coverage, either the department or the other parent may take appropriate action as provided in this section to enforce the obligation.
- (2) The department may attempt to enforce a parent's obligation to provide health insurance coverage for the dependent child. If health insurance coverage is not available through the parent's employment or union at a cost not to exceed twenty-five percent of the parent's basic support obligation, or as otherwise provided in the support order, the department may enforce any monthly payment toward the premium ordered to be provided under RCW 26.09.105 or 74.20A.300.
- (3) A parent seeking to enforce another parent's monthly payment toward the premium under RCW 26.09.105 may:
- (a) Apply for support enforcement services from the division of child support as provided by rule; or
 - (b) Take action on his or her own behalf by:
 - (i) Filing a motion in the underlying superior court action; or

- (ii) Initiating an action in superior court to determine the amount owed by the obligated parent, if there is not already an underlying superior court action.
- (4)(a) The department may serve a notice of support owed under RCW 26.23.110 on a parent to determine the amount of that parent's monthly payment toward the premium.
- (b) Whether or not the child receives temporary assistance for needy families or medicaid, the department may enforce the responsible parent's monthly payment toward the premium. When the child receives state-financed medical coverage through the department under chapter 74.09 RCW for which there is an assignment, the department may disburse amounts collected to the custodial parent to be used for the medical costs of the child or the department may retain amounts collected and apply them toward the cost of providing the child's state-financed medical coverage. The department may disregard monthly payments toward the premium which are passed through to the family in accordance with federal law.
- (5)(a) If the ((parent's)) order to provide health insurance coverage contains language notifying the parent ordered to provide coverage that failure to provide such coverage or proof that such coverage is unavailable may result in direct enforcement of the order and orders payments through, or has been submitted to, the Washington state support registry for enforcement, then the department may, without further notice to the parent, send a national medical support notice pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 666(a)(19), and sections 401 (e) and (f) of the federal child support and performance incentive act of 1998 to the parent's employer or union. The notice shall be served:
 - (i) By regular mail;
 - (ii) In the manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action;
 - (iii) By certified mail, return receipt requested; or
- (iv) By electronic means if there is an agreement between the secretary of the department and the person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States to accept service by electronic means.
- (b) The notice shall require the employer or union to enroll the child in the health insurance plan as provided in subsection (((3))) (8) of this section.
- (c) The returned part A of the national medical support notice to the division of child support by the employer constitutes proof of service of the notice in the case where the notice was served by regular mail.
- (((d))) (6) Upon receipt of a national medical support notice from a child support agency operating under Title IV-D of the federal social security act:
- (a) The parent's employer or union shall comply with the provisions of the notice, including meeting response time frames and withholding requirements required under part A of the notice;
- (b) The parent's employer or union shall also be responsible for complying with forwarding part B of the notice to the child's plan administrator, if required by the notice:
- (c) The plan administrator is responsible for complying with the provisions of the notice.
- (7) If the parent's order to provide health insurance coverage does not order payments through, and has not been submitted to, the Washington state support registry for enforcement:

- (((i))) (a) The parent seeking enforcement may, without further notice to the ((other)) obligated parent, send a certified copy of the order requiring health insurance coverage to the ((obligor's)) parent's employer or union by certified mail, return receipt requested; and
- $((\frac{(ii)}))$ (b) The parent seeking enforcement shall attach a notarized statement to the order declaring that the order is the latest order addressing coverage entered by the court and require the employer or union to enroll the child in the health insurance plan as provided in subsection $((\frac{(3)}{2}))$ (8) of this section.
- (((3))) (8) Upon receipt of an order that provides for health insurance coverage:
- (a) The parent's employer or union shall answer the party who sent the order within twenty days and confirm that the child:
 - (i) Has been enrolled in the health insurance plan;
 - (ii) Will be enrolled; or
- (iii) Cannot be covered, stating the reasons why such coverage cannot be provided;
- (b) The employer or union shall withhold any required premium from the parent's income or wages;
- (c) If more than one plan is offered by the employer or union, and each plan may be extended to cover the child, then the child shall be enrolled in the parent's plan. If the parent's plan does not provide coverage which is accessible to the child, the child shall be enrolled in the least expensive plan otherwise available to the parent;
- (d) The employer or union shall provide information about the name of the health insurance coverage provider or issuer and the extent of coverage available to the parent and shall make available any necessary claim forms or enrollment membership cards.
- (((4) Upon receipt of a national medical support notice from a child support agency operating under Title IV-D of the federal social security act:
- (a) The parent's employer or union shall comply with the provisions of the notice, including meeting response time frames and withholding requirements required under part A of the notice;
- (b) The parent's employer or union shall also be responsible for complying with forwarding part B of the notice to the child's plan administrator, if required by the notice;
- (e) The plan administrator shall be responsible for complying with the provisions of the notice.
- (5))) (9) If the order for coverage contains no language notifying either or both parents that failure to provide health insurance coverage or proof that such coverage is unavailable may result in direct enforcement of the order, the department or the parent seeking enforcement may serve a written notice of intent to enforce the order on the ((other)) obligated parent by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by personal service. If the parent required to provide medical support fails to provide written proof that such coverage has been obtained or applied for or fails to provide proof that such coverage is unavailable within twenty days of service of the notice, the department or the parent seeking enforcement may proceed to enforce the order directly as provided in subsection (((2))) (5) of this section.

- (((6))) (10) If the parent ordered to provide health insurance coverage elects to provide coverage that will not be accessible to the child because of geographic or other limitations when accessible coverage is otherwise available, the department or the parent seeking enforcement may serve a written notice of intent to purchase health insurance coverage on the obligated parent ((required to provide medical support)) by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice shall also specify the type and cost of coverage.
- $(((\frac{7}{2})))$ (11) If the department serves a notice under subsection $(((\frac{6}{2})))$ (10) of this section the parent required to provide medical support shall, within twenty days of the date of service:
 - (a) File an application for an adjudicative proceeding; or
- (b) Provide written proof to the department that the <u>obligated</u> parent has either applied for, or obtained, coverage accessible to the child.
- (((8))) (12) If the parent seeking enforcement serves a notice under subsection (((6))) (10) of this section, within twenty days of the date of service the parent required to provide medical support shall provide written proof to the parent seeking enforcement that ((the parent required to provide medical support)) he or she has either applied for, or obtained, coverage accessible to the child.
- $((\frac{(\Theta)}{)})$ (13) If the parent required to provide medical support fails to respond to a notice served under subsection $((\frac{(\Theta)}{)})$ (10) of this section to the party who served the notice, the party who served the notice may purchase the health insurance coverage specified in the notice directly.
- (a) If the obligated parent is the responsible parent, the amount of the monthly premium shall be added to the support debt and be collectible without further notice.
- (b) If the obligated parent is the custodial parent, the responsible parent may file an application for enforcement services and ask the department to establish and enforce the custodial parent's obligation.
- (c) The amount of the monthly premium may be collected or accrued until the parent required to provide medical support provides proof of the required coverage.
- (((10))) (14) The signature of the parent seeking enforcement or of a department employee shall be a valid authorization to the coverage provider or issuer for purposes of processing a payment to the child's health services provider. An order for health insurance coverage shall operate as an assignment of all benefit rights to the parent seeking enforcement or to the child's health services provider, and in any claim against the coverage provider or issuer, the parent seeking enforcement or his or her assignee shall be subrogated to the rights of the parent obligated to provide medical support for the child. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section regarding assignment of benefits, this section shall not require a health care service contractor authorized under chapter 48.44 RCW or a health maintenance organization authorized under chapter 48.46 RCW to deviate from their contractual provisions and restrictions regarding reimbursement for covered services. If the coverage is terminated, the employer shall mail a notice of termination to the department or the parent seeking enforcement at that parent's last known address within thirty days of the termination date

- (((11))) (15) This section shall not be construed to limit the right of the parents or parties to the support order to bring an action in superior court at any time to enforce, modify, or clarify the original support order.
- (((12))) (16) Where a child does not reside in the issuer's service area, an issuer shall cover no less than urgent and emergent care. Where the issuer offers broader coverage, whether by policy or reciprocal agreement, the issuer shall provide such coverage to any child otherwise covered that does not reside in the issuer's service area.
- (((13))) (17) If a parent required to provide medical support fails to pay his or her portion, determined under RCW 26.19.080, of any <u>premium</u>, deductible, copay, or uninsured medical expense incurred on behalf of the child, pursuant to a child support order, the department or the ((obligee)) parent <u>seeking reimbursement of medical expenses</u> may enforce collection of ((that)) the <u>obligated</u> parent's portion of the <u>premium</u>, deductible, copay, or uninsured medical expense incurred on behalf of the child.
- (a) If the department is enforcing the order((, the parent required to provide medical support shall have his or her)) and the responsible parent is the obligated parent, the obligated parent's portion of the premium, deductible, copay, or uninsured medical expenses incurred on behalf of the child added to the support debt and be collectible without further notice, following the reduction of the expenses to a sum certain either in a court order or by the department, pursuant to RCW 26.23.110.
- (((14))) (b) If the custodial parent is the obligated parent, the responsible parent may file an application for enforcement services and ask the department to establish and enforce the custodial parent's obligation.
 - (18) As used in this section:
- (a) "Accessible" means health insurance coverage which provides primary care services to the child or children with reasonable effort by the custodian.
- (b) "Cash medical support" means a combination of: (i) A parent's monthly payment toward the premium paid for coverage by either the other parent or the state, which represents the obligated parent's proportionate share of the premium paid, but no more than twenty-five percent of the obligated parent's basic support obligation; and (ii) a parent's proportionate share of uninsured medical expenses.
- (c) "Health insurance coverage" does not include medical assistance provided under chapter 74.09 RCW.
- (d) "Uninsured medical expenses" includes premiums, copays, deductibles, along with other health care costs not covered by insurance.
- (e) "Obligated parent" means a parent ordered to provide health insurance coverage for the children.
- (f) "Monthly payment toward the premium" means a parent's contribution toward premiums paid by the other parent or the state for insurance coverage for the child, which is based on the obligated parent's proportionate share of the premium paid, but no more than twenty-five percent of the obligated parent's basic support obligation.
- (19) The department has rule-making authority to enact rules consistent with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 652(f) and 42 U.S.C. Sec. 666(a)(19) as amended by section 7307 of the deficit reduction act of 2005. Additionally, the department has rule-making authority to implement regulations required under ((parts)) 45 C.F.R. Parts 302, 303, 304, 305, and 308.

- **Sec. 3.** RCW 26.18.180 and 2000 c 86 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) ((An obligated parent's)) The employer or union of a parent who has been ordered to provide health insurance coverage shall be liable for a fine of up to one thousand dollars per occurrence, if the employer or union fails or refuses, within twenty days of receiving the order or notice for health insurance coverage to:
- (a) Promptly enroll the ((obligated)) parent's child in the health insurance plan; or
- (b) Make a written answer to the person or entity who sent the order or notice for health insurance coverage stating that the child:
 - (i) Will be enrolled in the next available open enrollment period; or
- (ii) Cannot be covered and explaining the reasons why coverage cannot be provided.
- (2) Liability may be established and the fine may be collected by the office of support enforcement under chapter 74.20A or 26.23 RCW using any of the remedies contained in those chapters.
- (3) Any employer or union who enrolls a child in a health insurance plan in compliance with chapter 26.18 RCW shall be exempt from liability resulting from such enrollment.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 26.23.050 and 2007 c 143 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) If the division of child support is providing support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, or if a party is applying for support enforcement services by signing the application form on the bottom of the support order, the superior court shall include in all court orders that establish or modify a support obligation:
- (a) A provision that orders and directs the responsible parent to make all support payments to the Washington state support registry;
- (b) A statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:
- (i) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding and that withholding should be delayed until a payment is past due; or
- (ii) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement;
- (c) A statement that the receiving parent might be required to submit an accounting of how the support, including any cash medical support, is being spent to benefit the child;
- (d) A statement that any parent required to provide health insurance coverage for the child or children covered by the order must notify the division of child support and the other parent when the coverage terminates; and
- (((d))) (e) A statement that the responsible parent's privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in RCW 74.20A.320, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as provided in RCW 74.20A.320.

As used in this subsection and subsection (3) of this section, "good cause not to require immediate income withholding" means a written determination of why implementing immediate wage withholding would not be in the child's best interests and, in modification cases, proof of timely payment of previously ordered support.

- (2) In all other cases not under subsection (1) of this section, the court may order the responsible parent to make payments directly to the person entitled to receive the payments, to the Washington state support registry, or may order that payments be made in accordance with an alternate arrangement agreed upon by the parties.
- (a) The superior court shall include in all orders under this subsection that establish or modify a support obligation:
- (i) A statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:
- (A) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding and that withholding should be delayed until a payment is past due; or
- (B) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement; ((and))
- (ii) A statement that the receiving parent may be required to submit an accounting of how the support is being spent to benefit the child;
- (iii) A statement that any parent required to provide health insurance coverage for the child or children covered by the order must notify the division of child support and the other parent when the coverage terminates; and
- (iv) A statement that a parent seeking to enforce the obligation to provide health insurance coverage may:
 - (A) File a motion in the underlying superior court action; or
- (B) If there is not already an underlying superior court action, initiate an action in the superior court.

As used in this subsection, "good cause not to require immediate income withholding" is any reason that the court finds appropriate.

- (b) The superior court may order immediate or delayed income withholding as follows:
- (i) Immediate income withholding may be ordered if the responsible parent has earnings. If immediate income withholding is ordered under this subsection, all support payments shall be paid to the Washington state support registry. The superior court shall issue a mandatory wage assignment order as set forth in chapter 26.18 RCW when the support order is signed by the court. The parent entitled to receive the transfer payment is responsible for serving the employer with the order and for its enforcement as set forth in chapter 26.18 RCW.
- (ii) If immediate income withholding is not ordered, the court shall require that income withholding be delayed until a payment is past due. The support order shall contain a statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent, after a payment is past due.

- (c) If a mandatory wage withholding order under chapter 26.18 RCW is issued under this subsection and the division of child support provides support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, the existing wage withholding assignment is prospectively superseded upon the division of child support's subsequent service of an income withholding notice.
- (3) The office of administrative hearings and the department of social and health services shall require that all support obligations established as administrative orders include a provision which orders and directs that the responsible parent shall make all support payments to the Washington state support registry. All administrative orders shall also state that the responsible parent's privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in RCW 74.20A.320, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as provided in RCW 74.20A.320. All administrative orders shall also state that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the order, unless:
- (a) One of the parties demonstrates, and the presiding officer finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding; or
- (b) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the presiding officer that provides for an alternate agreement.
- (4) If the support order does not include the provision ordering and directing that all payments be made to the Washington state support registry and a statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits if a support payment is past due or at any time after the entry of the order, or that a parent's licensing privileges may not be renewed, or may be suspended, the division of child support may serve a notice on the responsible parent stating such requirements and authorizations. Service may be by personal service or any form of mail requiring a return receipt.
 - (5) Every support order shall state:
 - (a) The address where the support payment is to be sent;
- (b) That withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of a support order, unless:
- (i) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding; or
- (ii) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement;
- (c) The income of the parties, if known, or that their income is unknown and the income upon which the support award is based;
 - (d) The support award as a sum certain amount;
 - (e) The specific day or date on which the support payment is due;
 - (f) The names and ages of the dependent children;
- (g) A provision requiring both the responsible parent and the custodial parent to keep the Washington state support registry informed of whether he or she has access to health insurance coverage at reasonable cost and, if so, the health insurance policy information;

- (h) That either or both the responsible parent and the custodial parent shall be obligated to provide ((health insurance coverage)) medical support for his or her child through health insurance coverage if:
- (i) The obligated parent provides accessible coverage for the child through private insurance; or
- (ii) Coverage that can be extended to cover the child is or becomes available to the parent through employment or is union-related; or
- (iii) In the absence of such coverage, through an additional sum certain amount, as that parent's monthly payment toward the premium as provided under RCW 26.09.105;
- (i) That a parent providing health insurance coverage must notify both the division of child support and the other parent when coverage terminates;
- (j) That if proof of health insurance coverage or proof that the coverage is unavailable is not provided within twenty days, the parent seeking enforcement or the department may seek direct enforcement of the coverage through the employer or union of the parent required to provide medical support without further notice to the parent as provided under chapter 26.18 RCW;
- $((\frac{1}{2})))$ (k) The reasons for not ordering health insurance coverage if the order fails to require such coverage;
- (((k))) (1) That the responsible parent's privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in RCW 74.20A.320, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as provided in RCW 74.20A.320;
 - $((\frac{1}{1}))$ (m) That each parent must:
- (i) Promptly file with the court and update as necessary the confidential information form required by subsection (7) of this section; and
- (ii) Provide the state case registry and update as necessary the information required by subsection (7) of this section; and
- (((m))) (n) That parties to administrative support orders shall provide to the state case registry and update as necessary their residential addresses and the address of the responsible parent's employer. The division of child support may adopt rules that govern the collection of parties' current residence and mailing addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, social security numbers, the names of the children, social security numbers of the children, dates of birth of the children, driver's license numbers, and the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the parties' employers to enforce an administrative support order. The division of child support shall not release this information if the division of child support determines that there is reason to believe that release of the information may result in physical or emotional harm to the party or to the child, or a restraining order or protective order is in effect to protect one party from the other party.
- (6) After the responsible parent has been ordered or notified to make payments to the Washington state support registry under this section, the responsible parent shall be fully responsible for making all payments to the Washington state support registry and shall be subject to payroll deduction or other income-withholding action. The responsible parent shall not be entitled to credit against a support obligation for any payments made to a person or agency other than to the Washington state support registry except as provided under RCW 74.20.101. A civil action may be brought by the payor to recover

payments made to persons or agencies who have received and retained support moneys paid contrary to the provisions of this section.

- (7) All petitioners and parties to all court actions under chapters 26.09, 26.10, 26.12, 26.18, 26.21A, 26.23, 26.26, and 26.27 RCW shall complete to the best of their knowledge a verified and signed confidential information form or equivalent that provides the parties' current residence and mailing addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, social security numbers, driver's license numbers, and the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the parties' employers. The clerk of the court shall not accept petitions, except in parentage actions initiated by the state, orders of child support, decrees of dissolution, or paternity orders for filing in such actions unless accompanied by the confidential information form or equivalent, or unless the confidential information form or equivalent is already on file with the court clerk. In lieu of or in addition to requiring the parties to complete a separate confidential information form, the clerk may collect the information in electronic form. The clerk of the court shall transmit the confidential information form or its data to the division of child support with a copy of the order of child support or paternity order, and may provide copies of the confidential information form or its data and any related findings, decrees, parenting plans, orders, or other documents to the state administrative agency that administers Title IV-A, IV-D, IV-E, or XIX of the federal social security act. In state initiated paternity actions, the parties adjudicated the parents of the child or children shall complete the confidential information form or equivalent or the state's attorney of record may complete that form to the best of the attorney's knowledge.
- (8) The department has rule-making authority to enact rules consistent with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 652(f) and 42 U.S.C. Sec. 666(a)(19) as amended by section 7307 of the deficit reduction act of 2005. Additionally, the department has rule-making authority to implement regulations required under ((parts)) 45 C.F.R. Parts 302, 303, 304, 305, and 308.
- Sec. 5. RCW 26.23.110 and 2007 c 143 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department may serve a notice of support owed on a responsible parent when a support order:
- (a) Does not state the current and future support obligation as a fixed dollar amount:
- (b) Contains an escalation clause or adjustment provision for which additional information not contained in the support order is needed to determine the fixed dollar amount of the support debt or the fixed dollar amount of the current and future support obligation, or both; or
- (c) Provides that the responsible parent is responsible for paying for a portion of uninsured medical costs, copayments, and/or deductibles incurred on behalf of the child, but does not reduce the costs to a fixed dollar amount.
- (2) The department may serve a notice of support owed on a parent who has been designated to pay per a support order a portion of uninsured medical costs, copayments, or deductibles incurred on behalf of the child, but only when the support order does not reduce the costs to a fixed dollar amount.
- (3) The department may serve a notice of support owed to determine a parent's monthly payment toward the premium as defined in RCW 26.09.105, if

the support order does not set a fixed dollar amount for the monthly payment toward the premium.

- (4) The notice of support owed shall facilitate enforcement of the support order and implement and effectuate the terms of the support order, rather than modify those terms. When the office of support enforcement issues a notice of support owed, the office shall inform the payee under the support order.
- (((4))) (5) The notice of support owed shall be served on a responsible parent by personal service or any form of mailing requiring a return receipt. The notice shall be served on the applicant or recipient of services by first-class mail to the last known address. The notice of support owed shall contain an initial finding of the fixed dollar amount of current and future support obligation that should be paid or the fixed dollar amount of the support debt owed under the support order, or both.
- (((5))) (6) A parent who objects to the fixed dollar amounts stated in the notice of support owed has twenty days from the date of the service of the notice of support owed to file an application for an adjudicative proceeding or initiate an action in superior court.
 - ((6))) (7) The notice of support owed shall state that the parent may:
- (a) File an application for an adjudicative proceeding governed by chapter 34.05 RCW, the administrative procedure act, in which the parent will be required to appear and show cause why the fixed dollar amount of support debt or current and future support obligation, or both, stated in the notice of support owed is incorrect and should not be ordered; or
 - (b) Initiate an action in superior court.
- (((7))) (<u>8</u>) If either parent does not file an application for an adjudicative proceeding or initiate an action in superior court, the fixed dollar amount of current and future support obligation or support debt, or both, stated in the notice of support owed shall become final and subject to collection action.
- (((8))) (9) If an adjudicative proceeding is requested, the department shall mail a copy of the notice of adjudicative proceeding to the parties.
- (((9))) (10) If either parent does not initiate an action in superior court, and serve notice of the action on the department and the other party to the support order within the twenty-day period, the parent shall be deemed to have made an election of remedies and shall be required to exhaust administrative remedies under this chapter with judicial review available as provided for in RCW 34.05.510 through 34.05.598.
- (((10))) (11) An adjudicative order entered in accordance with this section shall state the basis, rationale, or formula upon which the fixed dollar amounts established in the adjudicative order were based. The fixed dollar amount of current and future support obligation or the amount of the support debt, or both, determined under this section shall be subject to collection under this chapter and other applicable state statutes.
 - (((11))) (12) The department shall also provide for:
- (a) An annual review of the support order if either the office of support enforcement or the parent requests such a review; and
- (b) A late adjudicative proceeding if the parent fails to file an application for an adjudicative proceeding in a timely manner under this section.

- $(((\frac{12}{12})))$ (13) If an annual review or late adjudicative proceeding is requested under subsection $(((\frac{11}{12})))$ (12) of this section, the department shall mail a copy of the notice of adjudicative proceeding to the parties' last known address.
- (((13))) (14) The department has rule-making authority to enact rules consistent with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 652(f) and 42 U.S.C. Sec. 666(a)(19) as amended by section 7307 of the deficit reduction act of 2005. Additionally, the department has rule-making authority to implement regulations required under ((parts)) 45 C.F.R. Parts 302, 303, 304, 305, and 308.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 74.20A.300 and 1994 c 230 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Whenever a support order is entered or modified under this chapter, the department shall require ((the responsible)) either or both parents to ((maintain or provide health insurance coverage)) provide medical support for any dependent child, in the nature of health insurance coverage or a monthly payment toward the premium, as provided under RCW 26.09.105.
- (2) "Health insurance coverage" as used in this section does not include medical assistance provided under chapter 74.09 RCW.
- (3) A parent ordered to provide health insurance coverage shall provide proof of such coverage or proof that such coverage is unavailable to the department within twenty days of the entry of the order.
- (4) A parent required to provide health insurance coverage must notify the department and the other parent when coverage terminates.
- (5) Every order requiring a parent to provide health insurance coverage shall be entered in compliance with RCW 26.23.050 and be subject to direct enforcement as provided under chapter 26.18 RCW.
- **Sec. 7.** RCW 74.20A.055 and 2007 c 143 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The secretary may, if there is no order that establishes the responsible parent's support obligation or specifically relieves the responsible parent of a support obligation or pursuant to an establishment of paternity under chapter 26.26 RCW, serve on the responsible parent or parents and custodial parent a notice and finding of financial responsibility requiring the parents to appear and show cause in an adjudicative proceeding why the finding of responsibility and/ or the amount thereof is incorrect, should not be finally ordered, but should be rescinded or modified. This notice and finding shall relate to the support debt accrued and/or accruing under this chapter and/or RCW 26.16.205, including periodic payments to be made in the future. The hearing shall be held pursuant to this section, chapter 34.05 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act, and the rules of the department. A custodian who has physical custody of a child has the same rights that a custodial parent has under this section.
- (2) The notice and finding of financial responsibility shall be served in the same manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action or may be served on the responsible parent by certified mail, return receipt requested. The receipt shall be prima facie evidence of service. The notice shall be served upon the debtor within sixty days from the date the state assumes responsibility for the support of the dependent child or children on whose behalf support is sought. If the notice is not served within sixty days from such date, the department shall lose the right to reimbursement of payments made after the sixty-day period and

before the date of notification: PROVIDED, That if the department exercises reasonable efforts to locate the debtor and is unable to do so the entire sixty-day period is tolled until such time as the debtor can be located. The notice may be served upon the custodial parent who is the nonassistance applicant or public assistance recipient by first-class mail to the last known address. If the custodial parent is not the nonassistance applicant or public assistance recipient, service shall be in the same manner as for the responsible parent.

- (3) The notice and finding of financial responsibility shall set forth the amount the department has determined the responsible parent owes, the support debt accrued and/or accruing, and periodic payments to be made in the future. The notice and finding shall also include:
- (a) A statement of the name of the custodial parent and the name of the child or children for whom support is sought;
- (b) A statement of the amount of periodic future support payments as to which financial responsibility is alleged;
- (c) A statement that the responsible parent or custodial parent may object to all or any part of the notice and finding, and file an application for an adjudicative proceeding to show cause why the terms set forth in the notice should not be ordered;
- (d) A statement that, if neither the responsible parent nor the custodial parent files in a timely fashion an application for an adjudicative proceeding, the support debt and payments stated in the notice and finding, including periodic support payments in the future, shall be assessed and determined and ordered by the department and that this debt and amounts due under the notice shall be subject to collection action;
- (e) A statement that the property of the debtor, without further advance notice or hearing, will be subject to lien and foreclosure, distraint, seizure and sale, order to withhold and deliver, notice of payroll deduction or other collection action to satisfy the debt and enforce the support obligation established under the notice;
- (f) A statement that either or both parents are responsible for providing health insurance for his or her child if coverage that can be extended to cover the child either through private health insurance which is accessible to the child or through coverage that is or becomes available to the parent through employment or is union-related, or for paying a monthly payment toward the premium if no such coverage is available, as provided under RCW 26.09.105.
- (4) A responsible parent or custodial parent who objects to the notice and finding of financial responsibility may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding within twenty days of the date of service of the notice or thereafter as provided under this subsection.
- (a) If the responsible parent or custodial parent files the application within twenty days, the office of administrative hearings shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding to hear the parent's or parents' objection and determine the support obligation for the entire period covered by the notice and finding of financial responsibility. The filing of the application stays collection action pending the entry of a final administrative order;
- (b) If both the responsible parent and the custodial parent fail to file an application within twenty days, the notice and finding shall become a final administrative order. The amounts for current and future support and the support

debt stated in the notice are final and subject to collection, except as provided under (c) and (d) of this subsection;

- (c) If the responsible parent or custodial parent files the application more than twenty days after, but within one year of the date of service, the office of administrative hearings shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding to hear the parent's or parents' objection and determine the support obligation for the entire period covered by the notice and finding of financial responsibility. The filing of the application does not stay further collection action, pending the entry of a final administrative order, and does not affect any prior collection action;
- (d) If the responsible parent or custodial parent files the application more than one year after the date of service, the office of administrative hearings shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding at which the parent who requested the late hearing must show good cause for failure to file a timely application. The filing of the application does not stay future collection action and does not affect prior collection action:
- (i) If the presiding officer finds that good cause exists, the presiding officer shall proceed to hear the parent's objection to the notice and determine the support obligation;
- (ii) If the presiding officer finds that good cause does not exist, the presiding officer shall treat the application as a petition for prospective modification of the amount for current and future support established under the notice and finding. In the modification proceeding, the presiding officer shall set current and future support under chapter 26.19 RCW. The petitioning parent need show neither good cause nor a substantial change of circumstances to justify modification of current and future support;
- (e) If the responsible parent's support obligation was based upon imputed median net income, the grant standard, or the family need standard, the division of child support may file an application for adjudicative proceeding more than twenty days after the date of service of the notice. The office of administrative hearings shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding and provide notice of the hearing to the responsible parent and the custodial parent. The presiding officer shall determine the support obligation for the entire period covered by the notice, based upon credible evidence presented by the division of child support, the responsible parent, or the custodial parent, or may determine that the support obligation set forth in the notice is correct. The division of child support demonstrates good cause by showing that the responsible parent's support obligation was based upon imputed median net income, the grant standard, or the family need standard. The filing of the application by the division of child support does not stay further collection action, pending the entry of a final administrative order, and does not affect any prior collection action.
- (f) The department shall retain and/or shall not refund support money collected more than twenty days after the date of service of the notice. Money withheld as the result of collection action shall be delivered to the department. The department shall distribute such money, as provided in published rules.
- (5) If an application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed, the presiding or reviewing officer shall determine the past liability and responsibility, if any, of the alleged responsible parent and shall also determine the amount of periodic payments to be made in the future, which amount is not limited by the amount of any public assistance payment made to or for the benefit of the child. If

deviating from the child support schedule in making these determinations, the presiding or reviewing officer shall apply the standards contained in the child support schedule and enter written findings of fact supporting the deviation.

- (6) If either the responsible parent or the custodial parent fails to attend or participate in the hearing or other stage of an adjudicative proceeding, upon a showing of valid service, the presiding officer shall enter an order of default against each party who did not appear and may enter an administrative order declaring the support debt and payment provisions stated in the notice and finding of financial responsibility to be assessed and determined and subject to collection action. The parties who appear may enter an agreed settlement or consent order, which may be different than the terms of the department's notice. Any party who appears may choose to proceed to the hearing, after the conclusion of which the presiding officer or reviewing officer may enter an order that is different than the terms stated in the notice, if the obligation is supported by credible evidence presented by any party at the hearing.
- (7) The final administrative order establishing liability and/or future periodic support payments shall be superseded upon entry of a superior court order for support to the extent the superior court order is inconsistent with the administrative order.
- (8) Debts determined pursuant to this section, accrued and not paid, are subject to collection action under this chapter without further necessity of action by a presiding or reviewing officer.
- (9) The department has rule-making authority to enact rules consistent with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 652(f) and 42 U.S.C. Sec. 666(a)(19) as amended by section 7307 of the deficit reduction act of 2005. Additionally, the department has rule-making authority to implement regulations required under ((parts)) 45 C.F.R. Parts 302, 303, 304, 305, and 308.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 74.20A.056 and 2007 c 143 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) If an alleged father has signed an affidavit acknowledging paternity which has been filed with the state registrar of vital statistics before July 1, 1997, the division of child support may serve a notice and finding of parental responsibility on him and the custodial parent. Procedures for and responsibility resulting from acknowledgments filed after July 1, 1997, are in subsections (8) and (9) of this section. Service of the notice shall be in the same manner as a summons in a civil action or by certified mail, return receipt requested, on the alleged father. The custodial parent shall be served by first-class mail to the last known address. If the custodial parent is not the nonassistance applicant or public assistance recipient, service shall be in the same manner as for the responsible parent. The notice shall have attached to it a copy of the affidavit or certification of birth record information advising of the existence of a filed affidavit, provided by the state registrar of vital statistics, and shall state that:
- (a) Either or both parents are responsible for providing health insurance for their child either through private health insurance which is accessible to the child or through coverage that if coverage that can be extended to cover the child is or becomes available to the parent through employment or is union-related, or for paying a monthly payment toward the premium if no such coverage is available, as provided under RCW 26.09.105;

- (b) The alleged father or custodial parent may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding at which they both will be required to appear and show cause why the amount stated in the notice as to support is incorrect and should not be ordered;
- (c) An alleged father or mother, if she is also the custodial parent, may request that a blood or genetic test be administered to determine whether such test would exclude him from being a natural parent and, if not excluded, may subsequently request that the division of child support initiate an action in superior court to determine the existence of the parent-child relationship; and
- (d) If neither the alleged father nor the custodial parent requests that a blood or genetic test be administered or files an application for an adjudicative proceeding, the amount of support stated in the notice and finding of parental responsibility shall become final, subject only to a subsequent determination under RCW 26.26.500 through 26.26.630 that the parent-child relationship does not exist.
- (2) An alleged father or custodial parent who objects to the amount of support requested in the notice may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding up to twenty days after the date the notice was served. An application for an adjudicative proceeding may be filed within one year of service of the notice and finding of parental responsibility without the necessity for a showing of good cause or upon a showing of good cause thereafter. An adjudicative proceeding under this section shall be pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055. The only issues shall be the amount of the accrued debt, the amount of the current and future support obligation, and the reimbursement of the costs of blood or genetic tests if advanced by the department. A custodian who is not the parent of a child and who has physical custody of a child has the same notice and hearing rights that a custodial parent has under this section.
- (3) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed within twenty days of service of the notice, collection action shall be stayed pending a final decision by the department. If no application is filed within twenty days:
- (a) The amounts in the notice shall become final and the debt created therein shall be subject to collection action; and
- (b) Any amounts so collected shall neither be refunded nor returned if the alleged father is later found not to be a responsible parent.
- (4) An alleged father or the mother, if she is also the custodial parent, may request that a blood or genetic test be administered at any time. The request for testing shall be in writing, or as the department may specify by rule, and served on the division of child support. If a request for testing is made, the department shall arrange for the test and, pursuant to rules adopted by the department, may advance the cost of such testing. The department shall mail a copy of the test results by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the alleged father's and mother's, if she is also the custodial parent, last known address.
- (5) If the test excludes the alleged father from being a natural parent, the division of child support shall file a copy of the results with the state registrar of vital statistics and shall dismiss any pending administrative collection proceedings based upon the affidavit in issue. The state registrar of vital statistics shall remove the alleged father's name from the birth certificate and change the child's surname to be the same as the mother's maiden name as stated on the birth certificate, or any other name which the mother may select.

- (6) The alleged father or mother, if she is also the custodial parent, may, within twenty days after the date of receipt of the test results, request the division of child support to initiate an action under RCW 26.26.500 through 26.26.630 to determine the existence of the parent-child relationship. If the division of child support initiates a superior court action at the request of the alleged father or mother and the decision of the court is that the alleged father is a natural parent, the parent who requested the test shall be liable for court costs incurred.
- (7) If the alleged father or mother, if she is also the custodial parent, does not request the division of child support to initiate a superior court action, or fails to appear and cooperate with blood or genetic testing, the notice of parental responsibility shall become final for all intents and purposes and may be overturned only by a subsequent superior court order entered under RCW 26.26.500 through 26.26.630.
- (8)(a) Subsections (1) through (7) of this section do not apply to acknowledgments of paternity filed with the state registrar of vital statistics after July 1, 1997.
- (b) If an acknowledged father has signed an acknowledgment of paternity that has been filed with the state registrar of vital statistics after July 1, 1997:
- (i) The division of child support may serve a notice and finding of financial responsibility under RCW 74.20A.055 based on the acknowledgment. The division of child support shall attach a copy of the acknowledgment or certification of the birth record information advising of the existence of a filed acknowledgment of paternity to the notice;
- (ii) The notice shall include a statement that the acknowledged father or any other signatory may commence a proceeding in court to rescind or challenge the acknowledgment or denial of paternity under RCW 26.26.330 and 26.26.335;
- (iii) A statement that either or both parents are responsible for providing health insurance for his or her child if coverage that can be extended to cover the child is or becomes available to the parent through employment or is union-related as provided under RCW 26.09.105; and
- (iv) The party commencing the action to rescind or challenge the acknowledgment or denial must serve notice on the division of child support and the office of the prosecuting attorney in the county in which the proceeding is commenced. Commencement of a proceeding to rescind or challenge the acknowledgment or denial stays the establishment of the notice and finding of financial responsibility, if the notice has not yet become a final order.
- (c) If neither the acknowledged father nor the other party to the notice files an application for an adjudicative proceeding or the signatories to the acknowledgment or denial do not commence a proceeding to rescind or challenge the acknowledgment of paternity, the amount of support stated in the notice and finding of financial responsibility becomes final, subject only to a subsequent determination under RCW 26.26.500 through 26.26.630 that the parent-child relationship does not exist. The division of child support does not refund nor return any amounts collected under a notice that becomes final under this section or RCW 74.20A.055, even if a court later determines that the acknowledgment is void.
- (d) An acknowledged father or other party to the notice who objects to the amount of support requested in the notice may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding up to twenty days after the date the notice was served.

An application for an adjudicative proceeding may be filed within one year of service of the notice and finding of parental responsibility without the necessity for a showing of good cause or upon a showing of good cause thereafter. An adjudicative proceeding under this section shall be pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055. The only issues shall be the amount of the accrued debt and the amount of the current and future support obligation.

- (i) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed within twenty days of service of the notice, collection action shall be stayed pending a final decision by the department.
- (ii) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is not filed within twenty days of the service of the notice, any amounts collected under the notice shall be neither refunded nor returned if the alleged father is later found not to be a responsible parent.
- (e) If neither the acknowledged father nor the custodial parent requests an adjudicative proceeding, or if no timely action is brought to rescind or challenge the acknowledgment or denial after service of the notice, the notice of financial responsibility becomes final for all intents and purposes and may be overturned only by a subsequent superior court order entered under RCW 26.26.500 through 26.26.630.
- (9) Acknowledgments of paternity that are filed after July 1, 1997, are subject to requirements of chapters 26.26, the uniform parentage act, and 70.58 RCW.
- (10) The department and the department of health may adopt rules to implement the requirements under this section.
- (11) The department has rule-making authority to enact rules consistent with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 652(f) and 42 U.S.C. Sec. 666(a)(19) as amended by section 7307 of the deficit reduction act of 2005. Additionally, the department has rule-making authority to implement regulations required under ((parts)) 45 C.F.R. Parts 302, 303, 304, 305, and 308.
- **Sec. 9.** RCW 74.20A.059 and 1991 c 367 s 47 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department, the physical custodian, or the responsible parent may petition for a prospective modification of a final administrative order if:
- (a) The administrative order has not been superseded by a superior court order; and
- (b) There has been a substantial change of circumstances, except as provided under RCW 74.20A.055(4)(d).
- (2) An order of child support may be modified one year or more after it has been entered without showing a substantial change of circumstances:
- (a) If the order in practice works a severe economic hardship on either party or the child; or
- (b) If a party requests an adjustment in an order for child support that was based on guidelines which determined the amount of support according to the child's age, and the child is no longer in the age category on which the current support amount was based; or
- (c) If a child is a full-time student and reasonably expected to complete secondary school or the equivalent level of vocational or technical training before the child becomes nineteen years of age upon a finding that there is a need to extend support beyond the eighteenth birthday.

- (3) An order may be modified without showing a substantial change of circumstances if the requested modification is to:
- (a) Require ((health insurance coverage)) medical support under RCW 26.09.105 for a child covered by the order; or
 - (b) Modify an existing order for health insurance coverage.
- (4) Support orders may be adjusted once every twenty-four months based upon changes in the income of the parents without a showing of substantially changed circumstances.
- (5)(a) All administrative orders entered on, before, or after September 1, 1991, may be modified based upon changes in the child support schedule established in chapter 26.19 RCW without a substantial change of circumstances. The petition may be filed based on changes in the child support schedule after twelve months has expired from the entry of the administrative order or the most recent modification order setting child support, whichever is later. However, if a party is granted relief under this provision, twenty-four months must pass before another petition for modification may be filed pursuant to subsection (4) of this section.
- (b) If, pursuant to subsection (4) of this section or (a) of this subsection, the order modifies a child support obligation by more than thirty percent and the change would cause significant hardship, the change may be implemented in two equal increments, one at the time of the entry of the order and the second six months from the entry of the order. Twenty-four months must pass following the second change before a petition for modification under subsection (4) of this section may be filed.
- (6) An increase in the wage or salary of the parent or custodian who is receiving the support transfer payments ((as defined in section 24 of this act)) is not a substantial change in circumstances for purposes of modification under subsection (1)(b) of this section. An obligor's voluntary unemployment or voluntary underemployment, by itself, is not a substantial change of circumstances.
- (7) The department shall file the petition and a supporting affidavit with the secretary or the secretary's designee when the department petitions for modification.
- (8) The responsible parent or the physical custodian shall follow the procedures in this chapter for filing an application for an adjudicative proceeding to petition for modification.
- (9) Upon the filing of a proper petition or application, the secretary or the secretary's designee shall issue an order directing each party to appear and show cause why the order should not be modified.
- (10) If the presiding or reviewing officer finds a modification is appropriate, the officer shall modify the order and set current and future support under chapter 26.19 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. This act takes effect October 1, 2009.

Passed by the House April 24, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 23, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 477

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1782]

DEPENDENCY MATTERS—REUNIFICATION WITH PARENT

AN ACT Relating to encouraging early and consistent engagement of parents in children's dependency matters; amending RCW 13.34.065, 13.34.145, and 13.34.180; reenacting and amending RCW 13.34.062; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that when children have been found dependent and placed in out-of-home care, the likelihood of reunification with their parents diminishes significantly after fifteen months. The legislature also finds that early and consistent parental engagement in services and participation in appropriate parent-child contact and visitation increases the likelihood of successful reunifications. The legislature intends to promote greater awareness among parents in dependency cases of the importance of active participation in services, visitation, and case planning for the child, and the risks created by failure to participate in their child's case over the long term.

- **Sec. 2.** RCW 13.34.062 and 2007 c 413 s 4 and 2007 c 409 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Whenever a child is taken into custody by child protective services pursuant to a court order issued under RCW 13.34.050 or when child protective services is notified that a child has been taken into custody pursuant to RCW 26.44.050 or 26.44.056, child protective services shall make reasonable efforts to inform the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the fact that the child has been taken into custody, the reasons why the child was taken into custody, and their legal rights under this title, including the right to a shelter care hearing, as soon as possible. Notice must be provided in an understandable manner and take into consideration the parent's, guardian's, or legal custodian's primary language, level of education, and cultural issues.
- (b) In no event shall the notice required by this section be provided to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian more than twenty-four hours after the child has been taken into custody or twenty-four hours after child protective services has been notified that the child has been taken into custody.
- (2)(a) The notice of custody and rights may be given by any means reasonably certain of notifying the parents including, but not limited to, written, telephone, or in person oral notification. If the initial notification is provided by a means other than writing, child protective services shall make reasonable efforts to also provide written notification.
- (b) The written notice of custody and rights required by this section shall be in substantially the following form:

"NOTICE

Your child has been placed in temporary custody under the supervision of Child Protective Services (or other person or agency). You have important legal rights and you must take steps to protect your interests.

1. A court hearing will be held before a judge within 72 hours of the time your child is taken into custody excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays.

You should call the court at <u>(insert appropriate phone number here)</u> for specific information about the date, time, and location of the court hearing.

- 2. You have the right to have a lawyer represent you at the hearing. Your right to representation continues after the shelter care hearing. You have the right to records the department intends to rely upon. A lawyer can look at the files in your case, talk to child protective services and other agencies, tell you about the law, help you understand your rights, and help you at hearings. If you cannot afford a lawyer, the court will appoint one to represent you. To get a court-appointed lawyer you must contact: (explain local procedure)
- 3. At the hearing, you have the right to speak on your own behalf, to introduce evidence, to examine witnesses, and to receive a decision based solely on the evidence presented to the judge.
- 4. If your hearing occurs before a court commissioner, you have the right to have the decision of the court commissioner reviewed by a superior court judge. To obtain that review, you must, within ten days after the entry of the decision of the court commissioner, file with the court a motion for revision of the decision, as provided in RCW 2.24.050.

You should be present at any shelter care hearing. If you do not come, the judge will not hear what you have to say.

You may call the Child Protective Services' caseworker for more information about your child. The caseworker's name and telephone number are: _(insert name and telephone number)_.

- 5. You have a right to a case conference to develop a written service agreement following the shelter care hearing. The service agreement may not conflict with the court's order of shelter care. You may request that a multidisciplinary team, family group conference, or prognostic staffing be convened for your child's case. You may participate in these processes with your counsel present.
- 6. If your child is placed in the custody of the department of social and health services or other supervising agency, immediately following the shelter care hearing, the court will enter an order granting the department or other supervising agency the right to inspect and copy all health, medical, mental health, and education records of the child, directing health care providers to release such information without your further consent, and granting the department or supervising agency or its designee the authority and responsibility, where applicable, to:
 - (1) Notify the child's school that the child is in out-of-home placement;
 - (2) Enroll the child in school;
 - (3) Request the school transfer records;
 - (4) Request and authorize evaluation of special needs;
 - (5) Attend parent or teacher conferences;
 - (6) Excuse absences;
 - (7) Grant permission for extracurricular activities;
- (8) Authorize medications which need to be administered during school hours and sign for medical needs that arise during school hours; and
 - (9) Complete or update school emergency records.
- 7. If the court decides to place your child in the custody of the department of social and health services or other supervising agency, the department or agency

will create a permanency plan for your child, including a primary placement goal and secondary placement goal. The department or agency also will recommend that the court order services for your child and for you, if needed. The department or agency is required to make reasonable efforts to provide you with services to address your parenting problems, and to provide you with visitation with your child according to court orders. Failure to promptly engage in services or to maintain contact with your child may lead to the filing of a petition to terminate your parental rights.

8. Primary and secondary permanency plans are intended to run at the same time so that your child will have a permanent home as quickly as possible. Absent good cause, and when appropriate, the department or other supervising agency must follow the wishes of a natural parent regarding placement of a child. You should tell your lawyer and the court where you wish your child placed immediately, including whether you want your child placed with you, with a relative, or with another suitable person. You also should tell your lawyer and the court what services you feel are necessary and your wishes regarding visitation with your child. Even if you want another parent or person to be the primary placement choice for your child, you should tell your lawyer, the department or other supervising agency, and the court if you want to be a secondary placement option, and you should comply with court orders for services and participate in visitation with your child. Early and consistent involvement in your child's case plan is important for the well-being of your child.

9. A dependency petition begins a judicial process, which, if the court finds your child dependent, could result in substantial restrictions including, the entry or modification of a parenting plan or residential schedule, nonparental custody order or decree, guardianship order, or permanent loss of your parental rights."

Upon receipt of the written notice, the parent, guardian, or legal custodian shall acknowledge such notice by signing a receipt prepared by child protective services. If the parent, guardian, or legal custodian does not sign the receipt, the reason for lack of a signature shall be written on the receipt. The receipt shall be made a part of the court's file in the dependency action.

If after making reasonable efforts to provide notification, child protective services is unable to determine the whereabouts of the parents, guardian, or legal custodian, the notice shall be delivered or sent to the last known address of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian.

- (3) If child protective services is not required to give notice under this section, the juvenile court counselor assigned to the matter shall make all reasonable efforts to advise the parents, guardian, or legal custodian of the time and place of any shelter care hearing, request that they be present, and inform them of their basic rights as provided in RCW 13.34.090.
- (4) Reasonable efforts to advise and to give notice, as required in this section, shall include, at a minimum, investigation of the whereabouts of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian. If such reasonable efforts are not successful, or the parent, guardian, or legal custodian does not appear at the shelter care hearing, the petitioner shall testify at the hearing or state in a declaration:

- (a) The efforts made to investigate the whereabouts of, and to advise, the parent, guardian, or ((legal)) custodian; and
- (b) Whether actual advice of rights was made, to whom it was made, and how it was made, including the substance of any oral communication or copies of written materials used.
- Sec. 3. RCW 13.34.065 and 2008 c 267 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) When a child is taken into custody, the court shall hold a shelter care hearing within seventy-two hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The primary purpose of the shelter care hearing is to determine whether the child can be immediately and safely returned home while the adjudication of the dependency is pending.
- (b) Any parent, guardian, or legal custodian who for good cause is unable to attend the shelter care hearing may request that a subsequent shelter care hearing be scheduled. The request shall be made to the clerk of the court where the petition is filed prior to the initial shelter care hearing. Upon the request of the parent, the court shall schedule the hearing within seventy-two hours of the request, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The clerk shall notify all other parties of the hearing by any reasonable means.
- (2)(a) The department of social and health services shall submit a recommendation to the court as to the further need for shelter care in all cases in which it is the petitioner. In all other cases, the recommendation shall be submitted by the juvenile court probation counselor.
- (b) All parties have the right to present testimony to the court regarding the need or lack of need for shelter care.
- (c) Hearsay evidence before the court regarding the need or lack of need for shelter care must be supported by sworn testimony, affidavit, or declaration of the person offering such evidence.
- (3)(a) At the commencement of the hearing, the court shall notify the parent, guardian, or custodian of the following:
 - (i) The parent, guardian, or custodian has the right to a shelter care hearing;
- (ii) The nature of the shelter care hearing, the rights of the parents, and the proceedings that will follow; and
- (iii) If the parent, guardian, or custodian is not represented by counsel, the right to be represented. If the parent, guardian, or custodian is indigent, the court shall appoint counsel as provided in RCW 13.34.090; and
- (b) If a parent, guardian, or legal custodian desires to waive the shelter care hearing, the court shall determine, on the record and with the parties present, whether such waiver is knowing and voluntary. A parent may not waive his or her right to the shelter care hearing unless he or she appears in court and the court determines that the waiver is knowing and voluntary. Regardless of whether the court accepts the parental waiver of the shelter care hearing, the court must provide notice to the parents of their rights required under (a) of this subsection and make the finding required under subsection (4) of this section.
- (4) At the shelter care hearing the court shall examine the need for shelter care and inquire into the status of the case. The paramount consideration for the court shall be the health, welfare, and safety of the child. At a minimum, the court shall inquire into the following:

- (a) Whether the notice required under RCW 13.34.062 was given to all known parents, guardians, or legal custodians of the child. The court shall make an express finding as to whether the notice required under RCW 13.34.062 was given to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian. If actual notice was not given to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian and the whereabouts of such person is known or can be ascertained, the court shall order the supervising agency or the department of social and health services to make reasonable efforts to advise the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the status of the case, including the date and time of any subsequent hearings, and their rights under RCW 13.34.090;
- (b) Whether the child can be safely returned home while the adjudication of the dependency is pending;
 - (c) What efforts have been made to place the child with a relative;
- (d) What services were provided to the family to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the child's home;
- (e) Is the placement proposed by the agency the least disruptive and most family-like setting that meets the needs of the child;
- (f) Whether it is in the best interest of the child to remain enrolled in the school, developmental program, or child care the child was in prior to placement and what efforts have been made to maintain the child in the school, program, or child care if it would be in the best interest of the child to remain in the same school, program, or child care;
 - (g) Appointment of a guardian ad litem or attorney;
- (h) Whether the child is or may be an Indian child as defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903, whether the provisions of the Indian child welfare act apply, and whether there is compliance with the Indian child welfare act, including notice to the child's tribe:
- (i) Whether, as provided in RCW 26.44.063, restraining orders, or orders expelling an allegedly abusive household member from the home of a nonabusive parent, guardian, or legal custodian, will allow the child to safely remain in the home;
- (j) Whether any orders for examinations, evaluations, or immediate services are needed. The court may not order a parent to undergo examinations, evaluation, or services at the shelter care hearing unless the parent agrees to the examination, evaluation, or service;
 - (k) The terms and conditions for parental, sibling, and family visitation.
- (5)(a) The court shall release a child alleged to be dependent to the care, custody, and control of the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian unless the court finds there is reasonable cause to believe that:
- (i) After consideration of the specific services that have been provided, reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the child's home and to make it possible for the child to return home; and
- (ii)(A) The child has no parent, guardian, or legal custodian to provide supervision and care for such child; or
- (B) The release of such child would present a serious threat of substantial harm to such child, notwithstanding an order entered pursuant to RCW 26.44.063; or
- (C) The parent, guardian, or custodian to whom the child could be released has been charged with violating RCW 9A.40.060 or 9A.40.070.

- (b) If the court does not release the child to his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian, the court shall order placement with a relative, unless there is reasonable cause to believe the health, safety, or welfare of the child would be jeopardized or that the efforts to reunite the parent and child will be hindered. The relative must be willing and available to:
 - (i) Care for the child and be able to meet any special needs of the child;
- (ii) Facilitate the child's visitation with siblings, if such visitation is part of the supervising agency's plan or is ordered by the court; and
- (iii) Cooperate with the department in providing necessary background checks and home studies.
- (c) If the child was not initially placed with a relative, and the court does not release the child to his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian, the supervising agency shall make reasonable efforts to locate a relative pursuant to RCW 13.34.060(1). In determining placement, the court shall weigh the child's length of stay and attachment to the current provider in determining what is in the best interest of the child.
- (d) If a relative is not available, the court shall order continued shelter care or order placement with another suitable person, and the court shall set forth its reasons for the order. If the court orders placement of the child with a person not related to the child and not licensed to provide foster care, the placement is subject to all terms and conditions of this section that apply to relative placements.
- (e) Any placement with a relative, or other person approved by the court pursuant to this section, shall be contingent upon cooperation with the agency case plan and compliance with court orders related to the care and supervision of the child including, but not limited to, court orders regarding parent-child contacts, sibling contacts, and any other conditions imposed by the court. Noncompliance with the case plan or court order is grounds for removal of the child from the home of the relative or other person, subject to review by the court.
- (f) Uncertainty by a parent, guardian, legal custodian, relative, or other suitable person that the alleged abuser has in fact abused the child shall not, alone, be the basis upon which a child is removed from the care of a parent, guardian, or legal custodian under (a) of this subsection, nor shall it be a basis, alone, to preclude placement with a relative under (b) of this subsection or with another suitable person under (d) of this subsection.
- (6)(a) A shelter care order issued pursuant to this section shall include the requirement for a case conference as provided in RCW 13.34.067. However, if the parent is not present at the shelter care hearing, or does not agree to the case conference, the court shall not include the requirement for the case conference in the shelter care order.
- (b) If the court orders a case conference, the shelter care order shall include notice to all parties and establish the date, time, and location of the case conference which shall be no later than thirty days before the fact-finding hearing.
- (c) The court may order another conference, case staffing, or hearing as an alternative to the case conference required under RCW 13.34.067 so long as the conference, case staffing, or hearing ordered by the court meets all requirements

under RCW 13.34.067, including the requirement of a written agreement specifying the services to be provided to the parent.

- (7)(a) A shelter care order issued pursuant to this section may be amended at any time with notice and hearing thereon. The shelter care decision of placement shall be modified only upon a showing of change in circumstances. No child may be placed in shelter care for longer than thirty days without an order, signed by the judge, authorizing continued shelter care.
- (b)(i) An order releasing the child on any conditions specified in this section may at any time be amended, with notice and hearing thereon, so as to return the child to shelter care for failure of the parties to conform to the conditions originally imposed.
- (ii) The court shall consider whether nonconformance with any conditions resulted from circumstances beyond the control of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian and give weight to that fact before ordering return of the child to shelter care.
- (8)(a) If a child is returned home from shelter care a second time in the case, or if the supervisor of the caseworker deems it necessary, the multidisciplinary team may be reconvened.
- (b) If a child is returned home from shelter care a second time in the case a law enforcement officer must be present and file a report to the department.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 13.34.145 and 2008 c 152 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The purpose of a permanency planning hearing is to review the permanency plan for the child, inquire into the welfare of the child and progress of the case, and reach decisions regarding the permanent placement of the child.
- (a) A permanency planning hearing shall be held in all cases where the child has remained in out-of-home care for at least nine months and an adoption decree, guardianship order, or permanent custody order has not previously been entered. The hearing shall take place no later than twelve months following commencement of the current placement episode.
- (b) Whenever a child is removed from the home of a dependency guardian or long-term relative or foster care provider, and the child is not returned to the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian but is placed in out-of-home care, a permanency planning hearing shall take place no later than twelve months, as provided in this section, following the date of removal unless, prior to the hearing, the child returns to the home of the dependency guardian or long-term care provider, the child is placed in the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, an adoption decree, guardianship order, or a permanent custody order is entered, or the dependency is dismissed. Every effort shall be made to provide stability in long-term placement, and to avoid disruption of placement, unless the child is being returned home or it is in the best interest of the child.
- (c) Permanency planning goals should be achieved at the earliest possible date, preferably before the child has been in out-of-home care for fifteen months. In cases where parental rights have been terminated, the child is legally free for adoption, and adoption has been identified as the primary permanency planning goal, it shall be a goal to complete the adoption within six months following entry of the termination order.
- (2) No later than ten working days prior to the permanency planning hearing, the agency having custody of the child shall submit a written

permanency plan to the court and shall mail a copy of the plan to all parties and their legal counsel, if any.

- (3) At the permanency planning hearing, the court shall conduct the following inquiry:
- (a) If a goal of long-term foster or relative care has been achieved prior to the permanency planning hearing, the court shall review the child's status to determine whether the placement and the plan for the child's care remain appropriate.
- (b) In cases where the primary permanency planning goal has not been achieved, the court shall inquire regarding the reasons why the primary goal has not been achieved and determine what needs to be done to make it possible to achieve the primary goal. The court shall review the permanency plan prepared by the agency and make explicit findings regarding each of the following:
- (i) The continuing necessity for, and the safety and appropriateness of, the placement;
- (ii) The extent of compliance with the permanency plan by the agency and any other service providers, the child's parents, the child, and the child's guardian, if any;
- (iii) The extent of any efforts to involve appropriate service providers in addition to agency staff in planning to meet the special needs of the child and the child's parents;
- (iv) The progress toward eliminating the causes for the child's placement outside of his or her home and toward returning the child safely to his or her home or obtaining a permanent placement for the child;
- (v) The date by which it is likely that the child will be returned to his or her home or placed for adoption, with a guardian or in some other alternative permanent placement; and
- (vi) If the child has been placed outside of his or her home for fifteen of the most recent twenty-two months, not including any period during which the child was a runaway from the out-of-home placement or the first six months of any period during which the child was returned to his or her home for a trial home visit, the appropriateness of the permanency plan, whether reasonable efforts were made by the agency to achieve the goal of the permanency plan, and the circumstances which prevent the child from any of the following:
 - (A) Being returned safely to his or her home;
- (B) Having a petition for the involuntary termination of parental rights filed on behalf of the child;
 - (C) Being placed for adoption;
 - (D) Being placed with a guardian;
 - (E) Being placed in the home of a fit and willing relative of the child; or
- (F) Being placed in some other alternative permanent placement, including independent living or long-term foster care.

At this hearing, the court shall order the department to file a petition seeking termination of parental rights if the child has been in out-of-home care for fifteen of the last twenty-two months since the date the dependency petition was filed unless the court makes a good cause exception as to why the filing of a termination of parental rights petition is not appropriate. Any good cause finding shall be reviewed at all subsequent hearings pertaining to the child. For purposes of this section, "good cause exception" includes but is not limited to the

following: The child is being cared for by a relative; the department has not provided to the child's family such services as the court and the department have deemed necessary for the child's safe return home; or the department has documented in the case plan a compelling reason for determining that filing a petition to terminate parental rights would not be in the child's best interests.

- (c)(i) If the permanency plan identifies independent living as a goal, the court shall make a finding that the provision of services to assist the child in making a transition from foster care to independent living will allow the child to manage his or her financial, personal, social, educational, and nonfinancial affairs prior to approving independent living as a permanency plan of care.
- (ii) The permanency plan shall also specifically identify the services that will be provided to assist the child to make a successful transition from foster care to independent living.
- (iii) The department shall not discharge a child to an independent living situation before the child is eighteen years of age unless the child becomes emancipated pursuant to chapter 13.64 RCW.
- (d) If the child has resided in the home of a foster parent or relative for more than six months prior to the permanency planning hearing, the court shall also enter a finding regarding whether the foster parent or relative was informed of the hearing as required in RCW 74.13.280, 13.34.215(5), and 13.34.096.
 - (4) In all cases, at the permanency planning hearing, the court shall:
- (a)(i) Order the permanency plan prepared by the agency to be implemented; or
- (ii) Modify the permanency plan, and order implementation of the modified plan; and
- (b)(i) Order the child returned home only if the court finds that a reason for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer exists; or
- (ii) Order the child to remain in out-of-home care for a limited specified time period while efforts are made to implement the permanency plan.
- (5) Following the first permanency planning hearing, the court shall hold a further permanency planning hearing in accordance with this section at least once every twelve months until a permanency planning goal is achieved or the dependency is dismissed, whichever occurs first.
- (6) Prior to the second permanency planning hearing, the agency that has custody of the child shall consider whether to file a petition for termination of parental rights.
- (7) If the court orders the child returned home, casework supervision shall continue for at least six months, at which time a review hearing shall be held pursuant to RCW 13.34.138, and the court shall determine the need for continued intervention.
- (8) The juvenile court may hear a petition for permanent legal custody when: (a) The court has ordered implementation of a permanency plan that includes permanent legal custody; and (b) the party pursuing the permanent legal custody is the party identified in the permanency plan as the prospective legal custodian. During the pendency of such proceeding, the court shall conduct review hearings and further permanency planning hearings as provided in this chapter. At the conclusion of the legal guardianship or permanent legal custody proceeding, a juvenile court hearing shall be held for the purpose of determining

whether dependency should be dismissed. If a guardianship or permanent custody order has been entered, the dependency shall be dismissed.

- (9) Continued juvenile court jurisdiction under this chapter shall not be a barrier to the entry of an order establishing a legal guardianship or permanent legal custody when the requirements of subsection (8) of this section are met.
- (10) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the ability of the agency that has custody of the child to file a petition for termination of parental rights or a guardianship petition at any time following the establishment of dependency. Upon the filing of such a petition, a fact-finding hearing shall be scheduled and held in accordance with this chapter unless the agency requests dismissal of the petition prior to the hearing or unless the parties enter an agreed order terminating parental rights, establishing guardianship, or otherwise resolving the matter.
- (11) The approval of a permanency plan that does not contemplate return of the child to the parent does not relieve the supervising agency of its obligation to provide reasonable services, under this chapter, intended to effectuate the return of the child to the parent, including but not limited to, visitation rights. The court shall consider the child's relationships with siblings in accordance with RCW 13.34.130.
- (12) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the procedural due process rights of any party in a termination or guardianship proceeding filed under this chapter.
- Sec. 5. RCW 13.34.180 and 2001 c 332 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A petition seeking termination of a parent and child relationship may be filed in juvenile court by any party to the dependency proceedings concerning that child. Such petition shall conform to the requirements of RCW 13.34.040, shall be served upon the parties as provided in RCW 13.34.070(8), and shall allege all of the following unless subsection (2) or (3) of this section applies:
 - (a) That the child has been found to be a dependent child;
- (b) That the court has entered a dispositional order pursuant to RCW 13.34.130;
- (c) That the child has been removed or will, at the time of the hearing, have been removed from the custody of the parent for a period of at least six months pursuant to a finding of dependency;
- (d) That the services ordered under RCW 13.34.136 have been expressly and understandably offered or provided and all necessary services, reasonably available, capable of correcting the parental deficiencies within the foreseeable future have been expressly and understandably offered or provided;
- (e) That there is little likelihood that conditions will be remedied so that the child can be returned to the parent in the near future. A parent's failure to substantially improve parental deficiencies within twelve months following entry of the dispositional order shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that there is little likelihood that conditions will be remedied so that the child can be returned to the parent in the near future. The presumption shall not arise unless the petitioner makes a showing that all necessary services reasonably capable of correcting the parental deficiencies within the foreseeable future have been clearly offered or provided. In determining whether the conditions will be remedied the court may consider, but is not limited to, the following factors:

- (i) Use of intoxicating or controlled substances so as to render the parent incapable of providing proper care for the child for extended periods of time or for periods of time that present a risk of imminent harm to the child, and documented unwillingness of the parent to receive and complete treatment or documented multiple failed treatment attempts; ((or))
- (ii) Psychological incapacity or mental deficiency of the parent that is so severe and chronic as to render the parent incapable of providing proper care for the child for extended periods of time or for periods of time that present a risk of imminent harm to the child, and documented unwillingness of the parent to receive and complete treatment or documentation that there is no treatment that can render the parent capable of providing proper care for the child in the near future; or
- (iii) Failure of the parent to have contact with the child for an extended period of time after the filing of the dependency petition if the parent was provided an opportunity to have a relationship with the child by the department or the court and received documented notice of the potential consequences of this failure, except that the actual inability of a parent to have visitation with the child including, but not limited to, mitigating circumstances such as a parent's incarceration or service in the military does not in and of itself constitute failure to have contact with the child; and
- (f) That continuation of the parent and child relationship clearly diminishes the child's prospects for early integration into a stable and permanent home.
- (2) In lieu of the allegations in subsection (1) of this section, the petition may allege that the child was found under such circumstances that the whereabouts of the child's parent are unknown and no person has acknowledged paternity or maternity and requested custody of the child within two months after the child was found.
- (3) In lieu of the allegations in subsection (1)(b) through (f) of this section, the petition may allege that the parent has been convicted of:
- (a) Murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, or homicide by abuse as defined in chapter 9A.32 RCW against another child of the parent;
- (b) Manslaughter in the first degree or manslaughter in the second degree, as defined in chapter 9A.32 RCW against another child of the parent;
- (c) Attempting, conspiring, or soliciting another to commit one or more of the crimes listed in (a) or (b) of this subsection; or
- (d) Assault in the first or second degree, as defined in chapter 9A.36 RCW, against the surviving child or another child of the parent.
- (4) Notice of rights shall be served upon the parent, guardian, or legal custodian with the petition and shall be in substantially the following form:

"NOTICE

A petition for termination of parental rights has been filed against you. You have important legal rights and you must take steps to protect your interests. This petition could result in permanent loss of your parental rights.

- 1. You have the right to a fact-finding hearing before a judge.
- 2. You have the right to have a lawyer represent you at the hearing. A lawyer can look at the files in your case, talk to the department of social

and health services and other agencies, tell you about the law, help you understand your rights, and help you at hearings. If you cannot afford a lawyer, the court will appoint one to represent you. To get a court-appointed lawyer you must contact: (explain local procedure).

3. At the hearing, you have the right to speak on your own behalf, to introduce evidence, to examine witnesses, and to receive a decision based solely on the evidence presented to the judge.

You should be present at this hearing.

You may call <u>(insert agency)</u> for more information about your child. The agency's name and telephone number are <u>(insert name and telephone number)</u>."

Passed by the House April 25, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 25, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 478

[House Bill 2359]

LONG-TERM CARE—PEER MENTORING—IMPLEMENTATION DATE

AN ACT Relating to delaying the implementation date for peer mentoring for long-term care workers; and amending RCW 74.39A.330.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 74.39A.330 and 2007 c 361 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Long-term care workers shall be offered on-the-job training or peer mentorship for at least one hour per week in the first ninety days of work from a long-term care worker who has completed at least twelve hours of mentor training and is mentoring no more than ten other workers at any given time. This requirement applies to long-term care workers who begin work on or after ((January 1, 2010)) July 1, 2011.

Passed by the House April 18, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 23, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 479

[Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 5073] ACCOUNT CONSOLIDATION—STATE GENERAL FUND

AN ACT Relating to consolidating accounts into the state general fund; amending RCW 3.50.100, 3.58.060, 3.62.020, 3.62.040, 7.68.030, 7.68.035, 7.68.085, 9.41.110, 9A.82.110, 9.68A.120, 10.82.070, 10.82.090, 10.105.010, 28A.150.380, 28A.505.210, 28A.505.220, 35.20.220, 36.18.012, 36.18.025, 36.70A.130, 39.42.070, 41.05.068, 43.08.250, 43.17.150, 43.41.260, 43.79.480, 43.99H.060, 43.99K.030, 43.99L.040, 43.135.025, 46.61.5058, 46.64.055, 66.24.210, 66.24.290, 67.70.240, 67.70.340, 69.50.505, 70.05.125, 70.47.015, 70.96A.350, 70.146.010, 70.146.020, 70.146.030, 70.146.040, 70.146.075, 70.190.010, 70.190.100, 72.09.111, 74.09.053, 77.12.201, 82.08.150, 82.24.026, 82.24.027, 82.24.028, 82.26.020, 82.64.020, 84.52.067, and 90.71.370; reenacting and amending RCW 2.56.030, 36.18.020, 43.84.092, 43.135.035, 43.135.045,

46.63.110, 48.14.0201, 70.146.060, 72.09.480, 82.04.260, and 82.24.020; creating a new section; repealing RCW 43.72.900, 69.50.520, 70.146.080, 82.32.390, and 84.52.068; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** No later than December 31, 2009, the state treasurer shall transfer to the state general fund all unexpended balances of the public safety and education account, health services account, violence reduction and drug enforcement account, student achievement fund, water quality account, and equal justice subaccount, as of June 30, 2009.

Sec. 2. RCW 2.56.030 and 2008 c 291 s 4 and 2008 c 279 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The administrator for the courts shall, under the supervision and direction of the chief justice:

- (1) Examine the administrative methods and systems employed in the offices of the judges, clerks, stenographers, and employees of the courts and make recommendations, through the chief justice, for the improvement of the same;
- (2) Examine the state of the dockets of the courts and determine the need for assistance by any court;
- (3) Make recommendations to the chief justice relating to the assignment of judges where courts are in need of assistance and carry out the direction of the chief justice as to the assignments of judges to counties and districts where the courts are in need of assistance;
- (4) Collect and compile statistical and other data and make reports of the business transacted by the courts and transmit the same to the chief justice to the end that proper action may be taken in respect thereto;
- (5) Prepare and submit budget estimates of state appropriations necessary for the maintenance and operation of the judicial system and make recommendations in respect thereto;
- (6) Collect statistical and other data and make reports relating to the expenditure of public moneys, state and local, for the maintenance and operation of the judicial system and the offices connected therewith;
- (7) Obtain reports from clerks of courts in accordance with law or rules adopted by the supreme court of this state on cases and other judicial business in which action has been delayed beyond periods of time specified by law or rules of court and make report thereof to supreme court of this state;
 - (8) Act as secretary of the judicial conference referred to in RCW 2.56.060;
- (9) Submit annually, as of February 1st, to the chief justice, a report of the activities of the administrator's office for the preceding calendar year including activities related to courthouse security;
- (10) Administer programs and standards for the training and education of judicial personnel;
- (11) Examine the need for new superior court and district court judge positions under an objective workload analysis. The results of the objective workload analysis shall be reviewed by the board for judicial administration which shall make recommendations to the legislature. It is the intent of the legislature that an objective workload analysis become the basis for creating additional district and superior court positions, and recommendations should address that objective;

- (12) Provide staff to the judicial retirement account plan under chapter 2.14 RCW;
- (13) Attend to such other matters as may be assigned by the supreme court of this state;
- (14) Within available funds, develop a curriculum for a general understanding of child development, placement, and treatment resources, as well as specific legal skills and knowledge of relevant statutes including chapters 13.32A, 13.34, and 13.40 RCW, cases, court rules, interviewing skills, and special needs of the abused or neglected child. This curriculum shall be completed and made available to all juvenile court judges, court personnel, and service providers and be updated yearly to reflect changes in statutes, court rules, or case law;
- (15) Develop, in consultation with the entities set forth in RCW 2.56.150(3), a comprehensive statewide curriculum for persons who act as guardians ad litem under Title 13 or 26 RCW. The curriculum shall be made available July 1, 2008, and include specialty sections on child development, child sexual abuse, child physical abuse, child neglect, domestic violence, clinical and forensic investigative and interviewing techniques, family reconciliation and mediation services, and relevant statutory and legal requirements. The curriculum shall be made available to all superior court judges, court personnel, and all persons who act as guardians ad litem;
- (16) Develop a curriculum for a general understanding of crimes of malicious harassment, as well as specific legal skills and knowledge of RCW 9A.36.080, relevant cases, court rules, and the special needs of malicious harassment victims. This curriculum shall be made available to all superior court and court of appeals judges and to all justices of the supreme court;
- (17) Develop, in consultation with the criminal justice training commission and the commissions established under chapters 43.113, 43.115, and 43.117 RCW, a curriculum for a general understanding of ethnic and cultural diversity and its implications for working with youth of color and their families. The curriculum shall be available to all superior court judges and court commissioners assigned to juvenile court, and other court personnel. Ethnic and cultural diversity training shall be provided annually so as to incorporate cultural sensitivity and awareness into the daily operation of juvenile courts statewide;
- (18) Authorize the use of closed circuit television and other electronic equipment in judicial proceedings. The administrator shall promulgate necessary standards and procedures and shall provide technical assistance to courts as required;
- (19) Develop a Washington family law handbook in accordance with RCW 2.56.180;
- (20) Administer state funds for improving the operation of the courts and provide support for court coordinating councils, under the direction of the board for judicial administration;
 - (21) Administer the family and juvenile court improvement grant program;
- (22)(a) Administer and distribute amounts appropriated ((from the equal justice subaccount)) under RCW 43.08.250(2) for district court judges' and qualifying elected municipal court judges' salary contributions. The administrator for the courts shall develop a distribution formula for these

amounts that does not differentiate between district and elected municipal court judges.

- (b) A city qualifies for state contribution of elected municipal court judges' salaries under (a) of this subsection if:
 - (i) The judge is serving in an elected position;
- (ii) The city has established by ordinance that a full-time judge is compensated at a rate equivalent to at least ninety-five percent, but not more than one hundred percent, of a district court judge salary or for a part-time judge on a pro rata basis the same equivalent; and
- (iii) The city has certified to the office of the administrator for the courts that the conditions in (b)(i) and (ii) of this subsection have been met;
- (23) Subject to the availability of funds specifically appropriated therefor, assist courts in the development and implementation of language assistance plans required under RCW 2.43.090.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 3.50.100 and 2004 c 15 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Costs in civil and criminal actions may be imposed as provided in district court. All fees, costs, fines, forfeitures and other money imposed by any municipal court for the violation of any municipal or town ordinances shall be collected by the court clerk and, together with any other noninterest revenues received by the clerk, shall be deposited with the city or town treasurer as a part of the general fund of the city or town, or deposited in such other fund of the city or town, or deposited in such other funds as may be designated by the laws of the state of Washington.
- (2) Except as provided in RCW 10.99.080, the city treasurer shall remit monthly thirty-two percent of the noninterest money received under this section, other than for parking infractions, and certain costs to the state treasurer. "Certain costs" as used in this subsection, means those costs awarded to prevailing parties in civil actions under RCW 4.84.010 or 36.18.040, or those costs awarded against convicted defendants in criminal actions under RCW 10.01.160, 10.46.190, or 36.18.040, or other similar statutes if such costs are specifically designated as costs by the court and are awarded for the specific reimbursement of costs incurred by the state, county, city, or town in the prosecution of the case, including the fees of defense counsel. Money remitted under this subsection to the state treasurer shall be deposited ((as provided in RCW 43.08.250)) in the state general fund.
- (3) The balance of the noninterest money received under this section shall be retained by the city and deposited as provided by law.
- (4) Penalties, fines, bail forfeitures, fees, and costs may accrue interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum, upon assignment to a collection agency. Interest may accrue only while the case is in collection status.
- (5) Interest retained by the court on penalties, fines, bail forfeitures, fees, and costs shall be split twenty-five percent to the state treasurer for deposit in the ((public safety and education account as provided in RCW 43.08.250)) state general fund, twenty-five percent to the state treasurer for deposit in the judicial information system account as provided in RCW 2.68.020, twenty-five percent to the city general fund, and twenty-five percent to the city general fund to fund local courts.

Sec. 4. RCW 3.58.060 and 2005 c 457 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

Any county with a district court created under this title shall create a county trial court improvement account. An amount equal to one hundred percent of the state's contribution received by the county for the payment of district court judges' salaries ((under RCW 43.08.250)) shall be deposited into the account. Money in the account shall be used to fund improvements to superior and district court staffing, programs, facilities, or services, as appropriated by the county legislative authority.

- **Sec. 5.** RCW 3.62.020 and 2004 c 15 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, all costs, fees, fines, forfeitures and penalties assessed and collected in whole or in part by district courts, except costs, fines, forfeitures and penalties assessed and collected, in whole or in part, because of the violation of city ordinances, shall be remitted by the clerk of the district court to the county treasurer at least monthly, together with a financial statement as required by the state auditor, noting the information necessary for crediting of such funds as required by law.
- (2) Except as provided in RCW 10.99.080, the county treasurer shall remit thirty-two percent of the noninterest money received under subsection (1) of this section except certain costs to the state treasurer. "Certain costs" as used in this subsection, means those costs awarded to prevailing parties in civil actions under RCW 4.84.010 or 36.18.040, or those costs awarded against convicted defendants in criminal actions under RCW 10.01.160, 10.46.190, or 36.18.040, or other similar statutes if such costs are specifically designated as costs by the court and are awarded for the specific reimbursement of costs incurred by the state or county in the prosecution of the case, including the fees of defense counsel. Money remitted under this subsection to the state treasurer shall be deposited ((as provided in RCW 43.08.250)) in the state general fund.
- (3) The balance of the noninterest money received by the county treasurer under subsection (1) of this section shall be deposited in the county current expense fund.
- (4) All money collected for county parking infractions shall be remitted by the clerk of the district court at least monthly, with the information required under subsection (1) of this section, to the county treasurer for deposit in the county current expense fund.
- (5) Penalties, fines, bail forfeitures, fees, and costs may accrue interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum, upon assignment to a collection agency. Interest may accrue only while the case is in collection status.
- (6) Interest retained by the court on penalties, fines, bail forfeitures, fees, and costs shall be split twenty-five percent to the state treasurer for deposit in the ((public safety and education account as provided in RCW 43.08.250)) state general fund, twenty-five percent to the state treasurer for deposit in the judicial information system account as provided in RCW 2.68.020, twenty-five percent to the county current expense fund, and twenty-five percent to the county current expense fund to fund local courts.

- **Sec. 6.** RCW 3.62.040 and 2004 c 15 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, all costs, fines, forfeitures and penalties assessed and collected, in whole or in part, by district courts because of violations of city ordinances shall be remitted by the clerk of the district court at least monthly directly to the treasurer of the city wherein the violation occurred.
- (2) Except as provided in RCW 10.99.080, the city treasurer shall remit monthly thirty-two percent of the noninterest money received under this section, other than for parking infractions and certain costs, to the state treasurer. "Certain costs" as used in this subsection, means those costs awarded to prevailing parties in civil actions under RCW 4.84.010 or 36.18.040, or those costs awarded against convicted defendants in criminal actions under RCW 10.01.160, 10.46.190, or 36.18.040, or other similar statutes if such costs are specifically designated as costs by the court and are awarded for the specific reimbursement of costs incurred by the state, county, city, or town in the prosecution of the case, including the fees of defense counsel. Money remitted under this subsection to the state treasurer shall be deposited ((as provided in RCW 43.08.250)) in the state general fund.
- (3) The balance of the noninterest money received under this section shall be retained by the city and deposited as provided by law.
- (4) All money collected for city parking infractions shall be remitted by the clerk of the district court at least monthly to the city treasurer for deposit in the city's general fund.
- (5) Penalties, fines, bail forfeitures, fees, and costs may accrue interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum, upon assignment to a collection agency. Interest may accrue only while the case is in collection status.
- (6) Interest retained by the court on penalties, fines, bail forfeitures, fees, and costs shall be split twenty-five percent to the state treasurer for deposit in the ((public safety and education account as provided in RCW 43.08.250)) state general fund, twenty-five percent to the state treasurer for deposit in the judicial information system account as provided in RCW 2.68.020, twenty-five percent to the city general fund, and twenty-five percent to the city general fund to fund local courts.
- Sec. 7. RCW 7.68.030 and 1989 1st ex.s. c $5 \ s \ 2$ are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the director to establish and administer a program of benefits to innocent victims of criminal acts within the terms and limitations of this chapter. In so doing, the director shall, in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, adopt rules and regulations necessary to the administration of this chapter, and the provisions contained in chapter 51.04 RCW, including but not limited to RCW 51.04.020, 51.04.030, 51.04.040, 51.04.050 and 51.04.100 as now or hereafter amended, shall apply where appropriate in keeping with the intent of this chapter. The director may apply for and, subject to appropriation, expend federal funds under Public Law 98-473 and any other federal program providing financial assistance to state crime victim compensation programs. The federal funds shall be deposited in the ((public safety and education account in the)) state general fund and may be expended only for purposes authorized by applicable federal law.

- **Sec. 8.** RCW 7.68.035 and 2000 c 71 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) When any person is found guilty in any superior court of having committed a crime, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, there shall be imposed by the court upon such convicted person a penalty assessment. The assessment shall be in addition to any other penalty or fine imposed by law and shall be five hundred dollars for each case or cause of action that includes one or more convictions of a felony or gross misdemeanor and two hundred fifty dollars for any case or cause of action that includes convictions of only one or more misdemeanors.
- (b) When any juvenile is adjudicated of any offense in any juvenile offense disposition under Title 13 RCW, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, there shall be imposed upon the juvenile offender a penalty assessment. The assessment shall be in addition to any other penalty or fine imposed by law and shall be one hundred dollars for each case or cause of action that includes one or more adjudications for a felony or gross misdemeanor and seventy-five dollars for each case or cause of action that includes adjudications of only one or more misdemeanors.
- (2) The assessment imposed by subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to motor vehicle crimes defined in Title 46 RCW except those defined in the following sections: RCW 46.61.520, 46.61.522, 46.61.024, 46.52.090, 46.70.140, 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.52.101, 46.20.410, 46.52.020, 46.10.130, 46.09.130, 46.61.5249, 46.61.525, 46.61.685, 46.61.530, 46.61.500, 46.61.015, 46.52.010, 46.44.180, 46.10.090(2), and 46.09.120(2).
- (3) When any person accused of having committed a crime posts bail in superior court pursuant to the provisions of chapter 10.19 RCW and such bail is forfeited, there shall be deducted from the proceeds of such forfeited bail a penalty assessment, in addition to any other penalty or fine imposed by law, equal to the assessment which would be applicable under subsection (1) of this section if the person had been convicted of the crime.
- (4) Such penalty assessments shall be paid by the clerk of the superior court to the county treasurer who shall monthly transmit the money as provided in RCW 10.82.070. Each county shall deposit fifty percent of the money it receives per case or cause of action under subsection (1) of this section and retains under RCW 10.82.070, not less than one and seventy-five one-hundredths percent of the remaining money it retains under RCW 10.82.070 and the money it retains under chapter 3.62 RCW, and all money it receives under subsection (7) of this section into a fund maintained exclusively for the support of comprehensive programs to encourage and facilitate testimony by the victims of crimes and witnesses to crimes. A program shall be considered "comprehensive" only after approval of the department upon application by the county prosecuting attorney. The department shall approve as comprehensive only programs which:
- (a) Provide comprehensive services to victims and witnesses of all types of crime with particular emphasis on serious crimes against persons and property. It is the intent of the legislature to make funds available only to programs which do not restrict services to victims or witnesses of a particular type or types of crime and that such funds supplement, not supplant, existing local funding levels:

- (b) Are administered by the county prosecuting attorney either directly through the prosecuting attorney's office or by contract between the county and agencies providing services to victims of crime;
- (c) Make a reasonable effort to inform the known victim or his surviving dependents of the existence of this chapter and the procedure for making application for benefits;
 - (d) Assist victims in the restitution and adjudication process; and
- (e) Assist victims of violent crimes in the preparation and presentation of their claims to the department of labor and industries under this chapter.

Before a program in any county west of the Cascade mountains is submitted to the department for approval, it shall be submitted for review and comment to each city within the county with a population of more than one hundred fifty thousand. The department will consider if the county's proposed comprehensive plan meets the needs of crime victims in cases adjudicated in municipal, district or superior courts and of crime victims located within the city and county.

- (5) Upon submission to the department of a letter of intent to adopt a comprehensive program, the prosecuting attorney shall retain the money deposited by the county under subsection (4) of this section until such time as the county prosecuting attorney has obtained approval of a program from the department. Approval of the comprehensive plan by the department must be obtained within one year of the date of the letter of intent to adopt a comprehensive program. The county prosecuting attorney shall not make any expenditures from the money deposited under subsection (4) of this section until approval of a comprehensive plan by the department. If a county prosecuting attorney has failed to obtain approval of a program from the department under subsection (4) of this section or failed to obtain approval of a comprehensive program within one year after submission of a letter of intent under this section, the county treasurer shall monthly transmit one hundred percent of the money deposited by the county under subsection (4) of this section to the state treasurer for deposit in the ((public safety and education account established under RCW) 43.08.250)) state general fund.
- (6) County prosecuting attorneys are responsible to make every reasonable effort to insure that the penalty assessments of this chapter are imposed and collected.
- (7) Every city and town shall transmit monthly one and seventy-five one-hundredths percent of all money, other than money received for parking infractions, retained under RCW ((3.46.120,)) 3.50.100(((5)) and 35.20.220 to the county treasurer for deposit as provided in subsection (4) of this section.
- **Sec. 9.** RCW 7.68.085 and 1990 c 3 s 504 are each amended to read as follows:

The director of labor and industries shall institute a cap on medical benefits of one hundred fifty thousand dollars per injury or death. Payment for medical services in excess of the cap shall be made available to any innocent victim under the same conditions as other medical services and if the medical services are:

- (1) Necessary for a previously accepted condition;
- (2) Necessary to protect the victim's life or prevent deterioration of the victim's previously accepted condition; and
 - (3) Not available from an alternative source.

((The director of financial management and the director of labor and industries shall monitor expenditures from the public safety and education account. Once each fiscal quarter, the director of financial management shall determine if expenditures from the public safety and education account during the prior fiscal quarter exceeded allotments by more than ten percent. Within thirty days of a determination that expenditures exceeded allotments by more than ten percent, the director of financial management shall develop and implement a plan to reduce expenditures from the account to a level that does not exceed the allotments. Such a plan may include across-the-board reductions in allotments from the account to all nonjudicial agencies except for the crime victims compensation program. In implementing the plan, the director of financial management shall seek the cooperation of judicial agencies in reducing their expenditures from the account. The director of financial management shall notify the legislative fiscal committees prior to implementation of the plan.

Development and implementation of the plan is not required if the director of financial management notifies the legislative fiscal committees that increases in the official revenue forecast for the public safety and education account for that fiscal quarter will eliminate the need to reduce expenditures from the account. The official revenue forecast for the public safety and education account shall be prepared by the economic and revenue forecast council pursuant to RCW 82.33.020 and 82.33.010.))

For the purposes of this section, an individual will not be required to use his or her assets other than funds recovered as a result of a civil action or criminal restitution, for medical expenses or pain and suffering, in order to qualify for an alternative source of payment.

The director shall, in cooperation with the department of social and health services, establish by October 1, 1989, a process to aid crime victims in identifying and applying for appropriate alternative benefit programs, if any, administered by the department of social and health services.

- **Sec. 10.** RCW 9.41.110 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 416 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) No dealer may sell or otherwise transfer, or expose for sale or transfer, or have in his or her possession with intent to sell, or otherwise transfer, any pistol without being licensed as provided in this section.
- (2) No dealer may sell or otherwise transfer, or expose for sale or transfer, or have in his or her possession with intent to sell, or otherwise transfer, any firearm other than a pistol without being licensed as provided in this section.
- (3) No dealer may sell or otherwise transfer, or expose for sale or transfer, or have in his or her possession with intent to sell, or otherwise transfer, any ammunition without being licensed as provided in this section.
- (4) The duly constituted licensing authorities of any city, town, or political subdivision of this state shall grant licenses in forms prescribed by the director of licensing effective for not more than one year from the date of issue permitting the licensee to sell firearms within this state subject to the following conditions, for breach of any of which the license shall be forfeited and the licensee subject to punishment as provided in RCW 9.41.010 through 9.41.810. A licensing authority shall forward a copy of each license granted to the department of licensing. The department of licensing shall notify the department of revenue of the name and address of each dealer licensed under this section.

- (5)(a) A licensing authority shall, within thirty days after the filing of an application of any person for a dealer's license, determine whether to grant the license. However, if the applicant does not have a valid permanent Washington driver's license or Washington state identification card, or has not been a resident of the state for the previous consecutive ninety days, the licensing authority shall have up to sixty days to determine whether to issue a license. No person shall qualify for a license under this section without first receiving a federal firearms license and undergoing fingerprinting and a background check. In addition, no person ineligible to possess a firearm under RCW 9.41.040 or ineligible for a concealed pistol license under RCW 9.41.070 shall qualify for a dealer's license.
- (b) A dealer shall require every employee who may sell a firearm in the course of his or her employment to undergo fingerprinting and a background check. An employee must be eligible to possess a firearm, and must not have been convicted of a crime that would make the person ineligible for a concealed pistol license, before being permitted to sell a firearm. Every employee shall comply with requirements concerning purchase applications and restrictions on delivery of pistols that are applicable to dealers.
- (6)(a) Except as otherwise provided in (b) of this subsection, the business shall be carried on only in the building designated in the license. For the purpose of this section, advertising firearms for sale shall not be considered the carrying on of business.
- (b) A dealer may conduct business temporarily at a location other than the building designated in the license, if the temporary location is within Washington state and is the location of a gun show sponsored by a national, state, or local organization, or an affiliate of any such organization, devoted to the collection, competitive use, or other sporting use of firearms in the community. Nothing in this subsection (6)(b) authorizes a dealer to conduct business in or from a motorized or towed vehicle.

In conducting business temporarily at a location other than the building designated in the license, the dealer shall comply with all other requirements imposed on dealers by RCW 9.41.090, 9.41.100, and 9.41.110. The license of a dealer who fails to comply with the requirements of RCW 9.41.080 and 9.41.090 and subsection (8) of this section while conducting business at a temporary location shall be revoked, and the dealer shall be permanently ineligible for a dealer's license.

- (7) The license or a copy thereof, certified by the issuing authority, shall be displayed on the premises in the area where firearms are sold, or at the temporary location, where it can easily be read.
- (8)(a) No pistol may be sold: (i) In violation of any provisions of RCW 9.41.010 through 9.41.810; nor (ii) may a pistol be sold under any circumstances unless the purchaser is personally known to the dealer or shall present clear evidence of his or her identity.
- (b) A dealer who sells or delivers any firearm in violation of RCW 9.41.080 is guilty of a class C felony. In addition to any other penalty provided for by law, the dealer is subject to mandatory permanent revocation of his or her dealer's license and permanent ineligibility for a dealer's license.
- (c) The license fee for pistols shall be one hundred twenty-five dollars. The license fee for firearms other than pistols shall be one hundred twenty-five dollars. The license fee for ammunition shall be one hundred twenty-five

dollars. Any dealer who obtains any license under subsection (1), (2), or (3) of this section may also obtain the remaining licenses without payment of any fee. The fees received under this section shall be deposited in the ((aecount under RCW 69.50.520)) state general fund.

- (9)(a) A true record in triplicate shall be made of every pistol sold, in a book kept for the purpose, the form of which may be prescribed by the director of licensing and shall be personally signed by the purchaser and by the person effecting the sale, each in the presence of the other, and shall contain the date of sale, the caliber, make, model and manufacturer's number of the weapon, the name, address, occupation, and place of birth of the purchaser and a statement signed by the purchaser that he or she is not ineligible under RCW 9.41.040 to possess a firearm.
- (b) One copy shall within six hours be sent by certified mail to the chief of police of the municipality or the sheriff of the county of which the purchaser is a resident; the duplicate the dealer shall within seven days send to the director of licensing; the triplicate the dealer shall retain for six years.
- (10) Subsections (2) through (9) of this section shall not apply to sales at wholesale.
- (11) The dealer's licenses authorized to be issued by this section are general licenses covering all sales by the licensee within the effective period of the licenses. The department shall provide a single application form for dealer's licenses and a single license form which shall indicate the type or types of licenses granted.
- (12) Except as provided in RCW 9.41.090, every city, town, and political subdivision of this state is prohibited from requiring the purchaser to secure a permit to purchase or from requiring the dealer to secure an individual permit for each sale.
- Sec. 11. RCW 9A.82.110 and 2001 c 222 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) ((Any payments or forfeiture to the state general fund ordered under RCW 9A.82.100 (4) or (5) shall be deposited in the public safety and education account.
- (2))) In an action brought by the attorney general on behalf of the state under RCW 9A.82.100(1)(b)(i) in which the state prevails, any payments ordered in excess of the actual damages sustained shall be deposited in the ((public safety and education account)) state general fund.
- (((3) It is the intent of the legislature that the money deposited in the public safety and education account pursuant to this chapter be appropriated to promote erime victims' compensation.
- (4))) (2)(a) The county legislative authority may establish an antiprofiteering revolving fund to be administered by the county prosecuting attorney under the conditions and for the purposes provided by this subsection. Disbursements from the fund shall be on authorization of the county prosecuting attorney. No appropriation is required for disbursements.
- (b) Any prosecution and investigation costs, including attorney's fees, recovered for the state by the county prosecuting attorney as a result of enforcement of civil and criminal statutes pertaining to any offense included in the definition of criminal profiteering, whether by final judgment, settlement, or otherwise, shall be deposited, as directed by a court of competent jurisdiction, in

the fund established by this subsection. In an action brought by a prosecuting attorney on behalf of the county under RCW 9A.82.100(1)(b)(i) in which the county prevails, any payments ordered in excess of the actual damages sustained shall be deposited in the ((public safety and education account in the)) state general fund.

- (c) The county legislative authority may prescribe a maximum level of moneys in the antiprofiteering revolving fund. Moneys exceeding the prescribed maximum shall be transferred to the county current expense fund.
- (d) The moneys in the fund shall be used by the county prosecuting attorney for the investigation and prosecution of any offense, within the jurisdiction of the county prosecuting attorney, included in the definition of criminal profiteering, including civil enforcement.
- (e) If a county has not established an antiprofiteering revolving fund, any payments or forfeitures ordered to the county under this chapter shall be deposited to the county current expense fund.
- **Sec. 12.** RCW 9.68A.120 and 1999 c 143 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

The following are subject to seizure and forfeiture:

- (1) All visual or printed matter that depicts a minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct.
- (2) All raw materials, equipment, and other tangible personal property of any kind used or intended to be used to manufacture or process any visual or printed matter that depicts a minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct, and all conveyances, including aircraft, vehicles, or vessels that are used or intended for use to transport, or in any manner to facilitate the transportation of, visual or printed matter in violation of RCW 9.68A.050 or 9.68A.060, but:
- (a) No conveyance used by any person as a common carrier in the transaction of business as a common carrier is subject to forfeiture under this section unless it appears that the owner or other person in charge of the conveyance is a consenting party or privy to a violation of this chapter;
- (b) No property is subject to forfeiture under this section by reason of any act or omission established by the owner of the property to have been committed or omitted without the owner's knowledge or consent;
- (c) A forfeiture of property encumbered by a bona fide security interest is subject to the interest of the secured party if the secured party neither had knowledge of nor consented to the act or omission; and
- (d) When the owner of a conveyance has been arrested under this chapter the conveyance may not be subject to forfeiture unless it is seized or process is issued for its seizure within ten days of the owner's arrest.
- (3) All personal property, moneys, negotiable instruments, securities, or other tangible or intangible property furnished or intended to be furnished by any person in exchange for visual or printed matter depicting a minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct, or constituting proceeds traceable to any violation of this chapter.
- (4) Property subject to forfeiture under this chapter may be seized by any law enforcement officer of this state upon process issued by any superior court having jurisdiction over the property. Seizure without process may be made if:
- (a) The seizure is incident to an arrest or a search under a search warrant or an inspection under an administrative inspection warrant;

- (b) The property subject to seizure has been the subject of a prior judgment in favor of the state in a criminal injunction or forfeiture proceeding based upon this chapter;
- (c) A law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the property is directly or indirectly dangerous to health or safety; or
- (d) The law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the property was used or is intended to be used in violation of this chapter.
- (5) In the event of seizure under subsection (4) of this section, proceedings for forfeiture shall be deemed commenced by the seizure. The law enforcement agency under whose authority the seizure was made shall cause notice to be served within fifteen days following the seizure on the owner of the property seized and the person in charge thereof and any person having any known right or interest therein, of the seizure and intended forfeiture of the seized property. The notice may be served by any method authorized by law or court rule including but not limited to service by certified mail with return receipt requested. Service by mail shall be deemed complete upon mailing within the fifteen day period following the seizure.
- (6) If no person notifies the seizing law enforcement agency in writing of the person's claim of ownership or right to possession of seized items within forty-five days of the seizure, the item seized shall be deemed forfeited.
- (7) If any person notifies the seizing law enforcement agency in writing of the person's claim of ownership or right to possession of seized items within forty-five days of the seizure, the person or persons shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to be heard as to the claim or right. The hearing shall be before an administrative law judge appointed under chapter 34.12 RCW, except that any person asserting a claim or right may remove the matter to a court of competent jurisdiction if the aggregate value of the article or articles involved is more than five hundred dollars. The hearing before an administrative law judge and any appeal therefrom shall be under Title 34 RCW. In a court hearing between two or more claimants to the article or articles involved, the prevailing party shall be entitled to a judgment for costs and reasonable attorney's fees. The burden of producing evidence shall be upon the person claiming to be the lawful owner or the person claiming to have the lawful right to possession of the seized items. The seizing law enforcement agency shall promptly return the article or articles to the claimant upon a determination by the administrative law judge or court that the claimant is lawfully entitled to possession thereof of the seized items
- (8) If property is sought to be forfeited on the ground that it constitutes proceeds traceable to a violation of this chapter, the seizing law enforcement agency must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the property constitutes proceeds traceable to a violation of this chapter.
- (9) When property is forfeited under this chapter the seizing law enforcement agency may:
- (a) Retain it for official use or upon application by any law enforcement agency of this state release the property to that agency for the exclusive use of enforcing this chapter;
- (b) Sell that which is not required to be destroyed by law and which is not harmful to the public. The proceeds and all moneys forfeited under this chapter shall be used for payment of all proper expenses of the investigation leading to

the seizure, including any money delivered to the subject of the investigation by the law enforcement agency, and of the proceedings for forfeiture and sale, including expenses of seizure, maintenance of custody, advertising, actual costs of the prosecuting or city attorney, and court costs. Fifty percent of the money remaining after payment of these expenses shall be deposited in the ((public safety and education account established under RCW 43.08.250)) state general fund and fifty percent shall be deposited in the general fund of the state, county, or city of the seizing law enforcement agency; or

- (c) Request the appropriate sheriff or director of public safety to take custody of the property and remove it for disposition in accordance with law.
- **Sec. 13.** RCW 10.82.070 and 2004 c 15 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) All sums of money derived from costs, fines, penalties, and forfeitures imposed or collected, in whole or in part, by a superior court for violation of orders of injunction, mandamus and other like writs, for contempt of court, or for breach of the penal laws shall be paid in cash by the person collecting the same, within twenty days after the collection, to the county treasurer of the county in which the same have accrued.
- (2) Except as provided in RCW 10.99.080, the county treasurer shall remit monthly thirty-two percent of the money received under this section except for certain costs to the state treasurer for deposit ((as provided under RCW 43.08.250)) in the state general fund and shall deposit the remainder as provided by law. "Certain costs" as used in this subsection, means those costs awarded to prevailing parties in civil actions under RCW 4.84.010 or 36.18.040, or those costs awarded against convicted defendants in criminal actions under RCW 10.01.160, 10.46.190, or 36.18.040, or other similar statutes if such costs are specifically designated as costs by the court and are awarded for the specific reimbursement of costs incurred by the state or county in the prosecution of the case, including the fees of defense counsel. Costs or assessments awarded to dedicated accounts, state or local, are not subject to this state allocation or to RCW 7.68.035.
- (3) All fees, fines, forfeitures and penalties collected or assessed by a district court because of the violation of a state law shall be remitted as provided in chapter 3.62 RCW as now exists or is later amended. All fees, fines, forfeitures, and penalties collected or assessed by a superior court in cases on appeal from a lower court shall be remitted to the municipal or district court from which the cases were appealed.
- **Sec. 14.** RCW 10.82.090 and 2004 c 121 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, financial obligations imposed in a judgment shall bear interest from the date of the judgment until payment, at the rate applicable to civil judgments. All nonrestitution interest retained by the court shall be split twenty-five percent to the state treasurer for deposit in the ((public safety and education account as provided in RCW 43.08.250)) state general fund, twenty-five percent to the state treasurer for deposit in the judicial information system account as provided in RCW 2.68.020, twenty-five percent to the county current expense fund, and twenty-five percent to the county current expense fund local courts.

- (2) The court may, on motion by the offender, following the offender's release from total confinement, reduce or waive the interest on legal financial obligations levied as a result of a criminal conviction. The court may reduce or waive the interest only as an incentive for the offender to meet his or her legal financial obligations. The court may not waive the interest on the restitution portion of the legal financial obligation and may only reduce the interest on the restitution portion of the legal financial obligation if the principal of the restitution has been paid in full. The offender must show that he or she has personally made a good faith effort to pay, that the interest accrual is causing a significant hardship, and that he or she will be unable to pay the principal and interest in full and that reduction or waiver of the interest will likely enable the offender to pay the full principal and any remaining interest thereon. purposes of this section, "good faith effort" means that the offender has either (a) paid the principal amount in full; or (b) made twenty-four consecutive monthly payments, excluding any payments mandatorily deducted by the department of corrections, on his or her legal financial obligations under his or her payment agreement with the court. The court may grant the motion, establish a payment schedule, and retain jurisdiction over the offender for purposes of reviewing and revising the reduction or waiver of interest. This section applies to persons convicted as adults or in juvenile court.
- **Sec. 15.** RCW 10.105.010 and 1993 c 288 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The following are subject to seizure and forfeiture and no property right exists in them: All personal property, including, but not limited to, any item, object, tool, substance, device, weapon, machine, vehicle of any kind, money, security, or negotiable instrument, which has been or was actually employed as an instrumentality in the commission of, or in aiding or abetting in the commission of any felony, or which was furnished or was intended to be furnished by any person in the commission of, as a result of, or as compensation for the commission of, any felony, or which was acquired in whole or in part with proceeds traceable to the commission of a felony. No property may be forfeited under this section until after there has been a superior court conviction of the owner of the property for the felony in connection with which the property was employed, furnished, or acquired.
- A forfeiture of property encumbered by a bona fide security interest is subject to the interest of the secured party if at the time the security interest was created, the secured party neither had knowledge of nor consented to the commission of the felony.
- (2) Personal property subject to forfeiture under this chapter may be seized by any law enforcement officer of this state upon process issued by any superior court having jurisdiction over the property. Seizure of personal property without process may be made if:
 - (a) The seizure is incident to an arrest or a search under a search warrant;
- (b) The property subject to seizure has been the subject of a prior judgment in favor of the state in a criminal injunction or forfeiture proceeding;
- (c) A law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the property is directly dangerous to health or safety; or
- (d) The law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the property was used or is intended to be used in the commission of a felony.

- (3) In the event of seizure pursuant to this section, proceedings for forfeiture shall be deemed commenced by the seizure. The law enforcement agency under whose authority the seizure was made shall cause notice to be served within fifteen days following the seizure on the owner of the property seized and the person in charge thereof and any person having any known right or interest therein, including any community property interest, of the seizure and intended forfeiture of the seized property. The notice of seizure may be served by any method authorized by law or court rule including but not limited to service by certified mail with return receipt requested. Service by mail shall be deemed complete upon mailing within the fifteen day period following the seizure. Notice of seizure in the case of property subject to a security interest that has been perfected by filing a financing statement in accordance with chapter ((62A.9)) 62A.9A RCW, or a certificate of title shall be made by service upon the secured party or the secured party's assignee at the address shown on the financing statement or the certificate of title.
- (4) If no person notifies the seizing law enforcement agency in writing of the person's claim of ownership or right to possession of items specified in subsection (1) of this section within forty-five days of the seizure, the item seized shall be deemed forfeited.
- (5) If a person notifies the seizing law enforcement agency in writing of the person's claim of ownership or right to possession of the seized property within forty-five days of the seizure, the law enforcement agency shall give the person or persons a reasonable opportunity to be heard as to the claim or right. The hearing shall be before the chief law enforcement officer of the seizing agency or the chief law enforcement officer's designee, except where the seizing agency is a state agency as defined in RCW 34.12.020(4), the hearing shall be before the chief law enforcement officer of the seizing agency or an administrative law judge appointed under chapter 34.12 RCW, except that any person asserting a claim or right may remove the matter to a court of competent jurisdiction. Removal may only be accomplished according to the rules of civil procedure. The person seeking removal of the matter must serve process against the state, county, political subdivision, or municipality that operates the seizing agency, and any other party of interest, in accordance with RCW 4.28.080 or 4.92.020, within forty-five days after the person seeking removal has notified the seizing law enforcement agency of the person's claim of ownership or right to possession. The court to which the matter is to be removed shall be the district court when the aggregate value of the property is within the jurisdictional limit set forth in RCW 3.66.020. A hearing before the seizing agency and any appeal therefrom shall be under Title 34 RCW. In a court hearing between two or more claimants to the property involved, the prevailing party shall be entitled to a judgment for costs and reasonable attorney's fees. The burden of producing evidence shall be upon the person claiming to be the lawful owner or the person claiming to have the lawful right to possession of the property. The seizing law enforcement agency shall promptly return the property to the claimant upon a determination by the administrative law judge or court that the claimant is the present lawful owner or is lawfully entitled to possession of the property.
- (6) When property is forfeited under this chapter, after satisfying any courtordered victim restitution, the seizing law enforcement agency may:

- (a) Retain it for official use or upon application by any law enforcement agency of this state release such property to such agency for the exclusive use of enforcing the criminal law;
- (b) Sell that which is not required to be destroyed by law and which is not harmful to the public.
- (7) By January 31st of each year, each seizing agency shall remit to the state treasurer an amount equal to ten percent of the net proceeds of any property forfeited during the preceding calendar year. Money remitted shall be deposited in the ((public safety and education account)) state general fund.
- (a) The net proceeds of forfeited property is the value of the forfeitable interest in the property after deducting the cost of satisfying any bona fide security interest to which the property is subject at the time of seizure; and in the case of sold property, after deducting the cost of sale, including reasonable fees or commissions paid to independent selling agents.
- (b) The value of sold forfeited property is the sale price. The value of retained forfeited property is the fair market value of the property at the time of seizure, determined when possible by reference to an applicable commonly used index, such as the index used by the department of licensing for valuation of motor vehicles. A seizing agency may use, but need not use, an independent qualified appraiser to determine the value of retained property. If an appraiser is used, the value of the property appraised is net of the cost of the appraisal. The value of destroyed property and retained firearms or illegal property is zero.
- (c) Retained property and net proceeds not required to be paid to the state treasurer, or otherwise required to be spent under this section, shall be retained by the seizing law enforcement agency exclusively for the expansion and improvement of law enforcement activity. Money retained under this section may not be used to supplant preexisting funding sources.
- **Sec. 16.** RCW 28A.150.380 and 2001 c 3 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The state legislature shall, at each regular session in an odd-numbered year, appropriate from the state general fund for the current use of the common schools such amounts as needed for state support to the common schools during the ensuing biennium as provided in this chapter, RCW 28A.160.150 through 28A.160.210, 28A.300.170, and 28A.500.010.
- (2) The state legislature shall also, at each regular session in an odd-numbered year, appropriate from the ((student achievement fund)) general fund and education construction fund ((solely)) for the purposes of and in accordance with the provisions of the student achievement act during the ensuing biennium.
- **Sec. 17.** RCW 28A.505.210 and 2005 c 497 s 105 are each amended to read as follows:

School districts shall have the authority to decide the best use of ((student achievement)) funds distributed for the student achievement program under RCW 28A.505.220 to assist students in meeting and exceeding the new, higher academic standards in each district consistent with the provisions of chapter 3, Laws of 2001.

(1) ((Student achievement)) Funds shall be allocated for the following uses:

- (a) To reduce class size by hiring certificated elementary classroom teachers in grades K-4 and paying nonemployee-related costs associated with those new teachers:
- (b) To make selected reductions in class size in grades 5-12, such as small high school writing classes;
- (c) To provide extended learning opportunities to improve student academic achievement in grades K-12, including, but not limited to, extended school year, extended school day, before-and-after-school programs, special tutoring programs, weekend school programs, summer school, and all-day kindergarten;
- (d) To provide additional professional development for educators, including additional paid time for curriculum and lesson redesign and alignment, training to ensure that instruction is aligned with state standards and student needs, reimbursement for higher education costs related to enhancing teaching skills and knowledge, and mentoring programs to match teachers with skilled, master teachers. The funding shall not be used for salary increases or additional compensation for existing teaching duties, but may be used for extended year and extended day teaching contracts;
- (e) To provide early assistance for children who need prekindergarten support in order to be successful in school;
- (f) To provide improvements or additions to school building facilities which are directly related to the class size reductions and extended learning opportunities under (a) through (c) of this subsection.
- (2) Annually on or before May 1st, the school district board of directors shall meet at the time and place designated for the purpose of a public hearing on the proposed use of these funds to improve student achievement for the coming year. Any person may appear or by written submission have the opportunity to comment on the proposed plan for the use of these funds. No later than August 31st, as a part of the process under RCW 28A.505.060, each school district shall adopt a plan for the use of these funds for the upcoming school year. Annually, each school district shall provide to the citizens of their district a public accounting of the funds made available to the district during the previous school year under chapter 3, Laws of 2001, how the funds were used, and the progress the district has made in increasing student achievement, as measured by required state assessments and other assessments deemed appropriate by the district. Copies of this report shall be provided to the superintendent of public instruction.
- **Sec. 18.** RCW 28A.505.220 and 2008 c 170 s 401 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Total distributions <u>for the student achievement program</u> from the ((student achievement)) <u>general</u> fund to each school district shall be based upon the average number of full-time equivalent students in the school district during the previous school year as reported to the office of the superintendent of public instruction by August 31st of the previous school year. The superintendent of public instruction shall ensure that moneys generated by skill center students are returned to skill centers.
- (2) The allocation rate per full-time equivalent student shall be three hundred dollars in the 2005-06 school year, three hundred seventy-five dollars in the 2006-07 school year, and four hundred fifty dollars in the 2007-08 school year. For each subsequent school year, the amount allocated per full-time

equivalent student shall be adjusted for inflation as defined in RCW 43.135.025(8). These allocations per full-time equivalent student ((from the student achievement fund)) shall be supported from the ((following sources:

- (a) Distributions from state property tax proceeds deposited into the student achievement fund under RCW 84.52.068; and
- (b))) distributions from the education legacy trust account created in RCW 83.100.230((-
- (3) Any funds deposited in the student achievement fund under RCW 43.135.045 shall be allocated to school districts on a one-time basis using a rate per full-time equivalent student. These funds are provided in addition to any amounts allocated in subsection (2) of this section)) and the state general fund.
- (((4))) (3) The school district annual amounts as defined in subsection (2) of this section shall be distributed on the monthly apportionment schedule as defined in RCW 28A.510.250.
- **Sec. 19.** RCW 35.20.220 and 2004 c 15 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The chief clerk, under the supervision and direction of the court administrator of the municipal court, shall have the custody and care of the books, papers and records of ((said)) the court((; he)). The chief clerk or a deputy shall be present ((by himself or deputy)) during the session of ((said)) the court((,)) and ((shall have)) has the power to swear all witnesses and jurors, ((and)) administer oaths and affidavits, and take acknowledgments. ((He)) The chief clerk shall keep the records of ((said)) the court((,)) and shall issue all process under his or her hand and the seal of ((said)) the court((, and)). The chief clerk shall do and perform all things and have the same powers pertaining to ((his)) the office as the clerks of the superior courts have in their office. He or she shall receive all fines, penalties and fees of every kind((,)) and keep a full, accurate and detailed account of the same((; and)). The chief clerk shall on each day pay into the city treasury all money received for ((said)) the city during the day previous, with a detailed account of the same, and taking the treasurer's receipt therefor.
- (2) Except as provided in RCW 10.99.080, the city treasurer shall remit monthly thirty-two percent of the noninterest money received under this section, other than for parking infractions and certain costs to the state treasurer. "Certain costs" as used in this subsection, means those costs awarded to prevailing parties in civil actions under RCW 4.84.010 or 36.18.040, or those costs awarded against convicted defendants in criminal actions under RCW 10.01.160, 10.46.190, or 36.18.040, or other similar statutes if such costs are specifically designated as costs by the court and are awarded for the specific reimbursement of costs incurred by the state, county, city, or town in the prosecution of the case, including the fees of defense counsel. Money remitted under this subsection to the state treasurer shall be deposited ((as provided in RCW 43.08.250)) in the state general fund.
- (3) The balance of the noninterest money received under this section shall be retained by the city and deposited as provided by law.
- (4) Penalties, fines, bail forfeitures, fees, and costs may accrue interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum, upon assignment to a collection agency. Interest may accrue only while the case is in collection status.

- (5) Interest retained by the court on penalties, fines, bail forfeitures, fees, and costs shall be split twenty-five percent to the state treasurer for deposit in the ((public safety and education account as provided in RCW 43.08.250)) state general fund, twenty-five percent to the state treasurer for deposit in the judicial information system account as provided in RCW 2.68.020, twenty-five percent to the city general fund, and twenty-five percent to the city general fund to fund local courts.
- **Sec. 20.** RCW 36.18.012 and 2006 c 192 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Revenue collected under this section is subject to division with the state ((for deposit in the public safety and education account under RCW 36.18.025)).
- (2) The party filing a transcript or abstract of judgment or verdict from a United States court held in this state, or from the superior court of another county or from a district court in the county of issuance, shall pay at the time of filing a fee of twenty dollars.
- (3) The clerk shall collect a fee of twenty dollars for: Filing a paper not related to or a part of a proceeding, civil or criminal, or a probate matter, required or permitted to be filed in the clerk's office for which no other charge is provided by law.
- (4) If the defendant serves or files an answer to an unlawful detainer complaint under chapter 59.18 or 59.20 RCW, the plaintiff shall pay before proceeding with the unlawful detainer action one hundred twelve dollars.
- (5) Any party filing a counterclaim, cross-claim, or third-party claim in an unlawful detainer action under chapter 59.18 or 59.20 RCW shall pay the equivalent to the total filing fee of an unlawful detainer action pursuant to RCW 36.18.020, including the fee for an unlawful detainer answer pursuant to subsection (4) of this section.
- (6) For a restrictive covenant for filing a petition to strike discriminatory provisions in real estate under RCW 49.60.227 a fee of twenty dollars must be charged.
- (7) A fee of twenty dollars must be charged for filing a will only, when no probate of the will is contemplated.
- (8) A fee of twenty dollars must be charged for filing a petition, written agreement, or written memorandum in a nonjudicial probate dispute under RCW 11.96A.220, if it is filed within an existing case in the same court.
- (9) A fee of thirty-five dollars must be charged for filing a petition regarding a common law lien under RCW 60.70.060.
- (10) For the filing of a tax warrant for unpaid taxes or overpayment of benefits by any agency of the state of Washington, a fee of five dollars on or after July 22, 2001, and for the filing of such a tax warrant or overpayment of benefits on or after July 1, 2003, a fee of twenty dollars, of which forty-six percent of the first five dollars is directed to the ((public safety and education account established under RCW 43.08.250)) state general fund.
- **Sec. 21.** RCW 36.18.020 and 2005 c 457 s 19 and 2005 c 374 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Revenue collected under this section is subject to division with the state ((public safety and education account)) under RCW 36.18.025 and with the county or regional law library fund under RCW 27.24.070.

- (2) Clerks of superior courts shall collect the following fees for their official services:
- (a) In addition to any other fee required by law, the party filing the first or initial paper in any civil action, including, but not limited to an action for restitution, adoption, or change of name, and any party filing a counterclaim, cross-claim, or third-party claim in any such civil action, shall pay, at the time the paper is filed, a fee of two hundred dollars except, in an unlawful detainer action under chapter 59.18 or 59.20 RCW for which the plaintiff shall pay a case initiating filing fee of forty-five dollars, or in proceedings filed under RCW 28A.225.030 alleging a violation of the compulsory attendance laws where the petitioner shall not pay a filing fee. The forty-five dollar filing fee under this subsection for an unlawful detainer action shall not include an order to show cause or any other order or judgment except a default order or default judgment in an unlawful detainer action
- (b) Any party, except a defendant in a criminal case, filing the first or initial paper on an appeal from a court of limited jurisdiction or any party on any civil appeal, shall pay, when the paper is filed, a fee of two hundred dollars.
- (c) For filing of a petition for judicial review as required under RCW 34.05.514 a filing fee of two hundred dollars.
- (d) For filing of a petition for unlawful harassment under RCW 10.14.040 a filing fee of fifty-three dollars.
- (e) For filing the notice of debt due for the compensation of a crime victim under RCW 7.68.120(2)(a) a fee of two hundred dollars.
- (f) In probate proceedings, the party instituting such proceedings, shall pay at the time of filing the first paper therein, a fee of two hundred dollars.
- (g) For filing any petition to contest a will admitted to probate or a petition to admit a will which has been rejected, or a petition objecting to a written agreement or memorandum as provided in RCW 11.96A.220, there shall be paid a fee of two hundred dollars.
- (h) Upon conviction or plea of guilty, upon failure to prosecute an appeal from a court of limited jurisdiction as provided by law, or upon affirmance of a conviction by a court of limited jurisdiction, a defendant in a criminal case shall be liable for a fee of two hundred dollars.
- (i) With the exception of demands for jury hereafter made and garnishments hereafter issued, civil actions and probate proceedings filed prior to midnight, July 1, 1972, shall be completed and governed by the fee schedule in effect as of January 1, 1972: PROVIDED, That no fee shall be assessed if an order of dismissal on the clerk's record be filed as provided by rule of the supreme court.
- (3) No fee shall be collected when a petition for relinquishment of parental rights is filed pursuant to RCW 26.33.080 or for forms and instructional brochures provided under RCW 26.50.030.
- **Sec. 22.** RCW 36.18.025 and 2001 c 146 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Forty-six percent of the money received from filing fees paid pursuant to RCW 36.18.020, except those collected for the filing of warrants for unpaid taxes or overpayments by state agencies as outlined in RCW 36.18.012(10), shall be transmitted by the county treasurer each month to the state treasurer for deposit in the ((public safety and education account established under RCW 43.08.250)) state general fund.

- **Sec. 23.** RCW 36.70A.130 and 2006 c 285 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Each comprehensive land use plan and development regulations shall be subject to continuing review and evaluation by the county or city that adopted them. Except as otherwise provided, a county or city shall take legislative action to review and, if needed, revise its comprehensive land use plan and development regulations to ensure the plan and regulations comply with the requirements of this chapter according to the time periods specified in subsection (4) of this section.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided, a county or city not planning under RCW 36.70A.040 shall take action to review and, if needed, revise its policies and development regulations regarding critical areas and natural resource lands adopted according to this chapter to ensure these policies and regulations comply with the requirements of this chapter according to the time periods specified in subsection (4) of this section. Legislative action means the adoption of a resolution or ordinance following notice and a public hearing indicating at a minimum, a finding that a review and evaluation has occurred and identifying the revisions made, or that a revision was not needed and the reasons therefor.
- (c) The review and evaluation required by this subsection may be combined with the review required by subsection (3) of this section. The review and evaluation required by this subsection shall include, but is not limited to, consideration of critical area ordinances and, if planning under RCW 36.70A.040, an analysis of the population allocated to a city or county from the most recent ten-year population forecast by the office of financial management.
- (d) Any amendment of or revision to a comprehensive land use plan shall conform to this chapter. Any amendment of or revision to development regulations shall be consistent with and implement the comprehensive plan.
- (2)(a) Each county and city shall establish and broadly disseminate to the public a public participation program consistent with RCW 36.70A.035 and 36.70A.140 that identifies procedures and schedules whereby updates, proposed amendments, or revisions of the comprehensive plan are considered by the governing body of the county or city no more frequently than once every year. "Updates" means to review and revise, if needed, according to subsection (1) of this section, and the time periods specified in subsection (4) of this section or in accordance with the provisions of subsections (5) and (8) of this section. Amendments may be considered more frequently than once per year under the following circumstances:
- (i) The initial adoption of a subarea plan that does not modify the comprehensive plan policies and designations applicable to the subarea;
- (ii) The adoption or amendment of a shoreline master program under the procedures set forth in chapter 90.58 RCW;
- (iii) The amendment of the capital facilities element of a comprehensive plan that occurs concurrently with the adoption or amendment of a county or city budget;
- (iv) Until June 30, 2006, the designation of recreational lands under RCW 36.70A.1701. A county amending its comprehensive plan pursuant to this subsection (2)(a)(iv) may not do so more frequently than every eighteen months; and

- (v) The adoption of comprehensive plan amendments necessary to enact a planned action under RCW 43.21C.031(2), provided that amendments are considered in accordance with the public participation program established by the county or city under this subsection (2)(a) and all persons who have requested notice of a comprehensive plan update are given notice of the amendments and an opportunity to comment.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in (a) of this subsection, all proposals shall be considered by the governing body concurrently so the cumulative effect of the various proposals can be ascertained. However, after appropriate public participation a county or city may adopt amendments or revisions to its comprehensive plan that conform with this chapter whenever an emergency exists or to resolve an appeal of a comprehensive plan filed with a growth management hearings board or with the court.
- (3)(a) Each county that designates urban growth areas under RCW 36.70A.110 shall review, at least every ten years, its designated urban growth area or areas, and the densities permitted within both the incorporated and unincorporated portions of each urban growth area. In conjunction with this review by the county, each city located within an urban growth area shall review the densities permitted within its boundaries, and the extent to which the urban growth occurring within the county has located within each city and the unincorporated portions of the urban growth areas.
- (b) The county comprehensive plan designating urban growth areas, and the densities permitted in the urban growth areas by the comprehensive plans of the county and each city located within the urban growth areas, shall be revised to accommodate the urban growth projected to occur in the county for the succeeding twenty-year period. The review required by this subsection may be combined with the review and evaluation required by RCW 36.70A.215.
- (4) The department shall establish a schedule for counties and cities to take action to review and, if needed, revise their comprehensive plans and development regulations to ensure the plan and regulations comply with the requirements of this chapter. Except as provided in subsections (5) and (8) of this section, the schedule established by the department shall provide for the reviews and evaluations to be completed as follows:
- (a) On or before December 1, 2004, and every seven years thereafter, for Clallam, Clark, Jefferson, King, Kitsap, Pierce, Snohomish, Thurston, and Whatcom counties and the cities within those counties:
- (b) On or before December 1, 2005, and every seven years thereafter, for Cowlitz, Island, Lewis, Mason, San Juan, Skagit, and Skamania counties and the cities within those counties;
- (c) On or before December 1, 2006, and every seven years thereafter, for Benton, Chelan, Douglas, Grant, Kittitas, Spokane, and Yakima counties and the cities within those counties; and
- (d) On or before December 1, 2007, and every seven years thereafter, for Adams, Asotin, Columbia, Ferry, Franklin, Garfield, Grays Harbor, Klickitat, Lincoln, Okanogan, Pacific, Pend Oreille, Stevens, Wahkiakum, Walla Walla, and Whitman counties and the cities within those counties.
- (5)(a) Nothing in this section precludes a county or city from conducting the review and evaluation required by this section before the time limits established in subsection (4) of this section. Counties and cities may begin this process early

and may be eligible for grants from the department, subject to available funding, if they elect to do so.

- (b) A county that is subject to a schedule established by the department under subsection (4)(b) through (d) of this section and meets the following criteria may comply with the requirements of this section at any time within the thirty-six months following the date established in the applicable schedule: The county has a population of less than fifty thousand and has had its population increase by no more than seventeen percent in the ten years preceding the date established in the applicable schedule as of that date.
- (c) A city that is subject to a schedule established by the department under subsection (4)(b) through (d) of this section and meets the following criteria may comply with the requirements of this section at any time within the thirty-six months following the date established in the applicable schedule: The city has a population of no more than five thousand and has had its population increase by the greater of either no more than one hundred persons or no more than seventeen percent in the ten years preceding the date established in the applicable schedule as of that date.
- (d) State agencies are encouraged to provide technical assistance to the counties and cities in the review of critical area ordinances, comprehensive plans, and development regulations.
- (6) A county or city subject to the time periods in subsection (4)(a) of this section that, pursuant to an ordinance adopted by the county or city establishing a schedule for periodic review of its comprehensive plan and development regulations, has conducted a review and evaluation of its comprehensive plan and development regulations and, on or after January 1, 2001, has taken action in response to that review and evaluation shall be deemed to have conducted the first review required by subsection (4)(a) of this section. Subsequent review and evaluation by the county or city of its comprehensive plan and development regulations shall be conducted in accordance with the time periods established under subsection (4)(a) of this section.
- (7) The requirements imposed on counties and cities under this section shall be considered "requirements of this chapter" under the terms of RCW 36.70A.040(1). Only those counties and cities: (a) Complying with the schedules in this section; (b) demonstrating substantial progress towards compliance with the schedules in this section for development regulations that protect critical areas; or (c) complying with the extension provisions of subsection (5)(b) or (c) of this section may receive grants, loans, pledges, or financial guarantees ((from those accounts established in RCW 43.155.050 and 70.146.030)) under chapter 43.155 or 70.146 RCW. A county or city that is fewer than twelve months out of compliance with the schedules in this section for development regulations that protect critical areas is making substantial progress towards compliance. Only those counties and cities in compliance with the schedules in this section may receive preference for grants or loans subject to the provisions of RCW 43.17.250.
 - (8) Except as provided in subsection (5)(b) and (c) of this section:
- (a) Counties and cities required to satisfy the requirements of this section according to the schedule established by subsection (4)(b) through (d) of this section may comply with the requirements of this section for development

regulations that protect critical areas one year after the dates established in subsection (4)(b) through (d) of this section;

- (b) Counties and cities complying with the requirements of this section one year after the dates established in subsection (4)(b) through (d) of this section for development regulations that protect critical areas shall be deemed in compliance with the requirements of this section; and
- (c) This subsection (8) applies only to the counties and cities specified in subsection (4)(b) through (d) of this section, and only to the requirements of this section for development regulations that protect critical areas that must be satisfied by December 1, 2005, December 1, 2006, and December 1, 2007.
- (9) Notwithstanding subsection (8) of this section and the substantial progress provisions of subsections (7) and (10) of this section, only those counties and cities complying with the schedule in subsection (4) of this section, or the extension provisions of subsection (5)(b) or (c) of this section, may receive preferences for grants, loans, pledges, or financial guarantees ((from those accounts established in RCW 43.155.050 and 70.146.030)) under chapter 43.155 or 70.146 RCW.
- (10) Until December 1, 2005, and notwithstanding subsection (7) of this section, a county or city subject to the time periods in subsection (4)(a) of this section demonstrating substantial progress towards compliance with the schedules in this section for its comprehensive land use plan and development regulations may receive grants, loans, pledges, or financial guarantees ((from those accounts established in RCW 43.155.050 and 70.146.030)) under chapter 43.155 or 70.146 RCW. A county or city that is fewer than twelve months out of compliance with the schedules in this section for its comprehensive land use plan and development regulations is deemed to be making substantial progress towards compliance.
- Sec. 24. RCW 39.42.070 and 2007 c 215 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) On or after the effective date of this act, the treasurer shall compute general state revenues for the three fiscal years immediately preceding such date and shall determine the arithmetic mean thereof. As soon as is practicable after the close of each fiscal year thereafter, he or she shall do likewise. determining the amount of general state revenues, the treasurer shall include all state money received in the treasury from each and every source whatsoever except: (a) Fees and revenues derived from the ownership or operation of any undertaking, facility or project; (b) moneys received as gifts, grants, donations, aid or assistance or otherwise from the United States or any department, bureau or corporation thereof, or any person, firm or corporation, public or private, when the terms and conditions of such gift, grant, donation, aid or assistance require the application and disbursement of such moneys otherwise than for the general purposes of the state of Washington; (c) moneys to be paid into and received from retirement system funds, and performance bonds and deposits; (d) moneys to be paid into and received from trust funds including but not limited to moneys received from taxes levied for specific purposes and the several permanent funds of the state and the moneys derived therefrom but excluding bond redemption funds; (e) proceeds received from the sale of bonds or other evidences of indebtedness. Upon computing general state revenues, the treasurer shall make and file in the office of the secretary of state, a certificate

containing the results of such computations. Copies of said certificate shall be sent to each elected official of the state and each member of the legislature. The treasurer shall, at the same time, advise each elected official and each member of the legislature of the current available debt capacity of the state, and may make estimated projections for one or more years concerning debt capacity.

(2) For purposes of this chapter, general state revenues shall also include revenues that are deposited in the general fund under RCW 82.45.180(2), lottery revenues as provided in RCW 67.70.240(3), and revenues paid into the general fund under RCW 84.52.067((, and revenues deposited into the student achievement fund and distributed to school districts as provided in RCW 84.52.068)).

Sec. 25. RCW 41.05.068 and 2005 c 195 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The authority may participate as an employer-sponsored program established in section 1860D-22 of the medicare prescription drug, improvement, and modernization act of 2003, P.L. 108-173 et seq., to receive federal employer subsidy funds for continuing to provide retired employee health coverage, including a pharmacy benefit. The administrator, in consultation with the office of financial management, shall evaluate participation in the employer incentive program, including but not limited to any necessary program changes to meet the eligibility requirements that employer-sponsored retiree health coverage provide prescription drug coverage at least equal to the actuarial value of standard prescription drug coverage under medicare part D. Any employer subsidy moneys received from participation in the federal employer incentive program shall be deposited in the ((health services account established in RCW 43.72.900)) state general fund.

Sec. 26. RCW 43.08.250 and 2008 c 329 s 913 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The money received by the state treasurer from fees, fines, forfeitures, penalties, reimbursements or assessments by any court organized under Title 3 or 35 RCW, or chapter 2.08 RCW, shall be deposited in the ((public safety and education account which is hereby created in the state treasury. The legislature shall appropriate the funds in the account to promote traffic safety education, highway safety, criminal justice training, crime victims' compensation, judicial education, the judicial information system, civil representation of indigent persons under RCW 2.53.030, winter recreation parking, drug court operations, and state game programs. Through the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 2009, the legislature may appropriate moneys from the public safety and education account for purposes of appellate indigent defense and other operations of the office of public defense, the criminal litigation unit of the attorney general's office, the treatment alternatives to street crimes program, crime victims advocacy programs, justice information network telecommunication planning, treatment for supplemental security income clients, sexual assault treatment, operations of the administrative office of the courts, security in the common schools, alternative school start-up grants, programs for disruptive students, eriminal justice data collection, Washington state patrol criminal justice activities, drug court operations, unified family courts, local court backlog assistance, financial assistance to local jurisdictions for extraordinary costs incurred in the adjudication of criminal cases, domestic violence treatment and related services, the department of corrections' costs in implementing chapter 196, Laws of 1999, reimbursement of local governments for costs associated with implementing criminal and civil justice legislation, the replacement of the department of corrections' offender-based tracking system, secure and semi-secure crisis residential centers, HOPE beds, the family policy council and community public health and safety networks, the street youth program, public notification about registered sex offenders, and narcotics or methamphetamine-related enforcement, education, training, and drug and alcohol treatment services. During the 2007-2009 fiscal biennium, the legislature may transfer from the public safety and education account to the state general fund such amounts as to reflect the excess fund balance of the fund)) state general fund.

- (2)(((a) The equal justice subaccount is created as a subaccount of the public safety and education account.)) The money received by the state treasurer from the increase in fees imposed by sections 9, 10, 12, 13, 14, 17, and 19, chapter 457, Laws of 2005 shall be deposited in the ((equal justice subaccount and shall be appropriated only for:
- (i) Criminal indigent defense assistance and enhancement at the trial court level, including a criminal indigent defense pilot program;
 - (ii) Representation of parents in dependency and termination proceedings;
 - (iii) Civil legal representation of indigent persons; and
- (iv) Contribution to district court judges' salaries and to eligible elected municipal court judges' salaries.
- (b) For the 2005-07 fiscal biennium, an amount equal to twenty-five percent of revenues to the equal justice subaccount, less one million dollars, shall be appropriated from the equal justice subaccount to the administrator for the courts for purposes of (a)(iv) of this subsection. For the 2007-09 fiscal biennium and subsequent fiscal biennia, an amount equal to fifty percent of revenues to the equal justice subaccount shall be appropriated from the equal justice subaccount to the administrator for the courts for the purposes of (a)(iv) of this subsection)) state general fund. It is the intent of the legislature that fifty percent of such money be appropriated to the administrator for the courts for the purposes of contributing to district court judges' salaries and to eligible elected municipal court judges' salaries. It is further the intent of the legislature that the balance of such moneys be used to fund criminal indigent defense assistance and enhancement at the trial court level, representation of parents in dependency and termination proceedings, and civil legal representation of indigent persons.
- **Sec. 27.** RCW 43.17.150 and 1986 c 246 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Each state agency is authorized to receive property or money made available by the attorney general of the United States under section 881(e) of Title 21 of the United States Code and, except as required to the contrary under subsection (2) of this section, to use the property or spend the money for such purposes as are permitted under both federal law and the state law specifying the powers and duties of the agency.
- (2) Unless precluded by federal law, all funds received by a state agency under section 881(e) of Title 21 of the United States Code shall be promptly deposited into the ((public safety and education account established in RCW 43.08.250)) state general fund.

Sec. 28. RCW 43.41.260 and 1995 c 265 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

The health care authority, the office of financial management, and the department of social and health services shall together monitor the enrollee level in the basic health plan and the medicaid caseload of children ((funded from the health services account)). The office of financial management shall adjust the funding levels by interagency reimbursement of funds between the basic health plan and medicaid and adjust the funding levels between the health care authority and the medical assistance administration of the department of social and health services to maximize combined enrollment.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 29.** RCW 43.72.900 (Health services account) and 2005 c 518 s 930, 2003 c 259 s 1, 2002 c 371 s 909, 2002 c 2 s 2, & 1993 c 492 s 469 are each repealed.

- **Sec. 30.** RCW 43.79.480 and 2005 c 424 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Moneys received by the state of Washington in accordance with the settlement of the state's legal action against tobacco product manufacturers, exclusive of costs and attorneys' fees, shall be deposited in the tobacco settlement account created in this section except as these moneys are sold or assigned under chapter 43.340 RCW.
- (2) The tobacco settlement account is created in the state treasury. Moneys in the tobacco settlement account may only be transferred to the ((health services account for the purposes set forth in RCW 43.72.900)) state general fund, and to the tobacco prevention and control account for purposes set forth in this section. The legislature shall transfer amounts received as strategic contribution payments as defined in RCW 43.350.010 to the life sciences discovery fund created in RCW 43.350.070.
- (3) The tobacco prevention and control account is created in the state treasury. The source of revenue for this account is moneys transferred to the account from the tobacco settlement account, investment earnings, donations to the account, and other revenues as directed by law. Expenditures from the account are subject to appropriation.
- **Sec. 31.** RCW 43.84.092 and 2008 c 128 s 19 and 2008 c 106 s 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) All earnings of investments of surplus balances in the state treasury shall be deposited to the treasury income account, which account is hereby established in the state treasury.
- (2) The treasury income account shall be utilized to pay or receive funds associated with federal programs as required by the federal cash management improvement act of 1990. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for refunds or allocations of interest earnings required by the cash management improvement act. Refunds of interest to the federal treasury required under the cash management improvement act fall under RCW 43.88.180 and shall not require appropriation. The office of financial management shall determine the amounts due to or from the federal government pursuant to the cash management improvement act. The office of financial management may direct transfers of funds between accounts as deemed necessary to implement the provisions of the cash management

improvement act, and this subsection. Refunds or allocations shall occur prior to the distributions of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

- (3) Except for the provisions of RCW 43.84.160, the treasury income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasury funds including, but not limited to, depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state treasury and affected state agencies. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for payments to financial institutions. Payments shall occur prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.
- (4) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings credited to the treasury income account. The state treasurer shall credit the general fund with all the earnings credited to the treasury income account except:

The following accounts and funds shall receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's and fund's average daily balance for the period: The aeronautics account, the aircraft search and rescue account, the budget stabilization account, the capitol building construction account, the Cedar River channel construction and operation account, the Central Washington University capital projects account, the charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions account, the cleanup settlement account, the Columbia river basin water supply development account, the common school construction fund, the county arterial preservation account, the county criminal justice assistance account, the county sales and use tax equalization account, the data building construction account, the deferred compensation processing administrative account, the deferred compensation principal account, the department of licensing services account, the department of retirement systems expense account, the developmental disabilities community trust account, the drinking water assistance account, the drinking water assistance administrative account, the drinking water assistance repayment account, the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the education construction fund, the education legacy trust account, the election account, the energy freedom account, the essential rail assistance account, The Evergreen State College capital projects account, the federal forest revolving account, the ferry bond retirement fund, the freight congestion relief account, the freight mobility investment account, the freight mobility multimodal account, the grade crossing protective fund, ((the health services account,)) the public health services account, the health system capacity account, the personal health services account, the high capacity transportation account, the state higher education construction account, the higher education construction account, the highway bond retirement fund, the highway infrastructure account, the highway safety account, the high occupancy toll lanes operations account, the industrial insurance premium refund account, the judges' retirement account, the judicial retirement administrative account, the judicial retirement principal account, the local leasehold excise tax account, the local real estate excise tax account, the local sales and use tax account, the medical aid account, the mobile home park relocation fund, the motor vehicle fund, the motorcycle safety education account, the multimodal transportation account, the municipal criminal justice assistance account, the municipal sales and use tax equalization account, the natural resources deposit account, the oyster reserve land account, the pension funding stabilization account, the perpetual surveillance and maintenance

account, the public employees' retirement system plan 1 account, the public employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the public facilities construction loan revolving account beginning July 1, 2004, the public health supplemental account, the public transportation systems account, the public works assistance account, the Puget Sound capital construction account, the Puget Sound ferry operations account, the Puyallup tribal settlement account, the real estate appraiser commission account, the recreational vehicle account, the regional mobility grant program account, the resource management cost account, the rural arterial trust account, the rural Washington loan fund, ((the safety and education account.)) the site closure account, the small city pavement and sidewalk account, the special category C account, the special wildlife account, the state employees' insurance account, the state employees' insurance reserve account, the state investment board expense account, the state investment board commingled trust fund accounts, the state patrol highway account, the supplemental pension account, the Tacoma Narrows toll bridge account, the teachers' retirement system plan 1 account, the teachers' retirement system combined plan 2 and plan 3 account, the tobacco prevention and control account, the tobacco settlement account, the transportation 2003 account (nickel account), the transportation equipment fund, the transportation fund, the transportation improvement account, the transportation improvement board bond retirement account, the transportation infrastructure account, the transportation partnership account, the traumatic brain injury account, the tuition recovery trust fund, the University of Washington bond retirement fund, the University of Washington building account, the urban arterial trust account, the volunteer firefighters' and reserve officers' relief and pension principal fund, the volunteer firefighters' and reserve officers' administrative fund, the Washington fruit express account, the Washington judicial retirement system account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 1 retirement account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' system plan 2 retirement account, the Washington public safety employees' plan 2 retirement account, the Washington school employees' retirement system combined plan 2 and 3 account, the Washington state health insurance pool account, the Washington state patrol retirement account, the Washington State University building account, the Washington State University bond retirement fund, the water pollution control revolving fund, and the Western Washington University capital projects account. Earnings derived from investing balances of the agricultural permanent fund, the normal school permanent fund, the permanent common school fund, the scientific permanent fund, and the state university permanent fund shall be allocated to their respective beneficiary accounts. All earnings to be distributed under this subsection (4)(a) shall first be reduced by the allocation to the state treasurer's service fund pursuant to RCW 43.08.190.

- (5) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state Constitution, no treasury accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.
- **Sec. 32.** RCW 43.99H.060 and 1991 sp.s. c 31 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) For bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(16), on each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the board of regents or the board of trustees of Washington State University shall cause the

amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(1) to be paid out of the appropriate building account or capital projects account to the state treasurer for deposit into the general fund of the state treasury.

- (2) For bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(15), on each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the state treasurer shall transfer the amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(2) from the capitol campus reserve account, hereby created in the state treasury, to the general fund of the state treasury. At the time of sale of the bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(15), and on or before June 30th of each succeeding year while such bonds remain outstanding, the state finance committee shall determine, based on current balances and estimated receipts and expenditures from the capitol campus reserve account, that portion of principal and interest on such RCW 43.99H.020(15) bonds which will, by virtue of payments from the capitol campus reserve account, be reimbursed from sources other than "general state revenues" as that term is defined in Article VIII, section 1 of the state Constitution. The amount so determined by the state finance committee, as from time to time adjusted in accordance with this subsection, shall not constitute indebtedness for purposes of the limitations set forth in RCW 39.42.060.
- (3) For bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(17), on each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the director of the department of labor and industries shall cause fifty percent of the amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(3) to be transferred from the accident fund created in RCW 51.44.010 and fifty percent of the amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(3) to be transferred from the medical aid fund created in RCW 51.44.020, to the general fund of the state treasury.
- (4) For bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(18), on each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the board of regents of the University of Washington shall cause the amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(4) to be paid out of University of Washington nonappropriated local funds to the state treasurer for deposit into the general fund of the state treasury.
- (5) ((For bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(20), on each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the state treasurer shall transfer the amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(5) from the public safety and education account created in RCW 43.08.250 to the general fund of the state treasury.
- (6))) For bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(4), on each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the state treasurer shall transfer from property taxes in the state general fund levied for the support of the common schools under RCW 84.52.065 to the general fund of the state treasury for unrestricted use the amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(6).
- **Sec. 33.** RCW 43.99K.030 and 2005 c 487 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) The debt-limit general fund bond retirement account shall be used for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds authorized in RCW 43.99K.020 (1), (2), and (3).

- (b) The debt-limit reimbursable bond retirement account shall be used for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds authorized in RCW 43.99K.020(4).
- (c) The nondebt-limit reimbursable bond retirement account shall be used for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds authorized in RCW 43.99K.020(5).
- (2) The state finance committee shall, on or before June 30th of each year, certify to the state treasurer the amount needed in the ensuing twelve months to meet the bond retirement and interest requirements. On each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the state treasurer shall withdraw from any general state revenues received in the state treasury and deposit in the debt-limit general fund bond retirement account, debt-limit reimbursable bond retirement account, nondebt-limit reimbursable bond retirement account, as necessary, an amount equal to the amount certified by the state finance committee to be due on the payment date.
- (3) ((On each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due on bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99K.020(4), the state treasurer shall transfer from the public safety and education account to the general fund of the state treasury the amount computed in subsection (2) of this section for the bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99K.020(4).
- (4))) On each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due on bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99K.020(5), the board of regents of the University of Washington shall cause to be paid out of University of Washington nonappropriated local funds to the state treasurer for deposit into the general fund of the state treasury the amount computed in subsection (2) of this section for bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99K.020(5).
- (((5))) (4) Bonds issued under this section and RCW 43.99K.010 and 43.99K.020 shall state that they are a general obligation of the state of Washington, shall pledge the full faith and credit of the state to the payment of the principal thereof and the interest thereon, and shall contain an unconditional promise to pay the principal and interest as the same shall become due.
- $((\frac{(6)}{)})$ (5) The owner and holder of each of the bonds or the trustee for the owner and holder of any of the bonds may by mandamus or other appropriate proceeding require the transfer and payment of funds as directed in this section.
- **Sec. 34.** RCW 43.99L.040 and 1997 c 456 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The debt-limit reimbursable bond retirement account shall be used for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds authorized in RCW 43.99L.020(2).
- (2) The state finance committee shall, on or before June 30th of each year, certify to the state treasurer the amount needed in the ensuing twelve months to meet the ((bonds [bond])) bond retirement and interest requirements on the bonds authorized in RCW 43.99L.020(2).
- (3) On each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due on bonds issued for the purpose of RCW 43.99L.020(2), the state treasurer shall transfer from the ((public safety and education account)) state general fund to the debt-limit reimbursable bond retirement account the amount computed in subsection (2) of this section for the bonds issued for the purpose of RCW 43.99L.020(2).

- **Sec. 35.** RCW 43.135.025 and 2005 c 72 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The state shall not expend from the general fund ((and related funds)) during any fiscal year state moneys in excess of the state expenditure limit established under this chapter.
- (2) Except pursuant to a declaration of emergency under RCW 43.135.035 or pursuant to an appropriation under RCW 43.135.045(((4)(b))) (2), the state treasurer shall not issue or redeem any check, warrant, or voucher that will result in a state general fund ((or related fund)) expenditure for any fiscal year in excess of the state expenditure limit established under this chapter. A violation of this subsection constitutes a violation of RCW 43.88.290 and shall subject the state treasurer to the penalties provided in RCW 43.88.300.
- (3) The state expenditure limit for any fiscal year shall be the previous fiscal year's state expenditure limit increased by a percentage rate that equals the fiscal growth factor.
- (4) For purposes of computing the state expenditure limit for the fiscal year beginning July 1, ((2007)) 2009, the phrase "the previous fiscal year's state expenditure limit" means the total state expenditures from the state general fund $((and\ related\ funds))$, the public safety and education account, the health services account, the violence reduction and drug enforcement account, the student achievement fund, the water quality account, and the equal justice subaccount, not including federal funds, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, ((2006)) 2008, plus the fiscal growth factor.
- (5) A state expenditure limit committee is established for the purpose of determining and adjusting the state expenditure limit as provided in this chapter. The members of the state expenditure limit committee are the director of financial management, the attorney general or the attorney general's designee, and the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate committee on ways and means and the house of representatives committee on ((appropriations)) ways and means. All actions of the state expenditure limit committee taken pursuant to this chapter require an affirmative vote of at least four members.
- (6) Each November, the state expenditure limit committee shall adjust the expenditure limit for the preceding fiscal year based on actual expenditures and known changes in the fiscal growth factor and then project an expenditure limit for the next two fiscal years. If, by November 30th, the state expenditure limit committee has not adopted the expenditure limit adjustment and projected expenditure limit as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the attorney general or his or her designee shall adjust or project the expenditure limit, as necessary.
- (7) "Fiscal growth factor" means the average growth in state personal income for the prior ten fiscal years.
 - (8) "General fund" means the state general fund.
- (((9) "Related fund" means the health services account, violence reduction and drug enforcement account, public safety and education account, water quality account, or student achievement fund.))
- **Sec. 36.** RCW 43.135.035 and 2008 c 1 s 5 (Initiative Measure No. 960) and 2007 c 484 s 6 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) After July 1, 1995, any action or combination of actions by the legislature that raises taxes may be taken only if approved by a two-thirds vote

of each house of the legislature, and then only if state expenditures in any fiscal year, including the new revenue, will not exceed the state expenditure limits established under this chapter. Pursuant to the referendum power set forth in Article II, section 1(b) of the state Constitution, tax increases may be referred to the voters for their approval or rejection at an election.

- (2)(a) If the legislative action under subsection (1) of this section will result in expenditures in excess of the state expenditure limit, then the action of the legislature shall not take effect until approved by a vote of the people at a November general election. The state expenditure limit committee shall adjust the state expenditure limit by the amount of additional revenue approved by the voters under this section. This adjustment shall not exceed the amount of revenue generated by the legislative action during the first full fiscal year in which it is in effect. The state expenditure limit shall be adjusted downward upon expiration or repeal of the legislative action.
- (b) The ballot title for any vote of the people required under this section shall be substantially as follows:

"Shall taxes be imposed on in order to allow a spending increase above last year's authorized spending adjusted for personal income growth?"

- (3)(a) The state expenditure limit may be exceeded upon declaration of an emergency for a period not to exceed twenty-four months by a law approved by a two-thirds vote of each house of the legislature and signed by the governor. The law shall set forth the nature of the emergency, which is limited to natural disasters that require immediate government action to alleviate human suffering and provide humanitarian assistance. The state expenditure limit may be exceeded for no more than twenty-four months following the declaration of the emergency and only for the purposes contained in the emergency declaration.
- (b) Additional taxes required for an emergency under this section may be imposed only until thirty days following the next general election, unless an extension is approved at that general election. The additional taxes shall expire upon expiration of the declaration of emergency. The legislature shall not impose additional taxes for emergency purposes under this subsection unless funds in the education construction fund have been exhausted.
- (c) The state or any political subdivision of the state shall not impose any tax on intangible property listed in RCW 84.36.070 as that statute exists on January 1, 1993.
- (4) If the cost of any state program or function is shifted from the state general fund ((or a related fund)) to another source of funding, or if moneys are transferred from the state general fund ((or a related fund)) to another fund or account, the state expenditure limit committee, acting pursuant to RCW 43.135.025(5), shall lower the state expenditure limit to reflect the shift. For the purposes of this section, a transfer of money from the state general fund ((or a related fund)) to another fund or account includes any state legislative action taken that has the effect of reducing revenues from a particular source, where such revenues would otherwise be deposited into the state general fund ((or a related fund)), while increasing the revenues from that particular source to another state or local government account. This subsection does not apply to:

 (a) The dedication or use of lottery revenues under RCW 67.70.240(3) ((or property taxes under RCW 84.52.068)), in support of education or education

expenditures; or (b) a transfer of moneys to, or an expenditure from, the budget stabilization account

- (5) If the cost of any state program or function and the ongoing revenue necessary to fund the program or function are shifted to the state general fund ((or a related fund)) on or after January 1, 2007, the state expenditure limit committee, acting pursuant to RCW 43.135.025(5), shall increase the state expenditure limit to reflect the shift unless the shifted revenue had previously been shifted from the general fund ((or a related fund)).
- (6) For the purposes of chapter 1, Laws of 2008, "raises taxes" means any action or combination of actions by the legislature that increases state tax revenue deposited in any fund, budget, or account, regardless of whether the revenues are deposited into the general fund.
- **Sec. 37.** RCW 43.135.045 and 2007 c 520 s 6035 and 2007 c 484 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
 - (((1) The student achievement fund is hereby created in the state treasury.
 - (2))) The education construction fund is hereby created in the state treasury.
- (((a))) (1) Funds may be appropriated from the education construction fund exclusively for common school construction or higher education construction. During the 2007-2009 fiscal biennium, funds may also be used for higher education facilities preservation and maintenance.
- (((b))) (2) Funds may be appropriated for any other purpose only if approved by a two-thirds vote of each house of the legislature and if approved by a vote of the people at the next general election. An appropriation approved by the people under this subsection shall result in an adjustment to the state expenditure limit only for the fiscal period for which the appropriation is made and shall not affect any subsequent fiscal period.
- (3) Funds ((from the student achievement fund)) for the student achievement program in RCW 28A.505.210 and 28A.505.220 shall be appropriated to the superintendent of public instruction strictly for distribution to school districts to meet the provisions set out in the student achievement act. Allocations shall be made on an equal per full-time equivalent student basis to each school district.
- **Sec. 38.** RCW 46.61.5058 and 1998 c 207 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Upon the arrest of a person or upon the filing of a complaint, citation, or information in a court of competent jurisdiction, based upon probable cause to believe that a person has violated RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or any similar municipal ordinance, if such person has a prior offense within seven years as defined in RCW 46.61.5055, and where the person has been provided written notice that any transfer, sale, or encumbrance of such person's interest in the vehicle over which that person was actually driving or had physical control when the violation occurred, is unlawful pending either acquittal, dismissal, sixty days after conviction, or other termination of the charge, such person shall be prohibited from encumbering, selling, or transferring his or her interest in such vehicle, except as otherwise provided in (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection, until either acquittal, dismissal, sixty days after conviction, or other termination of the charge. The prohibition against transfer of title shall not be stayed pending the determination of an appeal from the conviction.

- (a) A vehicle encumbered by a bona fide security interest may be transferred to the secured party or to a person designated by the secured party;
- (b) A leased or rented vehicle may be transferred to the lessor, rental agency, or to a person designated by the lessor or rental agency; and
- (c) A vehicle may be transferred to a third party or a vehicle dealer who is a bona fide purchaser or may be subject to a bona fide security interest in the vehicle unless it is established that (i) in the case of a purchase by a third party or vehicle dealer, such party or dealer had actual notice that the vehicle was subject to the prohibition prior to the purchase, or (ii) in the case of a security interest, the holder of the security interest had actual notice that the vehicle was subject to the prohibition prior to the encumbrance of title.
- (2) On conviction for a violation of either RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 or any similar municipal ordinance where the person convicted has a prior offense within seven years as defined in RCW 46.61.5055, the motor vehicle the person was driving or over which the person had actual physical control at the time of the offense, if the person has a financial interest in the vehicle, is subject to seizure and forfeiture pursuant to this section.
- (3) A vehicle subject to forfeiture under this chapter may be seized by a law enforcement officer of this state upon process issued by a court of competent jurisdiction. Seizure of a vehicle may be made without process if the vehicle subject to seizure has been the subject of a prior judgment in favor of the state in a forfeiture proceeding based upon this section.
- (4) Seizure under subsection (3) of this section automatically commences proceedings for forfeiture. The law enforcement agency under whose authority the seizure was made shall cause notice of the seizure and intended forfeiture of the seized vehicle to be served within fifteen days after the seizure on the owner of the vehicle seized, on the person in charge of the vehicle, and on any person having a known right or interest in the vehicle, including a community property interest. The notice of seizure may be served by any method authorized by law or court rule, including but not limited to service by certified mail with return receipt requested. Service by mail is complete upon mailing within the fifteenday period after the seizure. Notice of seizure in the case of property subject to a security interest that has been perfected on a certificate of title shall be made by service upon the secured party or the secured party's assignee at the address shown on the financing statement or the certificate of title.
- (5) If no person notifies the seizing law enforcement agency in writing of the person's claim of ownership or right to possession of the seized vehicle within forty-five days of the seizure, the vehicle is deemed forfeited.
- (6) If a person notifies the seizing law enforcement agency in writing of the person's claim of ownership or right to possession of the seized vehicle within forty-five days of the seizure, the law enforcement agency shall give the person or persons a reasonable opportunity to be heard as to the claim or right. The hearing shall be before the chief law enforcement officer of the seizing agency or the chief law enforcement officer's designee, except where the seizing agency is a state agency as defined in RCW 34.12.020, the hearing shall be before the chief law enforcement officer of the seizing agency or an administrative law judge appointed under chapter 34.12 RCW, except that any person asserting a claim or right may remove the matter to a court of competent jurisdiction. Removal may only be accomplished according to the rules of civil procedure.

The person seeking removal of the matter must serve process against the state, county, political subdivision, or municipality that operates the seizing agency, and any other party of interest, in accordance with RCW 4.28.080 or 4.92.020, within forty-five days after the person seeking removal has notified the seizing law enforcement agency of the person's claim of ownership or right to possession. The court to which the matter is to be removed shall be the district court when the aggregate value of the vehicle is within the jurisdictional limit set forth in RCW 3.66.020. A hearing before the seizing agency and any appeal therefrom shall be under Title 34 RCW. In a court hearing between two or more claimants to the vehicle involved, the prevailing party shall be entitled to a judgment for costs and reasonable attorneys' fees. The burden of producing evidence shall be upon the person claiming to be the legal owner or the person claiming to have the lawful right to possession of the vehicle. The seizing law enforcement agency shall promptly return the vehicle to the claimant upon a determination by the administrative law judge or court that the claimant is the present legal owner under Title 46 RCW or is lawfully entitled to possession of the vehicle.

- (7) When a vehicle is forfeited under this chapter the seizing law enforcement agency may sell the vehicle, retain it for official use, or upon application by a law enforcement agency of this state release the vehicle to that agency for the exclusive use of enforcing this title; provided, however, that the agency shall first satisfy any bona fide security interest to which the vehicle is subject under subsection (1)(a) or (c) of this section.
- (8) When a vehicle is forfeited, the seizing agency shall keep a record indicating the identity of the prior owner, if known, a description of the vehicle, the disposition of the vehicle, the value of the vehicle at the time of seizure, and the amount of proceeds realized from disposition of the vehicle.
- (9) Each seizing agency shall retain records of forfeited vehicles for at least seven years.
- (10) Each seizing agency shall file a report including a copy of the records of forfeited vehicles with the state treasurer each calendar quarter.
- (11) The quarterly report need not include a record of a forfeited vehicle that is still being held for use as evidence during the investigation or prosecution of a case or during the appeal from a conviction.
- (12) By January 31st of each year, each seizing agency shall remit to the state treasurer an amount equal to ten percent of the net proceeds of vehicles forfeited during the preceding calendar year. Money remitted shall be deposited in the ((public safety and education account)) state general fund.
- (13) The net proceeds of a forfeited vehicle is the value of the forfeitable interest in the vehicle after deducting the cost of satisfying a bona fide security interest to which the vehicle is subject at the time of seizure; and in the case of a sold vehicle, after deducting the cost of sale, including reasonable fees or commissions paid to independent selling agents.
- (14) The value of a sold forfeited vehicle is the sale price. The value of a retained forfeited vehicle is the fair market value of the vehicle at the time of seizure, determined when possible by reference to an applicable commonly used index, such as the index used by the department of licensing. A seizing agency may, but need not, use an independent qualified appraiser to determine the value

of retained vehicles. If an appraiser is used, the value of the vehicle appraised is net of the cost of the appraisal.

- **Sec. 39.** RCW 46.63.110 and 2007 c 356 s 8 and 2007 c 199 s 28 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) A person found to have committed a traffic infraction shall be assessed a monetary penalty. No penalty may exceed two hundred and fifty dollars for each offense unless authorized by this chapter or title.
- (2) The monetary penalty for a violation of (a) RCW 46.55.105(2) is two hundred fifty dollars for each offense; (b) RCW 46.61.210(1) is five hundred dollars for each offense. No penalty assessed under this subsection (2) may be reduced.
- (3) The supreme court shall prescribe by rule a schedule of monetary penalties for designated traffic infractions. This rule shall also specify the conditions under which local courts may exercise discretion in assessing fines and penalties for traffic infractions. The legislature respectfully requests the supreme court to adjust this schedule every two years for inflation.
- (4) There shall be a penalty of twenty-five dollars for failure to respond to a notice of traffic infraction except where the infraction relates to parking as defined by local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution or failure to pay a monetary penalty imposed pursuant to this chapter. A local legislative body may set a monetary penalty not to exceed twenty-five dollars for failure to respond to a notice of traffic infraction relating to parking as defined by local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution. The local court, whether a municipal, police, or district court, shall impose the monetary penalty set by the local legislative body.
- (5) Monetary penalties provided for in chapter 46.70 RCW which are civil in nature and penalties which may be assessed for violations of chapter 46.44 RCW relating to size, weight, and load of motor vehicles are not subject to the limitation on the amount of monetary penalties which may be imposed pursuant to this chapter.
- (6) Whenever a monetary penalty, fee, cost, assessment, or other monetary obligation is imposed by a court under this chapter it is immediately payable. If the court determines, in its discretion, that a person is not able to pay a monetary obligation in full, and not more than one year has passed since the later of July 1, 2005, or the date the monetary obligation initially became due and payable, the court shall enter into a payment plan with the person, unless the person has previously been granted a payment plan with respect to the same monetary obligation, or unless the person is in noncompliance of any existing or prior payment plan, in which case the court may, at its discretion, implement a payment plan. If the court has notified the department that the person has failed to pay or comply and the person has subsequently entered into a payment plan and made an initial payment, the court shall notify the department that the infraction has been adjudicated, and the department shall rescind any suspension of the person's driver's license or driver's privilege based on failure to respond to "Payment plan," as used in this section, means a plan that that infraction. requires reasonable payments based on the financial ability of the person to pay. The person may voluntarily pay an amount at any time in addition to the payments required under the payment plan.

- (a) If a payment required to be made under the payment plan is delinquent or the person fails to complete a community restitution program on or before the time established under the payment plan, unless the court determines good cause therefor and adjusts the payment plan or the community restitution plan accordingly, the court shall notify the department of the person's failure to meet the conditions of the plan, and the department shall suspend the person's driver's license or driving privilege until all monetary obligations, including those imposed under subsections (3) and (4) of this section, have been paid, and court authorized community restitution has been completed, or until the department has been notified that the court has entered into a new time payment or community restitution agreement with the person.
- (b) If a person has not entered into a payment plan with the court and has not paid the monetary obligation in full on or before the time established for payment, the court shall notify the department of the delinquency. The department shall suspend the person's driver's license or driving privilege until all monetary obligations have been paid, including those imposed under subsections (3) and (4) of this section, or until the person has entered into a payment plan under this section.
- (c) If the payment plan is to be administered by the court, the court may assess the person a reasonable administrative fee to be wholly retained by the city or county with jurisdiction. The administrative fee shall not exceed ten dollars per infraction or twenty-five dollars per payment plan, whichever is less.
- (d) Nothing in this section precludes a court from contracting with outside entities to administer its payment plan system. When outside entities are used for the administration of a payment plan, the court may assess the person a reasonable fee for such administrative services, which fee may be calculated on a periodic, percentage, or other basis.
- (e) If a court authorized community restitution program for offenders is available in the jurisdiction, the court may allow conversion of all or part of the monetary obligations due under this section to court authorized community restitution in lieu of time payments if the person is unable to make reasonable time payments.
- (7) In addition to any other penalties imposed under this section and not subject to the limitation of subsection (1) of this section, a person found to have committed a traffic infraction shall be assessed:
- (a) A fee of five dollars per infraction. Under no circumstances shall this fee be reduced or waived. Revenue from this fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account under RCW 70.168.040;
- (b) A fee of ten dollars per infraction. Under no circumstances shall this fee be reduced or waived. Revenue from this fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the Washington auto theft prevention authority account; and
- (c) A fee of two dollars per infraction. Revenue from this fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the traumatic brain injury account established in RCW 74.31.060.
- (8)(a) In addition to any other penalties imposed under this section and not subject to the limitation of subsection (1) of this section, a person found to have committed a traffic infraction other than of RCW 46.61.527 shall be assessed an

additional penalty of twenty dollars. The court may not reduce, waive, or suspend the additional penalty unless the court finds the offender to be indigent. If a court authorized community restitution program for offenders is available in the jurisdiction, the court shall allow offenders to offset all or a part of the penalty due under this subsection (8) by participation in the court authorized community restitution program.

- (b) Eight dollars and fifty cents of the additional penalty under (a) of this subsection shall be remitted to the state treasurer. The remaining revenue from the additional penalty must be remitted under chapters 2.08, 3.46, 3.50, 3.62, 10.82, and 35.20 RCW. Money remitted under this subsection to the state treasurer must be deposited ((as provided in RCW 43.08.250)) in the state general fund. The balance of the revenue received by the county or city treasurer under this subsection must be deposited into the county or city current expense fund. Moneys retained by the city or county under this subsection shall constitute reimbursement for any liabilities under RCW 43.135.060.
- (9) If a legal proceeding, such as garnishment, has commenced to collect any delinquent amount owed by the person for any penalty imposed by the court under this section, the court may, at its discretion, enter into a payment plan.
- (10) The monetary penalty for violating RCW 46.37.395 is: (a) Two hundred fifty dollars for the first violation; (b) five hundred dollars for the second violation; and (c) seven hundred fifty dollars for each violation thereafter.
- **Sec. 40.** RCW 46.64.055 and 2002 c 175 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) In addition to any other penalties imposed for conviction of a violation of this title that is a misdemeanor, gross misdemeanor, or felony, the court shall impose an additional penalty of fifty dollars. The court may not reduce, waive, or suspend the additional penalty unless the court finds the offender to be indigent. If a community restitution program for offenders is available in the jurisdiction, the court shall allow offenders to offset all or a part of the penalty due under this section by participation in the community restitution program.
- (2) Revenue from the additional penalty must be remitted under chapters 2.08, 3.46, 3.50, 3.62, 10.82, and 35.20 RCW. Money remitted under this section to the state treasurer must be deposited ((as provided in RCW 43.08.250)) in the state general fund. The balance of the revenue received by the county or city treasurer under this section must be deposited into the county or city current expense fund. Moneys retained by the city or county under this subsection shall constitute reimbursement for any liabilities under RCW 43.135.060.
- **Sec. 41.** RCW 48.14.0201 and 2005 c 405 s 1, 2005 c 223 s 6, and 2005 c 7 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) As used in this section, "taxpayer" means a health maintenance organization as defined in RCW 48.46.020, a health care service contractor as defined in RCW 48.44.010, or a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement as defined in RCW 48.125.010.
- (2) Each taxpayer shall pay a tax on or before the first day of March of each year to the state treasurer through the insurance commissioner's office. The tax shall be equal to the total amount of all premiums and prepayments for health

care services received by the taxpayer during the preceding calendar year multiplied by the rate of two percent.

- (3) Taxpayers shall prepay their tax obligations under this section. The minimum amount of the prepayments shall be percentages of the taxpayer's tax obligation for the preceding calendar year recomputed using the rate in effect for the current year. For the prepayment of taxes due during the first calendar year, the minimum amount of the prepayments shall be percentages of the taxpayer's tax obligation that would have been due had the tax been in effect during the previous calendar year. The tax prepayments shall be paid to the state treasurer through the commissioner's office by the due dates and in the following amounts:
 - (a) On or before June 15, forty-five percent;
 - (b) On or before September 15, twenty-five percent;
 - (c) On or before December 15, twenty-five percent.
- (4) For good cause demonstrated in writing, the commissioner may approve an amount smaller than the preceding calendar year's tax obligation as recomputed for calculating the health maintenance organization's, health care service contractor's, self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement's, or certified health plan's prepayment obligations for the current tax year.
- (5) Moneys collected under this section shall be deposited in the general fund ((through March 31, 1996, and in the health services account under RCW 43.72.900 after March 31, 1996)).
 - (6) The taxes imposed in this section do not apply to:
- (a) Amounts received by any taxpayer from the United States or any instrumentality thereof as prepayments for health care services provided under Title XVIII (medicare) of the federal social security act.
- (b) Amounts received by any taxpayer from the state of Washington as prepayments for health care services provided under:
 - (i) The medical care services program as provided in RCW 74.09.035;
- (ii) The Washington basic health plan on behalf of subsidized enrollees as provided in chapter 70.47 RCW; or
- (iii) The medicaid program on behalf of elderly or ((disabled)) clients with disabilities as provided in chapter 74.09 RCW when these prepayments are received prior to July 1, 2009, and are associated with a managed care contract program that has been implemented on a voluntary demonstration or pilot project basis.
- (c) Amounts received by any health care service contractor, as defined in RCW 48.44.010, as prepayments for health care services included within the definition of practice of dentistry under RCW 18.32.020.
- (d) Participant contributions to self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangements that are not taxable in this state.
- (7) Beginning January 1, 2000, the state does hereby preempt the field of imposing excise or privilege taxes upon taxpayers and no county, city, town, or other municipal subdivision shall have the right to impose any such taxes upon such taxpayers. This subsection shall be limited to premiums and payments for health benefit plans offered by health care service contractors under chapter 48.44 RCW, health maintenance organizations under chapter 48.46 RCW, and self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangements as defined in RCW 48.125.010. The preemption authorized by this subsection shall not impair the

ability of a county, city, town, or other municipal subdivision to impose excise or privilege taxes upon the health care services directly delivered by the employees of a health maintenance organization under chapter 48.46 RCW.

- (8)(a) The taxes imposed by this section apply to a self-funded multiple employer welfare arrangement only in the event that they are not preempted by the employee retirement income security act of 1974, as amended, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 et seq. The arrangements and the commissioner shall initially request an advisory opinion from the United States department of labor or obtain a declaratory ruling from a federal court on the legality of imposing state premium taxes on these arrangements. Once the legality of the taxes has been determined, the multiple employer welfare arrangement certified by the insurance commissioner must begin payment of these taxes.
- (b) If there has not been a final determination of the legality of these taxes, then beginning on the earlier of (i) the date the fourth multiple employer welfare arrangement has been certified by the insurance commissioner, or (ii) April 1, 2006, the arrangement shall deposit the taxes imposed by this section into an interest bearing escrow account maintained by the arrangement. Upon a final determination that the taxes are not preempted by the employee retirement income security act of 1974, as amended, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 et seq., all funds in the interest bearing escrow account shall be transferred to the state treasurer.
- (9) The effect of transferring contracts for health care services from one taxpayer to another taxpayer is to transfer the tax prepayment obligation with respect to the contracts.
- (10) On or before June 1st of each year, the commissioner shall notify each taxpayer required to make prepayments in that year of the amount of each prepayment and shall provide remittance forms to be used by the taxpayer. However, a taxpayer's responsibility to make prepayments is not affected by failure of the commissioner to send, or the taxpayer to receive, the notice or forms.
- **Sec. 42.** RCW 66.24.210 and 2008 c 94 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) There is hereby imposed upon all wines except cider sold to wine distributors and the Washington state liquor control board, within the state a tax at the rate of twenty and one-fourth cents per liter. Any domestic winery or certificate of approval holder acting as a distributor of its own production shall pay taxes imposed by this section. There is hereby imposed on all cider sold to wine distributors and the Washington state liquor control board within the state a tax at the rate of three and fifty-nine one-hundredths cents per liter. However, wine sold or shipped in bulk from one winery to another winery shall not be subject to such tax.
- (a) The tax provided for in this section shall be collected by direct payments based on wine purchased by wine distributors.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, every person purchasing wine under the provisions of this section shall on or before the twentieth day of each month report to the board all purchases during the preceding calendar month in such manner and upon such forms as may be prescribed by the board, and with such report shall pay the tax due from the purchases covered by such report unless the same has previously been paid. Any such purchaser of wine whose applicable tax payment is not postmarked by the

twentieth day following the month of purchase will be assessed a penalty at the rate of two percent a month or fraction thereof. The board may require that every such person shall execute to and file with the board a bond to be approved by the board, in such amount as the board may fix, securing the payment of the tax. If any such person fails to pay the tax when due, the board may forthwith suspend or cancel the license until all taxes are paid.

- (c) Any licensed retailer authorized to purchase wine from a certificate of approval holder with a direct shipment endorsement or a domestic winery shall make monthly reports to the liquor control board on wine purchased during the preceding calendar month in the manner and upon such forms as may be prescribed by the board.
- (2) An additional tax is imposed equal to the rate specified in RCW 82.02.030 multiplied by the tax payable under subsection (1) of this section. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be transferred to the state general fund by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.
- (3) An additional tax is imposed on wines subject to tax under subsection (1) of this section, at the rate of one-fourth of one cent per liter for wine sold after June 30, 1987. After June 30, 1996, such additional tax does not apply to cider. An additional tax of five one-hundredths of one cent per liter is imposed on cider sold after June 30, 1996. All revenues collected under this subsection (3) shall be disbursed quarterly to the Washington wine commission for use in carrying out the purposes of chapter 15.88 RCW.
- (4) An additional tax is imposed on all wine subject to tax under subsection (1) of this section. The additional tax is equal to twenty-three and forty-four one-hundredths cents per liter on fortified wine as defined in RCW 66.04.010 when bottled or packaged by the manufacturer, one cent per liter on all other wine except cider, and eighteen one-hundredths of one cent per liter on cider. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be deposited in the ((violence reduction and drug enforcement account under RCW 69.50.520)) state general fund by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.
- (5)(a) An additional tax is imposed on all cider subject to tax under subsection (1) of this section. The additional tax is equal to two and four one-hundredths cents per liter of cider sold after June 30, 1996, and before July 1, 1997, and is equal to four and seven one-hundredths cents per liter of cider sold after June 30, 1997.
- (b) All revenues collected from the additional tax imposed under this subsection (5) shall be deposited in the ((health services account under RCW 43.72.900)) state general fund.
- (6) For the purposes of this section, "cider" means table wine that contains not less than one-half of one percent of alcohol by volume and not more than seven percent of alcohol by volume and is made from the normal alcoholic fermentation of the juice of sound, ripe apples or pears. "Cider" includes, but is not limited to, flavored, sparkling, or carbonated cider and cider made from condensed apple or pear must.
- (7) For the purposes of this section, out-of-state wineries shall pay taxes under this section on wine sold and shipped directly to Washington state residents in a manner consistent with the requirements of a wine distributor under subsections (1) through (4) of this section, except wineries shall be responsible for the tax and not the resident purchaser.

- **Sec. 43.** RCW 66.24.290 and 2006 c 302 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Any microbrewer or domestic brewery or beer distributor licensed under this title may sell and deliver beer and strong beer to holders of authorized licenses direct, but to no other person, other than the board. Any certificate of approval holder authorized to act as a distributor under RCW 66.24.270 shall pay the taxes imposed by this section.
- (a) Every such brewery or beer distributor shall report all sales to the board monthly, pursuant to the regulations, and shall pay to the board as an added tax for the privilege of manufacturing and selling the beer and strong beer within the state a tax of one dollar and thirty cents per barrel of thirty-one gallons on sales to licensees within the state and on sales to licensees within the state of bottled and canned beer, including strong beer, shall pay a tax computed in gallons at the rate of one dollar and thirty cents per barrel of thirty-one gallons.
- (b) Any brewery or beer distributor whose applicable tax payment is not postmarked by the twentieth day following the month of sale will be assessed a penalty at the rate of two percent per month or fraction thereof. Beer and strong beer shall be sold by breweries and distributors in sealed barrels or packages.
- (c) The moneys collected under this subsection shall be distributed as follows: (i) Three-tenths of a percent shall be distributed to border areas under RCW 66.08.195; and (ii) of the remaining moneys: (A) Twenty percent shall be distributed to counties in the same manner as under RCW 66.08.200; and (B) eighty percent shall be distributed to incorporated cities and towns in the same manner as under RCW 66.08.210.
- (d) Any licensed retailer authorized to purchase beer from a certificate of approval holder with a direct shipment endorsement or a brewery or microbrewery shall make monthly reports to the liquor control board on beer purchased during the preceding calendar month in the manner and upon such forms as may be prescribed by the board.
- (2) An additional tax is imposed on all beer and strong beer subject to tax under subsection (1) of this section. The additional tax is equal to two dollars per barrel of thirty-one gallons. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be deposited in the ((violence reduction and drug enforcement account under RCW 69.50.520)) state general fund by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.
- (3)(a) An additional tax is imposed on all beer and strong beer subject to tax under subsection (1) of this section. The additional tax is equal to ninety-six cents per barrel of thirty-one gallons through June 30, 1995, two dollars and thirty-nine cents per barrel of thirty-one gallons for the period July 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997, and four dollars and seventy-eight cents per barrel of thirty-one gallons thereafter.
- (b) The additional tax imposed under this subsection does not apply to the sale of the first sixty thousand barrels of beer each year by breweries that are entitled to a reduced rate of tax under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 5051, as existing on July 1, 1993, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the board by rule consistent with the purposes of this exemption.
- (c) All revenues collected from the additional tax imposed under this subsection (3) shall be deposited in the ((health services account under RCW 43.72.900)) state general fund.

- (4) An additional tax is imposed on all beer and strong beer that is subject to tax under subsection (1) of this section that is in the first sixty thousand barrels of beer and strong beer by breweries that are entitled to a reduced rate of tax under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 5051, as existing on July 1, 1993, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the board by rule consistent with the purposes of the exemption under subsection (3)(b) of this section. The additional tax is equal to one dollar and forty-eight and two-tenths cents per barrel of thirty-one gallons. By the twenty-fifth day of the following month, three percent of the revenues collected from this additional tax shall be distributed to border areas under RCW 66.08.195 and the remaining moneys shall be transferred to the state general fund
- (5) The board may make refunds for all taxes paid on beer and strong beer exported from the state for use outside the state.
- (6) The board may require filing with the board of a bond to be approved by it, in such amount as the board may fix, securing the payment of the tax. If any licensee fails to pay the tax when due, the board may forthwith suspend or cancel his or her license until all taxes are paid.
- Sec. 44. RCW 67.70.240 and 2001 c 3 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The moneys in the state lottery account shall be used only:

- (1) For the payment of prizes to the holders of winning lottery tickets or shares:
- (2) For purposes of making deposits into the reserve account created by RCW 67.70.250 and into the lottery administrative account created by RCW 67.70.260;
- (3) For purposes of making deposits into the education construction fund ((and student achievement fund)) created in RCW 43.135.045. ((For the transition period from July 1, 2001, until and including June 30, 2002, fifty percent of the moneys not otherwise obligated under this section shall be placed in the student achievement fund and fifty percent of these moneys shall be placed in the education construction fund. On and after July 1, 2002, until June 30, 2004, seventy-five percent of these moneys shall be placed in the student achievement fund and twenty five percent shall be placed in the education construction fund.)) On and after July 1, 2004, all deposits not otherwise obligated under this section shall be placed in the education construction fund. Moneys in the state lottery account deposited in the education construction fund ((and the student achievement fund)) are included in "general state revenues" under RCW 39.42.070:
- (4) For distribution to a county for the purpose of paying the principal and interest payments on bonds issued by the county to construct a baseball stadium, as defined in RCW 82.14.0485, including reasonably necessary preconstruction costs. Three million dollars shall be distributed under this subsection during calendar year 1996. During subsequent years, such distributions shall equal the prior year's distributions increased by four percent. Distributions under this subsection shall cease when the bonds issued for the construction of the baseball stadium are retired, but not more than twenty years after the tax under RCW 82.14.0485 is first imposed;
- (5) For distribution to the stadium and exhibition center account, created in RCW 43.99N.060. Subject to the conditions of RCW 43.99N.070, six million

dollars shall be distributed under this subsection during the calendar year 1998. During subsequent years, such distribution shall equal the prior year's distributions increased by four percent. No distribution may be made under this subsection after December 31, 1999, unless the conditions for issuance of the bonds under RCW 43.99N.020(2) are met. Distributions under this subsection shall cease when the bonds are retired, but not later than December 31, 2020;

- (6) For the purchase and promotion of lottery games and game-related services; and
 - (7) For the payment of agent compensation.

The office of financial management shall require the allotment of all expenses paid from the account and shall report to the ways and means committees of the senate and house of representatives any changes in the allotments.

Sec. 45. RCW 67.70.340 and 2005 c 369 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The legislature recognizes that creating a shared game lottery could result in less revenue being raised by the existing state lottery ticket sales. The legislature further recognizes that the ((two funds)) fund most impacted by this potential event ((are the student achievement fund and)) is the education construction account. Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature to use some of the proceeds from the shared game lottery to make up the difference that the potential state lottery revenue loss would have on ((the student achievement fund and)) the education construction account. The legislature further intends to use some of the proceeds from the shared game lottery to fund programs and services related to problem and pathological gambling.
- (2) The ((student achievement fund and the)) education construction account ((are)) is expected to ((collectively)) receive one hundred two million dollars annually from state lottery games other than the shared game lottery. For fiscal year 2003 and thereafter, if the amount of lottery revenues earmarked for the ((student achievement fund and the)) education construction account is less than one hundred two million dollars, the commission, after making the transfer required under subsection (3) of this section, must transfer sufficient moneys from revenues derived from the shared game lottery into the ((student achievement fund and the)) education construction account to bring the total revenue up to one hundred two million dollars. ((The funds transferred from the shared game lottery account under this subsection must be divided between the student achievement fund and the education construction account in a manner consistent with RCW 67.70.240(3).))
- (3)(a) The commission shall transfer, from revenue derived from the shared game lottery, to the problem gambling account created in RCW 43.20A.892, an amount equal to the percentage specified in (b) of this subsection of net receipts. For purposes of this subsection, "net receipts" means the difference between (i) revenue received from the sale of lottery tickets or shares and revenue received from the sale of shared game lottery tickets or shares; and (ii) the sum of payments made to winners.
- (b) In fiscal year 2006, the percentage to be transferred to the problem gambling account is one-tenth of one percent. In fiscal year 2007 and subsequent fiscal years, the percentage to be transferred to the problem gambling account is thirteen one-hundredths of one percent.

- (4) The remaining net revenues, if any, in the shared game lottery account after the transfers pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the general fund
- **Sec. 46.** RCW 69.50.505 and 2008 c 6 s 631 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The following are subject to seizure and forfeiture and no property right exists in them:
- (a) All controlled substances which have been manufactured, distributed, dispensed, acquired, or possessed in violation of this chapter or chapter 69.41 or 69.52 RCW, and all hazardous chemicals, as defined in RCW 64.44.010, used or intended to be used in the manufacture of controlled substances;
- (b) All raw materials, products, and equipment of any kind which are used, or intended for use, in manufacturing, compounding, processing, delivering, importing, or exporting any controlled substance in violation of this chapter or chapter 69.41 or 69.52 RCW;
- (c) All property which is used, or intended for use, as a container for property described in (a) or (b) of this subsection;
- (d) All conveyances, including aircraft, vehicles, or vessels, which are used, or intended for use, in any manner to facilitate the sale, delivery, or receipt of property described in (a) or (b) of this subsection, except that:
- (i) No conveyance used by any person as a common carrier in the transaction of business as a common carrier is subject to forfeiture under this section unless it appears that the owner or other person in charge of the conveyance is a consenting party or privy to a violation of this chapter or chapter 69.41 or 69.52 RCW;
- (ii) No conveyance is subject to forfeiture under this section by reason of any act or omission established by the owner thereof to have been committed or omitted without the owner's knowledge or consent;
- (iii) No conveyance is subject to forfeiture under this section if used in the receipt of only an amount of marijuana for which possession constitutes a misdemeanor under RCW 69.50.4014;
- (iv) A forfeiture of a conveyance encumbered by a bona fide security interest is subject to the interest of the secured party if the secured party neither had knowledge of nor consented to the act or omission; and
- (v) When the owner of a conveyance has been arrested under this chapter or chapter 69.41 or 69.52 RCW the conveyance in which the person is arrested may not be subject to forfeiture unless it is seized or process is issued for its seizure within ten days of the owner's arrest;
- (e) All books, records, and research products and materials, including formulas, microfilm, tapes, and data which are used, or intended for use, in violation of this chapter or chapter 69.41 or 69.52 RCW;
 - (f) All drug paraphernalia;
- (g) All moneys, negotiable instruments, securities, or other tangible or intangible property of value furnished or intended to be furnished by any person in exchange for a controlled substance in violation of this chapter or chapter 69.41 or 69.52 RCW, all tangible or intangible personal property, proceeds, or assets acquired in whole or in part with proceeds traceable to an exchange or series of exchanges in violation of this chapter or chapter 69.41 or 69.52 RCW, and all moneys, negotiable instruments, and securities used or intended to be

used to facilitate any violation of this chapter or chapter 69.41 or 69.52 RCW. A forfeiture of money, negotiable instruments, securities, or other tangible or intangible property encumbered by a bona fide security interest is subject to the interest of the secured party if, at the time the security interest was created, the secured party neither had knowledge of nor consented to the act or omission. No personal property may be forfeited under this subsection (1)(g), to the extent of the interest of an owner, by reason of any act or omission which that owner establishes was committed or omitted without the owner's knowledge or consent; and

- (h) All real property, including any right, title, and interest in the whole of any lot or tract of land, and any appurtenances or improvements which are being used with the knowledge of the owner for the manufacturing, compounding, processing, delivery, importing, or exporting of any controlled substance, or which have been acquired in whole or in part with proceeds traceable to an exchange or series of exchanges in violation of this chapter or chapter 69.41 or 69.52 RCW, if such activity is not less than a class C felony and a substantial nexus exists between the commercial production or sale of the controlled substance and the real property. However:
- (i) No property may be forfeited pursuant to this subsection (1)(h), to the extent of the interest of an owner, by reason of any act or omission committed or omitted without the owner's knowledge or consent;
- (ii) The bona fide gift of a controlled substance, legend drug, or imitation controlled substance shall not result in the forfeiture of real property;
- (iii) The possession of marijuana shall not result in the forfeiture of real property unless the marijuana is possessed for commercial purposes, the amount possessed is five or more plants or one pound or more of marijuana, and a substantial nexus exists between the possession of marijuana and the real property. In such a case, the intent of the offender shall be determined by the preponderance of the evidence, including the offender's prior criminal history, the amount of marijuana possessed by the offender, the sophistication of the activity or equipment used by the offender, and other evidence which demonstrates the offender's intent to engage in commercial activity;
- (iv) The unlawful sale of marijuana or a legend drug shall not result in the forfeiture of real property unless the sale was forty grams or more in the case of marijuana or one hundred dollars or more in the case of a legend drug, and a substantial nexus exists between the unlawful sale and the real property; and
- (v) A forfeiture of real property encumbered by a bona fide security interest is subject to the interest of the secured party if the secured party, at the time the security interest was created, neither had knowledge of nor consented to the act or omission.
- (2) Real or personal property subject to forfeiture under this chapter may be seized by any board inspector or law enforcement officer of this state upon process issued by any superior court having jurisdiction over the property. Seizure of real property shall include the filing of a lis pendens by the seizing agency. Real property seized under this section shall not be transferred or otherwise conveyed until ninety days after seizure or until a judgment of forfeiture is entered, whichever is later: PROVIDED, That real property seized under this section may be transferred or conveyed to any person or entity who

acquires title by foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure of a security interest. Seizure of personal property without process may be made if:

- (a) The seizure is incident to an arrest or a search under a search warrant or an inspection under an administrative inspection warrant;
- (b) The property subject to seizure has been the subject of a prior judgment in favor of the state in a criminal injunction or forfeiture proceeding based upon this chapter;
- (c) A board inspector or law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the property is directly or indirectly dangerous to health or safety; or
- (d) The board inspector or law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the property was used or is intended to be used in violation of this chapter.
- (3) In the event of seizure pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, proceedings for forfeiture shall be deemed commenced by the seizure. The law enforcement agency under whose authority the seizure was made shall cause notice to be served within fifteen days following the seizure on the owner of the property seized and the person in charge thereof and any person having any known right or interest therein, including any community property interest, of the seizure and intended forfeiture of the seized property. Service of notice of seizure of real property shall be made according to the rules of civil procedure. However, the state may not obtain a default judgment with respect to real property against a party who is served by substituted service absent an affidavit stating that a good faith effort has been made to ascertain if the defaulted party is incarcerated within the state, and that there is no present basis to believe that the party is incarcerated within the state. Notice of seizure in the case of property subject to a security interest that has been perfected by filing a financing statement in accordance with chapter 62A.9A RCW, or a certificate of title, shall be made by service upon the secured party or the secured party's assignee at the address shown on the financing statement or the certificate of title. The notice of seizure in other cases may be served by any method authorized by law or court rule including but not limited to service by certified mail with return receipt requested. Service by mail shall be deemed complete upon mailing within the fifteen day period following the seizure.
- (4) If no person notifies the seizing law enforcement agency in writing of the person's claim of ownership or right to possession of items specified in subsection (1)(d), (g), or (h) of this section within forty-five days of the seizure in the case of personal property and ninety days in the case of real property, the item seized shall be deemed forfeited. The community property interest in real property of a person whose spouse or domestic partner committed a violation giving rise to seizure of the real property may not be forfeited if the person did not participate in the violation.
- (5) If any person notifies the seizing law enforcement agency in writing of the person's claim of ownership or right to possession of items specified in subsection (1)(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) of this section within forty-five days of the seizure in the case of personal property and ninety days in the case of real property, the person or persons shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to be heard as to the claim or right. The hearing shall be before the chief law enforcement officer of the seizing agency or the chief law enforcement officer's designee, except where the seizing agency is a state agency as defined in RCW

34.12.020(4), the hearing shall be before the chief law enforcement officer of the seizing agency or an administrative law judge appointed under chapter 34.12 RCW, except that any person asserting a claim or right may remove the matter to a court of competent jurisdiction. Removal of any matter involving personal property may only be accomplished according to the rules of civil procedure. The person seeking removal of the matter must serve process against the state, county, political subdivision, or municipality that operates the seizing agency, and any other party of interest, in accordance with RCW 4.28.080 or 4.92.020, within forty-five days after the person seeking removal has notified the seizing law enforcement agency of the person's claim of ownership or right to possession. The court to which the matter is to be removed shall be the district court when the aggregate value of personal property is within the jurisdictional limit set forth in RCW 3.66.020. A hearing before the seizing agency and any appeal therefrom shall be under Title 34 RCW. In all cases, the burden of proof is upon the law enforcement agency to establish, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the property is subject to forfeiture.

The seizing law enforcement agency shall promptly return the article or articles to the claimant upon a determination by the administrative law judge or court that the claimant is the present lawful owner or is lawfully entitled to possession thereof of items specified in subsection (1)(b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), or (h) of this section.

- (6) In any proceeding to forfeit property under this title, where the claimant substantially prevails, the claimant is entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees reasonably incurred by the claimant. In addition, in a court hearing between two or more claimants to the article or articles involved, the prevailing party is entitled to a judgment for costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.
- (7) When property is forfeited under this chapter the board or seizing law enforcement agency may:
- (a) Retain it for official use or upon application by any law enforcement agency of this state release such property to such agency for the exclusive use of enforcing the provisions of this chapter;
- (b) Sell that which is not required to be destroyed by law and which is not harmful to the public;
- (c) Request the appropriate sheriff or director of public safety to take custody of the property and remove it for disposition in accordance with law; or
 - (d) Forward it to the drug enforcement administration for disposition.
- (8)(a) When property is forfeited, the seizing agency shall keep a record indicating the identity of the prior owner, if known, a description of the property, the disposition of the property, the value of the property at the time of seizure, and the amount of proceeds realized from disposition of the property.
- (b) Each seizing agency shall retain records of forfeited property for at least seven years.
- (c) Each seizing agency shall file a report including a copy of the records of forfeited property with the state treasurer each calendar quarter.
- (d) The quarterly report need not include a record of forfeited property that is still being held for use as evidence during the investigation or prosecution of a case or during the appeal from a conviction.
- (9)(a) By January 31st of each year, each seizing agency shall remit to the state treasurer an amount equal to ten percent of the net proceeds of any property

forfeited during the preceding calendar year. Money remitted shall be deposited in the ((violence reduction and drug enforcement account under RCW 69.50.520)) state general fund.

- (b) The net proceeds of forfeited property is the value of the forfeitable interest in the property after deducting the cost of satisfying any bona fide security interest to which the property is subject at the time of seizure; and in the case of sold property, after deducting the cost of sale, including reasonable fees or commissions paid to independent selling agents, and the cost of any valid landlord's claim for damages under subsection (15) of this section.
- (c) The value of sold forfeited property is the sale price. The value of retained forfeited property is the fair market value of the property at the time of seizure, determined when possible by reference to an applicable commonly used index, such as the index used by the department of licensing for valuation of motor vehicles. A seizing agency may use, but need not use, an independent qualified appraiser to determine the value of retained property. If an appraiser is used, the value of the property appraised is net of the cost of the appraisal. The value of destroyed property and retained firearms or illegal property is zero.
- (10) Forfeited property and net proceeds not required to be paid to the state treasurer shall be retained by the seizing law enforcement agency exclusively for the expansion and improvement of controlled substances related law enforcement activity. Money retained under this section may not be used to supplant preexisting funding sources.
- (11) Controlled substances listed in Schedule I, II, III, IV, and V that are possessed, transferred, sold, or offered for sale in violation of this chapter are contraband and shall be seized and summarily forfeited to the state. Controlled substances listed in Schedule I, II, III, IV, and V, which are seized or come into the possession of the board, the owners of which are unknown, are contraband and shall be summarily forfeited to the board.
- (12) Species of plants from which controlled substances in Schedules I and II may be derived which have been planted or cultivated in violation of this chapter, or of which the owners or cultivators are unknown, or which are wild growths, may be seized and summarily forfeited to the board.
- (13) The failure, upon demand by a board inspector or law enforcement officer, of the person in occupancy or in control of land or premises upon which the species of plants are growing or being stored to produce an appropriate registration or proof that he or she is the holder thereof constitutes authority for the seizure and forfeiture of the plants.
- (14) Upon the entry of an order of forfeiture of real property, the court shall forward a copy of the order to the assessor of the county in which the property is located. Orders for the forfeiture of real property shall be entered by the superior court, subject to court rules. Such an order shall be filed by the seizing agency in the county auditor's records in the county in which the real property is located.
- (15) A landlord may assert a claim against proceeds from the sale of assets seized and forfeited under subsection (7)(b) of this section, only if:
- (a) A law enforcement officer, while acting in his or her official capacity, directly caused damage to the complaining landlord's property while executing a search of a tenant's residence; and
- (b) The landlord has applied any funds remaining in the tenant's deposit, to which the landlord has a right under chapter 59.18 RCW, to cover the damage

directly caused by a law enforcement officer prior to asserting a claim under the provisions of this section;

- (i) Only if the funds applied under (b) of this subsection are insufficient to satisfy the damage directly caused by a law enforcement officer, may the landlord seek compensation for the damage by filing a claim against the governmental entity under whose authority the law enforcement agency operates within thirty days after the search;
- (ii) Only if the governmental entity denies or fails to respond to the landlord's claim within sixty days of the date of filing, may the landlord collect damages under this subsection by filing within thirty days of denial or the expiration of the sixty-day period, whichever occurs first, a claim with the seizing law enforcement agency. The seizing law enforcement agency must notify the landlord of the status of the claim by the end of the thirty-day period. Nothing in this section requires the claim to be paid by the end of the sixty-day or thirty-day period.
- (c) For any claim filed under (b) of this subsection, the law enforcement agency shall pay the claim unless the agency provides substantial proof that the landlord either:
- (i) Knew or consented to actions of the tenant in violation of this chapter or chapter 69.41 or 69.52 RCW; or
- (ii) Failed to respond to a notification of the illegal activity, provided by a law enforcement agency under RCW 59.18.075, within seven days of receipt of notification of the illegal activity.
- (16) The landlord's claim for damages under subsection (15) of this section may not include a claim for loss of business and is limited to:
 - (a) Damage to tangible property and clean-up costs;
- (b) The lesser of the cost of repair or fair market value of the damage directly caused by a law enforcement officer;
- (c) The proceeds from the sale of the specific tenant's property seized and forfeited under subsection (7)(b) of this section; and
- (d) The proceeds available after the seizing law enforcement agency satisfies any bona fide security interest in the tenant's property and costs related to sale of the tenant's property as provided by subsection (9)(b) of this section.
- (17) Subsections (15) and (16) of this section do not limit any other rights a landlord may have against a tenant to collect for damages. However, if a law enforcement agency satisfies a landlord's claim under subsection (15) of this section, the rights the landlord has against the tenant for damages directly caused by a law enforcement officer under the terms of the landlord and tenant's contract are subrogated to the law enforcement agency.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 47.** RCW 69.50.520 (Violence reduction and drug enforcement account) and 2005 c 518 s 937, 2005 c 514 s 1107, 2005 c 514 s 202, 2004 c 276 s 912, 2003 1st sp.s. c 25 s 930, & 2002 c 371 s 920 are each repealed.
- **Sec. 48.** RCW 70.05.125 and 1998 c 266 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The county public health account is created in the state treasury. Funds deposited in the county public health account shall be distributed by the state treasurer to each local public health jurisdiction based upon amounts certified to

it by the department of community, trade, and economic development in consultation with the Washington state association of counties. The account shall include funds distributed under RCW ((82.44.110 and)) 82.14.200(8) and such funds as are appropriated to the account from the ((health services account under RCW 43.72.900)) state general fund, the public health services account under RCW 43.72.902, and such other funds as the legislature may appropriate to it.

- (2)(a) The director of the department of community, trade, and economic development shall certify the amounts to be distributed to each local public health jurisdiction using 1995 as the base year of actual city contributions to local public health.
- (b) Only if funds are available and in an amount no greater than available funds under RCW 82.14.200(8), the department of community, trade, and economic development shall adjust the amount certified under (a) of this subsection to compensate for any annexation of an area with fifty thousand residents or more to any city as a result of a petition during calendar year 1996 or 1997, or for any city that became newly incorporated as a result of an election during calendar year 1994 or 1995. The amount to be adjusted shall be equal to the amount which otherwise would have been lost to the health jurisdiction due to the annexation or incorporation as calculated using the jurisdiction's 1995 funding formula.
- (c) The county treasurer shall certify the actual 1995 city contribution to the department. Funds in excess of the base shall be distributed proportionately among the health jurisdictions based on incorporated population figures as last determined by the office of financial management.
- (3) Moneys distributed under this section shall be expended exclusively for local public health purposes.
- **Sec. 49.** RCW 70.47.015 and 2008 c 217 s 99 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The legislature finds that the basic health plan has been an effective program in providing health coverage for uninsured residents. Further, since 1993, substantial amounts of public funds have been allocated for subsidized basic health plan enrollment.
- (2) ((It is the intent of the legislature that the basic health plan enrollment be expanded expeditiously, consistent with funds available in the health services account, with the goal of two hundred thousand adult subsidized basic health plan enrollees and one hundred thirty thousand children covered through expanded medical assistance services by June 30, 1997, with the priority of providing needed health services to children in conjunction with other public programs.
- (3))) Effective January 1, 1996, basic health plan enrollees whose income is less than one hundred twenty-five percent of the federal poverty level shall pay at least a ten-dollar premium share.
- (((4))) (3) No later than July 1, 1996, the administrator shall implement procedures whereby hospitals licensed under chapters 70.41 and 71.12 RCW, health carrier, rural health care facilities regulated under chapter 70.175 RCW, and community and migrant health centers funded under RCW 41.05.220, may expeditiously assist patients and their families in applying for basic health plan or medical assistance coverage, and in submitting such applications directly to

the health care authority or the department of social and health services. The health care authority and the department of social and health services shall make every effort to simplify and expedite the application and enrollment process.

- $((\frac{5}{1}))$ (4) No later than July 1, 1996, the administrator shall implement procedures whereby disability insurance producers, licensed under chapter 48.17 RCW, may expeditiously assist patients and their families in applying for basic health plan or medical assistance coverage, and in submitting such applications directly to the health care authority or the department of social and health services. Insurance producers may receive a commission for each individual sale of the basic health plan to anyone not signed up within the previous five years and a commission for each group sale of the basic health plan, if funding for this purpose is provided in a specific appropriation to the health care authority. No commission shall be provided upon a renewal. Commissions shall be determined based on the estimated annual cost of the basic health plan, however, commissions shall not result in a reduction in the premium amount paid to health carriers. For purposes of this section "health carrier" is as defined in RCW 48.43.005. The administrator may establish: (a) Minimum educational requirements that must be completed by the insurance producers; (b) an appointment process for insurance producers marketing the basic health plan; or (c) standards for revocation of the appointment of an insurance producer to submit applications for cause, including untrustworthy or incompetent conduct or harm to the public. The health care authority and the department of social and health services shall make every effort to simplify and expedite the application and enrollment process.
- **Sec. 50.** RCW 70.96A.350 and 2008 c 329 s 918 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The criminal justice treatment account is created in the state treasury. Moneys in the account may be expended solely for: (a) Substance abuse treatment and treatment support services for offenders with an addiction or a substance abuse problem that, if not treated, would result in addiction, against whom charges are filed by a prosecuting attorney in Washington state; (b) the provision of drug and alcohol treatment services and treatment support services for nonviolent offenders within a drug court program; and (c) during the 2007-2009 biennium, operation of the integrated crisis response and intensive case management pilots contracted with the department of social and health services division of alcohol and substance abuse. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation.
 - (2) For purposes of this section:
- (a) "Treatment" means services that are critical to a participant's successful completion of his or her substance abuse treatment program, but does not include the following services: Housing other than that provided as part of an inpatient substance abuse treatment program, vocational training, and mental health counseling; and
- (b) "Treatment support" means transportation to or from inpatient or outpatient treatment services when no viable alternative exists, and child care services that are necessary to ensure a participant's ability to attend outpatient treatment sessions.

- (3) Revenues to the criminal justice treatment account consist of: (a) Funds transferred to the account pursuant to this section; and (b) any other revenues appropriated to or deposited in the account.
- (4)(a) For the fiscal biennium beginning July 1, 2003, the state treasurer shall transfer eight million nine hundred fifty thousand dollars from the general fund into the criminal justice treatment account, divided into eight equal quarterly payments. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2005, and each subsequent fiscal year, the state treasurer shall transfer eight million two hundred fifty thousand dollars from the general fund to the criminal justice treatment account, divided into four equal quarterly payments. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2006, and each subsequent fiscal year, the amount transferred shall be increased on an annual basis by the implicit price deflator as published by the federal bureau of labor statistics.
- (b) ((For the fiscal biennium beginning July 1, 2003, and each biennium thereafter, the state treasurer shall transfer two million nine hundred eighty-four thousand dollars from the general fund into the violence reduction and drug enforcement account, divided into eight quarterly payments. The amounts transferred pursuant to this subsection (4)(b) shall be used solely for providing drug and alcohol treatment services to offenders confined in a state correctional facility who are assessed with an addiction or a substance abuse problem that if not treated would result in addiction.
- (e)) In each odd-numbered year, the legislature shall appropriate the amount transferred to the criminal justice treatment account in (a) of this subsection to the division of alcohol and substance abuse for the purposes of subsection (5) of this section.
- (5) Moneys appropriated to the division of alcohol and substance abuse from the criminal justice treatment account shall be distributed as specified in this subsection. The department shall serve as the fiscal agent for purposes of distribution. Until July 1, 2004, the department may not use moneys appropriated from the criminal justice treatment account for administrative expenses and shall distribute all amounts appropriated under subsection $(4)((\underbrace{(e)}))$ (\underline{b}) of this section in accordance with this subsection. Beginning in July 1, 2004, the department may retain up to three percent of the amount appropriated under subsection $(4)((\underbrace{(e)}))$ (\underline{b}) of this section for its administrative costs.
- (a) Seventy percent of amounts appropriated to the division from the account shall be distributed to counties pursuant to the distribution formula adopted under this section. The division of alcohol and substance abuse, in consultation with the department of corrections, the sentencing guidelines commission, the Washington state association of counties, the Washington state association of drug court professionals, the superior court judges' association, the Washington association of prosecuting attorneys, representatives of the criminal defense bar, representatives of substance abuse treatment providers, and any other person deemed by the division to be necessary, shall establish a fair and reasonable methodology for distribution to counties of moneys in the criminal justice treatment account. County or regional plans submitted for the expenditure of formula funds must be approved by the panel established in (b) of this subsection.

- (b) Thirty percent of the amounts appropriated to the division from the account shall be distributed as grants for purposes of treating offenders against whom charges are filed by a county prosecuting attorney. The division shall appoint a panel of representatives from the Washington association of prosecuting attorneys, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs, the superior court judges' association, the Washington state association of counties, the Washington defender's association or the Washington association of criminal defense lawyers, the department of corrections, the Washington state association of drug court professionals, substance abuse treatment providers, and the division. The panel shall review county or regional plans for funding under (a) of this subsection and grants approved under this subsection. The panel shall attempt to ensure that treatment as funded by the grants is available to offenders statewide.
- (6) The county alcohol and drug coordinator, county prosecutor, county sheriff, county superior court, a substance abuse treatment provider appointed by the county legislative authority, a member of the criminal defense bar appointed by the county legislative authority, and, in counties with a drug court, a representative of the drug court shall jointly submit a plan, approved by the county legislative authority or authorities, to the panel established in subsection (5)(b) of this section, for disposition of all the funds provided from the criminal justice treatment account within that county. The funds shall be used solely to provide approved alcohol and substance abuse treatment pursuant to RCW 70.96A.090 and treatment support services. No more than ten percent of the total moneys received under subsections (4) and (5) of this section by a county or group of counties participating in a regional agreement shall be spent for treatment support services.
- (7) Counties are encouraged to consider regional agreements and submit regional plans for the efficient delivery of treatment under this section.
- (8) Moneys allocated under this section shall be used to supplement, not supplant, other federal, state, and local funds used for substance abuse treatment.
 - (9) Counties must meet the criteria established in RCW 2.28.170(3)(b).
- **Sec. 51.** RCW 70.146.010 and 1986 c 3 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The long-range health and environmental goals for the state of Washington require the protection of the state's surface and underground waters for the health, safety, use, enjoyment, and economic benefit of its people. It is the purpose of this chapter to provide financial assistance to the state and to local governments for the planning, design, acquisition, construction, and improvement of water pollution control facilities and related activities in the achievement of state and federal water pollution control requirements for the protection of the state's waters.

It is the intent of the legislature that distribution of moneys for water pollution control facilities under this chapter be made on an equitable basis taking into consideration legal mandates, local effort, ratepayer impacts, and past distributions of state and federal moneys for water pollution control facilities.

It is the intent of this chapter that the cost of any water pollution control facility attributable to increased or additional capacity that exceeds one hundred ten percent of existing needs at the time of application for assistance under this chapter shall be entirely a local or private responsibility. It is the intent of this chapter that industrial pretreatment be paid by industries and that ((the water quality account)) state funds shall not be used for such purposes.

Sec. 52. RCW 70.146.020 and 1995 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 920 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

- (1) (("Account" means the water quality account in the state treasury.
- (2))) "Department" means the department of ecology.
- (((3))) (2) "Eligible cost" means the cost of that portion of a water pollution control facility that can be financed under this chapter excluding any portion of a facility's cost attributable to capacity that is in excess of that reasonably required to address one hundred ten percent of the applicant's needs for water pollution control existing at the time application is submitted for assistance under this chapter.
- (((4))) (3) "Water pollution control facility" or "facilities" means any facilities or systems for the control, collection, storage, treatment, disposal, or recycling of wastewater, including but not limited to sanitary sewage, storm water, residential, commercial, industrial, and agricultural wastes, which are causing water quality degradation due to concentrations of conventional, nonconventional, or toxic pollutants. Water pollution control facilities include all equipment, utilities, structures, real property, and interests in and improvements on real property necessary for or incidental to such purpose. Water pollution control facilities also include such facilities, equipment, and collection systems as are necessary to protect federally designated sole source aquifers.
- (((5))) (<u>4</u>) "Water pollution control activities" means actions taken by a public body for the following purposes: (a) To prevent or mitigate pollution of underground water; (b) to control nonpoint sources of water pollution; (c) to restore the water quality of fresh water lakes; and (d) to maintain or improve water quality through the use of water pollution control facilities or other means. During the 1995-1997 fiscal biennium, "water pollution control activities" includes activities by state agencies to protect public drinking water supplies and sources.
- (((6))) (5) "Public body" means the state of Washington or any agency, county, city or town, conservation district, other political subdivision, municipal corporation, quasi-municipal corporation, and those Indian tribes now or hereafter recognized as such by the federal government.
- (((7))) (6) "Water pollution" means such contamination, or other alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological properties of any waters of the state, including change in temperature, taste, color, turbidity, or odor of the waters, or such discharge of any liquid, gaseous, solid, radioactive, or other substance into any waters of the state as will or is likely to create a nuisance or render such waters harmful, detrimental, or injurious to the public health, safety, or welfare, or to domestic, commercial, industrial, agricultural, recreational, or other legitimate beneficial uses, or to livestock, wild animals, birds, fish, or other aquatic life.
- (((8))) (7) "Nonpoint source water pollution" means pollution that enters any waters of the state from any dispersed water-based or land-use activities,

including, but not limited to, atmospheric deposition, surface water runoff from agricultural lands, urban areas, and forest lands, subsurface or underground sources, and discharges from boats or other marine vessels.

- $((\frac{(9)}{)})$ "Sole source aquifer" means the sole or principal source of public drinking water for an area designated by the administrator of the environmental protection agency pursuant to Public Law 93-523, Sec. 1424(b).
- **Sec. 53.** RCW 70.146.030 and 2007 c 522 s 955 are each amended to read as follows:
- (((1) The water quality account is hereby created in the state treasury. Moneys in the account may be used only in a manner consistent with this chapter. Moneys deposited in the account shall be administered by the department of ecology and shall be subject to legislative appropriation. Moneys placed in the account shall include tax receipts as provided in RCW 82.24.027, 82.24.026(2)(d), and 82.32.390, principal and interest from the repayment of any loans granted pursuant to this chapter, and any other moneys appropriated to the account by the legislature.
- (2))) The department may ((use or permit the use of any moneys in the account to)) make grants or loans to public bodies, including grants to public bodies as cost-sharing moneys in any case where federal, local, or other funds are made available on a cost-sharing basis, for water pollution control facilities and activities, or for purposes of assisting a public body to obtain an ownership interest in water pollution control facilities and/or to defray a part of the payments made by a public body to a service provider under a service agreement entered into pursuant to RCW 70.150.060, within the purposes of this chapter and for related administrative expenses. ((For the period July 1, 2007, to June 30, 2009, moneys in the account may be used to process applications received by the department that seek to make changes to or transfer existing water rights and for other water resources and water quality activities, for water conveyance projects, shoreline technical assistance.[,] Puget Sound education and outreach[,] and for grants and technical assistance to public bodies for watershed planning under chapter 90.82 RCW.)) No more than three percent of the moneys ((deposited in the account)) may be used by the department to pay for the administration of the grant and loan program authorized by this chapter.
- (((3) Beginning with the biennium ending June 30, 1997, the department shall present a biennial progress report on the use of moneys from the account to the chairs of the senate committee on ways and means and the house of representatives committee on appropriations. The first report is due June 30, 1996, and the report for each succeeding biennium is due December 31st of the odd numbered year. The report shall consist of a list of each recipient, project description, and amount of the grant, loan, or both.))
- **Sec. 54.** RCW 70.146.040 and 1986 c 3 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

No grant or loan made in this chapter for fiscal year 1987 shall be construed to establish a precedent for levels of grants or loans made ((from the water quality account)) under this chapter thereafter.

- **Sec. 55.** RCW 70.146.060 and 1987 c 527 s 1 and 1987 c 436 s 7 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- ((During the period from July 1, 1987, until June 30, 1995, the following limitations shall apply to the department's total distribution of funds appropriated from the water quality account:
- (1) Not more than fifty percent for water pollution control facilities which discharge directly into marine waters;
- (2) Not more than twenty percent for water pollution control activities that prevent or mitigate pollution of underground waters and facilities that protect federally designated sole source aquifers with at least two thirds for the Spokane-Rathdrum Prairie Aquifer;
- (3) Not more than ten percent for water pollution control activities that protect freshwater lakes and rivers including but not limited to Lake Chelan and the Yakima and Columbia rivers:
- (4) Not more than ten percent for activities which control nonpoint source water pollution;
- (5) Ten percent and such sums as may be remaining from the eategories specified in subsections (1) through (4) of this section for water pollution control activities or facilities as determined by the department; and
- (6) Two and one-half percent of the total amounts of moneys under subsections (1) through (5) of this section from February 21, 1986, until December 31, 1995, shall be appropriated biennially to the state conservation commission for the purposes of this chapter. Not less than ten percent of the moneys received by the state conservation commission under the provisions of this section shall be expended on research activities.

The distribution under this section shall not be required to be met in any single fiscal year.))

Funds provided for facilities and activities under this chapter may be used for payments to a service provider under a service agreement pursuant to RCW 70.150.060. If funds are to be used for such payments, the department may make periodic disbursements to a public body or may make a single lump sum disbursement. Disbursements of funds with respect to a facility owned or operated by a service provider shall be equivalent in value to disbursements that would otherwise be made if that facility were owned or operated by a public body. Payments under this chapter for waste disposal and management facilities made to public bodies entering into service agreements pursuant to RCW 70.150.060 shall not exceed amounts paid to public bodies not entering into service agreements.

- **Sec. 56.** RCW 70.146.075 and 1987 c 516 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department of ecology may enter into contracts with local jurisdictions which provide for extended grant payments under which eligible costs may be paid on an advanced or deferred basis.
- (2) Extended grant payments shall be in equal annual payments, the total of which does not exceed, on a net present value basis, fifty percent of the total eligible cost of the project incurred at the time of design and construction. The duration of such extended grant payments shall be for a period not to exceed twenty years. The total of federal and state grant moneys received for the eligible costs of the project shall not exceed fifty percent of the eligible costs.

(3) Any moneys appropriated by the legislature ((from the water quality account)) for the purposes of this section shall be first used by the department of ecology to satisfy the conditions of the extended grant payment contracts.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 57.** RCW 70.146.080 (Determination of tax receipts in water quality account—Transfer of sufficient moneys from general revenues) and 2007 c 522 s 956, 2005 c 518 s 941, 2003 1st sp.s. c 25 s 935, 1994 sp.s. c 6 s 902, 1993 sp.s. c 24 s 924, 1991 sp.s. c 16 s 923, & 1986 c 3 s 11 are each repealed.

Sec. 58. RCW 70.190.010 and 1996 c 132 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

- (1) "Administrative costs" means the costs associated with procurement; payroll processing; personnel functions; management; maintenance and operation of space and property; data processing and computer services; accounting; budgeting; auditing; indirect costs; and organizational planning, consultation, coordination, and training.
 - (2) "Assessment" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 43.70.010.
- (3) "At-risk" children are children who engage in or are victims of at-risk behaviors.
- (4) "At-risk behaviors" means violent delinquent acts, teen substance abuse, teen pregnancy and male parentage, teen suicide attempts, dropping out of school, child abuse or neglect, and domestic violence.
- (5) "Community public health and safety networks" or "networks" means the organizations authorized under RCW 70.190.060.
- (6) "Comprehensive plan" means a two-year plan that examines available resources and unmet needs for a county or multicounty area, barriers that limit the effective use of resources, and a plan to address these issues that is broadly supported by local residents.
- (7) "Participating state agencies" means the office of the superintendent of public instruction, the department of social and health services, the department of health, the employment security department, the department of community, trade, and economic development, and such other departments as may be specifically designated by the governor.
- (8) "Family policy council" or "council" means the superintendent of public instruction, the secretary of social and health services, the secretary of health, the commissioner of the employment security department, and the director of the department of community, trade, and economic development or their designees, one legislator from each caucus of the senate and house of representatives, and one representative of the governor.
- (9) "Fiduciary interest" means (a) the right to compensation from a health, educational, social service, or justice system organization that receives public funds, or (b) budgetary or policy-making authority for an organization listed in (a) of this subsection. A person who acts solely in an advisory capacity and receives no compensation from a health, educational, social service, or justice system organization, and who has no budgetary or policy-making authority is deemed to have no fiduciary interest in the organization.

- (10) "Outcome" or "outcome based" means defined and measurable outcomes used to evaluate progress in reducing the rate of at-risk children and youth through reducing risk factors and increasing protective factors.
- (11) "Matching funds" means an amount no less than twenty-five percent of the amount budgeted for a network. The network's matching funds may be inkind goods and services. Funding sources allowable for match include appropriate federal or local levy funds, private charitable funding, and other charitable giving. Basic education funds or state general funds shall not be used as a match. ((State general funds shall not be used as a match for violence reduction and drug enforcement account funds created under RCW 69.50.520.))
- (12) "Policy development" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 43.70.010.
- (13) "Protective factors" means those factors determined by the department of health to be empirically associated with behaviors that contribute to socially acceptable and healthy nonviolent behaviors. Protective factors include promulgation, identification, and acceptance of community norms regarding appropriate behaviors in the area of delinquency, early sexual activity, alcohol and substance abuse, educational opportunities, employment opportunities, and absence of crime.
- (14) "Risk factors" means those factors determined by the department of health to be empirically associated with at-risk behaviors that contribute to violence.
- **Sec. 59.** RCW 70.190.100 and 1998 c 245 s 123 are each amended to read as follows:

The family policy council shall:

- (1) Establish network boundaries no later than July 1, 1994. There is a presumption that no county may be divided between two or more community networks and no network shall have fewer than forty thousand population. When approving multicounty networks, considering dividing a county between networks, or creating a network with a population of less than forty thousand, the council must consider: (a) Common economic, geographic, and social interests; (b) historical and existing shared governance; and (c) the size and location of population centers. Individuals and groups within any area shall be given ample opportunity to propose network boundaries in a manner designed to assure full consideration of their expressed wishes;
- (2) Develop a technical assistance and training program to assist communities in creating and developing community networks and comprehensive plans;
- (3) Approve the structure, purpose, goals, plan, and performance measurements of each community network;
- (4) Identify all prevention and early intervention programs and funds, including all programs ((funded under RCW 69.50.520, in addition to the programs)) set forth in RCW 70.190.110, which could be transferred, in all or part, to the community networks, and report their findings and recommendations to the governor and the legislature regarding any appropriate program transfers by January 1 of each year;
- (5) Reward community networks that show exceptional success as provided in RCW 43.41.195;

- (6) Seek every opportunity to maximize federal and other funding that is consistent with the plans approved by the council for the purpose and goals of this chapter;
- (7) Review the state-funded out-of-home placement rate before the end of each contract to determine whether the region has sufficiently reduced the rate. If the council determines that there has not been a sufficient reduction in the rate, it may reduce the immediately succeeding grant to the network;
- (8)(a) The council shall monitor the implementation of programs contracted by participating state agencies by reviewing periodic reports on the extent to which services were delivered to intended populations, the quality of services, and the extent to which service outcomes were achieved at the conclusion of service interventions. This monitoring shall include provision for periodic feedback to community networks;
- (b) The legislature intends that this monitoring be used by the Washington state institute for public policy, together with public health data on at-risk behaviors and risk and protective factors, to produce an external evaluation of the effectiveness of the networks and their programs. For this reason, and to conserve public funds, the council shall not conduct or contract for the conduct of control group studies, quasi-experimental design studies, or other analysis efforts to attempt to determine the impact of network programs on at-risk behaviors or risk and protective factors; and
- (9) Review the implementation of chapter 7, Laws of 1994 sp. sess. The report shall use measurable performance standards to evaluate the implementation.
- **Sec. 60.** RCW 72.09.111 and 2007 c 483 s 605 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The secretary shall deduct taxes and legal financial obligations from the gross wages, gratuities, or workers' compensation benefits payable directly to the inmate under chapter 51.32 RCW, of each inmate working in correctional industries work programs, or otherwise receiving such wages, gratuities, or benefits. The secretary shall also deduct child support payments from the gratuities of each inmate working in class II through class IV correctional industries work programs. The secretary shall develop a formula for the distribution of offender wages, gratuities, and benefits. The formula shall not reduce the inmate account below the indigency level, as defined in RCW 72.09.015.
- (a) The formula shall include the following minimum deductions from class I gross wages and from all others earning at least minimum wage:
- (i) Five percent to the ((public safety and education account for the purpose of erime victims' compensation)) state general fund;
 - (ii) Ten percent to a department personal inmate savings account;
- (iii) Twenty percent to the department to contribute to the cost of incarceration; and
- (iv) Twenty percent for payment of legal financial obligations for all inmates who have legal financial obligations owing in any Washington state superior court.
- (b) The formula shall include the following minimum deductions from class II gross gratuities:

- (i) Five percent to the ((public safety and education account for the purpose of crime victims' compensation)) state general fund;
 - (ii) Ten percent to a department personal inmate savings account;
- (iii) Fifteen percent to the department to contribute to the cost of incarceration;
- (iv) Twenty percent for payment of legal financial obligations for all inmates who have legal financial obligations owing in any Washington state superior court; and
 - (v) Fifteen percent for any child support owed under a support order.
- (c) The formula shall include the following minimum deductions from any workers' compensation benefits paid pursuant to RCW 51.32.080:
- (i) Five percent to the ((public safety and education account for the purpose of crime victims' compensation)) state general fund;
 - (ii) Ten percent to a department personal inmate savings account;
- (iii) Twenty percent to the department to contribute to the cost of incarceration; and
- (iv) An amount equal to any legal financial obligations owed by the inmate established by an order of any Washington state superior court up to the total amount of the award.
- (d) The formula shall include the following minimum deductions from class III gratuities:
- (i) Five percent for the ((purpose of crime victims' compensation)) state general fund; and
 - (ii) Fifteen percent for any child support owed under a support order.
- (e) The formula shall include the following minimum deduction from class $\ensuremath{\mathrm{IV}}$ gross gratuities:
- (i) Five percent to the department to contribute to the cost of incarceration; and
 - (ii) Fifteen percent for any child support owed under a support order.
- (2) Any person sentenced to life imprisonment without possibility of release or parole under chapter 10.95 RCW or sentenced to death shall be exempt from the requirement under subsection (1)(a)(ii), (b)(ii), or (c)(ii).
- (3)(a) The department personal inmate savings account, together with any accrued interest, shall only be available to an inmate at the following times:
 - (i) The time of his or her release from confinement;
- (ii) Prior to his or her release from confinement in order to secure approved housing; or $\,$
 - (iii) When the secretary determines that an emergency exists for the inmate.
- (b) If funds are made available pursuant to (a)(ii) or (iii) of this subsection, the funds shall be made available to the inmate in an amount determined by the secretary.
- (c) The management of classes I, II, and IV correctional industries may establish an incentive payment for offender workers based on productivity criteria. This incentive shall be paid separately from the hourly wage/gratuity rate and shall not be subject to the specified deduction for cost of incarceration.
- (4)(a) Subject to availability of funds for the correctional industries program, the expansion of inmate employment in class I and class II correctional industries shall be implemented according to the following schedule:

- (i) Not later than June 30, 2005, the secretary shall achieve a net increase of at least two hundred in the number of inmates employed in class I or class II correctional industries work programs above the number so employed on June 30, 2003;
- (ii) Not later than June 30, 2006, the secretary shall achieve a net increase of at least four hundred in the number of inmates employed in class I or class II correctional industries work programs above the number so employed on June 30, 2003:
- (iii) Not later than June 30, 2007, the secretary shall achieve a net increase of at least six hundred in the number of inmates employed in class I or class II correctional industries work programs above the number so employed on June 30, 2003;
- (iv) Not later than June 30, 2008, the secretary shall achieve a net increase of at least nine hundred in the number of inmates employed in class I or class II correctional industries work programs above the number so employed on June 30, 2003:
- (v) Not later than June 30, 2009, the secretary shall achieve a net increase of at least one thousand two hundred in the number of inmates employed in class I or class II correctional industries work programs above the number so employed on June 30, 2003;
- (vi) Not later than June 30, 2010, the secretary shall achieve a net increase of at least one thousand five hundred in the number of inmates employed in class I or class II correctional industries work programs above the number so employed on June 30, 2003.
- (b) Failure to comply with the schedule in this subsection does not create a private right of action.
- (5) In the event that the offender worker's wages, gratuity, or workers' compensation benefit is subject to garnishment for support enforcement, the ((erime victims' compensation)) state general fund, savings, and cost of incarceration deductions shall be calculated on the net wages after taxes, legal financial obligations, and garnishment.
- (6) The department shall explore other methods of recovering a portion of the cost of the inmate's incarceration and for encouraging participation in work programs, including development of incentive programs that offer inmates benefits and amenities paid for only from wages earned while working in a correctional industries work program.
- (7) The department shall develop the necessary administrative structure to recover inmates' wages and keep records of the amount inmates pay for the costs of incarceration and amenities. All funds deducted from inmate wages under subsection (1) of this section for the purpose of contributions to the cost of incarceration shall be deposited in a dedicated fund with the department and shall be used only for the purpose of enhancing and maintaining correctional industries work programs.
- (8) It shall be in the discretion of the secretary to apportion the inmates between class I and class II depending on available contracts and resources.
- (9) Nothing in this section shall limit the authority of the department of social and health services division of child support from taking collection action against an inmate's moneys, assets, or property pursuant to chapter 26.23, 74.20, or 74.20A RCW.

- **Sec. 61.** RCW 72.09.480 and 2007 c 483 s 404, 2007 c 365 s 1, and 2007 c 91 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply to this section.
- (a) "Cost of incarceration" means the cost of providing an inmate with shelter, food, clothing, transportation, supervision, and other services and supplies as may be necessary for the maintenance and support of the inmate while in the custody of the department, based on the average per inmate costs established by the department and the office of financial management.
- (b) "Minimum term of confinement" means the minimum amount of time an inmate will be confined in the custody of the department, considering the sentence imposed and adjusted for the total potential earned early release time available to the inmate.
- (c) "Program" means any series of courses or classes necessary to achieve a proficiency standard, certificate, or postsecondary degree.
- (2) When an inmate, except as provided in subsections (4) and (8) of this section, receives any funds in addition to his or her wages or gratuities, except settlements or awards resulting from legal action, the additional funds shall be subject to the following deductions and the priorities established in chapter 72.11 RCW:
- (a) Five percent to the ((public safety and education account for the purpose of crime victims' compensation)) state general fund;
 - (b) Ten percent to a department personal inmate savings account;
- (c) Twenty percent for payment of legal financial obligations for all inmates who have legal financial obligations owing in any Washington state superior court:
 - (d) Twenty percent for any child support owed under a support order; and
- (e) Twenty percent to the department to contribute to the cost of incarceration.
- (3) When an inmate, except as provided in subsection (8) of this section, receives any funds from a settlement or award resulting from a legal action, the additional funds shall be subject to the deductions in RCW 72.09.111(1)(a) and the priorities established in chapter 72.11 RCW.
- (4) When an inmate who is subject to a child support order receives funds from an inheritance, the deduction required under subsection (2)(e) of this section shall only apply after the child support obligation has been paid in full.
- (5) The amount deducted from an inmate's funds under subsection (2) of this section shall not exceed the department's total cost of incarceration for the inmate incurred during the inmate's minimum or actual term of confinement, whichever is longer.
- (6)(a) The deductions required under subsection (2) of this section shall not apply to funds received by the department from an offender or from a third party on behalf of an offender for payment of education or vocational programs or postsecondary education degree programs as provided in RCW 72.09.460 and 72.09.465.
- (b) The deductions required under subsection (2) of this section shall not apply to funds received by the department from a third party, including but not limited to a nonprofit entity on behalf of the department's education, vocation, or postsecondary education degree programs.

- (7) The deductions required under subsection (2) of this section shall not apply to any money received by the department, on behalf of an inmate, from family or other outside sources for the payment of postage expenses. Money received under this subsection may only be used for the payment of postage expenses and may not be transferred to any other account or purpose. Money that remains unused in the inmate's postage fund at the time of release shall be subject to the deductions outlined in subsection (2) of this section.
- (8) When an inmate sentenced to life imprisonment without possibility of release or sentenced to death under chapter 10.95 RCW receives funds, deductions are required under subsection (2) of this section, with the exception of a personal inmate savings account under subsection (2)(b) of this section.
- (9) The secretary of the department of corrections, or his or her designee, may exempt an inmate from a personal inmate savings account under subsection (2)(b) of this section if the inmate's earliest release date is beyond the inmate's life expectancy.
- (10) The interest earned on an inmate savings account created as a result of the plan in section 4, chapter 325, Laws of 1999 shall be exempt from the mandatory deductions under this section and RCW 72.09.111.
- (11) Nothing in this section shall limit the authority of the department of social and health services division of child support, the county clerk, or a restitution recipient from taking collection action against an inmate's moneys, assets, or property pursuant to chapter 9.94A, 26.23, 74.20, or 74.20A RCW including, but not limited to, the collection of moneys received by the inmate from settlements or awards resulting from legal action.
- **Sec. 62.** RCW 74.09.053 and 2006 c 264 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department of social and health services, in coordination with the health care authority, shall by November 15th of each year report to the legislature:
- (a) The number of medical assistance recipients who: (i) Upon enrollment or recertification had reported being employed, and beginning with the 2008 report, the month and year they reported being hired; or (ii) upon enrollment or recertification had reported being the dependent of someone who was employed, and beginning with the 2008 report, the month and year they reported the employed person was hired. For recipients identified under (a)(i) and (ii) of this subsection, the department shall report the basis for their medical assistance eligibility, including but not limited to family medical coverage, transitional medical assistance, children's medical ((or aged or disabled)) coverage, aged coverage, or coverage for persons with disabilities; member months; and the total cost to the state for these recipients, expressed as general fund-state((shealth services account)) and general fund-federal dollars. The information shall be reported by employer (([size])) size for employers having more than fifty employees as recipients or with dependents as recipients. This information shall be provided for the preceding January and June of that year.
- (b) The following aggregated information: (i) The number of employees who are recipients or with dependents as recipients by private and governmental employers; (ii) the number of employees who are recipients or with dependents as recipients by employer size for employers with fifty or fewer employees, fifty-one to one hundred employees, one hundred one to one thousand

employees, one thousand one to five thousand employees and more than five thousand employees; and (iii) the number of employees who are recipients or with dependents as recipients by industry type.

(([(2)])) (2) For each aggregated classification, the report will include the number of hours worked, the number of department of social and health services covered lives, and the total cost to the state for these recipients. This information shall be for each quarter of the preceding year.

Sec. 63. RCW 77.12.201 and 1987 c 506 s 29 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislative authority of a county may elect, by giving written notice to the director and the treasurer prior to January 1st of any year, to obtain for the following year an amount in lieu of real property taxes on game lands as provided in RCW 77.12.203. Upon the election, the county shall keep a record of all fines, forfeitures, reimbursements, and costs assessed and collected, in whole or in part, under this title for violations of law or rules adopted pursuant to this title and shall monthly remit an amount equal to the amount collected to the state treasurer for deposit in the ((public safety and education account established under RCW 43.08.250)) state general fund. The election shall continue until the department is notified differently prior to January 1st of any year.

- **Sec. 64.** RCW 82.04.260 and 2008 c 296 s 1, 2008 c 217 s 100, and 2008 c 81 s 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing:
- (a) Wheat into flour, barley into pearl barley, soybeans into soybean oil, canola into canola oil, canola meal, or canola byproducts, or sunflower seeds into sunflower oil; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the flour, pearl barley, oil, canola meal, or canola byproduct manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent;
- (b) Beginning July 1, 2012, seafood products that remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing by that person; or selling manufactured seafood products that remain in a raw, raw frozen, or raw salted state at the completion of the manufacturing, to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state:
- (c) Beginning July 1, 2012, dairy products that as of September 20, 2001, are identified in 21 C.F.R., chapter 1, parts 131, 133, and 135, including byproducts from the manufacturing of the dairy products such as whey and casein; or selling the same to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of state; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the

goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state:

- (d) Beginning July 1, 2012, fruits or vegetables by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables, or selling at wholesale fruits or vegetables manufactured by the seller by canning, preserving, freezing, processing, or dehydrating fresh fruits or vegetables and sold to purchasers who transport in the ordinary course of business the goods out of this state; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the products manufactured or the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent. Sellers must keep and preserve records for the period required by RCW 82.32.070 establishing that the goods were transported by the purchaser in the ordinary course of business out of this state;
- (e) Until July 1, 2009, alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business shall be equal to the value of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent; and
- (f) Alcohol fuel or wood biomass fuel, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.29A.135; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business shall be equal to the value of alcohol fuel or wood biomass fuel manufactured, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.
- (2) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of splitting or processing dried peas; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the value of the peas split or processed, multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.
- (3) Upon every nonprofit corporation and nonprofit association engaging within this state in research and development, as to such corporations and associations, the amount of tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.
- (4) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of slaughtering, breaking and/or processing perishable meat products and/or selling the same at wholesale only and not at retail; as to such persons the tax imposed shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such sales multiplied by the rate of 0.138 percent.
- (5) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of acting as a travel agent or tour operator; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.
- (6) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as an international steamship agent, international customs house broker, international freight forwarder, vessel and/or cargo charter broker in foreign commerce, and/or international air cargo agent; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to only international activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent.
- (7) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the movement of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce; as to such persons

the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross proceeds derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.275 percent. Persons subject to taxation under this subsection shall be exempt from payment of taxes imposed by chapter 82.16 RCW for that portion of their business subject to taxation under this subsection. Stevedoring and associated activities pertinent to the conduct of goods and commodities in waterborne interstate or foreign commerce are defined as all activities of a labor, service or transportation nature whereby cargo may be loaded or unloaded to or from vessels or barges, passing over, onto or under a wharf, pier, or similar structure; cargo may be moved to a warehouse or similar holding or storage yard or area to await further movement in import or export or may move to a consolidation freight station and be stuffed. unstuffed, containerized, separated or otherwise segregated or aggregated for delivery or loaded on any mode of transportation for delivery to its consignee. Specific activities included in this definition are: Wharfage, handling, loading, unloading, moving of cargo to a convenient place of delivery to the consignee or a convenient place for further movement to export mode; documentation services in connection with the receipt, delivery, checking, care, custody and control of cargo required in the transfer of cargo; imported automobile handling prior to delivery to consignee; terminal stevedoring and incidental vessel services, including but not limited to plugging and unplugging refrigerator service to containers, trailers, and other refrigerated cargo receptacles, and securing ship hatch covers.

(8) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of disposing of low-level waste, as defined in RCW 43.145.010; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross income of the business, excluding any fees imposed under chapter 43.200 RCW, multiplied by the rate of 3.3 percent.

If the gross income of the taxpayer is attributable to activities both within and without this state, the gross income attributable to this state shall be determined in accordance with the methods of apportionment required under RCW 82.04.460.

- (9) Upon every person engaging within this state as an insurance producer or title insurance agent licensed under chapter 48.17 RCW; as to such persons, the amount of the tax with respect to such licensed activities shall be equal to the gross income of such business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.
- (10) Upon every person engaging within this state in business as a hospital, as defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, that is operated as a nonprofit corporation or by the state or any of its political subdivisions, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.75 percent through June 30, 1995, and 1.5 percent thereafter. ((The moneys collected under this subsection shall be deposited in the health services account created under RCW 43.72.900.))
- (11)(a) Beginning October 1, 2005, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing commercial airplanes, or components of such airplanes, or making sales, at retail or wholesale, of commercial airplanes or components of such airplanes, manufactured by the seller, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall, in the case of manufacturers, be equal to the value of the product manufactured and the gross

proceeds of sales of the product manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of:

- (i) 0.4235 percent from October 1, 2005, through the later of June 30, 2007; and
 - (ii) 0.2904 percent beginning July 1, 2007.
- (b) Beginning July 1, 2008, upon every person who is not eligible to report under the provisions of (a) of this subsection (11) and is engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing tooling specifically designed for use in manufacturing commercial airplanes or components of such airplanes, or making sales, at retail or wholesale, of such tooling manufactured by the seller, as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to such business shall, in the case of manufacturers, be equal to the value of the product manufactured and the gross proceeds of sales of the product manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent.
- (c) For the purposes of this subsection (11), "commercial airplane" and "component" have the same meanings as provided in RCW 82.32.550.
- (d) In addition to all other requirements under this title, a person eligible for the tax rate under this subsection (11) must report as required under RCW 82.32.545.
 - (e) This subsection (11) does not apply on and after July 1, 2024.
- (12)(a) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of extracting timber or extracting for hire timber; as to such persons the amount of tax with respect to the business shall, in the case of extractors, be equal to the value of products, including byproducts, extracted, or in the case of extractors for hire, be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.
- (b) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of manufacturing or processing for hire: (i) Timber into timber products or wood products; or (ii) timber products into other timber products or wood products; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business shall, in the case of manufacturers, be equal to the value of products, including byproducts, manufactured, or in the case of processors for hire, be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.
- (c) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of selling at wholesale: (i) Timber extracted by that person; (ii) timber products manufactured by that person from timber or other timber products; or (iii) wood products manufactured by that person from timber or timber products; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business shall be equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the timber, timber products, or wood products multiplied by the rate of 0.4235 percent from July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2007, and 0.2904 percent from July 1, 2007, through June 30, 2024.
- (d) Until July 1, 2024, upon every person engaging within this state in the business of selling standing timber; as to such persons the amount of the tax with respect to the business shall be equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 0.2904 percent. For purposes of this subsection (12)(d),

"selling standing timber" means the sale of timber apart from the land, where the buyer is required to sever the timber within thirty months from the date of the original contract, regardless of the method of payment for the timber and whether title to the timber transfers before, upon, or after severance.

- (e) For purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply:
- (i) "Biocomposite surface products" means surface material products containing, by weight or volume, more than fifty percent recycled paper and that also use nonpetroleum-based phenolic resin as a bonding agent.
- (ii) "Paper and paper products" means products made of interwoven cellulosic fibers held together largely by hydrogen bonding. "Paper and paper products" includes newsprint; office, printing, fine, and pressure-sensitive papers; paper napkins, towels, and toilet tissue; kraft bag, construction, and other kraft industrial papers; paperboard, liquid packaging containers, containerboard, corrugated, and solid-fiber containers including linerboard and corrugated medium; and related types of cellulosic products containing primarily, by weight or volume, cellulosic materials. "Paper and paper products" does not include books, newspapers, magazines, periodicals, and other printed publications, advertising materials, calendars, and similar types of printed materials.
- (iii) "Recycled paper" means paper and paper products having fifty percent or more of their fiber content that comes from postconsumer waste. For purposes of this subsection (12)(e)(iii), "postconsumer waste" means a finished material that would normally be disposed of as solid waste, having completed its life cycle as a consumer item.
- (iv) "Timber" means forest trees, standing or down, on privately or publicly owned land. "Timber" does not include Christmas trees that are cultivated by agricultural methods or short-rotation hardwoods as defined in RCW 84.33.035.
 - (v) "Timber products" means:
- (A) Logs, wood chips, sawdust, wood waste, and similar products obtained wholly from the processing of timber, short-rotation hardwoods as defined in RCW 84.33.035, or both;
- (B) Pulp, including market pulp and pulp derived from recovered paper or paper products; and
- (C) Recycled paper, but only when used in the manufacture of biocomposite surface products.
- (vi) "Wood products" means paper and paper products; dimensional lumber; engineered wood products such as particleboard, oriented strand board, medium density fiberboard, and plywood; wood doors; wood windows; and biocomposite surface products.
- (13) Upon every person engaging within this state in inspecting, testing, labeling, and storing canned salmon owned by another person, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such activities shall be equal to the gross income derived from such activities multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.
- **Sec. 65.** RCW 82.08.150 and 2005 c 514 s 201 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) There is levied and shall be collected a tax upon each retail sale of spirits in the original package at the rate of fifteen percent of the selling price. The tax imposed in this subsection shall apply to all such sales including sales by the

Washington state liquor stores and agencies, but excluding sales to spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensees.

- (2) There is levied and shall be collected a tax upon each sale of spirits in the original package at the rate of ten percent of the selling price on sales by Washington state liquor stores and agencies to spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensees.
- (3) There is levied and shall be collected an additional tax upon each retail sale of spirits in the original package at the rate of one dollar and seventy-two cents per liter. The additional tax imposed in this subsection shall apply to all such sales including sales by Washington state liquor stores and agencies, and including sales to spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensees.
- (4) An additional tax is imposed equal to fourteen percent multiplied by the taxes payable under subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section.
- (5) An additional tax is imposed upon each retail sale of spirits in the original package at the rate of seven cents per liter. The additional tax imposed in this subsection shall apply to all such sales including sales by Washington state liquor stores and agencies, and including sales to spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensees. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be deposited in the ((violence reduction and drug enforcement account under RCW 69.50.520)) state general fund by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.
- (6)(a) An additional tax is imposed upon retail sale of spirits in the original package at the rate of one and seven-tenths percent of the selling price through June 30, 1995, two and six-tenths percent of the selling price for the period July 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997, and three and four-tenths of the selling price thereafter. This additional tax applies to all such sales including sales by Washington state liquor stores and agencies, but excluding sales to spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensees.
- (b) An additional tax is imposed upon retail sale of spirits in the original package at the rate of one and one-tenth percent of the selling price through June 30, 1995, one and seven-tenths percent of the selling price for the period July 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997, and two and three-tenths of the selling price thereafter. This additional tax applies to all such sales to spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensees
- (c) An additional tax is imposed upon each retail sale of spirits in the original package at the rate of twenty cents per liter through June 30, 1995, thirty cents per liter for the period July 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997, and forty-one cents per liter thereafter. This additional tax applies to all such sales including sales by Washington state liquor stores and agencies, and including sales to spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensees.
- (d) All revenues collected during any month from additional taxes under this subsection shall be deposited in the ((health services account created under RCW 43.72.900)) state general fund by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.
- (7)(a) An additional tax is imposed upon each retail sale of spirits in the original package at the rate of one dollar and thirty-three cents per liter. This additional tax applies to all such sales including sales by Washington state liquor stores and agencies, but excluding sales to spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensees.

- (b) All revenues collected during any month from additional taxes under this subsection shall be deposited by the twenty-fifth day of the following month ((as follows:
 - (i) 97.5 percent)) into the general fund((;
- (ii) 2.3 percent into the health services account created under RCW 43.72.900; and
- (iii) 0.2 percent into the violence reduction and drug enforcement account created under RCW 69.50.520)).
- (8) The tax imposed in RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to sales of spirits in the original package.
- (9) The taxes imposed in this section shall be paid by the buyer to the seller, and each seller shall collect from the buyer the full amount of the tax payable in respect to each taxable sale under this section. The taxes required by this section to be collected by the seller shall be stated separately from the selling price and for purposes of determining the tax due from the buyer to the seller, it shall be conclusively presumed that the selling price quoted in any price list does not include the taxes imposed by this section.
- (10) As used in this section, the terms, "spirits" and "package" shall have the meaning ascribed to them in chapter 66.04 RCW.
- **Sec. 66.** RCW 82.24.020 and 2008 c 226 s 3 and 2008 c 86 s 301 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) There is levied and there shall be collected as provided in this chapter, a tax upon the sale, use, consumption, handling, possession, or distribution of all cigarettes, in an amount equal to one and fifteen one-hundredths cents per cigarette.
- (2) An additional tax is imposed upon the sale, use, consumption, handling, possession, or distribution of all cigarettes, in an amount equal to five hundred twenty-five one-thousandths of a cent per cigarette. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be deposited in the ((violence reduction and drug enforcement account under RCW 69.50.520)) state general fund by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.
- (3) An additional tax is imposed upon the sale, use, consumption, handling, possession, or distribution of all cigarettes, in an amount equal to two and five one-hundredths cents per cigarette. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be deposited in the ((health services account created under RCW 43.72.900)) state general fund by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.
- (4) Wholesalers subject to the payment of this tax may, if they wish, absorb five one-hundredths cents per cigarette of the tax and not pass it on to purchasers without being in violation of this section or any other act relating to the sale or taxation of cigarettes.
- (5) For purposes of this chapter, "possession" shall mean both (a) physical possession by the purchaser and, (b) when cigarettes are being transported to or held for the purchaser or his or her designee by a person other than the purchaser, constructive possession by the purchaser or his or her designee, which constructive possession shall be deemed to occur at the location of the cigarettes being so transported or held.
- (6) In accordance with federal law and rules prescribed by the department, an enrolled member of a federally recognized Indian tribe may purchase

cigarettes from an Indian tribal organization under the jurisdiction of the member's tribe for the member's own use exempt from the applicable taxes imposed by this chapter. Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, any person, who purchases cigarettes from an Indian tribal organization and who is not an enrolled member of the federally recognized Indian tribe within whose jurisdiction the sale takes place, is not exempt from the applicable taxes imposed by this chapter.

- (7) If the state enters into a cigarette tax contract or agreement with a federally recognized Indian tribe under chapter 43.06 RCW, the terms of the contract or agreement shall take precedence over any conflicting provisions of this chapter while the contract or agreement is in effect.
- **Sec. 67.** RCW 82.24.026 and 2008 c 86 s 302 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) In addition to the tax imposed upon the sale, use, consumption, handling, possession, or distribution of cigarettes set forth in RCW 82.24.020, there is imposed a tax in an amount equal to three cents per cigarette.
 - (2) The revenue collected under this section shall be deposited as follows:
 - (a) ((21.7 percent shall be deposited into the health services account.
 - (b) 2.8) 28.5 percent shall be deposited into the general fund.
- (((c) 2.3 percent shall be deposited into the violence reduction and drug enforcement account under RCW 69.50.520.
- (d) 1.7 percent shall be deposited into the water quality account under RCW 70.146.030.
- (e))) (b) The remainder shall be deposited into the education legacy trust account.
- **Sec. 68.** RCW 82.24.027 and 2008 c 86 s 303 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) There is hereby levied and there shall be collected by the department of revenue from the persons mentioned in and in the manner provided by this chapter, an additional tax upon the sale, use, consumption, handling, possession, or distribution of cigarettes in an amount equal to four-tenths of a cent per cigarette.
 - (2) The moneys collected under this section shall be deposited ((as follows:
- (a) For the period beginning July 1, 2001, through June 30, 2021, into the water quality account under RCW 70.146.030; and
 - (b) For the period beginning July 1, 2021,)) in the general fund.
- **Sec. 69.** RCW 82.24.028 and 2008 c 86 s 304 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to the tax imposed upon the sale, use, consumption, handling, possession, or distribution of cigarettes set forth in RCW 82.24.020, there is imposed a tax in an amount equal to three cents per cigarette. All revenues collected during any month from this additional tax shall be deposited in the ((health services account created under RCW 43.72.900)) state general fund by the twenty-fifth day of the following month.

- **Sec. 70.** RCW 82.26.020 and 2005 c 180 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) There is levied and there shall be collected a tax upon the sale, handling, or distribution of all tobacco products in this state at the following rate:

- (a) Seventy-five percent of the taxable sales price of cigars, not to exceed fifty cents per cigar; or
- (b) Seventy-five percent of the taxable sales price of all tobacco products that are not cigars.
- (2) Taxes under this section shall be imposed at the time the distributor (a) brings, or causes to be brought, into this state from without the state tobacco products for sale, (b) makes, manufactures, fabricates, or stores tobacco products in this state for sale in this state, (c) ships or transports tobacco products to retailers in this state, to be sold by those retailers, or (d) handles for sale any tobacco products that are within this state but upon which tax has not been imposed.
 - (3) The moneys collected under this section shall be deposited ((as follows:
 - (a) Thirty-seven percent in the general fund;
- (b) Fifty percent in the health services account created under RCW 43.72.900; and
- (e) Thirteen percent in the water quality account under RCW 70.146.030 for the period beginning July 1, 2005, through June 30, 2021, and in the general fund for the period beginning July 1, 2021)) into the state general fund.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 71.** RCW 82.32.390 (Certain revenues to be deposited in water quality account) and 1986 c 3 s 15 are each repealed.
- **Sec. 72.** RCW 82.64.020 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 906 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A tax is imposed on each sale at wholesale of syrup in this state. The rate of the tax shall be equal to one dollar per gallon. Fractional amounts shall be taxed proportionally.
- (2) A tax is imposed on each sale at retail of syrup in this state. The rate of the tax shall be equal to the rate imposed under subsection (1) of this section.
- (3) Moneys collected under this chapter shall be deposited in the ((violence reduction and drug enforcement account under RCW 69.50.520)) state general fund.
- (4) Chapter 82.32 RCW applies to the taxes imposed in this chapter. The tax due dates, reporting periods, and return requirements applicable to chapter 82.04 RCW apply equally to the taxes imposed in this chapter.
- **Sec. 73.** RCW 84.52.067 and 2001 c 3 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

All property taxes levied by the state for the support of common schools shall be paid into the general fund of the state treasury as provided in RCW 84.56.280((, except for the amounts collected under RCW 84.52.068 which shall be directly deposited into the student achievement fund and distributed to school districts as provided in RCW 84.52.068)).

- **Sec. 74.** RCW 90.71.370 and 2008 c 329 s 927 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) By December 1, 2008, and by September 1st of each even-numbered year beginning in 2010, the council shall provide to the governor and the appropriate fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives its recommendations for the funding necessary to implement the action agenda in the succeeding biennium. The recommendations shall:
 - (a) Identify the funding needed by action agenda element;

- (b) Address funding responsibilities among local, state, and federal governments, as well as nongovernmental funding; and
- (c) Address funding needed to support the work of the partnership, the panel, the ecosystem work group, and entities assisting in coordinating local efforts to implement the plan.
- (2) In the 2008 report required under subsection (1) of this section, the council shall include recommendations for projected funding needed through 2020 to implement the action agenda; funding needs for science panel staff; identify methods to secure stable and sufficient funding to meet these needs; and include proposals for new sources of funding to be dedicated to Puget Sound protection and recovery. In preparing the science panel staffing proposal, the council shall consult with the panel.
- (3) By November 1st of each odd-numbered year beginning in 2009, the council shall produce a state of the Sound report that includes, at a minimum:
- (a) An assessment of progress by state and nonstate entities in implementing the action agenda, including accomplishments in the use of state funds for action agenda implementation;
- (b) A description of actions by implementing entities that are inconsistent with the action agenda and steps taken to remedy the inconsistency;
- (c) The comments by the panel on progress in implementing the plan, as well as findings arising from the assessment and monitoring program;
- (d) A review of citizen concerns provided to the partnership and the disposition of those concerns;
- (e) A review of the expenditures of funds to state agencies for the implementation of programs affecting the protection and recovery of Puget Sound, and an assessment of whether the use of the funds is consistent with the action agenda; and
- (f) An identification of all funds provided to the partnership, and recommendations as to how future state expenditures for all entities, including the partnership, could better match the priorities of the action agenda.
- (4)(a) The council shall review state programs that fund facilities and activities that may contribute to action agenda implementation. By November 1, 2009, the council shall provide initial recommendations regarding program changes to the governor and appropriate fiscal and policy committees of the senate and house of representatives. By November 1, 2010, the council shall provide final recommendations regarding program changes, including proposed legislation to implement the recommendation, to the governor and appropriate fiscal and policy committees of the senate and house of representatives.
- (b) The review in this subsection shall be conducted with the active assistance and collaboration of the agencies administering these programs, and in consultation with local governments and other entities receiving funding from these programs:
- (i) ((The water quality account)) Water pollution control facilities financing, chapter 70.146 RCW;
 - (ii) The water pollution control revolving fund, chapter 90.50A RCW;
 - (iii) The public works assistance account, chapter 43.155 RCW;
 - (iv) The aquatic lands enhancement account, RCW 79.105.150;
- (v) The state toxics control account and local toxics control account and clean-up program, chapter 70.105D RCW;

- (vi) The acquisition of habitat conservation and outdoor recreation land, chapter 79A.15 RCW;
- (vii) The salmon recovery funding board, RCW 77.85.110 through 77.85.150;
 - (viii) The community economic revitalization board, chapter 43.160 RCW;
- (ix) Other state financial assistance to water quality-related projects and activities; and
- (x) Water quality financial assistance from federal programs administered through state programs or provided directly to local governments in the Puget Sound basin.
 - (c) The council's review shall include but not be limited to:
- (i) Determining the level of funding and types of projects and activities funded through the programs that contribute to implementation of the action agenda;
- (ii) Evaluating the procedures and criteria in each program for determining which projects and activities to fund, and their relationship to the goals and priorities of the action agenda;
- (iii) Assessing methods for ensuring that the goals and priorities of the action agenda are given priority when program funding decisions are made regarding water quality-related projects and activities in the Puget Sound basin and habitat-related projects and activities in the Puget Sound basin;
- (iv) Modifying funding criteria so that projects, programs, and activities that are inconsistent with the action agenda are ineligible for funding;
- (v) Assessing ways to incorporate a strategic funding approach for the action agenda within the outcome-focused performance measures required by RCW 43.41.270 in administering natural resource-related and environmentally based grant and loan programs.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 75.** RCW 84.52.068 (State levy—Distribution to school districts) and 2005 c 514 s 1104, 2003 1st sp.s. c 19 s 1, & 2001 c 3 s 5 are each repealed.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 76.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 23, 2009.

Passed by the House April 25, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 480

[Substitute Senate Bill 5285] GUARDIANS AD LITEM

AN ACT Relating to guardians ad litem; and amending RCW 26.44.030, 13.34.100, 26.12.175, and 26.12.177.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 26.44.030 and 2008 c 211 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1)(a) When any practitioner, county coroner or medical examiner, law enforcement officer, professional school personnel, registered or licensed nurse, social service counselor, psychologist, pharmacist, employee of the department of early learning, licensed or certified child care providers or their employees, employee of the department, juvenile probation officer, placement and liaison specialist, responsible living skills program staff, HOPE center staff, or state family and children's ombudsman or any volunteer in the ombudsman's office has reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect, he or she shall report such incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in RCW 26.44.040.
- (b) When any person, in his or her official supervisory capacity with a nonprofit or for-profit organization, has reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect caused by a person over whom he or she regularly exercises supervisory authority, he or she shall report such incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency, provided that the person alleged to have caused the abuse or neglect is employed by, contracted by, or volunteers with the organization and coaches, trains, educates, or counsels a child or children or regularly has unsupervised access to a child or children as part of the employment, contract, or voluntary service. No one shall be required to report under this section when he or she obtains the information solely as a result of a privileged communication as provided in RCW 5.60.060.

Nothing in this subsection (1)(b) shall limit a person's duty to report under (a) of this subsection.

For the purposes of this subsection, the following definitions apply:

- (i) "Official supervisory capacity" means a position, status, or role created, recognized, or designated by any nonprofit or for-profit organization, either for financial gain or without financial gain, whose scope includes, but is not limited to, overseeing, directing, or managing another person who is employed by, contracted by, or volunteers with the nonprofit or for-profit organization.
- (ii) "Regularly exercises supervisory authority" means to act in his or her official supervisory capacity on an ongoing or continuing basis with regards to a particular person.
- (c) The reporting requirement also applies to department of corrections personnel who, in the course of their employment, observe offenders or the children with whom the offenders are in contact. If, as a result of observations or information received in the course of his or her employment, any department of corrections personnel has reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect, he or she shall report the incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in RCW 26.44.040.
- (d) The reporting requirement shall also apply to any adult who has reasonable cause to believe that a child who resides with them, has suffered severe abuse, and is able or capable of making a report. For the purposes of this subsection, "severe abuse" means any of the following: Any single act of abuse that causes physical trauma of sufficient severity that, if left untreated, could cause death; any single act of sexual abuse that causes significant bleeding, deep bruising, or significant external or internal swelling; or more than one act of physical abuse, each of which causes bleeding, deep bruising, significant external or internal swelling, bone fracture, or unconsciousness.

- (e) The reporting requirement also applies to guardians ad litem, including court-appointed special advocates, appointed under Titles 11, 13, and 26 RCW, who in the course of their representation of children in these actions have reasonable cause to believe a child has been abused or neglected.
- (f) The report must be made at the first opportunity, but in no case longer than forty-eight hours after there is reasonable cause to believe that the child has suffered abuse or neglect. The report must include the identity of the accused if known
- (2) The reporting requirement of subsection (1) of this section does not apply to the discovery of abuse or neglect that occurred during childhood if it is discovered after the child has become an adult. However, if there is reasonable cause to believe other children are or may be at risk of abuse or neglect by the accused, the reporting requirement of subsection (1) of this section does apply.
- (3) Any other person who has reasonable cause to believe that a child has suffered abuse or neglect may report such incident to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department of social and health services as provided in RCW 26.44.040.
- (4) The department, upon receiving a report of an incident of alleged abuse or neglect pursuant to this chapter, involving a child who has died or has had physical injury or injuries inflicted upon him or her other than by accidental means or who has been subjected to alleged sexual abuse, shall report such incident to the proper law enforcement agency. In emergency cases, where the child's welfare is endangered, the department shall notify the proper law enforcement agency within twenty-four hours after a report is received by the department. In all other cases, the department shall notify the law enforcement agency within seventy-two hours after a report is received by the department. If the department makes an oral report, a written report must also be made to the proper law enforcement agency within five days thereafter.
- (5) Any law enforcement agency receiving a report of an incident of alleged abuse or neglect pursuant to this chapter, involving a child who has died or has had physical injury or injuries inflicted upon him or her other than by accidental means, or who has been subjected to alleged sexual abuse, shall report such incident in writing as provided in RCW 26.44.040 to the proper county prosecutor or city attorney for appropriate action whenever the law enforcement agency's investigation reveals that a crime may have been committed. The law enforcement agency shall also notify the department of all reports received and the law enforcement agency's disposition of them. In emergency cases, where the child's welfare is endangered, the law enforcement agency shall notify the department within twenty-four hours. In all other cases, the law enforcement agency shall notify the department within seventy-two hours after a report is received by the law enforcement agency.
- (6) Any county prosecutor or city attorney receiving a report under subsection (5) of this section shall notify the victim, any persons the victim requests, and the local office of the department, of the decision to charge or decline to charge a crime, within five days of making the decision.
- (7) The department may conduct ongoing case planning and consultation with those persons or agencies required to report under this section, with consultants designated by the department, and with designated representatives of Washington Indian tribes if the client information exchanged is pertinent to cases

currently receiving child protective services. Upon request, the department shall conduct such planning and consultation with those persons required to report under this section if the department determines it is in the best interests of the child. Information considered privileged by statute and not directly related to reports required by this section must not be divulged without a valid written waiver of the privilege.

- (8) Any case referred to the department by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW on the basis of an expert medical opinion that child abuse, neglect, or sexual assault has occurred and that the child's safety will be seriously endangered if returned home, the department shall file a dependency petition unless a second licensed physician of the parents' choice believes that such expert medical opinion is incorrect. If the parents fail to designate a second physician, the department may make the selection. If a physician finds that a child has suffered abuse or neglect but that such abuse or neglect does not constitute imminent danger to the child's health or safety, and the department agrees with the physician's assessment, the child may be left in the parents' home while the department proceeds with reasonable efforts to remedy parenting deficiencies.
- (9) Persons or agencies exchanging information under subsection (7) of this section shall not further disseminate or release the information except as authorized by state or federal statute. Violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor.
- (10) Upon receiving a report of alleged abuse or neglect, the department shall make reasonable efforts to learn the name, address, and telephone number of each person making a report of abuse or neglect under this section. The department shall provide assurances of appropriate confidentiality of the identification of persons reporting under this section. If the department is unable to learn the information required under this subsection, the department shall only investigate cases in which:
- (a) The department believes there is a serious threat of substantial harm to the child;
- (b) The report indicates conduct involving a criminal offense that has, or is about to occur, in which the child is the victim; or
- (c) The department has a prior founded report of abuse or neglect with regard to a member of the household that is within three years of receipt of the referral.
- (11)(a) For reports of alleged abuse or neglect that are accepted for investigation by the department, the investigation shall be conducted within time frames established by the department in rule. In no case shall the investigation extend longer than ninety days from the date the report is received, unless the investigation is being conducted under a written protocol pursuant to RCW 26.44.180 and a law enforcement agency or prosecuting attorney has determined that a longer investigation period is necessary. At the completion of the investigation, the department shall make a finding that the report of child abuse or neglect is founded or unfounded.
- (b) If a court in a civil or criminal proceeding, considering the same facts or circumstances as are contained in the report being investigated by the department, makes a judicial finding by a preponderance of the evidence or

higher that the subject of the pending investigation has abused or neglected the child, the department shall adopt the finding in its investigation.

- (12) In conducting an investigation of alleged abuse or neglect, the department or law enforcement agency:
- (a) May interview children. The interviews may be conducted on school premises, at day-care facilities, at the child's home, or at other suitable locations outside of the presence of parents. Parental notification of the interview must occur at the earliest possible point in the investigation that will not jeopardize the safety or protection of the child or the course of the investigation. Prior to commencing the interview the department or law enforcement agency shall determine whether the child wishes a third party to be present for the interview and, if so, shall make reasonable efforts to accommodate the child's wishes. Unless the child objects, the department or law enforcement agency shall make reasonable efforts to include a third party in any interview so long as the presence of the third party will not jeopardize the course of the investigation; and
- (b) Shall have access to all relevant records of the child in the possession of mandated reporters and their employees.
- (13) If a report of alleged abuse or neglect is founded and constitutes the third founded report received by the department within the last twelve months involving the same child or family, the department shall promptly notify the office of the family and children's ombudsman of the contents of the report. The department shall also notify the ombudsman of the disposition of the report.
- (14) In investigating and responding to allegations of child abuse and neglect, the department may conduct background checks as authorized by state and federal law.
- (15) The department shall maintain investigation records and conduct timely and periodic reviews of all founded cases of abuse and neglect. The department shall maintain a log of screened-out nonabusive cases.
- (16) The department shall use a risk assessment process when investigating alleged child abuse and neglect referrals. The department shall present the risk factors at all hearings in which the placement of a dependent child is an issue. Substance abuse must be a risk factor. The department shall, within funds appropriated for this purpose, offer enhanced community-based services to persons who are determined not to require further state intervention.
- (17) Upon receipt of a report of alleged abuse or neglect the law enforcement agency may arrange to interview the person making the report and any collateral sources to determine if any malice is involved in the reporting.
- (18) Upon receiving a report of alleged abuse or neglect involving a child under the court's jurisdiction under chapter 13.34 RCW, the department shall promptly notify the child's guardian ad litem of the report's contents. The department shall also notify the guardian ad litem of the disposition of the report. For purposes of this subsection, "guardian ad litem" has the meaning provided in RCW 13.34.030.
- Sec. 2. RCW 13.34.100 and 2000 c 124 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for a child who is the subject of an action under this chapter, unless a court for good cause finds the appointment unnecessary. The requirement of a guardian ad litem may be

deemed satisfied if the child is represented by independent counsel in the proceedings. The court shall attempt to match a child with special needs with a guardian ad litem who has specific training or education related to the child's individual needs.

- (2) If the court does not have available to it a guardian ad litem program with a sufficient number of volunteers, the court may appoint a suitable person to act as guardian ad litem for the child under this chapter. Another party to the proceeding or the party's employee or representative shall not be so appointed.
- (3) Each guardian ad litem program shall maintain a background information record for each guardian ad litem in the program. The background ((file)) information record shall include, but is not limited to, the following information:
 - (a) Level of formal education;
 - (b) General training related to the guardian(('s)) ad litem's duties;
- (c) Specific training related to issues potentially faced by children in the dependency system;
- (d) Specific training or education related to child disability or developmental issues;
 - (e) Number of years' experience as a guardian ad litem;
- (((d))) (f) Number of appointments as a guardian ad litem and the county or counties of appointment;
- (((e))) (g) The names of any counties in which the person was removed from a guardian ad litem registry pursuant to a grievance action, and the name of the court and the cause number of any case in which the court has removed the person for cause; ((and
- (f))) (h) Founded allegations of abuse or neglect as defined in RCW 26.44.020;
- (i) The results of an examination of state and national criminal identification data. The examination shall consist of a background check as allowed through the Washington state criminal records privacy act under RCW 10.97.050, the Washington state patrol criminal identification system under RCW 43.43.832 through 43.43.834, and the federal bureau of investigation. The background check shall be done through the Washington state patrol criminal identification section and must include a national check from the federal bureau of investigation based on the submission of fingerprints; and
- (j) Criminal history, as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, for the period covering ten years prior to the appointment.

The background information ((report)) record shall be updated annually. As a condition of appointment, the guardian ad litem's background information record shall be made available to the court. If the appointed guardian ad litem is not a member of a guardian ad litem program ((the)) a suitable person appointed by the court to act as guardian ad litem shall provide the background information record to the court.

Upon appointment, the guardian ad litem, or guardian ad litem program, shall provide the parties or their attorneys with a ((statement containing: His or her training relating to the duties as a guardian ad litem; the name of any counties in which the person was removed from a guardian ad litem registry pursuant to a grievance action, and the name of the court and the cause number of any ease in which the court has removed the person for cause; and his or her

eriminal history as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 for the period covering ten years prior to the appointment)) copy of the background information record. The portion of the background information record containing the results of the criminal background check and the criminal history shall not be disclosed to the parties or their attorneys. The background ((statement)) information record shall not include identifying information that may be used to harm a guardian ad litem, such as home addresses and home telephone numbers, and for volunteer guardians ad litem the court may allow the use of maiden names or pseudonyms as necessary for their safety.

- (4) The appointment of the guardian ad litem shall remain in effect until the court discharges the appointment or no longer has jurisdiction, whichever comes first. The guardian ad litem may also be discharged upon entry of an order of guardianship.
- (5) A guardian ad litem through counsel, or as otherwise authorized by the court, shall have the right to present evidence, examine and cross-examine witnesses, and to be present at all hearings. A guardian ad litem shall receive copies of all pleadings and other documents filed or submitted to the court, and notice of all hearings according to court rules. The guardian ad litem shall receive all notice contemplated for a parent or other party in all proceedings under this chapter.
- (6) If the child requests legal counsel and is age twelve or older, or if the guardian ad litem or the court determines that the child needs to be independently represented by counsel, the court may appoint an attorney to represent the child's position.
- (7) For the purposes of child abuse prevention and treatment act (42 U.S.C. Secs. 5101 et seq.) grants to this state under P.L. 93-247, or any related state or federal legislation, a person appointed pursuant to RCW 13.34.100 shall be deemed a guardian ad litem to represent the best interests of the minor in proceedings before the court.
- (8) When a court-appointed special advocate or volunteer guardian ad litem is requested on a case, the program shall give the court the name of the person it recommends ((and the appointment shall be effective immediately)). The program shall attempt to match a child with special needs with a guardian ad litem who has specific training or education related to the child's individual needs. The court shall immediately appoint the person recommended by the program.
- (9) If a party in a case reasonably believes the court-appointed special advocate or volunteer guardian ad litem is inappropriate or unqualified, the party may request a review of the appointment by the program. The program must complete the review within five judicial days and remove any appointee for good cause. If the party seeking the review is not satisfied with the outcome of the review, the party may file a motion with the court for the removal of the court-appointed special advocate or volunteer guardian ad litem on the grounds the advocate or volunteer is inappropriate or unqualified.
- Sec. 3. RCW 26.12.175 and 2000 c 124 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) The court may appoint a guardian ad litem to represent the interests of a minor or dependent child when the court believes the appointment of a guardian ad litem is necessary to protect the best interests of the child in any

proceeding under this chapter. The court may appoint a guardian ad litem from the court-appointed special advocate program, if that program exists in the county. The court shall attempt to match a child with special needs with a guardian ad litem who has specific training or education related to the child's individual needs. The family court services professionals may also make a recommendation to the court regarding whether a guardian ad litem should be appointed for the child. ((The court may appoint a guardian ad litem from the court-appointed special advocate program, if that program exists in the county.))

- (b) ((Unless otherwise ordered,)) The guardian ad litem's role is to investigate and report factual information regarding the issues ordered to be reported or investigated to the court ((eoneerning parenting arrangements for the child, and to represent the child's best interests)). The guardian ad litem shall always represent the best interests of the child. Guardians ad litem and investigators under this title may make recommendations based upon ((an independent investigation regarding the best interests of the child)) his or her investigation, which the court may consider and weigh in conjunction with the recommendations of all of the parties. If a child expresses a preference regarding the parenting plan, the guardian ad litem shall report the preferences to the court, together with the facts relative to whether any preferences are being expressed voluntarily and the degree of the child's understanding. The court may require the guardian ad litem to provide periodic reports to the parties regarding the status of his or her investigation. The guardian ad litem shall file his or her report at least sixty days prior to trial.
- (c) The parties to the proceeding may file with the court written responses to any report filed by the guardian ad litem or investigator. The court shall consider any written responses to a report filed by the guardian ad litem or investigator, including any factual information or recommendations provided in the report.
- (d) The court shall enter an order for costs, fees, and disbursements to cover the costs of the guardian ad litem. The court may order either or both parents to pay for the costs of the guardian ad litem, according to their ability to pay. If both parents are indigent, the county shall bear the cost of the guardian, subject to appropriation for guardians' ad litem services by the county legislative authority. Guardians ad litem who are not volunteers shall provide the parties with an itemized accounting of their time and billing for services each month.
- (2)(a) If the guardian ad litem appointed is from the county court-appointed special advocate program, the program shall supervise any guardian ad litem assigned to the case. The court-appointed special advocate program shall be entitled to notice of all proceedings in the case.
- (b) The legislative authority of each county may authorize creation of a court-appointed special advocate program. The county legislative authority may adopt rules of eligibility for court-appointed special advocate program services that are not inconsistent with this section.
- (3) Each guardian ad litem program for compensated guardians ad litem and each court-appointed special advocate program shall maintain a background information record for each guardian ad litem in the program. The background ((file)) information record shall include, but is not limited to, the following information:
 - (a) Level of formal education;
 - (b) General training related to the guardian(('s)) ad litem's duties;

- (c) Specific training related to issues potentially faced by children in dissolution, custody, paternity, and other family law proceedings;
- (d) Specific training or education related to child disability or developmental issues;
 - (e) Number of years' experience as a guardian ad litem;
- (((d))) (f) Number of appointments as a guardian ad litem and county or counties of appointment;
- (((e))) (g) The names of any counties in which the person was removed from a guardian ad litem registry pursuant to a grievance action, and the name of the court and the cause number of any case in which the court has removed the person for cause; ((and
- (f))) (h) Founded allegations of abuse or neglect as defined in RCW 26.44.020;
- (i) The results of an examination that shall consist of a background check as allowed through the Washington state criminal records privacy act under RCW 10.97.050 and the Washington state patrol criminal identification system under RCW 43.43.832 through 43.43.834. This background check shall be done through the Washington state patrol criminal identification section; and
- (j) Criminal history, as defined in RCW 9.94A.030, for the period covering ten years prior to the appointment.

The background information ((report)) record shall be updated annually. As a condition of appointment, the guardian ad litem's background information record shall be made available to the court. If the appointed guardian ad litem is not a member of a guardian ad litem program the person appointed as guardian ad litem shall provide the background information record to the court.

Upon appointment, the guardian ad litem, court-appointed special advocate program or guardian ad litem program, shall provide the parties or their attorneys with a ((statement containing: His or her training relating to the duties as a guardian ad litem; the name of any counties in which the person was removed from a guardian ad litem registry pursuant to a grievance action, and the name of the court and the cause number of any case in which the court has removed the person for cause; and his or her criminal history as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 for the period covering ten years prior to the appointment)) copy of the background information record. The portion of the background information record containing the results of the criminal background check and the criminal history shall not be disclosed to the parties or their attorneys. The background ((statement)) information record shall not include identifying information that may be used to harm a guardian ad litem, such as home addresses and home telephone numbers, and for volunteer guardians ad litem the court may allow the use of maiden names or pseudonyms as necessary for their safety.

- (4) When a court-appointed special advocate or volunteer guardian ad litem is requested on a case, the program shall give the court the name of the person it recommends ((and the appointment shall be effective immediately)). The court shall immediately appoint the person recommended by the program.
- (5) If a party in a case reasonably believes the court-appointed special advocate or volunteer <u>guardian ad litem</u> is inappropriate or unqualified, the party may request a review of the appointment by the program. The program must complete the review within five judicial days and remove any appointee for good cause. If the party seeking the review is not satisfied with the outcome of

the review, the party may file a motion with the court for the removal of the court-appointed special advocate <u>or volunteer guardian ad litem</u> on the grounds the advocate or volunteer is inappropriate or unqualified.

- **Sec. 4.** RCW 26.12.177 and 2007 c 496 s 305 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) All guardians ad litem and investigators appointed under this title must comply with the training requirements established under RCW 2.56.030(15), prior to their appointment in cases under Title 26 RCW, except that volunteer guardians ad litem or court-appointed special advocates may comply with alternative training requirements approved by the administrative office of the courts that meet or exceed the statewide requirements. In cases involving allegations of limiting factors under RCW 26.09.191, the guardians ad litem and investigators appointed under this title must have additional relevant training under RCW 2.56.030(15) and as recommended under RCW 2.53.040, when it is available
- (2)(a) Each guardian ad litem program for compensated guardians ad litem shall establish a rotational registry system for the appointment of guardians ad litem and investigators under this title. If a judicial district does not have a program the court shall establish the rotational registry system. Guardians ad litem and investigators under this title shall be selected from the registry except in exceptional circumstances as determined and documented by the court. The parties may make a joint recommendation for the appointment of a guardian ad litem from the registry.
- (b) In judicial districts with a population over one hundred thousand, a list of three names shall be selected from the registry and given to the parties along with the background information record as specified in RCW 26.12.175(3), including their hourly rate for services. Each party may, within three judicial days, strike one name from the list. If more than one name remains on the list, the court shall make the appointment from the names on the list. In the event all three names are stricken the person whose name appears next on the registry shall be appointed.
- (c) If a party reasonably believes that the appointed guardian ad litem ((laeks the necessary expertise for the proceeding)) is inappropriate or unqualified, charges an hourly rate higher than what is reasonable for the particular proceeding, or has a conflict of interest, the party may, within three judicial days from the appointment, move for substitution of the appointed guardian ad litem by filing a motion with the court.
- (d) Under this section, within either registry referred to in (a) of this subsection, a subregistry may be created that consists of guardians ad litem under contract with the department of social and health services' division of child support. Guardians ad litem on such a subregistry shall be selected and appointed in state-initiated paternity cases only.
- (e) The superior court shall remove any person from the guardian ad litem registry who ((misrepresents)) has been found to have misrepresented his or her qualifications ((pursuant to a grievance procedure established by the court)).
- (3) The rotational registry system shall not apply to court-appointed special advocate programs.

Passed by the Senate April 25, 2009. Passed by the House April 23, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 481

[Senate Bill 5354]

PUBLIC HOSPITAL CAPITAL FACILITY AREAS

AN ACT Relating to public hospital capital facility areas; adding a new chapter to Title 70 RCW; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** PURPOSE. The legislature finds that it is in the interests of the people of the state of Washington to be able to establish public hospital capital facility areas as quasi-municipal corporations and independent taxing units existing within the boundaries of counties composed entirely of islands that receive medical services from an existing public hospital district but are not annexed to an existing public hospital district for the purpose of financing the construction, additions, or betterments of capital hospital facilities or other capital health care facilities.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** DEFINITIONS. (1) "Public hospital capital facility area" means a quasi-municipal corporation and independent taxing authority within the meaning of Article VII, section 1 of the state Constitution, and a taxing district within the meaning of Article VII, section 2 of the state Constitution, created by a county legislative authority of a county composed entirely of islands that receives medical services from a hospital district, but is prevented by geography and the absence of contiguous boundaries from annexing to that district. A public hospital capital facility area may include all or a portion of a city or town.

- (2) "Hospital capital facilities" include both real and personal property including land, buildings, site improvements, equipment, furnishings, collections, and all necessary costs related to acquisition, financing, design, construction, equipping, and remodeling.
- (3) "Other capital health care facilities" means nursing home, extended care, long-term care, outpatient and rehabilitative facilities, ambulances, and such other facilities as are appropriate to the health needs of the population served.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. ESTABLISHING A PUBLIC HOSPITAL CAPITAL FACILITY AREA—BALLOT PROPOSITIONS. (1)(a) Upon receipt of a completed petition to both establish a public hospital capital facility area and submit a ballot proposition under section 7 of this act to finance public hospital capital facilities and other capital health care facilities, the legislative authority of the county in which a proposed public hospital capital facility area is to be established shall submit separate ballot propositions to voters to authorize establishing the proposed public hospital capital facility area and authorizing the public hospital capital facilities or other capital health care facilities by issuing general indebtedness and imposing excess levies to retire the indebtedness. A petition submitted under this section must be accompanied by a written request to

establish a public hospital capital facility area that is signed by a majority of the commissioners of the public hospital district serving the proposed area.

- (b) The ballot propositions must be submitted to voters of the proposed public hospital capital facility area at a general or special election. If the proposed election date is not a general election, the county legislative authority is encouraged to request an election when another unit of local government with territory located in the proposed public hospital capital facility area is already holding a special election under RCW 29A.04.330. Approval of the ballot proposition to create a public hospital capital facility area requires a simple majority vote by the voters participating in the election.
 - (2) A completed petition submitted under this section must include:
- (a) A description of the boundaries of the public hospital capital facility area; and
- (b) A copy of a resolution of the legislative authority of each city, town, and hospital district with territory in the proposed public hospital capital facility area indicating both: (i) Approval of the creation of the proposed public hospital capital facility area; and (ii) agreement on how election costs will be paid for ballot propositions to voters that authorize the public hospital capital facility area to incur general indebtedness and impose excess levies to retire the general indebtedness.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. PETITION FOR LESSER AREA— PROCEDURE. Any petition for the formation of a public hospital capital facility area may describe an area less than the entire county in which the petition is filed, the boundaries of which must follow the then existing precinct boundaries and not divide any voting precinct; and in the event that a petition is filed containing not less than ten percent of the voters of the proposed public hospital capital facility area who voted at the last general election, certified by the auditor in like manner as for a countywide district, the board of county commissioners shall fix a date for a hearing on the petition, and shall publish the petition, without the signatures thereto appended, for two weeks prior to the date of the hearing, together with a notice stating the time of the meeting when the petition will be heard. Publications required by this chapter must be in a newspaper published in the proposed public hospital capital facility area, or, if there be no such newspaper, then in a newspaper published in the county in which the public hospital capital facility area is situated, and of general circulation in that county. The hearing on the petition may be adjourned from time to time, not exceeding four weeks in all. If upon the final hearing the board of county commissioners finds that any lands have been unjustly or improperly included within the proposed public hospital capital facility area the board shall change and fix the boundary lines in such manner as it deems reasonable and just and conducive to the welfare and convenience, and make and enter an order establishing and defining the boundary lines of the proposed public hospital capital facility area: PROVIDED, That no lands may be included within the boundaries so fixed lying outside the boundaries described in the petition, except upon the written request of the owners of those lands.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** GOVERNING BODY. The governing body of the public hospital capital facility area must consist of three members of the county legislative authority from each county in which the public hospital

capital facility area is located. In counties that have more than three members of their legislative body, the three members who serve on the governing body of the public hospital capital facility area must be chosen by the full membership of the county legislative authority.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. AUTHORITY TO CONSTRUCT, ACQUIRE, PURCHASE, MAINTAIN, ADD TO, AND REMODEL FACILITIES—INTERLOCAL AGREEMENTS—LEGAL TITLE. A public hospital capital facility area may construct, acquire, purchase, maintain, add to, and remodel public hospital capital facilities, and the governing body of the public hospital capital facility area may, by interlocal agreement or otherwise, contract with a county, city, town, or public hospital district to design, administer the construction of, operate, or maintain a public hospital capital facility or other capital health care facilities or other capital health care facilities acquired or constructed pursuant to this chapter may be transferred, acquired, or held by the public hospital capital facility area or by a county, city, town, or public hospital district in which the facility is located and receives service.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. FINANCING—BONDS AUTHORIZED. (1) A public hospital capital facility area may contract indebtedness or borrow money to finance public hospital capital facilities and other capital health care facilities and may issue general obligation bonds for such purpose not exceeding an amount, together with any existing indebtedness of the public hospital capital facility area, equal to one and one-quarter percent of the value of the taxable property in the public hospital capital facility area and impose excess property tax levies to retire the general indebtedness as provided in RCW 39.36.050 if a ballot proposition authorizing both the indebtedness and excess levies is approved by at least three-fifths of the voters of the public hospital capital facility area voting on the proposition, and the total number of voters voting on the proposition constitutes not less than forty percent of the total number of voters in the public hospital capital facility area voting at the last preceding general election. The term "value of the taxable property" has the meaning set forth in RCW 39.36.015. The proposition must be submitted to voters at a general or special election and may be submitted to voters at the same election as the election when the ballot proposition authorizing the establishing of the public hospital capital facility area is submitted. If the proposed election date is not a general election, the county legislative authority is encouraged to request an election when another unit of local government with territory located in the proposed public hospital capital facility area is already holding a special election under RCW 29A.04.330.

(2) A public hospital capital facility area may accept gifts or grants of money or property of any kind for the same purposes for which it is authorized to borrow money in subsection (1) of this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** DISSOLUTION OF PUBLIC HOSPITAL CAPITAL FACILITY AREA. (1) A public hospital capital facility area may be dissolved by a majority vote of the governing body when all obligations under any general obligation bonds issued by the public hospital capital facility area have been discharged and any other contractual obligations of the public hospital

capital facility area have either been discharged or assumed by another governmental entity.

(2) A public hospital capital facility area must be dissolved by the governing body if the first two ballot propositions under section 7 of this act that are submitted to voters are not approved.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** LIMITATIONS ON LEGAL CHALLENGES. Unless commenced within thirty days after the date of the filing of the certificate of the canvass of an election on the proposition of creating a new public hospital capital facility area pursuant to this chapter, no lawsuit whatever may be maintained challenging in any way the legal existence of the public hospital capital facility area or the validity of the proceedings had for the organization and creation thereof. If the creation of a public hospital capital facility area is not challenged within the period specified in this section, the public hospital capital facility area conclusively must be deemed duly and regularly organized under the laws of this state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. TREASURER—DUTIES—FUNDS—DEPOSITARIES—SURETY BONDS, COST. (1) The treasurer of the county in which a public hospital capital facility area is located shall be treasurer of the public hospital capital facility area, except that the commission of the public hospital district in which the facility area is located by resolution may designate some other person having experience in financial or fiscal matters as treasurer of the public hospital capital facility area. If the treasurer is not the county treasurer, the commission shall require a bond, with a surety company authorized to do business in the state of Washington, in an amount and under the terms and conditions which the commission by resolution from time to time finds will protect the public hospital capital facility area against loss. The premium on any such bond must be paid by the public hospital capital facility area.

- (2) All public hospital capital facility area funds must be paid to the treasurer and must be disbursed by him or her only on warrants issued by an auditor appointed by the commission, upon orders or vouchers approved by it. The treasurer shall establish a public hospital capital facility area fund, into which all public hospital capital facility area funds must be paid, and he or she shall maintain such special funds as may be created by the commission, into which he or she shall place all money as the commission may, by resolution, direct.
- (3) If the treasurer of the district is the treasurer of the county all public hospital capital facility area funds must be deposited with the county depositaries under the same restrictions, contracts, and security as provided for county depositaries. If the treasurer of the public hospital capital facility area is some other person, all funds must be deposited in a bank or banks authorized to do business in this state as the commission by resolution designates, and with surety bond to the public hospital capital facility area or securities in lieu thereof of the kind, no less in amount, for deposit of county funds. The surety bond or securities in lieu thereof must be filed or deposited with the treasurer of the public hospital capital facility area, and approved by resolution of the commission.

- (4) All interest collected on public hospital capital facility area funds belong to the public hospital capital facility area and be deposited to its credit in the proper public hospital capital facility area funds.
- (5) A public hospital capital facility area may provide and require a reasonable bond of any other person handling moneys or securities of the public hospital capital facility area. The public hospital capital facility area may pay the premium on the bond.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. CONTRACTING WITH OTHER ENTITIES TO PROVIDE SERVICES FACILITIES. Any public hospital capital facility area may contract or join with any public hospital district, publicly owned hospital, nonprofit hospital, legal entity, or individual to acquire, own, operate, manage, or provide any hospital or other health care facilities or hospital services or other health care services to be used by individuals, districts, hospitals, or others, including providing health maintenance services. If a public hospital capital facility area chooses to contract or join with another party or parties pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, it may do so through establishing a nonprofit corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or other legal entity of its choosing in which the public hospital capital facility area and the other party or parties participate. The governing body of the legal entity must include representatives of the public hospital capital facility area, which representatives may include members of the public hospital district's board of commissioners. A public hospital capital facility area contracting or joining with another party pursuant to the provisions of this chapter may appropriate funds and may sell, lease, or otherwise provide property, personnel, and services to the legal entity established to carry out the contract or joint activity.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** Sections 1 through 11 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 70 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** Captions used in this act are not any part of the law.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

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CHAPTER 482

[Substitute Senate Bill 5431]

OUT-OF-HOME CARE—SUBSEQUENT FOSTER HOME PLACEMENT

AN ACT Relating to subsequent foster family home placements; amending RCW 74.13.290; and adding a new section to chapter 13.34 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 74.13.290 and 1990 c 284 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) To provide stability to children in out-of-home care, placement selection shall be made with a view toward the fewest possible placements for each child. If possible, the initial placement shall be viewed as the only placement for the child. Pursuant to RCW 13.34.060 and 13.34.130, placement of the child with a relative or other suitable person is the preferred option. The use of short-term interim placements of thirty days or less to protect the child's health or safety while the placement of choice is being arranged is not a violation of this principle.
- (2) If a child has been previously placed in out-of-home care and is subsequently returned to out-of-home care, and the department cannot locate an appropriate and available relative or other suitable person, the preferred placement for the child is in a foster family home where the child previously was placed, if the following conditions are met:
 - (a) The foster family home is available and willing to care for the child;
 - (b) The foster family is appropriate and able to meet the child's needs; and
 - (c) The placement is in the best interest of the child.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 13.34 RCW to read as follows:
- If a child has been previously placed in out-of-home care and is subsequently returned to out-of-home care, and the department cannot locate an appropriate and available relative or other suitable person, the preferred placement for the child is in a foster family home where the child previously was placed, if the following conditions are met:
 - (1) The foster family home is available and willing to care for the child;
 - (2) The foster family is appropriate and able to meet the child's needs; and
 - (3) The placement is in the best interest of the child.

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CHAPTER 483

[Senate Bill 5470]

SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTION—LOW-INCOME SENIOR CITIZENS

AN ACT Relating to providing sales and use tax exemptions for senior residents of qualified low-income senior housing facilities; amending RCW 82.08.0293, 82.08.195, 82.12.0293, and 82.12.195; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that low-income senior citizens are one of the most vulnerable segments of our population who often find it difficult to find safe and clean housing that is also affordable. The federal government has identified this population as being at risk. The federal government provides income tax credits and favorable financing to encourage developers and operators to provide safe and clean housing for our low-income senior citizens. There are only four such facilities in the state, and it is doubtful that any new ones will be built in the future. These four facilities offer "service packages" to their residents, which may include meals, housekeeping,

recreation, laundry, and transportation. Washington's sales and use tax law provides generally that when multiple goods and services are offered for one nonitemized price, the entire transaction is subject to sales or use tax if any of the component goods or services are subject to sales tax. Consequently, in order to provide tax relief to these vulnerable tenants, the legislature intends to establish sales and use tax exemptions for the sale of service packages and to meals sold outside of a service package when provided by the lessor or operator of these senior housing facilities to tenants who are at least sixty-two years old.

- Sec. 2. RCW 82.08.0293 and 2004 c 153 s 201 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to sales of food and food ingredients. "Food and food ingredients" means substances, whether in liquid, concentrated, solid, frozen, dried, or dehydrated form, that are sold for ingestion or chewing by humans and are consumed for their taste or nutritional value. "Food and food ingredients" does not include:
- (a) "Alcoholic beverages," which means beverages that are suitable for human consumption and contain one-half of one percent or more of alcohol by volume; and
- (b) "Tobacco," which means cigarettes, cigars, chewing or pipe tobacco, or any other item that contains tobacco.
- (2) The exemption of "food and food ingredients" provided for in subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to prepared food, soft drinks, or dietary supplements.
 - (a) "Prepared food" means:
 - (i) Food sold in a heated state or heated by the seller;
- (ii) Food sold with eating utensils provided by the seller, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws. A plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food; or
- (iii) Two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single item, except:
 - (A) Food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller; or
- (B) Raw eggs, fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the federal food and drug administration in chapter 3, part 401.11 of The Food Code, published by the food and drug administration, as amended or renumbered as of January 1, 2003, so as to prevent foodborne illness.
- (b) "Prepared food" does not include the following food or food ingredients, if the food or food ingredients are sold without eating utensils provided by the seller:
- (i) Food sold by a seller whose proper primary North American industry classification system (NAICS) classification is manufacturing in sector 311, except subsector 3118 (bakeries), as provided in the "North American industry classification system—United States, 2002";
 - (ii) Food sold in an unheated state by weight or volume as a single item; or
- (iii) Bakery items. The term "bakery items" includes bread, rolls, buns, biscuits, bagels, croissants, pastries, donuts, Danish, cakes, tortes, pies, tarts, muffins, bars, cookies, or tortillas.
- (c) "Soft drinks" means nonalcoholic beverages that contain natural or artificial sweeteners. Soft drinks do not include beverages that contain: Milk or

milk products; soy, rice, or similar milk substitutes; or greater than fifty percent of vegetable or fruit juice by volume.

- - (i) Contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:
 - (A) A vitamin;
 - (B) A mineral;
 - (C) An herb or other botanical;
 - (D) An amino acid;
- (E) A dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total dietary intake; or
- (F) A concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient described in this subsection;
- (ii) Is intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder, softgel, gelcap, or liquid form, or if not intended for ingestion in such form, is not represented as conventional food and is not represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and
- (iii) Is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement, identifiable by the "supplement facts" box found on the label as required pursuant to 21 C.F.R. Sec. 101.36, as amended or renumbered as of January 1, 2003.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, the exemption of "food and food ingredients" provided in this section shall apply to food and food ingredients that are furnished, prepared, or served as meals:
- (a) Under a state administered nutrition program for the aged as provided for in the Older Americans Act (P.L. 95-478 Title III) and RCW 74.38.040(6); ((or))
- (b) That are provided to senior citizens, ((disabled persons)) <u>individuals</u> with <u>disabilities</u>, or low-income persons by a not-for-profit organization organized under chapter 24.03 or 24.12 RCW; or
- (c) That are provided to residents, sixty-two years of age or older, of a qualified low-income senior housing facility by the lessor or operator of the facility. The sale of a meal that is billed to both spouses of a marital community or both domestic partners of a domestic partnership meets the age requirement in this subsection (3)(c) if at least one of the spouses or domestic partners is at least sixty-two years of age. For purposes of this subsection, "qualified low-income senior housing facility" means a facility:
- (i) That meets the definition of a qualified low-income housing project under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 42 of the federal internal revenue code, as existing on the effective date of this act;
- (ii) That has been partially funded under Title 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1485 of the federal internal revenue code; and
- (iii) For which the lessor or operator has at any time been entitled to claim a federal income tax credit under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 42 of the federal internal revenue code.
- (4)(a) Subsection (1) of this section notwithstanding, the retail sale of food and food ingredients is subject to sales tax under RCW 82.08.020 if the food and food ingredients are sold through a vending machine, and in this case the selling price for purposes of RCW 82.08.020 is fifty-seven percent of the gross receipts.

- (b) This subsection (4) does not apply to hot prepared food and food ingredients, other than food and food ingredients which are heated after they have been dispensed from the vending machine.
- (c) For tax collected under this subsection (4), the requirements that the tax be collected from the buyer and that the amount of tax be stated as a separate item are waived.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 82.08.195 and 2007 c 6 s 1402 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, a bundled transaction is subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 if the retail sale of any of its component products would be subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020.
- (2) The transactions described in RCW 82.08.190(4) (a) and (b) are subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 if the service that is the true object of the transaction is subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020. If the service that is the true object of the transaction is not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020, the transaction is not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020.
- (3) The transaction described in RCW 82.08.190(4)(c) is not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020.
- (4) The transaction described in RCW 82.08.190(4)(d) is not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020.
- (5) In the case of a bundled transaction that includes any of the following: Telecommunications service, ancillary service, internet access, or audio or video programming service:
- (a) If the price is attributable to products that are taxable and products that are not taxable, the portion of the price attributable to the nontaxable products are subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 unless the seller can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the portion from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for other purposes including, but not limited to, nontax purposes;
- (b) If the price is attributable to products that are subject to tax at different tax rates, the total price is attributable to the products subject to the tax at the highest tax rate unless the seller can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the portion of the price attributable to the products subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 at the lower rate from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for other purposes including, but not limited to, nontax purposes.
- (6) The tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply in respect to a bundled transaction consisting entirely of the sale of services or of services and prepared food, if the sale is to a resident, sixty-two years of age or older, of a qualified low-income senior housing facility by the lessor or operator of the facility. A single bundled transaction involving both spouses of a marital community or both domestic partners of a domestic partnership meets the age requirement in this subsection if at least one of the spouses or domestic partners is at least sixty-two years of age. For purposes of this subsection, "qualified low-income senior housing facility" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.08.0293.

- **Sec. 4.** RCW 82.12.0293 and 2003 c 168 s 303 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply in respect to the use of food and food ingredients for human consumption. "Food and food ingredients" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.08.0293.
- (2) The exemption of "food and food ingredients" provided for in subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to prepared food, soft drinks, or dietary supplements. "Prepared food," "soft drinks," and "dietary supplements" have the same meanings as in RCW 82.08.0293.
- (3) Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, the exemption of "food and food ingredients" provided in this section shall apply to food and food ingredients which are furnished, prepared, or served as meals:
- (a) Under a state administered nutrition program for the aged as provided for in the <u>o</u>lder <u>a</u>mericans <u>a</u>ct (P.L. 95-478 Title III) and RCW 74.38.040(6); ((or))
- (b) Which are provided to senior citizens, ((disabled persons)) individuals with disabilities, or low-income persons by a not-for-profit organization organized under chapter 24.03 or 24.12 RCW; or
- (c) That are provided to residents, sixty-two years of age or older, of a qualified low-income senior housing facility by the lessor or operator of the facility. The sale of a meal that is billed to both spouses of a marital community or both domestic partners of a domestic partnership meets the age requirement in this subsection (3)(c) if at least one of the spouses or domestic partners is at least sixty-two years of age. For purposes of this subsection, "qualified low-income senior housing facility" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.08.0293.
- Sec. 5. RCW 82.12.195 and 2007 c 6 s 1403 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the use of each product acquired in a bundled transaction is subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020 if the use of any of its component products is subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020.
- (2) The use of each product acquired in a transaction described in RCW 82.08.190(4) (a) or (b) is subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020 if the service that is the true object of the transaction is subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020. If the service that is the true object of the transaction is not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020, the use of each product acquired in the transaction is not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020.
- (3) The use of each product acquired in a transaction described in RCW 82.08.190(4)(c) is not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020.
- (4) The use of each product in a transaction described in RCW 82.08.190(4)(d) is not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020.
- (5) The tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020 does not apply in respect to the use of each product acquired in a bundled transaction consisting entirely of the sale of services or of services and prepared food, if the products are provided to a resident, sixty-two years of age or older, of a qualified low-income senior housing facility by the lessor or operator of the facility. A single bundled transaction involving both spouses of a marital community or both domestic partners of a domestic partnership meets the age requirement in this subsection if at least one of the spouses or domestic partners is at least sixty-two years of age.

For purposes of this subsection, "qualified low-income senior housing facility" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.08.0293.

(6) The definitions in RCW 82.08.190 apply to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act takes effect August 1, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 19, 2009.

Passed by the House April 23, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 484

[Substitute Senate Bill 5510]

DEPENDENCY PROCEEDINGS—NOTIFICATION

AN ACT Relating to notification in dependency matters; and adding a new section to chapter $13.34\ RCW$.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 13.34 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) After entry of a dispositional order pursuant to RCW 13.34.130 ordering placement of a child in out-of-home care, the department shall continue to encourage the parent, guardian, or custodian of the child to engage in services and maintain contact with the child, which shall be accomplished by attaching a standard notice to the services and safety plan to be provided in advance of hearings conducted pursuant to RCW 13.34.138.
- (2) The notice shall be photocopied on contrasting paper to distinguish it from the services and safety plan to which it is attached, and shall be in substantially the following form:

"NOTICE

If you have not been maintaining consistent contact with your child in outof-home care, your ability to reunify with your child may be jeopardized. If this is your situation, you need to be aware that you have important legal rights and must take steps to protect your interests.

- 1. The department of social and health services (or other supervising agency) and the court have created a permanency plan for your child, including a primary placement plan and a secondary placement plan, and recommending services needed before your child can be placed in the primary or secondary placement. If you want the court to order that your child be reunified with you, you should notify your lawyer and the department, and you should carefully comply with court orders for services and participate regularly in visitation with your child. Failure to promptly engage in services or to maintain contact with your child may lead to the filing of a petition to terminate your rights as a parent.
- 2. Primary and secondary permanency plans are intended to run at the same time so that your child will have a permanent home as quickly as possible. Even if you want another parent or person to be the primary placement choice for your child, you should tell your lawyer, the department, and the court if you want to be the secondary placement option, and you should comply with any court orders for services and participate in visitation with your child. Early and

consistent involvement in your child's case plan is important for the well-being of your child.

3. Dependency review hearings, and all other dependency case hearings, are legal proceedings with potentially serious consequences. Failure to participate, respond, or comply with court orders may lead to the loss of your parental rights."

Passed by the Senate April 26, 2009. Passed by the House April 25, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 485

[Substitute Senate Bill 5574]
MOTOR VEHICLE RECORDING DEVICES

AN ACT Relating to protecting consumer data in motor vehicles; amending RCW 46.63.020; adding a new chapter to Title 46 RCW; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Recording device" means an electronic system, and the physical device or mechanism containing the electronic system, that primarily, or incidental to its primary function, preserves or records, in electronic form, data collected by sensors or provided by other systems within a motor vehicle. "Recording device" includes event data recorders, sensing and diagnostic modules, electronic control modules, automatic crash notification systems, geographic information systems, and any other device that records and preserves data that can be accessed related to that motor vehicle. "Recording device" does not include onboard diagnostic systems whose exclusive function is to capture fault codes used to diagnose or service the motor vehicle.
 - (2) "Owner" means:
- (a) A person having all the incidents of ownership, including legal title, of a motor vehicle, whether or not the person lends, rents, or creates a security interest in the motor vehicle;
- (b) A person entitled to the possession of a motor vehicle as the purchaser under a security agreement;
- (c) A person entitled to possession of a motor vehicle as a lessee pursuant to a written lease agreement for a period of more than three months; or
- (d) If a third party requests access to a recording device to investigate a collision, the owner of the motor vehicle at the time the collision occurred.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** (1) A manufacturer of a motor vehicle sold or leased in this state, that is equipped with one or more recording devices, shall disclose in the owner's manual that the motor vehicle is equipped with one or more recording devices and, if so, the type of data recorded and whether the recording device or devices have the ability to transmit information to a central communications system or other external device.

- (2) If a recording device is used as part of a subscription service, the subscription service agreement must disclose the type of information that the device may record or transmit.
- (3) A disclosure made in writing is deemed a disclosure in the owner's manual.
- (4) If a recording device is to be installed in a vehicle aftermarket, the manufacturer or distributor of the device shall disclose in the product manual the type of information that the device may record and whether the recording device has the ability to transmit information to a central communications system or other external device.
- (5) A disclosure made in writing is deemed a disclosure in the product manual.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** (1) Information recorded or transmitted by a recording device may not be retrieved, downloaded, scanned, read, or otherwise accessed by a person other than the owner of the motor vehicle in which the recording device is installed except:
- (a) Upon a court order or pursuant to discovery. Any information recorded or transmitted by a recording device and obtained by a court order or pursuant to discovery is private and confidential and is not subject to public disclosure;
- (b) With the consent of the owner, given for a specific instance of access, for any purpose;
- (c) For improving motor vehicle safety, including medical research on the human body's reaction to motor vehicle collisions, if the identity of the motor vehicle or the owner or driver of the motor vehicle is not disclosed in connection with the retrieved information;
- (d) For determining the need for or facilitating emergency medical response if a motor vehicle collision occurs, provided that the information retrieved is used solely for medical purposes; or
- (e) For subscription services pursuant to an agreement in which disclosure required under section 2 of this act has been made, provided that the information retrieved is used solely for the purposes of fulfilling the subscription service.
 - (2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(c) of this section:
- (a) The disclosure of a motor vehicle's vehicle identification number with the last six digits deleted or redacted is not a disclosure of the identity of the owner or driver; and
 - (b) Retrieved information may only be disclosed to a data processor.
- (3) Information that can be associated with an individual and that is recorded or transmitted by a recording device may not be sold to a third party unless the owner of the information explicitly grants permission for the sale.
 - (4) Any person who violates this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** The legislature finds that the practices covered by this chapter are matters vitally affecting the public interest for the purpose of applying chapter 19.86 RCW. A violation of this chapter is not reasonable in relation to the development and preservation of business and is an unfair or deceptive act in trade or commerce and an unfair method of competition for the purpose of applying chapter 19.86 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A manufacturer of a motor vehicle sold or leased in this state that is equipped with a recording device shall ensure by licensing

agreement or other means that a tool or tools are available that are capable of accessing and retrieving the information stored in a recording device. The tool or tools must be commercially available no later than ninety days after the effective date of this section.

Sec. 6. RCW 46.63.020 and 2008 c 282 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

Failure to perform any act required or the performance of any act prohibited by this title or an equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution relating to traffic including parking, standing, stopping, and pedestrian offenses, is designated as a traffic infraction and may not be classified as a criminal offense, except for an offense contained in the following provisions of this title or a violation of an equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution:

- (1) RCW 46.09.120(2) relating to the operation of a nonhighway vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance;
 - (2) RCW 46.09.130 relating to operation of nonhighway vehicles;
- (3) RCW 46.10.090(2) relating to the operation of a snowmobile while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or narcotics or habit-forming drugs or in a manner endangering the person of another;
 - (4) RCW 46.10.130 relating to the operation of snowmobiles;
- (5) Chapter 46.12 RCW relating to certificates of ownership and registration and markings indicating that a vehicle has been destroyed or declared a total loss;
- (6) RCW 46.16.010 relating to the nonpayment of taxes and fees by failure to register a vehicle and falsifying residency when registering a motor vehicle;
 - (7) RCW 46.16.011 relating to permitting unauthorized persons to drive;
 - (8) RCW 46.16.160 relating to vehicle trip permits;
- (9) RCW 46.16.381(2) relating to knowingly providing false information in conjunction with an application for a special placard or license plate for disabled persons' parking;
 - (10) RCW 46.20.005 relating to driving without a valid driver's license;
- (11) RCW 46.20.091 relating to false statements regarding a driver's license or instruction permit;
- (12) RCW 46.20.0921 relating to the unlawful possession and use of a driver's license;
- (13) RCW 46.20.342 relating to driving with a suspended or revoked license or status;
- (14) RCW 46.20.345 relating to the operation of a motor vehicle with a suspended or revoked license;
- (15) RCW 46.20.410 relating to the violation of restrictions of an occupational driver's license, temporary restricted driver's license, or ignition interlock driver's license;
- (16) RCW 46.20.740 relating to operation of a motor vehicle without an ignition interlock device in violation of a license notation that the device is required;
 - (17) RCW 46.20.750 relating to circumventing an ignition interlock device;
 - (18) RCW 46.25.170 relating to commercial driver's licenses;
 - (19) Chapter 46.29 RCW relating to financial responsibility;

- (20) RCW 46.30.040 relating to providing false evidence of financial responsibility;
- (21) RCW 46.37.435 relating to wrongful installation of sunscreening material;
- (22) RCW 46.37.650 relating to the sale, resale, distribution, or installation of a previously deployed air bag;
- (23) RCW 46.37.671 through 46.37.675 relating to signal preemption devices:
 - (24) RCW 46.44.180 relating to operation of mobile home pilot vehicles;
 - (25) RCW 46.48.175 relating to the transportation of dangerous articles;
- (26) RCW 46.52.010 relating to duty on striking an unattended car or other property;
- (27) RCW 46.52.020 relating to duty in case of injury to or death of a person or damage to an attended vehicle;
- (28) RCW 46.52.090 relating to reports by repairmen, storagemen, and appraisers;
- (29) RCW 46.52.130 relating to confidentiality of the driving record to be furnished to an insurance company, an employer, and an alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency;
- (30) RCW 46.55.020 relating to engaging in the activities of a registered tow truck operator without a registration certificate;
 - (31) RCW 46.55.035 relating to prohibited practices by tow truck operators:
 - (32) RCW 46.55.300 relating to vehicle immobilization;
- (33) RCW 46.61.015 relating to obedience to police officers, flaggers, or firefighters;
- (34) RCW 46.61.020 relating to refusal to give information to or cooperate with an officer;
- (35) RCW 46.61.022 relating to failure to stop and give identification to an officer;
- (36) RCW 46.61.024 relating to attempting to elude pursuing police vehicles;
 - (37) RCW 46.61.500 relating to reckless driving;
- (38) RCW 46.61.502 and 46.61.504 relating to persons under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;
- (39) RCW 46.61.503 relating to a person under age twenty-one driving a motor vehicle after consuming alcohol;
 - (40) RCW 46.61.520 relating to vehicular homicide by motor vehicle;
 - (41) RCW 46.61.522 relating to vehicular assault;
 - (42) RCW 46.61.5249 relating to first degree negligent driving;
- (43) RCW 46.61.527(4) relating to reckless endangerment of roadway workers;
 - (44) RCW 46.61.530 relating to racing of vehicles on highways;
 - (45) RCW 46.61.655(7) (a) and (b) relating to failure to secure a load;
- (46) RCW 46.61.685 relating to leaving children in an unattended vehicle with the motor running;
 - (47) RCW 46.61.740 relating to theft of motor vehicle fuel;
- (48) RCW 46.64.010 relating to unlawful cancellation of or attempt to cancel a traffic citation;

- (49) RCW 46.64.048 relating to attempting, aiding, abetting, coercing, and committing crimes;
 - (50) Chapter 46.65 RCW relating to habitual traffic offenders;
 - (51) RCW 46.68.010 relating to false statements made to obtain a refund;
 - (52) Section 3 of this act relating to recording device information;
- (53) Chapter 46.70 RCW relating to unfair motor vehicle business practices, except where that chapter provides for the assessment of monetary penalties of a civil nature:
- $(((\frac{53}{2})))$ (54) Chapter 46.72 RCW relating to the transportation of passengers in for hire vehicles;
 - (((54))) <u>(55)</u> RCW 46.72A.060 relating to limousine carrier insurance;
- (((55))) (56) RCW 46.72A.070 relating to operation of a limousine without a vehicle certificate;
- $((\frac{(56)}{)}))$ (57) RCW 46.72A.080 relating to false advertising by a limousine carrier;
 - (((57))) (58) Chapter 46.80 RCW relating to motor vehicle wreckers;
 - (((58))) (59) Chapter 46.82 RCW relating to driver's training schools;
- (((59))) (60) RCW 46.87.260 relating to alteration or forgery of a cab card, letter of authority, or other temporary authority issued under chapter 46.87 RCW;
- (((60))) (<u>61</u>) RCW 46.87.290 relating to operation of an unregistered or unlicensed vehicle under chapter 46.87 RCW.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** Sections 1 through 5 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 46 RCW.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** Sections 1 through 4 and 6 of this act take effect July 1, 2010.

Passed by the Senate April 25, 2009.

Passed by the House April 25, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 486

[Substitute Senate Bill 5723] SMALL BUSINESS ASSISTANCE

AN ACT Relating to providing support for small business assistance; amending RCW 28B.30.530, 30.60.010, 39.29.006, 39.29.011, 39.29.018, 39.29.065, 43.19.1905, 43.19.1908, 43.78.110, 43.105.041, and 43.105.020; adding a new section to chapter 28B.30 RCW; and creating new sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- Sec. 1. RCW 28B.30.530 and 1984 c 77 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The board of regents of Washington State University shall establish the Washington State University small business development center.
- (2) The center shall provide management and technical assistance including but not limited to training, counseling, and research services to small businesses throughout the state. The center shall work with ((public and private community development and economic assistance agencies and shall work towards the goal

of coordinating activities with such agencies to avoid duplication of services)) the department of community, trade, and economic development, the state board for community and technical colleges, the higher education coordinating board, the workforce training and education coordinating board, the employment security department, the Washington state economic development commission, associate development organizations, and workforce development councils to:

- (a) Integrate small business development centers with other state and local economic development and workforce development programs;
 - (b) Target the centers' services to small businesses;
- (c) Tailor outreach and services at each center to the needs and demographics of entrepreneurs and small businesses located within the service area:
- (d) Establish and expand small business development center satellite offices when financially feasible; and
 - (e) Coordinate delivery of services to avoid duplication.
- (3) The administrator of the center may contract with other public or private entities for the provision of specialized services.
- (4) The small business ((and)) development center may accept and disburse federal grants or federal matching funds or other funds or donations from any source when made, granted, or donated to carry out the center's purposes. When drawing on funds from the business assistance account created in section 3 [2] of this act, the center must first use the funds to make increased management and technical assistance available to small and start-up businesses at satellite offices. The funds may also be used to develop and expand assistance programs such as small business planning workshops and small business counseling.
- (5) The legislature directs the small business development center to request United States small business administration approval of a special emphasis initiative, as permitted under 13 CFR 130.340(c) as of April 1, 2009, to target assistance to Washington state's smaller businesses. This initiative would be negotiated and included in the first cooperative agreement application process that occurs after the effective date of this section.
- (6) By December 1, 2009, and December 1, 2010, respectively, the center shall provide a written progress report and a final report to the appropriate committees of the legislature with respect to the requirements in subsections (2) and (5) of this section and the amount and use of funding received through the business assistance account. The reports must also include data on the number, location, staffing, and budget levels of satellite offices; affiliations with community colleges, associate development organizations or other local organizations; the number, size, and type of small businesses assisted; and the types of services provided. The reports must also include information on the outcomes achieved, such as jobs created or retained, private capital invested, and return on the investment of state and federal dollars.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.30 RCW to read as follows:

The business assistance account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. Expenditures from the account may be used only for the expansion of business assistance services delivered by the small business development center created in RCW 28B.30.530. Only the administrator of the center or the administrator's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The

account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

- **Sec. 3.** RCW 30.60.010 and 2008 c 240 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) In conducting an examination of a bank chartered under Title 30 RCW, the director shall investigate and assess the record of performance of the bank in meeting the credit needs of the bank's entire community, including low and moderate-income neighborhoods. The director shall accept, in lieu of an investigation or part of an investigation required by this section, any report or document that the bank is required to prepare or file with one or more federal agencies by the act of Congress entitled the "Community Reinvestment Act of 1977" and the regulations promulgated in accordance with that act, to the extent such reports or documents assist the director in making an assessment based upon the factors outlined in subsection (2) of this section.
- (2) In making an investigation required under subsection (1) of this section, the director shall consider, independent of any federal determination, the following factors in assessing the bank's record of performance:
- (a) Activities conducted by the institution to ascertain credit needs of its community, including the extent of the institution's efforts to communicate with members of its community regarding the credit services being provided by the institution;
- (b) The extent of the institution's marketing and special credit related programs to make members of the community aware of the credit services offered by the institution;
- (c) The extent of participation by the institution's board of directors in formulating the institution's policies and reviewing its performance with respect to the purposes of the Community Reinvestment Act of 1977;
- (d) Any practices intended to discourage applications for types of credit set forth in the institution's community reinvestment act statement(s);
- (e) The geographic distribution of the institution's credit extensions, credit applications, and credit denials;
 - (f) Evidence of prohibited discriminatory or other illegal credit practices;
- (g) The institution's record of opening and closing offices and providing services at offices:
- (h) The institution's participation, including investments, in local community and microenterprise development projects;
- (i) The institution's origination of residential mortgage loans, housing rehabilitation loans, home improvement loans, and small business or small farm loans within its community, or the purchase of such loans originated in its community;
- (j) The institution's participation in governmentally insured, guaranteed, or subsidized loan programs for housing, small businesses, or small farms;
- (k) The institution's ability to meet various community credit needs based on its financial condition, size, legal impediments, local economic condition, and other factors;
- (l) The institution's contribution of cash or in-kind support to local or statewide organizations that provide counseling, training, financing, or other services to small businesses; and

- (m) Other factors that, in the judgment of the director, reasonably bear upon the extent to which an institution is helping to meet the credit needs of its entire community.
- (3) The director shall include as part of the examination report, a summary of the results of the assessment required under subsection (1) of this section and shall assign annually to each bank a numerical community reinvestment rating based on a one through five scoring system. Such numerical scores shall represent performance assessments as follows:

(a) Excellent performance:	1
(b) Good performance:	2
(c) Satisfactory performance:	3
(d) Inadequate performance:	4
(e) Poor performance:	5

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** If any part of this act is found to be in conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition to the allocation of federal funds to the state, the conflicting part of this act is inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict and with respect to the agencies directly affected, and this finding does not affect the operation of the remainder of this act in its application to the agencies concerned. Rules adopted under this act must meet federal requirements, including guidelines set by the United States small business administration, that are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal funds by the state.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** In addition to providing integrated, tailored management and technical assistance services to Washington small businesses, the legislature intends that the state shall further support them by developing procurement policies, procedures, and materials that encourage and facilitate state agency purchase of products and services from Washington small businesses.

Sec. 6. RCW 39.29.006 and 2002 c 354 s 235 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Agency" means any state office or activity of the executive and judicial branches of state government, including state agencies, departments, offices, divisions, boards, commissions, and educational, correctional, and other types of institutions.
- (2) "Client services" means services provided directly to agency clients including, but not limited to, medical and dental services, employment and training programs, residential care, and subsidized housing.
- (3) "Common vendor registration and bid notification system" means the internet-based vendor registration and bid notification system maintained by and housed within the department of general administration. The requirements contained in chapter . . ., Laws of 2009 (this act) shall continue to apply to this system, regardless of future changes to its name or management structure.
- (4) "Competitive solicitation" means a documented formal process providing an equal and open opportunity to qualified parties and culminating in a selection based on criteria which may include such factors as the consultant's fees or costs, ability, capacity, experience, reputation, responsiveness to time

limitations, responsiveness to solicitation requirements, quality of previous performance, and compliance with statutes and rules relating to contracts or services. "Competitive solicitation" includes posting of the contract opportunity on the state's common vendor registration and bid notification system.

- (((4))) (5) "Consultant" means an independent individual or firm contracting with an agency to perform a service or render an opinion or recommendation according to the consultant's methods and without being subject to the control of the agency except as to the result of the work. The agency monitors progress under the contract and authorizes payment.
- $((\frac{5}{2}))$ (6) "Emergency" means a set of unforeseen circumstances beyond the control of the agency that either:
- (a) Present a real, immediate threat to the proper performance of essential functions; or
- (b) May result in material loss or damage to property, bodily injury, or loss of life if immediate action is not taken.
- (((6))) (7) "Evidence of competition" means documentation demonstrating that the agency has solicited responses from multiple firms in selecting a consultant. "Evidence of competition" includes documentation that the agency has posted the contract opportunity on the state's common vendor registration and bid notification system.
- (((7))) (8) "Personal service" means professional or technical expertise provided by a consultant to accomplish a specific study, project, task, or other work statement. This term does not include purchased services as defined under subsection (((9))) (10) of this section. This term does include client services.
- (((8))) (9) "Personal service contract" means an agreement, or any amendment thereto, with a consultant for the rendering of personal services to the state which is consistent with RCW 41.06.142.
- (((9))) (10) "Purchased services" means services provided by a vendor to accomplish routine, continuing and necessary functions. This term includes, but is not limited to, services acquired under RCW 43.19.190 or 43.105.041 for equipment maintenance and repair; operation of a physical plant; security; computer hardware and software maintenance; data entry; key punch services; and computer time-sharing, contract programming, and analysis.
- (((10))) (11) "Small business" means an in-state business, including a sole proprietorship, corporation, partnership, or other legal entity that is owned and operated independently from all other businesses and has either (a) fifty or fewer employees, or (b) a gross revenue of less than seven million dollars annually as reported on its federal income tax return or its return filed with the department of revenue over the previous three consecutive years. As used in this definition, "in-state business" means a business that has its principal office located in Washington and its officers domiciled in Washington.
- (12) "Sole source" means a consultant providing professional or technical expertise of such a unique nature that the consultant is clearly and justifiably the only practicable source to provide the service. The justification shall be based on either the uniqueness of the service or sole availability at the location required.

Sec. 7. RCW 39.29.011 and 1998 c 101 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

All personal service contracts shall be entered into pursuant to competitive solicitation, except for:

- (1) Emergency contracts;
- (2) Sole source contracts;
- (3) Contract amendments;
- (4) Contracts between a consultant and an agency of less than twenty thousand dollars. However, contracts of five thousand dollars or greater but less than twenty thousand dollars shall have documented evidence of competition, which must include agency posting of the contract opportunity on the state's common vendor registration and bid notification system. Agencies shall not structure contracts to evade these requirements; and
- (5) Other specific contracts or classes or groups of contracts exempted from the competitive solicitation process by the director of the office of financial management when it has been determined that a competitive solicitation process is not appropriate or cost-effective.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 39.29.018 and 1998 c 101 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Sole source contracts shall be filed with the office of financial management and made available for public inspection at least ten working days prior to the proposed starting date of the contract. Documented justification for sole source contracts shall be provided to the office of financial management when the contract is filed, and must include evidence that the agency posted the contract opportunity on the state's common vendor registration and bid notification system. For sole source contracts of twenty thousand dollars or more, documented justification shall also include evidence that the agency attempted to identify potential consultants by advertising through statewide or regional newspapers.
- (2) The office of financial management shall approve sole source contracts of twenty thousand dollars or more before any such contract becomes binding and before any services may be performed under the contract. These requirements shall also apply to sole source contracts of less than twenty thousand dollars if the total amount of such contracts between an agency and the same consultant is twenty thousand dollars or more within a fiscal year. Agencies shall ensure that the costs, fees, or rates negotiated in filed sole source contracts of twenty thousand dollars or more are reasonable.
- **Sec. 9.** RCW 39.29.065 and 1998 c 101 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

To implement this chapter, the director of the office of financial management shall establish procedures for the competitive solicitation and award of personal service contracts, recordkeeping requirements, and procedures for the reporting and filing of contracts. The director shall develop procurement policies and procedures, such as unbundled contracting and subcontracting, that encourage and facilitate the purchase of products and services by state agencies and institutions from Washington small businesses to the maximum extent practicable and consistent with international trade agreement commitments. For reporting purposes, the director may establish categories for grouping of

contracts. The procedures required under this section shall also include the criteria for amending personal service contracts. At the beginning of each biennium, the director may, by administrative policy, adjust the dollar thresholds prescribed in RCW 39.29.011, 39.29.018, and 39.29.040((, and 39.29.068)) to levels not to exceed the percentage increase in the implicit price deflator. Adjusted dollar thresholds shall be rounded to the nearest five hundred dollar increment.

- **Sec. 10.** RCW 43.19.1905 and 2008 c 215 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The director of general administration shall establish overall state policy for compliance by all state agencies, including educational institutions, regarding the following purchasing and material control functions:
- (a) Development of a state commodity coding system, including common stock numbers for items maintained in stores for reissue;
- (b) Determination where consolidations, closures, or additions of stores operated by state agencies and educational institutions should be initiated;
- (c) Institution of standard criteria for determination of when and where an item in the state supply system should be stocked;
- (d) Establishment of stock levels to be maintained in state stores, and formulation of standards for replenishment of stock;
- (e) Formulation of an overall distribution and redistribution system for stock items which establishes sources of supply support for all agencies, including interagency supply support;
- (f) Determination of what function data processing equipment, including remote terminals, shall perform in statewide purchasing and material control for improvement of service and promotion of economy;
- (g) Standardization of records and forms used statewide for supply system activities involving purchasing, receiving, inspecting, storing, requisitioning, and issuing functions, including a standard notification form for state agencies to report cost-effective direct purchases, which shall at least identify the price of the goods as available through the division of purchasing, the price of the goods as available from the alternative source, the total savings, and the signature of the notifying agency's director or the director's designee;
- (h) Screening of supplies, material, and equipment excess to the requirements of one agency for overall state need before sale as surplus;
- (i) Establishment of warehouse operation and storage standards to achieve uniform, effective, and economical stores operations;
- (j) Establishment of time limit standards for the issuing of material in store and for processing requisitions requiring purchase;
- (k) Formulation of criteria for determining when centralized rather than decentralized purchasing shall be used to obtain maximum benefit of volume buying of identical or similar items, including procurement from federal supply sources:
- (l) Development of criteria for use of leased, rather than state owned, warehouse space based on relative cost and accessibility;
- (m) Institution of standard criteria for purchase and placement of state furnished materials, carpeting, furniture, fixtures, and nonfixed equipment, in newly constructed or renovated state buildings;

- (n) Determination of how transportation costs incurred by the state for materials, supplies, services, and equipment can be reduced by improved freight and traffic coordination and control:
- (o) Establishment of a formal certification program for state employees who are authorized to perform purchasing functions as agents for the state under the provisions of chapter 43.19 RCW;
- (p) Development of performance measures for the reduction of total overall expense for material, supplies, equipment, and services used each biennium by the state:
- (q) Establishment of a standard system for all state organizations to record and report dollar savings and cost avoidance which are attributable to the establishment and implementation of improved purchasing and material control procedures;
- (r) Development of procedures for mutual and voluntary cooperation between state agencies, including educational institutions, and political subdivisions for exchange of purchasing and material control services;
- (s) Resolution of all other purchasing and material matters which require the establishment of overall statewide policy for effective and economical supply management;
- (t) Development of guidelines and criteria for the purchase of vehicles, high gas mileage vehicles, alternate vehicle fuels and systems, equipment, and materials that reduce overall energy-related costs and energy use by the state, including investigations into all opportunities to aggregate the purchasing of clean technologies by state and local governments, and including the requirement that new passenger vehicles purchased by the state meet the minimum standards for passenger automobile fuel economy established by the United States secretary of transportation pursuant to the energy policy and conservation act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 2002);
- (u) Development of goals for state use of recycled or environmentally preferable products through specifications for products and services, processes for requests for proposals and requests for qualifications, contractor selection, and contract negotiations;
- (v) <u>Development of procurement policies and procedures, such as unbundled contracting and subcontracting, that encourage and facilitate the purchase of products and services by state agencies and institutions from Washington small businesses to the maximum extent practicable and consistent with international trade agreement commitments;</u>
- (w) Development of food procurement procedures and materials that encourage and facilitate the purchase of Washington grown food by state agencies and institutions to the maximum extent practicable and consistent with international trade agreement commitments; and
- $((\frac{w}))$ (x) Development of policies requiring all food contracts to include a plan to maximize to the extent practicable and consistent with international trade agreement commitments the availability of Washington grown food purchased through the contract.
- (2) ((As used in this section,)) The department of general administration shall convene a working group including representatives of the office of financial management, the department of information services, and the state printer. The purpose of the working group is to work collaboratively to develop

common policies and procedures that encourage and facilitate state government purchases from Washington small businesses, as required in subsection (1)(v) of this section, and in RCW 39.29.065, 43.78.110, and 43.105.041(1)(j). By December 1, 2009, these central services agencies shall jointly provide a written progress report to the governor and legislature on actions taken and planned, barriers identified, and solutions recommended to reach this goal.

- (3) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section and RCW 43.19.1908.
- (a) "Common vendor registration and bid notification system" has the definition in RCW 39.29.006.
 - (b) "Small business" has the definition in RCW 39.29.006.
 - (c) "Washington grown" has the definition in RCW 15.64.060.
- **Sec. 11.** RCW 43.19.1908 and 2006 c 363 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Competitive bidding required by RCW 43.19.190 through 43.19.1939 shall be solicited by public notice, by posting of the contract opportunity on the state's common vendor registration and bid notification system, and through the sending of notices by mail, electronic transmission, or other means to bidders on the appropriate list of bidders who shall have qualified by application to the division of purchasing. Bids may be solicited by the purchasing division from any source thought to be of advantage to the state. All bids shall be in written or electronic form and conform to rules of the division of purchasing.

- **Sec. 12.** RCW 43.78.110 and 1993 c 379 s 107 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Whenever in the judgment of the public printer certain printing, ruling, binding, or supplies can be secured from private sources more economically than by doing the work or preparing the supplies in the state printing plant, the public printer may obtain such work or supplies from such private sources. The solicitation for the contract opportunity must be posted on the state's common vendor registration and bid notification system. The public printer shall develop procurement policies and procedures, such as unbundled contracting and subcontracting, that encourage and facilitate the purchase of such services or supplies from Washington small businesses to the maximum extent practicable and consistent with international trade agreement commitments.
- (2) In event any work or supplies are secured on behalf of the state under this section the state printing plant shall be entitled to add up to five percent to the cost thereof to cover the handling of the orders which shall be added to the bills and charged to the respective authorities ordering the work or supplies. The five percent handling charge shall not apply to contracts with institutions of higher education.
 - (3) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section.
- (a) "Common vendor registration and bid notification system" has the definition in RCW 39.29.006.
 - (b) "Small business" has the definition in RCW 39.29.006.
- **Sec. 13.** RCW 43.105.041 and 2003 c 18 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The board shall have the following powers and duties related to information services:

- (a) To develop standards and procedures governing the acquisition and disposition of equipment, proprietary software and purchased services, licensing of the radio spectrum by or on behalf of state agencies, and confidentiality of computerized data;
- (b) To purchase, lease, rent, or otherwise acquire, dispose of, and maintain equipment, proprietary software, and purchased services, or to delegate to other agencies and institutions of state government, under appropriate standards, the authority to purchase, lease, rent, or otherwise acquire, dispose of, and maintain equipment, proprietary software, and purchased services: PROVIDED, That, agencies and institutions of state government are expressly prohibited from acquiring or disposing of equipment, proprietary software, and purchased services without such delegation of authority. The acquisition and disposition of equipment, proprietary software, and purchased services is exempt from RCW 43.19.1919 and, as provided in RCW 43.19.1901, from the provisions of RCW 43.19.190 through 43.19.200, except that the board, the department, and state agencies, as delegated, must post notices of technology procurement bids on the state's common vendor registration and bid notification system. This subsection (1)(b) does not apply to the legislative branch;
- (c) To develop statewide or interagency technical policies, standards, and procedures;
- (d) To review and approve standards and common specifications for new or expanded telecommunications networks proposed by agencies, public postsecondary education institutions, educational service districts, or statewide or regional providers of K-12 information technology services, and to assure the cost-effective development and incremental implementation of a statewide video telecommunications system to serve: Public schools; educational service districts; vocational-technical institutes; community colleges; colleges and universities; state and local government; and the general public through public affairs programming;
- (e) To provide direction concerning strategic planning goals and objectives for the state. The board shall seek input from the legislature and the judiciary;
 - (f) To develop and implement a process for the resolution of appeals by:
- (i) Vendors concerning the conduct of an acquisition process by an agency or the department; or
- (ii) A customer agency concerning the provision of services by the department or by other state agency providers;
- (g) To establish policies for the periodic review by the department of agency performance which may include but are not limited to analysis of:
 - (i) Planning, management, control, and use of information services;
 - (ii) Training and education; and
 - (iii) Project management;
- (h) To set its meeting schedules and convene at scheduled times, or meet at the request of a majority of its members, the chair, or the director; ((and))
- (i) To review and approve that portion of the department's budget requests that provides for support to the board; and
- (j) To develop procurement policies and procedures, such as unbundled contracting and subcontracting, that encourage and facilitate the purchase of products and services by state agencies and institutions from Washington small

businesses to the maximum extent practicable and consistent with international trade agreement commitments.

- (2) Statewide technical standards to promote and facilitate electronic information sharing and access are an essential component of acceptable and reliable public access service and complement content-related standards designed to meet those goals. The board shall:
- (a) Establish technical standards to facilitate electronic access to government information and interoperability of information systems, including wireless communications systems. Local governments are strongly encouraged to follow the standards established by the board; and
- (b) Require agencies to consider electronic public access needs when planning new information systems or major upgrades of systems.

In developing these standards, the board is encouraged to include the state library, state archives, and appropriate representatives of state and local government.

- (3)(a) The board, in consultation with the K-20 board, has the duty to govern, operate, and oversee the technical design, implementation, and operation of the K-20 network including, but not limited to, the following duties: Establishment and implementation of K-20 network technical policy, including technical standards and conditions of use; review and approval of network design; procurement of shared network services and equipment; and resolving user/provider disputes concerning technical matters. The board shall delegate general operational and technical oversight to the K-20 network technical steering committee as appropriate.
- (b) The board has the authority to adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW to implement the provisions regarding the technical operations and conditions of use of the K-20 network.
- **Sec. 14.** RCW 43.105.020 and 2003 c 18 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following definitions shall apply:

- (1) "Department" means the department of information services;
- (2) "Board" means the information services board;
- (3) "Committee" means the state interoperability executive committee;
- (4) "Local governments" includes all municipal and quasi municipal corporations and political subdivisions, and all agencies of such corporations and subdivisions authorized to contract separately;
 - (5) "Director" means the director of the department;
- (6) "Purchased services" means services provided by a vendor to accomplish routine, continuing, and necessary functions. This term includes, but is not limited to, services acquired for equipment maintenance and repair, operation of a physical plant, security, computer hardware and software installation and maintenance, telecommunications installation and maintenance, data entry, keypunch services, programming services, and computer timesharing;
- (7) "Backbone network" means the shared high-density portions of the state's telecommunications transmission facilities. It includes specially conditioned high-speed communications carrier lines, multiplexors, switches

associated with such communications lines, and any equipment and software components necessary for management and control of the backbone network;

- (8) "Telecommunications" means the transmission of information by wire, radio, optical cable, electromagnetic, or other means;
 - (9) "Information" includes, but is not limited to, data, text, voice, and video;
- (10) "Information processing" means the electronic capture, collection, storage, manipulation, transmission, retrieval, and presentation of information in the form of data, text, voice, or image and includes telecommunications and office automation functions:
- (11) "Information services" means data processing, telecommunications, office automation, and computerized information systems;
- (12) "Equipment" means the machines, devices, and transmission facilities used in information processing, such as computers, word processors, terminals, telephones, wireless communications system facilities, cables, and any physical facility necessary for the operation of such equipment;
- (13) "Information technology portfolio" or "portfolio" means a strategic management process documenting relationships between agency missions and information technology and telecommunications investments;
- (14) "Oversight" means a process of comprehensive risk analysis and management designed to ensure optimum use of information technology resources and telecommunications;
 - (15) "Proprietary software" means that software offered for sale or license;
- (16) "Video telecommunications" means the electronic interconnection of two or more sites for the purpose of transmitting and/or receiving visual and associated audio information. Video telecommunications shall not include existing public television broadcast stations as currently designated by the department of community, trade, and economic development under chapter 43.330 RCW;
- (17) "K-20 educational network board" or "K-20 board" means the K-20 educational network board created in RCW 43.105.800;
- (18) "K-20 network technical steering committee" or "committee" means the K-20 network technical steering committee created in RCW 43.105.810;
 - (19) "K-20 network" means the network established in RCW 43.105.820;
- (20) "Educational sectors" means those institutions of higher education, school districts, and educational service districts that use the network for distance education, data transmission, and other uses permitted by the K-20 board.
- (21) "Common vendor registration and bid notification system" has the definition in RCW 39.29.006.
 - (22) "Small business" has the definition in RCW 39.29.006.

Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009.

Passed by the House April 14, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 487

[Substitute Senate Bill 5725]
ORGAN TRANSPLANT LIFETIME LIMITS

AN ACT Relating to organ transplant lifetime limits; and adding a new section to chapter $48.43\ RCW$.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A health benefit plan that is issued or renewed on or after January 1, 2010, and that provides coverage for organ and tissue transplants, may not permit a separate lifetime limit on transplants of any less than three hundred fifty thousand dollars. The lifetime limit on transplants shall apply from one day prior to the date of the transplant or the date of hospital admission, for a patient who receives a transplant during the course of a longer hospital stay, through one hundred days after the transplant. Donor-related services may apply to the lifetime limit on transplants any time. The major medical lifetime limit shall apply to health care services provided before and after this time period. Benefits provided are subject to all other terms and conditions of the health benefit plan, including but not limited to any applicable coinsurances, deductibles, and copayments.
- (2) "Organ and tissue transplant" means the same as defined under the applicable health benefit plan.

Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Passed by the House April 14, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 488

[Senate Bill 6002]

WASHINGTON STATE QUALITY FORUM—REPEAL

AN ACT Relating to the Washington state quality forum; amending RCW 70.56.030; and repealing RCW 41.05.029.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- Sec. 1. RCW 70.56.030 and 2007 c 259 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The department shall:
- (a) Receive and investigate, where necessary, notifications and reports of adverse events, including root cause analyses and corrective action plans submitted as part of reports, and communicate to individual facilities the department's conclusions, if any, regarding an adverse event reported by a facility; and
- (b) ((Provide to the Washington state quality forum established in RCW 41.05.029 such information from the adverse health events and incidents reports made under this chapter as the department and the Washington state quality forum determine will assist in the Washington state quality forum's research regarding health care quality, evidence-based medicine, and patient safety. Any shared information must be aggregated and not identify an individual medical

facility. As determined by the department and the Washington state quality forum, selected shared information may be disseminated on the Washington state quality forum's web site and through other appropriate means; and

(e))) Adopt rules as necessary to implement this chapter.

(2) The department may enforce the reporting requirements of RCW 70.56.020 using its existing enforcement authority provided in chapter 18.46 RCW for childbirth centers, chapter 70.41 RCW for hospitals, and chapter 71.12 RCW for psychiatric hospitals.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** RCW 41.05.029 (Washington state quality forum—Established—Duties) and 2007 c 259 s 9 are each repealed.

Passed by the Senate April 21, 2009. Passed by the House April 25, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 489

[Substitute Senate Bill 6009]
LONG-TERM CARE—MEDICAID POLICIES

AN ACT Relating to the protection of residents of long-term care facilities; and adding a new section to chapter $70.129\ RCW$.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 70.129 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A long-term care facility must fully disclose to residents the facility's policy on accepting medicaid as a payment source. The policy shall clearly state the circumstances under which the facility provides care for medicaid eligible residents and for residents who may later become eligible for medicaid.
- (2) The policy under this section must be provided to residents orally and in writing prior to admission, in a language that the resident or the resident's representative understands. The written policy must be in type font no smaller than fourteen point and written on a page that is separate from other documents. The policy must be signed and dated by the resident or the resident's representative, if the resident lacks capacity. The facility must retain a copy of the disclosure. Current residents must receive a copy of the policy consistent with this section by the effective date of this act.

Passed by the Senate April 21, 2009.

Passed by the House April 8, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 490

[Substitute Senate Bill 5732]

RELICENSING DIVERSION PROGRAMS—DRIVING ABSTRACTS

AN ACT Relating to traffic infractions for drivers whose licenses or privileges are suspended or revoked; and adding a new section to chapter 46.20 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 46.20 RCW to read as follows:

- (1)(a) A person who violates RCW 46.20.342(1)(c)(iv) in a jurisdiction that does not have a relicensing diversion program shall be provided with an abstract of his or her driving record by the court or the prosecuting attorney, in addition to a list of his or her unpaid traffic offense related fines and the contact information for each jurisdiction or collection agency to which money is owed.
- (b) A fee of up to twenty dollars may be imposed by the court in addition to any fee required by the department for provision of the driving abstract.
- (2)(a) Superior courts or courts of limited jurisdiction in counties or cities are authorized to participate or provide relicensing diversion programs to persons who violate RCW 46.20.342(1)(c)(iv).
- (b) Eligibility for the relicensing diversion program shall be limited to violators with no more than four convictions under RCW 46.20.342(1)(c)(iv) in the ten years preceding the date of entering the relicensing diversion program, subject to a less restrictive rule imposed by the presiding judge of the county district court or municipal court. People subject to arrest under a warrant are not eligible for the diversion program.
- (c) The diversion option may be offered at the discretion of the prosecuting attorney before charges are filed, or by the court after charges are filed.
- (d) A person who is the holder of a commercial driver's license or who was operating a commercial motor vehicle at the time of the violation of RCW 46.20.342(1)(c)(iv) may not participate in the diversion program under this section.
- (e) A relicensing diversion program that is structured to occur after charges are filed may charge participants a one-time fee of up to one hundred dollars, which is not subject to chapters 3.50, 3.62, and 35.20 RCW, and shall be used to support administration of the program. The fee of up to one hundred dollars shall be included in the total to be paid by the participant in the relicensing diversion program.
- (3) A relicensing diversion program shall be designed to assist suspended drivers to regain their license and insurance and pay outstanding fines.
- (4)(a) Counties and cities that operate relicensing diversion programs shall, subject to available funds, provide information to the administrative office of the courts on an annual basis regarding the eligibility criteria used for the program, the number of referrals from law enforcement, the number of participants accepted into the program, the number of participants who regain their driver's license and insurance, the total amount of fines collected, the costs associated with the program, and other information as determined by the office.
- (b) The administrative office of the courts is directed, subject to available funds, to compile and analyze the data required to be submitted in this section and develop recommendations for a best practices model for relicensing diversion programs.

Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Passed by the House April 14, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 491

[Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 5811]
DEPENDENCY MATTERS—PLACEMENT OF CHILDREN

AN ACT Relating to foster child placements; amending RCW 13.34.065, 13.34.145, 13.34.260, 74.13.031, 74.13.109, 74.13.250, and 74.13.333; reenacting and amending RCW 13.34.130 and 13.34.138; adding a new section to chapter 13.34 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 74.13 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- Sec. 1. RCW 13.34.065 and 2008 c 267 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) When a child is taken into custody, the court shall hold a shelter care hearing within seventy-two hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The primary purpose of the shelter care hearing is to determine whether the child can be immediately and safely returned home while the adjudication of the dependency is pending.
- (b) Any parent, guardian, or legal custodian who for good cause is unable to attend the shelter care hearing may request that a subsequent shelter care hearing be scheduled. The request shall be made to the clerk of the court where the petition is filed prior to the initial shelter care hearing. Upon the request of the parent, the court shall schedule the hearing within seventy-two hours of the request, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The clerk shall notify all other parties of the hearing by any reasonable means.
- (2)(a) The department of social and health services shall submit a recommendation to the court as to the further need for shelter care in all cases in which it is the petitioner. In all other cases, the recommendation shall be submitted by the juvenile court probation counselor.
- (b) All parties have the right to present testimony to the court regarding the need or lack of need for shelter care.
- (c) Hearsay evidence before the court regarding the need or lack of need for shelter care must be supported by sworn testimony, affidavit, or declaration of the person offering such evidence.
- (3)(a) At the commencement of the hearing, the court shall notify the parent, guardian, or custodian of the following:
 - (i) The parent, guardian, or custodian has the right to a shelter care hearing;
- (ii) The nature of the shelter care hearing, the rights of the parents, and the proceedings that will follow; and
- (iii) If the parent, guardian, or custodian is not represented by counsel, the right to be represented. If the parent, guardian, or custodian is indigent, the court shall appoint counsel as provided in RCW 13.34.090; and
- (b) If a parent, guardian, or legal custodian desires to waive the shelter care hearing, the court shall determine, on the record and with the parties present, whether such waiver is knowing and voluntary. A parent may not waive his or her right to the shelter care hearing unless he or she appears in court and the court determines that the waiver is knowing and voluntary. Regardless of whether the court accepts the parental waiver of the shelter care hearing, the court must provide notice to the parents of their rights required under (a) of this subsection and make the finding required under subsection (4) of this section.
- (4) At the shelter care hearing the court shall examine the need for shelter care and inquire into the status of the case. The paramount consideration for the

court shall be the health, welfare, and safety of the child. At a minimum, the court shall inquire into the following:

- (a) Whether the notice required under RCW 13.34.062 was given to all known parents, guardians, or legal custodians of the child. The court shall make an express finding as to whether the notice required under RCW 13.34.062 was given to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian. If actual notice was not given to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian and the whereabouts of such person is known or can be ascertained, the court shall order the supervising agency or the department of social and health services to make reasonable efforts to advise the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the status of the case, including the date and time of any subsequent hearings, and their rights under RCW 13.34.090;
- (b) Whether the child can be safely returned home while the adjudication of the dependency is pending;
- (c) What efforts have been made to place the child with a relative. The court shall ask the parents whether the department discussed with them the placement of the child with a relative or other suitable person described in RCW 13.34.130(1)(b) and shall determine what efforts have been made toward such a placement;
- (d) What services were provided to the family to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the child's home;
- (e) Is the placement proposed by the agency the least disruptive and most family-like setting that meets the needs of the child;
- (f) Whether it is in the best interest of the child to remain enrolled in the school, developmental program, or child care the child was in prior to placement and what efforts have been made to maintain the child in the school, program, or child care if it would be in the best interest of the child to remain in the same school, program, or child care;
 - (g) Appointment of a guardian ad litem or attorney;
- (h) Whether the child is or may be an Indian child as defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903, whether the provisions of the Indian child welfare act apply, and whether there is compliance with the Indian child welfare act, including notice to the child's tribe:
- (i) Whether, as provided in RCW 26.44.063, restraining orders, or orders expelling an allegedly abusive household member from the home of a nonabusive parent, guardian, or legal custodian, will allow the child to safely remain in the home:
- (j) Whether any orders for examinations, evaluations, or immediate services are needed. The court may not order a parent to undergo examinations, evaluation, or services at the shelter care hearing unless the parent agrees to the examination, evaluation, or service;
 - (k) The terms and conditions for parental, sibling, and family visitation.
- (5)(a) The court shall release a child alleged to be dependent to the care, custody, and control of the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian unless the court finds there is reasonable cause to believe that:
- (i) After consideration of the specific services that have been provided, reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the child's home and to make it possible for the child to return home; and

- (ii)(A) The child has no parent, guardian, or legal custodian to provide supervision and care for such child; or
- (B) The release of such child would present a serious threat of substantial harm to such child, notwithstanding an order entered pursuant to RCW 26.44.063; or
- (C) The parent, guardian, or custodian to whom the child could be released has been charged with violating RCW 9A.40.060 or 9A.40.070.
- (b) If the court does not release the child to his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian, the court shall order placement with a relative <u>or other suitable person as described in RCW 13.34.130(1)(b)</u>, unless there is reasonable cause to believe the health, safety, or welfare of the child would be jeopardized or that the efforts to reunite the parent and child will be hindered. <u>The court must also determine whether placement with the relative or other suitable person is in the child's best interests.</u> The relative <u>or other suitable person</u> must be willing and available to:
 - (i) Care for the child and be able to meet any special needs of the child;
- (ii) Facilitate the child's visitation with siblings, if such visitation is part of the supervising agency's plan or is ordered by the court; and
- (iii) Cooperate with the department in providing necessary background checks and home studies.
- (c) If the child was not initially placed with a relative <u>or other suitable person</u>, and the court does not release the child to his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian, the supervising agency shall make reasonable efforts to locate a relative <u>or other suitable person</u> pursuant to RCW 13.34.060(1).
- (d) If a relative <u>or other suitable person</u> is not available, the court shall order continued shelter care ((or order placement with another suitable person, and the court)) <u>and</u> shall set forth its reasons for the order. If the court orders placement of the child with a person not related to the child and not licensed to provide foster care, the placement is subject to all terms and conditions of this section that apply to relative placements.
- (e) Any placement with a relative, or other <u>suitable</u> person approved by the court pursuant to this section, shall be contingent upon cooperation with the agency case plan and compliance with court orders related to the care and supervision of the child including, but not limited to, court orders regarding parent-child contacts, sibling contacts, and any other conditions imposed by the court. Noncompliance with the case plan or court order is grounds for removal of the child from the home of the relative or other <u>suitable</u> person, subject to review by the court.
- (f) Uncertainty by a parent, guardian, legal custodian, relative, or other suitable person that the alleged abuser has in fact abused the child shall not, alone, be the basis upon which a child is removed from the care of a parent, guardian, or legal custodian under (a) of this subsection, nor shall it be a basis, alone, to preclude placement with a relative or other suitable person under (b) of this subsection ((or with another suitable person under (d) of this subsection)).
- (6)(a) A shelter care order issued pursuant to this section shall include the requirement for a case conference as provided in RCW 13.34.067. However, if the parent is not present at the shelter care hearing, or does not agree to the case conference, the court shall not include the requirement for the case conference in the shelter care order.

- (b) If the court orders a case conference, the shelter care order shall include notice to all parties and establish the date, time, and location of the case conference which shall be no later than thirty days before the fact-finding hearing.
- (c) The court may order another conference, case staffing, or hearing as an alternative to the case conference required under RCW 13.34.067 so long as the conference, case staffing, or hearing ordered by the court meets all requirements under RCW 13.34.067, including the requirement of a written agreement specifying the services to be provided to the parent.
- (7)(a) A shelter care order issued pursuant to this section may be amended at any time with notice and hearing thereon. The shelter care decision of placement shall be modified only upon a showing of change in circumstances. No child may be placed in shelter care for longer than thirty days without an order, signed by the judge, authorizing continued shelter care.
- (b)(i) An order releasing the child on any conditions specified in this section may at any time be amended, with notice and hearing thereon, so as to return the child to shelter care for failure of the parties to conform to the conditions originally imposed.
- (ii) The court shall consider whether nonconformance with any conditions resulted from circumstances beyond the control of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian and give weight to that fact before ordering return of the child to shelter care.
- (8)(a) If a child is returned home from shelter care a second time in the case, or if the supervisor of the caseworker deems it necessary, the multidisciplinary team may be reconvened.
- (b) If a child is returned home from shelter care a second time in the case a law enforcement officer must be present and file a report to the department.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 13.34.130 and 2007 c 413 s 6 and 2007 c 412 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- If, after a fact-finding hearing pursuant to RCW 13.34.110, it has been proven by a preponderance of the evidence that the child is dependent within the meaning of RCW 13.34.030 after consideration of the social study prepared pursuant to RCW 13.34.110 and after a disposition hearing has been held pursuant to RCW 13.34.110, the court shall enter an order of disposition pursuant to this section.
 - (1) The court shall order one of the following dispositions of the case:
- (a) Order a disposition other than removal of the child from his or her home, which shall provide a program designed to alleviate the immediate danger to the child, to mitigate or cure any damage the child has already suffered, and to aid the parents so that the child will not be endangered in the future. In determining the disposition, the court should choose those services, including housing assistance, that least interfere with family autonomy and are adequate to protect the child.
- (b) Order the child to be removed from his or her home and into the custody, control, and care of a relative <u>or other suitable person</u> or the department or a licensed child placing agency for supervision of the child's placement. The department or agency supervising the child's placement has the authority to place the child, subject to review and approval by the court (i) with a relative as defined in RCW 74.15.020(2)(a), (ii) ((in a foster family home or group care

facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW, or (iii)) in the home of another suitable person if the child or family has a preexisting relationship with that person, and the person has completed all required criminal history background checks and otherwise appears to the department or supervising agency to be suitable and competent to provide care for the child, or (iii) in a foster family home or group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW. Absent good cause, the department or supervising agency shall follow the wishes of the natural parent regarding the placement of the child in accordance with RCW 13.34.260. The department or supervising agency may only place a child with a person not related to the child as defined in RCW 74.15.020(2)(a) when the court finds that such placement is in the best interest of the child. Unless there is reasonable cause to believe that the health, safety, or welfare of the child would be jeopardized or that efforts to reunite the parent and child will be hindered, ((such)) the child shall be placed with a person who is: (A) Related to the child as defined in RCW 74.15.020(2)(a) with whom the child has a relationship and is comfortable; or (B) a suitable person as described in this subsection (1)(b); and $((\Theta))$ (C) willing, appropriate, and available to care for the child. The court shall consider the child's existing relationships and attachments when determining placement.

- (2) Placement of the child with a relative ((under this subsection)) or other suitable person as described in subsection (1)(b) of this section shall be given preference by the court. An order for out-of-home placement may be made only if the court finds that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the child's home and to make it possible for the child to return home, specifying the services that have been provided to the child and the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian, and that preventive services have been offered or provided and have failed to prevent the need for out-of-home placement, unless the health, safety, and welfare of the child cannot be protected adequately in the home, and that:
 - (a) There is no parent or guardian available to care for such child;
- (b) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian is not willing to take custody of the child; or
- (c) The court finds, by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence, a manifest danger exists that the child will suffer serious abuse or neglect if the child is not removed from the home and an order under RCW 26.44.063 would not protect the child from danger.
- (3) If the court has ordered a child removed from his or her home pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section, the court shall consider whether it is in a child's best interest to be placed with, have contact with, or have visits with siblings.
- (a) There shall be a presumption that such placement, contact, or visits are in the best interests of the child provided that:
- (i) The court has jurisdiction over all siblings subject to the order of placement, contact, or visitation pursuant to petitions filed under this chapter or the parents of a child for whom there is no jurisdiction are willing to agree; and
- (ii) There is no reasonable cause to believe that the health, safety, or welfare of any child subject to the order of placement, contact, or visitation would be jeopardized or that efforts to reunite the parent and child would be hindered by

such placement, contact, or visitation. In no event shall parental visitation time be reduced in order to provide sibling visitation.

- (b) The court may also order placement, contact, or visitation of a child with a step-brother or step-sister provided that in addition to the factors in (a) of this subsection, the child has a relationship and is comfortable with the step-sibling.
- (4) If the court has ordered a child removed from his or her home pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section and placed into nonparental or nonrelative care, the court shall order a placement that allows the child to remain in the same school he or she attended prior to the initiation of the dependency proceeding when such a placement is practical and in the child's best interest.
- (5) If the court has ordered a child removed from his or her home pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section, the court may order that a petition seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be filed if the requirements of RCW 13.34.132 are met.
- (6) If there is insufficient information at the time of the disposition hearing upon which to base a determination regarding the suitability of a proposed placement with a relative or other suitable person, the child shall remain in foster care and the court shall direct the supervising agency to conduct necessary background investigations as provided in chapter 74.15 RCW and report the results of such investigation to the court within thirty days. However, if such relative or other person appears otherwise suitable and competent to provide care and treatment, the criminal history background check need not be completed before placement, but as soon as possible after placement. Any placements with relatives or other suitable persons, pursuant to this section, shall be contingent upon cooperation by the relative or other suitable person with the agency case plan and compliance with court orders related to the care and supervision of the child including, but not limited to, court orders regarding parent-child contacts, sibling contacts, and any other conditions imposed by the court. Noncompliance with the case plan or court order shall be grounds for removal of the child from the relative's <u>or other suitable person's</u> home, subject to review by the court.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 13.34.138 and 2007 c 413 s 8 and 2007 c 410 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) ((Except for children whose cases are reviewed by a citizen review board under chapter 13.70 RCW₂)) The status of all children found to be dependent shall be reviewed by the court at least every six months from the beginning date of the placement episode or the date dependency is established, whichever is first. The purpose of the hearing shall be to review the progress of the parties and determine whether court supervision should continue.
- (a) The initial review hearing shall be an in-court review and shall be set six months from the beginning date of the placement episode or no more than ninety days from the entry of the disposition order, whichever comes first. The requirements for the initial review hearing, including the in-court review requirement, shall be accomplished within existing resources.
- (b) The initial review hearing may be a permanency planning hearing when necessary to meet the time frames set forth in RCW 13.34.145 (1)(a) or 13.34.134.
- (2)(a) A child shall not be returned home at the review hearing unless the court finds that a reason for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer exists. The parents, guardian, or legal custodian shall report to the court the

efforts they have made to correct the conditions which led to removal. If a child is returned, casework supervision shall continue for a period of six months, at which time there shall be a hearing on the need for continued intervention.

- (b) Prior to the child returning home, the department must complete the following:
- (i) Identify all adults residing in the home and conduct background checks on those persons;
- (ii) Identify any persons who may act as a caregiver for the child in addition to the parent with whom the child is being placed and determine whether such persons are in need of any services in order to ensure the safety of the child, regardless of whether such persons are a party to the dependency. The department or supervising agency may recommend to the court and the court may order that placement of the child in the parent's home be contingent on or delayed based on the need for such persons to engage in or complete services to ensure the safety of the child prior to placement. If services are recommended for the caregiver, and the caregiver fails to engage in or follow through with the recommended services, the department or supervising agency must promptly notify the court; and
- (iii) Notify the parent with whom the child is being placed that he or she has an ongoing duty to notify the department or supervising agency of all persons who reside in the home or who may act as a caregiver for the child both prior to the placement of the child in the home and subsequent to the placement of the child in the home as long as the court retains jurisdiction of the dependency proceeding or the department is providing or monitoring either remedial services to the parent or services to ensure the safety of the child to any caregivers.

Caregivers may be required to engage in services under this subsection solely for the purpose of ensuring the present and future safety of a child who is a ward of the court. This subsection does not grant party status to any individual not already a party to the dependency proceeding, create an entitlement to services or a duty on the part of the department or supervising agency to provide services, or create judicial authority to order the provision of services to any person other than for the express purposes of this section or RCW 13.34.025 or if the services are unavailable or unsuitable or the person is not eligible for such services.

- (c) If the child is not returned home, the court shall establish in writing:
- (i) Whether the agency is making reasonable efforts to provide services to the family and eliminate the need for placement of the child. If additional services, including housing assistance, are needed to facilitate the return of the child to the child's parents, the court shall order that reasonable services be offered specifying such services;
- (ii) Whether there has been compliance with the case plan by the child, the child's parents, and the agency supervising the placement;
- (iii) Whether progress has been made toward correcting the problems that necessitated the child's placement in out-of-home care;
- (iv) Whether the services set forth in the case plan and the responsibilities of the parties need to be clarified or modified due to the availability of additional information or changed circumstances;
 - (v) Whether there is a continuing need for placement;

- (vi) Whether the child is in an appropriate placement which adequately meets all physical, emotional, and educational needs;
- (vii) Whether preference has been given to placement with the child's relatives if such placement is in the child's best interests;
- (viii) Whether both in-state and, where appropriate, out-of-state placements have been considered:
- (ix) Whether the parents have visited the child and any reasons why visitation has not occurred or has been infrequent;
 - (x) Whether terms of visitation need to be modified:
- (xi) Whether the court-approved long-term permanent plan for the child remains the best plan for the child;
- (xii) Whether any additional court orders need to be made to move the case toward permanency; and
- (xiii) The projected date by which the child will be returned home or other permanent plan of care will be implemented.
- (d) The court at the review hearing may order that a petition seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be filed.
- (3)(a) In any case in which the court orders that a dependent child may be returned to or remain in the child's home, the in-home placement shall be contingent upon the following:
- (i) The compliance of the parents with court orders related to the care and supervision of the child, including compliance with an agency case plan; and
- (ii) The continued participation of the parents, if applicable, in available substance abuse or mental health treatment if substance abuse or mental illness was a contributing factor to the removal of the child.
- (b) The following may be grounds for removal of the child from the home, subject to review by the court:
 - (i) Noncompliance by the parents with the agency case plan or court order;
- (ii) The parent's inability, unwillingness, or failure to participate in available services or treatment for themselves or the child, including substance abuse treatment if a parent's substance abuse was a contributing factor to the abuse or neglect; or
- (iii) The failure of the parents to successfully and substantially complete available services or treatment for themselves or the child, including substance abuse treatment if a parent's substance abuse was a contributing factor to the abuse or neglect.
- (c) In a pending dependency case in which the court orders that a dependent child may be returned home and that child is later removed from the home, the court shall hold a review hearing within thirty days from the date of removal to determine whether the permanency plan should be changed, a termination petition should be filed, or other action is warranted. The best interests of the child shall be the court's primary consideration in the review hearing.
- (4) The court's ability to order housing assistance under RCW 13.34.130 and this section is: (a) Limited to cases in which homelessness or the lack of adequate and safe housing is the primary reason for an out-of-home placement; and (b) subject to the availability of funds appropriated for this specific purpose.
- (5) The court shall consider the child's relationship with siblings in accordance with RCW 13.34.130(3).

- Sec. 4. RCW 13.34.145 and 2008 c 152 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The purpose of a permanency planning hearing is to review the permanency plan for the child, inquire into the welfare of the child and progress of the case, and reach decisions regarding the permanent placement of the child.
- (a) A permanency planning hearing shall be held in all cases where the child has remained in out-of-home care for at least nine months and an adoption decree, guardianship order, or permanent custody order has not previously been entered. The hearing shall take place no later than twelve months following commencement of the current placement episode.
- (b) Whenever a child is removed from the home of a dependency guardian or long-term relative or foster care provider, and the child is not returned to the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian but is placed in out-of-home care, a permanency planning hearing shall take place no later than twelve months, as provided in this section, following the date of removal unless, prior to the hearing, the child returns to the home of the dependency guardian or long-term care provider, the child is placed in the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, an adoption decree, guardianship order, or a permanent custody order is entered, or the dependency is dismissed.
- (c) Permanency planning goals should be achieved at the earliest possible date, preferably before the child has been in out-of-home care for fifteen months. In cases where parental rights have been terminated, the child is legally free for adoption, and adoption has been identified as the primary permanency planning goal, it shall be a goal to complete the adoption within six months following entry of the termination order.
- (2) No later than ten working days prior to the permanency planning hearing, the agency having custody of the child shall submit a written permanency plan to the court and shall mail a copy of the plan to all parties and their legal counsel, if any.
- (3) At the permanency planning hearing, the court shall conduct the following inquiry:
- (a) If a goal of long-term foster or relative care has been achieved prior to the permanency planning hearing, the court shall review the child's status to determine whether the placement and the plan for the child's care remain appropriate.
- (b) In cases where the primary permanency planning goal has not been achieved, the court shall inquire regarding the reasons why the primary goal has not been achieved and determine what needs to be done to make it possible to achieve the primary goal. The court shall review the permanency plan prepared by the agency and make explicit findings regarding each of the following:
- (i) The continuing necessity for, and the safety and appropriateness of, the placement;
- (ii) The extent of compliance with the permanency plan by the agency and any other service providers, the child's parents, the child, and the child's guardian, if any;
- (iii) The extent of any efforts to involve appropriate service providers in addition to agency staff in planning to meet the special needs of the child and the child's parents;

- (iv) The progress toward eliminating the causes for the child's placement outside of his or her home and toward returning the child safely to his or her home or obtaining a permanent placement for the child;
- (v) The date by which it is likely that the child will be returned to his or her home or placed for adoption, with a guardian or in some other alternative permanent placement; and
- (vi) If the child has been placed outside of his or her home for fifteen of the most recent twenty-two months, not including any period during which the child was a runaway from the out-of-home placement or the first six months of any period during which the child was returned to his or her home for a trial home visit, the appropriateness of the permanency plan, whether reasonable efforts were made by the agency to achieve the goal of the permanency plan, and the circumstances which prevent the child from any of the following:
 - (A) Being returned safely to his or her home;
- (B) Having a petition for the involuntary termination of parental rights filed on behalf of the child;
 - (C) Being placed for adoption;
 - (D) Being placed with a guardian;
 - (E) Being placed in the home of a fit and willing relative of the child; or
- (F) Being placed in some other alternative permanent placement, including independent living or long-term foster care.

At this hearing, the court shall order the department to file a petition seeking termination of parental rights if the child has been in out-of-home care for fifteen of the last twenty-two months since the date the dependency petition was filed unless the court makes a good cause exception as to why the filing of a termination of parental rights petition is not appropriate. Any good cause finding shall be reviewed at all subsequent hearings pertaining to the child. For purposes of this section, "good cause exception" includes but is not limited to the following: The child is being cared for by a relative; the department has not provided to the child's family such services as the court and the department have deemed necessary for the child's safe return home; or the department has documented in the case plan a compelling reason for determining that filing a petition to terminate parental rights would not be in the child's best interests.

- (c)(i) If the permanency plan identifies independent living as a goal, the court shall make a finding that the provision of services to assist the child in making a transition from foster care to independent living will allow the child to manage his or her financial, personal, social, educational, and nonfinancial affairs prior to approving independent living as a permanency plan of care.
- (ii) The permanency plan shall also specifically identify the services that will be provided to assist the child to make a successful transition from foster care to independent living.
- (iii) The department shall not discharge a child to an independent living situation before the child is eighteen years of age unless the child becomes emancipated pursuant to chapter 13.64 RCW.
- (d) If the child has resided in the home of a foster parent or relative for more than six months prior to the permanency planning hearing, the court shall ((also)):

- (i) Enter a finding regarding whether the foster parent or relative was informed of the hearing as required in RCW 74.13.280, 13.34.215(5), and 13.34.096; and
- (ii) If the department or supervising agency is recommending a placement other than the child's current placement with a foster parent, relative, or other suitable person, enter a finding as to the reasons for the recommendation for a change in placement.
 - (4) In all cases, at the permanency planning hearing, the court shall:
- (a)(i) Order the permanency plan prepared by the agency to be implemented; or
- (ii) Modify the permanency plan, and order implementation of the modified plan; and
- (b)(i) Order the child returned home only if the court finds that a reason for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer exists; or
- (ii) Order the child to remain in out-of-home care for a limited specified time period while efforts are made to implement the permanency plan.
- (5) Following the first permanency planning hearing, the court shall hold a further permanency planning hearing in accordance with this section at least once every twelve months until a permanency planning goal is achieved or the dependency is dismissed, whichever occurs first.
- (6) Prior to the second permanency planning hearing, the agency that has custody of the child shall consider whether to file a petition for termination of parental rights.
- (7) If the court orders the child returned home, casework supervision shall continue for at least six months, at which time a review hearing shall be held pursuant to RCW 13.34.138, and the court shall determine the need for continued intervention
- (8) The juvenile court may hear a petition for permanent legal custody when: (a) The court has ordered implementation of a permanency plan that includes permanent legal custody; and (b) the party pursuing the permanent legal custody is the party identified in the permanency plan as the prospective legal custodian. During the pendency of such proceeding, the court shall conduct review hearings and further permanency planning hearings as provided in this chapter. At the conclusion of the legal guardianship or permanent legal custody proceeding, a juvenile court hearing shall be held for the purpose of determining whether dependency should be dismissed. If a guardianship or permanent custody order has been entered, the dependency shall be dismissed.
- (9) Continued juvenile court jurisdiction under this chapter shall not be a barrier to the entry of an order establishing a legal guardianship or permanent legal custody when the requirements of subsection (8) of this section are met.
- (10) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the ability of the agency that has custody of the child to file a petition for termination of parental rights or a guardianship petition at any time following the establishment of dependency. Upon the filing of such a petition, a fact-finding hearing shall be scheduled and held in accordance with this chapter unless the agency requests dismissal of the petition prior to the hearing or unless the parties enter an agreed order terminating parental rights, establishing guardianship, or otherwise resolving the matter.

- (11) The approval of a permanency plan that does not contemplate return of the child to the parent does not relieve the supervising agency of its obligation to provide reasonable services, under this chapter, intended to effectuate the return of the child to the parent, including but not limited to, visitation rights. The court shall consider the child's relationships with siblings in accordance with RCW 13.34.130.
- (12) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the procedural due process rights of any party in a termination or guardianship proceeding filed under this chapter.
- Sec. 5. RCW 13.34.260 and 2003 c 226 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) In an attempt to minimize the inherent intrusion in the lives of families involved in the foster care system and to maintain parental authority where appropriate, the department, absent good cause, shall follow the wishes of the natural parent regarding the placement of the child with a relative or other suitable person pursuant to RCW 13.34.130. Preferences such as family constellation, sibling relationships, ethnicity, and religion shall be considered when matching children to foster homes. Parental authority is appropriate in areas that are not connected with the abuse or neglect that resulted in the dependency and shall be integrated through the foster care team.
- (2) When a child is placed in out-of-home care, relatives, other suitable persons, and foster parents are encouraged to:
- (a) Provide consultation to the foster care team based upon their experience with the child placed in their care;
- (b) Assist the birth parents by helping them understand their child's needs and correlating appropriate parenting responses;
- (c) Participate in educational activities, and enter into community-building activities with birth families and other foster families;
- (d) Transport children to family time visits with birth families and assist children and their families in maximizing the purposefulness of family time.
- (3) For purposes of this section, "foster care team" means the <u>relative</u>, <u>other</u> <u>suitable person</u>, <u>or</u> foster parent currently providing care, the currently assigned social worker, and the parent or parents; and "birth family" means the persons described in RCW 74.15.020(2)(a).

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 13.34 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The administrative office of the courts shall develop standard court forms and format rules for mandatory use by parties in dependency matters commenced under this chapter or chapter 26.44 RCW. Forms shall be developed not later than November 1, 2009, and the mandatory use requirement shall be effective January 1, 2010. The administrative office of the courts has continuing responsibility to develop and revise mandatory forms and format rules as appropriate.
- (2) According to rules established by the administrative office of the courts, a party may delete unnecessary portions of the forms and may supplement the mandatory forms with additional material.
- (3) Failure by a party to use the mandatory forms or follow the format rules shall not be a reason to dismiss a case, refuse a filing, or strike a pleading. The

court may, however, require the party to submit a corrected pleading and may impose terms payable to the opposing party or payable to the court, or both.

- (4) The administrative office of the courts shall distribute a master copy of the mandatory forms to all county court clerks. Upon request, the administrative office of the courts and county clerks must distribute the forms to the public and may charge for the cost of production and distribution of the forms. Private vendors also may distribute the forms. Distribution of forms may be in printed or electronic form.
- Sec. 7. RCW 74.13.031 and 2008 c 267 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall have the duty to provide child welfare services and shall:

- (1) Develop, administer, supervise, and monitor a coordinated and comprehensive plan that establishes, aids, and strengthens services for the protection and care of runaway, dependent, or neglected children.
- (2) Within available resources, recruit an adequate number of prospective adoptive and foster homes, both regular and specialized, i.e. homes for children of ethnic minority, including Indian homes for Indian children, sibling groups, handicapped and emotionally disturbed, teens, pregnant and parenting teens, and annually report to the governor and the legislature concerning the department's success in: (a) Meeting the need for adoptive and foster home placements; (b) reducing the foster parent turnover rate; (c) completing home studies for legally free children; and (d) implementing and operating the passport program required by RCW 74.13.285. The report shall include a section entitled "Foster Home Turn-Over, Causes and Recommendations."
- (3) Investigate complaints of any recent act or failure to act on the part of a parent or caretaker that results in death, serious physical or emotional harm, or sexual abuse or exploitation, or that presents an imminent risk of serious harm, and on the basis of the findings of such investigation, offer child welfare services in relation to the problem to such parents, legal custodians, or persons serving in loco parentis, and/or bring the situation to the attention of an appropriate court, or another community agency. An investigation is not required of nonaccidental injuries which are clearly not the result of a lack of care or supervision by the child's parents, legal custodians, or persons serving in loco parentis. If the investigation reveals that a crime against a child may have been committed, the department shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency.
- (4) Offer, on a voluntary basis, family reconciliation services to families who are in conflict.
- (5) Monitor placements of children in out-of-home care and in-home dependencies to assure the safety, well-being, and quality of care being provided is within the scope of the intent of the legislature as defined in RCW 74.13.010 and 74.15.010. The policy for monitoring placements under this section shall require that children in out-of-home care and in-home dependencies and their caregivers receive a private and individual face-to-face visit each month.
- (a) The department shall conduct the monthly visits with children and caregivers required under this section unless the child's placement is being supervised under a contract between the department and a private agency accredited by a national child welfare accrediting entity, in which case the private agency shall, within existing resources, conduct the monthly visits with

the child and with the child's caregiver according to the standards described in this subsection and shall provide the department with a written report of the visits within fifteen days of completing the visits.

- (b) In cases where the monthly visits required under this subsection are being conducted by a private agency, the department shall conduct a face-to-face health and safety visit with the child at least once every ninety days.
- (6) Have authority to accept custody of children from parents and to accept custody of children from juvenile courts, where authorized to do so under law, to provide child welfare services including placement for adoption, to provide for the routine and necessary medical, dental, and mental health care, or necessary emergency care of the children, and to provide for the physical care of such children and make payment of maintenance costs if needed. Except where required by Public Law 95-608 (25 U.S.C. Sec. 1915), no private adoption agency which receives children for adoption from the department shall discriminate on the basis of race, creed, or color when considering applications in their placement for adoption.
- (7) Have authority to provide temporary shelter to children who have run away from home and who are admitted to crisis residential centers.
- (8) Have authority to purchase care for children; and shall follow in general the policy of using properly approved private agency services for the actual care and supervision of such children insofar as they are available, paying for care of such children as are accepted by the department as eligible for support at reasonable rates established by the department.
- (9) Establish a children's services advisory committee which shall assist the secretary in the development of a partnership plan for utilizing resources of the public and private sectors, and advise on all matters pertaining to child welfare, licensing of child care agencies, adoption, and services related thereto. At least one member shall represent the adoption community.
- (10)(a) Have authority to provide continued foster care or group care as needed to participate in or complete a high school or vocational school program.
- (b)(i) Beginning in 2006, the department has the authority to allow up to fifty youth reaching age eighteen to continue in foster care or group care as needed to participate in or complete a posthigh school academic or vocational program, and to receive necessary support and transition services.
- (ii) In 2007 and 2008, the department has the authority to allow up to fifty additional youth per year reaching age eighteen to remain in foster care or group care as provided in (b)(i) of this subsection.
- (iii) A youth who remains eligible for such placement and services pursuant to department rules may continue in foster care or group care until the youth reaches his or her twenty-first birthday. Eligibility requirements shall include active enrollment in a posthigh school academic or vocational program and maintenance of a 2.0 grade point average.
- (11) Refer cases to the division of child support whenever state or federal funds are expended for the care and maintenance of a child, including a child with a developmental disability who is placed as a result of an action under chapter 13.34 RCW, unless the department finds that there is good cause not to pursue collection of child support against the parent or parents of the child. Cases involving individuals age eighteen through twenty shall not be referred to the division of child support unless required by federal law.

(12) Have authority within funds appropriated for foster care services to purchase care for Indian children who are in the custody of a federally recognized Indian tribe or tribally licensed child-placing agency pursuant to parental consent, tribal court order, or state juvenile court order; and the purchase of such care shall be subject to the same eligibility standards and rates of support applicable to other children for whom the department purchases care.

Notwithstanding any other provision of RCW 13.32A.170 through 13.32A.200 and 74.13.032 through 74.13.036, or of this section all services to be provided by the department of social and health services under subsections (4), (6), and (7) of this section, subject to the limitations of these subsections, may be provided by any program offering such services funded pursuant to Titles II and III of the federal juvenile justice and delinquency prevention act of 1974.

- (13) Within amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, provide preventive services to families with children that prevent or shorten the duration of an out-of-home placement.
- (14) Have authority to provide independent living services to youths, including individuals who have attained eighteen years of age, and have not attained twenty-one years of age who are or have been in foster care.
- (15) Consult at least quarterly with foster parents, including members of the foster parent association of Washington state, for the purpose of receiving information and comment regarding how the department is performing the duties and meeting the obligations specified in this section and RCW 74.13.250 and 74.13.320 regarding the recruitment of foster homes, reducing foster parent turnover rates, providing effective training for foster parents, and administering a coordinated and comprehensive plan that strengthens services for the protection of children. Consultation shall occur at the regional and statewide levels.
- (16)(a) Within current funding levels, place on the public web site maintained by the department a document listing the duties and responsibilities the department has to a child subject to a dependency petition including, but not limited to, the following:
- (i) Reasonable efforts, including the provision of services, toward reunification of the child with his or her family;
 - (ii) Sibling visits subject to the restrictions in RCW 13.34.136(2)(b)(ii);
 - (iii) Parent-child visits;
- (iv) Statutory preference for placement with a relative or other suitable person, if appropriate; and
- (v) Statutory preference for an out-of-home placement that allows the child to remain in the same school or school district, if practical and in the child's best interests.
- (b) The document must be prepared in conjunction with a community-based organization and must be updated as needed.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:

Once a dependency is established under chapter 13.34 RCW, the social worker assigned to the case shall provide the dependent child age twelve years and older with a document containing the information described in RCW 74.13.031(16). The social worker shall explain the contents of the document to the child and direct the child to the department's web site for further information.

The social worker shall document, in the electronic data system, that this requirement was met.

- **Sec. 9.** RCW 74.13.109 and 1990 c 285 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The secretary shall issue rules and regulations to assist in the administration of the program of adoption support authorized by RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145.
- (2) Disbursements from the appropriations available from the general fund shall be made pursuant to such rules and regulations and pursuant to agreements conforming thereto to be made by the secretary with parents for the purpose of supporting the adoption of children in, or likely to be placed in, foster homes or child caring institutions who are found by the secretary to be difficult to place in adoption because of physical or other reasons; including, but not limited to, physical or mental handicap, emotional disturbance, ethnic background, language, race, color, age, or sibling grouping.
 - (3) Such agreements shall meet the following criteria:
- (((1))) (a) The child whose adoption is to be supported pursuant to such agreement shall be or have been a child hard to place in adoption.
- (((2))) (b) Such agreement must relate to a child who was or is residing in a foster home or child-caring institution or a child who, in the judgment of the secretary, is both eligible for, and likely to be placed in, either a foster home or a child-caring institution.
- (((3))) (c) Such agreement shall provide that adoption support shall not continue beyond the time that the adopted child reaches eighteen years of age, becomes emancipated, dies, or otherwise ceases to need support, provided that if the secretary shall find that continuing dependency of such child after such child reaches eighteen years of age warrants the continuation of support pursuant to RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 the secretary may do so, subject to all the provisions of RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145, including annual review of the amount of such support.
- (((44))) (d) Any prospective parent who is to be a party to such agreement shall be a person who has the character, judgment, sense of responsibility, and disposition which make him or her suitable as an adoptive parent of such child.
- (4) At least six months before an adoption is finalized under chapter 26.33 RCW and RCW 74.13.100 through 74.13.145, the department must provide to the prospective adoptive parent, in writing, information describing the limits of the adoption support program including the following information:
 - (a) The limits on monthly cash payments to adoptive families;
- (b) The limits on the availability of children's mental health services and the funds with which to pay for these services;
- (c) The process for accessing mental health services for children receiving adoption support services;
- (d) The limits on the one-time cash payments to adoptive families for expenses related to their adopted children; and
- (e) That payment for residential or group care is not available for adopted children under the adoption support program.

- **Sec. 10.** RCW 74.13.250 and 1990 c 284 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Preservice training is recognized as a valuable tool to reduce placement disruptions, the length of time children are in care, and foster parent turnover rates. Preservice training also assists potential foster parents in making their final decisions about foster parenting and assists social service agencies in obtaining information about whether to approve potential foster parents.
- (2) Foster parent preservice training shall include information about the potential impact of placement on foster children; social service agency administrative processes; the requirements, responsibilities, expectations, and skills needed to be a foster parent; attachment, separation, and loss issues faced by birth parents, foster children, and foster parents; child management and discipline; birth family relationships; information on the limits of the adoption support program as provided in RCW 74.13.109(4); and helping children leave Preservice training shall assist applicants in making informed decisions about whether they want to be foster parents. Preservice training shall be designed to enable the agency to assess the ability, readiness, and appropriateness of families to be foster parents. As a decision tool, effective preservice training provides potential foster parents with enough information to make an appropriate decision, affords potential foster parents an opportunity to discuss their decision with others and consider its implications for their family, clarifies foster family expectations, presents a realistic picture of what foster parenting involves, and allows potential foster parents to consider and explore the different types of children they might serve.
- (3) Preservice training shall be completed prior to the issuance of a foster care license, except that the department may, on a case by case basis, issue a written waiver that allows the foster parent to complete the training after licensure, so long as the training is completed within ninety days following licensure.
- Sec. 11. RCW 74.13.333 and 2004 c 181 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A foster parent who believes that a department employee has retaliated against the foster parent or in any other manner discriminated against the foster parent because:
- (((1))) (a) The foster parent made a complaint with the office of the family and children's ombudsman, the attorney general, law enforcement agencies, or the department, provided information, or otherwise cooperated with the investigation of such a complaint;
- (((2))) (b) The foster parent has caused to be instituted any proceedings under or related to Title 13 RCW;
- (((3))) (c) The foster parent has testified or is about to testify in any proceedings under or related to Title 13 RCW;
- (((4))) (d) The foster parent has advocated for services on behalf of the foster child:
- $((\frac{5}{2}))$ (e) The foster parent has sought to adopt a foster child in the foster parent's care; or
- $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$ (f) The foster parent has discussed or consulted with anyone concerning the foster parent's rights under this chapter or chapter 74.15 or 13.34

RCW, may file a complaint with the office of the family and children's ombudsman.

- (2) The ombudsman may investigate the allegations of retaliation. The ombudsman shall have access to all relevant information and resources held by or within the department by which to conduct the investigation. Upon the conclusion of its investigation, the ombudsman shall provide its findings in written form to the department.
- (3) The department shall notify the office of the family and children's ombudsman in writing, within thirty days of receiving the ombudsman's findings, of any personnel action taken or to be taken with regard to the department employee.
- (4) The office of the family and children's ombudsman shall <u>also</u> include its recommendations regarding complaints filed under this section in its annual report pursuant to RCW 43.06A.030. The office of the family and children's ombudsman shall identify trends which may indicate a need to improve relations between the department and foster parents.

Passed by the Senate April 25, 2009. Passed by the House April 23, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 492

[Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5850] HUMAN TRAFFICKING

AN ACT Relating to protecting workers from human trafficking violations; amending RCW 18.71.080, 18.83.090, and 18.225.040; adding a new chapter to Title 19 RCW; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Domestic employers of foreign workers" means a person or persons residing in the state of Washington who recruit or employ a foreign worker to perform work in Washington state.
- (2) "Foreign worker" or "worker" means a person who is not a citizen of the United States and who comes to Washington state based on an offer of employment. "Foreign worker" or "worker" does not include persons who hold an H-1B visa and come to work in the state.
- (3) "International labor recruitment agency" means a corporation, partnership, business, or other legal entity, whether or not organized under the laws of the United States or any state, that does business in the United States and offers Washington state entities engaged in the employment or recruitment of foreign workers, employment referral services involving citizens of a foreign country or countries by acting as an intermediary between these foreign workers and Washington employers.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** (1) Domestic employers of foreign workers and international labor recruitment agencies must provide a disclosure statement as

described in this section to foreign workers who have been referred to or hired by a Washington employer.

- (2) The disclosure statement must:
- (a) Be provided in English or, if the worker is not fluent or literate in English, another language that is understood by the worker;
- (b) State that the worker may be considered an employee under the laws of the state of Washington and is subject to state worker health and safety laws and may be eligible for workers' compensation insurance and unemployment insurance:
- (c) State that the worker may be subject to both state and federal laws governing overtime and work hours, including the minimum wage act under chapter 49.46 RCW;
- (d) Include an itemized listing of any deductions the employer intends to make from the worker's pay for food and housing;
- (e) Include an itemized listing of the international labor recruitment agency's fees;
- (f) State that the worker has the right to control over his or her travel and labor documents, including his or her visa, at all times and that the employer may not require the employee to surrender those documents to the employer or to the international labor recruitment agency while the employee is working in the United States, except as otherwise required by law or regulation or for use as supporting documentation in visa applications;
- (g) Include a list of services or a hot line a worker may contact if he or she thinks that he or she may be a victim of trafficking.
- (3) The department of labor and industries may create a model disclosure form and post the model form on its web site so that domestic employers of foreign workers and international labor recruitment agencies may download the form, or mail the form upon request. The disclosure statement must be given to the worker no later than the date that the worker arrives at the place of employment in Washington.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** For purposes of establishing personal jurisdiction under this chapter, an international labor recruitment agency or a domestic employer of a foreign worker is deemed to be doing business in Washington and is subject to the jurisdiction of the courts of Washington state if the agency or employer contracts for employment services with a Washington resident or is considered to be doing business under any other provision or rule of law.

*<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. The legislature finds that the practices covered by this chapter are matters vitally affecting the public interest for the purpose of applying the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW. A violation of this chapter is not reasonable in relation to the development and preservation of business and is an unfair or deceptive act in trade or commerce and an unfair method of competition for the purpose of applying the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW.

*Sec. 4 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

- **Sec. 5.** RCW 18.71.080 and 1996 c 191 s 52 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Every person licensed to practice medicine in this state shall pay licensing fees and renew his or her license in accordance with administrative

procedures and administrative requirements adopted as provided in RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280. The commission may establish rules governing mandatory continuing education requirements which shall be met by physicians applying for renewal of licenses. The rules shall provide that mandatory continuing education requirements may be met in part by physicians showing evidence of the completion of approved activities relating to professional liability risk management.

- (2) The office of crime victims advocacy shall supply the commission with information on methods of recognizing victims of human trafficking, what services are available for these victims, and where to report potential trafficking situations. The information supplied must be culturally sensitive and must include information relating to minor victims. The commission shall disseminate this information to licensees by: Providing the information on the commission's web site; including the information in newsletters; holding trainings at meetings attended by organization members; or through another distribution method determined by the commission. The commission shall report to the office of crime victims advocacy on the method or methods it uses to distribute information under this subsection.
- (3) The commission, in its sole discretion, may permit an applicant who has not renewed his or her license to be licensed without examination if it is satisfied that such applicant meets all the requirements for licensure in this state, and is competent to engage in the practice of medicine.
- Sec. 6. RCW 18.83.090 and 1996 c 191 s 68 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The board shall establish rules governing mandatory continuing education requirements which shall be met by any psychologist applying for a license renewal.
- (2) The office of crime victims advocacy shall supply the board with information on methods of recognizing victims of human trafficking, what services are available for these victims, and where to report potential trafficking situations. The information supplied must be culturally sensitive and must include information relating to minor victims. The board shall disseminate this information to licensees by: Providing the information on the board's web site; including the information in newsletters; holding trainings at meetings attended by organization members; or through another distribution method determined by the board. The board shall report to the office of crime victims advocacy on the method or methods it uses to distribute information under this subsection.
- (3) Administrative procedures, administrative requirements, and fees for renewal and reissue of licenses shall be established as provided in RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280.
- Sec. 7. RCW 18.225.040 and 2001 c 251 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to any other authority provided by law, the secretary has the authority to:

- (1) Adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW necessary to implement this chapter. Any rules adopted shall be in consultation with the committee;
- (2) Establish all licensing, examination, and renewal fees in accordance with RCW 43.70.250;

- (3) Establish forms and procedures necessary to administer this chapter;
- (4) Issue licenses to applicants who have met the education, training, and examination requirements for licensure and to deny a license to applicants who do not meet the requirements;
- (5) Hire clerical, administrative, investigative, and other staff as needed to implement this chapter, and hire individuals licensed under this chapter to serve as examiners for any practical examinations;
- (6) Administer and supervise the grading and taking of examinations for applicants for licensure;
- (7) Determine which states have credentialing requirements substantially equivalent to those of this state, and issue licenses to individuals credentialed in those states without examinations;
- (8) Implement and administer a program for consumer education in consultation with the committee;
- (9) Adopt rules implementing a continuing education program in consultation with the committee;
- (10) The office of crime victims advocacy shall supply the committee with information on methods of recognizing victims of human trafficking, what services are available for these victims, and where to report potential trafficking situations. The information supplied must be culturally sensitive and must include information relating to minor victims. The committee shall disseminate this information to licensees by: Providing the information on the committee's web site; including the information in newsletters; holding trainings at meetings attended by organization members; or through another distribution method determined by the committee. The committee shall report to the office of crime victims advocacy on the method or methods it uses to distribute information under this subsection;
 - (11) Maintain the official record of all applicants and licensees; and
- (((11))) (12) Establish by rule the procedures for an appeal of an examination failure.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** Sections 1 through 4 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 19 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2009, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009.

Passed by the House April 17, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I have approved, except for Section 4, Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5850 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to protecting workers from human trafficking violations."

Section 4 applies the Consumer Protection Act, chapter 19.86 RCW, to violations of this law. The Consumer Protection Act is ill suited to responding to these types of issues. Employment activities are already well regulated by the Department of Labor and Industries. Violations of this law would be better directed to the statutes administered by that agency.

For these reasons, I have vetoed Section 4 of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5850. With the exception of Section 4, Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5850 is approved."

CHAPTER 493

[Substitute Senate Bill 5963] UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

AN ACT Relating to unemployment insurance; amending RCW 50.29.021, 50.29.025, 50.20.050, and 50.22.010; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 50.29.021 and 2008 c 323 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) This section applies to benefits charged to the experience rating accounts of employers for claims that have an effective date on or after January 4, 2004.
- (2)(a) An experience rating account shall be established and maintained for each employer, except employers as described in RCW 50.44.010, 50.44.030, and 50.50.030 who have properly elected to make payments in lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers as described in RCW 50.44.035, and those employers who are required to make payments in lieu of contributions, based on existing records of the employment security department.
- (b) Benefits paid to an eligible individual shall be charged to the experience rating accounts of each of such individual's employers during the individual's base year in the same ratio that the wages paid by each employer to the individual during the base year bear to the wages paid by all employers to that individual during that base year, except as otherwise provided in this section.
- (c) When the eligible individual's separating employer is a covered contribution paying base year employer, benefits paid to the eligible individual shall be charged to the experience rating account of only the individual's separating employer if the individual qualifies for benefits under:
- (i) RCW $50.20.050((\frac{(2)}{2}))$ $\underline{(1)}(b)(i)$, as applicable, and became unemployed after having worked and earned wages in the bona fide work; or
 - (ii) RCW $50.20.050((\frac{(2)}{2}))$ (1)(b) (v) through (x).
- (3) The legislature finds that certain benefit payments, in whole or in part, should not be charged to the experience rating accounts of employers except those employers described in RCW 50.44.010, 50.44.030, and 50.50.030 who have properly elected to make payments in lieu of contributions, taxable local government employers described in RCW 50.44.035, and those employers who are required to make payments in lieu of contributions, as follows:
- (a) Benefits paid to any individual later determined to be ineligible shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer. However, when a benefit claim becomes invalid due to an amendment or adjustment of a report where the employer failed to report or inaccurately reported hours worked or remuneration paid, or both, all benefits paid will be charged to the experience rating account of the contribution paying employer or employers that originally filed the incomplete or inaccurate report or reports. An employer who reimburses the trust fund for benefits paid to workers and who fails to report or inaccurately reported hours worked or remuneration paid, or both, shall reimburse the trust fund for all benefits paid that are based on the originally filed incomplete or inaccurate report or reports.

- (b) Benefits paid to an individual filing under the provisions of chapter 50.06 RCW shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer only if:
- (i) The individual files under RCW 50.06.020(1) after receiving crime victims' compensation for a disability resulting from a nonwork-related occurrence; or
 - (ii) The individual files under RCW 50.06.020(2).
- (c) Benefits paid which represent the state's share of benefits payable as extended benefits defined under RCW 50.22.010(6) shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.
- (d) In the case of individuals who requalify for benefits under RCW 50.20.050 or 50.20.060, benefits based on wage credits earned prior to the disqualifying separation shall not be charged to the experience rating account of the contribution paying employer from whom that separation took place.
- (e) Benefits paid to an individual who qualifies for benefits under RCW 50.20.050(((2))) (1)(b) (iv) or (xi), as applicable, shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer.
- (f) With respect to claims with an effective date on or after the first Sunday following April 22, 2005, benefits paid that exceed the benefits that would have been paid if the weekly benefit amount for the claim had been determined as one percent of the total wages paid in the individual's base year shall not be charged to the experience rating account of any contribution paying employer. This subsection (3)(f) does not apply to the calculation of contribution rates under RCW 50.29.025 for rate year 2010 and thereafter.
- (4)(a) A contribution paying base year employer, not otherwise eligible for relief of charges for benefits under this section, may receive such relief if the benefit charges result from payment to an individual who:
- (i) Last left the employ of such employer voluntarily for reasons not attributable to the employer;
- (ii) Was discharged for misconduct or gross misconduct connected with his or her work not a result of inability to meet the minimum job requirements;
- (iii) Is unemployed as a result of closure or severe curtailment of operation at the employer's plant, building, worksite, or other facility. This closure must be for reasons directly attributable to a catastrophic occurrence such as fire, flood, or other natural disaster; or
- (iv) Continues to be employed on a regularly scheduled permanent part-time basis by a base year employer and who at some time during the base year was concurrently employed and subsequently separated from at least one other base year employer. Benefit charge relief ceases when the employment relationship between the employer requesting relief and the claimant is terminated. This subsection does not apply to shared work employers under chapter 50.06 RCW.
- (b) The employer requesting relief of charges under this subsection must request relief in writing within thirty days following mailing to the last known address of the notification of the valid initial determination of such claim, stating the date and reason for the separation or the circumstances of continued employment. The commissioner, upon investigation of the request, shall determine whether relief should be granted.

- Sec. 2. RCW 50.29.025 and 2007 c 51 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) ((Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the contribution rate for each employer subject to contributions under RCW 50.24.010 shall be determined under this subsection.
- (a) A fund balance ratio shall be determined by dividing the balance in the unemployment compensation fund as of the September 30th immediately preceding the rate year by the total remuneration paid by all employers subject to contributions during the second calendar year preceding the rate year and reported to the department by the following March 31st. The division shall be carried to the fourth decimal place with the remaining fraction, if any, disregarded. The fund balance ratio shall be expressed as a percentage.
- (b) The interval of the fund balance ratio, expressed as a percentage, shall determine which tax schedule in (e) of this subsection shall be in effect for assigning tax rates for the rate year. The intervals for determining the effective tax schedule shall be:

Interval of the	
Fund Balance Ratio	Effective
Expressed as a Percentage	Tax Schedule
2.90 and above	AA
2.10 to 2.89	A
1.70 to 2.09	B
1.40 to 1.69	ϵ
1.00 to 1.39	Đ
0.70 to 0.99	Đ
Less than 0.70	F

- (c) An array shall be prepared, listing all qualified employers in ascending order of their benefit ratios. The array shall show for each qualified employer: (i) Identification number; (ii) benefit ratio; (iii) taxable payrolls for the four calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the department by the cut off date; (iv) a cumulative total of taxable payrolls consisting of the employer's taxable payroll plus the taxable payrolls of all other employers preceding him or her in the array; and (v) the percentage equivalent of the cumulative total of taxable payrolls.
- (d) Each employer in the array shall be assigned to one of twenty rate classes according to the percentage intervals of cumulative taxable payrolls set forth in (e) of this subsection: PROVIDED, That if an employer's taxable payroll falls within two or more rate classes, the employer and any other employer with the same benefit ratio shall be assigned to the lowest rate class which includes any portion of the employer's taxable payroll.
- (e) Except as provided in RCW 50.29.026, the contribution rate for each employer in the array shall be the rate specified in the following tables for the rate class to which he or she has been assigned, as determined under (d) of this subsection, within the tax schedule which is to be in effect during the rate year:

Percent of Cumulative Taxable Payrolls

Schedules of Contributions Rates for Effective Tax Schedule

From		Rate Class	AA	A	₽	E	Đ	E	F
0.00	5.00	1	0.47	0.47	0.57	0.97	1.47	1.87	2.47
5.01	10.00	2	0.47	0.47	0.77	1.17	1.67	2.07	2.67
10.01	15.00	3	0.57	0.57	0.97	1.37	1.77	2.27	2.87
15.01	20.00	4	0.57	0.73	1.11	1.51	1.90	2.40	2.98
20.01	25.00	5	0.72	0.92	1.30	1.70	2.09	2.59	3.08
25.01	30.00	6	0.91	1.11	1.49	1.89	2.29	2.69	3.18
30.01	35.00	7	1.00	1.29	1.69	2.08	2.48	2.88	3.27
35.01	40.00	8	1.19	1.48	1.88	2.27	2.67	3.07	3.47
40.01	45.00	9	1.37	1.67	2.07	2.47	2.87	3.27	3.66
45.01	50.00	10	1.56	1.86	2.26	2.66	3.06	3.46	3.86
50.01	55.00	11	1.84	2.14	2.45	2.85	3.25	3.66	3.95
55.01	60.00	12	2.03	2.33	2.64	3.04	3.44	3.85	4.15
60.01	65.00	13	2.22	2.52	2.83	3.23	3.64	4.04	4.34
65.01	70.00	14	2.40	2.71	3.02	3.43	3.83	4.24	4.54
70.01	75.00	15	2.68	2.90	3.21	3.62	4.02	4.43	4.63
75.01	80.00	16	2.87	3.09	3.42	3.81	4.22	4.53	4.73
80.01	85.00	17	3.27	3.47	3.77	4.17	4.57	4.87	4.97
85.01	90.00	18	3.67	3.87	4.17	4.57	4.87	4.97	5.17
90.01	95.00	19	4.07	4.27	4.57	4.97	5.07	5.17	5.37
95.01	100.00	20	5.40	5.40	5.40	5.40	5.40	5.40	5.40

- (f) The contribution rate for each employer not qualified to be in the array shall be as follows:
- (i) Employers who do not meet the definition of "qualified employer" by reason of failure to pay contributions when due shall be assigned a contribution rate two tenths higher than that in rate class 20 for the applicable rate year, except employers who have an approved agency-deferred payment contract by September 30 of the previous rate year. If any employer with an approved agency-deferred payment contract fails to make any one of the succeeding deferred payments or fails to submit any succeeding tax report and payment in a timely manner, the employer's tax rate shall immediately revert to a contribution rate two tenths higher than that in rate class 20 for the applicable rate year; and
- (ii) For all other employers not qualified to be in the array, the contribution rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry rate as determined by the commissioner; however, the rate may not be less than one percent.
- (2) Beginning with)) For contributions assessed for rate years 2005 through 2009, the contribution rate for each employer subject to contributions under RCW 50.24.010 shall be the sum of the array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate determined under this subsection, and the solvency surcharge determined under RCW 50.29.041, if any.
 - (a) The array calculation factor rate shall be determined as follows:

- (i) An array shall be prepared, listing all qualified employers in ascending order of their benefit ratios. The array shall show for each qualified employer: (A) Identification number; (B) benefit ratio; and (C) taxable payrolls for the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the employment security department by the cut-off date.
- (ii) Each employer in the array shall be assigned to one of forty rate classes according to his or her benefit ratio as follows, and, except as provided in RCW 50.29.026, the array calculation factor rate for each employer in the array shall be the rate specified in the rate class to which the employer has been assigned:

Bei	nefit Ratio	Rate	Rate
At least	Less than	Class	(percent)
	0.000001	1	0.00
0.000001	0.001250	2	0.13
0.001250	0.002500	3	0.25
0.002500	0.003750	4	0.38
0.003750	0.005000	5	0.50
0.005000	0.006250	6	0.63
0.006250	0.007500	7	0.75
0.007500	0.008750	8	0.88
0.008750	0.010000	9	1.00
0.010000	0.011250	10	1.15
0.011250	0.012500	11	1.30
0.012500	0.013750	12	1.45
0.013750	0.015000	13	1.60
0.015000	0.016250	14	1.75
0.016250	0.017500	15	1.90
0.017500	0.018750	16	2.05
0.018750	0.020000	17	2.20
0.020000	0.021250	18	2.35
0.021250	0.022500	19	2.50
0.022500	0.023750	20	2.65
0.023750	0.025000	21	2.80
0.025000	0.026250	22	2.95
0.026250	0.027500	23	3.10
0.027500	0.028750	24	3.25
0.028750	0.030000	25	3.40
0.030000	0.031250	26	3.55
0.031250	0.032500	27	3.70
0.032500	0.033750	28	3.85

0.033750	0.035000	29	4.00
0.035000	0.036250	30	4.15
0.036250	0.037500	31	4.30
0.037500	0.040000	32	4.45
0.040000	0.042500	33	4.60
0.042500	0.045000	34	4.75
0.045000	0.047500	35	4.90
0.047500	0.050000	36	5.05
0.050000	0.052500	37	5.20
0.052500	0.055000	38	5.30
0.055000	0.057500	39	5.35
0.057500		40	5.40

- (b) The graduated social cost factor rate shall be determined as follows:
- (i)(A) Except as provided in (b)(i)(B) and (C) of this subsection, the commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for a rate year by dividing the total social cost by the total taxable payroll. The division shall be carried to the second decimal place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to five hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place shall be rounded to the next higher digit. The flat social cost factor shall be expressed as a percentage.
- (B) If, on the cut-off date, the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide more than ten months of unemployment benefits, the commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for the rate year immediately following the cut-off date by reducing the total social cost by the dollar amount that represents the number of months for which the balance in the unemployment compensation fund on the cut-off date will provide benefits above ten months and dividing the result by the total taxable payroll. However, the calculation under this subsection $((\frac{(2)}{2}))$ (1)(b)(i)(B) for a rate year may not result in a flat social cost factor that is more than four-tenths lower than the calculation under (b)(i)(A) of this subsection for that rate year.

For the purposes of this subsection, the commissioner shall determine the number of months of unemployment benefits in the unemployment compensation fund using the benefit cost rate for the average of the three highest calendar benefit cost rates in the twenty consecutive completed calendar years immediately preceding the cut-off date or a period of consecutive calendar years immediately preceding the cut-off date that includes three recessions, if longer.

- (C) The minimum flat social cost factor calculated under this subsection $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$ (1)(b) shall be six-tenths of one percent, except that if the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide:
- (I) At least twelve months but less than fourteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be five-tenths of one percent; or

- (II) At least fourteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be five-tenths of one percent, except that, for employers in rate class 1, the minimum shall be forty-five hundredths of one percent.
- (ii)(A) Except as provided in (b)(ii)(B) of this subsection, the graduated social cost factor rate for each employer in the array is the flat social cost factor multiplied by the percentage specified as follows for the rate class to which the employer has been assigned in (a)(ii) of this subsection, except that the sum of an employer's array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate may not exceed six and five-tenths percent or, for employers whose North American industry classification system code is within "111," "112," "1141," "115," "3114," "3117," "42448," or "49312," may not exceed six percent through rate year 2007 and may not exceed five and seven-tenths percent for rate years 2008 and ((thereafter)) 2009:
 - (I) Rate class 1 78 percent;
 - (II) Rate class 2 82 percent;
 - (III) Rate class 3 86 percent;
 - (IV) Rate class 4 90 percent;
 - (V) Rate class 5 94 percent;
 - (VI) Rate class 6 98 percent;
 - (VII) Rate class 7 102 percent;
 - (VIII) Rate class 8 106 percent;
 - (IX) Rate class 9 110 percent;
 - (X) Rate class 10 114 percent;
 - (XI) Rate class 11 118 percent; and
 - (XII) Rate classes 12 through 40 120 percent.
- (B) For contributions assessed beginning July 1, 2005, through December 31, 2007, for employers whose North American industry classification system code is "111," "112," "1141," "115," "3114," "3117," "42448," or "49312," the graduated social cost factor rate is zero.
 - (iii) For the purposes of this section:
- (A) "Total social cost" means the amount calculated by subtracting the array calculation factor contributions paid by all employers with respect to the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and paid to the employment security department by the cut-off date from the total unemployment benefits paid to claimants in the same four consecutive calendar quarters. To calculate the flat social cost factor for rate year 2005, the commissioner shall calculate the total social cost using the array calculation factor contributions that would have been required to be paid by all employers in the calculation period if (a) of this subsection had been in effect for the relevant period.
- (B) "Total taxable payroll" means the total amount of wages subject to tax, as determined under RCW 50.24.010, for all employers in the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the employment security department by the cut-off date.
- (c) For employers who do not meet the definition of "qualified employer" by reason of failure to pay contributions when due:
- (i) The array calculation factor rate shall be two-tenths higher than that in rate class 40, except employers who have an approved agency-deferred payment contract by September 30th of the previous rate year. If any employer with an

approved agency-deferred payment contract fails to make any one of the succeeding deferred payments or fails to submit any succeeding tax report and payment in a timely manner, the employer's tax rate shall immediately revert to an array calculation factor rate two-tenths higher than that in rate class 40; and

- (ii) The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii) of this subsection.
 - (d) For all other employers not qualified to be in the array:
 - (i) For rate years 2005, 2006, and 2007:
- (A) The array calculation factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry array calculation factor rate as determined by the commissioner, plus fifteen percent of that amount; however, the rate may not be less than one percent or more than the array calculation factor rate in rate class 40; and
- (B) The social cost factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry social cost factor rate as determined by the commissioner, plus fifteen percent of that amount, but not more than the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii) of this subsection.
- (ii) ((Beginning with)) For contributions assessed for rate years 2008 and 2009:
- (A) The array calculation factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry array calculation factor rate as determined by the commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not less than one percent or more than the array calculation factor rate in rate class 40;
- (B) The social cost factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry social cost factor rate as determined by the commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not more than the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii) of this subsection; and
- (C) The history factor shall be based on the total amounts of benefits charged and contributions paid in the three fiscal years ending prior to the computation date by employers not qualified to be in the array, other than employers in (c) of this subsection, who were first subject to contributions in the calendar year ending three years prior to the computation date. The commissioner shall calculate the history ratio by dividing the total amount of benefits charged by the total amount of contributions paid in this three-year period by these employers. The division shall be carried to the second decimal place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to five one-hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place shall be rounded to the next higher digit. The commissioner shall determine the history factor according to the history ratio as follows:

	History Ratio		History Factor (percent)
(T)	At least	Less than	•
(I)		.95	90
(II)	.95	1.05	100
(III)	1.05		115

- (2) For contributions assessed in rate year 2010 and thereafter, the contribution rate for each employer subject to contributions under RCW 50.24.010 shall be the sum of the array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate determined under this subsection, and the solvency surcharge determined under RCW 50.29.041, if any.
 - (a) The array calculation factor rate shall be determined as follows:
- (i) An array shall be prepared, listing all qualified employers in ascending order of their benefit ratios. The array shall show for each qualified employer: (A) Identification number; (B) benefit ratio; and (C) taxable payrolls for the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the employment security department by the cut-off date.
- (ii) Each employer in the array shall be assigned to one of forty rate classes according to his or her benefit ratio as follows, and, except as provided in RCW 50.29.026, the array calculation factor rate for each employer in the array shall be the rate specified in the rate class to which the employer has been assigned:

Ben	efit Ratio	Rate	Rate
At least	Less than	<u>Class</u>	(percent)
	<u>0.000001</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0.00</u>
0.000001	0.001250	<u>2</u>	<u>0.11</u>
0.001250	0.002500	<u>3</u>	0.22
0.002500	<u>0.003750</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>0.33</u>
0.003750	<u>0.005000</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>0.43</u>
<u>0.005000</u>	<u>0.006250</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>0.54</u>
0.006250	<u>0.007500</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>0.65</u>
<u>0.007500</u>	<u>0.008750</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>0.76</u>
<u>0.008750</u>	<u>0.010000</u>	<u>9</u>	0.88
<u>0.010000</u>	<u>0.011250</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>1.01</u>
<u>0.011250</u>	0.012500	<u>11</u>	<u>1.14</u>
0.012500	<u>0.013750</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>1.28</u>
0.013750	<u>0.015000</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>1.41</u>
0.015000	<u>0.016250</u>	<u>14</u>	1.54
<u>0.016250</u>	<u>0.017500</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>1.67</u>
0.017500	<u>0.018750</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>1.80</u>
0.018750	0.020000	<u>17</u>	<u>1.94</u>
0.020000	0.021250	<u>18</u>	2.07
0.021250	0.022500	<u>19</u>	2.20
0.022500	0.023750	<u>20</u>	2.38
0.023750	0.025000	<u>21</u>	<u>2.50</u>
0.025000	0.026250	<u>22</u>	<u>2.63</u>
<u>0.026250</u>	<u>0.027500</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>2.75</u>

0.027500	0.028750	<u>24</u>	<u>2.88</u>
0.028750	0.030000	<u>25</u>	<u>3.00</u>
0.030000	0.031250	<u>26</u>	<u>3.13</u>
0.031250	0.032500	<u>27</u>	<u>3.25</u>
0.032500	0.033750	<u>28</u>	<u>3.38</u>
0.033750	0.035000	<u>29</u>	<u>3.50</u>
0.035000	0.036250	<u>30</u>	<u>3.63</u>
0.036250	0.037500	<u>31</u>	<u>3.75</u>
0.037500	0.040000	<u>32</u>	<u>4.00</u>
0.040000	0.042500	<u>33</u>	<u>4.25</u>
0.042500	0.045000	<u>34</u>	<u>4.50</u>
0.045000	0.047500	<u>35</u>	<u>4.75</u>
0.047500	0.050000	<u>36</u>	<u>5.00</u>
<u>0.050000</u>	0.052500	<u>37</u>	<u>5.15</u>
0.052500	0.055000	<u>38</u>	<u>5.25</u>
0.055000	<u>0.057500</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>5.30</u>
<u>0.057500</u>		<u>40</u>	<u>5.40</u>

(b) The graduated social cost factor rate shall be determined as follows:

(i)(A) Except as provided in (b)(i)(B) and (C) of this subsection, the commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for a rate year by dividing the total social cost by the total taxable payroll. The division shall be carried to the second decimal place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to five hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place shall be rounded to the next higher digit. The flat social cost factor shall be expressed as a percentage.

(B) If, on the cut-off date, the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide more than ten months of unemployment benefits, the commissioner shall calculate the flat social cost factor for the rate year immediately following the cut-off date by reducing the total social cost by the dollar amount that represents the number of months for which the balance in the unemployment compensation fund on the cut-off date will provide benefits above ten months and dividing the result by the total taxable payroll. However, the calculation under this subsection (2)(b)(i)(B) for a rate year may not result in a flat social cost factor that is more than four-tenths lower than the calculation under (b)(i)(A) of this subsection for that rate year.

For the purposes of this subsection, the commissioner shall determine the number of months of unemployment benefits in the unemployment compensation fund using the benefit cost rate for the average of the three highest calendar benefit cost rates in the twenty consecutive completed calendar years immediately preceding the cut-off date or a period of consecutive calendar years immediately preceding the cut-off date that includes three recessions, if longer.

- (C) The minimum flat social cost factor calculated under this subsection (2)(b) shall be six-tenths of one percent, except that if the balance in the unemployment compensation fund is determined by the commissioner to be an amount that will provide:
- (I) At least ten months but less than eleven months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be five-tenths of one percent; or
- (II) At least eleven months but less than twelve months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be forty-five hundredths of one percent; or
- (III) At least twelve months but less than thirteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be four-tenths of one percent; or
- (IV) At least thirteen months but less than fifteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be thirty-five hundredths of one percent; or
- (V) At least fifteen months but less than seventeen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be twenty-five hundredths of one percent; or
- (VI) At least seventeen months but less than eighteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be fifteen hundredths of one percent; or
- (VII) At least eighteen months of unemployment benefits, the minimum shall be fifteen hundredths of one percent through rate year 2011 and shall be zero thereafter.
- (ii) The graduated social cost factor rate for each employer in the array is the flat social cost factor multiplied by the percentage specified as follows for the rate class to which the employer has been assigned in (a)(ii) of this subsection, except that the sum of an employer's array calculation factor rate and the graduated social cost factor rate may not exceed six percent or, for employers whose North American industry classification system code is within "111," "112," "1141," "115," "3114," "3117," "42448," or "49312," may not exceed five and four-tenths percent:
 - (A) Rate class 1 78 percent;
 - (B) Rate class 2 82 percent;
 - (C) Rate class 3 86 percent:
 - (D) Rate class 4 90 percent;
 - (E) Rate class 5 94 percent;
 - (F) Rate class 6 98 percent:
 - (G) Rate class 7 102 percent;
 - (H) Rate class 8 106 percent;
 - (I) Rate class 9 110 percent;
 - (J) Rate class 10 114 percent;
 - (K) Rate class 11 118 percent; and
 - (L) Rate classes 12 through 40 120 percent.
 - (iii) For the purposes of this section:
- (A) "Total social cost" means the amount calculated by subtracting the array calculation factor contributions paid by all employers with respect to the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and paid to the employment security department by the cut-off date from the total unemployment benefits paid to claimants in the same four consecutive calendar quarters.

- (B) "Total taxable payroll" means the total amount of wages subject to tax, as determined under RCW 50.24.010, for all employers in the four consecutive calendar quarters immediately preceding the computation date and reported to the employment security department by the cut-off date.
- (c) For employers who do not meet the definition of "qualified employer" by reason of failure to pay contributions when due:
- (i) The array calculation factor rate shall be two-tenths higher than that in rate class 40, except employers who have an approved agency-deferred payment contract by September 30th of the previous rate year. If any employer with an approved agency-deferred payment contract fails to make any one of the succeeding deferred payments or fails to submit any succeeding tax report and payment in a timely manner, the employer's tax rate shall immediately revert to an array calculation factor rate two-tenths higher than that in rate class 40; and
- (ii) The social cost factor rate shall be the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii) of this subsection.
 - (d) For all other employers not qualified to be in the array:
- (i) The array calculation factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry array calculation factor rate as determined by the commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not less than one percent or more than the array calculation factor rate in rate class 40;
- (ii) The social cost factor rate shall be a rate equal to the average industry social cost factor rate as determined by the commissioner, multiplied by the history factor, but not more than the social cost factor rate assigned to rate class 40 under (b)(ii) of this subsection; and
- (iii) The history factor shall be based on the total amounts of benefits charged and contributions paid in the three fiscal years ending prior to the computation date by employers not qualified to be in the array, other than employers in (c) of this subsection, who were first subject to contributions in the calendar year ending three years prior to the computation date. The commissioner shall calculate the history ratio by dividing the total amount of benefits charged by the total amount of contributions paid in this three-year period by these employers. The division shall be carried to the second decimal place with the remaining fraction disregarded unless it amounts to five one-hundredths or more, in which case the second decimal place shall be rounded to the next higher digit. The commissioner shall determine the history factor according to the history ratio as follows:

	<u>History</u> <u>Ratio</u>		<u>History</u> <u>Factor</u> (percent)
	At least	Less than	
<u>(A)</u>		<u>.95</u>	<u>90</u>
<u>(B)</u>	<u>.95</u>	<u>1.05</u>	<u>100</u>
<u>(C)</u>	<u>1.05</u>		<u>115</u>

(3) Assignment of employers by the commissioner to industrial classification, for purposes of this section, shall be in accordance with established classification practices found ((in the "Standard Industrial")

Classification Manual" issued by the federal office of management and budget to the third digit provided in the standard industrial classification code, or)) in the North American industry classification system code.

- **Sec. 3.** RCW 50.20.050 and 2008 c 323 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) ((With respect to claims that have an effective date before January 4, 2004:
- (a) An individual shall be disqualified from benefits beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which he or she has left work voluntarily without good cause and thereafter for seven calendar weeks and until he or she has obtained bona fide work in employment covered by this title and earned wages in that employment equal to seven times his or her weekly benefit amount.

The disqualification shall continue if the work obtained is a mere sham to qualify for benefits and is not bona fide work. In determining whether work is of a bona fide nature, the commissioner shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:

- (i) The duration of the work;
- (ii) The extent of direction and control by the employer over the work; and
- (iii) The level of skill required for the work in light of the individual's training and experience.
- (b) An individual shall not be considered to have left work voluntarily without good cause when:
- (i) He or she has left work to accept a bona fide offer of bona fide work as described in (a) of this subsection;
- (ii) The separation was because of the illness or disability of the claimant or the death, illness, or disability of a member of the claimant's immediate family if the claimant took all reasonable precautions, in accordance with any regulations that the commissioner may prescribe, to protect his or her employment status by having promptly notified the employer of the reason for the absence and by having promptly requested reemployment when again able to assume employment: PROVIDED, That these precautions need not have been taken when they would have been a futile act, including those instances when the futility of the act was a result of a recognized labor/management dispatch system;
- (iii) He or she has left work to relocate for the spouse's employment that is due to an employer-initiated mandatory transfer that is outside the existing labor market area if the claimant remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move; or
- (iv) The separation was necessary to protect the claimant or the claimant's immediate family members from domestic violence, as defined in RCW 26.50.010, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110.
- (e) In determining under this subsection whether an individual has left work voluntarily without good cause, the commissioner shall only consider work-connected factors such as the degree of risk involved to the individual's health, safety, and morals, the individual's physical fitness for the work, the individual's ability to perform the work, and such other work connected factors as the commissioner may deem pertinent, including state and national emergencies. Good cause shall not be established for voluntarily leaving work because of its distance from an individual's residence where the distance was known to the

individual at the time he or she accepted the employment and where, in the judgment of the department, the distance is customarily traveled by workers in the individual's job classification and labor market, nor because of any other significant work factor which was generally known and present at the time he or she accepted employment, unless the related circumstances have so changed as to amount to a substantial involuntary deterioration of the work factor or unless the commissioner determines that other related circumstances would work an unreasonable hardship on the individual were he or she required to continue in the employment.

- (d) Subsection (1)(a) and (c) of this section shall not apply to an individual whose marital status or domestic responsibilities cause him or her to leave employment. Such an individual shall not be eligible for unemployment insurance benefits beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which he or she left work and thereafter for seven calendar weeks and until he or she has requalified, either by obtaining bona fide work in employment covered by this title and earning wages in that employment equal to seven times his or her weekly benefit amount or by reporting in person to the department during ten different calendar weeks and certifying on each occasion that he or she is ready, able, and willing to immediately accept any suitable work which may be offered, is actively seeking work pursuant to customary trade practices, and is utilizing such employment counseling and placement services as are available through the department. This subsection does not apply to individuals covered by (b)(ii) or (iii) of this subsection.
- (2))) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or after January 4, 2004, and for separations that occur before September 6, 2009:
- (a) An individual shall be disqualified from benefits beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which he or she has left work voluntarily without good cause and thereafter for seven calendar weeks and until he or she has obtained bona fide work in employment covered by this title and earned wages in that employment equal to seven times his or her weekly benefit amount.

The disqualification shall continue if the work obtained is a mere sham to qualify for benefits and is not bona fide work. In determining whether work is of a bona fide nature, the commissioner shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:

- (i) The duration of the work;
- (ii) The extent of direction and control by the employer over the work; and
- (iii) The level of skill required for the work in light of the individual's training and experience.
- (b) An individual is not disqualified from benefits under (a) of this subsection when:
- (i) He or she has left work to accept a bona fide offer of bona fide work as described in (a) of this subsection;
- (ii) The separation was necessary because of the illness or disability of the claimant or the death, illness, or disability of a member of the claimant's immediate family if:
- (A) The claimant pursued all reasonable alternatives to preserve his or her employment status by requesting a leave of absence, by having promptly notified the employer of the reason for the absence, and by having promptly requested reemployment when again able to assume employment. These

alternatives need not be pursued, however, when they would have been a futile act, including those instances when the futility of the act was a result of a recognized labor/management dispatch system; and

- (B) The claimant terminated his or her employment status, and is not entitled to be reinstated to the same position or a comparable or similar position;
- (iii)(A) With respect to claims that have an effective date before July 2, 2006, he or she: (I) Left work to relocate for the spouse's employment that, due to a mandatory military transfer: (1) Is outside the existing labor market area; and (2) is in Washington or another state that, pursuant to statute, does not consider such an individual to have left work voluntarily without good cause; and (II) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move;
- (B) With respect to claims that have an effective date on or after July 2, 2006, he or she: (I) Left work to relocate for the spouse's employment that, due to a mandatory military transfer, is outside the existing labor market area; and (II) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move;
- (iv) The separation was necessary to protect the claimant or the claimant's immediate family members from domestic violence, as defined in RCW 26.50.010, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110;
- (v) The individual's usual compensation was reduced by twenty-five percent or more;
- (vi) The individual's usual hours were reduced by twenty-five percent or more:
- (vii) The individual's worksite changed, such change caused a material increase in distance or difficulty of travel, and, after the change, the commute was greater than is customary for workers in the individual's job classification and labor market;
- (viii) The individual's worksite safety deteriorated, the individual reported such safety deterioration to the employer, and the employer failed to correct the hazards within a reasonable period of time;
- (ix) The individual left work because of illegal activities in the individual's worksite, the individual reported such activities to the employer, and the employer failed to end such activities within a reasonable period of time;
- (x) The individual's usual work was changed to work that violates the individual's religious convictions or sincere moral beliefs; or
- (xi) The individual left work to enter an apprenticeship program approved by the Washington state apprenticeship training council. Benefits are payable beginning Sunday of the week prior to the week in which the individual begins active participation in the apprenticeship program.
 - (2) With respect to separations that occur on or after September 6, 2009:
- (a) An individual shall be disqualified from benefits beginning with the first day of the calendar week in which he or she has left work voluntarily without good cause and thereafter for seven calendar weeks and until he or she has obtained bona fide work in employment covered by this title and earned wages in that employment equal to seven times his or her weekly benefit amount. Good cause reasons to leave work are limited to reasons listed in (b) of this subsection.

The disqualification shall continue if the work obtained is a mere sham to qualify for benefits and is not bona fide work. In determining whether work is of

- a bona fide nature, the commissioner shall consider factors including but not limited to the following:
 - (i) The duration of the work;
 - (ii) The extent of direction and control by the employer over the work; and
- (iii) The level of skill required for the work in light of the individual's training and experience.
- (b) An individual has good cause and is not disqualified from benefits under (a) of this subsection only under the following circumstances:
- (i) He or she has left work to accept a bona fide offer of bona fide work as described in (a) of this subsection;
- (ii) The separation was necessary because of the illness or disability of the claimant or the death, illness, or disability of a member of the claimant's immediate family if:
- (A) The claimant pursued all reasonable alternatives to preserve his or her employment status by requesting a leave of absence, by having promptly notified the employer of the reason for the absence, and by having promptly requested reemployment when again able to assume employment. These alternatives need not be pursued, however, when they would have been a futile act, including those instances when the futility of the act was a result of a recognized labor/management dispatch system; and
- (B) The claimant terminated his or her employment status, and is not entitled to be reinstated to the same position or a comparable or similar position;
- (iii) The claimant: (A) Left work to relocate for the employment of a spouse or domestic partner that is outside the existing labor market area; and (B) remained employed as long as was reasonable prior to the move;
- (iv) The separation was necessary to protect the claimant or the claimant's immediate family members from domestic violence, as defined in RCW 26.50.010, or stalking, as defined in RCW 9A.46.110;
- (v) The individual's usual compensation was reduced by twenty-five percent or more;
- (vi) The individual's usual hours were reduced by twenty-five percent or more;
- (vii) The individual's worksite changed, such change caused a material increase in distance or difficulty of travel, and, after the change, the commute was greater than is customary for workers in the individual's job classification and labor market;
- (viii) The individual's worksite safety deteriorated, the individual reported such safety deterioration to the employer, and the employer failed to correct the hazards within a reasonable period of time;
- (ix) The individual left work because of illegal activities in the individual's worksite, the individual reported such activities to the employer, and the employer failed to end such activities within a reasonable period of time;
- (x) The individual's usual work was changed to work that violates the individual's religious convictions or sincere moral beliefs; or
- (xi) The individual left work to enter an apprenticeship program approved by the Washington state apprenticeship training council. Benefits are payable beginning Sunday of the week prior to the week in which the individual begins active participation in the apprenticeship program.

Sec. 4. RCW 50.22.010 and 1993 c 483 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

- (1) "Extended benefit period" means a period which:
- (a) Begins with the third week after a week for which there is an "on" indicator; and
- (b) Ends with the third week after the first week for which there is an "off" indicator: PROVIDED, That no extended benefit period shall last for a period of less than thirteen consecutive weeks, and further that no extended benefit period may begin by reason of an "on" indicator before the fourteenth week after the close of a prior extended benefit period which was in effect with respect to this state.
- (2) There is an "on" indicator for this state for a week if the commissioner determines, in accordance with the regulations of the United States secretary of labor, that for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding twelve weeks:
- (a) The rate of insured unemployment, not seasonally adjusted, equaled or exceeded one hundred twenty percent of the average of such rates for the corresponding thirteen-week period ending in each of the preceding two calendar years and equaled or exceeded five percent; or
 - (b) For benefits for weeks of unemployment beginning after March 6, 1993:
- (i) The average rate of total unemployment, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the period consisting of the most recent three months for which data for all states are published before the close of the week equals or exceeds six and one-half percent; and
- (ii) The average rate of total unemployment in the state, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the three-month period referred to in (b)(i) of this subsection, equals or exceeds one hundred ten percent of the average for either or both of the corresponding three-month periods ending in the two preceding calendar years.
- (3) "High unemployment period" means any period of unemployment beginning after March 6, 1993, during which an extended benefit period would be in effect if:
- (a) The average rate of total unemployment, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the period consisting of the most recent three months for which data for all states are published before the close of the week equals or exceeds eight percent; and
- (b) The average rate of total unemployment in the state, seasonally adjusted, as determined by the United States secretary of labor, for the three-month period referred to in (a) of this subsection, equals or exceeds one hundred ten percent of the average for either or both of the corresponding three-month periods ending in the two preceding calendar years.
- (4) There is an "off" indicator for this state for a week only if, for the period consisting of such week and immediately preceding twelve weeks, none of the options specified in subsection (2) or (3) of this section result in an "on" indicator.
- (5) "Regular benefits" means benefits payable to an individual under this title or under any state law (including benefits payable to federal civilian

employees and to ex-servicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C. chapter 85) other than extended benefits or additional benefits.

- (6) "Extended benefits" means benefits payable for weeks of unemployment beginning in an extended benefit period to an individual under this title or under any state law (including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and to exservicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C. chapter 85) other than regular or additional benefits.
- (7) "Additional benefits" are benefits totally financed by the state and payable under this title to exhaustees by reason of conditions of high unemployment or by reason of other special factors.
 - (8) "Eligibility period" of an individual means:
- (a) The period consisting of the weeks in his or her benefit year which begin in an extended benefit period that is in effect in this state and, if his or her benefit year ends within such extended benefit period, any weeks thereafter which begin in such period; or
- (b) For an individual who is eligible for emergency unemployment compensation during the extended benefit period beginning February 15, 2009, the period consisting of the week ending February 28, 2009, through the week ending May 29, 2010.
- (9) "Additional benefit eligibility period" of an individual means the period consisting of the weeks in his or her benefit year which begin in an additional benefit period that is in effect and, if his or her benefit year ends within such additional benefit period, any weeks thereafter which begin in such period.
- (10) "Exhaustee" means an individual who, with respect to any week of unemployment in his or her eligibility period:
- (a) Has received, prior to such week, all of the regular benefits that were payable to him or her under this title or any other state law (including dependents' allowances and regular benefits payable to federal civilian employees and ex-servicemen under 5 U.S.C. chapter 85) in his or her current benefit year that includes such week; or
- (b) Has received, prior to such week, all of the regular benefits that were available to him or her under this title or any other state law (including dependents' allowances and regular benefits available to federal civilian employees and ex-servicemen under 5 U.S.C. chapter 85) in his or her current benefit year that includes such week, after the cancellation of some or all of his or her wage credits or the total or partial reduction of his or her rights to regular benefits: PROVIDED, That, for the purposes of (a) and (b), an individual shall be deemed to have received in his or her current benefit year all of the regular benefits that were payable to him or her, or available to him or her, as the case may be, even though:
- (i) As a result of a pending appeal with respect to wages or employment, or both, that were not included in the original monetary determination with respect to his or her current benefit year, he or she may subsequently be determined to be entitled to more regular benefits; or
- (ii) By reason of the seasonal provisions of another state law, he or she is not entitled to regular benefits with respect to such week of unemployment (although he or she may be entitled to regular benefits with respect to future weeks of unemployment in the next season, as the case may be, in his or her current benefit year), and he or she is otherwise an exhaustee within the meaning

of this section with respect to his or her right to regular benefits under such state law seasonal provisions during the season or off season in which that week of unemployment occurs; or

- (iii) Having established a benefit year, no regular benefits are payable to him or her during such year because his or her wage credits were canceled or his or her right to regular benefits was totally reduced as the result of the application of a disqualification; or
- (c) His or her benefit year having ended prior to such week, he or she has insufficient wages or employment, or both, on the basis of which he or she could establish in any state a new benefit year that would include such week, or having established a new benefit year that includes such week, he or she is precluded from receiving regular benefits by reason of the provision in RCW 50.04.030 which meets the requirement of section 3304(a)(7) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, or the similar provision in any other state law; and
- (d)(i) Has no right for such week to unemployment benefits or allowances, as the case may be, under the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, and such other federal laws as are specified in regulations issued by the United States secretary of labor; and
- (ii) Has not received and is not seeking for such week unemployment benefits under the unemployment compensation law of Canada, unless the appropriate agency finally determines that he or she is not entitled to unemployment benefits under such law for such week.
- (11) "State law" means the unemployment insurance law of any state, approved by the United States secretary of labor under section 3304 of the internal revenue code of 1954

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. If any part of this act is found to be in conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition to the allocation of federal funds to the state or the eligibility of employers in this state for federal unemployment tax credits, the conflicting part of this act is inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict, and the finding or determination does not affect the operation of the remainder of this act. Rules adopted under this act must meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal funds by the state or the granting of federal unemployment tax credits to employers in this state.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** Section 4 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Passed by the Senate April 26, 2009.
Passed by the House April 26, 2009.
Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 494

[Senate Bill 6096]

BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX—BUNKER FUEL

AN ACT Relating to the taxation of the manufacturing and selling of fuel for consumption outside the waters of the United States by vessels in foreign commerce; amending RCW 82.04.433; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** (1) Through this act the legislature intends to address the taxation of persons manufacturing and/or selling bunker fuel. Bunker fuel is fuel intended for consumption outside the waters of the United States by vessels in foreign commerce. Although the state has historically collected tax from bunker fuel manufacturers, recently questions have arisen whether the manufacture of bunker fuel is subject to business and occupation tax under RCW 82.04.240. Pursuant to this act, the activity is taxable under RCW 82.04.240.
- (2) The legislature finds that at the time the deduction allowed under RCW 82.04.433 was enacted in 1985, it was intended to apply only to the wholesaling or retailing of bunker fuel. In 1987 the legislature enacted the multiple activities tax credit in RCW 82.04.440. Enactment of the multiple activities tax credit resulted in changed tax liability for certain taxpayers. In particular, some taxpayers that engaged in activities that had been exempt under the prior multiple activities exemption became subject to tax on manufacturing activities upon enactment of the multiple activities tax credit in its place. The manufacturing of bunker fuel is one such activity.
- Sec. 2. RCW 82.04.433 and 1985 c 471 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) In computing tax there may be deducted from the measure of tax imposed under RCW 82.04.250 and 82.04.270 amounts derived from sales of fuel for consumption outside the territorial waters of the United States, by vessels used primarily in foreign commerce.
- (2) ((Nothing in this section shall be construed to imply that amounts which may be deducted under this section were taxable under Title 82 RCW prior to the enactment of this section.)) The deduction in subsection (1) of this section does not apply with respect to the tax imposed under RCW 82.04.240, whether the value of the fuel under that tax is measured by the gross proceeds derived from the sale thereof or otherwise under RCW 82.04.450.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** The department of revenue must take any actions that are necessary to ensure that its rules and other interpretive statements are consistent with this act.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** This act applies both prospectively and retroactively.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Passed by the Senate April 26, 2009. Passed by the House April 26, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 495

[Substitute Senate Bill 6171]

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH PROGRAMS—SAVINGS

AN ACT Relating to savings in programs under the supervision of the department of health; amending RCW 43.20.050, 43.20.240, 70.119A.020, 70.119A.050, 70.119A.060, 70.119A.130, 64.44.070, 70.54.220, 70.54.220, 70.104.030, 70.104.050, 70.56.020, 70.56.030, and 70.56.040; providing an effective date; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 43.20.050 and 2007 c 343 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The state board of health shall provide a forum for the development of public health policy in Washington state. It is authorized to recommend to the secretary means for obtaining appropriate citizen and professional involvement in all public health policy formulation and other matters related to the powers and duties of the department. It is further empowered to hold hearings and explore ways to improve the health status of the citizenry.
- (a) At least every five years, the state board shall convene regional forums to gather citizen input on public health issues.
- (b) Every two years, in coordination with the development of the state biennial budget, the state board shall prepare the state public health report that outlines the health priorities of the ensuing biennium. The report shall:
 - (i) Consider the citizen input gathered at the forums;
 - (ii) Be developed with the assistance of local health departments;
- (iii) Be based on the best available information collected and reviewed according to RCW 43.70.050 ((and recommendations from the council));
- (iv) Be developed with the input of state health care agencies. At least the following directors of state agencies shall provide timely recommendations to the state board on suggested health priorities for the ensuing biennium: The secretary of social and health services, the health care authority administrator, the insurance commissioner, the superintendent of public instruction, the director of labor and industries, the director of ecology, and the director of agriculture;
- (v) Be used by state health care agency administrators in preparing proposed agency budgets and executive request legislation;
- (vi) Be submitted by the state board to the governor by January 1st of each even-numbered year for adoption by the governor. The governor, no later than March 1st of that year, shall approve, modify, or disapprove the state public health report.
- (c) In fulfilling its responsibilities under this subsection, the state board may create ad hoc committees or other such committees of limited duration as necessary.
 - (2) In order to protect public health, the state board of health shall:

- (a) Adopt rules <u>for group A public water systems</u>, as <u>defined in RCW 70.119A.020</u>, necessary to assure safe and reliable public drinking water and to protect the public health. Such rules shall establish requirements regarding:
- (i) The design and construction of public water system facilities, including proper sizing of pipes and storage for the number and type of customers;
- (ii) Drinking water quality standards, monitoring requirements, and laboratory certification requirements;
 - (iii) Public water system management and reporting requirements;
 - (iv) Public water system planning and emergency response requirements;
 - (v) Public water system operation and maintenance requirements;
- (vi) Water quality, reliability, and management of existing but inadequate public water systems; and
- (vii) Quality standards for the source or supply, or both source and supply, of water for bottled water plants((-));
- (b) Adopt rules as necessary for group B public water systems, as defined in RCW 70.119A.020. The rules shall, at a minimum, establish requirements regarding the initial design and construction of a public water system. The state board of health rules may waive some or all requirements for group B public water systems with fewer than five connections;
- (c) Adopt rules and standards for prevention, control, and abatement of health hazards and nuisances related to the disposal of wastes, solid and liquid, including but not limited to sewage, garbage, refuse, and other environmental contaminants; adopt standards and procedures governing the design, construction, and operation of sewage, garbage, refuse and other solid waste collection, treatment, and disposal facilities;
- (((e))) (d) Adopt rules controlling public health related to environmental conditions including but not limited to heating, lighting, ventilation, sanitary facilities, cleanliness and space in all types of public facilities including but not limited to food service establishments, schools, institutions, recreational facilities and transient accommodations and in places of work;
- $((\frac{d}{d}))$ (e) Adopt rules for the imposition and use of isolation and quarantine;
- (((e))) (f) Adopt rules for the prevention and control of infectious and noninfectious diseases, including food and vector borne illness, and rules governing the receipt and conveyance of remains of deceased persons, and such other sanitary matters as admit of and may best be controlled by universal rule; and
- (((f))) (g) Adopt rules for accessing existing databases for the purposes of performing health related research.
- (3) The state board shall adopt rules for the design, construction, installation, operation, and maintenance of those on-site sewage systems with design flows of less than three thousand five hundred gallons per day.
- (4) The state board may delegate any of its rule-adopting authority to the secretary and rescind such delegated authority.
- (5) All local boards of health, health authorities and officials, officers of state institutions, police officers, sheriffs, constables, and all other officers and employees of the state, or any county, city, or township thereof, shall enforce all rules adopted by the state board of health. In the event of failure or refusal on the part of any member of such boards or any other official or person mentioned

in this section to so act, he or she shall be subject to a fine of not less than fifty dollars, upon first conviction, and not less than one hundred dollars upon second conviction.

- (6) The state board may advise the secretary on health policy issues pertaining to the department of health and the state.
- Sec. 2. RCW 43.20.240 and 1999 c 153 s 56 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department shall have primary responsibility among state agencies to receive complaints from persons aggrieved by the failure of a public water system. If the remedy to the complaint is not within the jurisdiction of the department, the department shall refer the complaint to the state or local agency that has the appropriate jurisdiction. The department shall take such steps as are necessary to inform other state agencies of their primary responsibility for such complaints and the implementing procedures.
- (2) Each county shall designate a contact person to the department for the purpose of receiving and following up on complaint referrals that are within county jurisdiction. In the absence of any such designation, the county health officer shall be responsible for performing this function.
- (3) The department and each county shall establish procedures for providing a reasonable response to complaints received from persons aggrieved by the failure of a public water system.
- (4) The department and each county shall use all reasonable efforts to assist customers of public water systems in obtaining a dependable supply of water at all times. The availability of resources and the public health significance of the complaint shall be considered when determining what constitutes a reasonable effort.
- (5) The department shall, in consultation with local governments, water utilities, water-sewer districts, public utility districts, and other interested parties, develop a booklet or other single document that will provide to members of the public the following information:
- (a) A summary of state <u>and local</u> law regarding the obligations of public water systems in providing drinking water supplies to their customers;
- (b) A summary of the activities, including planning, rate setting, and compliance, that are to be performed by both local and state agencies;
- (c) The rights of customers of public water systems, including identification of agencies or offices to which they may address the most common complaints regarding the failures or inadequacies of public water systems.

This booklet or document shall be available to members of the public no later than January 1, 1991.

Sec. 3. RCW 70.119A.020 and 1999 c 118 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following definitions apply throughout this chapter:

- (1) "Department" means the department of health.
- (2) "Group A public water system" means a public water system with fifteen or more service connections, regardless of the number of people; or a system serving an average of twenty-five or more people per day for sixty or more days

- within a calendar year, regardless of the number of service connections; or a system serving one thousand or more people for two or more consecutive days.
- (3) "Group B public water system" means a public water system that does not meet the definition of a group A public water system.
- (4) "Local board of health" means the city, town, county, or district board of health.
- $((\frac{3}{2}))$ (5) "Local health jurisdiction" means an entity created under chapter 70.05, 70.08, or 70.46 RCW which provides public health services to persons within the area.
- (((4))) (6) "Public water system" means any system, excluding a system serving only one single-family residence and a system with four or fewer connections all of which serve residences on the same farm, providing water for human consumption through pipes or other constructed conveyances, including any collection, treatment, storage, or distribution facilities under control of the purveyor and used primarily in connection with the system; and collection or pretreatment storage facilities not under control of the purveyor but primarily used in connection with the system, including:
- (a) Any collection, treatment, storage, and distribution facilities under control of the purveyor and used primarily in connection with such system; and
- (b) Any collection or pretreatment storage facilities not under control of the purveyor which are primarily used in connection with such system.
- $(((\frac{5}{2})))$ (7) "Order" means a written direction to comply with a provision of the regulations adopted under RCW 43.20.050(2) (a) and (b) or 70.119.050 or to take an action or a series of actions to comply with the regulations.
- (((6))) (8) "Purveyor" means any agency or subdivision of the state or any municipal corporation, firm, company, mutual or cooperative association, institution, partnership, or person or any other entity, that owns or operates a public water system. It also means the authorized agents of any such entities.
- $(((\frac{7}{1})))$ (9) "Regulations" means rules adopted to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- (((8))) (10) "Federal safe drinking water act" means the federal safe drinking water act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 300f et seq., as now in effect or hereafter amended.
- (((9))) (11) "Area-wide waivers" means a waiver granted by the department as a result of a geographically based testing program meeting required provisions of the federal safe drinking water act.
- (((10))) (12) "Local health officer" means the legally qualified physician who has been appointed as the health officer for the city, town, county, or district public health department.
- (((11))) (13) "Person" includes, but is not limited to, natural persons, municipal corporations, governmental agencies, firms, companies, mutual or cooperative associations, institutions, and partnerships. It also means the authorized agents of any such entities.
- (((12))) (14) "Public health emergency" means a declaration by an authorized health official of a situation in which either illness, or exposure known to cause illness, is occurring or is imminent.
 - (((13))) (15) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health.
 - (((14))) (16) "State board of health" is the board created by RCW 43.20.030.

Sec. 4. RCW 70.119A.050 and 1993 c 305 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Each local board of health that is enforcing the regulations ((under an agreement with the department allocating state and local responsibility)) regarding public water systems is authorized to impose and collect civil penalties for violations within the area of its responsibility under the same limitations and requirements imposed upon the department by RCW 70.119A.030 and 70.119A.040, except that judgment shall be entered in the name of the local board (([and])) and penalties shall be placed into the general fund of the county, city, or town operating the local board of health.

- **Sec. 5.** RCW 70.119A.060 and 1995 c 376 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) ((In order)) To assure safe and reliable public drinking water and to protect the public health($(\frac{1}{2})$):
- (a) Public water systems shall comply with all applicable federal, state, and local rules; and
 - (b) Group A public water systems shall:
 - $((\frac{1}{2}))$ (i) Protect the water sources used for drinking water;
- (((b))) (ii) Provide treatment adequate to assure that the public health is protected;
- $((\frac{(e)}{e}))$ (iii) Provide and effectively operate and maintain public water system facilities;
- $((\frac{d}{d}))$ (iv) Plan for future growth and assure the availability of safe and reliable drinking water;
- (((e))) (v) Provide the department with the current names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the owners, operators, and emergency contact persons for the system, including any changes to this information, and provide to users the name and twenty-four hour telephone number of an emergency contact person; and
- (((f))) (vi) Take whatever investigative or corrective action is necessary to assure that a safe and reliable drinking water supply is continuously available to users.
- (2) No new public water system may be approved or created unless: (a) It is owned or operated by a satellite system management agency established under RCW 70.116.134 and the satellite system management system complies with financial viability requirements of the department; or (b) a satellite management system is not available and it is determined that the new system has sufficient management and financial resources to provide safe and reliable service. The approval of any new system that is not owned by a satellite system management agency shall be conditioned upon future management or ownership by a satellite system management agency, if such management or ownership can be made with reasonable economy and efficiency, or upon periodic review of the system's operational history to determine its ability to meet the department's financial viability and other operating requirements. The department and local health jurisdictions shall enforce this requirement under authority provided under this chapter, chapter 70.116, or 70.05 RCW, or other authority governing the approval of new water systems by the department or a local jurisdiction.
- (3) The department and local health jurisdictions shall carry out the rules and regulations of the state board of health adopted pursuant to RCW

- 43.20.050(2) (a) and (b) and other rules adopted by the department relating to public water systems.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 70.119A.130 and 1995 c 376 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Local governments may establish separate operating permit requirements for public water systems provided the operating permit requirements have been approved by the department. The department shall not approve local operating permit requirements unless the local system will result in an increased level of service to the public water system. There shall not be duplicate operating permit requirements imposed by local governments and the department.
- (2) Local governments may establish requirements for group B public water systems in addition to those established by rule by the state board of health pursuant to RCW 43.20.050(2) or other rules adopted by the department, provided that the requirements are at least as stringent as the state requirements.
- **Sec. 7.** RCW 64.44.070 and 2006 c 339 s 207 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The state board of health shall promulgate rules and standards for carrying out the provisions in this chapter in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, the administrative procedure act. The local board of health and the local health officer are authorized to exercise such powers as may be necessary to carry out this chapter. The department ((shall)) may provide technical assistance to local health boards and health officers to carry out their duties under this chapter.
- (2) The department shall adopt rules for decontamination of a property used as a laboratory for the production of controlled substances and methods for the testing of porous and nonporous surfaces, groundwater, surface water, soil, and septic tanks for contamination. The rules shall establish decontamination standards for hazardous chemicals, including but not limited to methamphetamine, lead, mercury, and total volatile organic compounds.
- (((3) The department shall adopt rules regarding independent third party sampling including those pertaining to:
- (a) Verification of possible property contamination due to the illegal manufacture of controlled substances;
- (b) Verification of satisfactory decontamination of property deemed contaminated and unfit for use;
 - (c) Certification of independent third party samplers;
- (d) Qualifications and performance standards for independent third party samplers;
- (e) Administration of background checks for third party sampler applicants; and
- (f) The denial, suspension, or revocation of independent third party sampler certification.
- (4) For the purposes of this section, an independent third party sampler is a person who is not an employee, agent, representative, partner, joint venturer, shareholder, or parent or subsidiary company of the authorized contractor, the authorized contractor's company, or the property owner.))

Sec. 8. RCW 70.54.220 and 1988 c 276 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

All persons licensed or certified by the state of Washington to provide prenatal care or to practice medicine shall provide information regarding the use and availability of prenatal tests to all pregnant women in their care ((within the time limits prescribed by department rules and in accordance with standards established by those rules)).

- **Sec. 9.** RCW 70.54.220 and 2008 c 56 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (((1))) All persons licensed or certified by the state of Washington to provide prenatal care or to practice medicine shall provide information to all pregnant women in their care regarding:
 - $((\frac{a}{a}))$ (1) The use and availability of prenatal tests; and
- $((\frac{b}))$ (2) Using objective and standardized information: $((\frac{b}))$ (a) The differences between and potential benefits and risks involved in public and private cord blood banking that is sufficient to allow a pregnant woman to make an informed decision before her third trimester of pregnancy on whether to participate in a private or public cord blood banking program; and $((\frac{b}))$ (b) the opportunity to donate, to a public cord blood bank, blood and tissue extracted from the placenta and umbilical cord following delivery of a newborn child.
- (((2) The information required by this section must be provided within the time limits prescribed by department rules and in accordance with standards established by those rules.))
- **Sec. 10.** RCW 70.104.030 and 1991 c 3 s 357 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department of health ((shall)) may investigate all suspected human cases of pesticide poisoning and such cases of suspected pesticide poisoning of animals that may relate to human illness. The department shall establish time periods by rule to determine investigation response time. Time periods shall range from immediate to forty-eight hours to initiate an investigation, depending on the severity of the case or suspected case of pesticide poisoning.

In order to adequately investigate such cases, the department shall have the power to:

- (a) Take all necessary samples and human or animal tissue specimens for diagnostic purposes: PROVIDED, That tissue, if taken from a living human, shall be taken from a living human only with the consent of a person legally qualified to give such consent;
- (b) Secure any and all such information as may be necessary to adequately determine the nature and causes of any case of pesticide poisoning.
- (2) The department shall((, by rule adopted pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW, with due notice and a hearing for the adoption of permanent rules, establish procedures for the prevention of any recurrence of poisoning and the department shall)) immediately notify the department of agriculture, the department of labor and industries, and other appropriate agencies of the results of its investigation for such action as the other departments or agencies deem appropriate. The notification of such investigations and their results may include recommendations for further action by the appropriate department or agency.

Sec. 11. RCW 70.104.050 and 1991 c 3 s 359 are each amended to read as follows:

The department of health shall investigate human exposure to pesticides according to the degree of risk that the exposure presents to the individual and the greater population as well as the level of funding appropriated in the operating budget, and in order to carry out such investigations shall have authority to secure and analyze appropriate specimens of human tissue and samples representing sources of possible exposure.

- **Sec. 12.** RCW 70.56.020 and 2008 c 136 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The legislature intends to establish an adverse health events and incident notification and reporting system that is designed to facilitate quality improvement in the health care system, improve patient safety, assist the public in making informed health care choices, and decrease medical errors in a nonpunitive manner. The notification and reporting system shall not be designed to punish errors by health care practitioners or health care facility employees.
- (2) When a medical facility confirms that an adverse event has occurred, it shall submit to the department of health:
- (a) Notification of the event, with the date, type of adverse event, and any additional contextual information the facility chooses to provide, within forty-eight hours; and
 - (b) A report regarding the event within forty-five days.

The notification and report shall be submitted to the department using the internet-based system established under RCW 70.56.040(2) if the system is operational.

- (c) A medical facility may amend the notification or report within sixty days of the submission.
- (3) The notification and report shall be filed in a format specified by the department after consultation with medical facilities and the independent entity if an independent entity has been contracted for under RCW 70.56.040(1). The format shall identify the facility, but shall not include any identifying information for any of the health care professionals, facility employees, or patients involved. This provision does not modify the duty of a hospital to make a report to the department of health or a disciplinary authority if a licensed practitioner has committed unprofessional conduct as defined in RCW 18.130.180.
- (4) As part of the report filed under subsection (2)(b) of this section, the medical facility must conduct a root cause analysis of the event, describe the corrective action plan that will be implemented consistent with the findings of the analysis, or provide an explanation of any reasons for not taking corrective action. The department shall adopt rules, in consultation with medical facilities and the independent entity if an independent entity has been contracted for under RCW 70.56.040(1), related to the form and content of the root cause analysis and corrective action plan. In developing the rules, consideration shall be given to existing standards for root cause analysis or corrective action plans adopted by the joint commission on accreditation of health facilities and other national or governmental entities.
- (5) If, in the course of investigating a complaint received from an employee of a medical facility, the department determines that the facility has not provided

notification of an adverse event or undertaken efforts to investigate the occurrence of an adverse event, the department shall direct the facility to provide notification or to undertake an investigation of the event.

- (6) The protections of RCW 43.70.075 apply to notifications of adverse events that are submitted in good faith by employees of medical facilities.
- **Sec. 13.** RCW 70.56.030 and 2007 c 259 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The department shall:
- (a) Receive and investigate, where necessary, notifications and reports of adverse events, including root cause analyses and corrective action plans submitted as part of reports, and communicate to individual facilities the department's conclusions, if any, regarding an adverse event reported by a facility;
- (b) ((Provide to the Washington state quality forum established in RCW 41.05.029 such information from the adverse health events and incidents reports made under this chapter as the department and the Washington state quality forum determine will assist in the Washington state quality forum's research regarding health care quality, evidence based medicine, and patient safety. Any shared information must be aggregated and not identify an individual medical facility. As determined by the department and the Washington state quality forum, selected shared information may be disseminated on the Washington state quality forum's web site and through other appropriate means; and
 - (e))) Adopt rules as necessary to implement this chapter.
- (2) The department may enforce the reporting requirements of RCW 70.56.020 using its existing enforcement authority provided in chapter 18.46 RCW for childbirth centers, chapter 70.41 RCW for hospitals, and chapter 71.12 RCW for psychiatric hospitals.
- **Sec. 14.** RCW 70.56.040 and 2008 c 136 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) To the extent funds are appropriated specifically for this purpose, the department shall contract with a qualified, independent entity to receive notifications and reports of adverse events and incidents, and carry out the activities specified in this section. In establishing qualifications for, and choosing the independent entity, the department shall strongly consider the patient safety organization criteria included in the federal patient safety and quality improvement act of 2005, P.L. 109-41, and any regulations adopted to implement this chapter.
- (2) If an independent entity is contracted for under subsection (1) of this section, the independent entity shall:
- (a) In collaboration with the department of health, establish an internet-based system for medical facilities and the health care workers of a medical facility to submit notifications and reports of adverse events and incidents, which shall be accessible twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week. The system shall be a portal to report both adverse events and incidents, and notifications and reports of adverse events shall be immediately transmitted to the department. The system shall be a secure system that protects the confidentiality of personal health information and provider and facility specific information submitted in notifications and reports, including appropriate

encryption and an accurate means of authenticating the identity of users of the system. When the system becomes operational, medical facilities shall submit all notifications and reports by means of the system;

- (b) Collect, analyze, and evaluate data regarding notifications and reports of adverse events and incidents, including the identification of performance indicators and patterns in frequency or severity at certain medical facilities or in certain regions of the state;
- (c) Develop recommendations for changes in health care practices and procedures, which may be instituted for the purpose of reducing the number or severity of adverse events and incidents;
- (d) Directly advise reporting medical facilities of immediate changes that can be instituted to reduce adverse events or incidents;
- (e) Issue recommendations to medical facilities on a facility-specific or on a statewide basis regarding changes, trends, and improvements in health care practices and procedures for the purpose of reducing the number and severity of adverse events or incidents. Prior to issuing recommendations, consideration shall be given to the following factors: Expectation of improved quality of care, implementation feasibility, other relevant implementation practices, and the cost impact to patients, payers, and medical facilities. Statewide recommendations shall be issued to medical facilities on a continuing basis and shall be published and posted on a publicly accessible web site. The recommendations made to medical facilities under this section shall not be considered mandatory for licensure purposes unless they are adopted by the department as rules pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW; and
- (f) Monitor implementation of reporting systems addressing adverse events or their equivalent in other states and make recommendations to the governor and the legislature as necessary for modifications to this chapter to keep the system as nearly consistent as possible with similar systems in other states.
- (3)(a) The independent entity shall report no later than January 1, 2008, and annually thereafter in any year that an independent entity is contracted for under subsection (1) of this section to the governor and the legislature on the activities under this chapter in the preceding year. The report shall include:
- (i) The number of adverse events and incidents reported by medical facilities, in the aggregate, on a geographical basis, and a summary of actions taken by facilities in response to the adverse events or incidents;
- (ii) In the aggregate, the information derived from the data collected, including any recognized trends concerning patient safety;
- (iii) Recommendations for statutory or regulatory changes that may help improve patient safety in the state; and
- (iv) Information, presented in the aggregate, to inform and educate consumers and providers, on best practices and prevention tools that medical facilities are implementing to prevent adverse events as well as other patient safety initiatives medical facilities are undertaking to promote patient safety.
- (b) The annual report shall be made available for public inspection and shall be posted on the department's and the independent entity's web site.
- (4) The independent entity shall conduct all activities under this section in a manner that preserves the confidentiality of facilities, documents, materials, or information made confidential by RCW 70.56.050.

(5) Medical facilities and health care workers may provide notification of incidents to the independent entity. The notification shall be filed in a format specified by the independent entity, after consultation with the department and medical facilities, and shall identify the facility but shall not include any identifying information for any of the health care professionals, facility employees, or patients involved. This provision does not modify the duty of a hospital to make a report to the department or a disciplinary authority if a licensed practitioner has committed unprofessional conduct as defined in RCW 18.130.180. The protections of RCW 43.70.075 apply to notifications of incidents that are submitted in good faith by employees of medical facilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. Section 8 of this act expires July 1, 2010.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. Section 9 of this act takes effect July 1, 2010.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 17.** Except for section 9 of this act, this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Passed by the Senate April 26, 2009.
Passed by the House April 26, 2009.
Approved by the Governor May 14, 2009.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 496

[Substitute Senate Bill 6095]
PUGET SOUND PILOTAGE DISTRICT TARIFF

AN ACT Relating to the Puget Sound pilotage district tariff; and amending RCW 88.16.035.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 88.16.035 and 2008 c 128 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The board of pilotage commissioners shall:
- (a) Adopt rules, pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, necessary for the enforcement and administration of this chapter;
- (b)(i) Issue training licenses and pilot licenses to pilot applicants meeting the qualifications provided for in RCW 88.16.090 and such additional qualifications as may be determined by the board;
- (ii) Establish a comprehensive training program to assist in the training and evaluation of pilot applicants before final licensing; and
- (iii) Establish additional training requirements, including a program of continuing education developed after consultation with pilot organizations, including those located within the state of Washington, as required to maintain a competent pilotage service;
- (c) Maintain a register of pilots, records of pilot accidents, and other history pertinent to pilotage;
- (d) Determine from time to time the number of pilots necessary to be licensed in each district of the state to optimize the operation of a safe, fully regulated, efficient, and competent pilotage service in each district;

- (e) Annually fix the pilotage tariffs for pilotage services ((performed aboard vessels as required by)) provided under this chapter: PROVIDED, That the board may fix extra compensation for extra services to vessels in distress, for awaiting vessels, for all vessels in direct transit to or from a Canadian port where Puget Sound pilotage is required for a portion of the voyage, or for being carried to sea on vessels against the will of the pilot, and for such other services as may be determined by the board: PROVIDED FURTHER, That as an element of the Puget Sound pilotage district tariff, the board may consider pilot retirement plan expenses incurred in the prior year in either pilotage district. However, under no circumstances shall the state be obligated to fund or pay for any portion of retirement payments for pilots or retired pilots;
- (f) File annually with the governor and the chairs of the transportation committees of the senate and house of representatives a report which includes, but is not limited to, the following: The number, names, ages, pilot license number, training license number, and years of service as a Washington licensed pilot of any person licensed by the board as a Washington state pilot or trainee; the names, employment, and other information of the members of the board: the total number of pilotage assignments by pilotage district, including information concerning the various types and sizes of vessels and the total annual tonnage; the annual earnings or stipends of individual pilots and trainees before and after deduction for expenses of pilot organizations, including extra compensation as a separate category; the annual expenses of private pilot associations, including personnel employed and capital expenditures; the status of pilotage tariffs, extra compensation, and travel; the retirement contributions paid to pilots and the disposition thereof; the number of groundings, marine occurrences, or other incidents which are reported to or investigated by the board, and which are determined to be accidents, as defined by the board, including the vessel name, location of incident, pilot's or trainee's name, and disposition of the case together with information received before the board acted from all persons concerned, including the United States coast guard; the names, qualifications, time scheduled for examinations, and the district of persons desiring to apply for Washington state pilotage licenses; summaries of dispatch records, quarterly reports from pilots, and the bylaws and operating rules of pilotage organizations; the names, sizes in deadweight tons, surcharges, if any, port of call, name of the pilot or trainee, and names and horsepower of tug boats for any and all oil tankers subject to the provisions of RCW 88.16.190 together with the names of any and all vessels for which the United States coast guard requires special handling pursuant to their authority under the Ports and Waterways Safety Act of 1972; the expenses of the board; and any and all other information which the board deems appropriate to include;
- (g) Make available information that includes the pilotage act and other statutes of Washington state and the federal government that affect pilotage, including the rules of the board, together with such additional information as may be informative for pilots, agents, owners, operators, and masters;
- (h) Appoint advisory committees and employ marine experts as necessary to carry out its duties under this chapter;
- (i) Provide for the maintenance of efficient and competent pilotage service on all waters covered by this chapter; and do such other things as are reasonable,

necessary, and expedient to insure proper and safe pilotage upon the waters covered by this chapter and facilitate the efficient administration of this chapter.

(2) The board may pay stipends to pilot trainees under subsection (1)(b) of this section.

Passed by the Senate April 21, 2009. Passed by the House April 9, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 497

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1216] CAPITAL BUDGET

AN ACT Relating to the capital budget; making appropriations and authorizing expenditures for capital improvements; amending RCW 28B.15.210, 28B.15.310, 28B.35.370, 28B.50.360, 43.63A.125, 79.17.010, 79.17.020, 43.99N.060, 28A.335.210, 28B.10.027, and 43.17.200; amending 2008 c 328 ss 6001, 1004, 3003, 3006, 3008, and 3010 (uncodified); amending 2007 c 520 ss 2020, 2023, 2046, 2085, 2083, 2084, 3026, 3042, 3022, 3041, 3135, and 5137 (uncodified); creating new sections; repealing 2007 c 520 s 6006 (uncodified); providing an effective date; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** (1) A capital budget is hereby adopted and, subject to the provisions set forth in this act, the several dollar amounts hereinafter specified, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to accomplish the purposes designated, are hereby appropriated and authorized to be incurred for capital projects during the period beginning with the effective date of this act and ending June 30, 2011, out of the several funds specified in this act.

- (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this act unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Fiscal year 2010" or "FY 2010" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010
- (b) "Fiscal year 2011" or "FY 2011" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011.
- (c) "Lapse" or "revert" means the amount shall return to an unappropriated status.
- (d) "Provided solely" means the specified amount may be spent only for the specified purpose.

Unless otherwise specifically authorized in this act, any portion of an amount provided solely for a specified purpose that is not expended subject to the specified conditions and limitations to fulfill the specified purpose shall lapse.

PART 1 GENERAL GOVERNMENT

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1001. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Rural Washington Loan Fund (19882002)

Reappropriation: Rural Washington Loan Account—State\$1,036,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,856,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,892,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1002. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Drinking Water Assistance Account (20044002)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Expenditures of the reappropriation shall comply with RCW 70.119A.170.
Reappropriation: Drinking Water Assistance Repayment Account—State \$4,200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$12,493,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$16,693,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1003. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Drinking Water State Revolving Fund - Authorization to Use Loan Repayments (20044010)
Reappropriation: Drinking Water Assistance Repayment Account—State \$5,867,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$9,333,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$15,200,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1004. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Local and Community Projects (20044011)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: (1) The projects must comply with RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c) and other requirements for community projects administered by the department, except that the Highline historical society project is land acquisition. (2) The reappropriation is subject to the project list in section 204, chapter 277, Laws of 2004.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$700,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$12,615,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$13,315,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1005. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Local and Community Projects (20064008)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: (1) \$64,319 of the remaining reappropriation for El Centro de la raza may be used for building infrastructure. (2) \$10,000 of the remaining reappropriation for miracle league handicapped baseball may be used for pregrading and resurfacing construction. (3) \$1,394,107 of the remaining reappropriation for MOBIUS/inland northwest science and technology center may be used for design and construction.

Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
TOTAL
Reappropriation: State Taxable Building Construction Account—State\$1,843,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
TOTAL\$100,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1007. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Public Works Trust Fund (20064004)
Reappropriation: Public Works Assistance Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$227,561,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$288,900,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1008. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Rural Washington Loan Fund (20064010)
Reappropriation: Rural Washington Loan Account—State\$3,878,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$249,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,127,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1009. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: A maximum of twenty-five percent of the reappropriation in this section may be used for grants.

Community Economic Revitalization Board (20064011)

Reappropriation: Public Facility Construction Loan Revolving Account—State	\$15,549,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). Future Biennia (Projected Costs). TOTAL	\$0
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1010. FOR THE DEPART COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Drinking Water Assistance Program (20064003)	MENT OF
Reappropriation: Drinking Water Assistance Repayment Account—State	\$21,780,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). Future Biennia (Projected Costs). TOTAL	\$29,880,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1011. FOR THE DEPART COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Water System Acquisition and Rehabilitation Program (20064)	Т
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following c limitations: The reappropriation must be jointly administered by the of health, the public works board, and the department of communication development using the drinking water state revolving program as an administrative model. In order to expedite the use of and minimize administration costs, this reappropriation must be adguidance, rather than rule. Projects must generally be prioritized rinking water state revolving fund loan program criteria. It provided through this program must be in the form of grants that a cover project costs. The maximum grant to any eligible entity matter the provided the funds allocated to this reappropriation.	ne department ity, trade, and ing fund loan of these funds ministered by zed using the All financing must partially
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State	\$6,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). Future Biennia (Projected Costs). TOTAL	\$0
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1012. FOR THE DEPART COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Housing Assistance, Weatherization, and Affordable Housing	Т
Reappropriation: Washington Housing Trust Account—State	\$172,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). Future Biennia (Projected Costs). TOTAL	\$0

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1013. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Job and Economic Development Grants (20064950)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The reappropriation is subject to the provisions of section 107, chapter 371, Laws of 2006.
- (2) The reappropriation is subject to the project list in section 107, chapter 371, Laws of 2006.
- (3) Up to \$1,000,000 of the reappropriation for the Pacific Northwest national labs campus infrastructure project is provided solely for giga-pop infrastructure.
- (4) Up to \$2,200,000 of the reappropriation is provided solely for military communities infrastructure projects. Military communities infrastructure projects shall include:
- (a) Grants to counties and cities for the purchase of development easements and the purchase of real property in fee simple to restrict the use of accident potential zones and clear zones. The office of financial management shall establish a competitive process for selecting projects to receive the grants. Final allocation of these grants shall be at the discretion and with the approval of the director of the office of financial management.

The grants are subject to the following conditions:

- (i) The county or city must be subject to and in compliance with RCW 36.70A.530:
- (ii) The grants may not be used to remove encroachments into these zones allowed by county or city zoning or permitting actions;
- (iii) The county or city must have an encroachment prevention plan preventing future encroachment into these zones; and
- (iv) The grant provided by the state must not exceed one-third of the project cost with funds from local and federal sources providing the balance of the funds
- (b) Up to \$481,000 of the reappropriation is provided solely for improvements to a military department site on Fairchild air force base.

Reappropriation:

Public Works Assistance Account—State	\$14,172,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$50,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1014. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Jobs in Communities (20064951)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation is subject to the provisions of section 140, chapter 488, Laws of 2005.

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State \$10,960,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures). Future Biennia (Projected Costs). TOTAL\$. \$0
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1015. FOR THE DEPARTM COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Building for the Arts Grants (20074001)	IENT	OF
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conlimitations: (1) The reappropriation is subject to the provisions of RCW 43.6 (2) The reappropriation is subject to the provisions of section 10 520, Laws of 2007.	3A.750).
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State	\$2.240	.000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$9,760	,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	12,000	,000,
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1016. FOR THE DEPARTM COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Community Services Facilities Grants (20074002)	IENT	OF
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conlimitations: (1) The reappropriation is subject to the provisions of RCW 43.6 (2) The reappropriation is subject to the provisions of section 10 520, Laws of 2007.	3A.125	5.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State	\$1,495	,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). Future Biennia (Projected Costs). TOTAL\$. \$0
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1017. FOR THE DEPARTM COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Youth Recreational Facilities Grants (20074003)		
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conlimitations: (1) The reappropriation is subject to the provisions of RCW 43.6 (2) The reappropriation is subject to the provisions of section 10 328, Laws of 2008.	3A.135	5.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State	\$4,000	,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). Future Biennia (Projected Costs). TOTAL		. \$0

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1018. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Drinking Water Assistance Program (20074004)
Reappropriation: Drinking Water Assistance Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,082,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$31,900,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1019. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Public Works Trust Fund (20074005)
Reappropriation: Public Works Assistance Account—State \$232,000,000 State Taxable Building Construction Account— State \$95,000,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$327,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$327,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1020. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Water System Acquisition Rehabilitation Program (20074006)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Up to \$1,000,000 of the reappropriation is provided solely for the city of Republic to acquire the Pine Grove water system.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,559,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,750,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1021. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Rural Washington Loan Fund (20074008)
Reappropriation: Rural Washington Loan Account—State\$1,782,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$245,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,027,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1022. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Housing Assistance, Weatherization, and Affordable Housing (20074009)

The reappropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) Up to \$9,000,000 of the reappropriations are provided solely for weatherization administered through the energy matchmakers program.
- (2) Up to \$5,000,000 of the reappropriations are provided solely to promote development of safe and affordable housing units for persons eligible for services from the division of developmental disabilities within the department of social and health services.
- (3) Up to \$2,500,000 of the reappropriations are provided solely for grants to nonprofit organizations and public housing authorities for revolving loan, self-help housing programs for low and moderate income families.
- (4) Up to \$1,000,000 of the reappropriations are provided solely for shelters, transitional housing, or other housing facilities for victims of domestic violence.
- (5) Up to \$5,000,000 of the reappropriations are provided solely for the development of emergency shelters and transitional housing opportunities for homeless families with children.
- (6) Up to \$1,500,000 of the reappropriations are provided solely for the development of housing for low-income or homeless Native Americans. The department shall work with Native American tribes, not-for-profit organizations with experience in serving Native American populations, and Native American housing development organizations to prioritize projects located in the areas of highest identified need.
- (7) Up to \$4,000,000 of the reappropriations are provided solely for loans and grants to eligible organizations to purchase manufactured/mobile home communities with the intent of preserving the communities for affordable housing.
- (8) Up to \$10,000,000 of the reappropriations are for the creation and development of low-income housing within areas declared disasters by the governor after November 2007.
- (9) Up to \$2,000,000 of the reappropriation from the state taxable building construction account is provided solely for the development or preservation of farmworker housing for migrant and seasonal farmworkers located on private farms. This reappropriation is subject to appropriate agreements to protect the public investment. Any of this reappropriation that is not obligated by June 30, 2009, shall be added to the amount appropriated for the general pool of projects.
- (10) The reappropriations in this section from the state building construction account shall be distributed as grants.
- (11) Up to \$250,000 of the reappropriation from the Washington housing trust account is provided solely to the city of Burien for housing related purposes.
- (12) The reappropriations in this section shall not be used for the administrative costs of the department. The amount of the reappropriations shall be included in the calculation of annual funds available for determining the administrative costs authorized under RCW 43.185.050.
- (13) Within available funding provided in this section, the department shall prepare an inventory of housing assistance programs. The inventory shall include all state funded programs, the housing finance commission programs, all programs funded by local governments and housing authorities, including a description of expenditures from fees and taxes specifically authorized by state

law for housing assistance and homeless programs, all property tax and sales tax provisions that are intended to support housing assistance programs, and all federally funded housing assistance programs provided in the state. The inventory shall include a description of the program, biennial appropriation and expenditure levels since the 1999-2001 biennium through the 2007-2009 biennium, a description of eligibility criteria and the amount of benefit provided per unit or per family, and the number of units or families assisted. The department shall coordinate with the joint legislative audit and review committee to reduce duplicative efforts that may be required by legislation.

- (14)(a) Up to \$10,000,000 of the reappropriations are provided solely for the department to contract with the Washington state housing finance commission to provide grants or loans to eligible organizations, described under RCW 43.185A.040, to purchase land or real property for affordable housing and community facilities preservation or development in rapidly gentrifying neighborhoods, redevelopment areas, or communities with a significant lowincome population that is threatened with displacement by such gentrification. Loans or grants may be made to purchase land or real property for the preservation or development of affordable housing or community facilities, including reasonable costs and fees. The Washington state housing finance commission's review and evaluation of projects for loans and grants must include, but is not limited to the following: (i) Consideration of mobile home parks facing closure; (ii) properties in neighborhoods in King county that are facing gentrification or redevelopment; and (iii) properties located in the city of Spokane that are facing the threat of displacing low-income tenants due to the loss of affordable housing rental units. The Washington state housing finance commission, with approval from the department, may adopt guidelines and requirements that are necessary to administer the affordable housing and community facilities rapid response program. A loan recipient must preserve affordable rental housing acquired or developed under this section as affordable housing for a minimum of thirty years. Interest rates on loans made under this section may be as low as zero percent but may not exceed three percent. All loan repayments must be deposited into the Washington housing trust account and accounted for separately from other funds in the account.
- (b) By December 1, 2009, the Washington state housing finance commission shall report to the department and the appropriate committees of the legislature: (i) The number of loans that were made in the program; (ii) for what purposes the loans were made; (iii) to whom the loans were made; and (iv) when the loans are expected to be paid back.
- (15) Up to \$10,000,000 of the reappropriations are for the department to contract with the Washington state housing finance commission to administer the facilitation of nonprofit entities' use of tax-exempt multifamily bonds issued by the Washington state housing finance commission.
- (16)(a) Up to \$100,000 of the reappropriation from the Washington housing trust account is provided solely for the department to work in consultation with the affordable housing advisory board and representatives from nonprofit housing development organizations and affordable housing advocacy groups in the state to:
- (i) Identify and analyze all costs associated with affordable housing development projects financed through the Washington housing trust fund under

chapters 43.185 and 43.185A RCW, which may include, but are not limited to, costs associated with legal and architectural services, permitting and impact fees, land acquisition, and general construction costs;

- Make recommendations for strategies, which must include recommendations for changes to public policy and department procedures, to reduce the costs identified in (a)(i) of this subsection; and
- Make recommendations for potential performance measures appropriate for each strategy identified.
- (b) In developing recommendations for strategies to reduce costs, the department shall analyze and address the fiscal impact of public policies of the state and of local governments, Washington housing trust fund policies, and general market forces on affordable housing development.
- (c) The department shall report its findings and recommendations to the governor and to the appropriate committees of the legislature by September 30, 2009.

Reappropriation:

11 1	
State Building Construction Account—State	\$24,152,000
State Taxable Building Construction Account—State	\$48,097,000
Washington Housing Trust Account—State	\$12,950,000
Subtotal Reappropriation	\$85,199,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	5114,801,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	200,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1023. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Job Development Fund Grants (20074010)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation is subject to the provisions of section 1032, chapter 520, Laws of 2007.

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations. The appropriation is provided solely for a grant to the port of Gravs Harbor for the bulk liquid facility project.

Reappropriation:

Job Development Account—State	\$22,228,000
Appropriation:	
Job Development Account—State	. \$3,000,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)......\$24,702,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs).....\$0

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1024. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Community Economic Revitalization Board (20074015)

The reappropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: A maximum of twenty-five percent of the appropriation may be used for grants.

Reappropriation:

State Taxable Building Construction Account—State	. \$8,130,000
Public Facility Construction Loan Revolving	
Account—State	. \$7,289,000
Subtotal Reappropriation	\$15,419,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$20,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1025. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Longview Regional Water Treatment Plant Dredging (20081001)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Funding is provided solely for emergency dredging to prevent the sandbars in the Cowlitz river from obstructing the intake facility necessary for the city of Longview to obtain drinking water.

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$150,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
TOTAL	

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1026. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Quincy Water Treatment System Phase 1 (20081002)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation in this section is provided solely to increase the capacity of the water treatment facility in the city of Quincy.

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$4,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
TOTAL	\$4 500 000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1027. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Innovation Partnership Zones (20082003)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The state will designate unique areas of the state as innovation partnership zones, where globally competitive companies, research institutions, and advanced training are creating special competitive advantages for the state. From among the innovation partnership zones, using a competitive process based on need, estimated economic impact, geographic diversity, and local

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matches, six zones or projects will be selected to receive funding. The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for shared telecommunications within the zone, shared infrastructure and facilities, long-term capital purchases, and up to 10 percent for zone administration through the locally-designated innovation partnership zone administrator. It is the intent of the legislature that innovation partnership zone grants should consider the commercialization of inventions and innovations

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	. \$4,021,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$979,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	. \$5,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1028. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Washington State Horse Park (20082004)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The reappropriation shall complete the state's capital obligation for the facility.
- (2) Land provided for the state horse park by the county or city in which the park is located shall remain in the ownership of that county or city unless the county or city determines otherwise. The legislature encourages the county or city to provide a long-term lease of selected property to the Washington state horse park authority at a minimal charge.

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$3,376,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$124,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$3,500,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1029. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Local and Community Projects (20084001)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The projects must comply with RCW 43.63A.125 and other requirements for community projects administered by the department.
- (2) The reappropriation is subject to the provisions of section 1008, chapter 328, Laws of 2008.
- (3) \$1,000,000 of the remaining reappropriation for the Evergreen school district health and biosciences academy may be used for land acquisition. If the facility is not constructed by June 30, 2015, the school district shall reimburse the state an amount equal to \$1,000,000 increased by the average percentage appreciation in property values for undeveloped land in the surrounding area between the date the school district acquired the property and June 30, 2015 or the date the school district disposes of the property.

- (4) \$600,000 of the remaining reappropriation for the institute for community leadership may be used for land acquisition.
- (5) \$250,000 of the remaining reappropriation for the Pacific Northwest ilocandia association may be used for acquisition and renovation.
- (6) \$200,000 of the remaining reappropriation for the library connection at Greenbridge may be used for construction and equipment.
- (7) \$1,000,000 of the remaining reappropriation for the Evergreen school district health and biosciences academy may be used for land acquisition.

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State Building Construction Account—State	\$61,200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$71,694,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	132,894,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1030. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Community Development Fund (20084850)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The reappropriation is subject to the provisions of section 1014, chapter 328, Laws of 2008.
- (2) \$105,521 of the remaining reappropriation for El Centro de la raza center may be used for building infrastructure.

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$9,715,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$11,451,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$21,166,000

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1031. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Belfair Sewer Improvements (20084852)

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$5,500,000
Public Works Assistance Account—State	\$4,800,000
Subtotal Reappropriation	\$10,300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$10,300,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1032. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Building Communities Fund Program (20084855)

Reappropriation:

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$200,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$250,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1033. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Community Schools Program (20084856)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The reappropriation is provided solely for the acquisition, rehabilitation, expansion, or improvement of surplus school buildings to be converted into community facilities for the delivery of nonresidential coordinated services for children and families.
- (2) Eligible applicants include local governments, nonprofit organizations, nonprofit early learning providers, and tribal governments. Only the following surplus schools may be eligible for grant funding under this section: (a) Allen school; (b) Crown Hill school; (c) Fauntleroy school; (d) University Heights school; (e) Martin Luther King elementary school; and (f) Lincoln high school north wing.
- (3) As part of the grant process, applicants must submit a comprehensive plan for the use of the surplus school that includes information on the following:
- (a) A list of partner entities that will assist the lead eligible applicant to provide or coordinate services for children and families;
- (b) A memorandum of understanding between the lead eligible applicant and each partner; and
- (c) An examination of capital and operating funding sources that applicants intend to apply to the project and coordinated services at each school to be served, whether such funding is derived from grants under this section or from other federal, state, local, or private sources.
- (4) Project applicants must demonstrate that the proposed project is ready to proceed, will make timely use of the funds, and requires state funding to accomplish a discrete, usable phase of the project that may include acquisition.
- (5) If grant funds under this subsection are used for the acquisition of surplus school facilities, the sale proceeds must be used by the local school board disposing of such property for renovation, replacement, or new construction of school facilities in the district, but shall not be used as local match for projects receiving state school construction assistance grants.
- (6) In contracts for grants authorized under this subsection, the department shall include provisions that require that capital improvements must be held by the grantee for a specified period of time appropriate to the amount of the grant and that facilities must be used for the express purpose of the grant. If the grantee is found to be out of compliance with provisions of the contract, the grantee shall repay to the state general fund the principal amount of the grant plus interest calculated at the rate of interest on state of Washington general obligation bonds issued most closely to the date of authorization of the grant.

Reappropriation:

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$658,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,585,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1034. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Quillayute Valley Wood-Fire Boiler (20084858)
Reappropriation: Energy Freedom Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 1035. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Snohomish County Biodiesel (20084859)
Reappropriation: Energy Freedom Account—State\$500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1036. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 2008 Local and Community Projects (20084861)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation is subject to the provisions of section 1019, chapter 328, Laws of 2008.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$5,378,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$18,129,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1037. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Grays Harbor Wind Project (20084950)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$5,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1038. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Skagit County Digester (20084951)

Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1039. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Loan Program (30000005)
Appropriation: Drinking Water Assistance Account—State \$8,000,000 Drinking Water Assistance Repayment Account—State \$31,201,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$39,201,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$215,974,000 TOTAL \$255,175,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1040. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Building for the Arts Grants (30000006)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and

(1) Projects must be selected based on their readiness to proceed.

limitations:

(2) The appropriation is provided solely for the following list of projects:

Admiral Theatre-No Theatre Left Behind	\$140,000
Artspace Everett Lofts	\$1,000,000
Building a Foundation for Discovery	\$250,000
Campus Consolidation (Cornish)	\$375,000
Convert Key Bank to Everett's Plaza Theatre	\$500,000
Cottage Renovation (Hedgebrook)	\$20,000
Downstairs at the 5th	\$800,000
Federal Way Performing Arts Center	\$325,000
Gateway Center (Lummi)	\$150,000
James Center for the Performing Arts (Sequim)	\$150,000
Langston Hughes Performing Arts Center	\$475,000
Legacy Project (Imagine)	\$200,000
Modular Classrooms for Dance (Gladish)	\$30,000
Mt. Baker Theatre	\$1,000,000
Museum Expansion (Maryhill)	\$1,500,000
New Hands On Children's Museum	\$1,000,000
Reconstruction of First Stage (Issaquah)	\$400,000
Seattle Opera Center	\$650,000

Stage Two (Whidbey)	\$450,000
Vashon Arts Center	\$1,115,000
Visual Arts Education Center (Snohomish County)	\$1,000,000
Viva Vera Capital Campaign	\$70,000
Total	\$11,600,000
Appropriation:	
State Building Construction Account—State	\$11,600,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). Future Biennia (Projected Costs). TOTAL	\$48,000,000
COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOR	EPARTMENT OF PMENT
Youth Recreational Facilities Grants (30000007)	
The appropriation in this section is subject to the follo	wing conditions and
limitations: (1) Projects must be selected based on their readiness to	nroceed
(2) The appropriation is provided solely for the following	
Allen Place	\$800,000
Auburn Boys & Girls Club	\$800,000
Central Kitsap Community Campus YMCA	\$800,000
Coal Creek Family YMCA	\$800,000
East Pierce County HOPE Center	\$800,000
Highline YMCA	\$800,000
Hough Pool Renovation	\$150,000
Jim Parsley Community Center	\$800,000
Kitsap Girl Scout Center	\$205,000
Naval Avenue Boys & Girls Club	\$80,000
Toutle River Ranch	\$360,000
West Sound Teen Center	\$305,000
YMCA Spokane Central	\$800,000
Total	\$7,500,000
Appropriation:	<u>.</u>
State Building Construction Account—State	\$7,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). Future Biennia (Projected Costs) TOTAL	\$30,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1042. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Building Communities Fund Grants (30000008)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) Except as otherwise directed before the effective date of this section, the department shall not expend the appropriation in this section unless and until the nonstate share of project costs have been either expended, or firmly committed, or both, in an amount sufficient to complete the project or a distinct phase of the project that is useable to the public for the purpose intended by the legislature.
- (2) Prior to receiving funds, project recipients must demonstrate that the project site is under control for a minimum of ten years, either through ownership or a long-term lease. This requirement does not apply to appropriations for preconstruction activities or appropriations whose sole purpose is to purchase real property that does not include a construction or renovation component.
- (3) Projects funded in this section may be required to comply with Washington's high performance building standards as required by chapter 39.35D RCW.
- (4) Project funds are available on a reimbursement basis only, and shall not be advanced under any circumstances.
- (5) Projects funded in this section must be held by the recipient for a minimum of ten years and used for the same purpose or purposes intended by the legislature as required in RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c).
- (6) Projects funded in this section, including those that are owned and operated by nonprofit organizations, are generally required to pay state prevailing wages.
 - (7) The appropriation is provided solely for the following list of projects:

A Home for Opportunity - CASA Latina	\$325,000
Building the new Eastside Clinic - Community Health Care	\$1,900,000
Community Center for Sand Point Housing	\$350,000
Donald G. Topping HOPE Center - Boys & Girls Clubs of Puget Sound	\$1,934,250
Dove House (Domestic Violence/Sexual Assault Program of Jefferson County)	\$240,000
Duvall Multi-Service Center - Hopelink	\$617,985
Education and Training Center Mt. Baker Planned Parenthood	\$881,847
Emmanuel Family Life Center - Richard Allen Enterprises	\$400,594
Eritrean Community Center Expansion	\$300,000
Ferndale Boys & Girls Club	\$752,847
Giant Step - RRA	\$520,761
Greenbridge Early Learning Center	\$1,419,281
High Point Neighborhood Center	\$2,000,000

Highline YMCA	\$1,163,000
Milgard Work Opportunity Center - Tacoma Goodwill	\$1,850,000
Northeast Community Center Expansion	\$1,300,000
Pierce County Therapy Center	\$128,000
Rainier Vista & Rainier Valley Teen Center	\$2,400,000
Repurposing Daybreak Star	\$87,500
Riverwalk Point Community Building - Spokane Neighborhood Action Program	\$79,253
Rotary Support Center for Families	\$3,500,000
Safety & Systems Improvements at El Centro de la raza	\$250,031
TAF Community Learning Space (CLS)	\$1,500,000
The Keller House Services Center	\$600,000
YMCA/YWCA Central Spokane Facility	\$3,500,000
Total	\$28,000,349
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State	\$28,001,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	02
Future Biennia (Projected Costs). TOTAL NEW SECTION. Sec. 1043. FOR THE DEPA COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMI Community Economic Revitalization Board (30000010)	\$0 \$28,001,000 .RTMENT OF
Appropriation:	
Public Facility Construction Loan Revolving	
Account—State	\$6,253,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1044. FOR THE DEPA COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMI Innovation Partnership Zones (30000012)	RTMENT OF
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State	\$1,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$20,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1045. FOR THE DEPA COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMI Housing Assistance, Weatherization, and Affordable Housi	RTMENT OF ENT

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) \$7,000,000 of the appropriations is provided solely for facilities housing low-income migrant, seasonal, or temporary farmworkers. The operation of the facilities built under this section shall be in compliance with 8 U.S.C. Sec. 1342. The department shall work with the farmworker housing advisory committee to prioritize funding of projects to the areas of highest need. Funding may also be provided, to the extent qualified projects are submitted, for health and safety projects. Any of this appropriation that is not obligated by June 30, 2011, shall be added to the amount appropriated for the general pool of projects.
- (2) \$3,000,000 of the appropriations is provided solely to promote development of safe and affordable housing units for persons eligible for services from the division of developmental disabilities within the department of social and health services.
- (3) \$10,000 of the appropriations is provided solely to the Ballard food bank/Ballard homes for all coalition for the construction of a mobile camp facility.
- (4) \$2,500,000 of the appropriations is provided solely for the development of farm infrastructure improvements. Any of this appropriation that is not obligated by June 30, 2011, must be added to the amount appropriated for the general pool of projects.
- (5) \$1,000,000 from the taxable bonds account is provided solely for the development or preservation of farmworker housing for migrant and seasonal farmworkers located on private farms.
- (6) \$5,000,000 of the appropriation from the state building construction account is provided solely to build low-income housing units in underserved communities and to concurrently develop capacity in these same communities. Underserved communities of concern are those that have high levels of poverty, specifically, thirty percent of the local median income; experience chronic homelessness; and lack affordable housing. Underserved communities include veterans, immigrants, refugees, and those communities of color disproportionately impacted by chronic homelessness and lack of affordable housing. The department shall collaborate with representatives of underserved communities and organizations committed to assistance in these efforts to prioritize and plan distribution of funding.
- (7) The department may not make loans from capital bond proceeds appropriated in this section if the appropriations are also obligated for other grants or loans or if the anticipated repayments of the loans are from future state legislative appropriations.
- (8) The legislature recognizes and supports the housing priorities reflected in the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009 with the estimated amount of \$144,000,000 provided solely for the following programs:
- (a) The community development fund's neighborhood stabilization fund to purchase and rehabilitate foreclosed vacant properties and to help create affordable housing and stabilize neighborhoods.
- (b) The public housing capital fund to assist housing authorities build and rehabilitate low-income housing stock. Housing authorities are required to give priority consideration to the rehabilitation of vacant rental units and capital

projects that are already underway or included in the five-year capital fund plans.

- (c) HOME funding to the Washington state housing finance commission for a competitive program pursuant to the qualified allocation plan to owners of projects who have received or receive simultaneously an award of low-income housing tax credits under section 42(h) of the internal revenue code of 1986.
- (d) Weatherization appropriated in section 1052 of this act for grants and loans to local energy programs for weatherization of multifamily and single family homes.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$30,000,000
State Taxable Building Construction	
Account—State	\$60,000,000
Washington Housing Trust Account—State	\$10,000,000
Subtotal Appropriation	\$100,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	\$500,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1046. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Community Schools (91000002)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation in this section is provided solely for the following:

- (1) The acquisition, rehabilitation, expansion, or improvement of surplus school buildings to be converted into community facilities for the delivery of nonresidential coordinated services for children and families.
- (a) Eligible applicants include local governments, nonprofit organizations, nonprofit early learning providers, and tribal governments. Only the following surplus schools may be eligible for grant funding under this section: Fauntleroy school, University Heights school, and Martin Luther King elementary school.
- (b) As part of the grant process, applicants must submit a comprehensive plan for the use of the surplus school that includes information on the following:
- (i) A list of partner entities that will assist the lead eligible applicant to provide or coordinate services for children and families;
- (ii) A memorandum of understanding between the lead eligible applicant and each partner; and
- (iii) An examination of capital and operating funding sources that applicants intend to apply to the project and coordinated services at each school to be served, whether such funding is derived from grants under this section or from other federal, state, local, or private sources.
- (c) Project applicants must demonstrate that the proposed project is ready to proceed, will make timely use of the funds, and requires state funding to accomplish a discrete, usable phase of the project that may include acquisition.
- (d) If grant funds under this subsection are used for the acquisition of surplus school facilities, the sale proceeds must be used by the local school board disposing of such property for renovation, replacement, or new

construction of school facilities in the district, but shall not be used as local match for projects receiving state school construction assistance grants.

- (e) In contracts for grants authorized under this subsection, the department shall include provisions that require that capital improvements must be held by the grantee for a specified period of time appropriate to the amount of the grant and that facilities must be used for the express purpose of the grant. If the grantee is found to be out of compliance with provisions of the contract, the grantee shall repay to the state general fund the principal amount of the grant plus interest calculated at the rate of interest on state of Washington general obligation bonds issued most closely to the date of authorization of the grant.
- (2) The construction of a non-mobile facility, accessible to students in central and eastern Washington for the purpose of financial literacy education, for the eastern and western Washington junior achievement world initiative.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$5,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1047. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Renewable Farming (91000001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided solely for the Washington renewable farming group to conduct grant writing activities in order to raise funds other than state funds to promote research, development, and marketing of bioproducts.

Appropriation:

Energy Freedom Account—State	\$45,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1048. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Local and Community Projects (30000019)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) Prior to receiving funds, project recipients must demonstrate that the project site is under control for a minimum of ten years, either through ownership or a long-term lease. This requirement does not apply to appropriations for preconstruction activities or appropriations whose sole purpose is to purchase real property that does not include a construction or renovation component.
- (3) Projects funded in this section may be required to comply with Washington's high performance building standards as required by chapter 39.35D RCW.

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

- Ch. 497
- (4) Project funds are available on a reimbursement basis only, and shall not be advanced under any circumstances.
- (5) Projects funded in this section must be held by the recipient for a minimum of ten years and used for the same purpose or purposes intended by the legislature as required in RCW 43.63A.125(2)(c).
- (6) Projects funded in this section, including those that are owned and operated by nonprofit organizations, are generally required to pay state prevailing wages.
 - (7) The appropriation is provided solely for the following list of projects:

Local Community Projects

7.1 () 77	#220.000
7th St. Theater	\$330,000
Arc of Tri-Cities	\$900,000
Bellevue Clinic—Seattle Children's Hospital	\$2,000,000
Blessed Sacrament Food and Emergency Facilities Renovation	\$200,000
Children's Village Expansion Project	\$500,000
Clark County Food Distribution Facility	\$1,500,000
Coal Creek YMCA (Newcastle)	\$800,000
Dawson Place Child Advocacy Center	\$1,000,000
Federal Way National Little League Field Lighting Project and Monument Entry Sign	\$177,000
Harlequin Theater	\$235,000
Home Dialysis Center and Professional Workforce Training	\$250,000
Kirkland Park Place Redevelopment	\$2,000,000
Livingston Baker Fire and Life Safety	\$750,000
Marshland Diking District	\$500,000
Marysville Boys & Girls Club	\$500,000
McClure Middle School Energy Saving Performance Contract Demonstration Project	\$1,000,000
Mountains to Sound Greenway	\$100,000
Mukilteo Boys & Girls Club	\$150,000
Neighborcare Health Clinic and Rainier Beach Medical Clinic	\$1,000,000
Parkland at Japanese Gulch	\$1,000,000
Petrovitsky Park Upgrade	\$750,000
Phoenix House	\$200,000
Poulsbo Marine Center	\$500,000
Public Broadcasting Frequency Expansion	\$223,000
Ready by Five Early Learning Center	\$1,000,000
Renovations to Mill Creek City Annex Building	\$30,000

Snohomish County Emergency Center	\$1,000,000
South Tacoma Community Center	\$1,000,000
Whatcom Hospice House	\$700,000
Zina Linnik	\$950,000
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State	\$21,245,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). Future Biennia (Projected Costs). TOTAL.	\$0
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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1049. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Community Development Block Grant (91000011)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided from the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009 for community development block grants.

Appropriation:

General Fund—Federal	200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	200,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1050. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Temporary Public Works Grant Program (92000021)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided solely for grants for the specified public works projects and competitive public works grant programs specified below. The public works board (board) shall administer the following competitive public works grant programs within the amounts specified, provided that up to ten percent of the amounts provided for competitive grant programs may be transferred to other competitive grant categories if acceptable applications for any category do not total the amount available.

- (1) \$9,531,000 is provided solely for a competitive public works grant program for local governments serving communities in rural counties as defined in RCW 43.160.020. The board shall prioritize applications for funding for this small community jobs program based on the following criteria:
 - (a) The unemployment rate of the community;
 - (b) The ability of the applicant to complete the project promptly; and
- (c) The value the project presents to the community in lasting improvements to public safety, environmental quality, recreation and community life, or economic development.
- (2) \$9,531,000 is provided solely for a competitive public works grant program for local governments serving high density urban communities. The board shall prioritize applications for funding from this urban vitality program based on the following criteria:

- (a) The proposed project's ability to decrease the per capita vehicle miles driven in the community by increasing access to mass transit, supporting residential density in proximity to employment opportunities, and improving the safety and appeal of walking and biking in a community;
 - (b) The ability of the applicant to complete the project promptly; and
- (c) The local support for the project as indicated by the level of local matching funds devoted to the project. Local matching funds do not include funds from other state sources.
- (3) The state taxable building construction account—state appropriation is provided solely for emergency loans under RCW 43.155.065.
- (4) \$23,535,000 is provided solely for the following list of projects. The appropriation for Airway Heights wastewater treatment plant is contingent upon a capacity agreement with the Kalispel Tribe that precludes the need to build multiple wastewater treatment facilities on the West Plains. If any project on the following list is unable to show reasonable progress towards accomplishing the intended project by December 31, 2010, the board may transfer the amount allocated for the project to the competitive grant categories in subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

Airway Heights Water Treatment Plant	\$1,000,000
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Small Community Jobs - Assistance for Grand Coulee School	\$500,000
Small Community Jobs - Camano Island County Park Development	\$300,000
Small Community Jobs - Connell Infrastructure	\$1,100,000
Small Community Jobs - Dayton School Biomass Heating System	\$100,000
Small Community Jobs - Grandview Downtown Revitalization	\$500,000
Small Community Jobs - Green Acres Neighborhood Park	\$200,000
Small Community Jobs - Hoh Tribe Fire Station	\$623,000
Small Community Jobs - Longview Elementary Safety Underpass	\$250,000
Small Community Jobs - Mesa Playground	\$35,000
Small Community Jobs - Pasco Commercial Avenue Construction	\$800,000
Small Community Jobs - Union Gap School Crossing Improvement	\$227,000
Small Community Jobs - Yakima Downtown Futures	\$1,000,000
Small Community Jobs - Yelm Longmire Park	\$400,000
Urban Vitality - Federal Way Urban Infrastructure	\$5,000,000
Urban Vitality - Infrastructure for Puyallup (Parametrix)	\$2,000,000
Urban Vitality - Percival Landing	\$3,000,000
Urban Vitality - Redmond Square Development	\$2,000,000
Urban Vitality - Renton Hawks Landing	\$1,700,000
Water - Gig Harbor Waste Water Treatment	\$2,500,000
Water - Pine Terrace Water Association Project	\$300,000
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Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$42,597,000
State Taxable Building Construction Account—State	. \$2,000,000
Subtotal Appropriation	\$44,597,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$44,597,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1051. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Energy Freedom Program (30000056)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: \$38,500,000 of the general fund—federal is provided solely for deposit in the energy recovery act account to establish a revolving loan program, consistent with provisions of chapter, Laws of 2009 (ESHB 2289). The department must consult with the clean energy leadership council, once it is established, prior to awarding funds from this account. The utilization of these funds shall be consistent with the recommendations, once developed, of the clean energy leadership council created by chapter, Laws of 2009 (SSB 5921).
Appropriation: Energy Recovery Act Account—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$38,500,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1052. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Weatherization (91000013)
Appropriation: General Fund—Federal
General Fund—Federal
General Fund—Federal \$49,000,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$49,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$49,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1053. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$49,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1053. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT Oversight of State Facilities (20082855) Appropriation:
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$49,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1053. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT Oversight of State Facilities (20082855) Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,532,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,419,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$6,192,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)\$6	87,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1055. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Catastrophic Flood Relief (20084850)

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$47,351,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1056. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Graving Dock Settlement (20084001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation in this section is provided solely to fulfill the state's obligations in the settlement agreement in the case of *Lower Elwha Klallam Tribe et al v. State et al*, Thurston county superior court, cause no. 05-2-01595-8, and the associated economic development agreement, specifically to the city of Port Angeles for archaeological work as specified in the settlement agreement.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$280,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	. \$15,480,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$140,000
TOTAL	. \$15,900,000

$\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$ Sec. 1057. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Law Enforcement Academy Evaluation (92000001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The office of financial management shall contract with the police executive research forum to conduct an analysis of options for delivering basic law enforcement training to local law enforcement agencies and the Washington state patrol. The office of financial management shall establish a steering committee to advise the office of financial management and direct the work of the contractor. The steering committee shall include a representative of the governor, a representative of the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs, a representative of the criminal justice training commission, a representative of the Washington state patrol, a member of the senate, and a member of the house of representatives. The analysis shall include, but is not limited to:

(1) Evaluation of the existing academy resources of the Washington state patrol and the criminal justice training commission, basic law enforcement academy, including the ability to meet demand for training, the potential for growth, and the condition of the facilities; and

(2) Evaluation of the modes for delivering the training, including but not limited to: The use of community colleges for criminal law instruction; the use of distance learning at community and technical colleges; maintaining separate, geographically separate academies for the criminal justice training commission and the Washington state patrol; sharing facilities but maintaining separate curricula and instructors; and the consolidating instruction and facilities.

The office of financial management shall submit the final report to the legislature by November 1, 2009. The contract required by this section is not subject to chapter 5, Laws of 2009.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$100,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	\$100,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1058. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Higher Education Preservation Information (30000001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and The appropriation is provided solely to refresh preservation information that resides in the state's comparable framework for higher education buildings including any necessary revisions or adjustments that will enable more direct translation of information, updates for last renewal or replacement of major systems, and quality assurance field sampling. executing this continued capital study, the office of financial management shall consult the legislative fiscal committees about its workplan to ensure field sampling of facilities prioritized for renovation or replacement, and timely delivery of assembled facilities information and related capital models in an easy to understand format. As a general condition, upon appropriations provided to higher education agencies in this act, the state board for community and technical colleges and each state baccalaureate institution shall provide requested facilities information in a timely manner to enable the office of financial management to complete the tasks and oversight assigned in this section.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
TOTAL	

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1059. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Minor Works - Program (20082012)

Reappropriation:

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$355,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$370,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1060. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Transportation Building Preservation (20021008)
Reappropriation: Thurston County Capital Facilities Account—State \$2,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$7,116,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$22,706,000 TOTAL \$32,322,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1061. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Highway-License Building Repair and Renewal (20061013)
Reappropriation: Thurston County Capital Facilities Account—State \$100,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,423,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,523,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1062. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Heritage Center/Executive Office Bldg Development (20082954)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,700,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1063. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Natural Resources Building Repairs and Renewal (20061014)
Reappropriation: State Vehicle Parking Account—State. \$30,000 Thurston County Capital Facilities Account—State \$100,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$130,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,853,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$4,520,000 TOTAL \$7,503,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1064. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (20081004)
Reappropriation: Thurston County Capital Facilities Account—State

State Building Construction Account—State\$584,000 Subtotal Reappropriation\$720,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
TOTAL
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1065. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION O'Brien Building Improvements (20081007)
Reappropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State
State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,481,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$5,329,000 TOTAL \$17,981,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1066. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Capitol Campus High Voltage System Improvements (20081010)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$904,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,204,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1067. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Legislative Building Improvements (20081011)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided solely for the repair and patching of the outside of the legislative building.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$172,000
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,079,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1068. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Minor Works - Facility Preservation (20081015)
Reappropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State\$380,000Thurston County Capital Facilities Account—State\$723,000Subtotal Reappropriation\$1,103,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$5,583,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$6,686,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1069. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Infrastructure Relocation (20082028)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$500,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1070. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Emergency Newhouse Repairs and South Campus Plan (20082952)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$175,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$300,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1072. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Campus Monuments Repair and Restoration (20091003)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$88,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$288,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1073. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Minor Works Preservation (30000012)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$34,109,000 TOTAL \$36,909,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1074. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Emergency Repairs (30000033)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$2,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$7,000,000 TOTAL \$9,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1075. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Powerhouse: Improvements and Preservation (30000056)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,459,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1076. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Facility Oversight Program: Staffing (30000063)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation in this section is provided solely for the department of general administration to assist the office of financial management with the development and implementation of RCW 43.82.035 and 43.82.055.
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$5,597,000 TOTAL \$6,337,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1077. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Heritage Center and Executive Office Building (20082858)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriations are provided to reimburse the general administration services account for design costs for the executive office building, and for a revision to the predesign of the heritage center executive office building. The revised predesign must align the scope of the project with the level of financing that available revenues will support. The revised predesign must specify the tenants of the executive office building, based on the capital campus master plan criteria, and must reduce the size of the heritage

center to what is needed for the state library and exhibit space for historically significant documents from the state archives and rotating exhibits from national, state, and local historical museums.

Appropriation:	
State Building Construction Account—State	\$2,200,000
Washington State Heritage Center Account—State	\$1,000,000
Subtotal Appropriation	
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$5,805,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$9,005,000
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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1078. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Engineering and Architectural Services: Staffing (30000086)

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

State Building Construction Account—State	\$9,300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	. \$43,033,000
TOTAL	. \$52,333,000

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1079. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Infrastructure Savings (30000480)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Projects that are completed in accordance with section 6004 of this act may have their remaining funds transferred to this appropriation for other preservation projects approved by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$1
Prior Biennia (Expenditures).	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs).	
TOTAL	\$1

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1080. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Disposal Plan for Downtown Olympia DFW Properties (92000001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided solely for the development of a plan for the disposal of the department of fish and wildlife facilities in downtown Olympia. The plan shall include consultation with the city of Olympia for determining how development options for the site fit within the city's development plans for downtown. The plan shall also recommend options for disposal that will yield the highest return to the state, including selling the property as is under existing surplus property laws, transferring the property to the city for eventual development with the appropriate share of investment returns paid to the state, preparing the site for development and then selling the property, and other options for disposal.

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$100,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$100,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1081. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1081. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION Pro Arts Building (91000002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Predesign and design funds are provided solely to develop a new office building. Up to \$225,000 may be used to develop the predesign for the Pro Arts site to include a new office building that may house tenants from the general administration building including the office of financial management, the Puget Sound partnership, the office of the state treasurer, and other small commissions and agencies. The predesign shall be developed with representatives from the capitol campus design advisory committee, the department of general administration, and the office of financial management. The predesign shall be used to develop the optimum use of space for the Pro Arts site, identify any required mitigation, parking requirements, schedule of construction, and cost of construction. The predesign shall be provided to the appropriate fiscal committees of the legislature and the office of financial management by February 1, 2010. The allotment for design funds will be made after the predesign is approved by the office of financial management and the appropriate fiscal committees of the legislature.
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$2,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1082. FOR THE LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD
Minor Works (30000009)
Appropriation: Liquor Control Board Construction and Maintenance Account—State. \$315,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$315,000
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1083. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT Minor Works - Facility Preservation (20081004)
Reappropriation: General Fund—Federal \$1,610,000 State Building Construction Account—State \$374,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$1,984,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
TOTAL	
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1084. FOR THE MILITARY DE Minor Works - Program (20082003)	PARTMENT
Reappropriation:	
General Fund—Federal	\$1,467,000
State Building Construction Account—State	\$255,000
Subtotal Reappropriation	\$1,722,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$4,381,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	
NEW SECTION, Sec. 1085. FOR THE MILITARY DE	PARTMENT

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for the emergency management division in consultation with the department of ecology, the department of community, trade, and economic development, the Washington association of counties, the United States army corps of engineers, the national oceanic and atmospheric association, and the national weather service to develop the following:

Flood Warning Systems (20082851)

- (1) An inventory and description of flood warning systems currently in place in flood hazard areas of the state, including manual systems and electronic systems;
- (2) A needs assessment indication what specific areas of the state could be better served by flood warning systems based on flooding areas mapped under the federal emergency management act. The needs assessment must include recommendations regarding how to make timely notification of flood warnings and how to gather and share data about potential flood areas;
- (3) An information bank of flood warning systems, with descriptions of available and emerging technologies, and estimates of the costs of purchasing, installing, and maintaining these systems;
- (4) Sources of potential federal assistance for local flood warning systems; and
- (5) Recommendations to assist local governments in the financing of capital costs of flood warning systems, including the potential to modify existing state programs.

The recommendations must be reported to the office of financial management and legislature by December 15, 2009.

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	250,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	250,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1086. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT Minor Works Preservation (30000002)
Appropriation: General Fund—Federal \$3,069,000 State Building Construction Account—State \$1,709,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$4,778,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$18,700,000 TOTAL \$23,478,000
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1087. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT Minor Works Program (30000003)
Appropriation: General Fund—Federal\$679,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$10,229,000 TOTAL \$10,908,000
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1088. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT Emergency Repairs (30000059)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$100,000 General Fund—Federal \$100,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$800,000 TOTAL \$1,000,000
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1089. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT Infrastructure Savings (30000480)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1090. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT Energy Conservation Projects (20082005)
Reappropriation: General Fund—Federal . \$30,000 State Building Construction Account—State \$30,000 Subtotal Reappropriation . \$60,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$490,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$550,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1091. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ARCHAEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION

Historical Courthouse Rehabilitation (20082851)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The reappropriation is provided solely for courthouse protection and preservation, including character defining architectural features, general repairs, system upgrades, payments for renovation completed since January 1, 2006, and improvements to access and accommodations for persons with disabilities. All rehabilitation work must comply with the secretary of interior's standards for rehabilitation. Grants may not be used for expenditures for courthouse maintenance. Only counties with historic courthouses that continue to maintain county functions are eligible for grants. Counties receiving grants shall provide an equal amount of matching funds from public or private sources. The department shall use up to two percent of the appropriation for program administration.
- (2) The society shall continue to use the revised eligibility criteria and grant application process that includes the review of projects selected for funding by the courthouse advisory committee. Those projects chosen for funding shall undergo a review by the department of general administration's barrier free program to ensure that they meet Americans with disabilities act standards and accessibility and all other Americans with disabilities act requirements are maintained during the construction. The existing historic courthouse advisory committee shall continue to review grant applications and make funding recommendations to the state historic preservation officer.
- (3) The society and the courthouse advisory committee shall include readiness to proceed when developing the priority list of projects to fund.

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$2,800,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$5,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1092. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ARCHAEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION

Historic Barn Preservation (20084851)

State Building Construction Account—State

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation is provided solely for implementation of the heritage barn preservation program created in chapter 333, Laws of 2007.

Reappropriation:

State Banama Constituetion recount	5.4.10
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—	-State\$300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	

\$158,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1093. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ARCHAEOLOGY AND HISTORIC PRESERVATION

Courthouse Preservation (30000004)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The appropriation is provided solely for courthouse protection and preservation, including character defining architectural features, general repairs, system upgrades, payments for renovation completed since January 1, 2006, and improvements to access and accommodations for persons with disabilities. All rehabilitation work must comply with the secretary of interior's standards for rehabilitation. Grants may not be used for expenditures for courthouse maintenance. Only counties with historic courthouses that continue to maintain county functions are eligible for grants. Counties receiving grants shall provide an equal amount of matching funds from public or private sources. The department shall use up to two percent of the appropriation for program administration.
- (2) The department shall continue to use the revised eligibility criteria and grant application process that includes the review of projects selected for funding by the courthouse advisory committee. Those projects chosen for funding shall undergo a review by the department of general administration's barrier free program to ensure that they meet the Americans with disabilities act standards and that all other Americans with disabilities act requirements are maintained during the construction. The existing historic courthouse advisory committee shall continue to review grant applications and make funding recommendations to the state historic preservation officer.
- (3) The department and the courthouse advisory committee shall include readiness to proceed when developing the priority list of projects to fund.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$2,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	\$2,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1094. FOR THE STATE CONVENTION AND TRADE CENTER

Convention Center Expansion (91000001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation is provided solely to the state convention and trade center corporation, after July 1, 2010, for the convention place station expansion including the planning, environmental studies, design, preparation of construction plans and specifications, exploration of potential codevelopment, bidding and contingent construction contracting, and other activities for the expansion. By December 1, 2009, the state convention and trade center corporation shall submit to the office of financial management and the fiscal committees of the legislature, a study of the feasibility and a proposal for the long-term financing of expansion of the state convention center. The study shall

include a description by the state treasurer's office of options for financing the convention center expansion without the use of bonds subject to the state constitutional limit on debt service payments with the estimated annual debt service payments for those options. The report shall also include a forecast by the office of financial management of revenues that are intended to support debt service payments for the convention center expansion.

(2) The convention and trade center corporation shall work with labor and business stakeholders from the hospitality industry to develop a plan that must include the following elements: (a) Recommendations on how to best achieve the creation of full-time, stable, living wage jobs in the hospitality/hotel industry resulting from the convention place station expansion; (b) ways to recruit local residents and members of communities experiencing high unemployment for the new jobs created; (c) a process to promote positive labor relations in order to protect the government's financial investment and to avoid disruptions of the convention center operations and of businesses supporting the convention center and its visitors; and (d) a competitive bidding process for the selection of a hotel developer and operator in potential public/private hotel partnerships. The report must be submitted with the feasibility study, required in this subsection, to the office of financial management and the fiscal committees of the legislature.

Appropriation:

State Convent	on and Trade Center Account—State\$10,0	00,000
Prior Biennia	Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia	(Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL .	\$10,0	00,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1095. FOR THE STATE CONVENTION AND TRADE CENTER

Minor Works Facility Preservation (30000001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Projects that are completed in accordance with section 6004 of this act may have their remaining funds transferred to this appropriation for other preservation projects approved by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

State Convention and Trade Center Account—State\$5,000	,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	,000

PART 2 HUMAN SERVICES

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2001. FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE TRAINING COMMISSION

Replace Hawthorne Hall Dormitory (20082001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The office of financial management shall allot funds for the dormitory construction at the criminal justice training commission only after the

recommendation of the steering committee participating in the analysis in section 1057 of this act has been provided to the legislative fiscal committees and submitted to the office of financial management for review.

and submitted to the office of financial management for review.
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$632,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,293,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$18,670,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2002. FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE TRAINING COMMISSION School Mapping (30000011)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The legislature intends to complete half of the remaining community and technical college mapping with this appropriation and to appropriate funding for the remaining half of unmapped square feet in community and technical colleges in the 2011-13 biennium.
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$546,000 TOTAL \$1,046,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2003. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL
AND HEALTH SERVICES Statewide: Facilities Assessment and Cultural Resources Planning (20061120)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$150,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$1,200,000 TOTAL \$1,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2004. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Green Hill School: New Inmate Management Unit, Health Center, and Administration (20062202)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)

Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0
TOTAL \$14,827,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2005. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Mental Health Division-Eastern Washington: Evaluation and Treatment (20064352)

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$1,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	

$\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$ Sec. 2006. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Mental Health Division-Children's Long-Term Inpatient Program Facilities: Preservation (20064353)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The department shall evaluate options for maximizing federal fund contributions for capital needs of privately owned facilities that contract with the department for children's long-term inpatient program services.

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$1,250,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$2,762,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$4,012,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2007. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Emergency Repairs (20081101)

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$100,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$877,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$977,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2008. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code Requirements (20081111)

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$1,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$4,200,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2009. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Minor Works - Facility Preservation (20081112)

Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$5,500,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$9,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2010. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (20081113)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,700,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,700,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2011. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Hazards Abatement and Demolition (20081119)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$400,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$200,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$2,000,000 TOTAL \$2,600,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2012. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Western State Hospital New Kitchen and Commissary Building (20081319)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$250,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,300,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2013. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Western State Hospital Laundry Upgrades (20081325)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,658,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2.858,000
TOTAL

The reappropriation and appropriation in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: It is the intent of the appropriation and reappropriation to replace essential utilities, such as sanitary sewer, high voltage electrical, and fiber optic communications, serving the special commitment center and McNeil corrections center on McNeil Island by replacing the Island's electrical feed from the shoreline landing to the McNeil corrections center generator building, and continuing on to the special commitment center. The department shall coordinate the work with the department of corrections for the most cost-effective approach to the work.

	riation:

	State Building Construction Account—State	\$2,900,000
App	oropriation: State Building Construction Account—State	\$3,490,000

 Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
 \$140,000

 Future Biennia (Projected Costs)
 \$0

 TOTAL
 \$6,530,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2015. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Rainier School Waste Treatment Plant (20082001)

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$400,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$3,800,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$4,200,000

400 000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2016. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Special Commitment Center Medium Management Housing Addition (20082505)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

The reappropriation is to add residential space to existing facilities by remodeling existing residential space and converting existing program space to residential space for additional beds.

Reappropriation:

rrr	
State Building Construction Account—State	\$700,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$575,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$53,664,000
TOTAL	\$54,939,000

$\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$ Sec. 2017. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Fircrest Campus Master Plan (20082850)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The department shall resume and complete a master plan of the portion of the Fircrest campus that is not utilized by the Fircrest school or the department of health.
- (2) In drafting the master plan, the department shall consult with the following:
 - (a) The city of Shoreline;
 - (b) The department of natural resources;
 - (c) The department of health regarding their master planning effort;
- (d) Representatives of institutions of higher education with whom the department has a partnership; and
- (e) Representatives of the Shoreline community and neighboring communities.

Rea	pprop	ria	tio	n:	
	CI I	D	• 1	1.	

State Building Construction Account—State	\$50,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$395,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$445,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2018. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Lakeland Village: Nine Cottages Renovation, Phase 4, 5, and 6 (20061402)

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). Future Biennia (Projected Costs). TOTAL.	\$3,063,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2019. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Echo Glen Children's Center - Housing Units (20081041)

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$4,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$900,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$5,400,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2020. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code Requirements (30000366)

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$2,650,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	\$23,108,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2021. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (30000367)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$16,658,000 TOTAL \$18,978,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 2022. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Minor Works - Facilities Preservation (30000368)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$30,739,000 TOTAL \$36,329,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2023. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Emergency Repairs (30000485)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2024. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Capital Project Management: Staffing (30000486)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,250,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2025. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Western State Hospital: Traffic Study Implementation (30000843)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$996,000 TOTAL \$1,351,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2026. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Echo Glen Childrens Center: Portable Classroom Replacement (30000844)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$850,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$743,000 TOTAL \$1,593,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2027. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Eastern State Hospital: Roof Replacements (30000846)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$1,085,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$1,088,000 TOTAL \$2,173,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2028. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Western State Hospital: Roof Replacements (30000851)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$3,198,000 TOTAL \$3,818,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2029. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Eastern State Hospital: Westlake Building Renovation (30000852)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$2,093,000 TOTAL \$2,933,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2030. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES Infrastructure Savings (30000480)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Projects that are completed in accordance with section 6004 of this act may have their remaining funds transferred to this appropriation for other preservation projects approved by the office of financial management.
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	80
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2031. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH Public Health Laboratory Addition (20082003)	ł
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State)0
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,012,00 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$ TOTAL \$10,177,00	50
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2032. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTED Drinking Water Assistance Program (20064001)	
Reappropriation: Drinking Water Assistance Account—Federal \$36,000,00	00
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	80
TOTAL	
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State	00
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$412,00 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$ TOTAL \$4,912,00	80
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2034. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTED Drinking Water Assistance Program (30000013)	I
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions ar limitations: \$38,462,000 is provided from the American recovery ar reinvestment act of 2009.	
Appropriation: Drinking Water Assistance Account—Federal \$24,348,000 Drinking Water Assistance Account—Federal \$24,348,000 American Recovery and Reinvestment Act \$38,462,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$62,810,000	00
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	80
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2035. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH Greywater Rule Development (91000001)	

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided solely for greywater rule development activities required by RCW 90.46.015 for the protection of public

health. The rules must be adopted by December 31, 2010. As a part of the rulemaking process, the department must consider methods to reduce barriers to and provide incentives for greywater use.

Appropriation: Public Works Assistance Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$100,000
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2036. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH Minor Works - Facility Preservation (30000015)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$597,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2037. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS State Veterans Cemetery (20082004)
Reappropriation:General Fund—Federal\$6,815,000Prior Biennia (Expenditures)\$1,010,000Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$0TOTAL\$7,825,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2038. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS Minor Works - Facilities Preservation (30000003)
$\underline{\text{NEW}}$ SECTION. Sec. 2038. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2038. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS Minor Works - Facilities Preservation (30000003) Appropriation:
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2038. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS Minor Works - Facilities Preservation (30000003) Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2038. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS Minor Works - Facilities Preservation (30000003) Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$500,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$6,585,000 TOTAL \$7,085,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 2039. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2038. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS Minor Works - Facilities Preservation (30000003) Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$500,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$6,585,000 TOTAL \$7,085,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 2039. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS Minor Works - Program Projects (30000004) Appropriation:

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$1,200,000 TOTAL \$1,500,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 2041. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2041. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Coyote Ridge Corrections Center: Design and Construct Medium Security Beds (19982011)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$228,170,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$232,942,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2042. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington Corrections Center: Regional Infrastructure (20042008)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$9,029,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$4,000,000 TOTAL \$19,629,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2043. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS McNeil Island Corrections: Replace and Stabilize Housing Unit Siding (20061005)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$400,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,394,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$4,087,000 TOTAL \$7,881,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2044. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington State Penitentiary: South Close Security Complex (20062021)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$29,344,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$14,276,000 TOTAL \$79,570,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2045. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Monroe Corrections Center: Health Care Escility (20062042)
Monroe Corrections Center: Health Care Facility (20062043) Reappropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$417,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$89,446,000 TOTAL \$90,146,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2046. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington Corrections Center for Women: Healthcare Center (20062066)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$7,700,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
TOTAL
CORRECTIONS Clallam Bay Corrections Center Install Close Custody Slider Doors (20062070)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
State Building Construction Account—State \$2,160,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$376,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$16,000,000 TOTAL \$18,910,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2048. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Larch Corrections Center: 80-Bed Expansion (20062852)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$560,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,512,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,072,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2049. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Airway Heights Heating and Cooling Loop Replacement (20081001)
Reappropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,745,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,925,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2050. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS McNeil Island Corrections Center: Replace Barge Slip Pilings (20081002)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$288,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,900,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 2051. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
CORRECTIONS Replace Kitchen Roofs at Monroe Correctional Complex (20081003)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$250,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,812,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,062,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2052. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington Corrections Center: Replace G Building Roof (20081004)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$412,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$4,019,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,431,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2053. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington Corrections Center: Replace Roofs (20081005)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$900,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$5,766,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$6,666,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2054. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington State Penitentiary: Replace Roofs (20081007)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
TOTAL
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$924,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,524,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2056. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Replace Electrical Distribution Building at Special Offenders Unit (20081009)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2057. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington State Reformatory: Replace Cell Door and Electronics (20081010)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2058. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Clallam Bay Corrections Center: Replace Telecommunications Infrastructure (20081013)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$521,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$19,045,000 TOTAL \$20,895,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2059. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (20081018)

Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$966,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2060. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code Requirements (20081031)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,609,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2061. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Minor Works - Facility Preservation (20081024)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$441,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,559,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0
TOTAL
TOTAL \$3,000,000 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2062. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2062. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington State Penitentiary: Laundry Improvements (20081033)
TOTAL \$3,000,000 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2062. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
TOTAL
TOTAL
TOTAL
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2062. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington State Penitentiary: Laundry Improvements (20081033) Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$3,701,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$350,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,051,000 *NEW SECTION. Sec. 2063. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington Corrections Center: Expand Reception Center (20082016) The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Prior to the allotment of design funds, the office of financial
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2062. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington State Penitentiary: Laundry Improvements (20081033) Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$3,701,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$350,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,051,000 *NEW SECTION. Sec. 2063. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington Corrections Center: Expand Reception Center (20082016) The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Prior to the allotment of design funds, the office of financial management shall undertake a budget evaluation study of the project. Reappropriation:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2064. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Mission Creek Corrections Center for Women: 100-Bed Expansion (20082020)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2065. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Monroe Correctional Complex: Close Sewer Lagoon (20082022)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$128,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$9,524,000 TOTAL \$10,915,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 2066. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
CORRECTIONS Airway Heights Corrections Center: Sex Offender Treatment Program Building (20082028)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$4,397,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,947,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2067. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington Corrections Center for Women: Roof Replacement (30000178)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$1,832,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,832,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 2068. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
CORRECTIONS 300 Minimum Security Bed Expansion - Three Locations (20082850)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$156,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$477,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2069. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (30000016)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$9,238,000 TOTAL \$10,684,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2070. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code Requirements (30000047)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)\$0Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$13,374,000TOTAL\$15,983,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2071. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Minor Works - Facility Preservation (30000086)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2072. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Clallam Bay Corrections Center: Replace 5 Towers and Housing Roofs (30000108)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The funding is provided solely for the replacement of roofs on offender housing units.
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$3,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2073. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington Corrections Center for Women: Replace Fire Alarm (30000121)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,625,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2074. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Washington Corrections Center: Replace Fire Detection/Suppression (30000123)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,098,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2075. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Monroe Corrections Center: Water Line Replacements (30000137)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,809,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2076. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Minor Works - Programmatic Projects (30000173)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$21,423,000 TOTAL \$25,157,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2077. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS Emergency Repairs (30000346)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$12,000,000 TOTAL \$13,500,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2078. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Washington State Penitentiary: Kitchen Improvements (20061007)

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$402,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$630,000

${ m \underline{NEW}}$ SECTION. Sec. 2079. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

Infrastructure Savings (30000480)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Projects that are completed in accordance with section 6004 of this act may have their remaining funds transferred to this appropriation for other preservation projects approved by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	1
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$	0
TOTAL	1

PART 3 NATURAL RESOURCES

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3001. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Water Supply Facilities (19742006)

Reappropriation:

State and Local Improvements Revolving Account	
(Water Supply Facilities)—State	. \$2,035,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$18,163,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$20,198,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3002. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Low-Level Nuclear Waste Disposal Trench Closure (19972012)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: \$9,000,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for design, engineering, and construction of a cover for filled trenches at the commercial low-level radioactive waste disposal facility. The cover must be placed as an interim remedial action in accordance with WAC 173-340-430. The office of financial management shall not authorize expenditure of this funding until the department of ecology and the department of health jointly submit to the office of financial management an updated schedule of actions and funding needed to

complete site closure and decommissioning in accordance with the requirements described in the May 28, 2004, final environmental impact statement for the commercial low-level radioactive waste disposal site, located on the Hanford federal facility site.

Reappropriation: Site Closure Account—State
Appropriation: Site Closure Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,533,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$15,433,000
NEW SECTION Sec. 3003. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Water Supply Facilities (20024006)
Reappropriation: State and Local Improvements Revolving Account (Water Supply Facilities)—State
Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$6,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3004. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Water Supply Facilities (20044006)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,600,000 State and Local Improvements Revolving Account (Water Supply Facilities)—State \$392,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$1,992,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$11,658,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$13,650,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3005. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Centennial Clean Water Fund (20044007)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,481,000 Water Quality Capital Account—State\$31,000 Subtotal Reappropriation\$1,512,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$43,538,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$45,050,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3006. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Water Conveyance Infrastructure Projects (20052850)
Reappropriation: Water Quality Capital Account—State \$81,000 State Building Construction Account—State \$1,708,000 State and Local Improvements Revolving Account (Water Supply Facilities)—State \$438,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$2,227,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,573,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$5,800,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3007. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Sunnyside Valley Irrigation District Water Conservation (20052851)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$2,800,000 Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$2,850,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$4,147,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$4,000,000 TOTAL \$13,797,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3008. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
NEW SECTION, Sec. 3008. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
ECOLOGY Quad Cities Water Right Mitigation (20052852)
ECOLOGY
ECOLOGY Quad Cities Water Right Mitigation (20052852) Reappropriation:
ECOLOGY Quad Cities Water Right Mitigation (20052852) Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,925,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$275,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,925,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$275,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,200,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3009. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,925,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$275,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,200,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3009. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY State Drought Preparedness (20054009) Reappropriation: State Drought Preparedness Account—State \$738,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$15,662,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$16,400,000
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,925,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$275,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,200,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 3009. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY State Drought Preparedness (20054009) Reappropriation: State Drought Preparedness Account—State \$738,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$15,662,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0

governments in Puget Sound to fund innovative, low-impact development storm water management projects to meet critical storm water management needs and protect or restore water quality. Projects may include use of bioretention, rainwater harvest, permeable pavement, vegetated roofs, and other low-impact development techniques. Projects funded in Puget Sound must meet the design guidelines contained in the low-impact development technical guidance manual for Puget Sound, unless the municipality can demonstrate that site conditions warrant a deviation from the design guidelines and the deviations in design provides similar performance. All projects must include performance monitoring.

Reappropriation: State Toxics Control Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,701,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0
TOTAL\$2,500,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3011. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Columbia River Program (20062010)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,423,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$14,577,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$16,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3012. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Motor Vehicle Mercury Removal Program (20062850) Reappropriation: State Toxics Control Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$502,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 3013. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
ECOLOGY Columbia River Basin Water Supply Development Program (20062950)
Reappropriation: Columbia River Basin Water Supply Development Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,626,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$60,000,000 TOTAL \$104,500,000
$\frac{\text{NEW SECTION.}}{\text{ECOLOGY}} \text{ Sec.} \textbf{3014.} \textbf{FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF}$

Water Pollution Control Revolving Account (20064002)

The reappropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The department must give priority loan funding consideration to on-site septic system rehabilitation and replacement programs in Mason, Kitsap, and Jefferson counties for up to \$1,000,000 from the water pollution control revolving account—state in the second year of the funding cycle.
- (2) Up to \$5,000,000 of the water pollution control revolving account—state reappropriation is for loans for on-site sewage replacement. This reappropriation may be used to: (a) Establish new or expand existing on-site sewage repair and replacement loan programs by county governments or tribes; or (b) develop a pilot program to administer an on-site sewage repair and replacement loan program through a qualified private or nonprofit lending institution. This reappropriation must be used in conjunction with water quality capital account—state reappropriation in section 3015 of this act provided solely for this purpose. The department must work with the department of health, the Puget Sound water quality action team, local governments, and the lending industry in developing and piloting this program.

Reappropriation: Water Pollution Control Revolving
Account—Federal
Water Pollution Control Revolving
Account—State
Subtotal Reappropriation
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$239,616,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3015. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
ECOLOGY
Centennial Clean Water Program (20064007)
Reappropriation:
Water Quality Capital Account—State
State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$39,190,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0
TOTAL
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3016. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
ECOLOGY 12 Control of the state
Local Toxics Grants for Cleanup and Prevention (20064008)
Reappropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$98,900,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3017. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Transfer of Water Rights for Cabin Owners (20081951)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation is provided solely for the purchase of water for domestic water users in the Yakima Basin (Water Resource Inventory Areas 37, 38, and 39) that have a surface water right with a priority date later than May 10, 1905, as well as for all out-of-priority surface water users in the Yakima Basin. A portion of the reappropriation may be used for administrative and other costs associated with acquiring and transferring the water rights. The department must recover all costs from participating domestic water users for their prorated portion of the cost of securing a water right or rights for this purpose and associated annual operational costs owed to the United States bureau of reclamation. Funds recovered in this manner shall be placed in the drought preparedness account.

Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$450,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3018. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Puget Sound Storm Water Projects (20082002)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$626,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$17,920,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3019. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Storm Water Projects (20082003)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,208,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3020. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Breazeale Interpretive Center (20082856)
Reappropriation:

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$225,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$495,000

$\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$ Sec. 3021. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Reclaimed Water (20084002)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for grants to local governments in Puget Sound to complete reclaimed water projects. Priority must be given to projects in water short areas where reclaimed water can be used to replace other water sources and where reclaimed water can be used to restore important ecosystem functions in Puget Sound.

Reappropriation:

State I	ııldıng Construction Account—State	\$4,782,000
Prior I	ennia (Expenditures)	. \$673,000
Future	Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
T	TAL	\$5,455,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3022. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Puget Sound Aquatic Cleanup and Restoration (20084004)

Reappropriation:

State Toxics Control Account—State	\$2,209,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$2,791,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$5,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3023. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Cleanup Toxic Sites in Puget Sound (20084005)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Funding is provided solely for the clean-up of contaminated sites that lie adjacent to and are within one-half mile of Puget Sound. Clean-ups must include orphaned and abandoned sites that pose a threat to Puget Sound with the highest priority sites being cleaned up first. The department must provide the Puget Sound partnership, as created by chapter 341, Laws of 2007, the opportunity to review and provide comment on proposed projects and activities recommended for funding. This review must be consistent with the funding schedule for the program.

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$5,431,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$6.767.000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3024. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Remedial Action Grants (20084008)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3025. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Safe Soils Remediation Grants (20084009)
Reappropriation: State Toxics Control Account—State\$2,069,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,431,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3026. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Centennial Clean Water Program (20084010)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$34,870,000 Water Quality Capital Account—State \$4,698,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$39,568,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$27,315,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$66,883,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3027. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
ECOLOGY Water Pollution Control Loan Program (20084011)
Reappropriation: Water Pollution Control Revolving Account—Federal. \$46,769,000 Water Pollution Control Revolving Account—State. \$55,521,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$102,290,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$37,710,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$140,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3028. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
ECOLOGY On-Site Septic Replacement Program (20084012)
Reappropriation: Water Quality Capital Account—State

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$867,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3029. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Coordinated Prevention Grants (20084015)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$9,225,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$25,500,000
TOTAL
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$350,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,650,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3031. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Skykomish Cleanup (20084020)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$3,000,000 Cleanup Settlement Account—State \$422,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$3,422,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) . \$6,578,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) . \$0 TOTAL . \$10,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3032. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Waste Tire Pile Cleanup (20084022)
Reappropriation: Waste Tire Removal Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,550,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$5,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3033. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Reduce Health Risks from Toxic Diesel Pollution (20084024)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) Up to \$5,380,000 of the reappropriation is provided solely for clean diesel school bus projects for local school districts, that the department may use for the purposes of RCW 28A.160.205.
- (2) Up to \$4,830,000 of the reappropriation is provided solely for clean diesel projects, other than for school buses, as described in RCW 70.94.017(2)(a) and may be distributed through grants to air pollution control authorities

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Rear	nro	nria	tion:

State I	Building Construction Account—State	\$3,449,000
Prior I	Biennia (Expenditures)	\$6,761,000
Future	Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
T	OTAL	510,210,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3034. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Twin Lake Aquifer Recharge Project (20042951)

Reappropriation:

State Building Constr	uction Account—State	\$497,000
	ditures)	
, ,	cted Costs)	
IOIAL		

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3035. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Yakima River Basin Water Storage Feasibility Study (20084026)

The appropriation and reappropriation in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation and reappropriation are provided solely for completion of the United States bureau of reclamation's Yakima Basin storage feasibility study, including the associated joint national environmental policy act, the state environmental policy act, and environmental impact statement. The appropriated and reappropriated funds are to be used by the bureau of reclamation and the department of ecology to evaluate potential in basin storage facilities such as the proposed Black Rock and Wymer reservoirs and other reasonable alternatives that will enhance water supply in the Yakima Basin

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account	—State
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account	—State \$2,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$2,750,000

Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0

TOTAL \$5,250,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3036. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Water Irrigation Efficiencies (20084028)

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	. \$1,715,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	. \$1,285,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3037. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Watershed Plan Implementation and Flow Achievement (20084029)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation is provided solely for grants for projects that improve water supplies and help achieve instream flows by implementing watershed plans, as follows:

- (1) Surface or ground water storage projects, where such projects are consistent with the recommendations of the water storage task force. The department shall consult the departments of agriculture and fish and wildlife before issuing water storage grants.
- (2) Infrastructure or water management projects that resolve conflicts among water needs for municipal, agricultural, rural, and fish restoration purposes. The stream flow improvements and other public benefits secured from these projects must be commensurate with the investment of state funds.
- (3) Agricultural water supply projects that improve water conservation and water use efficiency.
- (4) Purchase and installation of water measuring devices in salmon critical basins and areas participating in the department of fish and wildlife fish screening and cooperative compliance program, and basins where watershed plans call for additional water use measurement.
- (5) Acquisition of water to achieve instream flows or to establish water banks. The department must give priority to acquisitions in salmon critical basins. The department must place acquired water into the state's trust water rights program (chapters 90.38 and 90.42 RCW).
- (6) Up to \$200,000 of the reappropriation is provided solely for a portion of the costs of the Ahtanum creek watershed restoration program, including construction of the Pine Hollow reservoir, provided there is agreement among the Yakama nation, Ahtanum irrigation district, and other jurisdictional federal, state, and local agencies and entities to proceed with the environmental impact statement.
 - (7) Up to \$560,000 is provided solely for the Chehalis watershed.
- (8) Up to \$300,000 is provided solely for a grant to the Nisqually river foundation to support the watershed conservation plan, low-impact development program, and Nisqually river education program.
- (9) Up to \$1,200,000 of the reappropriation is provided solely for grants to lead local government entities for planning unit administrative support to watershed planning units. Such grants must be provided only to those entities that have completed, approved plans that are actively being implemented. Grant amounts will range from \$30,000 to \$60,000, based on criteria to be developed by the department. Criteria should consider factors including complexity of water issues, geographical size, population growth pressure, rate of plan implementation, and others issues to be determined by the department.

Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
TOTAL
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3038. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Mason County Consortium (20084851)
Reappropriation: State Toxics Control Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3039. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Flood Protection Study (20082855)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for the department to conduct a study to determine the number of decertified levees in the state and to identify strategies for recertifying the levees so that they provide optimum protection for the communities protected by the levees. The department must prioritize areas to include in the study based on population and the economic impact of potential flood damage. The study must include the following components: (1) A working group of levee managers to advise and inform the study; (2) A technical review of the structural integrity of levee systems; (3) An inventory, map, and rate the effectiveness of existing levee systems; and
existing levee system and to ensure certification by the United States army corps of engineers for one-hundred year flood protection. The study must be completed and a report provided to the appropriate legislative committees by July 1, 2010.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$280,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)

3040. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF

NEW SECTION. Sec.

Water Measuring Devices (2001H009)

ECOLOGY

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,878,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,530,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3041. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Watershed Plan Implementation and Flow Achievement (20062003)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$11,694,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$14,294,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3042. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund Program (30000007)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: \$65,000,000 is provided from the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009. For 2011 funding cycle, the department must accept applications until December 1, 2009. When reviewing project applications for financial assistance, the department shall prioritize projects related to actions required under federal and state permits and compliance orders, including projects with a history of noncompliance.
Appropriation: Water Pollution Control Revolving Account—State. \$65,000,000 Water Pollution Control Revolving Account—Federal. \$45,000,000 Water Pollution Control—Federal ARRA \$68,700,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$178,700,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$285,000,000 TOTAL \$463,700,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3043. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Centennial Clean Water Program (30000008)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: For the 2011 funding cycle, the department must accept applications for the program until December 1, 2009. The program must include competitive application processes for projects relating to storm water systems, sewer systems, and septic systems prioritized on a worst-case, first-need basis.
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3044. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Reducing Health Threats from Woodstove Pollution (30000010)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$8,000,000 TOTAL \$9,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3045. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
ECOLOGY Padilla Bay Reserve Boat Garage (30000011)
Appropriation: General Fund—Federal\$265,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$265,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3046. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Cleanup and Prevention of Waste Tire Piles (30000012)
Appropriation: Waste Tire Removal Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3047. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Coordinated Prevention Grants (30000013)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: \$4,270,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for grants to local governments for local waste and pollution prevention projects. Grants must fund new organics composting and conversion, green building, and moderate risk waste initiatives described in the state "beyond waste" plan, including alternatives to backyard burning of organic materials.
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$125,680,000 TOTAL \$135,680,000
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3048. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Swift Creek Natural Asbestos Cleanup (30000015)

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$14,800,000 TOTAL \$15,800,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3049. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Upper Columbia River Black Sand Beach Cleanup (30000016)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3050. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Orphaned and Abandoned Site Cleanup Initiative (30000018)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,000,000 Cleanup Settlement Account—State \$277,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$1,277,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$7,600,000 TOTAL \$8,877,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3051. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Water Irrigation Efficiencies (30000027)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$14,000,000 TOTAL \$15,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3052. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Safe Soils Remediation Program (30000019)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3053. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Skykomish Cleanup and Restoration (30000020)

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$2,300,000 Cleanup Settlement Account—State \$2,050,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$4,350,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,350,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3054. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Storm Water Retrofit and Low-Impact Development Grant Program (300000097)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$3,000,000 State and Local Improvements Revolving Account - Waste Disposal Facilities \$1,284,000 State and Local Improvements Revolving Account - Waste Disposal Facilities, 1980 \$325,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$4,609,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,609,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3055. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF

ECOLOGY
Protect Communities from Flood and Drought (92000002)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) \$2,500,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for the Columbia basin ground water management area ground water hydrologic modeling project. The project shall submit a report to the appropriate committees of the legislature that does the following:
- (a) Describes the physical properties of the aquifer system and the variation of those properties throughout the area of concern,
- (b) Quantifies the rate and location of aquifer recharge and discharge within the subarea,
 - (c) Quantifies the water balance for the by land use type,
- (d) Demonstrates with empirical data a viable solution to the observed problems in the area of concern,
 - (e) Estimates the quantity of water needed for the solution, and
- (f) Evaluates the physical and legal availability of such water from the Columbia River. The final report must be submitted by June 30, 2011.
- (2) \$10,000,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for a grant to repair the Horseshoe Bend levy that protects communities in the Kent valley.
- (3) \$150,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for a grant for the King County fire protection district no. 16 to prevent flood damage to the fire station.
- (4) \$2,350,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for a competitive grant program for projects that protect communities from flood damage and

prepare communities for drought and water shortages. The department shall prioritize applications from communities most at risk to flood damage and drought and who are least able to fund mitigation projects from local resources. The department shall also seek to balance the needs of different regions of the state, and choose projects most ready to proceed.

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$15,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3056. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Habitat Mitigation (91000007)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,400,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3057. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Protect Coastal Beaches in Southwest Washington (30000024)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$1,700,000

State Building Construction Account—State \$1,700,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0

Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0

TOTAL \$1,700,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3058. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Watershed Plan Implementation and Flow Achievement (30000028)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided solely for grants for projects that improve water supplies and help achieve instream flows by implementing watershed plans, as follows:

- (1) Surface or groundwater storage feasibility projects, where such projects are consistent with the recommendations of the water storage task force report to the Legislature, February 2001 (department of ecology publication # 01-11-2002). The department shall consult the departments of agriculture and fish and wildlife before issuing water storage grants.
- (2) Infrastructure or water management projects that resolve conflicts among water needs for municipal, agricultural, rural, and fish restoration purposes. The stream flow improvements and other public benefits secured from these projects must be commensurate with the investment of state funds.
- (3) Water supply projects for public agriculture water supply facilities that improve water conservation and water use efficiency.

- (4) Purchase and installation of water measuring devices in salmon critical basins and areas participating in the department of fish and wildlife fish screening and cooperative compliance program, and basins where watershed plans call for additional water use or stream flow measurement.
- (5) Acquisition of water to achieve instream flows or to establish water banks, water exchanges or similar tools. The department of ecology must give priority to water acquisitions in salmon critical basins and in basins with approved watershed plans. The department of ecology must place acquired water into the state's trust water rights program (chapters 90.38 and 90.42 RCW).
- (6) Up to \$600,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for grants to lead local government entities for planning unit administrative support to watershed planning units. Such grants shall only be provided to those entities that have completed, approved plans that are actively being implemented and provide one hundred percent in-kind or monetary match. Grant amounts will range from \$30,000 to \$60,000, based on criteria to be developed by the department. Criteria should consider factors including complexity of water issues, geographical size, population growth pressure, rate of plan implementation, and others issues to be determined by the department.

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$40,000,000 TOTAL \$46,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3059. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF

ECOLOGY Kittitas Groundwater Study (30000029)

Appropriation:

	ts Revolving Account	ovements	cal Imp	e and L	State
\$700,000	—State	acilities)-	Supply	(Water	
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Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	00

${ m NEW}$ SECTION. Sec. 3060. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Remedial Action Grant Program (30000039)

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$37,700,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Riennia (Projected Costs)	\$180,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3061. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Leaking Underground Tanks (91000002)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided from the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009 for leaking underground tanks.

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General Fund—Federal	3,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	3,500,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3062. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Diesel Emissions Reduction (91000003)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided from the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009 for diesel emissions reduction.

Appropriation:

General Fund—Federal	1,730,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	1,730,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3063. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

Rocky Reach - Chelan County Public Utility District (20061023)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation in this section is provided solely to construct and surface the northern mile of Rocky Reach trail, and partially fund installation of signs, interpretive panels, and bridges related to the 5.1 mile project.

Reappropriation: Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account Private/Local

raiks Reliewal and Stewardship Account—Filvate/Local	. \$300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	. \$500,000

\$500,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3064. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

Cama Beach Donation (20062853)

Reappropriation:

General Fund—Private/Local	,630,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	3286,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAI \$1	016 000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3065. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Hood Canal Wastewater (20061850)
Reappropriation: Hood Canal Aquatic Rehabilitation Bond Account— State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,990,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$5,920,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 3066. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Puget Sound Wastewater (20061851)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$1,300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$6,075,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$7,375,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3067. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Minor Works - Facility Preservation (20081001)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$2,810,000 State Toxics Control Account—State \$100,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$2,910,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$6,090,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$9,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3068. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Historic Preservation (20081002)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$4,064,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$6,191,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3069. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Cape Disappointment Major Park Upgrade (20081012)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$10,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$490,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3070. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Lake Sammamish Major Park Upgrade (20081014)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$425,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)\$758,000Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$0TOTAL\$1,183,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3071. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Storm Water Improvements (20081027)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$235,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$336,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$571,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3072. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND
RECREATION COMMISSION Road Preservation (20081036)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3073. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Ft. Flagler - Parkwide Sewage Treatment System (20081044)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$800,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,973,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,773,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3074. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Visible Park Improvements (20081951)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Prior Piannia (Evnandituras) \$7,270,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$7,270,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$10,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3075. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Nisqually Mashel State Park (20081953)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$416,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$1,618,000 TOTAL \$2,118,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3076. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Pearrygin Lake Major Park Upgrade (20082016)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$460,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$907,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$1,367,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3077. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Bay View Park Wide Wastewater Treatment System (20082041)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$427,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,187,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3078. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Bigelow House (20082850)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation is provided solely for a grant for capital improvements to the Bigelow house.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$100,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$100,000
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3079. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

Ike Kinswa State Park Improvement (20082950)

Reappropriation: Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account—Private/Local \$500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3080. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Clean Vessel Boating Pumpout Grants (20084035)
Reappropriation: General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$300,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000
TOTAL
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$950,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,050,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,000,000
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3082. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Minor Works Preservation (30000001)
Minor Works Preservation (30000001) Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$6,930,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$40,641,000 TOTAL \$47,571,000
Minor Works Preservation (30000001) Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$6,930,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$40,641,000
Minor Works Preservation (30000001) Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$6,930,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$40,641,000 TOTAL \$47,571,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 3083. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Minor Works Preservation (30000001) Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$6,930,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$40,641,000 TOTAL \$47,571,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3083. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Trail Development (30000003) Appropriation:

addressed the key findings in the 2006 study of the commission's capital development, execution, and monitoring process, the commission shall, prior to allotment of funds, provide the office of financial management a comprehensive list of deferred maintenance projects that when completed will reduce the commission's backlog of preservation projects.

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$1,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$14,000,000 TOTAL \$15,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3085. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Federal Grant Authority (30000006)
Appropriation: General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$4,000,000 TOTAL \$4,990,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3086. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Local Grant Authority (30000007)
Appropriation: Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account—Private/Local \$990,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$4,000,000 TOTAL \$4,990,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3087. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Parkland Acquisition (91000005)
Appropriation: Parkland Acquisition Account—State\$3,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3088. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Emergency Repairs (30000010)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$600,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs)

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3089. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Clean Vessel Boating Pumpout Grants (30000021)
Appropriation: General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$7,200,000 TOTAL \$10,665,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3090. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Illahee State Park Wastewater Treatment Upgrade (30000447)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,850,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3091. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Cama Beach State Park (30000101)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,265,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3092. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Rocky Reach State Park Trail Development (30000169)
Appropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State \$168,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$1,000,000 TOTAL \$1,168,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3093. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Flaming Geyser State Park Park-wide Infrastructure Redevelopment (30000173)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,533,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3094. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Dash Point State Park Sanitary Sewer Collection System (30000269)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,820,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3095. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Kiket Island Acquisition (30000431)
Appropriation: General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$8,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3096. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Admirality Inlet Heritage Forest (30000432)
Appropriation: General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3097. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Fort Worden State Park Housing Areas Exterior Improvements (30000433)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$2,476,000 TOTAL \$3,222,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3098. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Infrastructure Savings (30000480)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Projects that are completed in accordance with section 6004 of this act may have their remaining funds transferred to this appropriation for other preservation projects approved by the office of financial management.
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$1
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3099. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Puget Sound Initiative (30000050)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$2,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$26,698,000 TOTAL \$28,698,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3100. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION Twanoh State Park: Storm Water Improvements (30000054)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$250,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$2,374,000 TOTAL \$2,624,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3101. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Boating Facilities Projects (19982001)
Reappropriation: Recreation Resources Account—State\$359,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$25,019,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$25,378,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3102. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program (19982003)
The reappropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriations are subject to the provisions in section 158, chapter 371, Laws of 2006.
Reappropriation:Outdoor Recreation Account—State\$596,000Habitat Conservation Account—State\$687,000Subtotal Reappropriation\$1,283,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$176,988,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$178,271,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3103. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Firearms and Archery Range Program (19982004)
Reappropriation: Firearms Range Account—State\$13,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$872,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$885,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3104. FOR THE RECREATION AND
CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Firearms and Archery Range Program (20020001)
Reappropriation: Firearms Range Account—State\$21,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$379,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$400,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3105. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Boating Facilities Program (20024001)
Reappropriation: Recreation Resources Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$6,776,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$6,934,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3106. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program (20024003)
The reappropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: Any amount of the reappropriations that is not obligated to a specific project may be used to fund projects in the following order: (1) The department of natural resources Cypress Island project; and (2) alternate projects approved by the legislature from the same account in biennia succeeding that in which the funds were originally appropriated.
Reappropriation:Outdoor Recreation Account—State\$158,000Habitat Conservation Account—State\$479,000Subtotal Reappropriation\$637,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$44,363,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$45,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3107. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Solmon Recovery Euroding People Programs (20024007)

Salmon Recovery Funding Board Programs (20024007)

Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$253,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$69,313,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$69,566,000
TOTAL
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$2,500,000 General Fund—Federal \$9,540,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$12,040,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$34,335,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$46,375,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3109. FOR THE RECREATION AND
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3109. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program (20044002)
The reappropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: Any amount of the reappropriations that is not obligated to a specific project may be used to fund alternate projects approved by the legislature from the same account in biennia succeeding that in which the moneys were originally appropriated.
Reappropriation: Outdoor Recreation Account—State \$1,499,000 Habitat Conservation Account—State \$4,789,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$6,288,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$38,712,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$45,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3110. FOR THE RECREATION AND
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3110. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Boating Facilities Program (20044003)
Reappropriation: Recreation Resources Account—State\$165,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$7,342,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$7,507,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3111. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicle Activities Program (20044004)
Reappropriation: NOVA Program Account—State \$1,032,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
TOTAL
Reappropriation: Firearms Range Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Reappropriation: General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$5,468,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$5,735,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3114. FOR THE RECREATION AND
CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Boating Infrastructure Grant (20044009)
Reappropriation: General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,666,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,928,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3115. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Youth Athletic Fields (20062952)

Youth Athletic Fields (20062952)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation is provided solely for competitive grants for acquisition, development, and renovation of youth athletic fields. The committee shall follow the applicable rules of the youth athletic facilities program, except that grants for maintenance are not eligible and the amount of a grant need not be in proportion to the population of the city or county where the community outdoor athletic facility is located, and if there are not enough project applications submitted in a category within the account to meet the requirement of equal distribution of funds to each category, the recreation and conservation funding board may distribute any remaining funds to other categories within the youth athletic facility account.

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State Building Construction Account—State \$1,971,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	. \$529,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	32,500,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3116. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD

Salmon Recovery Fund Board Programs (20064001)

The reappropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriations are provided solely for grants for salmon recovery efforts. These grants may include a grant to any regional recovery board and/or may include grants for additional restoration projects, monitoring activities, or other salmon recovery actions.

Reappropriation:

General Fund—Federal	\$21,012,000
State Building Construction Account—State	. \$6,522,000
Subtotal Reappropriation	\$27,534,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$34,466,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$62,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3117. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD

Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program (20064002)

The reappropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The reappropriations are provided solely for the approved list of projects in LEAP capital document No. 2005-14 as developed on April 9, 2005.
- (2) Funds reappropriated for distribution according to RCW 79A.15.050 must fulfill the uses and restrictions of each category whether the funds are distributed according to the statutory allotment, the unallocated distribution, or a reassignment of reappropriations. If the cumulative total for acquisition projects is less than the statutory requirement, the difference may be allocated to the remaining development projects.
- (3) Funds reappropriated for distribution according to the provisions of RCW 79A.15.040(1)(c) must be allocated forty percent to local government projects and sixty percent to state agency projects. If the cumulative total of local government projects is less than forty percent of the total distribution to this category, the difference may be allocated to state agency projects.

Reappropriation:

Habitat Conservation Account—State	\$6,725,000
Outdoor Recreation Account—State	\$6,859,000
Subtotal Reappropriation	\$13,584,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$36,416,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$50,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3118. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD

Boating Facilities Program (20064003)

Reappropriation:

Recreation Resources Account—State	\$451,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$6,820,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$7,271,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3119. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD

Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicle Program (20064004)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Up to \$100,000 of the reappropriation is for the following studies:

- (1) The board must prepare cost estimates for creating a database of motorized and nonmotorized off-road trails and facilities in Washington state. The cost estimate shall consider the possibility of a database that allows the downloading of maps formatted for the most widely used global positioning system devices, including the feasibility and cost to make global positioning system maps readily available for all users of Washington recreational lands and facilities. For this purpose, available global positioning system maps shall include global positioning system maps developed by state agencies, by federal agencies, and proprietary maps offered by private companies.
- (2) The board must recommend a program for enhanced education and enforcement regarding excessive noise from off-road vehicles. The study must include a review of relevant existing laws and regulations. The recommendations must address the appropriate equipment needed for enforcement, model ordinances, enhanced educational strategies, and a proposed grant program to assist local governments to more effectively reduce the impact of excessive off-road vehicle noise in rural residential neighborhoods and nonresidential areas, including consideration of grant programs for planning departments, code enforcement departments, health departments, or other entities of local government.

Reappropriation:

NOVA Program Account—State	\$2,364,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$5,215,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$7,579,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3120. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD

Firearm and Archery Range Program (20064006)

Reappropriation:

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$204,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0
TOTAL
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3121. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Land and Water Conservation Fund (20064007)
Reappropriation: General Fund—Federal \$1,880,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$1,474,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$3,354,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3122. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD National Recreation Trails Program (20064008)
Reappropriation: General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$2,297,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL. \$2,798,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3123. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Family Forest and Fish Passage Program (20082001)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,141,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$6,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3124. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Boating Facilities Program (20084001)
Reappropriation: Recreation Resources Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,171,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$8,021,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3125. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Boating Improvement Grants (20084002)
Reappropriation: General Fund—Federal\$158,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$42,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$200,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3126. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Firearms and Archery Range Recreation (20084003)
Reappropriation: Firearms Range Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$114,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$472,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3127. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Puget Sound Restoration and Acquisition (20084004)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$29,083,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$11,667,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$40,750,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3128. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account (20084005)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: (1) The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for the list of projects in LEAP capital document No. 2007-1, developed March 17, 2007. (2) The board shall submit a list of recommended projects to be funded from the aquatic lands enhancement account in the 2009-2011 capital budget to the office of financial management and the appropriate legislative committees. The list must result from a competitive grants program developed by the board based upon, at a minimum: (a) Uniform criteria for selecting projects and awarding grants for up to fifty percent of the total projects cost; (b) local community support for the projects; and (c) environmental benefits to be derived from
projects.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Reappropriation:

Hatchery Reform Program (20084006)

Reappropriation:

General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$5,600,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$6,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3130. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Land and Water Conservation Fund (20084007)
Reappropriation: General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$235,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL. \$1,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3131. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Nonhighway Off-Road Vehicle Activities Program (20084008)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Up to \$450,000 of the reappropriation is provided solely for grants to local law enforcement and noise enforcement agencies for the enforcement of existing state noise laws and regulations. Grants may be used to acquire noise monitoring equipment and to compensate law enforcement agencies for staff overtime and administrative expenses. Funds for noise enforcement grants shall come from amounts allocated for the purposes specified in RCW 46.09.170(2)(d).
Reappropriation: NOVA Program Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$1,852,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$9,036,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3132. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD
National Recreational Trails Program (20084009) Reappropriation:
General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,105,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3133. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Washington Wildlife Recreation Grants (20084011)

The reappropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The reappropriations are provided solely for the approved list of projects in LEAP capital document No. 2007-3 as developed on March 17, 2007, and LEAP capital document No. 2008-1 as developed on February 13, 2008.
- (2) If additional funds are available after funding the farmlands preservation account projects approved in subsection (1) of this section, the committee may: Provide one-time grants of up to \$25,000 each to counties requesting assistance in developing farmlands preservation strategies for the purpose of seeking grants from the farmlands preservation account in future grant cycles.
- (3) Funds reappropriated for distribution according to the provisions of RCW 79A.15.040(1)(c) must be allocated forty percent to local government projects and sixty percent to state agency projects. If the cumulative total of local government projects is less than forty percent of the total distribution to this category, the difference may be allocated to state agency projects.
- (4) Up to \$627,299 of the reappropriation from the riparian protection account is provided solely for the Chehalis river surge plain natural area preserve. This amount may not be expended for the project until the department of natural resources has completed a management plan for the preserve that maintains recreational access and that management plan is presented to the house of representatives capital budget and senate ways and means committees.

Reappropriation:

ippropriation.
Farmlands Preservation Account—State
Riparian Protection Account—State
Habitat Conservation Account—State\$23,956,000
Outdoor Recreation Account—State
Subtotal Reappropriation
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)
TOTAL

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3134. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD

Salmon Recovery Fund Board Programs (20084851)

The reappropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The reappropriations in this section are provided solely for grants for salmon recovery efforts. These grants may include grants to any regional recovery board and/or may include grants for additional restoration projects, monitoring activities, or other salmon recovery actions.
- (2) The administrative funding currently provided by the salmon recovery funding board for the regional salmon recovery organization in Puget Sound shall be redirected to the Puget Sound partnership created in chapter 341, Laws of 2007.
- (3) Prior to awarding project grants for projects in Puget Sound, the salmon recovery funding board must submit the list of proposed projects to the Puget Sound partnership for their review. The Puget Sound partnership must provide their comments back to the salmon recovery funding board within forty-five days of receiving the proposed list of projects.

Reappropriation:
General Fund—Federal
State Building Construction Account—State
Subtotal Reappropriation
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0
TOTAL
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3135. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD
Washington Wildlife Recreation Grants (30000002)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriations are provided solely for the list of projects in LEAP
capital document No. 2009-1a, developed April 23, 2009.
Appropriation:
Riparian Protection Account—State
Habitat Conservation Account—State. \$27,000,000
Outdoor Recreation Account—State
Farmlands Preservation Account—State
Subtotal Appropriation
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$200,000,000
TOTAL \$270,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3136. FOR THE RECREATION AND
CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD
Salmon Recovery Fund Board Programs (30000003)
Appropriation:
General Fund—Federal
State Building Construction Account—State
Subtotal Appropriation
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$240,000,000
TOTAL
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3137. FOR THE RECREATION AND
CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD
Land and Water Conservation Fund (30000005)
Appropriation:
General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$16,000,000
TOTAL

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3138. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD

Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account (30000007)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided solely for the list of projects in LEAP capital document No. 2009-3, developed March 9, 2009.

Annro	priation:
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State Building Construction Account—State	\$5,025,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	. \$25,125,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3139. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD

Firearms and Archery Range Recreation (30000009)

Appropriation:

Firearms Range Account—State	\$495,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$1,412,000
TOTAL	\$1,907,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3140. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD

Boating Improvement Grants (30000010)

Appropriation:

(General Fund—Federal	\$1,000,000
	rior Biennia (Expenditures)	
F	uture Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$4,000,000
	TOTAL	\$5,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3141. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD

National Recreational Trails Program (30000012)

Appropriation:

General Fund—Federal	. \$4,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	\$20,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3142. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD

Puget Sound Acquisition and Restoration (30000080)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations.

- (1) The appropriation is provided solely to protect and restore habitat in Puget Sound with a focus on acquiring and protecting critical habitat and restoring habitat function.
- (2) Only projects on approved watershed three-year work plans or specified in the Puget Sound action agenda are eligible for funding. Projects approved must advance the priorities of the Puget Sound salmon recovery plan, the Hood Canal summer chum plan, or the action agenda.
- (3) The salmon recovery funding board shall award grants pursuant to a prioritized list submitted by the leadership council of the Puget Sound partnership. The list shall be based upon recommendations made by the Puget Sound salmon recovery council and the Hood Canal coordinating council. The technical review panel of the salmon recovery funding board shall conduct final design review and advise the board on project selection.
- (4) The recreation and conservation office shall administer these grants and shall retain three percent for administrative purposes. The partnership and the recreation and conservation office may negotiate an additional amount not to exceed six percent to cover costs incurred by lead entities and the partnership to recruit, review, and prioritize these projects.
- (5) An equitable share of the cost of the technical review panel of the salmon recovery funding board shall be paid from this appropriation to conduct final design review and advise the salmon recovery funding board and the partnership of its views on proposed projects.
- (6) By September 15, 2010, the Puget Sound partnership leadership council shall submit a list of proposed projects to the office of financial management for the 2011-2013 biennium.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$33,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$132,000,000
TOTAL	\$165,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3143. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD

Puget Sound Estuary and Salmon Restoration Program (30000081)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The appropriation is provided solely to restore nearshore habitat and estuaries in Puget Sound. The focus shall be on protecting and restoring natural nearshore processes, including protection and restoration of beach sediments and removal of existing bulkheads.
- (2) The recreation and conservation office shall award grants pursuant to a prioritized list submitted by the leadership council of the Puget Sound partnership. Project evaluation criteria shall be developed in cooperation with the Puget Sound nearshore steering committee and the Puget Sound partnership. The criteria shall be consistent and aligned with the actions and priorities of the action agenda and the technical guidance developed by the Puget Sound nearshore science team.

- (3) Eligible projects must be within Puget Sound and identified in a current salmon recovery, watershed, nearshore habitat restoration and protection plan or the Puget Sound partnership 2020 action agenda.
- (4) The recreation and conservation office shall retain three percent for administrative purposes.

administrative purposes.
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$28,000,000 TOTAL \$35,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3144. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Family Forest Fish Passage Program (91000001)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$18,000,000 TOTAL \$23,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3145. FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD Habitat Restoration Grants (91000002)
Appropriation: General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3146. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION Livestock Nutrient Program (20084001)
Reappropriation: Water Quality Capital Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,300,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3147. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program Water Quality (20084002)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$709,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3148. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION
Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program Cost Share (20084005)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$1,100,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$70,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,170,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3149. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION Flood Assistance for Farm Communities (20084850)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation is provided solely to restore agricultural infrastructure and equipment necessary to repair, replace, or maintain infrastructure that provides public health and safety, water quality, and fish and wildlife habitat protection, including debris removal, fencing, replacing manure lagoons, and properly functioning equipment and facilities.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$1,300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$200,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3150. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION
COMMISSION Skokomish Anaerobic Digester (20064009)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3151. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION Livestock Nutrient Program (30000001)
Appropriation: State Taxable Building Construction Account—State\$2,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$16,000,000 TOTAL \$18,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3152. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION
Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program (30000003)

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$7,200,000 TOTAL \$8,200,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3153. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION Practice Incentive Payment Loan Program (30000005)
Appropriation: Conservation Assistance Revolving Account—State \$400,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$2,000,000 TOTAL \$2,400,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3154. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Facility, Infrastructure, Lands, and Access Condition Improvements (20061002)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$240,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$6,255,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$6,495,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3155. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3155. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE

Puget Sound Initiative - Nearshore Salmon Restoration (20062001)

The reappropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The reappropriations are provided solely for efforts to restore nearshore habitat and estuaries in Puget Sound. The department of fish and wildlife must focus on restoring natural nearshore processes, including protection and restoration of beach sediments and removal of existing bulkheads.
- (2) The department of fish and wildlife shall provide the Puget Sound partnership, as created by chapter 341, Laws of 2007 the opportunity to review and provide comment on proposed projects and activities recommended for funding. This review must be consistent with the funding schedule for the program.
- (3) Funded projects require a nonstate match or in-kind contributions. The department of fish and wildlife must seek to maximize the amount of nonstate match from local, state, tribal, and federal partners. Individual projects require a minimum 33 percent cash or in-kind match.
- (4) Eligible projects must be within Puget Sound and identified by a salmon recovery lead entity or marine resource committee and identified in a current salmon recovery, watershed, or nearshore habitat restoration and protection plan.
- (5) Project evaluation criteria must be developed by the Puget Sound nearshore steering committee. The criteria must be consistent with the technical

guidance developed by the Puget Sound nearshore science team and shall be coordinated with the salmon recovery funding board to ensure that project funding and matching requirements are maximized to the greatest extent possible.

- (6) The department of fish and wildlife must not utilize any amount of these reappropriations to support administration or overhead. Funding to support the administration of the funds and the implementation of selected projects must be obtained from the department of fish and wildlife's operating budget.
- (7) In recognition of the urgent need to complete the Puget Sound nearshore ecosystem restoration project general investigation, up to \$1,446,000 of these reappropriations may be used to match federal funds implementing the cost-share agreement between the department and the United States army corps of engineers.
- (8) Up to \$2,061,735 of the reappropriations are provided solely for the following projects:

Project Amount Duwamish Garden estuary restoration \$300,000 Seahurst Park bulkhead phase II \$1,100,000 Lower Dosewallips floodplain \$609,875 Titlow Beach pocket estuary restoration \$51,860	5
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$6,636,000 General Fund—Federal \$600,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$7,236,000)
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$7,190,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$14,426,000)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3156. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Minor Works - Health Safety and Code Requirements (20081001)	
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$250,000)
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,850,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,100,000)
$\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$ Sec. 3157. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE	I

Voights Creek Hatchery (20081003)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) \$200,000 of the amount appropriated is provided solely for the repair necessary to restore the facility for limited operations;
- (2) \$550,000 of the amount appropriated is provided solely for property acquisition. If the department does not acquire property, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse; and

(3) \$50,000 of the amount appropriated is provided solely for the department to participate in a work group with the Puyallup Tribe of Indians that will make recommendations no later than December 1, 2009, regarding the options for improving production from hatcheries along the Puyallup river system while reducing cost. Options to be considered include shifting production among the hatcheries, consolidation of hatcheries, and shifting responsibilities for construction, maintenance and operations of hatcheries.

responsionities for construction, maintenance and operations of nationeries.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$150,000
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$800,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$355,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$1,800,000 TOTAL \$3,105,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3158. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Statewide Fencing Renovation and Replacement (20081009)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,291,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,431,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3159. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Minor Works - Facility Preservation (20081013)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,696,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,525,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3160. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (20081014)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,982,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$6,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3161. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH

AND WILDLIFE

Wiley Slough Restoration (20081028)

Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$265,000 General Fund—Federal \$500,000
Subtotal Reappropriation \$765,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,030,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$318,000 TOTAL \$3,113,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3162. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Bee Be Property (20081029)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$250,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$252,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$3,250,000 TOTAL \$3,752,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3163. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Issaquah Hatchery Gravity Intake (20081850)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$560,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)\$2,000Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$0TOTAL\$562,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3164. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Grazing Monitoring on Fish and Wildlife Lands (20082001)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) . \$140,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) . \$0 TOTAL . \$200,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3165. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Spokane Region One Office (20082008)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$6,027,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$4,561,000 TOTAL \$10,768,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3166. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Skookumchuck Hatchery Renovation (20082015)

Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$200,000
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$328,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,256,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3167. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Stemilt Basin Acquisition (20082029)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$200,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3168. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Mitigation Projects and Dedicated Funding (20082048)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Up to \$2,300,000 of the reappropriation is provided solely for capital projects and engineering to pay the total cost of labor and materials provided by the department of fish and wildlife.
Reappropriation: General Fund—Federal
Appropriation:General Fund—Private/Local\$2,500,000Game Special Wildlife Account—Federal\$600,000Game Special Wildlife Account—Private/Local\$990,000General Fund—Federal\$25,000,000Subtotal Appropriation\$29,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$19,125,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$114,800,000 TOTAL \$171,925,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3169. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Minor Works - Facility Preservation (30000149)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$677,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$10,000,000 TOTAL \$10,677,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3170. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Methow Culverts Replacement (20081027)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$350,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$404,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$482,000 TOTAL \$1,236,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3171. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Migratory Waterfowl Habitat (20082045)
Appropriation: Wildlife Account—State\$550,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$700,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$3,000,000 TOTAL \$4,250,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3172. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Minor Works - Road Maintenance and Abandonment Plan (30000022)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$4,050,000 TOTAL \$5,050,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3173. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Minor Works - Access Areas Preservation (30000086)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$408,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$9,167,000 TOTAL \$9,575,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3174. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Washougal Hatchery Pond Renovation (30000094)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,236,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3175. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Grays River Intake Replacement (30000089)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$3,499,000 TOTAL \$4,048,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3176. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Skamania Hatchery Intake Replacement (30000088)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$8,900,000 TOTAL \$9,724,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3177. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Minor Works - Health Safety and Code Requirements (30000135)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$10,000,000 TOTAL \$11,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3178. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Minor Works - Dam and Dike (30000145)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$3,780,000 TOTAL \$4,723,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3179. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (30000147)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$19,119,000 TOTAL \$20,119,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3180. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Minor Works - Emergency Projects (30000161)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$3,000,000 TOTAL \$3,750,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3181. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Minor Works - Fish Passage Barrier Corrections (30000173)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$9,250,000 TOTAL \$10,250,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 3182. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH
AND WILDLIFE Minor Works - Programmatic (30000179)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$400,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$5,500,000 TOTAL \$5,900,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3183. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Deschutes Watershed Center (20062008)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$979,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,216,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$7,425,000 TOTAL \$10,620,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3184. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Chambers Creek Adult Trap (20081004)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$240,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3185. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Tokul Creek Hatchery (20081005)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$235,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$3,108,000 TOTAL \$3,543,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3186. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Bebee Springs Phase 3 (92000006)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$2,643,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,643,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3187. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE Arlington Hatchery (91000002)
Appropriation: \$200,000 Wildlife Account—State \$200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$200,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3188. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Marine Station (20081015)
Reappropriation: Resource Management Cost Account—State \$550,000 State Building Construction Account—State \$550,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$1,100,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3189. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Colville Armory (20082851)
Reappropriation:Forest Development Account—State\$306,000Resource Management Cost Account—State\$323,000State Building Construction Account—State\$292,000Subtotal Reappropriation\$921,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$21,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$3,000,000 TOTAL \$3,942,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3190. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Forest Legacy (20042015)
Reappropriation: General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$18,300,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$41,000,000 TOTAL \$63,500,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3191. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Land Acquisition Grants (20052021)
Reappropriation: General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$27,308,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$32,000,000 TOTAL \$82,406,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3192. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Blanchard Mountain (20081951)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided solely as a continuing compensation for preservation of the core of Blanchard mountain in Skagit County and the subsequent acquisition of replacement working forest lands as Skagit county state forest lands. The department shall consult with the University of Washington college of forest resources' northwest environmental forum and with other interest groups prior to the purchase.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$25,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$5,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3193. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Road Maintenance and Abandonment Projects (30000071)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$500,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures))
TOTAL	
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3194. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Natural Areas Facilities Preservation and Access (30000079)	7
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$700,000)
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$13,923,000 TOTAL \$14,623,000)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3195. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Recreation Capital Renovations (30000109)	₹
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State)
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$6 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$32,682,000 TOTAL \$33,498,000)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3196. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES	

Land Bank (30000050)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided solely for acquisition of working forest lands at risk of conversion to nonforest uses and working natural resource lands that will protect and enhance the value of trust land holdings. legislature finds that the chronic loss of working forest lands threatens the longterm prospects of the timber products and other natural resource industries, which in turn threatens the long-term economic return for the beneficiaries of state trust lands. Acquisition of these lands is intended to help stabilize the primary source of revenue to trust land beneficiaries. The department shall submit a report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by October 1, 2010, and every two years thereafter, indicating the lands purchased under this section, showing the locations, acres, purchase price, and within that purchase price, the value of the property attributed to the future value of timber harvests given an expected rate of return for timber lands, and the value of the property attributed to future development of the property. It is the intent of the legislature to lease the development rights of these conversion lands and retain them as long-term working natural resource lands under the sustainable harvest plan. Working forest lands acquired under this section shall be managed at a level equal to or greater than seventy-five percent of the expected harvest under the sustainable harvest plan.

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Resources Management Cost Account—State \$25,000,000

Appropriation:

Appropriation:

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	\$125,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3197. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Natural Resources Real Property Replacement (30000051)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided solely for acquisition of working forest lands at risk of conversion to nonforest uses and working natural resource lands that will protect and enhance the value of trust land holdings. legislature finds that the chronic loss of working forest lands threatens the longterm prospects of the timber products and other natural resource industries, which in turn threatens the long-term economic return for the beneficiaries of state trust lands. Acquisition of these lands is intended to help stabilize the primary source of revenue to trust land beneficiaries. The department shall submit a report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by October 1, 2010, and every two years thereafter, indicating the lands purchased under this section, showing the locations, acres, purchase price, and within that purchase price, the value of the property attributed to the future value of timber harvests given an expected rate of return for timber lands, and the value of the property attributed to future development of the property. It is the intent of the legislature to lease the development rights of these conversion lands and retain them as long-term working natural resource lands under the sustainable harvest plan. Working forest lands acquired under this section shall be managed at a level equal to or greater than seventy-five percent of the expected harvest under the sustainable harvest plan.

Natural Resources Real Property Replacement	
Account—State	\$50,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) Future Biennia (Projected Costs) TOTAL	\$200,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3198. FOR T NATURAL RESOURCES Forest Legacy (30000060)	THE DEPARTMENT OF
Appropriation: General Fund—Federal	\$9,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) Future Biennia (Projected Costs) TOTAL	\$41,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3199. FOR T NATURAL RESOURCES Land Acquisition Grants (30000061)	THE DEPARTMENT OF

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$32,000,000 TOTAL \$38,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3200. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Statewide Aquatic Restoration Projects (30000062)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$1,535,000 TOTAL \$1,835,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3201. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES State Lands Maintenance (30000063)
Appropriation: Resources Management Cost Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$13,732,000 TOTAL \$14,732,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3202. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Community and Technical College Trust Land Acquisition (30000065)
Appropriation: Community and Technical College Forest Reserve Account—State\$200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$1,050,000 TOTAL \$1,250,000
NEW SECTION Sec. 3203. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Trust Land Transfer (30000066)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The total appropriation is provided to the department solely to transfer from trust status, or enter into fifty year leases for, certain trust lands of statewide significance deemed appropriate for state park, fish and wildlife habitat, natural area preserve, natural resources conservation area, open space, housing and essential government services, or recreation purposes. The approved list of properties for lease or transfer is identified in the LEAP capital document No. 2009-2a, developed April 23, 2009.
- (2) Property transferred under this section must be appraised and transferred at fair market value. The value of the timber transferred must be deposited by the department to the common school construction account in the same manner as timber revenues from other common school trust lands. No deduction may be

made for the resource management cost account under RCW 79.64.040. The value of the land transferred must be deposited in the natural resources real property replacement account.

- (3) Property subject to lease agreements under this section must be appraised at fair market value. Lease terms must be fifty years with options to renew for an additional fifty years. Lease payments must be lump sum payments for the entire term of the lease at the beginning of the lease. The department shall calculate such lump sum payments using professional appraisal standards. These lease payments may not exceed the fee simple purchase price based on current fair market value and must be deposited by the department to the common school construction account in the same manner as lease revenues from other common school trust lands. No deduction may be made for the resource management cost account under RCW 79.64.040.
- (4) All reasonable costs incurred by the department to implement this section are authorized to be paid out of the appropriations. Authorized costs include the actual cost of appraisals, staff time, environmental reviews, surveys, and other similar costs and shall not exceed one and nine-tenths percent of the appropriation.
- (5) Intergrant exchanges between common school and other trust lands of equal value may occur if the exchange is in the interest of each trust, as determined by the board of natural resources.
- (6) Prior to or concurrent with conveyance of these properties, the department, with full cooperation of the receiving agencies, shall execute and record a real property instrument that dedicates the transferred properties to the purposes identified in subsection (1) of this section. Transfer and lease agreements for properties identified in subsection (1) of this section must include terms that restrict the use of the property to the intended purpose. Transfer and lease agreements may include provisions for receiving agencies to request alternative uses of the property, provided the alternative uses are compatible with the original intended public purpose and the department and legislature approves such uses.
- (7) The department and receiving agencies shall work in good faith to carry out the intent of this section. However, the department or receiving agencies may remove a property from the transfer list based on new, substantive information, if it is determined that transfer of the property is not in the statewide interest of either the common school trust or the receiving agency.
- (8) The department shall execute trust land transfers that, after the deduction of reasonable costs as provided in subsection (4) of this section, eighty percent of the total value of transferred property is timber value and is deposited in the common school construction account. To achieve the eighty percent requirement, the department may choose to lease properties originally intended as transfers.
- (9) \$4,189,000 of the amount appropriated is provided solely for fifty-year leases of development rights from timber lands at risk of conversion to non-timber land uses purchased from appropriations in the 2007-2009 fiscal period.
- (10) On June 30, 2011, the state treasurer shall transfer all remaining uncommitted funds from this appropriation to the common school construction account and the appropriations in this section shall be reduced by an equivalent amount.

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$100,133,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$400,000,000 TOTAL \$500,133,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3204. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Riparian Open Space Program (30000064)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$4,000,000 TOTAL \$4,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3205. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Minor Works - Programmatic (30000067)
Appropriation: Forest Development Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$13,100,000 TOTAL \$13,385,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3206. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Hazardous Fuels Reduction, Forest Health, and Ecosystem Improvements (91000001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided from the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009 for hazardous fuels reduction, forest health, and ecosystem improvements.
Appropriation: General Fund—Federal
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$20,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 3207. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Right-of-Way Acquisition (30000069)
Appropriation: Forest Development Account—State \$150,000 Resources Management Cost Account—State \$350,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$500,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$2,450,000 TOTAL \$2,950,000	
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3208. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES Minor Works - Preservation (30000098)	
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$201,000 Forest Development Account—State \$134,000 Resources Management Cost Account—State \$144,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$479,000	
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$9,600,000 TOTAL \$10,079,000	
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3209. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Fair Improvements (30000001)	
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$400,000	
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$400,000	
PART 4 TRANSPORTATION	
NEW SECTION. Sec. 4001. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL Minor Works - Preservation (20081001)	
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$80,000	
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)\$400,000Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$0TOTAL\$480,000	
NEW SECTION. Sec. 4002. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL Fire Training Academy Sanitary System (20082002)	
Reappropriation: Fire Service Training Account—State\$440,000	
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,060,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,500,000	

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4003. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL Replace Existing Dormitory (20082003)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,229,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,360,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 4004. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL
DNA Crime Lab Computer System (20082952)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 4005. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL Minor Works Projects (30000015)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$570,000 TOTAL \$945,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 4006. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Columbia River Dredging (2003H001)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$15,723,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$17,700,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 4007. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Culvert Replacements (20081001)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$4,900,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$100,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$5,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4008. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Commute Trip Reduction for Thurston County State Agencies (92000001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided solely for implementation of chapter... (Substitute Senate Bill No. 6088 (commute trip reduction)), Laws of 2009.

Appropriation:

State Vehicle Parking Account—State.	\$734,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
TOTAL	

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4009. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION—LOCAL PROGRAMS—PROGRAM Z—CAPITAL

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The entire appropriation is provided solely for the west Vancouver freight access project (4LP701F) as identified on LEAP Transportation Document ALL PROJECTS 2009-2 as developed April 24, 2009, Program - Local Program (Z) referenced in section 311, chapter . . . (Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5352), Laws of 2009.

Appropriation:

Freight Mobility Multimodal Account—State\$700,000

PART 5 EDUCATION

$\underline{\text{NEW}}$ SECTION. Sec. 5001. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

2001-03 School Construction Assistance Grant Program (20024001)

Reappropriation:

Common School Construction Account—State	\$135,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$346,853,000

${ m \underline{NEW}}$ SECTION. Sec. 5002. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

2003-05 School Construction Assistance Grant Program (20044001)

Reappropriation:

appropriation.	
State Building Construction Account—State	\$6,190,000
Common School Construction Account—State	\$3,950,000
Subtotal Reappropriation	. \$10,140,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$392,129,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5003. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION 2005-07 School Construction Assistance Grant Program (20064100)
Reappropriation: Common School Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$581,766,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0
TOTAL
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,558,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$6,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5005. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION Aviation High School (20081002)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$275,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,175,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5006. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF
PUBLIC INSTRUCTION School Construction Assistance Grants (20084200)
Reappropriation: Common School Construction Account—State
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$477,570,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$791,759,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5007. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION Vocational Skills Centers (20084300)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
TOTAL	000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5008. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION Northeast King County Skills Center (20084855)	OF
Appropriation: School Construction/Skills Center Building Account—State\$9,049,0	000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5009. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OPENING INSTRUCTION North Central Technical Skills Center (20084861)	
Appropriation: School Construction/Skills Center Building Account—State\$4,007,0	000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$50,0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$18,500,0 TOTAL \$22,557,0	000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5010. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT (PUBLIC INSTRUCTION Pierce County Skills Center (20084856)	OF
Reappropriation: School Construction/Skills Center Building Account—State\$1,563,0	000
Appropriation: School Construction/Skills Center Building Account—State\$10,000,0	000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$473,0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$12,036,0	\$0 000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5011. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION Health, Safety, and Small Repair Grants (91000007)	OF
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions of	nd

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) Up to \$3,000,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for

(1) Up to \$3,000,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for nonrecurring costs associated with school facility repairs and renovations necessary for health and safety. The office of the superintendent of public instruction, after consulting with maintenance and operations administrators of school districts, shall develop criteria for providing funding for specific projects

to stay within the appropriation level provided in this section. The criteria must include, but are not limited to, the following: (a) Limiting recipient district applications to one hundred thousand dollars per three-year period; (b) limiting districts eligible to receive the grant only once in any three-year period; and (c) requiring any district receiving funding provided in this section to demonstrate a consistent commitment to addressing school facilities needs.

- (2) The appropriation is provided solely for energy operational cost savings and safety and health infrastructure improvements to school facilities initiated after July 1, 2009. The appropriation must be distributed using the performance-based contracting method of delivering energy operational cost savings and safety and health infrastructure improvements to public facilities, unless the minimal cost or the immediacy of the project makes performance-based contracting impracticable. If the minimal cost or immediacy of the project makes performance-based contracting impracticable, the school district must receive a waiver from the office of the superintendent of public instruction in order to use the appropriation to address safety and health needs.
- (3) The superintendent of public instruction must report to the appropriate committees of the legislature and the office of financial management on the timing and use of the funds by the end of each fiscal year, until the funds are fully expended.
- (4) \$100,000 of the appropriation is provided solely to the Monroe public schools for retrofitting the Frank Wagner Elementary chimney.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State \$20,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$0
TOTAL

$\underline{\text{NEW}}$ SECTION. Sec. 5012. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

Capital Project Administration (30000037)

Within amounts appropriated in this section, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall:

- (1) Develop a plan, in consultation with the department of natural resources, to assist schools in regularly communicating with the department of natural resources about options for school districts to acquire and lease state trust land;
 - (2) Continue to develop an asset preservation program;
- (3) Conduct an analysis of the appropriate level for the state area cost allowance and the average square-foot space needs for use in the school construction funding formula. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall provide recommendations regarding the appropriate levels for the area cost allowance and average square-foot space needs to the joint task force on school construction funding by September 1, 2009; and
- (4) Convene a definitions work group on the joint use of public school facilities. The work group must report its findings and recommendations to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 2010.

Appropriation:

Common School Construction Account—State	. \$3,337,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	\$17,434,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5013. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

Vocational Skills Center Minor Capital Projects (30000002)

Appropriation:

710 711 7	
School Construction and Skill Centers Building	
Account—State	\$3,694,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$3,694,000
NEW CECTION C FOLL FOR THE CHREDINGEND	ENT OF

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5014. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

2009-11 School Construction Assistance Grant Program (30000031)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop a tracking system to increase accuracy in predicting the timing of school district claims for reimbursement for school construction assistance grants. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall also improve its communication with school districts regarding the status of grant projects and create requirements regarding the timing of reimbursement claims. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall submit a report on the progress of the new tracking and communication system to the appropriate committees of the legislature by November 15, 2009. The report must include a list of school district capital projects receiving state funding and each project's anticipated final reimbursement date.
- (2) In calculating square foot eligibility for state assistance grants, kindergarten student headcount shall not be reduced by fifty percent.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State \$369,920,000
Common School Construction Account—State \$259,029,000
Common School Construction Account—Federal \$2,500,000
School Construction and Skill Centers Building
Account—Bond—State
Subtotal Appropriation
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)
TOTAL

$\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$ Sec. 5015. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

Apple Awards (91000001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Grants of \$25,000 may be awarded to public elementary schools whose students propose capital projects on school property or on other public property in the community, city, or county in which the school is located. The program must be administered by the office of the superintendent of public instruction which shall determine competitive criteria for awarding the grants. \$125,000 of the appropriation is available for five awards of \$25,000 each in the 2009-2010 school year and \$125,000 of the appropriation for five awards of \$25,000 each in the 2010-2011 school year. The funds must be used exclusively for capital projects as proposed by the students in the schools and approved by the district's school board

Appropriation:

 State Building Construction Account—State	. \$250,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	. \$250,000

$\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}.$ Sec. 5016. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

Tri-Tech Skills Center Walla Walla Branch Campus (91000005)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided solely for the predesign phase of the Walla Walla branch campus of the tri-tech skills center.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$100,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$100,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5017.** (1) The joint legislative task force on school construction funding, established in the 2007-09 capital budget, is continued to explore the following: (a) Changing the state funding assistance ratio used in the school construction assistance grant program formula; (b) methods to accommodate specialized program space or unique building circumstances (such as all-day kindergarten and science labs); and (c) ways to account for regional cost differences in the school construction assistance grant program formula.

- (2)(a) The task force shall consist of six members, including one member from each major caucus from the house of representatives, appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, and one member from each major caucus from the senate, appointed by the president of the senate. The president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives jointly shall appoint two members representing large and small school districts.
- (3) Staff support for the task force must be provided by the senate committee services and the house of representatives office of program research.
- (4) The task force must conduct its work without incurring travel, per diem, or other costs.
- (5) The task force must report its findings and recommendations to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 2010.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5018. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND
Minor Works Preservation (30000002)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$620,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$2,290,000 TOTAL \$2,910,000
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5019. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND
New Physical Education Center (20082001)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$9,100,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$9,400,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5020. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF Vocational Education, Cafeteria, and Maintenance Support Building (20082002)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)\$9,187,000Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$0TOTAL\$10,900,000
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5021. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF
Minor Works Preservation (30000001)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$2,794,000 TOTAL \$3,614,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5022. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Computing and Communications Upgrades and Data Center (20082004)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$14,500,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$15,000,000 TOTAL \$40,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5023. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Savery Hall Renovation (20061005)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State. \$11,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$50,510,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$61,510,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5024. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Clark Hall Renovation (20061007)
Reappropriation: Education Construction Account—State\$2,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$16,054,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$18,054,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5025. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Minor Works - Facility Preservation (20081001)
Reappropriation: University of Washington Building Account—State\$16,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5026. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Denny Hall Renovation (20081002)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,200,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$47,992,000 TOTAL \$53,692,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5027. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Balmer Hall Reconstruction (20081004)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,000,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$38,600,000 TOTAL \$42,600,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5028. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Intermediate Student Service and Classroom Improvements (20081005)
Reappropriation: Education Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$6,036,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$13,281,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5029. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF
WASHINGTON Interdisciplinary Academic Building (20082003)
In conjunction with the reappropriation in this section, the University of Washington is authorized to issue a bond or bonds in an amount not to exceed \$53,554,000 in value for construction of the molecular engineering building identified in this section. The bond shall be financed from building fee and trust land revenues deposited into the university's bond retirement account, in accordance with RCW 28B.20.700 through 28B.20.740.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$4,000,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$5,000,000
TOTAL
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,150,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$17,044,000 TOTAL \$57,194,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5031. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON UW Bothell (20082006)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$150,000
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$62,850,000 TOTAL \$68,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5032. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Burke Museum Renovation (20082850)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$300,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5033. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF
WASHINGTON UW Tacoma - Soils Remediation (20082852)
Reappropriation: State Toxics Control Account—State\$1,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5034. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON UW Tacoma - Land Acquisition (20062852)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State. \$384,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,616,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5035. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON UW Tacoma - Land Acquisition (20092003)
Reappropriation: Education Construction Account—State\$469,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,531,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5036. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Anderson Hall Renovation (20091002)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$200,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$21,225,000 TOTAL. \$21,425,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5037. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Lewis Hall Renovation (20081003)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,000,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$23,585,000 TOTAL \$25,585,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5038. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON House of Knowledge Longhouse (30000021)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$11,757,000 TOTAL \$12,057,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5039. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Minor Works - Facility Preservation (30000027)
willor works - racinty reservation (30000027)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$26,000,000 University of Washington Building Account—State \$8,175,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$34,175,000
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$26,000,000 University of Washington Building Account—State \$8,175,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$34,175,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$146,000,000
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$26,000,000 University of Washington Building Account—State \$8,175,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$34,175,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$146,000,000 TOTAL \$180,175,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5040. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$26,000,000 University of Washington Building Account—State \$8,175,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$34,175,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$146,000,000 TOTAL \$180,175,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5040. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Minor Works - Program (30000110) Appropriation:

Appropriation: University of Washington Building Account—State \$25,825,000	
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$103,300,000 TOTAL \$129,125,000	
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5042. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Safe Campus (30000022)	
Appropriation: University of Washington Building Account—State \$8,000,000	
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$8,000,000	
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5043. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Infrastructure Savings (30000289)	
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: Projects that are completed in accordance with section 6004 of this act may have their remaining funds transferred to this appropriation for other preservation projects approved by the office of financial management.	
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1 Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State. \$1 Subtotal Appropriation. \$2	
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2	
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5044. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY WSU Pullman - Biomedical Sciences Facility (20042009)	
In conjunction with the appropriations in this section, Washington State University is authorized to issue a bond or bonds in an amount not to exceed \$95,780,000 in value for construction of the facility identified in this section. The bond shall be financed from building fee and trust land revenues deposited into the university's bond retirement account in accordance with RCW	

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$250,000 TOTAL \$250,000

 $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION.}}$ Sec. 5045. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

WSU Pullman - Biotechnology and Life Sciences 2 (20042085)

28B.30.700 through 28B.30.780.

Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State. \$5,710,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$57,768,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$63,478,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5046. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY WSU Spokane - Nursing Building at Riverpoint (20042941)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$32,850,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$34,600,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5047. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY WSU Vancouver - Applied Technology and Classroom Building (20062950)
In conjunction with the appropriation in this section, Washington State University is authorized to issue a bond or bonds in an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000 in value for construction of the facility identified in this section. The bond must be financed from building fee and trust land revenues deposited into the university's bond retirement account in accordance with RCW 28B.30.700 through 28B.30.780.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,500,000 Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$26,742,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,420,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$31,662,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5048. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY WSU Vancouver - Undergraduate Classroom Building (20062951)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$21,883,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$28,000,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5049. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY Utilities Extension (20081100)

Reappropriation: Washington State University Building Account—State \$900,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$10,636,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$11,536,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5050. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY University-wide Infrastructure (20081701)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$6,500,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$8,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5051. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY Library Road Infrastructure (20081703)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5052. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Program (20082002)
Reappropriation: Washington State University Building Account—State \$1,900,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$15,100,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$17,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5053. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Facility Preservation (20081001)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,475,000 Washington State University Building Account—State \$2,350,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$3,825,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$35,075,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$38,900,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5054. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY WSU Spokane - Riverpoint Biomedical & Health Sciences (20162953)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$39,775,000 TOTAL \$44,115,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5055. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Preservation (30000065)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$16,128,000 Washington State University Building Account— State \$10,000,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$26,128,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$26,128,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5056. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Program (30000066)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$7,042,000 Washington State University Building Account— State \$10,485,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$17,527,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$3,073,000 TOTAL \$20,600,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5057. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE
UNIVERSITY Preventative Facility Maintenance and Building System Repairs (30000287)
Appropriation: Washington State University Building Account— State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$40,460,000 TOTAL \$50,575,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5058. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY Global Animal Health Phase I (92000001)

Contingent upon expenditure of a \$25,000,000 million private grant for the same purpose, Washington State University is authorized to issue a bond or bonds in an amount not to exceed \$6,200,000 in value for construction of the facility identified in this section. The bond shall be financed from building fee and trust land revenues deposited into the university's bond retirement account in accordance with RCW 28B.30.700 through 28B.30.780.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5059. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Infrastructure Savings (30000421)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: Projects that are completed in accordance with section 6004 of this act may have their remaining funds transferred to this appropriation for other preservation projects approved by the office of financial management.

Appropriation: State Puilding Construction Account State \$1
State Building Construction Account—State
Account—State\$1
Subtotal Appropriation
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5060. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor Works - Facility Preservation (20081001)
Reappropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State
Account—State\$1,500,000
Subtotal Reappropriation
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5061. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY See Cook Tok Till English Wishin Group
Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code Requirements (20081002)
Reappropriation:
Education Construction Account—State\$1,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5062. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY

Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (20081003)

Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State	00
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,500,00 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$4,000,00	\$0
TOTAL	N
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,000,0 Eastern Washington University Capital Projects Account—State \$2,300,0 Subtotal Reappropriation \$3,300,0	00
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$7,700,00 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$11,000,00 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5064. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTOUNIVERSITY	\$0 00
Patterson Hall Remodel (20062002)	
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$400,0 Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$26,600,0	
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	00 00
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5065. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTOUNIVERSITY Preventive Maintenance and Building System Repairs (30000044)	N
Appropriation: Eastern Washington University Capital Projects Account—State\$2,217,00	00
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	00
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5066. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTOUNIVERSITY Biology Chemistry Science Center (30000001)	N
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State	00
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0 00

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5067. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Health, Safety and Code Compliance (30000053)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$10,000,000 TOTAL \$12,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5068. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Facility Preservation (30000054)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$12,000,000 TOTAL \$15,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5069. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (30000055)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$500,000 Eastern Washington University Capital Projects Account—State\$1,000,000 Subtotal Appropriation\$1,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$6,000,000 TOTAL \$7,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5070. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Program (30000056)
Appropriation: Eastern Washington University Capital Projects Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$27,200,000 TOTAL \$30,506,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5071. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Riverpoint Center Acquisition (30000061)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) Eastern Washington University is authorized to sell its center at 701 West First Avenue in downtown Spokane, and directed to deposit the proceeds of the sale into the Eastern Washington University capital projects account.
- (2) Contingent upon and following the sale, and after completion of a current independent appraisal, Eastern Washington University is authorized to expend an amount not to exceed the total appropriation in this section to acquire an at least fifty percent ownership interest in a facility on or adjacent to the Riverpoint higher education campus to support delivery of the university's Spokane-based programs.
- (3) The university shall report to the office of financial management and to the appropriate committees of the legislature upon the sale of the downtown center and completion of the updated appraisal.

An	propi	าล	tion:

Арргорпацоп.
Eastern Washington University Capital Projects
Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$0
TOTAL
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5072. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY

Infrastructure Savings (30000421)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: Projects that are completed in accordance with section 6004 of this act may have their remaining funds transferred to this appropriation for other preservation projects approved by the office of financial management.

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State Building Construction Account—State	\$1
Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction	
Account—State	\$1
Subtotal Appropriation	\$2
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$2

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5073. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

Minor Works - Facility Preservation (20081001)

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$1,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$3,175,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5074. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code Requirements (20081009)

Reappropriation: Central Washington University Capital Projects Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,085,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0
TOTAL
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$500,000 Central Washington University Capital Projects Account—State \$100,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$600,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,690,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,290,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5076. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Program (20082002)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$6,800,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$7,800,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5077. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Hogue Hall Renovation and Addition (20082003)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State\$1,500,000
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,500,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$18,837,000 TOTAL \$49,102,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5078. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Health Safety and Code Requirements (30000002)

Appropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State\$950,000
Central Washington University Capital Projects Account—State
Subtotal Appropriation
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$12,000,000 TOTAL \$13,650,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5079. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (30000009)
Appropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State\$690,000
Central Washington University Capital Projects
Account—State \$2,050,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$2,740,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
TOTAL
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5080. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Facility Preservation (30000016)
Appropriation:
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
State Building Construction Account—State \$2,610,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$12,000,000 TOTAL \$14,610,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5081. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON
State Building Construction Account—State \$2,610,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$12,000,000 TOTAL \$14,610,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5081. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
State Building Construction Account—State \$2,610,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$12,000,000 TOTAL \$14,610,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5081. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Program (30000025)
State Building Construction Account—State \$2,610,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$12,000,000 TOTAL \$14,610,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5081. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
State Building Construction Account—State \$2,610,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$12,000,000 TOTAL \$14,610,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5081. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Program (30000025) Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$2,000,000
State Building Construction Account—State \$2,610,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$12,000,000 TOTAL \$14,610,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5081. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Program (30000025) Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$2,000,000 Central Washington University Capital Projects Account—State \$1,181,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$3,181,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$28,000,000
State Building Construction Account—State \$2,610,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$12,000,000 TOTAL \$14,610,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5081. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Program (30000025) Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$2,000,000 Central Washington University Capital Projects Account—State \$1,181,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$3,181,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0
State Building Construction Account—State \$2,610,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$12,000,000 TOTAL \$14,610,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5081. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Program (30000025) Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$2,000,000 Central Washington University Capital Projects Account—State \$1,181,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$3,181,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$28,000,000 TOTAL \$31,181,000
State Building Construction Account—State \$2,610,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$12,000,000 TOTAL \$14,610,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5081. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Program (30000025) Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$2,000,000 Central Washington University Capital Projects Account—State \$1,181,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$3,181,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$28,000,000 TOTAL \$31,181,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5082. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
UNIVERSITY Preventative Facility Maintenance and Building System Repairs (30000287)
Appropriation: Central Washington University Capital Project Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$9,688,000 TOTAL \$12,110,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5084. FOR THE CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Infrastructure Savings (30000421)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: Projects that are completed in accordance with section 6004 of this act may have their remaining funds transferred to this appropriation for other preservation projects approved by the office of financial management.
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1 Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State \$1 Subtotal Appropriation \$2
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5085. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE Minor Works - Preservation (20081001)
Reappropriation: The Evergreen State College Capital Projects Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$4,390,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$5,300,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5086. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code Requirements (20081002)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,275,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5087. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (20081004)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$500,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$700,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5088. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5088. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE Minor Works - Program (20082003)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$855,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$930,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5089. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Longhouse Expansion (20082007)
Longhouse Expansion (20082007) Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$760,000
Reappropriation:
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$760,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$940,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$760,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$940,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,700,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5090. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$760,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$940,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,700,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5090. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE College Activities Building Renovation (20082009) Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$4,120,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$780,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,900,000
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$760,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$940,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,700,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5090. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE College Activities Building Renovation (20082009) Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$4,120,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$780,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$8,835,000 TOTAL \$10,656,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5092. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE Minor Works - Preservation (30000003)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$760,000 The Evergreen State College Capital Projects Account—State \$3,765,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$4,525,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,525,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5093. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE Minor Works - Health, Safety, Code Compliance (30000016)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,515,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5094. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE Laboratory and Art Annex Building Renovation (30000026)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,849,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5095. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE
COLLEGE Minor Works - Program (30000031)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,550,000 The Evergreen State College Capital Projects Account—State. \$520,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$2,070,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,070,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5096. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE Minor Works - Infrastructure (30000046)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,380,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5097. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE Preventative Facility Maintenance and Building System Repairs (30000287)
Appropriation: The Evergreen State College Capital Projects Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$760,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5098. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE Infrastructure Savings (30000421)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: Projects that are completed in accordance with section 6004 of this act may have their remaining funds transferred to this appropriation for other preservation projects approved by the office of financial management.
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1 Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State \$1
Subtotal Appropriation \$2 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5099. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Academic Instructional Center (20022026)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1,000,000 Western Washington University Capital Projects Account—State \$400,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$1,400,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$64,244,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5100. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Miller Hall Renovation (20041953)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,773,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$60,398,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5101. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code Requirements (20081090)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,533,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,933,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5102. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Facility Preservation (20081091)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,351,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$5,051,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5103. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (20081092)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,116,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,016,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5104. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Program (20082093)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Western Washington University Capital Projects Account—State. \$2,500,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$4,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$6,000,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$10,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5105. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Academic Facilities Modernization Projects (20082099)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,700,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$11,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5106. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code Requirements (30000004)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$10,000,000 TOTAL \$12,572,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5107. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Facilities Preservation (30000005)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$14,000,000 TOTAL \$17,911,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5108. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Infrastructure (30000006)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$8,000,000 TOTAL \$9,781,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5109. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY Minor Works - Program (30000007)

Appropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State
Account—State
Subtotal Appropriation
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$36,000,000 TOTAL\$44,248,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5110. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Network Infrastructure/Switches (30000011)
Appropriation:
Western Washington University Capital Projects Account—State\$4,616,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
TOTAL
<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5111. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Preventative Facility Maintenance and Building System Repairs
(30000287)
(30000287) Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects
(30000287) Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects Account—State
(30000287) Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects Account—State. \$3,614,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0
(30000287) Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects Account—State. \$3,614,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$14,456,000
(30000287) Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects
(30000287) Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects
(30000287) Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects
(30000287) Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects
Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects Account—State. \$3,614,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$14,456,000 TOTAL \$18,070,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5112. FOR THE WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Infrastructure Savings (30000421) The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: Projects that are completed in accordance with section 6004 of this act may have their remaining funds transferred to this appropriation for other preservation projects approved by the office of financial management. Appropriation:
Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects Account—State
Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects Account—State
Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects Account—State
Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects Account—State
Appropriation: Western Washington University Capital Projects Account—State

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5113. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY Pacific-Lewis and Clark Station Camp Park Project (2002S001)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,011,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,433,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5114. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE
HISTORICAL SOCIETY Lewis and Clark Trail Interpretive Infrastructure Grant (20024001)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$918,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,082,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5115. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY Washington Heritage Projects (20044004)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$690,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,310,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5116. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY Statewide - Washington Heritage Project Grants (20064004)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation is subject to the provisions of section 733, chapter 488, Laws of 2005.
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,346,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,664,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5117. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY Tacoma State History Museum Building Preservation (20071001)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$75,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$425,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$500,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5118. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Washington Heritage Grants (20074004)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The reappropriation is subject to the project list in section 5137, chapter 520, Laws of 2007.

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$7,630,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$2,370,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$10,000,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5119. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Olympia - State Capitol Museum: Building Preservation (20081002)

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$60,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$147,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$207,000

${ m NEW}$ SECTION. Sec. 5120. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Washington Heritage Project Capital Grants (30000011)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The appropriation is subject to the provisions of RCW 27.34.330.
- (2) The appropriation is provided solely for the following list of projects.
- (3) The 2011-13 projects must be selected based on their readiness to proceed.

Project	Recommended
Wenatchee Valley Museum	\$150,000
West Point Light Station	\$300,000
Des Moines Field House	\$420,000
Washington Hall	\$381,000
Percival Landing	\$567,000
Roslyn City Hall & Library	\$194,000
Spokane County courthouse	\$500,000
Snoqualmie Chapel car #5	\$125,000
Edmonds Carnegie Library museum	\$48,000

Ilwaco museum collections	\$41,000
Minkler Mansion	\$200,000
Cheney house for a museum	\$87,000
Longview Columbia theatre	\$1,000,000
Chinook School	\$350,000
Territorial Courthouse of 1858	\$167,000
Hanford Interpretive Center	\$147,000
Carnegie Library Museum	\$883,000
Dynamite Train Canopy	\$50,000
	\$750,000
King Street Station	\$110,000
Lakewood Carriage House Lincoln School	\$175,000
	\$195,000
Quincy Pioneer Church	\$100,000
Ezra Meeker Mansion	\$450,000
Port Townsend Storage Facility	\$17,000
Puyallup Church Spire	\$27,000
Morris House and Washington Harbor School	\$27,000
Kalama Interpretive Center	\$212,000
Foss Waterway Seaport Building	\$750,000
Pioneer State Bank Building	\$201,000
Kirkman House	\$32,000
Malo Sawmill	\$70,000
Stimson-Green Mansion	\$23,000
Lightship #83	\$335,000
Masonic Temple Building	\$350,000
Wilkeson Centennial Monument	\$10,000
Eddon Boatyard ways and dock	\$243,000
Commencement Restoration	\$86,000
Vessel Shenandoah	\$179,000
Walt's Mill	\$75,000
TOTAL	\$10,000,000
	+,·,·
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—	-State \$10,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) Future Biennia (Projected Costs) TOTAL	\$0 \$40,000,000 \$50,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5121. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY Minor Works - Preservation (30000093)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$9,000,000 TOTAL \$10,402,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5122. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY Museum System Repair and Upgrades/Preservation (20081013)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$600,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,857,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5123. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code Requirements (30000001)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$250,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$1,250,000 TOTAL \$1,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5124. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY Minor Works - Facility Preservation (30000004)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$534,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5125. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY Minor Works - Program (30000008)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$298,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$191,000 TOTAL \$489,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5126. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Pierce College Puyallup - Expansion (20002676)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State\$69,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$25,266,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$25,335,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5127. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Tacoma Community College - Science Building (20012687)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$30,123,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$31,896,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5128. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Green River Community College - Science Building (20012688)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$28,803,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$29,803,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5129. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Yakima Valley Community College - Glenn Anthon Hall - Replacement (20041207)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$27,072,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$28,645,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5130. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Peninsula College - Replacement Science and Technology Building (20041208)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State\$37,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$23,603,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$23,640,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5131. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Skagit Valley College - Science Building Replacement (20041209)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$20,737,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$31,437,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5132. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Spokane Community College - Science Building Replacement (20041212)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$400,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$15,487,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$15,887,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5133. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Bellingham Technical College - Welding and Auto Collision Replacement (20041213)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$117,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$16,721,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$16,838,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5134. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Lower Columbia College - Instructional Fine Arts Building (20041214)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$24,362,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$24,662,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5135. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Clark College - East County Satellite (20041689)

Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$24,876,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$29,876,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5136. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Green River Community College - Computer Technology Center (20042682)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$11,800,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$12,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5137. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Bellevue Community College - Science and Technology (20042690)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$38,070,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$39,070,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5138. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Pierce College Puyallup - Communication Arts and Health Building (20042691)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$8,750,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$27,250,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5139. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Everett Community College - University Center at North Puget Sound (20042692)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) . \$48,068,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) . \$0 TOTAL . \$51,938,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5140. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Cascadia - Center for Arts, Technology, Communication (20042693)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State. \$23,063,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$12,764,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$35,827,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5141. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Pierce College, Fort Steilacoom - Science and Technology (20042694)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$12,393,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$32,393,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5142. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM South Puget Sound Community College - Science Complex (20042695)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State. \$250,000 State Building Construction Account—State \$1,000,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$1,250,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$27,870,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$29,120,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5143. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Centralia Community College - Science Building (20042850)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$194,000 Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State \$3,000,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$3,194,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$28,919,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$32,113,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5144. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Spokane Falls - Business and Social Science Building (20051853)

Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State. \$1,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$19,313,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$20,313,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5145. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM South Seattle Community College - Training Facility (20051854)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$9,720,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$9,752,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5146. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Minor Works Preservation (Repairs and Minor Improvements) (20061001)
Reappropriation: Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$13,526,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$14,000,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5147. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Roof Repairs (20061010) Repairs (20061010) THE COMMUNITY AND
Reappropriation: Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State\$500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$8,340,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$8,840,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5148. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Facility Repairs (20061050)
Reappropriation: Community and Technical College Capital Projects Account—State. \$2,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$19,827,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$22,327,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5149. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Site Repairs (20061090)
Reappropriation: Community and Technical College Capital Projects Account—State\$800,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)\$3,037,000Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$0TOTAL\$3,837,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5150. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Olympic College - Humanities and Student Services (20061204)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$25,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
TOTAL
TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Green River Community College - Humanities and Classroom Building (20061205)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$1,054,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,827,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,881,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5152. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Grays Harbor College - Vocational Education Renovation (20061303)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$230,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$5,141,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$5,371,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5153. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Peninsula College - Library Renovation (20061305)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$40,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
TOTAL

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5154. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Shoreline Community College - Annex Renovation (20061312)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$180,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,559,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,739,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5155. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5155. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Green River Community College - Physical Education Renovation (20061313)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$900,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,395,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,295,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5156. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Yakima Valley Community College - Raymond Hall Renovation (20061325)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$150,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$4,018,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$4,168,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5157. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Pierce College Fort Steilacoom - Cascade Core (20061326)
Reappropriation: Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State. \$1,000,000 State Building Construction Account—State \$5,000,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$6,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$20,953,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$26,953,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5158. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM North Seattle Community College - Wellness Center Repairs (20061330)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$250,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$2,750,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$3,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5159. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Green River Community College - Water System Replacement (20061501)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State. \$1,942,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$9,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,951,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5160. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Seattle Central Community College - Maritime Academy Repairs (20061502)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State. \$1,700,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$256,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,956,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5161. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Infrastructure Savings (20061751)
Reappropriation: Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State. \$519,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,197,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,716,000
TOTAL \$2,716,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5162. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Minor Works - Program (20062130)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$19,083,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$20,003,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5163. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Seattle Central Community College - Greenhouse/Educational Center (20062410)

Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$206,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$44,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$250,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5164. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Spokane Falls Community College - Campus Classrooms (20062696)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$434,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,884,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5165. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Lake Washington Technical College - Allied Health Building (20062697)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$900,000
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,029,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$27,915,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5166. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM South Puget Sound Community College - Learning Resource Center (20062698)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$209,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$3,465,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5167. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Clover Park Technical College - Allied Health Care Facility (20062699)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5168. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM North Seattle Community College - Employment Resource Center (20062851)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$700,000
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,790,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$7,490,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5169. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Shoreline Community College - Automotive Building (Phase I) (20062951)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$231,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5170. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Minor Works - Preservation - Repairs and Minor Improvements (20081001)
Reappropriation: Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State. \$8,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Reappropriation: Education Construction Account—State \$2,500,000 State Building Construction Account—State \$1,000,000 Subtotal Reappropriation \$3,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$4,176,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$7,676,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5172. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Minor Works - Facility Preservation (20081050)

Reappropriation: Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State\$13,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$8,243,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$21,243,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5173. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (20081090)
Reappropriation: Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State\$924,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,158,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,082,000
NEW SECTION Sec. 5174. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Seattle Central Community College: Wood Construction Center (20081216)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$2,000,000
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$549,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$27,194,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5175. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Columbia Basin College: Vocational Building (20081217)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$702,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$21,946,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5176. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Peninsula College: Business and Humanities Center (20081218)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Appropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State \$33,627,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,100,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0
TOTAL
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5177. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Spokane Falls Community College - Chemistry and Life Science Building
(20081219)
Reappropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State \$1,200,000 Appropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State \$27,800,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)\$1,320,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5178. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Spokane Community College - Technical Education Building (20081220)
Reappropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State \$1,600,000
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$30,718,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)
TOTAL\$33,111,000 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5179. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM
Everett Community College - Index Hall Replacement (20081221)
Reappropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State
State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)\$1,650,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)
TOTAL
TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM
Green River Community College - Trades and Industry Building (20081222)
Reappropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$127,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$28,737,000 TOTAL \$31,500,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5181. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5181. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Bellingham Technical College - Instructional Resource Center (20081223)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5182. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Skagit Valley College - Academic and Student Services Building (20081224)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$35,000 Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$2,116,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$101,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$28,949,000 TOTAL \$31,201,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5183. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Lower Columbia College - Health and Science Building (20081225)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,500,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$36,405,000 TOTAL \$41,874,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5184. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Grays Harbor College - Science and Math Building (20081226)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$231,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$40,478,000 TOTAL \$44,337,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5185. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Seattle Central Community College - Edison North Renovation (20081314)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,784,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$18,284,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5186. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Columbia Basin College - Business Education Building (20081315)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$3,620,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$5,020,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5187. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM South Puget Sound Community College - Building 22 Renovation (20081316)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,059,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$20,361,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5188. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Yakima Valley Community College - Brown Dental Hygiene Building (20081317)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$2,175,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$5,675,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5189. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Edmonds Community College - Meadowdale Hall Renovation (20081318)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$856,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0
TOTAL
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$23,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$10,757,000
TOTAL
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$475,000 Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$13,806,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$667,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$14,948,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5192. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Pierce College Fort Steilacoom - Cascade Core (20081321)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$1,042,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$17,242,000
NEW SECTION Sec. 5193. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Green River Community College - Primary Electrical Replacement (20081506)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$589,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures)\$1,281,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$1,870,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5194. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Edmonds Community College - Primary Electrical Replacement (20081508)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$1,662,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$804,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,466,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5195. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Bellevue Community College - L Building Emergency Repairs (20081850)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$203,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0
TOTAL \$1,663,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5196. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Minor Works - Program (20082130)
Reappropriation: Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State\$8,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$12,000,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0
TOTAL \$20,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5197. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Shoreline Community College - Automotive Training Center (20082413)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$6,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5198. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Centralia College - Health and Wellness Education Center (20082414)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5199. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Spokane Falls Community College - Magnuson Building Remodel (20082415)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$888,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) . \$53,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) . \$0 TOTAL . \$941,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5200. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Grays Harbor College - Child Care Facility (20082416)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$46,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5201. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Clark College - Child and Family Studies Center (20082417)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5202. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Tacoma Community College - Early Childhood Education and Child Care
Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5202. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Tacoma Community College - Early Childhood Education and Child Care Center (20082418) Reappropriation:
Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$1,000,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5202. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Tacoma Community College - Early Childhood Education and Child Care Center (20082418) Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$6,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$994,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$25,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5204. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Tacoma Community College - Health Careers Center (20082701)
Reappropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State
State Building Construction Account—State \$2,946,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$240,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$35,565,000 TOTAL \$38,766,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5205. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Bellevue Community College - Health Science Building (20082702)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$144,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$36,506,000 TOTAL \$41,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5206. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Bates Technical College - Mohler Communications Technology Center (20082703)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$20,000 Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$1,755,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$153,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$23,398,000 TOTAL \$25,326,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5207. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Columbia Basin College - Social Science Center (20082704)
Reappropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$86,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$14,041,000 TOTAL \$14,152,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5208. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Clark College - Health and Advanced Technologies Building (20082705)

Reappropriation:	
State Building Construction Account—State	\$14,000
Appropriation:	
State Building Construction Account—State	\$2,506,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$236,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs).	
TOTAL	

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5209. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM

Higher Education Cost Escalation (20082850)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and The reappropriation is provided solely for the state board for community and technical colleges to assist public community and technical colleges to manage unanticipated cost escalation for projects bid during the 2007-09 biennium. Not more than \$750,000 shall be made available to any single project and amounts provided for this purpose must be matched equally from other resources. The state board for community and technical colleges shall manage the distribution of funds to ensure that the requesting college has managed its project within the current appropriation through preparation of bid documents and that the scope of the project is no greater than was originally specified in the design. Prior to the office of financial management approving use of a minor works appropriation as a match, and its transfer to the project with unanticipated cost escalation, the state board for community and technical colleges shall require the college to describe what it has done to identify and develop alternative resources for a match, and the specific minor works projects that would be deferred as a result of the transfer. The state board for community and technical colleges will report to the office of financial management and the appropriate fiscal committees of the legislature on the use of these funds.

Reappropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$1,641,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$597,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$2,238,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5210. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM

Roof Repairs "A" (30000010)

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$8,493,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	. \$32,493,000

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5211. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM

Site Repairs "A" (30000036)

Appropriation: Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State. \$2,710,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5212. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Facility Repairs "A" (30000048)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$16,728,000 Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State \$1,807,000 Subtotal Appropriation \$18,535,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$80,000,000 TOTAL \$98,535,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5213. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Minor Works - Program (30000078)
Appropriation:
State Building Construction Account—State\$3,858,000Community/Technical College Capital Projects\$9,714,000Account—State\$9,714,000Subtotal Appropriation\$13,572,000
Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State\$9,714,000
Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State. \$9,714,000 Subtotal Appropriation. \$13,572,000 Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$80,000,000
Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State
Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State
Community/Technical College Capital Projects Account—State

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5216. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Wenatchee Valley College - Music and Arts Center (30000119)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$2,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5217. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Seattle Central Community College - Seattle Maritime Academy (30000120)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$15,483,000 TOTAL \$18,322,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5218. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Yakima Valley Community College - Palmer Martin Building (30000121)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$13,509,000 TOTAL \$14,973,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5219. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM North Seattle Community College - Technology Building Renewal (30000129)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$22,337,000 TOTAL \$25,313,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5220. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Green River Community College - Science Math and Technology Building (30000130)

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$15,545,000 TOTAL \$17,245,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5221. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Everett Community College - Infrastructure (30000190)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,061,000 NEW SECTION Sec. 5222 FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM
Seattle Central Community College: Culinary Kitchen Modernization (91000009)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$378,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5223. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Minor Works - Preservation (30000210)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$0 TOTAL \$15,116,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5224. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Preventative Facility Maintenance and Building System Repairs (30000287)
Appropriation: Community and Technical Colleges Capital Projects Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$91,208,000 TOTAL \$114,008,000

Infrastructure Savings (30000421)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: Projects that are completed in accordance with section 6004 of this act may have their remaining funds transferred to this appropriation for other preservation projects approved by the office of financial management.

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State \$1 Gardner-Evans Higher Education Construction Account—State \$1 Subtotal Appropriation \$2
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5226. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Tri-Cities STEM School (91000004)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State\$800,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$800,000 NEW SECTION. Sec. 5227. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Walla Walla Community College Water and Environment Center (91000007)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$1,750,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5228. FOR THE COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM Bellingham Technical College - Fisheries Program (30000117)
Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) \$0 Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$0 TOTAL \$2,000,000

PART 6 MISCELLANEOUS AND SUPPLEMENTAL PROVISIONS

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6001.** (1) Allotments for appropriations in this act shall be provided in accordance with the capital project review requirements adopted by the office of financial management and in compliance with RCW 43.88.110. Projects that will be employing alternative public works construction procedures under chapter 39.10 RCW are subject to the allotment procedures defined in this section and RCW 43.88.110.

(2) Each project is defined as proposed in the legislative budget notes or in the governor's budget document.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6002. To ensure that major construction projects are carried out in accordance with legislative and executive intent, appropriations in this act in excess of \$5,000,000 shall not be expended or encumbered until the office of financial management has reviewed and approved the agency's predesign. The predesign document shall include but not be limited to program, site, and cost analysis in accordance with the predesign manual adopted by the office of financial management. To improve monitoring of major construction projects, progress reports shall be submitted by the agency administering the project to the office of financial management and to the fiscal committees of the house of representatives and senate. Reports will be submitted on July 1st and December 31st each year in a format to be developed by the office of financial management.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6003. (1) To ensure minor works appropriations are carried out in accordance with legislative intent, funds appropriated in this act shall not be allotted until project lists are on file at the office of financial management, the house of representatives capital budget committee, and the senate ways and means committee. All projects must meet the criteria included in subsection (2)(a) of this section. Revisions to the lists must be filed with the office of financial management, the house of representatives capital budget committee, and the senate ways and means committee and include an explanation of variances from the prior lists before funds may be expended on the revisions.

- (2)(a) Minor works projects are single line appropriations that include multiple projects of a similar nature and that are valued between \$25,000 and \$1,000,000 each, with the exception of higher education minor works projects that may be valued up to \$2,000,000. These projects can generally be completed within two years of the appropriation with the funding provided. Agencies are prohibited from including projects on their minor works lists that are a phase of a larger project, and that if combined over a continuous period of time, would exceed \$1,000,000, or \$2,000,000 for higher education minor works projects. Improvements for accessibility in compliance with the Americans with disabilities act may be included in any of the above minor works categories.
- (b) Minor works appropriations shall not be used for, among other things: Studies, except for technical or engineering reviews or designs that lead directly to and support a project on the same minor works list; planning; design outside the scope of work on a minor works list; moveable, temporary, and traditionally funded operating equipment not in compliance with the equipment criteria established by the office of financial management; software not dedicated to

control of a specialized system; moving expenses; land or facility acquisition; or to supplement funding for projects with funding shortfalls unless expressly authorized elsewhere in this act. The office of financial management may make an exception to the limitations described in this subsection (2)(b) for exigent circumstances after notifying the legislative fiscal committees and waiting ten days for comments by the legislature regarding the proposed exception.

(3) It is generally not the intent of the legislature to make future appropriations for capital expenditures or for maintenance and operating expenses for an acquisition project or a significant expansion project that is initiated through the minor works process and therefore does not receive a policy and fiscal analysis by the legislature. Minor works projects are intended to be one-time expenditures that do not require future state resources to complete.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6004.** (1) The office of financial management may authorize a transfer of appropriation authority provided for a capital project that is in excess of the amount required for the completion of such project to another capital project for which the appropriation is insufficient. No such transfer may be used to expand the capacity of any facility beyond that intended in making the appropriation. Such transfers may be effected only between capital appropriations to a specific department, commission, agency, or institution of higher education and only between capital projects that are funded from the same fund or account. No transfers may occur between projects to local government agencies except where the grants are provided within a single omnibus appropriation and where such transfers are specifically authorized by the implementing statutes that govern the grants.

- (2) The office of financial management may find that an amount is in excess of the amount required for the completion of a project only if: (a) The project as defined in the notes to the budget document is substantially complete and there are funds remaining; or (b) bids have been let on a project and it appears to a substantial certainty that the project as defined in the notes to the budget document can be completed within the biennium for less than the amount appropriated in this act.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, the intent is that each project be defined as proposed to the legislature in the governor's budget document, unless it clearly appears from the legislative history that the legislature intended to define the scope of a project in a different way.
- (4) Transfers of funds to an agency's infrastructure savings appropriation are subject to review and approval by the office of financial management. Expenditures from an infrastructure savings appropriation are limited to projects that have a primary purpose to correct infrastructure deficiencies or conditions that: (a) Adversely affect the ability to utilize the infrastructure for its current programmatic use; (b) reduce the life expectancy of the infrastructure; or (c) increase the operating costs of the infrastructure for its current programmatic use. Eligible infrastructure projects may include structures and surface improvements, site amenities, utility systems outside building footprints and natural environmental changes or requirements as part of an environmental regulation, a declaration of emergency for an infrastructure issue in conformance with RCW 43.88.250, or infrastructure planning as part of a facility master plan.
- (5) A report of any transfer effected under this section, except emergency projects or any transfer under \$250,000, shall be filed with the legislative fiscal

committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management at least thirty days before the date the transfer is effected. The office of financial management shall report all emergency or smaller transfers within thirty days from the date of transfer.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6005.** (1) It is expected that projects be ready to proceed in a timely manner depending on the type or phase of the project or program that is the subject of the appropriation in this act. Except for major projects that customarily may take more than two biennia to complete from predesign to the end of construction, or large infrastructure grant or loan programs supporting projects that often take more than two biennia to complete, the legislature generally does not intend to reappropriate funds more than once, particularly for smaller grant programs, local/community projects, and minor works.

- (2) Agencies shall expedite the expenditure of reappropriations and appropriations in this act in order to: (a) Rehabilitate infrastructure resources; (b) accelerate environmental rehabilitation and restoration projects for the improvement of the state's natural environment; (c) reduce additional costs associated with acquisition and construction inflationary pressures; and (d) provide additional employment opportunities associated with capital expenditures.
- (3) To the extent feasible, agencies are directed to accelerate expenditure rates at their current level of permanent employees and shall use contracted design and construction services wherever necessary to meet the goals of this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6006.** State agencies, including institutions of higher education, shall allot and report full-time equivalent staff for capital projects in a manner comparable to staff reporting for operating expenditures.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6007.** The department of general administration shall not charge the facility depreciation component of lease charges for nonprofit tenants in the building adjoining Capitol Way and 11th avenue during the 2009-2011 biennium.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6008.** Executive Order No. 05-05, archaeological and cultural resources, was issued effective November 10, 2005. Agencies and higher education institutions shall comply with the requirements set forth in this executive order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6009. ACQUISITION OF PROPERTIES AND FACILITIES THROUGH FINANCIAL CONTRACTS. The following agencies may enter into financial contracts, paid from any funds of an agency, appropriated or nonappropriated, for the purposes indicated and in not more than the principal amounts indicated, plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW. When securing properties under this section, agencies shall use the most economical financial contract option available, including long-term leases, lease-purchase agreements, lease-development with option to purchase agreements or financial contracts using certificates of participation. Expenditures made by an agency for one of the indicated purposes before the issue date of the authorized financial contract and any certificates of participation therein are intended to be reimbursed from proceeds of the

financial contract and any certificates of participation therein to the extent provided in the agency's financing plan approved by the state finance committee.

State agencies may enter into agreements with the department of general administration and the state treasurer's office to develop requests to the legislature for acquisition of properties and facilities through financial contracts. The agreements may include charges for services rendered.

Those noninstructional facilities of higher education institutions authorized in this section to enter into financial contracts are not eligible for state funded maintenance and operations. Instructional space that is available for regularly scheduled classes for academic transfer, basic skills, and workforce training programs may be eligible for state funded maintenance and operations.

- (1) Department of corrections: Enter into a financing contract for up to \$17,958,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase or build work release beds, violator beds, or other community-based re-entry facilities.
 - (2) Community and technical colleges:
- (a) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Walla Walla Community College for up to \$1,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase up to 40 acres of land.
- (b) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Bellingham Technical College for up to \$1,390,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to develop an instructional resource center.
- (c) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Bellingham Technical College for up to \$28,968,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to develop an instructional resource center. The cost of this financing contract shall be paid from the community and technical colleges capital projects account. This facility shall be eligible for maintenance and operations funding on the same terms as if constructed with state general obligation bonds.
- (d) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Edmonds Community College for up to \$5,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to provide space for allied health and construction industry.
- (e) Contingent upon the sale and purchase specified in section 5071 of this act, enter into a financing contract on behalf of Spokane Community College for up to \$3,400,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase the Riverpoint One building.
- (f) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of North Seattle Community College for up to \$8,900,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to develop an employment resource center.
- (g) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Everett Community College for up to \$25,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to develop a student fitness and health center.
- (h) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Wenatchee Valley Community College for up to \$2,700,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase a music and art center.
- (i) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Green River Community College for up to \$20,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves

pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to develop a 40,000 square foot addition to Green River Kent station.

- (j) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Walla Walla Community College for up to \$1,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for the water and environment center.
- (k) Enter into a financing contract pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW on behalf of Green River Community College for up to \$26,532,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves to construct a new classrooms facility as specified in project 20061205. The cost of this financing contract shall be paid from the community and technical colleges capital projects account. This facility shall be eligible for maintenance and operations funding on the same terms as if constructed with state general obligation bonds.
- (3) Parks and recreation commission: Enter into a financing contract for up to \$2,500,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for the Mount Spokane lodge. The parks and recreation commission shall use energy savings performance contracting if practicable. The lodge shall be operated by a private concessionaire under a contract with the parks and recreation commission that is a qualified management contract under the applicable internal revenue service guidelines.
- (4) Department of general administration: Enter into a financing contract for up to \$27,144,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for the rehabilitation of the John L. O'Brien building, subject to approval of the project scope by the speaker of the house of representatives and the chief clerk of the house of representatives.
- (5) Department of ecology: Enter into a financing contract for up to \$11,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to rebuild the east wall of the department of ecology's headquarters building in Lacey, Washington.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6010. PUGET SOUND PROTECTION AND RESTORATION. Consistent with RCW 90.71.340, when expending appropriations under this act that contribute to Puget Sound protection and recovery, agencies shall consult with the Puget Sound partnership to ensure that projects and expenditures are either in, or consistent with the 2020 action agenda. These consultations shall include the exchange of information on specific actions, projects, associated funding, performance measures, and other information necessary to track project implementation and ensure alignment with the action agenda. In situations where the Puget Sound partnership finds that a project is not in, or is not consistent with the action agenda Puget Sound partnership shall document this finding and report back to the governor and legislative fiscal committees.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6011.** FOR THE ARTS COMMISSION—ART WORK ALLOWANCE POOLING. (1) One-half of one percent of moneys appropriated in this act for original construction of school plant facilities is provided solely for the purposes of RCW 28A.335.210. The Washington state arts commission may combine the proceeds from individual projects in order to fund larger works of art or mobile art displays in consultation with the superintendent of public instruction and representatives of school district boards.

- (2) One-half of one percent of moneys appropriated in this act for original construction or any major renovation or remodel work exceeding two hundred thousand dollars by colleges or universities is provided solely for the purposes of RCW 28B.10.027. The Washington state arts commission may combine the proceeds from individual projects in order to fund larger works of art or mobile art displays in consultation with the board of regents or trustees.
- (3) One-half of one percent of moneys appropriated in this act for original construction of any public building by a state agency as defined in RCW 43.17.020 is provided solely for the purposes of RCW 43.17.200. The Washington state arts commission may combine the proceeds from individual projects in order to fund larger works of art or mobile art displays in consultation with the state agency.
- (4) At least eighty-five percent of the moneys spent by the Washington state arts commission during the 2009-2011 biennium for the purposes of RCW 28A.335.210, 28B.10.027, and 43.17.200 must be expended solely for direct acquisition of works of art. The commission may use up to \$100,000 of this amount to conserve or maintain existing pieces in the state art collection pursuant to chapter 36, Laws of 2005.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6012.** The amounts shown under the headings "Prior Biennia," "Future Biennia," and "Total" in this act are for informational purposes only and do not constitute legislative approval of these amounts. "Prior biennia" typically refers to the immediate prior biennium for reappropriations, but may refer to multiple biennia in the case of specific projects. A "future biennia" amount is an estimate of what may be appropriated for the project or program in the 2011-2013 biennium and the following three biennia; an amount of zero does not necessarily constitute legislative intent to not provide funding for the project or program in the future.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6013.** (1) "Reappropriations" in this act are appropriations and, unless the context clearly provides otherwise, are subject to the relevant conditions and limitations applicable to appropriations. Reappropriations shall be limited to the unexpended balances remaining on June 30, 2009, from the 2007-2009 biennial appropriations for each project.
- (2) "Reappropriations" in sections 5126, 5130, and 5131 of this act shall be reduced in this act to the unexpended balance remaining as of the end of fiscal year 2009 for the 2007-09 biennial appropriations in sections 1085, 1086, and 5145, chapter 520, Laws of 2007.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6014.** To carry out the provisions of this act, the governor may assign responsibility for predesign, design, construction, and other related activities to any appropriate agency.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6015.** If any federal moneys appropriated by this act for capital projects are not received by the state, the department or agency to which the moneys were appropriated may replace the federal moneys with funds available from private or local sources. No replacement may occur under this section without the prior approval of the director of financial management in consultation with the senate ways and means committee and the house of representatives capital budget committee.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6016.** (1) Unless otherwise stated, for all appropriations under this act that require a match of nonstate money or in-kind

contributions, the following requirement, consistent with RCW 43.88.150, shall apply: Expenditures of state money shall be timed so that the state share of project expenditures never exceeds the intended state share of total project costs.

(2) Provision of the full amount of required matching funds is not required to permit the expenditure of capital budget appropriations for phased projects if a proportional amount of the required matching funds is provided for each distinct, identifiable phase of the project.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6017. NONTAXABLE AND TAXABLE BOND PROCEEDS. Portions of the appropriation authority granted by this act from the state building construction account, or any other account receiving bond proceeds, may be transferred to the state taxable building construction account as deemed necessary by the state finance committee to comply with the federal internal revenue service rules and regulations pertaining to the use of nontaxable bond proceeds. Portions of the general obligation bond proceeds authorized by chapter . . ., Laws of 2009 for deposit into the state taxable building construction account that are in excess of amounts required to comply with the federal internal revenue service rules and regulations shall be deposited into the state The state treasurer shall submit written building construction account. notification to the director of financial management if it is determined that a shift of appropriation authority between the state building construction account, or any other account receiving bond proceeds, and the state taxable building construction account is necessary.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6018. The office of financial management, in consultation with the fiscal committees of the legislature, may select capital projects that have completed predesign to undergo a budget evaluation study. The budget evaluation study team approach using value engineering techniques must be utilized by the office of financial management in conducting the studies. The office of financial management shall select the budget evaluation team members, contract for the study, and report the results to the legislature and agencies in a timely manner following the study. Funds from the project appropriation must be used by the office of financial management through an interagency agreement with the affected agencies to cover the cost of the study.

Sec. 6019. RCW 28B.15.210 and 1985 c 390 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

Within thirty-five days from the date of collection thereof, all building fees at the University of Washington, including building fees to be charged students registering in the schools of medicine and dentistry, shall be paid into the state treasury and credited as follows:

One-half or such larger portion as may be necessary to prevent a default in the payments required to be made out of the bond retirement fund, and in no event shall such one-half be less than twelve dollars and fifty cents per each resident student per quarter, and thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents per each nonresident student per quarter to the "University of Washington bond retirement fund" and the remainder thereof to the "University of Washington building account." The sum so credited to the University of Washington building account shall be used exclusively for the purpose of erecting, altering, maintaining, equipping, or furnishing buildings except for any sums transferred as authorized in RCW 28B.20.725(3). The sum so credited to the University of

Washington bond retirement fund shall be used for the payment of principal of and interest on bonds outstanding as provided by chapter 28B.20 RCW except for any sums transferred as authorized in RCW 28B.20.725(5). <u>During the 2009-2011 biennium</u>, sums credited to the University of Washington building account shall also be used for routine facility maintenance and utility costs.

Sec. 6020. RCW 28B.15.310 and 1985 c 390 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:

Within thirty-five days from the date of collection thereof, all building fees shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the Washington State University bond retirement fund, one-half or such larger portion as may be necessary to prevent a default in the payments required to be made out of such bond retirement fund; the remainder thereof to the Washington State University building account.

The sum so credited to the Washington State University building account shall be expended by the board of regents for buildings, equipment, or maintenance on the campus of Washington State University as may be deemed most advisable and for the best interests of the university, except for any sums transferred as authorized by law. <u>During the 2009-2011 biennium, sums credited to the Washington State University building account shall also be used for routine facility maintenance and utility costs.</u> Expenditures so made shall be accounted for in accordance with existing law and shall not be expended until appropriated by the legislature.

The sum so credited to the Washington State University bond retirement fund shall be used to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on building bonds issued by the university, except for any sums which may be transferred out of such fund as authorized by law.

Sec. 6021. RCW 28B.35.370 and 1991 sp.s. c 13 s 49 are each amended to read as follows:

Within thirty-five days from the date of collection thereof all building fees of each regional university and The Evergreen State College shall be paid into the state treasury and these together with such normal school fund revenues as provided in RCW 28B.35.751 as are received by the state treasury shall be credited as follows:

(1) On or before June 30th of each year the board of trustees of each regional university and The Evergreen State College, if issuing bonds payable out of its building fees and above described normal school fund revenues, shall certify to the state treasurer the amounts required in the ensuing twelve months to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on such bonds. The amounts so certified by each regional university and The Evergreen State College shall be a prior lien and charge against all building fees and above described normal school fund revenues of such institution. The state treasurer shall thereupon deposit the amounts so certified in the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the Western Washington University capital projects account, or The Evergreen State College capital projects account respectively, which accounts are hereby created in the state treasury. The amounts deposited in the respective capital projects accounts shall be used exclusively to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on the building bonds issued by such

regional universities and The Evergreen State College as authorized by law. If in any twelve month period it shall appear that the amount certified by any such board of trustees is insufficient to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on the outstanding building and above described normal school fund revenue bonds of its institution, the state treasurer shall notify the board of trustees and such board shall adjust its certificate so that all requirements of moneys to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on all such bonds then outstanding shall be fully met at all times.

(2) All normal school fund revenue pursuant to RCW 28B.35.751 shall be deposited in the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the Central Washington University capital projects account, the Western Washington University capital projects account, or The Evergreen State College capital projects account respectively, which accounts are hereby created in the state treasury. The sums deposited in the respective capital projects accounts shall be appropriated and expended exclusively to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on bonds payable out of the building fees and normal school revenue and for the construction, reconstruction, erection, equipping, maintenance, demolition and major alteration of buildings and other capital assets, and the acquisition of sites, rights-of-way, easements, improvements or appurtenances in relation thereto except for any sums transferred therefrom as authorized by law. During the 2009-2011 biennium, sums in the respective capital accounts shall also be used for routine facility maintenance and utility costs.

Sec. 6022. RCW 28B.50.360 and 2005 c 488 s 922 are each amended to read as follows:

Within thirty-five days from the date of start of each quarter all collected building fees of each such community and technical college shall be paid into the state treasury, and shall be credited as follows:

- (1) On or before June 30th of each year the college board if issuing bonds payable out of building fees shall certify to the state treasurer the amounts required in the ensuing twelve-month period to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on such bonds. The state treasurer shall thereupon deposit the amounts so certified in the community and technical college capital projects account. Such amounts of the funds deposited in the community and technical college capital projects account as are necessary to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on the building bonds issued by the college board as authorized by this chapter shall be exclusively devoted to that purpose. If in any twelve-month period it shall appear that the amount certified by the college board is insufficient to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on the outstanding building bonds, the state treasurer shall notify the college board and such board shall adjust its certificate so that all requirements of moneys to pay and secure the payment of the principal and interest on all such bonds then outstanding shall be fully met at all times.
- (2) The community and technical college capital projects account is hereby created in the state treasury. The sums deposited in the capital projects account shall be appropriated and expended exclusively to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on bonds payable out of the building fees and for the construction, reconstruction, erection, equipping, maintenance, demolition and major alteration of buildings and other capital assets owned by the state board

for community and technical colleges in the name of the state of Washington, and the acquisition of sites, rights-of-way, easements, improvements or appurtenances in relation thereto, engineering and architectural services provided by the department of general administration, and for the payment of principal of and interest on any bonds issued for such purposes. <u>During the 2009-2011 biennium, sums in the capital projects account shall also be used for routine facility maintenance and utility costs.</u>

Sec. 6023. RCW 43.63A.125 and 2008 c 327 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The department shall establish the building communities fund program. Under the program, capital and technical assistance grants may be made to nonprofit organizations for acquiring, constructing, or rehabilitating facilities used for the delivery of nonresidential community services, including social service centers and multipurpose community centers, including those serving a distinct or ethnic population. Such facilities must be located in a distressed community or serve a substantial number of low-income or disadvantaged persons.
- (2) The department shall establish a competitive process to solicit. ((and)) evaluate, and rank applications for the building communities fund program as follows:
- (a) The department shall conduct a statewide solicitation of project applications from nonprofit organizations.
- (b) The department shall evaluate <u>and rank</u> applications in consultation with a citizen advisory committee using objective criteria. To be considered qualified, applicants must demonstrate that the proposed project:
- (i) Will increase the range, efficiency, or quality of the services provided to citizens;
- (ii) Will be located in a distressed community or will serve a substantial number of low-income or disadvantaged persons;
- (iii) Will offer three or more distinct activities that meet a single community service objective or a diverse set of activities that meet multiple community service objectives, including but not limited to: Providing social services; expanding employment opportunities for or increasing the employability of community residents; or offering educational or recreational opportunities separate from the public school system or private schools, as long as recreation is not the sole purpose of the facility;
- (iv) Reflects a long-term vision for the development of the community, shared by residents, businesses, leaders, and partners;
- (v) Requires state funding to accomplish a discrete, usable phase of the project;
 - (vi) Is ready to proceed and will make timely use of the funds;
- (vii) Is sponsored by one or more entities that have the organizational and financial capacity to fulfill the terms of the grant agreement and to maintain the project into the future;
 - (viii) Fills an unmet need for community services;
 - (ix) Will achieve its stated objectives; and
- (x) Is a community priority as shown through tangible commitments of existing or future assets made to the project by community residents, leaders, businesses, and government partners.

- (c) The evaluation process shall also include an examination of existing assets that applicants may apply to projects. Grant assistance under this section shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the total cost of the project, except, under exceptional circumstances, the department may reduce the amount of nonstate match required. The nonstate portion of the total project cost may include cash, the value of real property when acquired solely for the purpose of the project, and in-kind contributions.
 - (d) The department may not set a monetary limit to funding requests.
- (e) No more than ten percent of the total granted amount may be awarded to qualified eligible projects that meet the definition of exceptional circumstances defined in this subsection. For purposes of this subsection, exceptional circumstances include but are not limited to: Natural disasters affecting projects; emergencies beyond an applicant's control, such as a fire or an unanticipated loss of a lease where services are currently provided; a delay that could result in a threat to public health or safety; or instances where a local community could quantifiably demonstrate that they had exhausted all possible fund-raising efforts.
- (3) The department shall submit ((annually)) biennially to the governor and the legislature in the department's capital budget request ((an unranked)) a ranked list of the qualified eligible projects for which applications were received. The list must include a description of each project, its total cost, and the amount of state funding requested. The appropriate fiscal committees of the legislature shall use this list to determine building communities fund projects that may receive funding in the capital budget. The total amount of state capital funding available for all projects on the ((annual)) biennial list shall be determined by the capital budget beginning with the 2009-2011 biennium and thereafter. In addition, if cash funds have been appropriated, up to three million dollars may be used for technical assistance grants. The department shall not sign contracts or otherwise financially obligate funds under this section until the legislature has approved a specific list of projects.
- (4) In addition to the list of <u>ranked</u> qualified eligible projects, the department shall submit to the appropriate fiscal committees of the legislature a summary report that describes the solicitation and evaluation processes, including but not limited to the number of applications received, the total amount of funding requested, issues encountered, if any, and any recommendations for process improvements.
- (5) After the legislature has approved a specific list of projects in law, the department shall develop and manage appropriate contracts with the selected applicants; monitor project expenditures and grantee performance; report project and contract information; and exercise due diligence and other contract management responsibilities as required.
- (6) In contracts for grants authorized under this section the department shall include provisions which require that capital improvements shall be held by the grantee for a specified period of time appropriate to the amount of the grant and that facilities shall be used for the express purpose of the grant. If the grantee is found to be out of compliance with provisions of the contract, the grantee shall repay to the state general fund the principal amount of the grant plus interest calculated at the rate of interest on state of Washington general obligation bonds issued most closely to the date of authorization of the grant.

- **Sec. 6024.** RCW 79.17.010 and 2008 c 328 s 6012 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department, with the approval of the board, may exchange any state land and any timber thereon for any land of equal value in order to:
 - (a) Facilitate the marketing of forest products of state lands;
 - (b) Consolidate and block-up state lands;
 - (c) Acquire lands having commercial recreational leasing potential;
 - (d) Acquire county-owned lands;
- (e) Acquire urban property which has greater income potential or which could be more efficiently managed by the department in exchange for state urban lands as defined in RCW 79.19.100; or
- (f) Acquire any other lands when such exchange is determined by the board to be in the best interest of the trust for which the state land is held.
- (2) Land exchanged under this section shall not be used to reduce the publicly owned forest land base.
- (3) The board shall determine that each land exchange is in the best interest of the trust for which the land is held prior to authorizing the land exchange.
- (4) During the biennium ending June 30, ((2009)) 2011, for the purposes of maintaining working farm and forest landscapes or acquiring natural resource lands at risk of development, the department, with approval of the board of natural resources, may exchange any state land and any timber thereon for any land and proceeds of equal value, when it can be demonstrated that the trust fiduciary obligations can be better fulfilled after an exchange is completed. Proceeds may be in the form of cash or services in order to achieve the purposes established in this section. Any cash received as part of an exchange transaction shall be deposited in the resource management cost account to pay for administrative expenses incurred in carrying out an exchange transaction. These administrative expenses include road maintenance and abandonment expenses. The amount of proceeds received from the exchange partner may not exceed five percent of the total value of the exchange. The receipt of proceeds shall not change the character of the transaction from an exchange to a sale.
- (5) Prior to executing an exchange under this section, and in addition to the public notice requirements set forth in RCW 79.17.050, the department shall consult with legislative members, other state and federal agencies, local governments, tribes, local stakeholders, conservation groups, and any other interested parties to identify and address cultural resource issues and the potential of the state lands proposed for exchange to be used for open space, park, school, or critical habitat purposes.
- **Sec. 6025.** RCW 79.17.020 and 2008 c 328 s 6013 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The board of county commissioners of any county and/or the mayor and city council or city commission of any city or town and/or the board shall have authority to exchange, each with the other, or with the federal forest service, the federal government or any proper agency thereof and/or with any private landowner, county land of any character, land owned by municipalities of any character, and state forest land owned by the state under the jurisdiction of the department, for real property of equal value for the purpose of consolidating and blocking up the respective land holdings of any county, municipality, the federal

government, or the state of Washington or for the purpose of obtaining lands having commercial recreational leasing potential.

- (2) During the biennium ending June 30, ((2009)) 2011, for the purposes of maintaining working farm and forest landscapes or acquiring natural resource lands at risk of development, the department, with approval of the board of natural resources, may exchange any state land and any timber thereon for any land and proceeds of equal value, when it can be demonstrated that the trust fiduciary obligations can be better fulfilled after an exchange is completed. Proceeds may be in the form of cash or services in order to achieve the purposes established in this section. Any cash received as part of an exchange transaction shall be deposited in the forest development account to pay for administrative expenses incurred in carrying out an exchange transaction. The amount of proceeds received from the exchange partner may not exceed five percent of the total value of the exchange. The receipt of proceeds shall not change the character of the transaction from an exchange to a sale.
- (3) Prior to executing an exchange under this section, and in addition to the public notice requirements set forth in RCW 79.17.050, the department shall consult with legislative members, other state and federal agencies, local governments, tribes, local stakeholders, conservation groups, and any other interested parties to identify and address cultural resource issues, and the potential of the state lands proposed for exchange to be used for open space, park, school, or critical habitat purposes.

Sec. 6026. RCW 43.99N.060 and 2008 c 328 s 6017 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The stadium and exhibition center account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts from the taxes imposed under RCW 82.14.0494 and distributions under RCW 67.70.240(5) shall be deposited into the account. Only the director of the office of financial management or the director's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW. An appropriation is not required for expenditures from this account.
- (2) Until bonds are issued under RCW 43.99N.020, up to five million dollars per year beginning January 1, 1999, shall be used for the purposes of subsection (3)(b) of this section, all remaining moneys in the account shall be transferred to the public stadium authority, created under RCW 36.102.020, to be used for public stadium authority operations and development of the stadium and exhibition center.
- (3) After bonds are issued under RCW 43.99N.020, all moneys in the stadium and exhibition center account shall be used exclusively for the following purposes in the following priority:
- (a) On or before June 30th of each year, the office of financial management shall accumulate in the stadium and exhibition center account an amount at least equal to the amount required in the next succeeding twelve months for the payment of principal of and interest on the bonds issued under RCW 43.99N.020:
- (b) An additional reserve amount not in excess of the expected average annual principal and interest requirements of bonds issued under RCW 43.99N.020 shall be accumulated and maintained in the account, subject to withdrawal by the state treasurer at any time if necessary to meet the

requirements of (a) of this subsection, and, following any withdrawal, reaccumulated from the first tax revenues and other amounts deposited in the account after meeting the requirements of (a) of this subsection; and

(c) The balance, if any, shall be transferred to the youth athletic facility account under subsection (4) of this section.

Any revenues derived from the taxes authorized by RCW 36.38.010(5) and 36.38.040 or other amounts that if used as provided under (a) and (b) of this subsection would cause the loss of any tax exemption under federal law for interest on bonds issued under RCW 43.99N.020 shall be deposited in and used exclusively for the purposes of the youth athletic facility account and shall not be used, directly or indirectly, as a source of payment of principal of or interest on bonds issued under RCW 43.99N.020, or to replace or reimburse other funds used for that purpose.

(4) Any moneys in the stadium and exhibition center account not required or permitted to be used for the purposes described in subsection (3)(a) and (b) of this section shall be deposited in the youth athletic facility account hereby created in the state treasury. Expenditures from the account may be used only for purposes of grants or loans to cities, counties, and qualified nonprofit organizations for community outdoor athletic facilities. ((For the 2005-2007 biennium, moneys in the account may also be used for a recreation level of service study for local and regional active recreation facilities.)) Only the director of the recreation and conservation office or the director's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures. The athletic facility grants or loans may be used for acquiring, developing, equipping, maintaining, and improving community outdoor athletic facilities. Funds shall be divided equally between the development of new community outdoor athletic facilities, the improvement of existing community outdoor athletic facilities, and the maintenance of existing community outdoor athletic facilities. Cities, counties, and qualified nonprofit organizations must submit proposals for grants or loans from the account. To the extent that funds are available, cities, counties, and qualified nonprofit organizations must meet eligibility criteria as established by the director of the recreation and conservation office. The grants and loans shall be awarded on a competitive application process and the amount of the grant or loan shall be in proportion to the population of the city or county for where the community outdoor athletic facility is located. Grants or loans awarded in any one year need not be distributed in that year. In the ((2007-2009)) 2009-2011 biennium, if there are not enough project applications submitted in a category within the account to meet the requirement of equal distribution of funds to each category, the director of the recreation and conservation office may distribute any remaining funds to other categories within the account. The director of the recreation and conservation office may expend up to one and one-half percent of the moneys deposited in the account created in this subsection for administrative purposes.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6027. FOR FUTURE DEVELOPMENT OF FOUR-YEAR HIGHER EDUCATION CAMPUS

It is the intent of the legislature that the next location for a new campus or branch campus of a four-year state institution of higher education will be in Snohomish county. *Sec. 6028. RCW 28A.335.210 and 2006 c 263 s 327 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall allocate, as a nondeductible item, out of any moneys appropriated for state assistance to school districts for the original construction of any school plant facility the amount of one-half of one percent of the appropriation to be expended by the Washington state arts commission for the acquisition of works of art. The works of art may be placed in accordance with Article IX, sections 2 and 3 of the state Constitution on public lands, integral to or attached to a public building or structure, detached within or outside a public building or structure, part of a portable exhibition or collection, part of a temporary exhibition, or loaned or exhibited in other public facilities. The Washington state arts commission shall, in consultation with the superintendent of public instruction, determine the amount to be made available for the purchase of works of art under this section, and payments therefor shall be made in accordance with law. The designation of projects and sites, selection, contracting, purchase, commissioning, reviewing of design, execution and placement, acceptance, maintenance, and sale, exchange, or disposition of works of art shall be the responsibility of the Washington state arts commission in consultation with the superintendent of public instruction and representatives of school district boards of directors. The superintendent of public instruction and the school district board of directors of the districts where the sites are selected shall have the right to:
- $((\frac{(1)}{2}))$ (a) Waive its use of the one-half of one percent of the appropriation for the acquisition of works of art before the selection process by the Washington state arts commission;
- $((\frac{(2)}{2})))$ (b) Appoint a representative to the body established by the Washington state arts commission to be part of the selection process with full voting rights;
 - (((3))) (c) Reject the results of the selection process;
- (((4))) (d) Reject the placement of a completed work or works of art on school district premises if such works are portable.

Rejection at any point before or after the selection process shall not cause the loss of or otherwise endanger state construction funds available to the local school district. Any works of art rejected under this section shall be applied to the provision of works of art under this chapter, at the discretion of the Washington state arts commission, notwithstanding any contract or agreement between the affected school district and the artist involved. In addition to the cost of the works of art the one-half of one percent of the appropriation as provided in this section shall be used to provide for the administration, including conservation of the state art collection, by the Washington state arts commission and all costs for installation of the work of art. For the purpose of this section building shall not include sheds, warehouses, or other buildings of a temporary nature.

The executive director of the arts commission, the superintendent of public instruction, and the Washington state school directors association shall appoint a study group to review the operations of the one-half of one percent for works of art under this section.

(2) The Washington state arts commission shall restrict the purchase of works of art to artists residing in Washington state.

*Sec. 6028 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

*Sec. 6029. RCW 28B.10.027 and 2005 c 36 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) All universities and colleges shall allocate as a nondeductible item, out of any moneys appropriated for the original construction or any major renovation or remodel work exceeding two hundred thousand dollars of any building, an amount of one-half of one percent of the appropriation to be expended by the Washington state arts commission with the approval of the board of regents or trustees for the acquisition of works of art. The works of art may be placed on public lands of institutions of higher education, integral to or attached to a public building or structure of institutions of higher education, detached within or outside a public building or structure of institutions of higher education, part of a portable exhibition or collection, part of a temporary exhibition, or loaned or exhibited in other public facilities.
- (2) In addition to the cost of the works of art, the one-half of one percent of the appropriation shall be used to provide for the administration of the visual arts program, including conservation of the state art collection, by the Washington state arts commission and all costs for installation of the work of art. For the purpose of this section building shall not include sheds, warehouses, and other buildings of a temporary nature.
- (3) The Washington state arts commission shall restrict the purchase of works of art to artists residing in Washington state.

*Sec. 6029 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

*Sec. 6030. RCW 43.17.200 and 2005 c 36 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) All state agencies including all state departments, boards, councils, commissions, and quasi public corporations shall allocate, as a nondeductible item, out of any moneys appropriated for the original construction of any public building, an amount of one-half of one percent of the appropriation to be expended by the Washington state arts commission for the acquisition of works of art. The works of art may be placed on public lands, integral to or attached to a public building or structure, detached within or outside a public building or structure, part of a portable exhibition or collection, part of a temporary exhibition, or loaned or exhibited in other public facilities. In addition to the cost of the works of art, the one-half of one percent of the appropriation as provided herein shall be used to provide for the administration of the visual arts program, including conservation of the state art collection, by the Washington state arts commission and all costs for installation of the works of art. For the purpose of this section building shall not include highway construction sheds, warehouses or other buildings of a temporary nature.
- (2) The Washington state arts commission shall restrict the purchase of works of art to artists residing in Washington state.

^{*}Sec. 6030 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

Sec. 6031. 2008 c 328 s 6001 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

ACQUISITION OF PROPERTIES AND FACILITIES THROUGH FINANCIAL CONTRACTS. The following agencies may enter into financial contracts, paid from any funds of an agency, appropriated or nonappropriated, for the purposes indicated and in not more than the principal amounts indicated, plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW. When securing properties under this section, agencies shall use the most economical financial contract option available, including long-term leases, lease-purchase agreements, lease-development with option to purchase agreements or financial contracts using certificates of participation. Expenditures made by an agency for one of the indicated purposes before the issue date of the authorized financial contract and any certificates of participation therein are intended to be reimbursed from proceeds of the financial contract and any certificates of participation therein to the extent provided in the agency's financing plan approved by the state finance committee.

State agencies may enter into agreements with the department of general administration and the state treasurer's office to develop requests to the legislature for acquisition of properties and facilities through financial contracts. The agreements may include charges for services rendered.

Those noninstructional facilities of higher education institutions authorized in this section to enter into financial contracts are not eligible for state funded maintenance and operations. Instructional space that is available for regularly scheduled classes for academic transfer, basic skills, and workforce training programs may be eligible for state funded maintenance and operations.

- (1) Washington state patrol: Enter into a financing contract for up to \$1,360,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to replace the dormitory facility at the Washington state patrol fire training academy in North Bend, Washington.
- (2) Department of general administration: Enter into a financing contract for up to \$685,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for the preservation of the transportation building.
- (3) Department of corrections: Enter into a financing contract for up to \$17,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to provide additional work release beds.
- (4) Parks and recreation commission: Enter into a financing contract in an amount not to exceed \$2,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to develop Cama Beach state park.
 - (5) Community and technical colleges:
- (a) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Green River Community College for up to \$20,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase Kent Station phase 2.
- (b) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Tacoma Community College for up to \$3,600,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to construct an early childhood education and learning center.
- (c) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Walla Walla Community College for up to \$1,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase up to 40 acres of land.

- (d) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Columbia Basin College for up to \$300,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to develop an academic support and achievement center.
- (e) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Wenatchee Valley College for up to \$3,347,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to develop a 72 bed student housing facility.
- (f) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Seattle Central Community College for up to \$3,100,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase property adjacent the main campus.
- (6) <u>The</u> Evergreen State College: Enter into a financing contract for up to \$16,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for the college activities building renovation.
- (7) Washington state convention and trade center: Enter into a financing contract for up to \$58,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase and renovate the museum condominium unit located adjacent to the state convention center. The purchase price shall not exceed fair market value. A purchase agreement with the owner of the unit on the effective date of this section shall include the following requirements: (a) Upon completion of the purchase of the property, the seller shall retain \$5,750,000 of the sale proceeds in a restricted investment account, reserving such funds for capital costs associated with development of its principal heritage center to be located within the city of Seattle. Principal and accrued earnings in such an account shall be available for expenditure by the seller when the seller or the city of Seattle has executed a construction contract for either a new facility or improvements to an existing structure to serve as the principal heritage center to be operated by the seller within the city; and (b) in the event that the conditions of (a) of this subsection are not met by June 30, 2017, the entire amount in the restricted account shall be transferred to the state general fund and shall represent a recovery of the state's contribution towards the development of the museum. In the event of such a transfer, the rightful ownership of the property by the Washington state convention and trade center shall not be impaired.
- (8) Department of information services: Enter into a financing contract for an amount approved by the office of financial management for costs and financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to lease develop or lease purchase a state ((general)) data center and an office building ((and facilities)) for the department of information services and other state agency tenants, as determined by the office of financial management, on the state-owned property called "the Wheeler block" in Olympia. The office building((s)) shall be constructed and financed so that agencies occupancy costs per gross square foot or per employee will not exceed 110 percent of comparable private market rental rates per gross square foot or per employee. comparable ((general)) office space rate shall be calculated based on recent Thurston county leases of new space of at least 100,000 rentable square feet ((adjusted for known escalation clauses, expected inflation, and differences in the level of service provided by the comparable leases as determined by the department in consultation with the department of general administration. In addition to the department of information services, state agency tenants shall include the consolidation of state patrol offices and general office facilities for

small agencies and offices. The department of information services shall design and operate the general office facilities for small agencies and offices as a demonstration of the efficiencies gained from the integration of office space and telecommunications and computer technology. The demonstration project shall provide office space, furniture, telecommunications, and computer technology as a single package. The facility shall be designed so that small agencies and offices can move in and out of the facility without the typical moving expenses that result from individual agency ownership of furniture and technology. The facility for small agencies and offices shall also provide for staffing and space efficiencies resulting from central reception, support services, and spaces. The office of financial management shall certify to the state treasurer: (a) The project description and dollar amount; and (b) that all requirements of this subsection (8) have been met)). Such comparable leases shall be for typical office space with typical office tenant improvements adjusted for known escalation clauses, expected inflation, nontypical tenant improvements or code requirements, leadership in energy and environmental design requirements, nontypical on and off site requirements, infrastructure upgrades, market conditions and differences in the level of service provided by the comparable leases as determined by the department in consultation with the office of financial management. The department of information services shall design and operate the facilities. Should the department of information services choose to use a financing contract that does not provide for the issuance of certificates of participation, the financing contract shall be subject to approval by the state finance committee as required by RCW 39.94.010. ((In approving a financing contract not providing for the use of certificates of participation, the state finance committee should be reasonably certain that the contract is excluded from the computation of indebtedness, particularly that the contract is not backed by the full faith and credit of the state and the legislature is expressly not obligated to appropriate funds to make payments. For purposes of this section, "financing contract" includes but is not limited to a certificate of participation and tax exempt financing similar to that authorized in RCW 47.79.140.)) department, in consultation with the office of financial management, submit an implementation plan to the fiscal committees of the legislature by December 15, 2009 identifying a schedule of consolidation of agency data centers to achieve cost savings to offset higher facility costs resulting from the construction of the new consolidated data center.

- (9) Office of the secretary of state: Enter into a financing contract for up to \$134,935,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to construct the heritage center. The heritage center is one part of a combined facility of the heritage center and executive office building, authorized in subsection (10) of this section. The authorization for financing under this subsection (9) shall lapse unless chapter 523, Laws of 2007 is enacted by June 30, 2007.
 - (10) Department of general administration:
- (a) Enter into a financing contract for up to \$79,981,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to construct the executive office building. The executive office building is one part of a combined facility of the executive office building and the heritage center authorized in subsection (9) of this section. The authorization for financing

under this subsection (10) shall lapse unless chapter 523, Laws of 2007 is enacted by June 30, 2007.

- (b) Enter into a financing contract for up to \$17,144,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for the rehabilitation of the John L. O'Brien building, subject to approval of the project scope by the speaker of the house of representatives and the chief clerk of the house of representatives.
- (c) Enter into a financing contract for up to \$2,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for the "Perry street child care site" renovations and purchase.
- (d) Enter into a financing contract for up to \$2,685,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for land acquisition in Olympia, Washington.
- (11) Department of ecology: Enter into a financing contract for up to \$11,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to rebuild the east wall of the department of ecology's headquarters building in Lacey, Washington.

Sec. 6032. 2007 c 520 s 2020 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Statewide: Facilities Assessment and Cultural Resources Planning ((106-1-120))) (20061120)

Reappropriation:

appropriation.	
Charitable, Educational, Penal, and Reformatory	
Institutions Account—State	((\$300,000))
	\$150,000

Appropriation: State Building Construction Account—State	\$150,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures). Future Biennia (Projected Costs). TOTAL.	\$0 \$0

Sec. 6033. 2007 c 520 s 2023 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Emergency Repairs (((08-1-101))) (20081101)

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	<u>. \$100,000</u>
Charitable, Educational, Penal, and Reformatory	
Institutions Account—State	(933,000)
	\$833,000
State Social and Health Services Construction	
Account—State	\$67,000
Subtotal Appropriation	51,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) \$	
TOTAL	

Sec. 6034. 2007 c 520 s 2046 (uncodified) is amended to read as follow	/S:
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS Dividing 10 Assisted Living Unggodes ((108 2, 005)) (20082005)	
Building 10 Assisted Living Upgrades (((08-2-005))) (<u>20082005)</u>	
Appropriation:	
((Charitable, Educational, Penal, and Reformatory Institutions Account State \$1,242,00	<i>ω))</i>
State Building Construction Account—State	Д// О //
\$1,813,0	
Prior Biennia (Expenditures).	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs).	\$0
TOTAL	
Sec. 6035. 2007 c 520 s 2085 (uncodified) is amended to read as follow	
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS	
Minor Works - Infrastructure Preservation (((08-1-018))) (20081018)	
Appropriation:	
State Building Construction Account—State((\$1,000,00	(0))
\$1,441,0	
Charitable, Educational, Penal, and Reformatory	
Institutions Account—State	
\$559.0 Subtatal Appropriation	
Subtotal Appropriation	
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs). \$8,000,0	
TOTAL	
Sec. 6036. 2007 c 520 s 2083 (uncodified) is amended to read as follow	/S:
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS	
Minor Works - Facility Preservation (($(08-1-024)$)) ((20081024)	
Appropriation:	
State Building Construction Account—State	<u>)00</u>
Charitable, Educational, Penal, and Reformatory Institutions Account—State	ω))
\$2,531,0	
Subtotal Appropriation	
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	00(
TOTAL	
Sec. 6037. 2007 c 520 s 2084 (uncodified) is amended to read as follow	
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS	
Minor Works - Health, Safety, and Code Requirements (((08-1-031) (20081031)))))
Appropriation:	
State Building Construction Account—State	000

Charitable, Educational, Penal, and Reformatory \$1,609,000 Future Biennia (Projected Costs)......\$12,000,000

Sec. 6038. 2008 c 328 s 1004 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Public Works Trust Fund (((07-4-005))) (20074005)

The appropriations in this section ((is)) are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) Up to \$10,000,000 of the appropriations ((is)) are for the public works board, in consultation with the house of representatives capital budget committee, the senate ways and means committee, and the office of financial management, to implement an infrastructure interest rate buy-down pilot program. The purpose of the program is to demonstrate options for the most efficient use of the state's investment in local infrastructure by funding more projects at an accelerated rate.
- (2) The pilot program must provide grants to local governments to offset the difference in interest rates between one-half of one percent, as offered by the public works board, and the interest rate the local government receives on issuance of their own debt.
 - (3) The pilot program must include the following projects:
- (a) Those with high scores from the list of projects that were not funded, as identified in the public works board 2008 legislative report;
- (b) Projects located in economically distressed areas or that may be significantly impacted by a possible upcoming recession; and
- (c) Projects located in jurisdictions that have unused debt capacity and are willing and able to acquire additional debt to finance the proposed infrastructure project.

Appropriation:

Public Works Assistance Account—State	((\$327,000,000))
	\$232,000,000
State Taxable Building Construction	
Account—State	\$95,000,000
Subtotal Appropriation	\$327,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$1,400,000,000
TOTAL	\$1,727,000,000

Sec. 6039. 2007 c 520 s 3026 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Local Toxics Grants for Cleanup and Prevention (((06-4-008))) (20064008)

Reappropriation:

Local Toxics Control Account—State	$\dots \dots ((\$56,470,000))$
	\$35.233.000

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$21,237,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	
TOTAL	

Sec. 6040. 2007 c 520 s 3042 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Storm Water Projects (((08-2-003))) (20082003)

Appropriation:

State Toxics Control Account—State	((\$3,000,000))
	\$1,208,000
Subtotal Appropriation	\$3,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$0
TOTAL	\$3,000,000

Sec. 6041. 2008 c 328 s 3003 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Centennial Clean Water Program (((08-4-010))) (20084010)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) Up to \$10,000,000 of the state building construction account—state appropriation is for the extended grant payment to Spokane for the Spokane-Rathdrum Prairie aquifer.
- (2) \$5,000,000 of the state building construction account—state appropriation is provided solely for water quality grants for hardship communities with a population of less than 5,000. The department shall give priority consideration to: (a) Communities subject to a regulatory order from the department of ecology for noncompliance with water quality rules; (b) projects for which design work has been completed; and (c) projects with a local match from reasonable water quality rates and charges.
- (3) \$2,000,000 of the state building construction account—state appropriation is provided solely for the Adams and Lincoln counties ground water mapping project. The project shall submit a report to the appropriate committees of the legislature describing the dynamic relationship between groundwater and surface water in the region. The report shall be submitted by January 1, 2009.
- (4) \$2,100,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation is provided solely for wastewater and clean water improvement projects at Illahee state park, Fort Flagler state park, and Larrabee state park.

- (5)(a) \$4,400,000 of the state building construction account—state appropriation is provided solely for the Tenino waste water treatment facility and collection system to replace the city of Tenino's septic systems.
- (b) \$22,113,000 of the state building construction account—state appropriation is provided solely for the following projects:

Project	Amount
City of Carnation waste water treatment system	\$3,000,000
Mansfield waste water treatment upgrade	\$960,000
Rock Island waste water treatment system	\$870,000
Enumclaw waste water treatment system	\$750,000
Snohomish waste water treatment system	\$5,425,000
Freeland sewer district	\$1,000,000
Clark county regional sewer cooperative	\$4,000,000
Town of Warden waste water	\$3,000,000
Gig Harbor waste water system improvements	\$1,000,000
Ritzville waste water treatment system	\$1,608,000
Sultan waste water system improvements	\$500,000

- (c) The appropriation for entities that are listed in (b) of this subsection shall not affect the entities' eligibility for centennial fund hardship assistance and shall be excluded from any financial hardship calculation that would have the effect of reducing other moneys for which the entity is currently contracted and eligible under WAC 173-95A-030(8), as it existed on the effective date of this section.
- (d) The appropriation to the city of Carnation is for payment to King county for the county connection charge and other eligible costs.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	((\$42,629,000))
Water Quality Capital Account—State	\$5,417,000
State Toxics Control Account—State	
Subtotal Appropriation	\$66,883,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	\$245,283,000

Sec. 6042. 2007 c 520 s 3022 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Centennial Clean Water Program ((606 + 607)) (20064007)

Reappropriation:

ippropriation.	
State Building Construction Account—State	\$5,900,000
Water Quality Capital Account—State	\$8,500,000
State Toxics Control Account—State	((\$10,000,000))
	\$8,700,000
Subtotal Reappropriation	((\$24,400,000))
	\$23,100,000

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$1,300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$32,024,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs).	
TOTAL	\$56,424,000

Sec. 6043. 2007 c 520 s 3041 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Puget Sound Storm Water Projects (((08-2-002))) (20082002)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriations are provided solely for grants to local governments within Puget Sound for municipal storm water projects, including but not limited to, retrofit of existing storm water projects in urban areas where storm water is a significant source of contamination, identification and removal of nonstorm water discharges into municipal storm sewer systems, and local innovative storm water projects that implement low-impact development. The department shall provide the Puget Sound partnership, as created by chapter . . . (Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5372), Laws of 2007, the opportunity to review and provide comment on proposed projects and activities recommended for funding. This review shall be consistent with the funding schedule for the program.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	2,920,000))
<u>\$</u>	17,482,000
Local Toxics Control Account—State((\$	5,000,000))
	\$438,000
Subtotal Appropriation	17,920,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$	56,680,000
TOTAL	74,600,000

Sec. 6044. 2008 c 328 s 3006 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Cleanup Toxic Sites in Puget Sound (((08-4-005))) (20084005)

The appropriations in this section ((is)) are subject to the following conditions and limitations: Funding is provided solely for the clean up of contaminated sites that lie adjacent to and are within one-half mile of Puget Sound. Clean ups shall include orphan and abandoned sites that pose a threat to Puget Sound with the highest priority sites being cleaned up first. The department shall provide the Puget Sound partnership, as created by chapter 341, Laws of 2007, the opportunity to review and provide comment on proposed projects and activities recommended for funding. This review shall be consistent with the funding schedule for the program.

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F F T T T T	
State Building Construction Account—State	5,431,000
State Toxics Control Account—State	767,000))
\$	1,336,000
Subtotal Appropriation\$6	<u>5,767,000</u>
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)\$13	8,820,000
TOTAL	5,587,000

Sec. 6045. 2008 c 328 s 3008 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Remedial Action Grants (((08 - 4 - 008))) (20084008)

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$54,000,000
Local Toxics Control Account—State	((\$92,875,000))
	\$38,875,000
Subtotal Appropriation	\$92,875,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	

Sec. 6046. 2008 c 328 s 3010 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Skykomish Cleanup (((08-4-020))) (20084020)

The appropriations in this section ((is)) are subject to the following conditions and limitations: \$3,000,000 of the cleanup settlement account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of chapter 106 (Senate Bill No. 6722 (cleanup settlement account)), Laws of 2008. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 2008, the amounts provided in this section shall lapse.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$3,000,000
State Toxics Control Account—State	
	\$4,000,000
Clean Up Settlement Account—State	\$3,000,000
Subtotal Appropriation	
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	
TOTAL	

Sec. 6047. 2007 c 520 s 3135 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD

Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account (((08-4-005))) (20084005)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation in this section is provided solely for the list of projects in LEAP capital document No. 2007-1, developed March 17, 2007.

(2) The committee shall submit a list of recommended projects to be funded from the aquatic lands enhancement account in the 2009-2011 capital budget to the office of financial management and the appropriate legislative committees. The list shall result from a competitive grants program developed by the committee based upon, at a minimum: (a) Uniform criteria for selecting projects and awarding grants for up to fifty percent of the total projects cost; (b) local community support for the projects; and (c) environmental benefits to be derived from projects.

Appropriation:

State Building Construction Account—State	\$3,326,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account—State	$\dots ((\$5,025,000))$
-	\$1,699,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$20,100,000
TOTAL	

Sec. 6048. 2007 c 520 s 5137 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Washington Heritage Grants (07-4-004)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

- (1) The appropriation is subject to the provisions of RCW 27.34.330.
- (2) The appropriation is provided solely for the following list of projects:

Project	Recommended
Cascade land conservancy	\$202,000
Suquamish museum and arts center	\$1,000,000
Moses Lake museum and arts center	\$1,000,000
White River Valley museum	\$245,000
The Tulalip tribe	\$1,000,000
City of Mukilteo	\$490,000
Lewis county historical museum	\$43,000
((Pacific county historical society	\$186,000))
City of Gig Harbor	\$1,000,000
Bainbridge Island metro parks and recreation	\$70,000
Polson museum	\$171,000
Washington trust for historic preservation	\$83,000
Historic Seattle PDA	\$500,000
City of Tacoma	\$77,000
City of Des Moines	\$1,000,000
Fort Walla Walla museum	((\$859,000))
	\$1,000,000
Foss waterway seaport	\$300,000
LaConner quilt museum	\$125,000
Cowlitz River Valley historical society	\$158,000
Western forest industries museum	\$158,000

San Juan historical society	\$25,000
Central Washington fair association	\$48,000
Urban league of metro Seattle	\$650,000
The center for wooden boats	\$235,000
Jefferson county historical society	\$200,000
Mansfield museum	\$10,000
Martin Luther King Ballet	\$50,000
The northwest railway museum	\$75,000
Northpoint cooperative preschool	\$40,000
Total	((\$10,000,000))
10111	\$9,955,000

Appropriation:	((#10,000,000))
State Building Construction Account—State	** //
	\$9,955,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)	\$0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)	\$40,000,000
TOTAL	

*NEW SECTION. Sec. 6049. PUGET SOUND PROTECTION AND RESTORATION. Consistent with RCW 90.71.340, when expending appropriations under this act that contribute to Puget Sound protection and recovery, agencies shall consult with the Puget Sound partnership to ensure that projects and expenditures are either in, or consistent with the 2020 action agenda. These consultations shall include the exchange of information on specific actions, projects, associated funding, performance measures, and other information necessary to track project implementation and ensure alignment with the action agenda. In situations in which the Puget Sound partnership finds that a project is not in, or is not consistent with, the action agenda, the Puget Sound partnership shall document this finding and report back to the governor and legislative fiscal committees.

\$49,955,000

*Sec. 6049 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6050.** Section 6002 of this act expires June 30, 2011.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6051.** Sections 6022 and 6023 of this act expire June 30, 2011.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6052. 2007 c 520 s 6006 (uncodified) is repealed.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6053.** Part headings and captions in this act are not any part of the law.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6054.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6055.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately,

except for sections 6020, 6021, and 6024 through 6027 of this act which take effect July 1, 2009.

INDEX	PAG	GE#
CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY		2786
COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGE SYSTEM		2800
CRIMINAL JUSTICE TRAINING COMMISSION		
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE		
DEPARTMENT OF ARCHAEOLOGY AND HISTORIC		
PRESERVATION		2690
DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND		
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	2654.	2844
DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS	2702.	2843
DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY	. 2710.	2844
DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE		2751
DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION	2681.	2682
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH		2700
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES		2759
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES	2693.	2842
DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS	2701,	2843
EASTERN WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY		2799
EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY		
FUTURE DEVELOPMENT OF FOUR-YEAR HIGHER		
EDUCATION CAMPUS		2836
LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD		2687
MILITARY DEPARTMENT		2687
OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT		2679
RECREATION AND CONSERVATION FUNDING BOARD	. 2736,	2848
STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION		2749
STATE CONVENTION AND TRADE CENTER		
STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION		2728
STATE SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND		
STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF		2774
SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION		
THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE		2789
UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON		
WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		
WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY		
WASHINGTON STATE PATROL		
WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY		
WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY	:	2792
December 11 - 4 - 11 A 12 - 2000		

Passed by the House April 26, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 26, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I have approved, except for Sections 2063, page 70, lines 12 through 15; 6028; 6029; 6030; and 6049 of Substitute House Bill 1216 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to the capital budget."

Section 2063, page 70, lines 12 through 15, Department of Corrections This proviso requires the Office of Financial Management to undertake a budget evaluation study of the project to expand the reception center at the Washington Corrections Center. Because no funding was provided to continue this project, the study is unnecessary at this time. Therefore, I am vetoing this section.

Section 6028, pages 239-240, Superintendent of Public Instruction Section 6029, pages 240-241, Universities and Colleges

Section 6030, page 241, State Agencies

These sections direct the Washington State Arts Commission to restrict the purchase of artwork to artists residing in Washington State for projects involving state-assisted K-12 school construction, state colleges and universities, and all state agencies. This restriction could have negative impacts on Washington artists who may be performing work on public works projects in other states. Therefore, I have vetoed these sections.

Section 6049, page 257, Puget Sound Partnership

I am vetoing this section because it is duplicative of Section 6010 on page 225.

For these reasons, I have vetoed Sections 2063, page 70, lines 12 through 15; 6028; 6029; 6030; and 6049. With the exception of Sections 2063, page 70, lines 12 through 15; 6028; 6029; 6030; and 6049, Substitute House Bill 1216 is approved."

CHAPTER 498

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1272]
CAPITAL AND OPERATING BUDGET PROJECTS—BONDS

AN ACT Relating to state general obligation bonds and related accounts; amending RCW 47.10.867 and 47.56.850; adding new sections to chapter 47.10 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. For the purpose of providing funds to finance the projects described and authorized by the legislature in the capital and operating appropriations acts for the 2007-2009 and 2009-2011 fiscal bienniums, and all costs incidental thereto, the state finance committee is authorized to issue general obligation bonds of the state of Washington in the sum of two billion two hundred nineteen million dollars, or as much thereof as may be required, to finance these projects and all costs incidental thereto. Bonds authorized in this section may be sold at such price as the state finance committee shall determine. No bonds authorized in this section may be offered for sale without prior legislative appropriation of the net proceeds of the sale of the bonds.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** The proceeds from the sale of the bonds authorized in section 1 of this act shall be deposited in the state building construction account created by RCW 43.83.020. The proceeds shall be transferred as follows:

- (1) One billion nine hundred forty-seven million dollars to remain in the state building construction account created by RCW 43.83.020;
- (2) Twenty-seven million dollars to the outdoor recreation account created by RCW 79A.25.060;
- (3) Twenty-seven million dollars to the habitat conservation account created by RCW 79A.15.020;

- (4) Six million dollars to the riparian protection account created by RCW 79A.15.120;
- (5) Ten million dollars to the farmlands preservation account created by RCW 79A.15.130;
- (6) One hundred fifty-nine million dollars to the state taxable building construction account. All receipts from taxable bond issues are to be deposited into the account. If the state finance committee deems it necessary or advantageous to issue more than the amount specified in this subsection (6) as taxable bonds in order to comply with federal internal revenue service rules and regulations pertaining to the use of nontaxable bond proceeds or in order to reduce the total financing costs for bonds issued, the proceeds of such additional taxable bonds shall be transferred to the state taxable building construction account in lieu of any transfer otherwise provided by this section. The state treasurer shall submit written notice to the director of financial management if it is determined that any such additional transfer to the state taxable building construction account is necessary. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation.

These proceeds shall be used exclusively for the purposes specified in this section and for the payment of expenses incurred in the issuance and sale of the bonds issued for the purposes of this section, and shall be administered by the office of financial management subject to legislative appropriation.

- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** (1) The debt-limit general fund bond retirement account shall be used for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds authorized in section 2(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6) of this act.
- (2) The state finance committee shall, on or before June 30th of each year, certify to the state treasurer the amount needed in the ensuing twelve months to meet the bond retirement and interest requirements on the bonds authorized in section 2 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6) of this act.
- (3) On each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due on bonds issued for the purposes of section 2 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6) of this act the state treasurer shall withdraw from any general state revenues received in the state treasury and deposit in the debt-limit general fund bond retirement account an amount equal to the amount certified by the state finance committee to be due on the payment date.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** (1) Bonds issued under sections 1 through 3 of this act shall state that they are a general obligation of the state of Washington, shall pledge the full faith and credit of the state to the payment of the principal thereof and the interest thereon, and shall contain an unconditional promise to pay the principal and interest as the same shall become due.
- (2) The owner and holder of each of the bonds or the trustee for the owner and holder of any of the bonds may by mandamus or other appropriate proceeding require the transfer and payment of funds as directed in this section.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** The legislature may provide additional means for raising moneys for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds authorized in section 1 of this act, and sections 2 and 3 of this act shall not be deemed to provide an exclusive method for the payment.

Sec. 6. RCW 47.10.867 and 2003 c 147 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of providing funds for the planning, design, construction, reconstruction, and other necessary costs for transportation projects, the state finance committee is authorized to issue general obligation bonds of the state of Washington in the sum of ((three)) two hundred forty-nine million five hundred thousand dollars, or as much thereof as may be required, to finance these projects and all costs incidental thereto. Bonds authorized in this section may be sold at such price as the state finance committee shall determine. No bonds authorized in this section may be offered for sale without prior legislative appropriation of the net proceeds of the sale of the bonds.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** Sections 1 through 5 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 43 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** In order to provide funds necessary for the location, design, right-of-way, and construction of the state route number 520 corridor projects, as allowed in section 2, chapter . . . (Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2211), Laws of 2009, there shall be issued and sold upon the request of the department of transportation a total of one billion nine hundred fifty million dollars of general obligation bonds of the state of Washington first payable from toll revenue and excise taxes on motor vehicle and special fuels in accordance with section 12 of this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** Upon the request of the department of transportation, the state finance committee shall supervise and provide for the issuance, sale, and retirement of the bonds authorized by this act in accordance with chapter 39.42 RCW. Bonds authorized by this act shall be sold in the manner, at time or times, in amounts, and at the price as the state finance committee shall determine. No bonds may be offered for sale without prior legislative appropriation of the net proceeds of the sale of the bonds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. The proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by this act shall be deposited in the state route number 520 corridor account created under chapter . . . (Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2211), Laws of 2009, and shall be available only for the purposes enumerated in section 8 of this act, for the payment of bond anticipation notes or other interim financing, if any, capitalizing interest on the bonds, and for the payment of bond issuance costs, including the costs of underwriting.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** The toll facility bond retirement account is created in the state treasury for the purpose of payment of the principal of and interest and premium on bonds. Both principal of and interest on the bonds issued for the purposes of this act shall be payable from the toll facility bond retirement account. The state finance committee may provide that special subaccounts be created in the account to facilitate payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds. The state finance committee shall, on or before June 30th of each year, certify to the state treasurer the amount required for principal and interest on the bonds in accordance with the bond proceedings.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** Bonds issued under the authority of this section and sections 8, 13, and 14 of this act shall distinctly state that they are a general obligation of the state of Washington, shall pledge the full faith and credit of the

state to the payment of the principal thereof and the interest thereon, and shall contain an unconditional promise to pay such principal and interest as the same shall become due. The principal of and interest on the bonds shall be first payable in the manner provided in this section and sections 8, 13, and 14 of this act from toll revenue and then from proceeds of excise taxes on motor vehicle and special fuels to the extent toll revenue is not available for that purpose. Toll revenue and the state excise taxes on motor vehicle and special fuels imposed by chapters 82.36 and 82.38 RCW are hereby pledged to the payment of any bonds and the interest thereon issued under the authority of this section and sections 8, 13, and 14 of this act, and the legislature agrees to continue to impose these toll charges on the state route number 520 corridor, and on any other eligible toll facility designated by the legislature and on which the imposition of tolls is authorized by the legislature in respect of the bonds, and excise taxes on motor vehicle and special fuels in amounts sufficient to pay, when due, the principal and interest on all bonds issued under the authority of this section and sections 8, 13. and 14 of this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** For bonds issued under the authority of this section and sections 8, 12, and 14 of this act, the state treasurer shall first withdraw toll revenue from the state route number 520 corridor account created under chapter . . . (Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2211), Laws of 2009, and, to the extent toll revenue is not available, excise taxes on motor vehicle and special fuels in the motor vehicle fund and deposit in the toll facility bond retirement account, or a special subaccount in the account, such amounts, and at such times, as are required by the bond proceedings.

Any excise taxes on motor vehicle and special fuels required for bond retirement or interest on the bonds authorized by this section and sections 8, 12, and 14 of this act shall be taken from that portion of the motor vehicle fund that results from the imposition of excise taxes on motor vehicle and special fuels and which is, or may be, appropriated to the department for state highway purposes. Funds required shall never constitute a charge against any other allocations of motor vehicle fuel and special fuel tax revenues to the state, counties, cities, and towns unless the amount arising from excise taxes on motor vehicle and special fuels distributed to the state in the motor vehicle fund proves insufficient to meet the requirements for bond retirement or interest on any such bonds.

Any payments for bond retirement or interest on the bonds taken from other revenues from the motor vehicle fuel or special fuel taxes that are distributable to the state, counties, cities, and towns shall be repaid from available toll revenue in the manner provided in the bond proceedings or, if toll revenue is not available for that purpose, from the first excise taxes on motor vehicle and special fuels distributed to the motor vehicle fund not required for bond retirement or interest on the bonds. Any excise taxes on motor vehicle and special fuels required for bond retirement or interest on the bonds authorized by this section and sections 8, 12, and 14 of this act shall be reimbursed to the motor vehicle fund from toll revenue in the manner and with the priority specified in the bond proceedings.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** Bonds issued under the authority of sections 8, 12, and 13 of this act and this section and any other general obligation bonds of

the state of Washington that have been or that may be authorized and that pledge motor vehicle and special fuels excise taxes for the payment of principal and interest thereon shall be an equal charge against the revenues from such motor vehicle and special fuels excise taxes.

- **Sec. 15.** RCW 47.56.850 and 2008 c 122 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Unless these powers are otherwise delegated by the legislature, the transportation commission is the tolling authority for the state. The tolling authority shall:
- (a) Set toll rates, establish appropriate exemptions, if any, and make adjustments as conditions warrant on eligible toll facilities;
- (b) Review toll collection policies, toll operations policies, and toll revenue expenditures on the eligible toll facilities and report annually on this review to the legislature.
- (2) The tolling authority, in determining toll rates, shall consider the policy guidelines established in RCW 47.56.830.
- (3) Unless otherwise directed by the legislature, in setting and periodically adjusting toll rates, the tolling authority must ensure that toll rates will generate revenue sufficient to:
- (a) Meet the operating costs of the eligible toll facilities, including necessary maintenance, preservation, <u>renewal</u>, <u>replacement</u>, administration, and toll enforcement by public law enforcement;
- (b) Meet obligations for the ((repayment)) timely payment of debt ((and interest on the)) service on bonds issued for eligible toll facilities, and any other associated financing costs including, but not limited to, required reserves, minimum debt coverage or other appropriate contingency funding, ((and)) insurance, and compliance with all other financial and other covenants made by the state in the bond proceedings; ((and))
- (c) Meet obligations to reimburse the motor vehicle fund for excise taxes on motor vehicle and special fuels applied to the payment of bonds issued for eligible toll facilities; and
- (d) Meet any other obligations of the tolling authority to provide its proportionate share of funding contributions for any projects or operations of the eligible toll facilities.
- (4) The established toll rates may include variable pricing, and should be set to optimize system performance, recognizing necessary trade-offs to generate revenue for the purposes specified in subsection (3) of this section. Tolls may vary for type of vehicle, time of day, traffic conditions, or other factors designed to improve performance of the system.
- (5) In fixing and adjusting toll rates under this section, the only toll revenue to be taken into account must be toll revenue pledged to bonds that includes toll receipts, and the only debt service requirements to be taken into account must be debt service on bonds payable from and secured by toll revenue that includes toll receipts.
- (6) The legislature pledges to appropriate toll revenue as necessary to carry out the purposes of this section. When the legislature has specifically identified and designated an eligible toll facility and authorized the issuance of bonds for the financing of the eligible toll facility that are payable from and secured by a pledge of toll revenue, the legislature further agrees for the benefit of the owners

of outstanding bonds issued by the state for eligible toll facilities to continue in effect and not to impair or withdraw the authorization of the tolling authority to fix and adjust tolls as provided in this section. The state finance committee shall pledge the state's obligation to impose and maintain tolls, together with the application of toll revenue as described in this section, to the owners of any bonds

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. If and to the extent that the state finance committee determines, in consultation with the department of transportation and the tolling authority, that it will be beneficial for the state to issue any bonds authorized in sections 8 and 12 through 14 of this act as toll revenue bonds rather than as general obligation bonds, the state finance committee is authorized to issue and sell, upon the request of the department of transportation, such bonds as toll revenue bonds and not as general obligation bonds. Notwithstanding section 12 of this act, each such bond shall contain a recital that payment or redemption of the bond and payment of the interest and any premium thereon is payable solely from and secured solely by a direct pledge, charge, and lien upon toll revenue and is not a general obligation of the state to which the full faith and credit of the state is pledged.

Toll revenue is hereby pledged to the payment of any bonds and the interest thereon issued under the authority of this section, and the legislature agrees to continue to impose these toll charges on the state route number 520 corridor, and on any other eligible toll facility designated by the legislature and on which the imposition of tolls is authorized by the legislature in respect of the bonds, in amounts sufficient to pay, when due, the principal and interest on all bonds issued under the authority of this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 17.** The state finance committee may determine and include in any resolution authorizing the issuance of any bonds under this act, such terms, provisions, covenants, and conditions as it may deem appropriate in order to assist with the marketing and sale of the bonds, confer rights upon the owners of bonds, and safeguard rights of the owners of bonds including, among other things:

- (1) Provisions regarding the maintenance and operation of eligible toll facilities:
 - (2) The pledges, uses, and priorities of application of toll revenue;
- (3) Provisions that bonds shall be payable from and secured solely by toll revenue as provided by section 16 of this act, or shall be payable from and secured by both toll revenue and by a pledge of excise taxes on motor vehicle and special fuels and the full faith and credit of the state as provided in sections 8 and 12 through 14 of this act;
- (4) In consultation with the department of transportation and the tolling authority, financial covenants requiring that the eligible toll facilities must produce specified coverage ratios of toll revenue to debt service on bonds;
- (5) The purposes and conditions that must be satisfied prior to the issuance of any additional bonds that are to be payable from and secured by any toll revenue on an equal basis with previously issued and outstanding bonds payable from and secured by toll revenue;
- (6) Provisions that bonds for which any toll revenue are pledged, or for which a pledge of any toll revenue may be reserved, may be structured on a

senior, parity, subordinate, or special lien basis in relation to any other bonds for which toll revenue is pledged, with respect to toll revenue only; and

(7) Provisions regarding reserves, credit enhancement, liquidity facilities, and payment agreements with respect to bonds.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, covenants and conditions detailing the character of management, maintenance, and operation of eligible toll facilities, insurance for eligible toll facilities, financial management of toll revenue, and disposition of eligible toll facilities must first be approved by the department of transportation.

The owner of any bond may by mandamus or other appropriate proceeding require and compel performance of any duties imposed upon the tolling authority and the department of transportation and their respective officials, including any duties imposed upon or undertaken by them or by their respective officers, agents, and employees, in connection with the construction, maintenance, and operation of eligible toll facilities and in connection with the collection, deposit, investment, application, and disbursement of the proceeds of the bonds and toll revenue.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. (1) For the purposes of this act, "toll revenue" means all toll receipts, all interest income derived from the investment of toll receipts, and any gifts, grants, or other funds received for the benefit of eligible toll facilities. However, for the purpose of any pledge of toll revenue to the payment of particular bonds issued under this act, "toll revenue" means and includes only such toll revenue or portion thereof that is pledged to the payment of those bonds in the resolution authorizing the issuance of such bonds. Toll revenue constitutes "fees and revenues derived from the ownership or operation of any undertaking, facility, or project" as that phrase is used in Article VIII, section 1(c)(1) of the state Constitution.

(2) For the purposes of this act, "tolling authority" has the same meaning as in RCW 47.56.810.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 19.** Sections 8 through 14 and 16 through 18 of this act are each added to chapter 47.10 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 20.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 21.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Passed by the House April 26, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 26, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 499

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2254]
HIGHER EDUCATION PROJECTS—FINANCING

AN ACT Relating to construction financing for state colleges and universities; and amending RCW 28B.15.210, 28B.15.310, 28B.20.720, 28B.30.740, 28B.35.370, 28B.50.360, 28B.20.715,

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

28B.20.735, and 28B.30.730.

Sec. 1. RCW 28B.15.210 and 1985 c 390 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

Within thirty-five days from the date of collection thereof, all building fees at the University of Washington, including building fees to be charged students registering in the schools of medicine and dentistry, shall be paid into the state treasury and credited as follows:

One-half or such larger portion as may be necessary to prevent a default in the payments required to be made out of the bond retirement fund((, and in no event shall such one-half be less than twelve dollars and fifty cents per each resident student per quarter, and thirty seven dollars and fifty cents per each nonresident student per quarter)) to the "University of Washington bond retirement fund" and the remainder thereof to the "University of Washington building account." The sum so credited to the University of Washington building account shall be used exclusively for the purpose of erecting, altering, maintaining, equipping, or furnishing buildings, and for certificates of participation under chapter 39.94 RCW, except for any sums transferred as authorized in RCW 28B.20.725(3). The sum so credited to the University of Washington bond retirement fund shall be used for the payment of principal of and interest on bonds outstanding as provided by chapter 28B.20 RCW except for any sums transferred as authorized in RCW 28B.20.725(5).

Sec. 2. RCW 28B.15.310 and 1985 c 390 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:

Within thirty-five days from the date of collection thereof, all building fees shall be paid ((into the state treasury)) and credited <u>as follows:</u> To the Washington State University bond retirement fund, one-half or such larger portion as may be necessary to prevent a default in the payments required to be made out of such bond retirement fund; <u>and</u> the remainder thereof to the Washington State University building account.

The sum so credited to the Washington State University building account shall be expended by the board of regents for buildings, equipment, or maintenance on the campus of Washington State University as may be deemed most advisable and for the best interests of the university, and for certificates of participation under chapter 39.94 RCW, except for any sums transferred as authorized by law. Expenditures so made shall be accounted for in accordance with existing law and shall not be expended until appropriated by the legislature.

The sum so credited to the Washington State University bond retirement fund shall be used to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on building bonds issued by the university, except for any sums which may be transferred out of such fund as authorized by law.

Sec. 3. RCW 28B.20.720 and 1985 c 390 s 39 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of paying and securing the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds as the same shall become due, there <u>is created in the custody of the state treasurer a special trust fund to be known as the University of Washington bond retirement fund. An appropriation is not required for expenditures from the fund. There shall be paid into the ((state treasury and eredited to a special trust fund to be known as the University of Washington bond retirement)) fund, the following:</u>

- (1) One-half of such building fees as the board may from time to time determine, or such larger portion as may be necessary to prevent default in the payments required to be made out of the bond retirement fund((, and in no event shall such one-half be less than twelve dollars and fifty cents per each resident student per quarter and less than thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents per each nonresident student per quarter));
- (2) Any gifts, bequests, or grants which may be made, or may become available, for the purpose of furthering the construction of any authorized projects, or for the repayment of the costs thereof;
 - (3) Such additional funds as the legislature may provide.
- ((Said bond retirement fund shall be kept segregated from all moneys in the state treasury and shall,)) While any ((of such)) bonds issued in accordance with the provisions of this chapter or any interest thereon remain((s)) unpaid, the bond retirement fund shall be available solely for the payment thereof except as provided in RCW 28B.20.725(5). As a part of the contract of sale of such bonds, the board undertakes to charge and collect building fees and to deposit the portion of such fees in the bond retirement fund in amounts which will be sufficient to pay the principal of, and interest on all such bonds outstanding.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 28B.30.740 and 1985 c 390 s 44 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of paying and securing the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds as the same shall become due, there <u>is created in the custody of the state treasurer a special trust fund to be known as the Washington State University bond retirement fund. An appropriation is not required for expenditures from the fund. There shall be paid into the ((state treasury and eredited to a special trust fund to be known as the Washington State University bond retirement fund, which fund is hereby created in the state treasury)) fund, the following:</u>

- (1) One-half of such building fees as the board may from time to time determine, or such larger portion as may be necessary to prevent default in the payments required to be made out of the bond retirement fund;
- (2) Any grants which may be made, or may become available, for the purpose of furthering the construction of any authorized projects, or for the repayment of the costs thereof;
 - (3) Such additional funds as the legislature may provide.
- ((Said bond retirement fund shall be kept segregated from all moneys in the state treasury and shall,)) While any ((of such)) bonds issued in accordance with the provisions of this chapter or any interest thereon remain unpaid, the bond retirement fund shall be available solely for the payment thereof except as provided in ((subdivision (5) of)) RCW 28B.30.750(5). As a part of the contract

of sale of such bonds, the board shall undertake to charge and collect building fees and to deposit the portion of such fees in the bond retirement fund in amounts which will be sufficient to pay the principal of, and interest on all such bonds outstanding.

Sec. 5. RCW 28B.35.370 and 1991 sp.s. c 13 s 49 are each amended to read as follows:

Within thirty-five days from the date of collection thereof all building fees of each regional university and The Evergreen State College shall be paid into the state treasury and these together with such normal school fund revenues as provided in RCW 28B.35.751 as are received by the state treasury shall be credited as follows:

- (1) On or before June 30th of each year the board of trustees of each regional university and The Evergreen State College, if issuing bonds payable out of its building fees and above described normal school fund revenues, shall certify to the state treasurer the amounts required in the ensuing twelve months to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on such bonds. The amounts so certified by each regional university and The Evergreen State College shall be a prior lien and charge against all building fees and above described normal school fund revenues of such institution. The state treasurer shall thereupon deposit the amounts so certified in the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the Central Washington University capital projects account, the Western Washington University capital projects account, or The Evergreen State College capital projects account respectively, which accounts are hereby created in the state treasury. The amounts deposited in the respective capital projects accounts shall be used ((exclusively)) to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on the building bonds issued by such regional universities and The Evergreen State College as authorized by law. If in any twelve month period it shall appear that the amount certified by any such board of trustees is insufficient to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on the outstanding building and above described normal school fund revenue bonds of its institution, the state treasurer shall notify the board of trustees and such board shall adjust its certificate so that all requirements of moneys to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on all such bonds then outstanding shall be fully met at all times.
- (2) All normal school fund revenue pursuant to RCW 28B.35.751 shall be deposited in the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the Central Washington University capital projects account, the Western Washington University capital projects account, or The Evergreen State College capital projects account respectively, which accounts are hereby created in the state treasury. The sums deposited in the respective capital projects accounts shall be appropriated and expended ((exclusively)) to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on bonds payable out of the building fees and normal school revenue and for the construction, reconstruction, erection, equipping, maintenance, demolition and major alteration of buildings and other capital assets, and the acquisition of sites, rights-of-way, easements, improvements or appurtenances in relation thereto except for any sums transferred therefrom as authorized by law.
- (3) Funds available in the respective capital projects accounts may also be used for certificates of participation under chapter 39.94 RCW.

Sec. 6. RCW 28B.50.360 and 2005 c 488 s 922 are each amended to read as follows:

Within thirty-five days from the date of start of each quarter all collected building fees of each such community and technical college shall be paid into the state treasury, and shall be credited as follows:

- (1) On or before June 30th of each year the college board if issuing bonds payable out of building fees shall certify to the state treasurer the amounts required in the ensuing twelve-month period to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on such bonds. The state treasurer shall thereupon deposit the amounts so certified in the community and technical college capital projects account. Such amounts of the funds deposited in the community and technical college capital projects account as are necessary to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on the building bonds issued by the college board as authorized by this chapter shall be ((exclusively)) devoted to that purpose. If in any twelve-month period it shall appear that the amount certified by the college board is insufficient to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on the outstanding building bonds, the state treasurer shall notify the college board and such board shall adjust its certificate so that all requirements of moneys to pay and secure the payment of the principal and interest on all such bonds then outstanding shall be fully met at all times.
- (2) The community and technical college capital projects account is hereby created in the state treasury. The sums deposited in the capital projects account shall be appropriated and expended ((exclusively)) to pay and secure the payment of the principal of and interest on bonds payable out of the building fees and for the construction, reconstruction, erection, equipping, maintenance, demolition and major alteration of buildings and other capital assets owned by the state board for community and technical colleges in the name of the state of Washington, and the acquisition of sites. rights-of-way, improvements or appurtenances in relation thereto, engineering and architectural services provided by the department of general administration, and for the payment of principal of and interest on any bonds issued for such purposes.
- (3) Funds available in the community and technical college capital projects account may also be used for certificates of participation under chapter 39.94 RCW.
- Sec. 7. RCW 28B.20.715 and 1985 c 390 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of financing the cost of any projects, the board is hereby authorized to adopt the resolution or resolutions and prepare all other documents necessary for the issuance, sale and delivery of the bonds or any part thereof at such time or times as it shall deem necessary and advisable. Said bonds:

- (1) Shall not constitute
- (a) An obligation, either general or special, of the state; or
- (b) A general obligation of the University of Washington or of the board;
- (2) Shall be
- (a) Either registered or in coupon form; and
- (b) Issued in denominations of not less than one hundred dollars; and
- (c) Fully negotiable instruments under the laws of this state; and
- (d) Signed on behalf of the university by the president of the board, attested by the secretary of the board, have the seal of the university impressed thereon or

a facsimile of such seal printed or lithographed in the bottom border thereof, and the coupons attached thereto shall be signed with the facsimile signatures of such president and secretary;

- (3) Shall state
- (a) The date of issue; and
- (b) The series of the issue and be consecutively numbered within the series; and
- (c) That, except as otherwise provided in subsection (8)(e) of this section, the bond is payable both principal and interest solely out of the bond retirement fund;
- (4) Each series of bonds shall bear interest, payable either annually or semiannually, as the board may determine;
- (5) Shall be payable both principal and interest out of the bond retirement fund:
- (6) Shall be payable at such times over a period of not to exceed forty years from date of issuance, at such place or places, and with such reserved rights of prior redemption, as the board may prescribe;
- (7) Shall be sold in such manner and at such price as the board may prescribe;
- (8) Shall be issued under and subject to such terms, conditions and covenants providing for the payment of the principal thereof and interest thereon and such other terms, conditions, covenants and protective provisions safeguarding such payment, not inconsistent with this chapter, and as found to be necessary by the board for the most advantageous sale thereof, which may include but not be limited to:
- (a) A covenant that the building fees shall be established, maintained and collected in such amounts that will provide money sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on all bonds payable out of the bond retirement fund, to set aside and maintain the reserves required to secure the payment of such principal and interest, and to maintain any coverage which may be required over such principal and interest:
- (b) A covenant that a reserve account shall be created in the bond retirement fund to secure the payment of the principal of and interest on all bonds issued and a provision made that certain amounts be set aside and maintained therein;
- (c) A covenant that sufficient moneys may be transferred from the University of Washington building account to the bond retirement fund when ordered by the board of regents in the event there is ever an insufficient amount of money in the bond retirement fund to pay any installment of interest or principal and interest coming due on the bonds or any of them;
- (d) A covenant fixing conditions under which bonds on a parity with any bonds outstanding may be issued:
- (e) A covenant to obligate, to pay the principal of or interest on the bonds, all or a component of the fees and revenues of the University of Washington that are not subject to appropriation by the legislature and that do not constitute general state revenues as defined in Article VIII, section 1 of the state Constitution or general state revenues for the purpose of calculating statutory limits on state indebtedness pursuant to RCW 39.42.060.

The proceeds of the sale of all bonds((, exclusive of accrued interest which shall be deposited in the bond retirement fund, shall be deposited in the state

treasury to the credit of the University of Washington building account and)) issued in accordance with this chapter shall be used solely for paying the costs of the projects, including costs of issuance and other financing costs.

Sec. 8. RCW 28B.20.735 and 1985 c 390 s 40 are each amended to read as follows:

The bonds authorized to be issued pursuant to the provisions of RCW 28B.20.700 through 28B.20.740 shall not be general obligations of the state of Washington, but shall be limited obligation bonds payable only from the special fund created for their payment ((derived from the building fees)) as herein provided. The legislature may provide additional means for raising money for the payment of interest and principal of said bonds. RCW 28B.20.700 through 28B.20.740 shall not be deemed to provide an exclusive method for such payment. The power given to the legislature by this section to provide additional means for raising money is permissive, and shall not in any way be construed as a pledge of the general credit of the state of Washington.

Sec. 9. RCW 28B.30.730 and 2002 c 238 s 302 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of financing the cost of any projects, the board is hereby authorized to adopt the resolution or resolutions and prepare all other documents necessary for the issuance, sale and delivery of the bonds or any part thereof at such time or times as it shall deem necessary and advisable. Said bonds:

- (1) Shall not constitute
- (a) An obligation, either general or special, of the state; or
- (b) A general obligation of Washington State University or of the board;
- (2) Shall be
- (a) Either registered or in coupon form; and
- (b) Issued in denominations of not less than one hundred dollars; and
- (c) Fully negotiable instruments under the laws of this state; and
- (d) Signed on behalf of the university by the president of the board, attested by the secretary or the treasurer of the board, have the seal of the university impressed thereon or a facsimile of such seal printed or lithographed in the bottom border thereof, and the coupons attached thereto shall be signed with the facsimile signatures of such president and secretary;
 - (3) Shall state
 - (a) The date of issue; and
- (b) The series of the issue and be consecutively numbered within the series; and
- (c) That, except as otherwise provided in subsection (8)(e) of this section, the bond is payable both principal and interest solely out of the bond retirement fund:
- (4) Each series of bonds shall bear interest, payable either annually or semiannually, as the board may determine;
- (5) Shall be payable both principal and interest out of the bond retirement fund:
- (6) Shall be payable at such times over a period of not to exceed forty years from date of issuance, at such place or places, and with such reserved rights of prior redemption, as the board may prescribe;

- (7) Shall be sold in such manner and at such price as the board may prescribe;
- (8) Shall be issued under and subject to such terms, conditions and covenants providing for the payment of the principal thereof and interest thereon and such other terms, conditions, covenants and protective provisions safeguarding such payment, not inconsistent with RCW 28B.30.700 through 28B.30.780, and as found to be necessary by the board for the most advantageous sale thereof, which may include but not be limited to:
- (a) A covenant that the building fees shall be established, maintained and collected in such amounts that will provide money sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on all bonds payable out of the bond retirement account, to set aside and maintain the reserves required to secure the payment of such principal and interest, and to maintain any coverage which may be required over such principal and interest;
- (b) A covenant that a reserve account shall be created in the bond retirement fund to secure the payment of the principal of and interest on all bonds issued and a provision made that certain amounts be set aside and maintained therein;
- (c) A covenant that sufficient moneys may be transferred from the Washington State University building account to the bond retirement account when ordered by the board of regents in the event there is ever an insufficient amount of money in the bond retirement account to pay any installment of interest or principal and interest coming due on the bonds or any of them;
- (d) A covenant fixing conditions under which bonds on a parity with any bonds outstanding may be issued;
- (e) A covenant to obligate, to pay the principal of or interest on the bonds, all or a component of the fees and revenues of Washington State University that are not subject to appropriation by the legislature and that do not constitute general state revenues as defined in Article VIII, section 1 of the state Constitution or general state revenues for the purpose of calculating statutory limits on state indebtedness pursuant to RCW 39.42.060.

The proceeds of the sale of all bonds ((shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the Washington State University building account and)) issued in accordance with this chapter shall be used solely for paying the costs of the projects, including costs of issuance and other financing costs. The Washington State University building account shall be credited with the investment income derived pursuant to RCW 43.84.080 on the investable balances of scientific permanent fund and agricultural permanent fund, less the allocation to the state treasurer's service fund pursuant to RCW 43.08.190. ((During the 2001-2003 fiscal biennium, the legislature may transfer from the Washington State University building account to the state general fund such amounts as reflect the excess fund balance of the account.))

Passed by the House April 25, 2009.
Passed by the Senate April 24, 2009.
Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 500

[Substitute Senate Bill 5537]

STATUTORY DEBT LIMIT—ELIMINATION

AN ACT Relating to having one debt limit by eliminating the statutory debt limit; amending RCW 39.42.070, 28A.525.210, 28B.142.010, 28B.142.030, 39.94.010, 39.94.030, 43.99H.060, 43.99Q.120, 43.99Q.130, and 67.70.240; adding a new section to chapter 39.42 RCW; repealing RCW 43.99N.110 and 39.42.060; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- Sec. 1. RCW 39.42.070 and 2007 c 215 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (((1))) On or after the effective date of this act, the treasurer shall compute general state revenues for the three fiscal years immediately preceding such date and shall determine the arithmetic mean thereof. As soon as is practicable after the close of each fiscal year thereafter, he or she shall do likewise. determining the amount of general state revenues, the treasurer shall include all state money received in the treasury from each and every source whatsoever except: $((\frac{(a)}{a}))$ (1) Fees and revenues derived from the ownership or operation of any undertaking, facility or project; (((b))) (2) moneys received as gifts, grants, donations, aid or assistance or otherwise from the United States or any department, bureau or corporation thereof, or any person, firm or corporation, public or private, when the terms and conditions of such gift, grant, donation, aid or assistance require the application and disbursement of such moneys otherwise than for the general purposes of the state of Washington; $((\frac{(e)}{e}))$ (3) moneys to be paid into and received from retirement system funds, and performance bonds and deposits; (((d))) (4) moneys to be paid into and received from trust funds including but not limited to moneys received from taxes levied for specific purposes and the several permanent funds of the state and the moneys derived therefrom but excluding bond redemption funds; (((e))) (5) proceeds received from the sale of bonds or other evidences of indebtedness. Upon computing general state revenues, the treasurer shall make and file in the office of the secretary of state, a certificate containing the results of such computations. Copies of said certificate shall be sent to each elected official of the state and each member of the legislature. The treasurer shall, at the same time, advise each elected official and each member of the legislature of the current available debt capacity of the state, and may make estimated projections for one or more years concerning debt capacity.
- (((2) For purposes of this chapter, general state revenues shall also include revenues that are deposited in the general fund under RCW 82.45.180(2), lottery revenues as provided in RCW 67.70.240(3), revenues paid into the general fund under RCW 84.52.067, and revenues deposited into the student achievement fund and distributed to school districts as provided in RCW 84.52.068.))

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 39.42 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The state shall not contract any bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness for borrowed money that would cause the aggregate state debt to exceed the debt limitation, as specified in Article VIII, section 1(b) of the state Constitution.

- (2) It shall be the duty of the state finance committee to compute annually the amount required to pay principal of and interest on outstanding debt.
- (3) To the extent necessary because of the state constitutional debt limitation, priorities with respect to the issuance or guaranteeing of bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness by the state shall be determined by the state finance committee.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 28A.525.210 and 1984 c 266 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

It is the intent of the legislature to authorize general obligation bonds of the state of Washington for common school plant facilities which provides for the reimbursement of the state treasury for principal and interest payments ((and which therefore is not subject to the limitations on indebtedness under RCW 39.42.060)).

Sec. 4. RCW 28B.142.010 and 2007 c 24 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The board of regents of the University of Washington and Washington State University may issue bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness for any university purpose. The board of regents of the University of Washington and Washington State University may obligate all or a component of the fees and revenues of the university for the payment of such bonds, notes, or evidences of indebtedness: PROVIDED, That such fees and revenues are not subject to appropriation by the legislature and do not constitute general state revenues as defined in Article VIII, section 1 of the state Constitution ((or general state revenues for the purpose of calculating statutory limits on state indebtedness pursuant to RCW 39.42.060)). Such bonds, notes, and other indebtedness shall not constitute bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness secured by the full faith and credit of the state or required to be paid, directly or indirectly, from general state revenues ((for the purposes of RCW 39.42.060)). Bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness issued under this chapter shall be issued in accordance with the procedures in RCW 28B.10.310 and 28B.10.315 or the provisions applicable to either the state or local governments under chapter 39.46 or 39.53 RCW.

Sec. 5. RCW 28B.142.030 and 2007 c 24 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The board of regents of the University of Washington may issue bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness under this section for the purpose of refinancing real and personal property acquired by the University of Washington during the period between August and October 2006. The board of regents of the University of Washington may obligate all or a component of the fees and revenues of the university for the payment of such bonds, notes, or evidences of indebtedness: PROVIDED, That such fees and revenues are not subject to appropriation by the legislature and do not constitute general state revenues as defined in Article VIII, section 1 of the state Constitution ((or general state revenues for the purpose of calculating statutory limits on state indebtedness pursuant to RCW 39.42.060)). Bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness issued under this section shall be issued in accordance with the procedures in RCW 28B.10.310 and 28B.10.315 or the provisions applicable to either the state or local governments under chapter 39.46 or 39.53 RCW. Such bonds, notes,

and other indebtedness shall not constitute bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness secured by the full faith and credit of the state or required to be paid, directly or indirectly, from general state revenues ((for the purposes of RCW 39.42.060)).

Sec. 6. RCW 39.94.010 and 1998 c 291 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The purposes of this chapter are to confirm the authority of the state, its agencies, departments, and instrumentalities, the state board for community and technical colleges, and the state institutions of higher education to enter into contracts for the acquisition of real and personal property which provide for payments over a term of more than one year and to exclude such contracts from the computation of indebtedness under ((RCW 39.42.060 and)) Article VIII, section 1 of the state Constitution. It is further the purpose of this chapter to permit the state, its agencies, departments, and instrumentalities, the state board for community and technical colleges, and the state institutions of higher education to enter into financing contracts which make provision for the issuance of certificates of participation and other financing structures. Financing contracts of the state, whether or not entered into under this chapter, shall be subject to approval by the state finance committee except as provided in this chapter.

This chapter shall be liberally construed to effect its purposes.

- Sec. 7. RCW 39.94.030 and 1998 c 291 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The state may enter into financing contracts for itself or on behalf of an other agency for the use and acquisition for public purposes of real and personal property. Payments under financing contracts of the state shall be made by the state from currently appropriated funds or funds not constituting "general state revenues" as defined in Article VIII, section 1 of the state Constitution. Except as provided in subsection (4)(b) of this section, payments under financing contracts of the state on behalf of any other agency shall be made solely from the sources identified in the financing contract, which may not obligate general state revenues as defined in Article VII, section 1 of the state Constitution. treasurer of an other agency shall remit payments under financing contracts to the office of the state treasurer or to the state treasurer's designee. In the event of any deficiency of payments by an other agency under a financing contract, the treasurer of the other agency shall transfer any legally available funds of the other agency in satisfaction of the other agency's obligations under the financing contract if such funds have been obligated by the other agency under the financing contract and, if such deficiency is not thereby cured, the office of the state treasurer is directed to withdraw from that agency's share of state revenues for distribution or other money an amount sufficient to fulfill the terms and conditions of the financing contract. The term of any financing contract shall not exceed thirty years or the remaining useful life of the property, whichever is shorter. Financing contracts may include other terms and conditions agreed upon by the parties.
- (2) The state for itself or on behalf of an other agency may enter into contracts for credit enhancement, which shall limit the recourse of the provider

of credit enhancement solely to the security provided under the financing contract secured by the credit enhancement.

- (3) The state or an other agency may grant a security interest in real or personal property acquired under financing contracts. The security interest may be perfected as provided by the uniform commercial code secured transactions, or otherwise as provided by law for perfecting liens on real estate. Other terms and conditions may be included as agreed upon by the parties.
- (4)(a) ((Except under (b) of this subsection,)) Financing contracts and contracts for credit enhancement entered into under the limitations set forth in this chapter shall not constitute a debt or the contracting of indebtedness under ((RCW 39.42.060 or)) any ((other)) law limiting debt of the state. It is the intent of the legislature that such contracts also shall not constitute a debt or the contracting of indebtedness under Article VIII, section 1 of the state Certificates of participation in payments to be made under Constitution. financing contracts also shall not constitute a debt or the contracting of an indebtedness under ((RCW 39.42.060)) any law limiting debt of the state if payment is conditioned upon payment by the state under the financing contract with respect to which the same relates. It is the intent of the legislature that such certificates also shall not constitute a debt or the contracting of indebtedness under Article VIII, section 1 of the state Constitution if payment of the certificates is conditioned upon payment by the state under the financing contract with respect to which those certificates relate.
- (b) A financing contract made by the state on behalf of an other agency may be secured by the pledge of revenues of the other agency or other agency's full faith and credit or may, at the option of the state finance committee, include a contingent obligation by the state for payment under such financing contract.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 43.99H.060 and 1991 sp.s. c 31 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) For bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(16), on each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the board of regents or the board of trustees of Washington State University shall cause the amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(1) to be paid out of the appropriate building account or capital projects account to the state treasurer for deposit into the general fund of the state treasury.
- (2) For bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(15), on each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the state treasurer shall transfer the amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(2) from the capitol campus reserve account, hereby created in the state treasury, to the general fund of the state treasury. At the time of sale of the bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(15), and on or before June 30th of each succeeding year while such bonds remain outstanding, the state finance committee shall determine, based on current balances and estimated receipts and expenditures from the capitol campus reserve account, that portion of principal and interest on such RCW 43.99H.020(15) bonds which will, by virtue of payments from the capitol campus reserve account, be reimbursed from sources other than "general state revenues" as that term is defined in Article VIII, section 1 of the state Constitution. ((The amount so determined by the state finance committee, as from time to time adjusted in accordance with this subsection, shall not

constitute indebtedness for purposes of the limitations set forth in RCW 39.42.060.))

- (3) For bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(17), on each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the director of the department of labor and industries shall cause fifty percent of the amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(3) to be transferred from the accident fund created in RCW 51.44.010 and fifty percent of the amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(3) to be transferred from the medical aid fund created in RCW 51.44.020, to the general fund of the state treasury.
- (4) For bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(18), on each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the board of regents of the University of Washington shall cause the amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(4) to be paid out of University of Washington nonappropriated local funds to the state treasurer for deposit into the general fund of the state treasury.
- (5) For bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(20), on each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the state treasurer shall transfer the amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(5) from the public safety and education account created in RCW 43.08.250 to the general fund of the state treasury.
- (6) For bonds issued for the purposes of RCW 43.99H.020(4), on each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the state treasurer shall transfer from property taxes in the state general fund levied for the support of the common schools under RCW 84.52.065 to the general fund of the state treasury for unrestricted use the amount computed in RCW 43.99H.040(6).
- **Sec. 9.** RCW 43.99Q.120 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 9 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that it is necessary to complete the rehabilitation of the state legislative building, to extend the useful life of the building, and provide for the permanent relocation of offices displaced by the rehabilitation and create new space for public uses.

Furthermore, it is the intent of the legislature to fund the majority of the rehabilitation and construction using bonds repaid by the capitol building construction account, as provided for in the enabling act and dedicated by the federal government for the sole purpose of establishing a state capitol, to fund the cash elements of the project using capital project surcharge revenues in the Thurston county capital facilities account, and to support the establishment of a private foundation to engage the public in the preservation of the state legislative building and raise private funds for restoration and educational efforts. ((The bonds repaid by the capitol building construction account, whose revenues are from the sale of capitol building lands, timber, or other materials, shall be exempt from the state debt limit under RCW 39.42.060, and if at any time the capitol building construction account has insufficient revenues to repay the bonds, the legislature may provide additional means for the payment of the bonds, but any such additional means shall be subject to the state debt limit.))

Sec. 10. RCW 43.99Q.130 and 2001 2nd sp.s. c 9 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of providing funds for the planning, design, construction, and other necessary costs for the rehabilitation of the state legislative building, the state finance committee is authorized to issue general obligation bonds of the state of Washington in the sum of eighty-two million five hundred ten thousand dollars or as much thereof as may be required to finance the rehabilitation and improvements to the legislative building and all costs incidental thereto. The approved rehabilitation plan includes costs associated with earthquake repairs and future earthquake mitigation and allows for associated relocation costs and the acquisition of appropriate relocation space. ((Bonds authorized in this section shall not constitute indebtedness for purposes of the limitations set forth in RCW 39.42.060, to the extent that the bond payments are paid from the eapitol building construction account.)) Bonds authorized in this section may be sold at a price the state finance committee determines. No bonds authorized in this section may be offered for sale without prior legislative appropriation of the net proceeds of the sale of the bonds. The proceeds of the sale of the bonds issued for the purposes of this section shall be deposited in the capitol historic district construction account hereby created in the state treasury. These proceeds shall be used exclusively for the purposes specified in this section and for the payment of expenses incurred in the issuance and sale of the bonds issued for the purposes of this section, and shall be administered by the office of financial management subject to legislative appropriation.

Sec. 11. RCW 67.70.240 and 2001 c 3 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The moneys in the state lottery account shall be used only:

- (1) For the payment of prizes to the holders of winning lottery tickets or shares:
- (2) For purposes of making deposits into the reserve account created by RCW 67.70.250 and into the lottery administrative account created by RCW 67.70.260;
- (3) For purposes of making deposits into the education construction fund and student achievement fund created in RCW 43.135.045. For the transition period from July 1, 2001, until and including June 30, 2002, fifty percent of the moneys not otherwise obligated under this section shall be placed in the student achievement fund and fifty percent of these moneys shall be placed in the education construction fund. On and after July 1, 2002, until June 30, 2004, seventy-five percent of these moneys shall be placed in the student achievement fund and twenty-five percent shall be placed in the education construction fund. On and after July 1, 2004, all deposits not otherwise obligated under this section shall be placed in the education construction fund((. Moneys in the state lottery account deposited in the education construction fund and the student achievement fund are included in "general state revenues" under RCW 39.42.070));
- (4) For distribution to a county for the purpose of paying the principal and interest payments on bonds issued by the county to construct a baseball stadium, as defined in RCW 82.14.0485, including reasonably necessary preconstruction costs. Three million dollars shall be distributed under this subsection during calendar year 1996. During subsequent years, such distributions shall equal the prior year's distributions increased by four percent. Distributions under this subsection shall cease when the bonds issued for the construction of the baseball

stadium are retired, but not more than twenty years after the tax under RCW 82.14.0485 is first imposed;

- (5) For distribution to the stadium and exhibition center account, created in RCW 43.99N.060. Subject to the conditions of RCW 43.99N.070, six million dollars shall be distributed under this subsection during the calendar year 1998. During subsequent years, such distribution shall equal the prior year's distributions increased by four percent. No distribution may be made under this subsection after December 31, 1999, unless the conditions for issuance of the bonds under RCW 43.99N.020(2) are met. Distributions under this subsection shall cease when the bonds are retired, but not later than December 31, 2020;
- (6) For the purchase and promotion of lottery games and game-related services: and
 - (7) For the payment of agent compensation.

The office of financial management shall require the allotment of all expenses paid from the account and shall report to the ways and means committees of the senate and house of representatives any changes in the allotments.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** RCW 43.99N.110 (Bonds exempt from statutory indebtedness) and 1997 c 220 s 219 are each repealed.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** RCW 39.42.060 (Limitation on issuance of evidences of indebtedness—Annual computation of amount required to pay on outstanding debt) and 2008 c 179 s 301, 2003 c 147 s 13, 2002 c 240 s 7, 2001 2nd sp.s. c 9 s 18, 1999 c 273 s 9, 1997 c 220 s 220, & 1993 c 52 s 1 are each repealed.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2009.

Passed by the Senate March 11, 2009.

Passed by the House April 25, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 501

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1004]
ENERGY EFFICIENCY CODE—ADDITIONS—REMOVAL

AN ACT Relating to adding products to the energy efficiency code; and amending RCW 19.260.020, 19.260.030, 19.260.040, and 19.260.050.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 19.260.020 and 2006 c 194 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Automatic commercial ice cube machine" means a factory-made assembly, not necessarily shipped in one package, consisting of a condensing unit and ice-making section operating as an integrated unit with means for

making and harvesting ice cubes. It may also include integrated components for storing or dispensing ice, or both.

- (2) (("Ballast" means a device used with an electric discharge lamp to obtain necessary circuit conditions, such as voltage, current, and waveform, for starting and operating the lamp.
- (3) "Commercial clothes washer" means a soft mount horizontal or vertical-axis clothes washer that: (a) Has a clothes container compartment no greater than 3.5 cubic feet in the case of a horizontal-axis product or no greater than 4.0 cubic feet in the case of a vertical-axis product; and (b) is designed for use by more than one household, such as in multifamily housing, apartments, or coin laundries.
- (4) "Commercial prerinse spray valve" means a handheld device designed and marketed for use with commercial dishwashing and warewashing equipment and that sprays water on dishes, flatware, and other food service items for the purpose of removing food residue prior to their cleaning)) "Bottle-type water dispenser" means a water dispenser that uses a bottle or reservoir as the source of potable water.
- (3) "Commercial hot food holding cabinet" means a heated, fully enclosed compartment, with one or more solid or partial glass doors, that is designed to maintain the temperature of hot food that has been cooked in a separate appliance. "Commercial hot food holding cabinet" does not include heated glass merchandising cabinets, drawer warmers, or cook and hold appliances.
- (((5))) (4)(a) "Commercial refrigerators and freezers" means refrigerators, freezers, or refrigerator-freezers designed for use by commercial or institutional facilities for the purpose of storing or merchandising food products, beverages, or ice at specified temperatures that: (i) Incorporate most components involved in the vapor-compression cycle and the refrigerated compartment in a single cabinet; and (ii) may be configured with either solid or transparent doors as a reach-in cabinet, pass-through cabinet, roll-in cabinet, or roll-through cabinet.
- (b) "Commercial refrigerators and freezers" does not include: (i) Products with 85 cubic feet or more of internal volume; (ii) walk-in refrigerators or freezers; (iii) consumer products that are federally regulated pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6291 et seq.; (iv) products without doors; or (v) freezers specifically designed for ice cream.
- (((6))) (5) "Compensation" means money or any other valuable thing, regardless of form, received or to be received by a person for services rendered.
- (6) "Cook and hold appliance" means a multiple mode appliance intended for cooking food that may be used to hold the temperature of the food that has been cooked in the same appliance.
- (7) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and economic development.
- (8) (("High-intensity discharge lamp" means a lamp in which light is produced by the passage of an electric current through a vapor or gas, and in which the light-producing are is stabilized by bulb wall temperature and the are tube has a bulb wall loading in excess of three watts per square centimeter.
- (9) "Metal halide lamp" means a high-intensity discharge lamp in which the major portion of the light is produced by radiation of metal halides and their products of dissociation, possibly in combination with metallic vapors.

- (10) "Metal halide lamp fixture" means a light fixture designed to be operated with a metal halide lamp and a ballast for a metal halide lamp)) "Drawer warmer" means an appliance that consists of one or more heated drawers and that is designed to hold hot food that has been cooked in a separate appliance at a specified temperature.
- (9) "Heated glass merchandising cabinet" means an appliance with a heated cabinet constructed of glass or clear plastic doors which, with seventy percent or more clear area, is designed to display and maintain the temperature of hot food that has been cooked in a separate appliance.
- (10) "Hot water dispenser" means a small electric water heater that has a measured storage volume of no greater than one gallon.
- (11) "Mini-tank electric water heater" means a small electric water heater that has a measured storage volume of more than one gallon and a rated storage volume of less than twenty gallons.
- $(((\frac{11}{1})))$ (12) "Pass-through cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or freezer with hinged or sliding doors on both the front and rear of the unit.
- (((12) "Probe-start metal halide ballast" means a ballast used to operate metal halide lamps which does not contain an igniter and which instead starts lamps by using a third starting electrode "probe" in the are tube.))
- (13) "Point-of-use water dispenser" means a water dispenser that uses a pressurized water utility connection as the source of potable water.
- (14) "Pool heater" means an appliance designed for heating nonpotable water contained at atmospheric pressure for swimming pools, spas, hot tubs, and similar applications.
- (15) "Portable electric spa" means a factory-built electric spa or hot tub, supplied with equipment for heating and circulating water.
- (16) "Reach-in cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or freezer with hinged or sliding doors or lids, but does not include roll-in or roll-through cabinets or pass-through cabinets.
- (((14))) (17) "Residential pool pump" means a pump used to circulate and filter pool water in order to maintain clarity and sanitation.
- (18)(a) "Roll-in cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or freezer with hinged or sliding doors that allow wheeled racks of product to be rolled into the unit
- (b) "Roll-through cabinet" means a commercial refrigerator or freezer with hinged or sliding doors on two sides of the cabinet that allow wheeled racks of product to be rolled through the unit.
- (((15)(a) "Single-voltage external AC to DC power supply" means a device that: (i) Is designed to convert line voltage alternating current input into lower voltage direct current output; (ii) is able to convert to only one DC output voltage at a time; (iii) is sold with, or intended to be used with, a separate enduse product that constitutes the primary power load; (iv) is contained within a separate physical enclosure from the end-use product; (v) is connected to the end-use product via a removable or hard-wired male/female electrical connection, cable, cord, or other wiring; and (vi) has a nameplate output power less than or equal to 250 watts.
- (b) "Single-voltage external AC to DC power supply" does not include: (i) Products with batteries or battery packs that physically attach directly to the power supply unit; (ii) products with a battery chemistry or type selector switch

and indicator light; or (iii) products with a battery chemistry or type selector switch and a state of charge meter.

- (16))) (19) "Showerhead" means a device through which water is discharged for a shower bath.
- (20) "Showerhead tub spout diverter combination" means a group of plumbing fittings sold as a matched set and consisting of a control valve, a tub spout diverter, and a showerhead.
- (21) "State-regulated incandescent reflector lamp" means a lamp that is not colored or designed for rough or vibration service applications, ((that)) has an inner reflective coating on the outer bulb to direct the light, an E26 medium screw base, ((and)) a rated voltage or voltage range that lies at least partially within 115 to 130 volts, and ((that)) falls into one of the following categories:
- (a) A bulged reflector or elliptical reflector bulb shape and which has a diameter which equals or exceeds 2.25 inches; or
- (b) A reflector, parabolic aluminized reflector, or similar bulb shape and which has a diameter of 2.25 to 2.75 inches.
- (((17) "Transformer" means a device consisting of two or more coils of insulated wire and that is designed to transfer alternating current by electromagnetic induction from one coil to another to change the original voltage or current value.
- (18)(a) "Unit heater" means a self contained, vented fan type commercial space heater that uses natural gas or propane, and that is designed to be installed without ducts within a heated space.
- (b) "Unit heater" does not include any products covered by federal standards established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6291 et seq. or any product that is a direct vent, forced flue heater with a sealed combustion burner)) (22) "Tub spout diverter" means a device designed to stop the flow of water into a bathtub and to divert it so that the water discharges through a showerhead.
- (23) "Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual" means refrigerators designed and sold for the cooling and storage of wine by an individual.
- Sec. 2. RCW 19.260.030 and 2006 c 194 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) This chapter applies to the following types of new products sold, offered for sale, or installed in the state:
 - (a) Automatic commercial ice cube machines;
- (b) ((commercial clothes washers; (c) commercial prerinse spray valves; (d))) Commercial refrigerators and freezers; (((c) metal halide lamp fixtures; (f) single voltage external AC to DC power supplies; (g)))
 - (c) State-regulated incandescent reflector lamps; ((and (h) unit heaters))
 - (d) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual;
 - (e) Hot water dispensers and mini-tank electric water heaters;
 - (f) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water dispensers:
 - (g) Pool heaters, residential pool pumps, and portable electric spas;
 - (h) Tub spout diverters; and
 - (i) Commercial hot food holding cabinets.
- (2) This chapter applies equally to products whether they are sold, offered for sale, or installed as ((a)) stand-alone products or as ((a)) components of ((another)) other products.

- $((\frac{2}{2}))$ (3) This chapter does not apply to:
- (a) New products manufactured in the state and sold outside the state($(\frac{1}{2})$):
- (b) New products manufactured outside the state and sold at wholesale inside the state for final retail sale and installation outside the state((5));
- (c) Products installed in mobile manufactured homes at the time of construction((τ_1)); or
- (d) Products designed expressly for installation and use in recreational vehicles
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 19.260.040 and 2006 c 194 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((legislature establishes the following)) minimum efficiency standards ((for)) specified in this section apply to the types of new products set forth in RCW 19.260.030.

(1)(a) Automatic commercial ice cube machines must have daily energy use and daily water use no greater than the applicable values in the following table:

Equipment type	Type of cooling	Harvest rate (lbs. ice/24 hrs.)	Maximum energy use (kWh/100 lbs.)	Maximum condenser water use (gallons/100 lbs. ice)
Ice-making head	water	<500	7.800055H	200022H
		>=500<1436	5.580011H	200022H
		>=1436	4.0	200022H
Ice-making head	air	450	10.260086Н	Not applicable
		>=450	6.890011H	Not applicable
Remote condensing but not	air	<1000	8.850038	Not applicable
remote compressor		>=1000	5.10	Not applicable
Remote condensing and	air	<934	8.850038H	Not applicable
remote compressor		>=934	5.3	Not applicable
Self-contained models	water	<200	11.400190Н	1910315H
		>=200	7.60	1910315H
Self-contained models	air	<175	18.00469H	Not applicable
		>=175	9.80	Not applicable

Where H= harvest rate in pounds per twenty-four hours which must be reported within 5% of the tested value. "Maximum water use" applies only to water used for the condenser.

- (b) For purposes of this section, automatic commercial ice cube machines shall be tested in accordance with <u>the</u> ARI 810-2003 test method as published by the air-conditioning and refrigeration institute. Ice-making heads include all automatic commercial ice cube machines that are not split system ice makers or self-contained models as defined in ARI 810-2003.
- (2) ((Commercial clothes washers must have a minimum modified energy factor of 1.26. For the purposes of this section, capacity and modified energy factor are defined and measured in accordance with the current federal test method for clothes washers as found at 10 C.F.R. Sec. 430.23.
- (3) Commercial prerinse spray valves must have a flow rate equal to or less than 1.6 gallons per minute when measured in accordance with the American

society for testing and materials' "Standard Test Method for Prerinse Spray Valves," ASTM F2324-03.

(4)))(a) Commercial refrigerators and freezers must meet the applicable requirements listed in the following table:

Equipment Type	Doors	Maximum Daily Energy Consumption (kWh)
Reach-in cabinets, pass-through	Solid	0.10V+ 2.04
cabinets, and roll-in or roll-through cabinets that are refrigerators	Transparent	0.12V+ 3.34
Reach-in cabinets, pass-through cabinets, and roll-in or roll-through cabinets that are "pulldown" refrigerators	Transparent	.126V+ 3.51
Reach-in cabinets, pass-through	Solid	0.40V+ 1.38
cabinets, and roll-in or roll-through cabinets that are freezers	Transparent	0.75V+ 4.10
Reach-in cabinets that are refrigerator-freezers with an AV of 5.19 or higher	Solid	0.27AV - 0.71

kWh= kilowatt hours

 $V = total volume (ft^3)$

AV= adjusted volume= [1.63 x freezer volume (ft³)]+ refrigerator volume (ft³)

(b) For purposes of this section, "pulldown" designates products designed to take a fully stocked refrigerator with beverages at 90 degrees Fahrenheit and cool those beverages to a stable temperature of 38 degrees Fahrenheit within 12 hours or less. Daily energy consumption shall be measured in accordance with the American national standards institute/American society of heating, refrigerating and air-conditioning engineers test method 117-2002, except that the back-loading doors of pass-through and roll-through refrigerators and freezers must remain closed throughout the test, and except that the controls of all appliances must be adjusted to obtain the following product temperatures.

Product or compartment type	Integrated average product temperature in
	degrees Fahrenheit
Refrigerator	38 <u>+</u> 2
Freezer	0 <u>+</u> 2

(((5) Metal halide lamp fixtures designed to be operated with lamps rated greater than or equal to 150 watts but less than or equal to 500 watts shall not contain a probe-start metal halide lamp ballast.

(6)(a) Single-voltage external AC to DC power supplies shall meet the requirements in the following table:

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

Nameplate output	Minimum Efficiency in Active Mode
<1 Watt	0.49 * Nameplate Output
> or= 1 Watt and < or= 49 Watts	0.09 * Ln (Nameplate Output)+ 0.49
> 49 Watts	0.84
	Maximum Energy Consumption in No-Load Mode
< 10 Watts	0.5 Watts
> or= 10 Watts and < or= 250 Watts	0.75 Watts

Where Ln (Nameplate Output) - Natural Logarithm of the nameplate output expressed in Watts

- (b) For the purposes of this section, efficiency of single voltage external AC to DC power supplies shall be measured in accordance with the United States environmental protection agency's "Test Method for Calculating the Energy Efficiency of Single-Voltage External AC to DC and AC to AC Power Supplies," by Ecos Consulting and Power Electronics Application Center, dated August 11, 2004.
- (7))) (3)(a) The lamp electrical power input of state-regulated incandescent reflector lamps shall meet the minimum average lamp efficacy requirements for federally regulated incandescent reflector lamps ((eontained)) specified in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6295(i)(l)(A)-(B).
- (b) The following types of incandescent lamps are exempt from these requirements:
- (i) Lamps rated at fifty watts or less of the following types: BR 30, ER 30, BR 40, and ER 40;
- (ii) Lamps rated at sixty-five watts of the following types: BR 30, BR 40, and ER 40; and
 - (iii) R 20 lamps of forty-five watts or less.
- (((8) Unit heaters must be equipped with intermittent ignition devices and must have either power venting or an automatic flue damper.))
- (4)(a) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual must meet requirements specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1605.3 in effect as of the effective date of this section.
- (b) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual shall be tested in accordance with the method specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1604 in effect as of the effective date of this section.
- (5)(a) The standby energy consumption of bottle-type water dispensers, and point-of-use water dispensers, dispensing both hot and cold water, manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, shall not exceed 1.2 kWh/day.
- (b) The test method for water dispensers shall be the environmental protection agency energy star program requirements for bottled water coolers version 1.1.
- (6)(a) The standby energy consumption of hot water dispensers and minitank electric water heaters manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, shall be not greater than 35 watts.
 - (b) This subsection does not apply to any water heater:
 - (i) That is within the scope of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6292(a)(4) or 6311(1);
 - (ii) That has a rated storage volume of less than 20 gallons; and
- (iii) For which there is no federal test method applicable to that type of water heater.

- (c) Hot water dispensers shall be tested in accordance with the method specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1604 in effect as of the effective date of this section.
- (d) Mini-tank electric water heaters shall be tested in accordance with the method specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1604 in effect as of the effective date of this section.
- (7) The following standards are established for pool heaters, residential pool pumps, and portable electric spas:
- (a) Natural gas pool heaters shall not be equipped with constant burning pilots.
- (b) Residential pool pump motors manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, must meet requirements specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1605.3 in effect as of the effective date of this section.
- (c) Portable electric spas manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, must meet requirements specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1605.3 in effect as of the effective date of this section.
- (d) Portable electric spas must be tested in accordance with the method specified in the California Code of Regulations, Title 20, section 1604 in effect as of the effective date of this section,
- (8)(a) The leakage rate of tub spout diverters shall be no greater than the applicable requirements shown in the following table:

Maximum Leakage Rate

<u>Appliance Testing Conditions Effective January 1, 2009</u>

When new 0.01 gpm
Tub spout diverters After 15,000 0.05 gpm

cycles of diverting

- (b) Showerhead tub spout diverter combinations shall meet both the federal standard for showerheads established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6291 et seq. and the standard for tub spout diverters specified in this section.
- (9)(a) The idle energy rate of commercial hot food holding cabinets manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, shall be no greater than 40 watts per cubic foot of measured interior volume.
- (b) The idle energy rate of commercial hot food holding cabinets shall be determined using ANSI/ASTM F2140-01 standard test method for the performance of hot food holding cabinets (test for idle energy rate dry test). Commercial hot food holding cabinet interior volume shall be calculated using straight line segments following the gross interior dimensions of the appliance and using the following equation: Interior height x interior width x interior depth. Interior volume shall not account for racks, air plenums, or other interior parts.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 19.260.050 and 2006 c 194 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) No new ((commercial prerinse spray valve, commercial clothes washer,)) commercial refrigerator or freezer((,)) or state-regulated incandescent reflector lamp((, or unit heater)) manufactured on or after January 1, 2007, may be sold or offered for sale in the state unless the efficiency of the new product

meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040. No new automatic commercial ice cube machine((, single-voltage external AC to DC power supply, or metal halide lamp fixtures)) manufactured on or after January 1, 2008, may be sold or offered for sale in the state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040.

- (2) On or after January 1, 2008, no new ((commercial prerinse spray valve, commercial clothes washer,)) commercial refrigerator or freezer((, single-voltage external AC to DC power supply,)) or state-regulated incandescent reflector lamp((, or unit heater)) manufactured on or after January 1, 2007, may be installed for compensation in the state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040. On or after January 1, 2009, no new automatic commercial ice cube machine ((or metal halide lamp fixtures)) manufactured on or after January 1, 2008, may be installed for compensation in the state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040.
- (3) Standards for ((metal halide lamp fixtures and)) state-regulated incandescent reflector lamps are effective on the dates specified in subsections (1) and (2) of this section.
- (4) The following products, if manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, may not be sold or offered in the state unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040:
 - (a) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual;
 - (b) Hot water dispensers and mini-tank electric water heaters;
 - (c) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water dispensers;
 - (d) Pool heaters, residential pool pumps, and portable electric spas;
 - (e) Tub spout diverters; and
 - (f) Commercial hot food holding cabinets.
- (5) The following products, if manufactured on or after January 1, 2010, may not be installed for compensation in the state on or after January 1, 2011, unless the efficiency of the new product meets or exceeds the efficiency standards set forth in RCW 19.260.040:
 - (a) Wine chillers designed and sold for use by an individual;
 - (b) Hot water dispensers and mini-tank electric water heaters;
 - (c) Bottle-type water dispensers and point-of-use water dispensers;
 - (d) Pool heaters, residential pool pumps, and portable electric spas;
 - (e) Tub spout diverters; and
 - (f) Commercial hot food holding cabinets.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Passed by the House April 16, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 13, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 502

[Substitute House Bill 1170]

PARENTING PLAN MODIFICATIONS—MILITARY SERVICE

AN ACT Relating to the modification of parenting plans based on the military service of a parent; and amending RCW 26.09.004, 26.09.010, and 26.09.260.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 26.09.004 and 2008 c 6 s 1003 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

- (1) "Temporary parenting plan" means a plan for parenting of the child pending final resolution of any action for dissolution of marriage or domestic partnership, declaration of invalidity, or legal separation which is incorporated in a temporary order.
- (2) "Permanent parenting plan" means a plan for parenting the child, including allocation of parenting functions, which plan is incorporated in any final decree or decree of modification in an action for dissolution of marriage or domestic partnership, declaration of invalidity, or legal separation.
- (3) "Parenting functions" means those aspects of the parent-child relationship in which the parent makes decisions and performs functions necessary for the care and growth of the child. Parenting functions include:
- (a) Maintaining a loving, stable, consistent, and nurturing relationship with the child;
- (b) Attending to the daily needs of the child, such as feeding, clothing, physical care and grooming, supervision, health care, and day care, and engaging in other activities which are appropriate to the developmental level of the child and that are within the social and economic circumstances of the particular family;
- (c) Attending to adequate education for the child, including remedial or other education essential to the best interests of the child;
- (d) Assisting the child in developing and maintaining appropriate interpersonal relationships;
- (e) Exercising appropriate judgment regarding the child's welfare, consistent with the child's developmental level and the family's social and economic circumstances; and
 - (f) Providing for the financial support of the child.
- (4) "Military duties potentially impacting parenting functions" means those obligations imposed, voluntarily or involuntarily, on a parent serving in the armed forces that may interfere with that parent's abilities to perform his or her parenting functions under a temporary or permanent parenting plan. Military duties potentially impacting parenting functions include, but are not limited to:
- (a) "Deployment," which means the temporary transfer of a service member serving in an active-duty status to another location in support of a military operation, to include any tour of duty classified by the member's branch of the armed forces as "remote" or "unaccompanied";
- (b) "Activation" or "mobilization," which means the call-up of a national guard or reserve service member to extended active-duty status. For purposes of this definition, "mobilization" does not include national guard or reserve annual training, inactive duty days, or drill weekends; or

- (c) "Temporary duty," which means the transfer of a service member from one military base or the service member's home to a different location, usually another base, for a limited period of time to accomplish training or to assist in the performance of a noncombat mission.
- Sec. 2. RCW 26.09.010 and 2008 c 6 s 1004 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as otherwise specifically provided herein, the practice in civil action shall govern all proceedings under this chapter, except that trial by jury is dispensed with.
- (2) A proceeding for dissolution of marriage or domestic partnership, legal separation or a declaration concerning the validity of a marriage or domestic partnership shall be entitled "In re the marriage of and " or "In re the domestic partnership of and " Such proceedings may be filed in the superior court of the county where the petitioner resides.
- (3) In cases where there has been no prior proceeding in this state involving the marital or domestic partnership status of the parties or support obligations for a minor child, a separate parenting and support proceeding between the parents shall be entitled "In re the parenting and support of "
- (4) The initial pleading in all proceedings under this chapter shall be denominated a petition. A responsive pleading shall be denominated a response. Other pleadings, and all pleadings in other matters under this chapter shall be denominated as provided in the civil rules for superior court.
 - (5) In this chapter, "decree" includes "judgment".
- (6) A decree of dissolution, of legal separation, or a declaration concerning the validity of a marriage or domestic partnership shall not be awarded to one of the parties, but shall provide that it affects the status previously existing between the parties in the manner decreed.
- (7) In order to provide a means by which to facilitate a fair, efficient, and swift process to resolve matters regarding custody and visitation when a parent serving in the armed forces receives temporary duty, deployment, activation, or mobilization orders from the military, the court shall, upon motion of such a parent:
- (a) For good cause shown, hold an expedited hearing in custody and visitation matters instituted under this chapter when the military duties of the parent have a material effect on the parent's ability, or anticipated ability, to appear in person at a regularly scheduled hearing; and
- (b) Upon reasonable advance notice to the affected parties and for good cause shown, allow the parent to present testimony and evidence by electronic means in custody and visitation matters instituted under this chapter when the military duties of the parent have a material effect on the parent's ability to appear in person at a regularly scheduled hearing. The phrase "electronic means" includes communication by telephone, video teleconference, or the internet.
- Sec. 3. RCW 26.09.260 and 2000 c 21 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (4), (5), (6), (8), and (10) of this section, the court shall not modify a prior custody decree or a parenting plan unless it finds, upon the basis of facts that have arisen since the prior decree or

plan or that were unknown to the court at the time of the prior decree or plan, that a substantial change has occurred in the circumstances of the child or the nonmoving party and that the modification is in the best interest of the child and is necessary to serve the best interests of the child. The effect of a parent's military duties potentially impacting parenting functions shall not, by itself, be a substantial change of circumstances justifying a permanent modification of a prior decree or plan.

- (2) In applying these standards, the court shall retain the residential schedule established by the decree or parenting plan unless:
 - (a) The parents agree to the modification;
- (b) The child has been integrated into the family of the petitioner with the consent of the other parent in substantial deviation from the parenting plan;
- (c) The child's present environment is detrimental to the child's physical, mental, or emotional health and the harm likely to be caused by a change of environment is outweighed by the advantage of a change to the child; or
- (d) The court has found the nonmoving parent in contempt of court at least twice within three years because the parent failed to comply with the residential time provisions in the court-ordered parenting plan, or the parent has been convicted of custodial interference in the first or second degree under RCW 9A.40.060 or 9A.40.070.
- (3) A conviction of custodial interference in the first or second degree under RCW 9A.40.060 or 9A.40.070 shall constitute a substantial change of circumstances for the purposes of this section.
- (4) The court may reduce or restrict contact between the child and the parent with whom the child does not reside a majority of the time if it finds that the reduction or restriction would serve and protect the best interests of the child using the criteria in RCW 26.09.191.
- (5) The court may order adjustments to the residential aspects of a parenting plan upon a showing of a substantial change in circumstances of either parent or of the child, and without consideration of the factors set forth in subsection (2) of this section, if the proposed modification is only a minor modification in the residential schedule that does not change the residence the child is scheduled to reside in the majority of the time and:
 - (a) Does not exceed twenty-four full days in a calendar year; or
- (b) Is based on a change of residence of the parent with whom the child does not reside the majority of the time or an involuntary change in work schedule by a parent which makes the residential schedule in the parenting plan impractical to follow; or
- (c) Does not result in a schedule that exceeds ninety overnights per year in total, if the court finds that, at the time the petition for modification is filed, the decree of dissolution or parenting plan does not provide reasonable time with the parent with whom the child does not reside a majority of the time, and further, the court finds that it is in the best interests of the child to increase residential time with the parent in excess of the residential time period in (a) of this subsection. However, any motion under this subsection (5)(c) is subject to the factors established in subsection (2) of this section if the party bringing the petition has previously been granted a modification under this same subsection within twenty-four months of the current motion. Relief granted under this section shall not be the sole basis for adjusting or modifying child support.

- (6) The court may order adjustments to the residential aspects of a parenting plan pursuant to a proceeding to permit or restrain a relocation of the child. The person objecting to the relocation of the child or the relocating person's proposed revised residential schedule may file a petition to modify the parenting plan, including a change of the residence in which the child resides the majority of the time, without a showing of adequate cause other than the proposed relocation itself. A hearing to determine adequate cause for modification shall not be required so long as the request for relocation of the child is being pursued. In making a determination of a modification pursuant to relocation of the child, the court shall first determine whether to permit or restrain the relocation of the child using the procedures and standards provided in RCW 26.09.405 through 26.09.560. Following that determination, the court shall determine what modification pursuant to relocation should be made, if any, to the parenting plan or custody order or visitation order.
- (7) A parent with whom the child does not reside a majority of the time and whose residential time with the child is subject to limitations pursuant to RCW 26.09.191 (2) or (3) may not seek expansion of residential time under subsection (5)(c) of this section unless that parent demonstrates a substantial change in circumstances specifically related to the basis for the limitation.
- (8)(a) If a parent with whom the child does not reside a majority of the time voluntarily fails to exercise residential time for an extended period, that is, one year or longer, the court upon proper motion may make adjustments to the parenting plan in keeping with the best interests of the minor child.
- (b) For the purposes of determining whether the parent has failed to exercise residential time for one year or longer, the court may not count any time periods during which the parent did not exercise residential time due to the effect of the parent's military duties potentially impacting parenting functions.
- (9) A parent with whom the child does not reside a majority of the time who is required by the existing parenting plan to complete evaluations, treatment, parenting, or other classes may not seek expansion of residential time under subsection (5)(c) of this section unless that parent has fully complied with such requirements.
- (10) The court may order adjustments to any of the nonresidential aspects of a parenting plan upon a showing of a substantial change of circumstances of either parent or of a child, and the adjustment is in the best interest of the child. Adjustments ordered under this section may be made without consideration of the factors set forth in subsection (2) of this section.
- (11) If the parent with whom the child resides a majority of the time receives temporary duty, deployment, activation, or mobilization orders from the military that involve moving a substantial distance away from the parent's residence or otherwise would have a material effect on the parent's ability to exercise parenting functions and primary placement responsibilities, then:
- (a) Any temporary custody order for the child during the parent's absence shall end no later than ten days after the returning parent provides notice to the temporary custodian, but shall not impair the discretion of the court to conduct an expedited or emergency hearing for resolution of the child's residential placement upon return of the parent and within ten days of the filing of a motion alleging an immediate danger of irreparable harm to the child. If a motion

alleging immediate danger has not been filed, the motion for an order restoring the previous residential schedule shall be granted; and

- (b) The temporary duty, activation, mobilization, or deployment and the temporary disruption to the child's schedule shall not be a factor in a determination of change of circumstances if a motion is filed to transfer residential placement from the parent who is a military service member.
- (12) If a parent receives military temporary duty, deployment, activation, or mobilization orders that involve moving a substantial distance away from the military parent's residence or otherwise have a material effect on the military parent's ability to exercise residential time or visitation rights, at the request of the military parent, the court may delegate the military parent's residential time or visitation rights, or a portion thereof, to a child's family member, including a stepparent, or another person other than a parent, with a close and substantial relationship to the minor child for the duration of the military parent's absence, if delegating residential time or visitation rights is in the child's best interest. The court may not permit the delegation of residential time or visitation rights to a person who would be subject to limitations on residential time under RCW 26.09.191. The parties shall attempt to resolve disputes regarding delegation of residential time or visitation rights through the dispute resolution process specified in their parenting plan, unless excused by the court for good cause shown. Such a court-ordered temporary delegation of a military parent's residential time or visitation rights does not create separate rights to residential time or visitation for a person other than a parent.
- (13) If the court finds that a motion to modify a prior decree or parenting plan has been brought in bad faith, the court shall assess the attorney's fees and court costs of the nonmoving parent against the moving party.

Passed by the House April 24, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 503

[House Bill 1287]

TAX EXEMPTIONS—COMMUTER AIR CARRIERS

AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax exemptions in respect to aircraft used in intrastate commuter operations; and amending RCW 82.08.0262 and 82.12.0254.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 82.08.0262 and 1998 c 311 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 ((shall)) does not apply to:
- (a) Sales of airplanes((5)) (i) to the United States government; (ii) for use in conducting interstate or foreign commerce; or (iii) for use in providing intrastate air transportation by a commuter air carrier;
- (b) Sales of locomotives, railroad cars, or watercraft for use in conducting interstate or foreign commerce by transporting therein or therewith property and persons for hire or for use in conducting commercial deep sea fishing operations

outside the territorial waters of the state ((or airplanes sold to the United States government; also));

- (c) Sales of tangible personal property ((which)) that becomes a component part of such airplanes, locomotives, railroad cars, or watercraft, and of motor vehicles or trailers whether owned by or leased with or without drivers and used by the holder of a carrier permit issued by the interstate commerce commission or its successor agency authorizing transportation by motor vehicle across the boundaries of this state, in the course of constructing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the same; ((also)) and
- (d) Sales of or charges made for labor and services rendered in respect to such constructing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving.
- (2) The term "commuter air carrier" means an air carrier holding authority under Title 14, part 298 of the code of federal regulations that carries passengers on at least five round trips per week on at least one route between two or more points according to its published flight schedules that specify the times, days of the week, and places between which those flights are performed.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 82.12.0254 and 2003 c 5 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The provisions of this chapter ((shall)) \underline{do} not apply in respect to the use of:
- (a) Any airplane((5)) used primarily in (i) conducting interstate or foreign commerce or (ii) providing intrastate air transportation by a commuter air carrier as defined in RCW 82.08.0262;
- (b) Any locomotive, railroad car, or watercraft used primarily in conducting interstate or foreign commerce by transporting therein or therewith property and persons for hire or used primarily in commercial deep sea fishing operations outside the territorial waters of the state((, and in respect to use of)):
- (c) Tangible personal property ((which)) that becomes a component part of any such airplane, locomotive, railroad car, or watercraft in the course of repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the same; ((also the use of)) and
- (d) Labor and services rendered in respect to such repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving.
- (2) The provisions of this chapter ((shall)) do not apply in respect to the use by a nonresident of this state of any motor vehicle or trailer used exclusively in transporting persons or property across the boundaries of this state and in intrastate operations incidental thereto when such motor vehicle or trailer is registered and licensed in a foreign state and in respect to the use by a nonresident of this state of any motor vehicle or trailer so registered and licensed and used within this state for a period not exceeding fifteen consecutive days under such rules as the department ((of revenue shall)) must adopt((: PROVIDED, That)). However, under circumstances determined to be justifiable by the department ((of revenue)) a second fifteen day period may be authorized consecutive with the first fifteen day period; and for the purposes of this exemption the term "nonresident" as used herein((, shall include)) includes a user who has one or more places of business in this state as well as in one or more other states, but the exemption for nonresidents ((shall apply)) applies only to those vehicles which are most frequently dispatched, garaged, serviced, maintained, and operated from the user's place of business in another state.

(3) The provisions of this chapter ((shall)) do not apply in respect to the use by the holder of a carrier permit issued by the interstate commerce commission or its successor agency of any motor vehicle or trailer whether owned by or leased with or without driver to the permit holder and used in substantial part in the normal and ordinary course of the user's business for transporting therein persons or property for hire across the boundaries of this state; and in respect to the use of any motor vehicle or trailer while being operated under the authority of a one-transit permit issued by the director of licensing pursuant to RCW 46.16.160 and moving upon the highways from the point of delivery in this state to a point outside this state; and in respect to the use of tangible personal property which becomes a component part of any motor vehicle or trailer used by the holder of a carrier permit issued by the interstate commerce commission or its successor agency authorizing transportation by motor vehicle across the boundaries of this state whether such motor vehicle or trailer is owned by or leased with or without driver to the permit holder, in the course of repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the same; also the use of labor and services rendered in respect to such repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving.

Passed by the House March 10, 2009.
Passed by the Senate April 25, 2009.
Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 504

[Substitute House Bill 1332]

WATERSHED MANAGEMENT PARTNERSHIP—EMINENT DOMAIN

AN ACT Relating to the authority of a watershed management partnership to exercise powers of its forming governments; and adding a new section to chapter 39.34 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 39.34 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) As limited in subsection (3) of this section, a watershed management partnership formed or qualified under the authority of RCW 39.34.200 and 39.34.210, including the separate legal entity established by such a partnership under RCW 39.34.030(3)(b) to conduct the cooperative undertaking of the partnership under the same statutory authority, may exercise the power of eminent domain as provided in chapter 8.12 RCW.
- (2) The eminent domain authority granted under subsection (1) of this section may be exercised only for those utility purposes for which the watershed partnership was formed and is limited solely to providing water services to its customers.
- (3) Subsection (1) of this section applies only to a watershed management partnership that:
- (a) Was formed or qualified before July 1, 2006, under the authority of RCW 39.34.200 and 39.34.210;
- (b) Is not engaged in planning or in implementing a plan for a water resource inventory area under the terms of chapter 90.82 RCW;

- (c) Is composed entirely of cities and water-sewer districts authorized to exercise the power of eminent domain in the manner provided by chapter 8.12 RCW; and
- (d) Is governed by a board of directors consisting entirely of elected officials from the cities and water-sewer districts that constitute the watershed management partnership.
- (4) A watershed management partnership exercising authority under this section shall:
 - (a) Comply with the notice requirements of RCW 8.25.290;
- (b) Provide notice to the city, town, or county with jurisdiction over the subject property by certified mail thirty days prior to the partnership board authorizing condemnation; and
- (c) With any city that is not a member of the watershed management partnership and that has water or sewer service areas within one-half mile of Lake Tapps or water or sewer service areas within five miles upstream from Lake Tapps along the White river, enter into an interlocal agreement to allow eminent domain within that city prior to exercising eminent domain authority under this section.
- (5) The legislature is currently unaware of any information suggesting that the expected use by the watershed management partnership of the Lake Tapps water supply will have a significantly adverse effect on surrounding communities. However, if the watershed management partnership's Lake Tapps water supply operations result in a negative impact to the water supplies of a city that is not a member of the watershed management partnership and the city has water or sewer service areas within one-half mile of Lake Tapps or water or sewer service areas within five miles upstream from Lake Tapps along the White river, the city claiming a negative impact under this subsection must notify the watershed management partnership of their claim and give the partnership at least sixty days to resolve the claimed impact. If the watershed management partnership fails to resolve the claimed negative impact or disputes that the negative impact exists, the city claiming the negative impact under this subsection may pursue existing legal remedies in accordance with state and federal law. If a court determines that a negative impact has occurred as provided under this subsection, the watershed management partnership shall implement a remedy acceptable to the claiming city. If the affected city or cities and the watershed management partnership cannot agree on the terms required under this subsection, the court shall establish the terms for the remedy required under this subsection.

Passed by the House April 25, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 23, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 505

[Substitute House Bill 1420]

REAL ESTATE SELLER DISCLOSURE

AN ACT Relating to real estate seller disclosure; amending RCW 64.06.005, 64.06.015, 64.06.020, and 64.06.040; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 64.06.005 and 2007 c 107 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Improved residential real property" means:
- (a) Real property consisting of, or improved by, one to four residential dwelling units;
- (b) A residential condominium as defined in RCW 64.34.020(9), unless the sale is subject to the public offering statement requirement in the Washington condominium act, chapter 64.34 RCW;
- (c) A residential timeshare, as defined in RCW 64.36.010(11), unless subject to written disclosure under the Washington timeshare act, chapter 64.36 RCW; or
- (d) A mobile or manufactured home, as defined in RCW 43.22.335 or 46.04.302, that is personal property.
- (2) "Residential real property" means both improved and unimproved residential real property.
- (3) "Seller disclosure statement" means the form to be completed by the seller of residential real property as prescribed by this chapter.
- (4) "Unimproved residential real property" means property zoned for residential use that is not improved by residential dwelling units, a residential condominium, a residential timeshare, or a mobile or manufactured home. It does not include property defined as "timber land" under RCW 84.34.020.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 64.06.015 and 2007 c 107 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) In a transaction for the sale of unimproved residential real property, the seller shall, unless the buyer has expressly waived the right to receive the disclosure statement under RCW 64.06.010, or unless the transfer is otherwise exempt under RCW 64.06.010, deliver to the buyer a completed seller disclosure statement in the following format and that contains, at a minimum, the following information:

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE SELLER

Please complete the following form. Do not leave any spaces blank. If the question clearly does not apply to the property write "NA." If the answer is "yes" to any * items, please explain on attached sheets. Please refer to the line number(s) of the question(s) when you provide your explanation(s). For your protection you must date and sign each page of this disclosure statement and each attachment. Delivery of the disclosure statement must occur not later than five business days, unless otherwise agreed, after mutual acceptance of a written contract to purchase between a buyer and a seller.

NOTICE TO THE BUYER

THE FOLLOWING DISCLOSURES ARE MADE BY SELLER ABOUT THE CONDITION OF THE PROPERTY LOCATED AT......("THE PROPERTY"), OR AS LEGALLY DESCRIBED ON ATTACHED EXHIBIT A

SELLER MAKES THE FOLLOWING DISCLOSURES OF EXISTING MATERIAL FACTS OR MATERIAL DEFECTS TO BUYER BASED ON SELLER'S ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE PROPERTY AT THE TIME SELLER COMPLETES THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. UNLESS YOU AND SELLER OTHERWISE AGREE IN WRITING, YOU HAVE THREE BUSINESS DAYS FROM THE DAY SELLER OR SELLER'S AGENT DELIVERS THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT TO YOU TO RESCIND THE AGREEMENT BY DELIVERING A SEPARATELY SIGNED WRITTEN STATEMENT OF RESCISSION TO SELLER OR SELLER'S AGENT. IF THE SELLER DOES NOT GIVE YOU A COMPLETED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, THEN YOU MAY WAIVE THE RIGHT TO RESCIND PRIOR TO OR AFTER THE TIME YOU ENTER INTO A SALE AGREEMENT.

THE FOLLOWING ARE DISCLOSURES MADE BY SELLER AND ARE NOT THE REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY REAL ESTATE LICENSEE OR OTHER PARTY. THIS INFORMATION IS FOR DISCLOSURE ONLY AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE A PART OF ANY WRITTEN AGREEMENT BETWEEN BUYER AND SELLER.

FOR A MORE COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION OF THE SPECIFIC CONDITION OF THIS PROPERTY YOU ARE ADVISED TO OBTAIN AND PAY FOR THE SERVICES OF QUALIFIED EXPERTS TO INSPECT THE MAY INCLUDE, PROPERTY. WHICH WITHOUT LIMITATION. SURVEYORS, ARCHITECTS. ENGINEERS. LAND PLUMBERS. ELECTRICIANS. ROOFERS, BUILDING INSPECTORS. ON-SITE WASTEWATER TREATMENT INSPECTORS, OR STRUCTURAL PEST INSPECTORS. THE PROSPECTIVE BUYER AND SELLER MAY WISH TO ADVICE OR PROFESSIONAL INSPECTIONS OF PROPERTY OR TO PROVIDE APPROPRIATE PROVISIONS IN A CONTRACT BETWEEN THEM WITH RESPECT TO ANY ADVICE, INSPECTION, DEFECTS OR WARRANTIES.

Seller . . . is/ . . . is not occupying the property.

I. SELLER'S DISCLOSURES:

If you answer "Yes" to a question with an asterisk (), please explain your answer and attach documents, if available and not otherwise publicly recorded. If necessary, use an attached sheet.

1. TITLE

[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	A. Do you have legal authority to sell the
			property? If no, please explain.
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*B. Is title to the property subject to any of the
			following?
			(1) First right of refusal
			(2) Option
			(3) Lease or rental agreement
			(4) Life estate?
[]Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*C. Are there any encroachments, boundary
			agreements, or boundary disputes?
[]Yes	[] No	Don't know	*D. Is there a private road or easement
		.,	agreement for access to the property?
[]Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*E. Are there any rights-of-way, easements, or
		.,	access limitations that ((may)) affect the Buyer's
			use of the property?

[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*F. Are there any written agreements for joint
[] Vos	[] No	[] Don't Imovy	maintenance of an easement or right-of-way?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*G. Is there any study, survey project, or notice that would adversely affect the property?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*H. Are there any pending or existing
			assessments against the property?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*I. Are there any zoning violations,
			nonconforming uses, or any unusual restrictions
			on the property that ((would)) affect future construction or remodeling?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*J. Is there a boundary survey for the property?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*K. Are there any covenants, conditions, or
			restrictions ((which affect)) recorded against title
			to the property?
			2. WATER
[] V	f l NI-	[] Dault language	A. Household Water
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	(1) Does the property have potable water supply?
			(2) If yes, the source of water for the property is:
			[] Private or publicly owned water system
			[] Private well serving only the property
			*[] Other water system
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*If shared, are there any written agreements?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(3) Is there an easement (recorded or
			unrecorded) for access to and/or maintenance of the water source?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(4) Are there any ((known)) problems or
[] 100	[]1.0	[]20111111011	repairs needed?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	(5) Is there a connection or hook-up charge
			payable before the property can be connected to
[] Vac	[] No	[] Doubt Irmove	the water main?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	(6) Have you obtained a certificate of water availability from the water purveyor serving the
			property? (If yes, please attach a copy.)
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	(7) Is there a water right permit, certificate, or
			claim associated with household water supply for
f 3 X7	F 3 3 Y	[15] t.1	the property? (If yes, please attach a copy.)
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	(a) If yes, has the water right permit, certificate,
			or claim been assigned, transferred, or changed? *(b) If yes, has all or any portion of the water
			right not been used for five or more successive
			years? (((If yes, please explain.)))
f 1 37	C I NI	[]D	() IC 1 1/1 1 1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1 1/1 1/
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	(c) If no or don't know, is the water withdrawn from the water source less than 5,000 gallons a
			day?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(8) Are there any defects in the operation of the
	.,		water system (e.g., pipes, tank, pump, etc.)?
			B. Irrigation Water
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	(1) Are there any irrigation water rights for the
			property, such as a water right permit, certificate,
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	or claim? (If yes, please attach a copy.) (a) If yes, has all or any portion of the water right
[] 105	[] 110	[] Don't know	not been used for five or more successive years?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	(b) If yes, has the water right permit, certificate,
			or claim been assigned, transferred, or changed?

Ch. 505

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(2) Does the property receive irrigation water from a ditch company, irrigation district, or other entity? If so, please identify the entity that supplies irrigation water to the property:
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	C. Outdoor Sprinkler System (1) Is there an outdoor sprinkler system for the property?
[] Yes [] Yes	[] No [] No	[] Don't know [] Don't know	*(2) If yes, are there any defects in the system? *(3) If yes, is the sprinkler system connected to irrigation water? 3. SEWER/SEPTIC SYSTEM A. The property is served by: [] Public sewer system [] On-site sewage system (including pipes, tanks, drainfields, and all other component parts) [] Other disposal system, please describe:
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	B. Is the property subject to any sewage system fees or charges in addition to those covered in your regularly billed sewer or on-site sewage system maintenance service? C. If the property is connected to an on-site
[]Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	sewage system: *(1) Was a permit issued for its construction?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(2) Was it approved by the local health department or district following its construction?
[] Yes [] Yes [] Yes	[] No [] No [] No	[] Don't know [] Don't know [] Don't know	(3) Is the septic system a pressurized system?(4) Is the septic system a gravity system?*(5) Have there been any changes or repairs to
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	the on-site sewage system? (6) Is the on-site sewage system, including the drainfield, located entirely within the boundaries of the property? If no, please explain:
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(7) Does the on-site sewage system require monitoring and maintenance services more frequently than once a year? ((If yes, please explain:))
[] Yes [] Yes [] Yes [] Yes [] Yes	[]No []No []No []No []No	[] Don't know [] Don't know [] Don't know [] Don't know [] Don't know	4. ELECTRICAL/GAS A. Is the property served by natural gas? B. Is there a connection charge for gas? C. Is the property served by electricity? D. Is there a connection charge for electricity? *E. Are there any electrical problems on the property? ((If yes, please explain:))
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	5. FLOODING A. ((Are there any flooding, standing water, or drainage problems on the property or affecting access to the property? If yes, please explain:
[] Yes	[-] No	[] Don't know	B-)) Is the property located in a government designated flood zone or floodplain?

[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	6. SOIL STABILITY *A. Are there any settlement, earth movement, slides, or similar soil problems on the property? ((If yes, please explain:
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	B. Does any part of the property contain fill dirt, waste, or other fill material? If yes, please explain:))
			7. ENVIRONMENTAL
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*A. Have there been any <u>flooding, standing</u> <u>water, or</u> drainage problems on the property that <u>affect the property or access to the property?</u>
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*B. Does any part of the property contain fill dirt, waste, or other fill material?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*C. Is there any material damage to the property from fire, wind, floods, beach movements, earthquake, expansive soils, or landslides?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	D. Are there any shorelines, wetlands, floodplains, or critical areas on the property?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*E. Are there any substances, materials, or products <u>in or</u> on the property that may be environmental concerns, such as asbestos, formaldehyde, radon gas, lead-based paint, fuel or chemical storage tanks, or contaminated soil
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	or water? *F. Has the property been used for commercial or industrial purposes?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*G. Is there any soil or groundwater contamination?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*H. Are there transmission poles((, transformers, -)) or other electrical utility equipment installed, maintained, or buried on the property that do not provide utility service to the
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*I. Has the property been used as a legal or
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	illegal dumping site? *J. Has the property been used as an illegal drug manufacturing site?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*K. Are there any radio towers ((in the area)) that ((may)) cause interference with cellular telephone reception? 8. HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION/ COMMON INTERESTS
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	A. Is there a homeowners' association? Name of association:
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	B. Are there regular periodic assessments: \$per[] Month[] Year [] Other
[] Yes [] Yes	[] No [] No	[] Don't know [] Don't know	*C. Are there any pending special assessments? *D. Are there any shared "common areas" or any joint maintenance agreements (facilities such as walls, fences, landscaping, pools, tennis courts, walkways, or other areas co-owned in undivided interest with others)?

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

0 OTHED FACTS

[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*A. Are there any disagreements, disputes, encroachments, or legal actions concerning the property? ((If yes, please explain:))
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*B. Does the property have any plants or wildlife that are designated as species ((or [of])) of concern, or listed as threatened or endangered
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	by the government? *C. Is the property classified or designated as forest land or open space? ((If so, specify:))
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	D. Do you have a forest management plan? If
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	yes, attach. *E. Have any development-related permit applications been submitted to any government agencies? ((If so, specify:))
			If the answer to E is "yes," what is the status or outcome of those applications?
[]Yes	[]No	[] Don't know	10. FULL DISCLOSURE BY SELLERS A. Other conditions or defects: *Are there any other existing material defects affecting the property that a prospective buyer should know about? B. Verification: The foregoing answers and attached explanations (if any) are complete and correct to the best of my/our knowledge and I/we have received a copy hereof. I/we authorize all of my/our real estate licensees, if any, to deliver a copy of this disclosure statement to other real estate licensees and all prospective buyers of the property.
DATE		SELLER	SELLER
NOTICE TO BUYER INFORMATION REGARDING REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS MAY BE OBTAINED FROM LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES. THIS NOTICE IS INTENDED ONLY TO INFORM YOU OF WHERE TO OBTAIN THIS INFORMATION AND IS NOT AN INDICATION OF THE PRESENCE OF REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS.			

II. BUYER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

- A. Buyer hereby acknowledges that: Buyer has a duty to pay diligent attention to any material defects that are known to Buyer or can be known to Buyer by utilizing diligent attention and observation.
- B. The disclosures set forth in this statement and in any amendments to this statement are made only by the Seller and not by any real estate licensee or other party.
- C. Buyer acknowledges that, pursuant to RCW 64.06.050(2), real estate licensees are not liable for inaccurate information provided by Seller, except to the extent that real estate licensees know of such inaccurate information
- D. This information is for disclosure only and is not intended to be a part of the written agreement between the Buyer and Seller.
- E. Buyer (which term includes all persons signing the "Buyer's acceptance" portion of this disclosure statement below) has received a copy of this Disclosure Statement (including attachments, if any) bearing Seller's signature.

DISCLOSURES CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ARE PROVIDED BY SELLER BASED ON SELLER'S ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE PROPERTY AT THE TIME SELLER COMPLETES THIS UNLESS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. BUYER AND **SELLER** OTHERWISE AGREE IN WRITING BUYER SHALL HAVE THREE BUSINESS DAYS FROM THE DAY SELLER OR SELLER'S AGENT DELIVERS THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT TO RESCIND AGREEMENT BY DELIVERING A SEPARATELY SIGNED WRITTEN STATEMENT OF RESCISSION TO SELLER OR SELLER'S AGENT. YOU MAY WAIVE THE RIGHT TO RESCIND PRIOR TO OR AFTER THE TIME YOU ENTER INTO A SALE AGREEMENT.

BUYER HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGES RECEIPT OF A COPY OF THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE DISCLOSURES MADE HEREIN ARE THOSE OF THE SELLER ONLY, AND NOT OF ANY REAL ESTATE LICENSEE OR OTHER PARTY.

- (2) The seller disclosure statement shall be for disclosure only, and shall not be considered part of any written agreement between the buyer and seller of residential property. The seller disclosure statement shall be only a disclosure made by the seller, and not any real estate licensee involved in the transaction, and shall not be construed as a warranty of any kind by the seller or any real estate licensee involved in the transaction.
- Sec. 3. RCW 64.06.020 and 2007 c 107 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) In a transaction for the sale of improved residential real property, the seller shall, unless the buyer has expressly waived the right to receive the disclosure statement under RCW 64.06.010, or unless the transfer is otherwise exempt under RCW 64.06.010, deliver to the buyer a completed seller disclosure statement in the following format and that contains, at a minimum, the following information:

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE SELLER

Please complete the following form. Do not leave any spaces blank. If the question clearly does not apply to the property write "NA." If the answer is "yes" to any * items, please explain on attached sheets. Please refer to the line number(s) of the question(s) when you provide your explanation(s). For your protection you must date and sign each page of this disclosure statement and each attachment. Delivery of the disclosure statement must occur not later than five business days, unless otherwise agreed, after mutual acceptance of a written contract to purchase between a buyer and a seller.

NOTICE TO THE BUYER

SELLER MAKES THE FOLLOWING DISCLOSURES OF EXISTING MATERIAL FACTS OR MATERIAL DEFECTS TO BUYER BASED ON SELLER'S ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE PROPERTY AT THE TIME SELLER COMPLETES THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. UNLESS YOU AND SELLER OTHERWISE AGREE IN WRITING, YOU HAVE THREE BUSINESS DAYS FROM THE DAY SELLER OR SELLER'S AGENT DELIVERS THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT TO YOU TO RESCIND THE AGREEMENT BY DELIVERING A SEPARATELY SIGNED WRITTEN STATEMENT OF RESCISSION TO SELLER OR SELLER'S AGENT. IF THE SELLER DOES NOT GIVE YOU A COMPLETED DISCLOSURE STATEMENT, THEN YOU MAY WAIVE THE RIGHT TO RESCIND PRIOR TO OR AFTER THE TIME YOU ENTER INTO A SALE AGREEMENT.

THE FOLLOWING ARE DISCLOSURES MADE BY SELLER AND ARE NOT THE REPRESENTATIONS OF ANY REAL ESTATE LICENSEE OR OTHER PARTY. THIS INFORMATION IS FOR DISCLOSURE ONLY AND IS NOT INTENDED TO BE A PART OF ANY WRITTEN AGREEMENT BETWEEN BUYER AND SELLER.

FOR A MORE COMPREHENSIVE EXAMINATION OF THE SPECIFIC CONDITION OF THIS PROPERTY YOU ARE ADVISED TO OBTAIN AND PAY FOR THE SERVICES OF QUALIFIED EXPERTS TO INSPECT THE MAY INCLUDE, PROPERTY. WHICH WITHOUT LIMITATION. SURVEYORS. ARCHITECTS. ENGINEERS. LAND PLUMBERS. ELECTRICIANS. ROOFERS. BUILDING INSPECTORS. ON-SITE WASTEWATER TREATMENT INSPECTORS, OR STRUCTURAL PEST INSPECTORS. THE PROSPECTIVE BUYER AND SELLER MAY WISH TO ADVICE PROFESSIONAL OR INSPECTIONS OF PROPERTY OR TO PROVIDE APPROPRIATE PROVISIONS IN CONTRACT BETWEEN THEM WITH RESPECT TO ANY ADVICE, INSPECTION, DEFECTS OR WARRANTIES.

Seller is/ is not occupying the property.

I. SELLER'S DISCLOSURES:

If you answer "Yes" to a question with an asterisk (), please explain your answer and attach documents, if available and not otherwise publicly recorded. If necessary, use an attached sheet.

1. TITLE

[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	A. Do you have legal authority to sell the property? If no, please explain.
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*B. Is title to the property subject to any of the following?
			(1) First right of refusal (2) Option
			(3) Lease or rental agreement(4) Life estate?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*C. Are there any encroachments, boundary agreements, or boundary disputes?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*D. Is there a private road or easement agreement for access to the property?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*E. Are there any rights-of-way, easements, or access limitations that may affect the Buyer's use of the property?

[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*F. Are there any written agreements for joint
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	maintenance of an easement or right-of-way? *G. Is there any study, survey project, or notice that would adversely affect the property?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*H. Are there any pending or existing assessments against the property?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*I. Are there any zoning violations, nonconforming uses, or any unusual restrictions on the property that would affect future construction or remodeling?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*J. Is there a boundary survey for the property?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*K. Are there any covenants, conditions, or restrictions ((which affect)) recorded against the property? 2. WATER
			A. Household Water
			(1) The source of water for the property is: [] Private or publicly owned water system [] Private well serving only the subject
			property *[] Other water system
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*If shared, are there any written agreements?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(2) Is there an easement (recorded or unrecorded) for access to and/or maintenance of the water source?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(3) Are there any ((known)) problems or repairs needed?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	(4) During your ownership, has the source provided an adequate year-round supply of potable water? If no, please explain.
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(5) Are there any water treatment systems for the property? If yes, are they
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	[]Leased[]Owned *(6) Are there any water rights for the property associated with its domestic
			water supply, such as a water right permit, certificate, or claim?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	(a) If yes, has the water right permit, certificate, or claim been assigned,
			transferred, or changed? *(b) If yes, has all or any portion of the water
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	right not been used for five or more successive years? (((If yes, please explain.))) *(7) Are there any defects in the operation of the water system (e.g. pipes, tank, pump, etc.)?
			B. Irrigation Water
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	(1) Are there any irrigation water rights for the property, such as a water right
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	permit, certificate, or claim? *(a) If yes, has all or any portion of the water right not been used for five or more
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	successive years? *(b) If so, is the certificate available? (If yes, please attach a copy.)

Ch. 505

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(c) If so, has the water right permit, certificate, or claim been assigned, transferred, or changed? ((If so, explain:))
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(2) Does the property receive irrigation water from a ditch company, irrigation district, or other entity? If so, please identify the entity that supplies water to the property:
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	C. Outdoor Sprinkler System (1) Is there an outdoor sprinkler system for the property?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	$\underline{*}(2)$ If yes, are there any defects in the
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	system?(()) *(3) If yes, is the sprinkler system connected to irrigation water? 3. SEWER/ON-SITE SEWAGE
			A. The property is served by: [] Public sewer system, [] On-site sewage system (including pipes, tanks, drainfields, and all other component parts) [] Other disposal system, please describe:
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	B. If public sewer system service is available to the property, is the house connected to the sewer main? If no, please explain.
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*C. Is the property subject to any sewage system fees or charges in addition to those covered in your regularly billed sewer or onsite sewage system maintenance service? D. If the property is connected to an on-site sewage system:
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	sewage system: *(1) Was a permit issued for its construction, and was it approved by the local health department or district following its construction? (2) When was it last pumped((±))?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(3) Are there any defects in the operation of the on-site sewage system?
		[] Don't know	(4) When was it last inspected?
		[] Don't know	By whom: (5) For how many bedrooms was the onsite sewage system approved? bedrooms
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	E. Are all plumbing fixtures, including laundry drain, connected to the sewer/on-site sewage
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	system? If no, please explain: *F. Have there been any changes or repairs to the on-site sewage system?

[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	G. Is the on-site sewage system, including the drainfield, located entirely within the boundaries of the property? If no, please explain.
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*H. Does the on-site sewage system require monitoring and maintenance services more frequently than once a year? ((If yes, please explain.))
COMP SELLI	LETED FOR NEW ER IS NOT REQU	CONSTRUCTION W	
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	4. STRUCTURAL *A. Has the roof leaked within the last five years?
[] Yes [] Yes		[] Don't know [] Don't know	*B. Has the basement flooded or leaked? *C. Have there been any conversions, additions, or remodeling?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(1) If yes, were all building permits obtained?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*(2) If yes, were all final inspections obtained?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	D. Do you know the age of the house? If yes, year of original construction:
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*E. Has there been any settling, slippage, or sliding of the property or its improvements?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*F. Are there any defects with the following: (If yes, please check applicable items and explain.)
	☐ Foundations ☐ Chimneys ☐ Doors ☐ Ceilings ☐ Pools ☐ Sidewalks ☐ Garage Floors ☐ Other	☐ Decks ☐ Interior ☐ Window ☐ Slab Flo ☐ Hot Tub ☐ Outbuild ☐ Walkwa	□ Exterior Walls Walls □ Fire Alarm Patio Oors □ Driveways □ Sauna dings □ Fireplaces ys □ Siding
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*G. Was a structural pest or "whole house" inspection done? If yes, when and by whom was the inspection completed?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	H. During your ownership, has the property had any wood destroying organism or pest infestation?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	I. Is the attic insulated?
[] Yes		[] Don't know	J. Is the basement insulated? 5. SYSTEMS AND FIXTURES *A. If any of the following systems or fixtures are included with the transfer, are there any defects? If yes, please explain.
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	Electrical system, including wiring, switches, outlets, and service
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	Plumbing system, including pipes, faucets, fixtures, and toilets
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	Hot water tank

Ch. 505 W

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

[] Yes [] Yes [] Yes [] Yes [] Yes	[] No [] No [] No [] No [] No	[] Don't know	Garbage disposal Appliances Sump pump Heating and cooling systems Security system
			[] Owned [] Leased Other* *B. If any of the following fixtures or property is included with the transfer, are they leased? (If yes, please attach copy of lease.)
[] Yes [] Yes [] Yes	[] No [] No [] No	[] Don't know [] Don't know [] Don't know	Security system Tanks (type): Satellite dish Other: *C. Are any of the following kinds of wood burning appliances present at the property?
[] Yes [] Yes [] Yes [] Yes [] Yes	[] No [] No [] No [] No [] No	[] Don't know	(1) Woodstove? (2) Fireplace insert? (3) Pellet stove? (4) Fireplace? If yes, are all of the (1) woodstoves or (2) fireplace inserts certified by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency as clean burning appliances to improve air quality and public health?
			6. HOMEOWNERS' ASSOCIATION/ COMMON INTERESTS
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	A. Is there a Homeowners' Association? Name of Association:
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	B. Are there regular periodic assessments: \$per[] Month[] Year [] Other
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*C. Are there any pending special assessments?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*D. Are there any shared "common areas" or any joint maintenance agreements (facilities such as walls, fences, landscaping, pools, tennis courts, walkways, or other areas co-owned in undivided interest with others)? 7. ENVIRONMENTAL
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*A. Have there been any <u>flooding</u> , <u>standing</u> <u>water</u> , <u>or</u> drainage problems on the property that affect the property or access to the property?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*B. Does any part of the property contain fill
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	dirt, waste, or other fill material? *C. Is there any material damage to the property from fire, wind, floods, beach movements, earthquake, expansive soils, or landslides?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	D. Are there any shorelines, wetlands, floodplains, or critical areas on the property?

[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*E. Are there any substances, materials, or products in or on the property that may be environmental concerns, such as asbestos, formaldehyde, radon gas, lead-based paint, fuel or chemical storage tanks, or contaminated soil
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	or water? *F. Has the property been used for commercial
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	or industrial purposes? *G. Is there any soil or groundwater contamination?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*H. Are there transmission poles((, transformers,)) or other electrical utility equipment installed, maintained, or buried on
			the property that do not provide utility service to the structures on the property?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*I. Has the property been used as a legal or illegal dumping site?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*J. Has the property been used as an illegal drug manufacturing site?
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*K. Are there any radio towers in the area that ((may)) cause interference with <u>cellular</u> telephone reception?
			8. MANUFACTURED AND MOBILE HOMES
			If the property includes a manufactured or mobile home,
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*A. Did you make any alterations to the home? If yes, please describe the alterations:
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	*B. Did any previous owner make any alterations to the home? ((If yes, please
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	describe the alterations:)) *C. If alterations were made, were permits or variances for these alterations obtained?
			9. FULL DISCLOSURE BY SELLERS
[] Yes	[] No	[] Don't know	A. Other conditions or defects: *Are there any other existing material defects affecting the property that a prospective buyer should know about?
			B. Verification: The foregoing answers and attached
			explanations (if any) are complete and correct to the best of my/our knowledge and I/we have
			received a copy hereof. I/we authorize all of
			my/our real estate licensees, if any, to deliver a copy of this disclosure statement to other real
			estate licensees and all prospective buyers of
			the property.
DATE		SELLER	
INFORM	ATION REGA		O THE BUYER D SEX OFFENDERS MAY
			FORCEMENT AGENCIES. THIS NOTICE IS
INTENDE	ED ONLY TO	INFORM YOU OF W	THERE TO OBTAIN THIS INFORMATION AND
IS NOT A	N INDICATION	ON OF THE PRESENC	CE OF REGISTERED SEX OFFENDERS.

II. BUYER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

- A. Buyer hereby acknowledges that: Buyer has a duty to pay diligent attention to any material defects that are known to Buyer or can be known to Buyer by utilizing diligent attention and observation.
- B. The disclosures set forth in this statement and in any amendments to this statement are made only by the Seller and not by any real estate licensee or other party.
- C. Buyer acknowledges that, pursuant to RCW 64.06.050(2), real estate licensees are not liable for inaccurate information provided by Seller, except to the extent that real estate licensees know of such inaccurate information.
- D. This information is for disclosure only and is not intended to be a part of the written agreement between the Buyer and Seller.
- E. Buyer (which term includes all persons signing the "Buyer's acceptance" portion of this disclosure statement below) has received a copy of this Disclosure Statement (including attachments, if any) bearing Seller's signature.

DISCLOSURES CONTAINED IN THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT ARE PROVIDED BY SELLER BASED ON SELLER'S ACTUAL KNOWLEDGE THE PROPERTY AT THE TIME SELLER COMPLETES THIS DISCLOSURE STATEMENT. UNLESS BUYER AND SELLER OTHERWISE AGREE IN WRITING BUYER SHALL HAVE THREE BUSINESS DAYS FROM THE DAY SELLER OR SELLER'S AGENT DISCLOSURE STATEMENT TO RESCIND DELIVERS THIS AGREEMENT BY DELIVERING A SEPARATELY SIGNED WRITTEN STATEMENT OF RESCISSION TO SELLER OR SELLER'S AGENT. YOU MAY WAIVE THE RIGHT TO RESCIND PRIOR TO OR AFTER THE TIME YOU ENTER INTO A SALE AGREEMENT.

- (2) If the disclosure statement is being completed for new construction which has never been occupied, the disclosure statement is not required to contain and the seller is not required to complete the questions listed in item 4. Structural or item 5. Systems and Fixtures.
- (3) The seller disclosure statement shall be for disclosure only, and shall not be considered part of any written agreement between the buyer and seller of residential property. The seller disclosure statement shall be only a disclosure made by the seller, and not any real estate licensee involved in the transaction, and shall not be construed as a warranty of any kind by the seller or any real estate licensee involved in the transaction.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 64.06.040 and 1996 c 301 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) If, after the date that a seller of residential real property completes a real property transfer disclosure statement, the seller ((becomes aware)) learns from a source other than the buyer or others acting on the buyer's behalf such as an inspector of additional information((5)) or an adverse change ((occurs)) which makes any of the disclosures made inaccurate, the seller shall amend the real

property transfer disclosure statement, and deliver the amendment to the buyer. No amendment shall be required, however, if the seller takes whatever corrective action is necessary so that the accuracy of the disclosure is restored, or the adverse change is corrected, at least three business days prior to the closing date. Unless the corrective action is completed by the seller prior to the closing date, the buyer shall have the right to exercise one of the following two options: (a) Approving and accepting the amendment, or (b) rescinding the agreement of purchase and sale of the property within three business days after receiving the amended real property transfer disclosure statement. Acceptance or recision shall be subject to the same procedures described in RCW 64.06.030. If the closing date provided in the purchase and sale agreement is scheduled to occur within the three-business-day rescission period provided for in this section, the closing date shall be extended until the expiration of the three-business-day rescission period. The buyer shall have no right of rescission if the seller takes whatever action is necessary so that the accuracy of the disclosure is restored at least three business days prior to the closing date.

- (2) In the event any act, occurrence, or agreement arising or becoming known after the closing of a residential real property transfer causes a real property transfer disclosure statement to be inaccurate in any way, the seller of such property shall have no obligation to amend the disclosure statement, and the buyer shall not have the right to rescind the transaction under this chapter.
- (3) If the seller in a residential real property transfer fails or refuses to provide to the prospective buyer a real property transfer disclosure statement as required under this chapter, the prospective buyer's right of rescission under this section shall apply until the earlier of three business days after receipt of the real property transfer disclosure statement or the date the transfer has closed, unless the buyer has otherwise waived the right of rescission in writing. Closing is deemed to occur when the buyer has paid the purchase price, or down payment, and the conveyance document, including a deed or real estate contract, from the seller has been delivered and recorded. After closing, the seller's obligation to deliver the real property transfer disclosure statement and the buyer's rights and remedies under this chapter shall terminate.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** This act applies prospectively only and not retroactively. It applies only to sales of property that arise on or after the effective date of this section.

Passed by the House April 24, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 506

[Engrossed House Bill 2040] BEER AND WINE REGULATION

AN ACT Relating to the work of the joint select committee on beer and wine regulation; amending RCW 66.28.180; adding new sections to chapter 66.28 RCW; and repealing RCW 66.28.010.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 66.28 RCW to read as follows:

The legislature recognizes that Washington's current three-tier system, where the functions of manufacturing, distributing, and retailing are distinct and the financial relationships and business transactions between entities in these tiers are regulated, is a valuable system for the distribution of beer and wine. The legislature further recognizes that the historical total prohibition on ownership of an interest in one tier by a person with an ownership interest in another tier, as well as the historical restriction on financial incentives and business relationships between tiers, is unduly restrictive. The legislature finds the modifications contained in this act are appropriate, because the modifications do not impermissibly interfere with the goals of orderly marketing of alcohol in the state, encouraging moderation in consumption of alcohol by the citizens of the state, protecting the public interest and advancing public safety by preventing the use and consumption of alcohol by minors and other abusive consumption, and promoting the efficient collection of taxes by the state.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 66.28 RCW to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout sections 1 through 8 of this act unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Adverse impact on public health and safety" means that an existing or proposed practice or occurrence has resulted or is more likely than not to result in alcohol being made significantly more attractive or available to minors than would otherwise be the case or has resulted or is more likely than not to result in overconsumption, consumption by minors, or other harmful or abusive forms of consumption.
- (2) "Affiliate" means any one of two or more persons if one of those persons has actual or legal control, directly or indirectly, whether by stock ownership or otherwise, of the other person or persons and any one of two or more persons subject to common control, actual or legal, directly or indirectly, whether by stock ownership or otherwise.
- (3) "Industry member" means a licensed manufacturer, producer, supplier, importer, wholesaler, distributor, authorized representative, certificate of approval holder, warehouse, and any affiliates, subsidiaries, officers, directors, partners, agents, employees, and representatives of any industry member. "Industry member" does not include the board or any of the board's employees.
- (4) "Person" means any individual, partnership, joint stock company, business trust, association, corporation, or other form of business enterprise, including a receiver, trustee, or liquidating agent and includes any officer or employee of a retailer or industry member.
- (5) "Retailer" means the holder of a license issued by the board to allow for the sale of alcoholic beverages to consumers for consumption on or off premises and any of the retailer's agents, officers, directors, shareholders, partners, or employees. "Retailer" does not include the board or any of the board's employees.
- (6) "Undue influence" means one retailer or industry member directly or indirectly influencing the purchasing, marketing, or sales decisions of another retailer or industry member by any agreement written or unwritten or any other business practices or arrangements such as but not limited to the following:

- (a) Any form of coercion between industry members and retailers or between retailers and industry members through acts or threats of physical or economic harm, including threat of loss of supply or threat of curtailment of purchase;
- (b) A retailer on an involuntary basis purchasing less than it would have of another industry member's product;
- (c) Purchases made by a retailer or industry member as a prerequisite for purchase of other items;
- (d) A retailer purchasing a specific or minimum quantity or type of a product or products from an industry member;
- (e) An industry member requiring a retailer to take and dispose of a certain product type or quota of the industry member's products;
- (f) A retailer having a continuing obligation to purchase or otherwise promote or display an industry member's product;
- (g) An industry member having a continuing obligation to sell a product to a retailer;
- (h) A retailer having a commitment not to terminate its relationship with an industry member with respect to purchase of the industry member's products or an industry member having a commitment not to terminate its relationship with a retailer with respect to the sale of a particular product or products;
- (i) An industry member being involved in the day-to-day operations of a retailer or a retailer being involved in the day-to-day operations of an industry member in a manner that violates the provisions of this section;
- (j) Discriminatory pricing practices as prohibited by law or other practices that are discriminatory in that product is not offered to all retailers in the local market on the same terms.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 66.28 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Notwithstanding any prohibitions and restrictions contained in this title, it shall be lawful for an industry member or affiliate to have a direct or indirect financial interest in another industry member or a retailer, and for a retailer or affiliate to have a direct or indirect financial interest in an industry member unless such interest has resulted or is more likely than not to result in undue influence over the retailer or the industry member or has resulted or is more likely than not to result in an adverse impact on public health and safety. The structure of any such financial interest must be consistent with subsection (2) of this section.
- (2) Subject to subsection (1) of this section and except as provided in section 4 of this act:
- (a) An industry member in whose name a license or certificate of approval has been issued pursuant to this title may wholly own or hold a financial interest in a separate legal entity licensed pursuant to RCW 66.24.320 through 66.24.570, but may not have such a license issued in its name; and
- (b) A retailer in whose name a license has been issued pursuant to this title may wholly own or hold a financial interest in a separate legal entity licensed or holding a certificate of approval pursuant to RCW 66.24.170, 66.24.206, 66.24.240, 66.24.244, 66.24.270(2), 66.24.200, or 66.24.250, but may not have such a license or certificate of approval issued in its name; and

- (c) A supplier in whose name a license or certificate of approval has been issued pursuant to this title may wholly own or hold a financial interest in a separate legal entity licensed as a distributor or importer under this title, but such supplier may not have a license as a distributor or importer issued in its own name; and
- (d) A distributor or importer in whose name a license has been issued pursuant to this title may wholly own or hold a financial interest in a separate legal entity licensed or holding a certificate of approval as a supplier under this title, but such distributor or importer may not have a license or certificate of approval as a supplier issued in its own name.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 66.28 RCW to read as follows:

Nothing in section 3 of this act shall prohibit:

- (1) A licensed domestic brewery or microbrewery from being licensed as a retailer pursuant to chapter 66.24 RCW for the purpose of selling beer or wine at retail on the brewery premises and at one additional off-site retail only location.
- (2) A domestic winery from being licensed as a retailer pursuant to chapter 66.24 RCW for the purpose of selling beer or wine at retail on the winery premises. Such beer and wine so sold at retail shall be subject to the taxes imposed by RCW 66.24.290 and 66.24.210 and to reporting and bonding requirements as prescribed by regulations adopted by the board pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, and beer and wine that is not produced by the brewery or winery shall be purchased from a licensed beer or wine distributor.
- (3) A microbrewery holding a beer and/or wine restaurant license under RCW 66.24.320 from holding the same privileges and endorsements attached to the beer and/or wine restaurant license.
- (4) A licensed craft distillery from selling spirits of its own production under RCW 66.24.145.
- (5) A licensed distiller, domestic brewery, microbrewery, domestic winery, or a lessee of a licensed domestic brewer, microbrewery, or domestic winery, from being licensed as a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant pursuant to chapter 66.24 RCW for the purpose of selling liquor at a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant premises on the property on which the primary manufacturing facility of the licensed distiller, domestic brewer, microbrewery, or domestic winery is located or on contiguous property owned or leased by the licensed distiller, domestic brewer, microbrewery, or domestic winery as prescribed by rules adopted by the board pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW.
- (6) A microbrewery holding a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license under RCW 66.24.420 from holding the same privileges and endorsements attached to the spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license.
- (7) A brewery or microbrewery holding a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license or a beer and/or wine license under chapter 66.24 RCW operated on the premises of the brewery or microbrewery from holding a second retail only license at a location separate from the premises of the brewery or microbrewery.
- (8) Retail licensees with a caterer's endorsement issued under RCW 66.24.320 or 66.24.420 from operating on a domestic winery premises.
- (9) An organization qualifying under RCW 66.24.375 formed for the purpose of constructing and operating a facility to promote Washington wines from holding retail licenses on the facility property or leasing all or any portion

of such facility property to a retail licensee on the facility property if the members of the board of directors or officers of the board for the organization include officers, directors, owners, or employees of a licensed domestic winery. Financing for the construction of the facility must include both public and private money.

- (10) A bona fide charitable nonprofit society or association registered under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code, or a local wine industry association registered under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(6) of the federal internal revenue code as it existed on July 22, 2007, and having an officer, director, owner, or employee of a licensed domestic winery or a wine certificate of approval holder on its board of directors from holding a special occasion license under RCW 66.24.380.
- (11) A person licensed pursuant to RCW 66.24.170, 66.24.240, or 66.24.244 from exercising the privileges of distributing and selling at retail such person's own production or from exercising any other right or privilege that attaches to such license.
- (12) A person holding a certificate of approval pursuant to RCW 66.24.206 from obtaining an endorsement to act as a distributor of their own product or from shipping their own product directly to consumers as authorized by RCW 66.20.360.
- (13) A person holding a wine shipper's permit pursuant to RCW 66.20.375 from shipping their own product directly to consumers.
- (14) A person holding a certificate of approval pursuant to RCW 66.24.270(2) from obtaining an endorsement to act as a distributor of their own product.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 66.28 RCW to read as follows:

Any industry member or retailer or any other person seeking a determination by the board as to whether a proposed or existing financial interest has resulted or is more likely than not to result in undue influence or has resulted or is more likely than not to result in an adverse impact on public health and safety may file a complaint or request for determination with the board. Upon receipt of a request or complaint the board may conduct such investigation as it deems appropriate in the circumstances. If the investigation reveals the financial interest has resulted or is more likely than not to result in undue influence or has resulted or is more likely than not to result in an adverse impact on public health and safety the board may issue an administrative violation notice or a notice of intent to deny the license to the industry member, to the retailer, or both. If the financial interest was acquired through a transaction that has already been consummated when the board issues its administrative violation notice, the board shall have the authority to require that the transaction be rescinded or otherwise undone. The recipient of the administrative notice of violation or notice of intent to deny the license may request a hearing under chapter 34.05 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 66.28 RCW to read as follows:

Except as provided in section 7 of this act, no industry member shall advance and no retailer shall receive moneys or moneys' worth under an

agreement written or unwritten or by means of any other business practice or arrangement.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 66.28 RCW to read as follows:

- (1)(a) Nothing in section 6 of this act prohibits an industry member from providing retailers branded promotional items which are of nominal value, singly or in the aggregate. Such items include but are not limited to: Trays, lighters, blotters, postcards, pencils, coasters, menu cards, meal checks, napkins, clocks, mugs, glasses, bottles or can openers, corkscrews, matches, printed recipes, shirts, hats, visors, and other similar items. Branded promotional items:
- (i) Must be used exclusively by the retailer or its employees in a manner consistent with its license;
 - (ii) Must bear imprinted advertising matter of the industry member only;
- (iii) May be provided by industry members only to retailers and their employees and may not be provided by or through retailers or their employees to retail customers; and
 - (iv) May not be targeted to or appeal principally to youth.
- (b) An industry member is not obligated to provide any such branded promotional items, and a retailer may not require an industry member to provide such branded promotional items as a condition for selling any alcohol to the retailer.
- (c) Any industry member or retailer or any other person asserting that the provision of branded promotional items as allowed in (a) of this subsection has resulted or is more likely than not to result in undue influence or an adverse impact on public health and safety, or is otherwise inconsistent with the criteria in (a) of this subsection may file a complaint with the board. Upon receipt of a complaint the board may conduct such investigation as it deems appropriate in the circumstances. If the investigation reveals the provision of branded promotional items has resulted in or is more likely than not to result in undue influence or has resulted or is more likely than not to result in an adverse impact on public health and safety or is otherwise inconsistent with (a) of this subsection the board may issue an administrative violation notice to the industry member, to the retailer, or both. The recipient of the administrative violation notice may request a hearing under chapter 34.05 RCW.
- (2) Nothing in section 6 of this act prohibits an industry member from providing to a special occasion licensee and a special occasion licensee from receiving services for:
 - (a) Installation of draft beer dispensing equipment or advertising; or
- (b) Advertising, pouring, or dispensing of beer or wine at a beer or wine tasting exhibition or judging event.
- (3) Nothing in section 6 of this act prohibits industry members from performing, and retailers from accepting the service of building, rotating, and restocking displays and stockroom inventories; rotating and rearranging can and bottle displays of their own products; providing point of sale material and brand signs; pricing case goods of their own brands; and performing such similar business services consistent with board rules, or personal services as described in subsection (5) of this section.
 - (4) Nothing in section 6 of this act prohibits:

- (a) Industry members from listing on their internet web sites information related to retailers who sell or promote their products, including direct links to the retailers' internet web sites; and
- (b) Retailers from listing on their internet web sites information related to industry members whose products those retailers sell or promote, including direct links to the industry members' web sites; or
- (c) Industry members and retailers from producing, jointly or together with regional, state, or local industry associations, brochures and materials promoting tourism in Washington state which contain information regarding retail licensees, industry members, and their products.
- (5) Nothing in section 6 of this act prohibits the performance of personal services offered from time to time by a domestic winery or certificate of approval holder to retailers when the personal services are (a) conducted at a licensed premises, and (b) intended to inform, educate, or enhance customers' knowledge or experience of the manufacturer's products. The performance of personal services may include participation and pouring, bottle signing events, and other similar informational or educational activities at the premises of a retailer holding a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license, a wine and/or beer restaurant license, a specialty wine shop license, a special occasion license, or a private club license. A domestic winery or certificate of approval holder is not obligated to perform any such personal services, and a retail licensee may not require a domestic winery or certificate of approval holder to conduct any personal service as a condition for selling any alcohol to the retail licensee. Except as provided in RCW 66.28.150, the cost of sampling may not be borne, directly or indirectly, by any domestic winery or certificate of approval holder or any distributor. Nothing in this section prohibits wineries, certificate of approval holders, and retail licensees from identifying the producers on private labels authorized under RCW 66.24.400, 66.24.425, and 66.24.450.
- (6) Nothing in section 6 of this act prohibits an industry member from entering into an arrangement with any holder of a sports entertainment facility license or an affiliated business for brand advertising at the licensed facility or promoting events held at the sports entertainment facility as authorized under RCW 66.24.570.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 66.28 RCW to read as follows:

All industry members and retailers shall keep and maintain the following records on their premises for a three-year period:

- (1) Records of all items, services, and moneys' worth furnished to and received by a retailer and of all items, services, and moneys' worth provided to a retailer and purchased by a retailer at fair market value; and
- (2) Records of all industry member financial ownership or interests in a retailer and of all retailer financial ownership interests in an industry member.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 66.28 RCW to read as follows:

The board shall adopt rules as are deemed necessary to carry out the purposes and provisions of this chapter in accordance with the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

- **Sec. 10.** RCW 66.28.180 and 2006 c 302 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
- ((It is unlawful for a person, firm, or corporation holding a certificate of approval issued under RCW 66.24.270 or 66.24.206, a beer distributor's license, a domestic brewery license, a microbrewery license, a beer importer's license, a beer distributor's license, a domestic winery license, a wine importer's license, or a wine distributor's license within the state of Washington to modify any prices without prior notification to and approval of the board.
- (1) Intent. This section is enacted, pursuant to the authority of this state under the twenty first amendment to the United States Constitution, to promote the public's interest in fostering the orderly and responsible distribution of malt beverages and wine towards effective control of consumption; to promote the fair and efficient three-tier system of distribution of such beverages; and to confirm existing board rules as the clear expression of state policy to regulate the manner of selling and pricing of wine and malt beverages by licensed suppliers and distributors.
 - (2))) (1) Beer and wine distributors ((price posting)).
- (a) Every beer or wine distributor shall ((file with the board at its office in Olympia)) maintain at its liquor licensed location a price ((posting)) list showing the wholesale prices at which any and all brands of beer and wine sold by such beer and/or wine distributor shall be sold to retailers within the state.
- (b) Each price ((posting shall be made on a form prepared and furnished by the board, or a reasonable facsimile thereof, and)) <u>list</u> shall set forth:
- (i) All brands, types, packages, and containers of beer <u>or wine</u> offered for sale by such beer and/or wine distributor; <u>and</u>
- (ii) The wholesale prices thereof to retail licensees, including allowances, if any, for returned empty containers.
- (c) No beer and/or wine distributor may sell or offer to sell any package or container of beer or wine to any retail licensee at a price differing from the price for such package or container as shown in the price ((posting filed by the beer and/or wine distributor and then in effect)) list, according to rules adopted by the board.
- (d) Quantity discounts are prohibited. No price may be ((posted that is)) below acquisition cost ((plus ten percent of acquisition cost. However, the board is empowered to review periodically, as it may deem appropriate, the amount of the percentage of acquisition cost as a minimum mark up over cost and to modify such percentage by rule of the board, except such percentage shall be not less than ten percent)).
- (e) Distributor prices on a "close-out" item shall be ((accepted by the board)) allowed if the item to be discontinued has been listed ((on the state market)) for a period of at least six months, and upon the further condition that the distributor who ((posts)) offers such a close-out price shall not restock the item for a period of one year following the first effective date of such close-out price.
- (f) ((The board may reject any price posting that it deems to be in violation of this section or any rule, or portion thereof, or that would tend to disrupt the orderly sale and distribution of beer and wine. Whenever the board rejects any posting, the licensee submitting the posting may be heard by the board and shall have the burden of showing that the posting is not in violation of this section or a

rule or does not tend to disrupt the orderly sale and distribution of beer and wine. If the posting is accepted, it shall become effective at the time fixed by the board. If the posting is rejected, the last effective posting shall remain in effect until such time as an amended posting is filed and approved, in accordance with the provisions of this section.

- (g) Prior to the effective date of the posted prices, all price postings filed as required by this section constitute investigative information and shall not be subject to disclosure, pursuant to RCW 42.56.240(1).
- (h))) Any beer and/or wine distributor or employee authorized by the distributor-employer may sell beer and/or wine at the distributor's ((posted)) listed prices to any annual or special occasion retail licensee upon presentation to the distributor or employee at the time of purchase of a special permit issued by the board to such licensee.
- (((i))) (g) Every annual or special occasion retail licensee, upon purchasing any beer and/or wine from a distributor, shall immediately cause such beer or wine to be delivered to the licensed premises, and the licensee shall not thereafter permit such beer to be disposed of in any manner except as authorized by the license.
- (((ii))) (h) Beer and wine sold as provided in this section shall be delivered by the distributor or an authorized employee either to the retailer's licensed premises or directly to the retailer at the distributor's licensed premises. When a domestic winery, brewery, microbrewery, or certificate of approval holder with a direct shipping endorsement is acting as a distributor of its own production, a licensed retailer may contract with a common carrier to obtain the product directly from the domestic winery, brewery, microbrewery, or certificate of approval holder with a direct shipping endorsement. A distributor's prices to retail licensees shall be the same at both such places of delivery.
- (((3))) (2) Beer and wine suppliers' $((price\ filings,))$ contracts((5)) and memoranda.
- (a) Every domestic brewery, microbrewery, ((and)) domestic winery, certificate of approval holder, and beer and/or wine importer offering beer and/or wine for sale within the state and any beer and/or wine distributor who sells to other beer and/or wine distributors shall ((file with the board at its office in Olympia)) maintain at its liquor licensed location a price list and a copy of every written contract and a memorandum of every oral agreement which such brewery or winery may have with any beer or wine distributor, which contracts or memoranda shall contain ((a schedule of prices charged to distributors for all items and all terms of sale, including all regular and special discounts;)):
- (i) All advertising, sales and trade allowances, and incentive programs; and (ii) All commissions, bonuses or gifts, and any and all other discounts or allowances.
- (b) Whenever changed or modified, such revised contracts or memoranda shall ((forthwith)) also be ((filed with the board as provided for by rule. The provisions of this section also apply to certificate of approval holders, beer and/or wine importers, and beer and/or wine distributors who sell to other beer and/or wine distributors)) maintained at its liquor licensed location.
- (c) Each price ((sehedule shall be made on a form prepared and furnished by the board, or a reasonable facsimile thereof, and)) list shall set forth all brands, types, packages, and containers of beer or wine offered for sale by such licensed

brewery or winery((; all additional information required may be filed as a supplement to the price schedule forms)).

- (((b))) (d) Prices ((filed by)) of a domestic brewery, microbrewery, domestic winery, or certificate of approval holder shall be uniform prices to all distributors or retailers on a statewide basis less bona fide allowances for freight differentials. Quantity discounts are prohibited. No price shall be ((filed that is)) below acquisition/production cost ((plus ten percent of that cost, except that acquisition cost plus ten percent of acquisition cost does not apply to sales of beer or wine between a beer or wine importer who sells beer or wine to another beer or wine importer or to a beer or wine distributor, or to a beer or wine distributor who sells beer or wine to another beer or wine distributor. However, the board is empowered to review periodically, as it may deem appropriate, the amount of the percentage of acquisition/production cost as a minimum mark-up over cost and to modify such percentage by rule of the board, except such percentage shall be not less than ten percent)).
- (((e) No)) (e) A domestic brewery, microbrewery, domestic winery, certificate of approval holder, beer or wine importer, or beer or wine distributor ((may sell or offer to sell any beer or wine to any persons whatsoever in this state until copies of such written contracts or memoranda of such oral agreements are on file with the board)) acting as a supplier to another distributor must file a distributor appointment with the board.
- (((d))) (f) No domestic brewery, microbrewery, domestic winery, or certificate of approval holder may sell or offer to sell any package or container of beer or wine to any distributor at a price differing from the price <u>list</u> for such package or container as shown in the ((sehedule of prices filed by)) price list of the domestic brewery, microbrewery, domestic winery, or certificate of approval holder and then in effect, according to rules adopted by the board.
- (((e) The board may reject any supplier's price filing, contract, or memorandum of oral agreement, or portion thereof that it deems to be in violation of this section or any rule or that would tend to disrupt the orderly sale and distribution of beer or wine. Whenever the board rejects any such price filing, contract, or memorandum, the licensee submitting the price filing, contract, or memorandum may be heard by the board and shall have the burden of showing that the price filing, contract, or memorandum is not in violation of this section or a rule or does not tend to disrupt the orderly sale and distribution of beer or wine. If the price filing, contract, or memorandum is accepted, it shall become effective at a time fixed by the board. If the price filing, contract, or memorandum, or portion thereof, is rejected, the last effective price filing, contract, or memorandum shall remain in effect until such time as an amended price filing, contract, or memorandum is filed and approved, in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (f) Prior to the effective date of the posted prices, all prices, contracts, and memoranda filed as required by this section constitute investigative information and shall not be subject to disclosure, pursuant to RCW 42.56.240(1).))
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** RCW 66.28.010 (Manufacturers, importers, distributors, and authorized representatives barred from interest in retail business or location—Advances prohibited—"Financial interest" defined—Exceptions) and 2008 c 94 s 5 are each repealed.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Passed by the House March 9, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 507

[Engrossed House Bill 2358] RETAIL LIQUOR LICENSE FEES

AN ACT Relating to increasing liquor license fees limited to fees for beer and/or wine restaurants; taverns; snack bars; combined beer and wine retailers; grocery stores; beer and/or wine specialty shops; passenger trains, vessels, and airplanes; spirits, beer, and wine restaurants; spirits, beer, and wine private clubs; beer and wine private clubs; amending RCW 66.24.320, 66.24.330, 66.24.350, 66.24.354, 66.24.360, 66.24.371, 66.24.395, 66.24.400, 66.24.450, 66.24.452, and 66.24.580; reenacting and amending RCW 66.24.420 and 66.24.425; adding a new section to chapter 66.08 RCW; and providing an expiration date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 66.24.320 and 2007 c 370 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

There shall be a beer and/or wine restaurant license to sell beer, including strong beer, or wine, or both, at retail, for consumption on the premises. A patron of the licensee may remove from the premises, recorked or recapped in its original container, any portion of wine that was purchased for consumption with a meal.

- (1) The annual fee shall be two hundred <u>twenty-one</u> dollars for the beer license, two hundred <u>twenty-one</u> dollars for the wine license, or four hundred <u>forty-two</u> dollars for a combination beer and wine license.
- (2)(a) The board may issue a caterer's endorsement to this license to allow the licensee to remove from the liquor stocks at the licensed premises, only those types of liquor that are authorized under the on-premises license privileges for sale and service at event locations at a specified date and, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, place not currently licensed by the board. If the event is open to the public, it must be sponsored by a society or organization as defined by RCW 66.24.375. If attendance at the event is limited to members or invited guests of the sponsoring individual, society, or organization, the requirement that the sponsor must be a society or organization as defined by RCW 66.24.375 is waived. Cost of the endorsement is three hundred ((fifty)) eighty-seven dollars.
- (b) The holder of this license with (([a])) a catering endorsement shall, if requested by the board, notify the board or its designee of the date, time, place, and location of any catered event. Upon request, the licensee shall provide to the board all necessary or requested information concerning the society or organization that will be holding the function at which the endorsed license will be utilized.
- (c) The holder of this license with a caterer's endorsement may, under conditions established by the board, store liquor on the premises of another not

licensed by the board so long as there is a written agreement between the licensee and the other party to provide for ongoing catering services, the agreement contains no exclusivity clauses regarding the alcoholic beverages to be served, and the agreement is filed with the board.

- (d) The holder of this license with a caterer's endorsement may, under conditions established by the board, store liquor on other premises operated by the licensee so long as the other premises are owned or controlled by a leasehold interest by that licensee. A duplicate license may be issued for each additional premises. A license fee of ((twenty)) twenty-two dollars shall be required for such duplicate licenses.
- (3) Licensees under this section that hold a caterer's endorsement are allowed to use this endorsement on a domestic winery premises or on the premises of a passenger vessel and may store liquor at such premises under conditions established by the board under the following conditions:
- (a) Agreements between the domestic winery or the passenger vessel, as the case may be, and the retail licensee shall be in writing, contain no exclusivity clauses regarding the alcoholic beverages to be served, and be filed with the board; and
- (b) The domestic winery or passenger vessel, as the case may be, and the retail licensee shall be separately contracted and compensated by the persons sponsoring the event for their respective services.
- (4) The holder of this license or its manager may furnish beer or wine to the licensee's employees free of charge as may be required for use in connection with instruction on beer and wine. The instruction may include the history, nature, values, and characteristics of beer or wine, the use of wine lists, and the methods of presenting, serving, storing, and handling beer or wine. The beer and/or wine licensee must use the beer or wine it obtains under its license for the sampling as part of the instruction. The instruction must be given on the premises of the beer and/or wine licensee.
- (5) If the license is issued to a person who contracts with the Washington state ferry system to provide food and alcohol service on a designated ferry route, the license shall cover any vessel assigned to the designated route. A separate license is required for each designated ferry route.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 66.24.330 and 2003 c 167 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

There shall be a beer and wine retailer's license to be designated as a tavern license to sell beer, including strong beer, or wine, or both, at retail, for consumption on the premises. Such licenses may be issued only to a person operating a tavern that may be frequented only by persons twenty-one years of age and older.

The annual fee for such license shall be two hundred <u>twenty-one</u> dollars for the beer license, two hundred <u>twenty-one</u> dollars for the wine license, or four hundred <u>forty-two</u> dollars for a combination beer and wine license. ((Licensees who have a fee increase of more than one hundred dollars as a result of this change shall have their fees increased fifty percent of the amount the first renewal year and the remaining amount beginning with the second renewal period. New licensees obtaining a license after July 1, 1998, shall pay the full amount of four hundred dollars.))

Sec. 3. RCW 66.24.350 and 1997 c 321 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

There shall be a beer retailer's license to be designated as a snack bar license to sell beer by the opened bottle or can at retail, for consumption upon the premises only, such license to be issued to places where the sale of beer is not the principal business conducted; fee one hundred ((twenty five)) thirty-eight dollars per year.

Sec. 4. RCW 66.24.354 and 1997 c 321 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

There shall be a beer and wine retailer's license that may be combined only with the on-premises licenses described in either RCW 66.24.320 or 66.24.330. The combined license permits the sale of beer and wine for consumption off the premises.

- (1) Beer and wine sold for consumption off the premises must be in original sealed packages of the manufacturer or bottler.
- (2) Beer may be sold to a purchaser in a sanitary container brought to the premises by the purchaser and filled at the tap by the retailer at the time of sale.
- (3) Licensees holding this type of license also may sell malt liquor in kegs or other containers that are capable of holding four gallons or more of liquid and are registered in accordance with RCW 66.28.200.
- (4) The board may impose conditions upon the issuance of this license to best protect and preserve the health, safety, and welfare of the public.
- (5) The annual fee for this license shall be one hundred ((twenty)) thirty-three dollars.
- Sec. 5. RCW 66.24.360 and 2007 c 226 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

There shall be a beer and/or wine retailer's license to be designated as a grocery store license to sell beer, strong beer, and/or wine at retail in bottles, cans, and original containers, not to be consumed upon the premises where sold, at any store other than the state liquor stores.

- (1) Licensees obtaining a written endorsement from the board may also sell malt liquor in kegs or other containers capable of holding less than five and one-half gallons of liquid.
- (2) The annual fee for the grocery store license is one hundred ((fifty)) sixty-six dollars for each store.
- (3) The board shall issue a restricted grocery store license authorizing the licensee to sell beer and only table wine, if the board finds upon issuance or renewal of the license that the sale of strong beer or fortified wine would be against the public interest. In determining the public interest, the board shall consider at least the following factors:
- (a) The likelihood that the applicant will sell strong beer or fortified wine to persons who are intoxicated;
- (b) Law enforcement problems in the vicinity of the applicant's establishment that may arise from persons purchasing strong beer or fortified wine at the establishment; and
- (c) Whether the sale of strong beer or fortified wine would be detrimental to or inconsistent with a government-operated or funded alcohol treatment or detoxification program in the area.

If the board receives no evidence or objection that the sale of strong beer or fortified wine would be against the public interest, it shall issue or renew the license without restriction, as applicable. The burden of establishing that the sale of strong beer or fortified wine by the licensee would be against the public interest is on those persons objecting.

- (4) Licensees holding a grocery store license must maintain a minimum three thousand dollar inventory of food products for human consumption, not including pop, beer, strong beer, or wine.
- (5) Upon approval by the board, the grocery store licensee may also receive an endorsement to permit the international export of beer, strong beer, and wine.
- (a) Any beer, strong beer, or wine sold under this endorsement must have been purchased from a licensed beer or wine distributor licensed to do business within the state of Washington.
- (b) Any beer, strong beer, and wine sold under this endorsement must be intended for consumption outside the state of Washington and the United States and appropriate records must be maintained by the licensee.
- (c) A holder of this special endorsement to the grocery store license shall be considered not in violation of RCW 66.28.010.
- (d) Any beer, strong beer, or wine sold under this license must be sold at a price no less than the acquisition price paid by the holder of the license.
- (e) The annual cost of this endorsement is five hundred <u>fifty-three</u> dollars and is in addition to the license fees paid by the licensee for a grocery store license.
- (6) A grocery store licensee holding a snack bar license under RCW 66.24.350 may receive an endorsement to allow the sale of confections containing more than one percent but not more than ten percent alcohol by weight to persons twenty-one years of age or older.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 66.24.371 and 2003 c 167 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) There shall be a beer and/or wine retailer's license to be designated as a beer and/or wine specialty shop license to sell beer, strong beer, and/or wine at retail in bottles, cans, and original containers, not to be consumed upon the premises where sold, at any store other than the state liquor stores. Licensees obtaining a written endorsement from the board may also sell malt liquor in kegs or other containers capable of holding less than five and one-half gallons of liquid. The annual fee for the beer and/or wine specialty shop license is one hundred eleven dollars for each store.
- (2) Licensees under this section may provide, free or for a charge, single-serving samples of two ounces or less to customers for the purpose of sales promotion. Sampling activities of licensees under this section are subject to RCW 66.28.010 and 66.28.040 and the cost of sampling under this section may not be borne, directly or indirectly, by any manufacturer, importer, or distributor of liquor.
- (3) The board shall issue a restricted beer and/or wine specialty shop license, authorizing the licensee to sell beer and only table wine, if the board finds upon issuance or renewal of the license that the sale of strong beer or fortified wine would be against the public interest. In determining the public interest, the board shall consider at least the following factors:

- (a) The likelihood that the applicant will sell strong beer or fortified wine to persons who are intoxicated;
- (b) Law enforcement problems in the vicinity of the applicant's establishment that may arise from persons purchasing strong beer or fortified wine at the establishment; and
- (c) Whether the sale of strong beer or fortified wine would be detrimental to or inconsistent with a government-operated or funded alcohol treatment or detoxification program in the area.

If the board receives no evidence or objection that the sale of strong beer or fortified wine would be against the public interest, it shall issue or renew the license without restriction, as applicable. The burden of establishing that the sale of strong beer or fortified wine by the licensee would be against the public interest is on those persons objecting.

- (4) Licensees holding a beer and/or wine specialty shop license must maintain a minimum three thousand dollar wholesale inventory of beer, strong beer, and/or wine.
- Sec. 7. RCW 66.24.395 and 1997 c 321 s 25 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) There shall be a license that may be issued to corporations, associations, or persons operating as federally licensed commercial common passenger carriers engaged in interstate commerce, in or over territorial limits of the state of Washington on passenger trains, vessels, or airplanes. Such license shall permit the sale of spirituous liquor, wine, and beer at retail for passenger consumption within the state upon one such train passenger car, vessel, or airplane, while in or over the territorial limits of the state. Such license shall include the privilege of transporting into and storing within the state such liquor for subsequent retail sale to passengers in passenger train cars, vessels or airplanes. The fees for such master license shall be ((seven hundred fifty)) eight hundred twenty-nine dollars per annum (class CCI-1): PROVIDED, That upon payment of an additional sum of ((five)) six dollars per annum per car, or vessel, or airplane, the privileges authorized by such license classes shall extend to additional cars, or vessels, or airplanes operated by the same licensee within the state, and a duplicate license for each additional car, or vessel, or airplane shall be issued: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That such licensee may make such sales and/or service upon cars, or vessels, or airplanes in emergency for not more than five consecutive days without such license: AND PROVIDED, FURTHER, That such license shall be valid only while such cars, or vessels, or airplanes are actively operated as common carriers for hire in interstate commerce and not while they are out of such common carrier service.
- (b) Alcoholic beverages sold and/or served for consumption by such interstate common carriers while within or over the territorial limits of this state shall be subject to such board markup and state liquor taxes in an amount to approximate the revenue that would have been realized from such markup and taxes had the alcoholic beverages been purchased in Washington: PROVIDED, That the board's markup shall be applied on spirituous liquor only. Such common carriers shall report such sales and/or service and pay such markup and taxes in accordance with procedures prescribed by the board.
- (2) Alcoholic beverages sold and delivered in this state to interstate common carriers for use under the provisions of this section shall be considered

exported from the state, subject to the conditions provided in subsection (1)(b) of this section. The storage facilities for liquor within the state by common carriers licensed under this section shall be subject to written approval by the board.

- Sec. 8. RCW 66.24.400 and 2008 c 41 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) There shall be a retailer's license, to be known and designated as a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license, to sell spirituous liquor by the individual glass, beer, and wine, at retail, for consumption on the premises, including mixed drinks and cocktails compounded or mixed on the premises A club licensed under chapter 70.62 RCW with overnight sleeping accommodations, that is licensed under this section may sell liquor by the bottle to registered guests of the club for consumption in guest rooms, hospitality rooms, or at banquets in the club. A patron of a bona fide restaurant or club licensed under this section may remove from the premises recorked or recapped in its original container any portion of wine which was purchased for consumption with a meal, and registered guests who have purchased liquor from the club by the bottle may remove from the premises any unused portion of such liquor in its original container. Such license may be issued only to bona fide restaurants and clubs, and to dining, club and buffet cars on passenger trains, and to dining places on passenger boats and airplanes, and to dining places at civic centers with facilities for sports, entertainment, and conventions, and to such other establishments operated and maintained primarily for the benefit of tourists, vacationers and travelers as the board shall determine are qualified to have, and in the discretion of the board should have, a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license under the provisions and limitations of this title.
- (2) The board may issue an endorsement to the spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license that allows the holder of a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license to sell bottled wine for off-premises consumption. Spirits and beer may not be sold for off-premises consumption under this section except as provided in subsection (4) of this section. The annual fee for the endorsement under this subsection is one hundred ((twenty)) thirty-three dollars.
- (3) The holder of a spirits, beer, and wine license or its manager may furnish beer, wine, or spirituous liquor to the licensee's employees free of charge as may be required for use in connection with instruction on beer, wine, or spirituous liquor. The instruction may include the history, nature, values, and characteristics of beer, wine, or spirituous liquor, the use of wine lists, and the methods of presenting, serving, storing, and handling beer, wine, and spirituous liquor. The spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensee must use the beer, wine, or spirituous liquor it obtains under its license for the sampling as part of the instruction. The instruction must be given on the premises of the spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensee.
- (4) The board may issue an endorsement to the spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license that allows the holder of a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license to sell for off-premises consumption malt liquor in kegs or other containers that are capable of holding four gallons or more of liquid and are registered in accordance with RCW 66.28.200. The annual fee for the endorsement under this subsection is one hundred ((twenty)) thirty-three dollars.

- **Sec. 9.** RCW 66.24.420 and 2007 c 370 s 19 and 2007 c 370 s 8 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) The spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license shall be issued in accordance with the following schedule of annual fees:
- (a) The annual fee for a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license shall be graduated according to the dedicated dining area and type of service provided as follows:

Less than 50% dedicated dining area	((2,000))	2,210
50% or more dedicated dining area	((1,600))	1,768
Service bar only	$((\frac{1,000}{}))$	1,105

- (b) The annual fee for the license when issued to any other spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licensee outside of incorporated cities and towns shall be prorated according to the calendar quarters, or portion thereof, during which the licensee is open for business, except in case of suspension or revocation of the license
- (c) Where the license shall be issued to any corporation, association or person operating a bona fide restaurant in an airport terminal facility providing service to transient passengers with more than one place where liquor is to be dispensed and sold, such license shall be issued upon the payment of the annual fee, which shall be a master license and shall permit such sale within and from one such place. Such license may be extended to additional places on the premises at the discretion of the board and a duplicate license may be issued for each such additional place. The holder of a master license for a restaurant in an airport terminal facility must maintain in a substantial manner at least one place on the premises for preparing, cooking, and serving of complete meals, and such food service shall be available on request in other licensed places on the premises. An additional license fee of twenty-five percent of the annual master license fee shall be required for such duplicate licenses.
- (d) Where the license shall be issued to any corporation, association, or person operating dining places at a publicly or privately owned civic or convention center with facilities for sports, entertainment, or conventions, or a combination thereof, with more than one place where liquor is to be dispensed and sold, such license shall be issued upon the payment of the annual fee, which shall be a master license and shall permit such sale within and from one such place. Such license may be extended to additional places on the premises at the discretion of the board and a duplicate license may be issued for each such additional place. The holder of a master license for a dining place at such a publicly or privately owned civic or convention center must maintain in a substantial manner at least one place on the premises for preparing, cooking, and serving of complete meals, and food service shall be available on request in other licensed places on the premises. An additional license fee of ((ten)) eleven dollars shall be required for such duplicate licenses.
- (2) The board, so far as in its judgment is reasonably possible, shall confine spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licenses to the business districts of cities and towns and other communities, and not grant such licenses in residential districts, nor within the immediate vicinity of schools, without being limited in the administration of this subsection to any specific distance requirements.

- (3) The board shall have discretion to issue spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licenses outside of cities and towns in the state of Washington. The purpose of this subsection is to enable the board, in its discretion, to license in areas outside of cities and towns and other communities, establishments which are operated and maintained primarily for the benefit of tourists, vacationers and travelers, and also golf and country clubs, and common carriers operating dining, club and buffet cars, or boats.
- (4) The total number of spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licenses issued in the state of Washington by the board, not including spirits, beer, and wine private club licenses, shall not in the aggregate at any time exceed one license for each one thousand three hundred of population in the state, determined according to the yearly population determination developed by the office of financial management pursuant to RCW 43.62.030.
- (5) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (4) of this section, the board shall refuse a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license to any applicant if in the opinion of the board the spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licenses already granted for the particular locality are adequate for the reasonable needs of the community.
- (6)(a) The board may issue a caterer's endorsement to this license to allow the licensee to remove the liquor stocks at the licensed premises, for use as liquor for sale and service at event locations at a specified date and, except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, place not currently licensed by the board. If the event is open to the public, it must be sponsored by a society or organization as defined by RCW 66.24.375. If attendance at the event is limited to members or invited guests of the sponsoring individual, society, or organization, the requirement that the sponsor must be a society or organization as defined by RCW 66.24.375 is waived. Cost of the endorsement is three hundred ((fifty)) eighty-seven dollars.
- (b) The holder of this license with a catering endorsement shall, if requested by the board, notify the board or its designee of the date, time, place, and location of any catered event. Upon request, the licensee shall provide to the board all necessary or requested information concerning the society or organization that will be holding the function at which the endorsed license will be utilized.
- (c) The holder of this license with a caterer's endorsement may, under conditions established by the board, store liquor on the premises of another not licensed by the board so long as there is a written agreement between the licensee and the other party to provide for ongoing catering services, the agreement contains no exclusivity clauses regarding the alcoholic beverages to be served, and the agreement is filed with the board.
- (d) The holder of this license with a caterer's endorsement may, under conditions established by the board, store liquor on other premises operated by the licensee so long as the other premises are owned or controlled by a leasehold interest by that licensee. A duplicate license may be issued for each additional premises. A license fee of ((twenty)) twenty-two dollars shall be required for such duplicate licenses.
- (7) Licensees under this section that hold a caterer's endorsement are allowed to use this endorsement on a domestic winery premises or on the

premises of a passenger vessel and may store liquor at such premises under conditions established by the board under the following conditions:

- (a) Agreements between the domestic winery or passenger vessel, as the case may be, and the retail licensee shall be in writing, contain no exclusivity clauses regarding the alcoholic beverages to be served, and be filed with the board; and
- (b) The domestic winery or passenger vessel, as the case may be, and the retail licensee shall be separately contracted and compensated by the persons sponsoring the event for their respective services.
- **Sec. 10.** RCW 66.24.425 and 2001 c 199 s 3 and 2001 c 198 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) The board may, in its discretion, issue a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license to a business which qualifies as a "restaurant" as that term is defined in RCW 66.24.410 in all respects except that the business does not serve the general public but, through membership qualification, selectively restricts admission to the business. For purposes of RCW 66.24.400 and 66.24.420, all licenses issued under this section shall be considered spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licenses and shall be subject to all requirements, fees, and qualifications in this title, or in rules adopted by the board, as are applicable to spirits, beer, and wine restaurant licenses generally except that no service to the general public may be required.
 - (2) No license shall be issued under this section to a business:
- (a) Which shall not have been in continuous operation for at least one year immediately prior to the date of its application; or
- (b) Which denies membership or admission to any person because of race, creed, color, national origin, sex, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical handicap.
- (3) The board may issue an endorsement to the spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license issued under this section that allows up to forty nonclub, member-sponsored events using club liquor. Visitors and guests may attend these events only by invitation of the sponsoring member or members. These events may not be open to the general public. The fee for the endorsement is an annual fee of nine hundred <u>ninety-five</u> dollars. Upon the board's request, the holder of the endorsement must provide the board or the board's designee with the following information at least seventy-two hours before the event: The date, time, and location of the event; the name of the sponsor of the event; and a brief description of the purpose of the event.
- (4) The board may issue an endorsement to the spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license that allows the holder of a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license to sell for off-premises consumption wine vinted and bottled in the state of Washington and carrying a label exclusive to the license holder selling the wine. Spirits and beer may not be sold for off-premises consumption under this section. The annual fee for the endorsement under this ((ehapter [section])) section is one hundred ((twenty)) thirty-three dollars.
- **Sec. 11.** RCW 66.24.450 and 2001 c 199 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) No club shall be entitled to a spirits, beer, and wine private club license:

- (a) Unless such private club has been in continuous operation for at least one year immediately prior to the date of its application for such license;
- (b) Unless the private club premises be constructed and equipped, conducted, managed, and operated to the satisfaction of the board and in accordance with this title and the regulations made thereunder;
- (c) Unless the board shall have determined pursuant to any regulations made by it with respect to private clubs, that such private club is a bona fide private club; it being the intent of this section that license shall not be granted to a club which is, or has been, primarily formed or activated to obtain a license to sell liquor, but solely to a bona fide private club, where the sale of liquor is incidental to the main purposes of the spirits, beer, and wine private club, as defined in RCW 66.04.010(((7))) (8).
- (2) The annual fee for a spirits, beer, and wine private club license, whether inside or outside of an incorporated city or town, is seven hundred ((twenty)) ninety-six dollars per year.
- (3) The board may issue an endorsement to the spirits, beer, and wine private club license that allows up to forty nonclub, member-sponsored events using club liquor. Visitors and guests may attend these events only by invitation of the sponsoring member or members. These events may not be open to the general public. The fee for the endorsement shall be an annual fee of nine hundred <u>ninety-five</u> dollars. Upon the board's request, the holder of the endorsement must provide the board or the board's designee with the following information at least seventy-two hours prior to the event: The date, time, and location of the event; the name of the sponsor of the event; and a brief description of the purpose of the event.
- (4) The board may issue an endorsement to the spirits, beer, and wine private club license that allows the holder of a spirits, beer, and wine private club license to sell for off-premises consumption wine vinted and bottled in the state of Washington and carrying a label exclusive to the license holder selling the wine. Spirits and beer may not be sold for off-premises consumption under this section. The annual fee for the endorsement under this ((ehapter [section])) section is one hundred ((twenty)) thirty-three dollars.
- **Sec. 12.** RCW 66.24.452 and 2003 c 167 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) There shall be a beer and wine license to be issued to a private club for sale of beer, strong beer, and wine for on-premises consumption.
- (2) Beer, strong beer, and wine sold by the licensee may be on tap or by open bottles or cans.
- (3) The fee for the private club beer and wine license is one hundred $((\frac{\text{eighty}}{}))$ ninety-nine dollars per year.
- (4) The board may issue an endorsement to the private club beer and wine license that allows the holder of a private club beer and wine license to sell for off-premises consumption wine vinted and bottled in the state of Washington and carrying a label exclusive to the license holder selling the wine. Spirits, strong beer, and beer may not be sold for off-premises consumption under this section. The annual fee for the endorsement under this section is one hundred ((twenty)) thirty-three dollars.

- **Sec. 13.** RCW 66.24.580 and 1999 c 281 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) A public house license allows the licensee:
- (a) To annually manufacture no less than two hundred fifty gallons and no more than two thousand four hundred barrels of beer on the licensed premises;
- (b) To sell product, that is produced on the licensed premises, at retail on the licensed premises for consumption on the licensed premises;
- (c) To sell beer or wine not of its own manufacture for consumption on the licensed premises if the beer or wine has been purchased from a licensed beer or wine wholesaler;
- (d) To hold other classes of retail licenses at other locations without being considered in violation of RCW 66.28.010;
- (e) To apply for and, if qualified and upon the payment of the appropriate fee, be licensed as a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant to do business at the same location. This fee is in addition to the fee charged for the basic public house license.
- (2) While the holder of a public house license is not to be considered in violation of the prohibitions of ownership or interest in a retail license in RCW 66.28.010, the remainder of RCW 66.28.010 applies to such licensees.
- (3) A public house licensee must pay all applicable taxes on production as are required by law, and all appropriate taxes must be paid for any product sold at retail on the licensed premises.
- (4) The employees of the licensee must comply with the provisions of mandatory server training in RCW 66.20.300 through 66.20.350.
- (5) The holder of a public house license may not hold a wholesaler's or importer's license, act as the agent of another manufacturer, wholesaler, or importer, or hold a brewery or winery license.
- (6) The annual license fee for a public house is one thousand <u>one hundred five</u> dollars.
- (7) The holder of a public house license may hold other licenses at other locations if the locations are approved by the board.
- (8) Existing holders of annual retail liquor licenses may apply for and, if qualified, be granted a public house license at one or more of their existing liquor licensed locations without discontinuing business during the application or construction stages.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** A new section is added to chapter 66.08 RCW to read as follows:

Ten and a half percent of total license fee revenues collected for the following licenses established in chapter 66.24 RCW: Beer and/or wine restaurants; taverns; snack bars; combined beer and wine retailers; grocery stores; beer and/or wine specialty shops; passenger trains, vessels, and airplanes; spirits, beer, and wine restaurants; spirits, beer, and wine private clubs; beer and wine private clubs; and public houses, shall be deposited in the liquor revolving fund, is not subject to the distribution specified in RCW 66.08.180, and may be expended only for purposes of the administration and enforcement of these licenses.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** This act expires July 1, 2011.

Passed by the House April 21, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 25, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 508

[House Bill 1579]

TAX EXEMPTION—LEGAL SERVICES—LOW-INCOME INDIVIDUALS

AN ACT Relating to a business and occupation tax exemption for nonprofit organizations that provide legal services to low-income individuals; and adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:

This chapter does not apply to nonprofit organizations primarily engaged in the provision of legal services to low-income individuals from whom no charge for services is collected. For the purpose of this section, "nonprofit" means an organization exempt from federal income tax under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c) of the federal internal revenue code.

Passed by the House April 24, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 509

[Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill 1701]
DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION SERVICES—HIGH-SPEED INTERNET

AN ACT Relating to authorizing the department of information services to engage in high-speed internet activities; amending RCW 28B.32.010, 43.105.020, and 28B.32.030; adding new sections to chapter 43.105 RCW; creating new sections; recodifying RCW 28B.32.010, 28B.32.030, 28B.32.900, and 28B.32.901; repealing RCW 28B.32.020 and 43.105.350; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that the deployment and adoption of high-speed internet services and technology advancements enhance economic development and public safety for the state's communities. Such deployment also offers improved health care, access to consumer and legal services, increased educational and civic participation opportunities, and a better quality of life for the state's residents. The legislature further finds that improvements in the deployment and adoption of high-speed internet services and the strategic inclusion of technology advancements and technology education are critical to ensuring that Washington remains competitive and continues to provide a skilled workforce, attract businesses, and stimulate job growth.

(2) The legislature intends to support strategic partnerships of public, private, nonprofit, and community-based sectors in the continued growth and development of high-speed internet services and information technology. The

legislature further intends to ensure that all Washington citizens, businesses, schools, and organizations are able to obtain and utilize broadband fully, regardless of location, economic status, literacy level, age, disability, structure, or size. In addition, the legislature intends that a statewide assessment of the availability, location, service levels, and other characteristics of high-speed internet services and other advanced telecommunications services in the state be conducted

(3) In recognition of the importance of broadband deployment and adoption to the economy, health, safety, and welfare of the people of Washington, it is the purpose of this act to make high-speed internet service more readily available throughout the state, especially in areas and for populations with a low utilization rate.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** (1) The broadband mapping account is established in the custody of the state treasurer. The department shall deposit into the account such funds received from legislative appropriation, federal grants authorized under the federal broadband data improvement act, P.L. 110-385, Title I, and donated funds from private and public sources. Expenditures from the account may be used only for the purposes of sections 3 through 5 of this act. Only the director of the department or the director's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to the allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

- (2) The department of information services is the single eligible entity in the state for purposes of the federal broadband data improvement act, P.L. 110-385, Title I.
- (3) Funding received by the department under the federal broadband data improvement act, P.L. 110-385, Title I, must be used in accordance with the requirements of that act and, subject to those requirements, may be distributed by the department on a competitive basis to other entities in the state to achieve the purposes of that act.
- (4) The department of information services shall consult with the department of community, trade, and economic development or its successor agency, the office of financial management, and the utilities and transportation commission in coordinating broadband mapping activities. In carrying out any broadband mapping activities, the provisions of P.L. 110-385, Title I, regarding trade secrets, commercial or financial information, and privileged or confidential information submitted by the federal communications commission or a broadband provider are deemed to encompass the consulted agencies.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** (1) Subject to the availability of federal or state funding, the department may:

- (a) Develop an interactive web site to allow residents to self-report whether high-speed internet is available at their home or residence and at what speed; and
- (b) Conduct a detailed survey of all high-speed internet infrastructure owned or leased by state agencies and creating a geographic information system map of all high-speed internet infrastructure owned or leased by the state.
- (2) State agencies responding to a survey request from the department under subsection (1)(b) of this section shall respond in a reasonable and timely manner,

not to exceed one hundred twenty days. The department shall request of state agencies, at a minimum:

- (a) The total bandwidth of high-speed internet infrastructure owned or leased;
- (b) The cost of maintaining that high-speed internet infrastructure, if owned, or the price paid for the high-speed internet infrastructure, if leased; and
 - (c) The leasing entity, if applicable.
- (3) The department may adopt rules as necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.
- (4) For purposes of this section, "state agency" includes every state office, department, division, bureau, board, commission, or other state agency.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** (1) The department is authorized, through a competitive bidding process, to procure on behalf of the state a geographic information system map detailing high-speed internet infrastructure, service availability, and adoption. This geographic information system map may include adoption information, availability information, type of high-speed internet deployment technology, and available speed tiers for high-speed internet based on any publicly available data.

- (2) The department may procure this map either by:
- (a) Contracting for and purchasing a completed map from a third party; or
- (b) Working directly with the federal communications commission to accept publicly available data.
- (3) The department shall establish an accountability and oversight structure to ensure that there is transparency in the bidding and contracting process and full financial and technical accountability for any information or actions taken by a third-party contractor creating this map.
- (4) In contracting for purchase of the map in subsection (2)(a) of this section, the department may take no action, nor impose any condition on the third party, that causes any record submitted by a public or private broadband service provider to the third party to meet the standard of a public record as defined in RCW 42.56.010. This prohibition does not apply to any records delivered to the department by the third party as a component of the completed map. For the purpose of RCW 42.56.010(2), the purchase by the department of a completed map may not be deemed use or ownership by the department of the underlying information used by the third party to complete the map.
- (5) Data or information that is publicly available as of the effective date of this section will not cease to be publicly available due to any provision of this act.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** (1) The department, in coordination with the department of community, trade, and economic development and the utilities and transportation commission, and such advisors as the department chooses, may prepare regular reports that identify the following:
- (a) The geographic areas of greatest priority for the deployment of advanced telecommunications infrastructure in the state:
- (b) A detailed explanation of how any amount of funding received from the federal government for the purposes of broadband mapping, deployment, and adoption will be or have been used; and

- (c) A determination of how nonfederal sources may be utilized to achieve the purposes of broadband mapping, deployment, and adoption activities in the state.
- (2) To the greatest extent possible, the initial report should be based upon the information identified in the geographic system maps developed under the requirements of this chapter.
- (3) The initial report should be delivered to the appropriate committees of the legislature as soon as feasible, but no later than January 18, 2010.
- (4) Future reports based upon the requirements of subsection (1) of this section should be delivered to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 15th of each year.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 28B.32.010 and 2008 c 262 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

The community technology opportunity program is created to support the efforts of community technology programs throughout the state. The community technology opportunity program must be administered by the ((Washington State University extension, in consultation with the)) department of information services. The ((Washington State University extension)) department may contract for services in order to carry out the ((extension's)) department's obligations under this section.

- (1) In implementing the community technology opportunity program the administrator must, to the extent funds are appropriated for this purpose:
- (a) Provide organizational and capacity building support to community technology programs throughout the state, and identify and facilitate the availability of other public and private sources of funds to enhance the purposes of the program and the work of community technology programs. No more than fifteen percent of funds received by the administrator for the program may be expended on these functions;
- (b) Establish a competitive grant program and provide grants to community technology programs to provide training and skill-building opportunities; access to hardware and software; internet connectivity; <u>digital media literacy</u>; assistance in the adoption of information and communication technologies in low-income and underserved areas of the state; and development of locally relevant content and delivery of vital services through technology.
 - (2) Grant applicants must:
- (a) Provide evidence that the applicant is a nonprofit entity or a public entity that is working in partnership with a nonprofit entity;
 - (b) Define the geographic area or population to be served;
- (c) Include in the application the results of a needs assessment addressing, in the geographic area or among the population to be served: The impact of inadequacies in technology access or knowledge, barriers faced, and services needed:
- (d) Explain in detail the strategy for addressing the needs identified and an implementation plan including objectives, tasks, and benchmarks for the applicant and the role that other organizations will play in assisting the applicant's efforts;
- (e) Provide evidence of matching funds and resources, which are equivalent to at least one-quarter of the grant amount committed to the applicant's strategy;

- (f) Provide evidence that funds applied for, if received, will be used to provide effective delivery of community technology services in alignment with the goals of this program and to increase the applicant's level of effort beyond the current level; and
 - (g) Comply with such other requirements as the administrator establishes.
- (3) The administrator may use no more than ten percent of funds received for the community technology opportunity program to cover administrative expenses.
- (4) The administrator must establish expected program outcomes for each grant recipient and must require grant recipients to provide an annual accounting of program outcomes.
- Sec. 7. RCW 43.105.020 and 2003 c 18 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- ((As used in this chapter, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following definitions shall apply:)) The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly required otherwise.
 - (1) "Department" means the department of information services;
 - (2) "Board" means the information services board;
 - (3) "Committee" means the state interoperability executive committee;
- (4) "Local governments" includes all municipal and quasi municipal corporations and political subdivisions, and all agencies of such corporations and subdivisions authorized to contract separately;
 - (5) "Director" means the director of the department;
- (6) "Purchased services" means services provided by a vendor to accomplish routine, continuing, and necessary functions. This term includes, but is not limited to, services acquired for equipment maintenance and repair, operation of a physical plant, security, computer hardware and software installation and maintenance, telecommunications installation and maintenance, data entry, keypunch services, programming services, and computer timesharing;
- (7) "Backbone network" means the shared high-density portions of the state's telecommunications transmission facilities. It includes specially conditioned high-speed communications carrier lines, multiplexors, switches associated with such communications lines, and any equipment and software components necessary for management and control of the backbone network;
- (8) "Telecommunications" means the transmission of information by wire, radio, optical cable, electromagnetic, or other means;
 - (9) "Information" includes, but is not limited to, data, text, voice, and video;
- (10) "Information processing" means the electronic capture, collection, storage, manipulation, transmission, retrieval, and presentation of information in the form of data, text, voice, or image and includes telecommunications and office automation functions:
- (11) "Information services" means data processing, telecommunications, office automation, and computerized information systems;
- (12) "Equipment" means the machines, devices, and transmission facilities used in information processing, such as computers, word processors, terminals, telephones, wireless communications system facilities, cables, and any physical facility necessary for the operation of such equipment;

- (13) "Information technology portfolio" or "portfolio" means a strategic management process documenting relationships between agency missions and information technology and telecommunications investments;
- (14) "Oversight" means a process of comprehensive risk analysis and management designed to ensure optimum use of information technology resources and telecommunications;
 - (15) "Proprietary software" means that software offered for sale or license;
- (16) "Video telecommunications" means the electronic interconnection of two or more sites for the purpose of transmitting and/or receiving visual and associated audio information. Video telecommunications shall not include existing public television broadcast stations as currently designated by the department of community, trade, and economic development under chapter 43.330 RCW;
- (17) "K-20 educational network board" or "K-20 board" means the K-20 educational network board created in RCW 43.105.800;
- (18) "K-20 network technical steering committee" or "committee" means the K-20 network technical steering committee created in RCW 43.105.810;
 - (19) "K-20 network" means the network established in RCW 43.105.820;
- (20) "Educational sectors" means those institutions of higher education, school districts, and educational service districts that use the network for distance education, data transmission, and other uses permitted by the K-20 board:
- (21) "Administrator" means the community technology opportunity program administrator designated by the department;
- (22) "Community technology programs" means programs that are engaged in diffusing information and communications technology in local communities, particularly in unserved and underserved areas of the state. These programs may include, but are not limited to, programs that provide education and skill-building opportunities, hardware and software, internet connectivity, digital media literacy, development of locally relevant content, and delivery of vital services through technology;
- (23) "Broadband" means a high-speed, high capacity transmission medium, using land-based, satellite, wireless, or any other mechanism, that can carry either signals or transmit data, or both, over long distances by using a wide range of frequencies:
- (24) "Council" means the advisory council on digital inclusion created in section 10 of this act;
 - (25) "High-speed internet" means broadband.
- Sec. 8. RCW 28B.32.030 and 2008 c 262 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

The Washington community technology opportunity account is established in the state treasury. The governor or the governor's designee and the director or the director's designee shall deposit into the account federal grants to the state authorized under Division B, Title VI of the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009, legislative appropriations, and donated funds from private and public sources for purposes related to broadband deployment and adoption, including matching funds required by the act. Donated funds from private and public sources may be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may be used only ((for)) as matching funds for federal and

other grants to fund the operation of the community technology opportunity program ((as provided in RCW 28B.32.010)) under this chapter and to fund other activities authorized in this act. Only the ((administrator)) director or the ((administrator's)) director's designee may authorize expenditures from the account.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) The governor may take all appropriate steps to carry out the purposes of Division B, Title VI of the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009, P.L. 111-5, and maximize investment in broadband deployment and adoption in the state of Washington consistent with this act. Such steps may include the designation of a broadband deployment and adoption coordinator; review and prioritization of grant applications by public and private entities as directed by the national telecommunications and information administration, the rural utility services, and the federal communications commission; disbursement of block grant funding; and direction to state agencies to provide staffing as necessary to carry out this section. The authority for overseeing broadband adoption and deployment efforts on behalf of the state is vested in the department.

- (2) The department may apply for federal funds and other grants or donations, may deposit such funds in the Washington community technology opportunity account created in RCW 28B.32.030 (as recodified by this act), may oversee implementation of federally funded or mandated broadband programs for the state and may adopt rules to administer the programs. These programs may include but are not limited to the following:
- (a) Engaging in periodic statewide surveys of residents, businesses, and nonprofit organizations concerning their use and adoption of high-speed internet, computer, and related information technology for the purpose of identifying barriers to adoption;
- (b) Working with communities to identify barriers to the adoption of broadband service and related information technology services by individuals, nonprofit organizations, and businesses;
- (c) Identifying broadband demand opportunities in communities by working cooperatively with local organizations, government agencies, and businesses;
- (d) Creating, implementing, and administering programs to improve computer ownership, technology literacy, digital media literacy, and high-speed internet access for populations not currently served or underserved in the state. This may include programs to provide low-income families, community-based nonprofit organizations, nonprofit entities, and public entities that work in partnership with nonprofit entities to provide increased access to computers and broadband, with reduced cost internet access;
- (e) Administering the community technology opportunity program under chapter 28B.32 RCW (as recodified by this act);
- (f) Creating additional programs to spur the development of high-speed internet resources in the state:
- (g) Establishing technology literacy and digital inclusion programs and establishing low-cost hardware, software, and internet purchasing programs that may include allowing participation by community technology programs in state purchasing programs; and
- (h) Developing technology loan programs targeting small businesses or businesses located in unserved and underserved areas.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** (1) Subject to the availability of federal or state funding, the department may reconvene the high-speed internet work group previously established by chapter 262, Laws of 2008. The work group is renamed the advisory council on digital inclusion, and is an advisory group to the department. The council must include, but is not limited to, volunteer representatives from community technology organizations, telecommunications providers, higher education institutions, K-12 education institutions, public health institutions, public housing entities, and local government and other governmental entities that are engaged in community technology activities.

- (2) The council shall prepare a report by January 15th of each year and submit it to the department, the governor, and the appropriate committees of the legislature. The report must contain:
- (a) An analysis of how support from public and private sector partnerships, the philanthropic community, and other not-for-profit organizations in the community, along with strong relationships with the state board for community and technical colleges, the higher education coordinating board, and higher education institutions, could establish a variety of high-speed internet access alternatives for citizens;
- (b) Proposed strategies for continued broadband deployment and adoption efforts, as well as further development of advanced telecommunications applications;
- (c) Recommendations on methods for maximizing the state's research and development capacity at universities and in the private sector for developing advanced telecommunications applications and services, and recommendations on incentives to stimulate the demand for and development of these applications and services;
- (d) An identification of barriers that hinder the advancement of technology entrepreneurship in the state; and
- (e) An evaluation of programs designed to advance digital literacy and computer access that are made available by the federal government, local agencies, telecommunications providers, and business and charitable entities.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** If any part of this act is found to be in conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition to the allocation of federal funds to the state, the conflicting part of this act is inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict and with respect to the agencies directly affected, and this finding does not affect the operation of the remainder of this act in its application to the agencies concerned. Rules adopted under this act must meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal funds by the state.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** Sections 2 through 5, 9, and 10 of this act are each added to chapter 43.105 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** RCW 28B.32.010, 28B.32.030, 28B.32.900, and 28B.32.901 are each recodified as sections in chapter 43.105 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

- (1) RCW 28B.32.020 (Definitions) and 2008 c 262 s 7; and
- (2) RCW 43.105.350 (Request for information from providers—Limitation) and 2008 c 262 s 3.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 16.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2009.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 17.** If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2009, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

Passed by the House April 25, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 16, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 510

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1709]
SMALL LOAN BORROWERS—INSTALLMENT PLANS

AN ACT Relating to fee and installment plan assistance for borrowers at risk of default on small loans; amending RCW 31.45.010, 31.45.073, 31.45.084, and 42.56.230; adding new sections to chapter 31.45 RCW; creating new sections; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that some small loan borrowers are unable to pay the entire loaned amount when it is due. Many of these borrowers take out multiple loans to pay off the original borrowed sum.

It is the legislature's intent to reduce or limit the number of borrowers taking out multiple loans by providing for installment plans that give a borrower a better opportunity to pay off their original small loan without having to resort to taking out a subsequent loan or loans.

This act shall be liberally construed to effectuate the legislature's intent to protect borrowers.

Sec. 2. RCW 31.45.010 and 2003 c 86 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

- (1) "Applicant" means a person that files an application for a license under this chapter, including the applicant's sole proprietor, owners, directors, officers, partners, members, and controlling persons.
 - (2) "Borrower" means a natural person who receives a small loan.
- (3) "Business day" means any day that the licensee is open for business in at least one physical location.
- (4) "Check" means the same as defined in RCW 62A.3-104(f) and, for purposes of conducting the business of making small loans, includes other electronic forms of payment, including stored value cards, internet transfers, and automated clearing house transactions.
- (5) "Check casher" means an individual, partnership, unincorporated association, or corporation that, for compensation, engages, in whole or in part,

in the business of cashing checks, drafts, money orders, or other commercial paper serving the same purpose.

- (6) "Check seller" means an individual, partnership, unincorporated association, or corporation that, for compensation, engages, in whole or in part, in the business of or selling checks, drafts, money orders, or other commercial paper serving the same purpose.
 - (7) "Collateral" means the same as defined in chapter 62A.9A RCW.
- (8) "Controlling person" means a person owning or controlling ten percent or more of the total outstanding shares of the applicant or licensee, if the applicant or licensee is a corporation, and a member who owns ten percent or more of a limited liability company or limited liability partnership.
- (9) "Default" means the borrower's failure to repay the small loan in compliance with the terms contained in the small loan agreement or note or failure to ((make payments in compliance with a loan payment plan)) pay any installment plan payment on an installment plan within ten days after the date upon which the installment was scheduled to be paid.
 - (10) "Director" means the director of financial institutions.
- (11) "Financial institution" means a commercial bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union.
- (12) "Installment plan" is a contract between a licensee and borrower that provides that the loaned amount will be repaid in substantially equal installments scheduled on or after a borrower's pay dates and no less than fourteen days apart.
- (13) "Licensee" means a check casher or seller licensed by the director to engage in business in accordance with this chapter. For purposes of the enforcement powers of this chapter, including the power to issue cease and desist orders under RCW 31.45.110, "licensee" also means a check casher or seller who fails to obtain the license required by this chapter.
- (((13))) (14) "Loaned amount" means the outstanding principal balance and any fees authorized under RCW 31.45.073 that have not been paid by the borrower.
- (15) "Origination date" means the date upon which the borrower and the licensee initiate a small loan transaction.
- (((14))) (16) "Outstanding principal balance" of a small loan means any of the principal amount that has not been paid by the borrower.
- (((15))) (17) "Paid" means that moment in time when the licensee deposits the borrower's check or accepts cash for the full amount owing on a valid small loan. If the borrower's check is returned by the borrower's bank for insufficient funds, the licensee shall not consider the loan paid.
- (((16))) (18) "Person" means an individual, partnership, association, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, trust, corporation, and any other legal entity.
- (((17))) (19) "Principal" means the loan proceeds advanced for the benefit of the borrower in a small loan, excluding any fee or interest charge.
- (((18))) (20) "Rescission" means annulling the loan contract and, with respect to the small loan contract, returning the borrower and the licensee to their financial condition prior to the origination date of the loan.
- (((19))) (21) "Small loan" means a loan of up to the maximum amount and for a period of time up to the maximum term specified in RCW 31.45.073.

- (((20) "Successive loans" means a series of loans made by the same licensee to the same borrower in such a manner that no more than three business days separate the termination date of any one loan and the origination date of any other loan in the series.
- (21))) (22) "Termination date" means the date upon which payment for the small loan transaction is due or paid to the licensee, whichever occurs first.
- $((\frac{(22)}{2}))$ (23) "Total of payments" means the principal amount of the small loan plus all fees or interest charged on the loan.
 - (((23))) (24) "Trade secret" means the same as defined in RCW 19.108.010.
- Sec. 3. RCW 31.45.073 and 2003 c 86 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) No licensee may engage in the business of making small loans without first obtaining a small loan endorsement to its license from the director in accordance with this chapter. An endorsement will be required for each location where a licensee engages in the business of making small loans, but a small loan endorsement may authorize a licensee to make small loans at a location different than the licensed locations where it cashes or sells checks. A licensee may have more than one endorsement.
- (2) A licensee must set the due date of a small loan on or after the date of the borrower's next pay date. If a borrower's next pay date is within seven days of taking out the loan, a licensee must set the due date of a small loan on or after the borrower's second pay date after the date the small loan is made. The termination date of a small loan may not exceed the origination date of that same small loan by more than forty-five days, including weekends and holidays, unless the term of the loan is extended by agreement of both the borrower and the licensee and no additional fee or interest is charged. The maximum principal amount of any small loan, or the outstanding principal balances of all small loans made by ((a)) all licensees to a single borrower at any one time, may not exceed seven hundred dollars or thirty percent of the gross monthly income of the borrower, whichever is lower. A licensee is prohibited from making a small loan to a borrower who is in default on another small loan until after that loan is paid in full or two years have passed from the origination date of the small loan, whichever occurs first.
- (3) A licensee is prohibited from making a small loan to a borrower in an installment plan with any licensee until after the plan is paid in full or two years have passed from the origination date of the installment plan, whichever occurs first.
- (4) A borrower is prohibited from receiving more than eight small loans from all licensees in any twelve-month period. A licensee is prohibited from making a small loan to a borrower if making that small loan would result in a borrower receiving more than eight small loans from all licensees in any twelve-month period.
- (5) A licensee that has obtained the required small loan endorsement may charge interest or fees for small loans not to exceed in the aggregate fifteen percent of the first five hundred dollars of principal. If the principal exceeds five hundred dollars, a licensee may charge interest or fees not to exceed in the aggregate ten percent of that portion of the principal in excess of five hundred dollars. If a licensee makes more than one loan to a single borrower, and the aggregated principal of all loans made to that borrower exceeds five hundred

dollars at any one time, the licensee may charge interest or fees not to exceed in the aggregate ten percent on that portion of the aggregated principal of all loans at any one time that is in excess of five hundred dollars. The director may determine by rule which fees, if any, are not subject to the interest or fee limitations described in this section. It is a violation of this chapter for any licensee to knowingly loan to a single borrower at any one time, in a single loan or in the aggregate, more than the maximum principal amount described in this section

- (((4))) (6) In connection with making a small loan, a licensee may advance moneys on the security of a postdated check. The licensee may not accept any other property, title to property, or other evidence of ownership of property as collateral for a small loan. The licensee may accept only one postdated check per loan as security for the loan. A licensee may permit a borrower to redeem a postdated check with a payment of cash or the equivalent of cash. The licensee may disburse the proceeds of a small loan in cash, in the form of a check, or in the form of the electronic equivalent of cash or a check.
- (((5))) (7) No person may at any time cash or advance any moneys on a postdated check or draft in excess of the amount of goods or services purchased without first obtaining a small loan endorsement to a check casher or check seller license.
- Sec. 4. RCW 31.45.084 and 2003 c 86 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) ((A licensee and borrower may agree to a payment plan for a small loan at any time. After four successive loans and prior to default upon the last loan. each)) If a borrower notifies a licensee that the borrower will be or is unable to repay a loan when it is due, the licensee must inform the borrower that the borrower may convert their small loan to ((a payment)) an installment plan. The licensee must convert the small loan to an installment plan at the borrower's request. Each agreement for a loan ((payment)) installment plan must be in writing and acknowledged by both the borrower and the licensee. ((The licensee may charge the borrower, at the time both parties enter into the payment plan, a one-time fee for the payment plan in an amount up to the fee or interest on the outstanding principal of the loan as allowed under RCW 31.45.073(3).)) The licensee may not assess any other fee, interest charge, or other charge on the borrower as a result of converting the small loan into ((a payment)) an This ((payment)) installment plan must provide for the installment plan. payment of the total of payments due on the small loan over a period not less than ((sixty)) ninety days ((in three or more payments, unless the borrower and licensee agree to a shorter payment period)) for a loan amount of up to and including four hundred dollars. For a loaned amount over four hundred dollars, the installment plan must be a period not less than one hundred eighty days. The borrower may pay the total of ((payments)) installments at any time. licensee may not charge any penalty, fee, or charge to the borrower for prepayment of the loan ((payment)) installment plan by the borrower. Each licensee shall conspicuously disclose to each borrower in the small loan agreement or small loan note that the borrower has access to such ((a payment)) an installment plan ((after four successive loans)). A licensee's violation of such ((a payment)) an installment plan constitutes a violation of this chapter.

- (2) The licensee ((may take)) must return any postdated checks that the borrower has given to the licensee for the original small loan at the initiation of the ((payment)) installment plan ((for the payments agreed to under the plan. If any check accepted by the licensee as payment under the payment plan is dishonored, the licensee may not charge the borrower any fee for the dishonored check)).
- (3) ((If the borrower defaults on the payment plan, the licensee may initiate action to collect the total of payments under RCW 31.45.082.)) A licensee may take postdated checks for installment plan payments at the time the installment plan is originated. If any check accepted as payment under the installment plan is dishonored, the licensee may not charge the borrower any fee for the dishonored check. If a borrower defaults on the installment plan, the licensee may charge the borrower a one-time ((payment)) installment plan default fee of twenty-five dollars.
- (4) If the licensee enters into ((a payment)) an installment plan with the borrower through an accredited third party, with certified credit counselors, that is representing the borrower, the licensee's failure to comply with the terms of that ((payment)) installment plan constitutes a violation of this chapter.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 31.45 RCW to read as follows:

- (1)(a) In addition to other disclosures required by this chapter, the application for a small loan must include a statement that is substantially similar to the following: "At the time you repay this loan, you should have sufficient funds to meet your other financial obligations. If you cannot pay other bills because you are paying off this debt, you should go into the installment plan offered in connection with this loan."
- (b) The statement in (a) of this subsection must be on the front page of the loan application and must be in at least twelve point type.
 - (2) The director may adopt rules to implement this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 31.45 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The director must, by contract with a vendor or service provider or otherwise, develop and implement a system by means of which a licensee may determine:
 - (a) Whether a consumer has an outstanding small loan;
 - (b) The number of small loans the consumer has outstanding;
 - (c) Whether the borrower is eligible for a loan under RCW 31.45.073;
 - (d) Whether the borrower is in an installment plan; and
 - (e) Any other information necessary to comply with chapter 31.45 RCW.
- (2) The director may specify the form and contents of the system by rule. Any system must provide that the information entered into or stored by the system is:
- (a) Accessible to and usable by licensees and the director from any location in this state; and
- (b) Secured against public disclosure, tampering, theft, or unauthorized acquisition or use.
- (3) If the system described in subsection (1) of this section is developed and implemented, a licensee making small loans under chapter 31.45 RCW must

enter or update the required information in subsection (1) of this section at the time that the small loan transaction is conducted by the licensee.

- (4) A licensee must continue to enter and update all required information for any loans subject to chapter 31.45 RCW that are outstanding or have not yet expired after the date on which the licensee no longer has the license or small loan endorsement required by this chapter. Within ten business days after ceasing to make loans subject to chapter 31.45 RCW, the licensee must submit a plan for continuing compliance with this subsection to the director for approval. The director must promptly approve or disapprove the plan and may require the licensee to submit a new or modified plan that ensures compliance with this subsection.
- (5) If the system described in subsection (1) of this section is developed and implemented, the director shall adopt rules to set the fees licensees shall pay to the vendor or service provider for the operation and administration of the system and the administration of this chapter by the department.
- (6) The director shall adopt rules establishing standards for the retention, archiving, and deletion of information entered into or stored by the system described in subsection (1) of this section.
- (7) The information in the system described in subsection (1) of this section is not subject to public inspection or disclosure under chapter 42.56 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 31.45 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The director must collect and submit the following information in a report to the financial services committees of the senate and house of representatives:
- (a) The number of borrowers entered into an installment plan since the effective date of this section;
- (b) How the number of borrowers in installment plans compares to the number of borrowers in installment plans in years previous to the effective date of this section:
- (c) The number of borrowers who have defaulted since the effective date of this section:
- (d) If known on the effective date of this section, how the number of borrowers who have defaulted compares to the number of borrowers who defaulted in years previous to the effective date of this section; and
 - (e) Any other information that the director believes is relevant or useful.
- (2) Failure to provide the director information required by this section is a violation of this chapter.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 42.56.230 and 2008 c 200 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

The following personal information is exempt from public inspection and copying under this chapter:

- (1) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, or welfare recipients;
- (2) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy;

- (3) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (a) be prohibited to such persons by RCW 84.08.210, 82.32.330, 84.40.020, or 84.40.340 or (b) violate the taxpayer's right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer;
- (4) Credit card numbers, debit card numbers, electronic check numbers, card expiration dates, or bank or other financial account numbers, except when disclosure is expressly required by or governed by other law; ((and))
- (5) <u>Personal and financial information related to a small loan or any system</u> of authorizing a small loan in section 6 of this act; and
- (6) Documents and related materials and scanned images of documents and related materials used to prove identity, age, residential address, social security number, or other personal information required to apply for a driver's license or identicard.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** The director or the director's designee may take the actions necessary to ensure this act is implemented on its effective date.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. This act takes effect January 1, 2010.

Passed by the House March 9, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 511

[Substitute House Bill 1751]

TAX COLLECTION—PUBLIC FACILITIES IN RURAL COUNTIES

AN ACT Relating to the time period during which sales and use tax for public facilities in rural counties may be collected; and reenacting and amending RCW 82.14.370.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 82.14.370 and 2007 c 478 s 1 and 2007 c 250 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) The legislative authority of a rural county may impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter. The tax is in addition to other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county. The rate of tax shall not exceed 0.09 percent of the selling price in the case of a sales tax or value of the article used in the case of a use tax, except that for rural counties with population densities between sixty and one hundred persons per square mile, the rate shall not exceed 0.04 percent before January 1, 2000.
- (2) The tax imposed under subsection (1) of this section shall be deducted from the amount of tax otherwise required to be collected or paid over to the department of revenue under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 RCW. The department of revenue shall perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of the county at no cost to the county.
- (3)(a) Moneys collected under this section shall only be used to finance public facilities serving economic development purposes in rural counties and finance personnel in economic development offices. The public facility must be

listed as an item in the officially adopted county overall economic development plan, or the economic development section of the county's comprehensive plan, or the comprehensive plan of a city or town located within the county for those counties planning under RCW 36.70A.040. For those counties that do not have an adopted overall economic development plan and do not plan under the growth management act, the public facility must be listed in the county's capital facilities plan or the capital facilities plan of a city or town located within the county.

- (b) In implementing this section, the county shall consult with cities, towns, and port districts located within the county and the associate development organization serving the county to ensure that the expenditure meets the goals of chapter 130, Laws of 2004 and the requirements of (a) of this subsection. Each county collecting money under this section shall report, as follows, to the office of the state auditor, within one hundred fifty days after the close of each fiscal year: (i) A list of new projects begun during the fiscal year, showing that the county has used the funds for those projects consistent with the goals of chapter 130, Laws of 2004 and the requirements of (a) of this subsection; and (ii) expenditures during the fiscal year on projects begun in a previous year. Any projects financed prior to June 10, 2004, from the proceeds of obligations to which the tax imposed under subsection (1) of this section has been pledged shall not be deemed to be new projects under this subsection. No new projects funded with money collected under this section may be for justice system facilities.
 - (c) The definitions in this section apply throughout this section.
- (i) "Public facilities" means bridges, roads, domestic and industrial water facilities, sanitary sewer facilities, earth stabilization, storm sewer facilities, railroad, electricity, natural gas, buildings, structures, telecommunications infrastructure, transportation infrastructure, or commercial infrastructure, and port facilities in the state of Washington.
- (ii) "Economic development purposes" means those purposes which facilitate the creation or retention of businesses and jobs in a county.
- (iii) "Economic development office" means an office of a county, port districts, or an associate development organization as defined in RCW 43.330.010, which promotes economic development purposes within the county.
- (4) No tax may be collected under this section before July 1, 1998. (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, no tax may be collected under this section by a county more than twenty-five years after the date that a tax is first imposed under this section.
- (b) For counties imposing the tax at the rate of 0.09 percent before August 1, 2009, the tax expires on the date that is twenty-five years after the date that the 0.09 percent tax rate was first imposed by that county.
- (5) For purposes of this section, "rural county" means a county with a population density of less than one hundred persons per square mile or a county smaller than two hundred twenty-five square miles as determined by the office of financial management and published each year by the department for the period July 1st to June 30th.

Passed by the House April 25, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 23, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 512

[Substitute House Bill 2339]

VEHICLE REGISTRATION—STATE PARK DONATION

AN ACT Relating to requiring the department of licensing to collect a donation to benefit the state parks system as part of motor vehicle registration unless a vehicle owner opts not to provide a donation; and amending RCW 46.16.076.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.16.076 and 2007 c 340 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the department shall ((provide an opportunity for)) collect from the owners of vehicles registered under RCW 46.16.0621 and vehicles licensed under RCW 46.16.070 with a declared gross weight of ten thousand pounds or less((, to make)) a voluntary donation of five dollars at the time of initial or renewal registration. The donation must be deposited in the state parks renewal and stewardship account established in RCW 79A.05.215 to be used for the operation and maintenance of state parks.
- (b) The donation required under this section may not be collected from any vehicle owner actively opting not to participate in the donation program. The department shall ensure that the opt-out donation under this section shall be clear, visible, and prominently displayed in both paper and online vehicle registration renewals. Notification of intent to not participate in the donation program must be provided annually at the time of vehicle registration renewal.
- (2) This section applies to registrations due or to become due on or after ((January 1, 2008)) September 1, 2009.

Passed by the House April 20, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 24, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 513

[Engrossed House Bill 1815]

CURRENT USE VALUATION—OPEN SPACE LAND

AN ACT Relating to current use valuation under the property tax open space program; and amending RCW 84.34.020 and 84.34.108.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 84.34.020 and 2005 c 57 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless a different meaning is required by the context:

(1) "Open space land" means (a) any land area so designated by an official comprehensive land use plan adopted by any city or county and zoned accordingly, or (b) any land area, the preservation of which in its present use

- would (i) conserve and enhance natural or scenic resources, or (ii) protect streams or water supply, or (iii) promote conservation of soils, wetlands, beaches or tidal marshes, or (iv) enhance the value to the public of abutting or neighboring parks, forests, wildlife preserves, nature reservations or sanctuaries or other open space, or (v) enhance recreation opportunities, or (vi) preserve historic sites, or (vii) preserve visual quality along highway, road, and street corridors or scenic vistas, or (viii) retain in its natural state tracts of land not less than one acre situated in an urban area and open to public use on such conditions as may be reasonably required by the legislative body granting the open space classification, or (c) any land meeting the definition of farm and agricultural conservation land under subsection (8) of this section. As a condition of granting open space classification, the legislative body may not require public access on land classified under (b)(iii) of this subsection for the purpose of promoting conservation of wetlands.
 - (2) "Farm and agricultural land" means:
- (a) Any parcel of land that is twenty or more acres or multiple parcels of land that are contiguous and total twenty or more acres:
- (i) Devoted primarily to the production of livestock or agricultural commodities for commercial purposes;
- (ii) Enrolled in the federal conservation reserve program or its successor administered by the United States department of agriculture; or
 - (iii) Other similar commercial activities as may be established by rule;
- (b)(i) Any parcel of land that is five acres or more but less than twenty acres devoted primarily to agricultural uses, which has produced a gross income from agricultural uses equivalent to, as of January 1, 1993:
- (A) One hundred dollars or more per acre per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter for all parcels of land that are classified under this subsection or all parcels of land for which an application for classification under this subsection is made with the granting authority prior to January 1, 1993; and
- (B) On or after January 1, 1993, two hundred dollars or more per acre per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter;
- (ii) For the purposes of (b)(i) of this subsection, "gross income from agricultural uses" includes, but is not limited to, the wholesale value of agricultural products donated to nonprofit food banks or feeding programs;
- (c) Any parcel of land of less than five acres devoted primarily to agricultural uses which has produced a gross income as of January 1, 1993, of:
- (i) One thousand dollars or more per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter for all parcels of land that are classified under this subsection or all parcels of land for which an application for classification under this subsection is made with the granting authority prior to January 1, 1993; and
- (ii) On or after January 1, 1993, fifteen hundred dollars or more per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter.

Parcels of land described in (b)(i)(A) and (c)(i) of this subsection shall, upon any transfer of the property excluding a transfer to a surviving spouse, be subject to the limits of (b)(i)(B) and (c)(ii) of this subsection;

- (d) Any parcel of land that is five acres or more but less than twenty acres devoted primarily to agricultural uses, which meet one of the following criteria:
- (i) Has produced a gross income from agricultural uses equivalent to two hundred dollars or more per acre per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter;
- (ii) Has standing crops with an expectation of harvest within seven years, except as provided in (d)(iii) of this subsection, and a demonstrable investment in the production of those crops equivalent to one hundred dollars or more per acre in the current or previous calendar year. For the purposes of this subsection (2)(d)(ii), "standing crop" means Christmas trees, vineyards, fruit trees, or other perennial crops that: (A) Are planted using agricultural methods normally used in the commercial production of that particular crop; and (B) typically do not produce harvestable quantities in the initial years after planting; or
- (iii) Has a standing crop of short rotation hardwoods with an expectation of harvest within fifteen years and a demonstrable investment in the production of those crops equivalent to one hundred dollars or more per acre in the current or previous calendar year;
- (e) Any lands including incidental uses as are compatible with agricultural purposes, including wetlands preservation, provided such incidental use does not exceed twenty percent of the classified land and the land on which appurtenances necessary to the production, preparation, or sale of the agricultural products exist in conjunction with the lands producing such products. Agricultural lands shall also include any parcel of land of one to five acres, which is not contiguous, but which otherwise constitutes an integral part of farming operations being conducted on land qualifying under this section as "farm and agricultural lands"; or
- (((e))) (f) The land on which housing for employees and the principal place of residence of the farm operator or owner of land classified pursuant to (a) of this subsection is sited if: The housing or residence is on or contiguous to the classified parcel; and the use of the housing or the residence is integral to the use of the classified land for agricultural purposes.
- (3) "Timber land" means any parcel of land that is five or more acres or multiple parcels of land that are contiguous and total five or more acres which is or are devoted primarily to the growth and harvest of timber for commercial purposes. Timber land means the land only and does not include a residential homesite. The term includes land used for incidental uses that are compatible with the growing and harvesting of timber but no more than ten percent of the land may be used for such incidental uses. It also includes the land on which appurtenances necessary for the production, preparation, or sale of the timber products exist in conjunction with land producing these products.
- (4) "Current" or "currently" means as of the date on which property is to be listed and valued by the assessor.
- (5) "Owner" means the party or parties having the fee interest in land, except that where land is subject to real estate contract "owner" shall mean the contract vendee.
- (6) "Contiguous" means land adjoining and touching other property held by the same ownership. Land divided by a public road, but otherwise an integral part of a farming operation, shall be considered contiguous.

- (7) "Granting authority" means the appropriate agency or official who acts on an application for classification of land pursuant to this chapter.
 - (8) "Farm and agricultural conservation land" means either:
- (a) Land that was previously classified under subsection (2) of this section, that no longer meets the criteria of subsection (2) of this section, and that is reclassified under subsection (1) of this section; or
- (b) Land that is traditional farmland that is not classified under chapter 84.33 or 84.34 RCW, that has not been irrevocably devoted to a use inconsistent with agricultural uses, and that has a high potential for returning to commercial agriculture.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 84.34.108 and 2007 c 54 s 25 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) When land has once been classified under this chapter, a notation of the classification shall be made each year upon the assessment and tax rolls and the land shall be valued pursuant to RCW 84.34.060 or 84.34.065 until removal of all or a portion of the classification by the assessor upon occurrence of any of the following:
- (a) Receipt of notice from the owner to remove all or a portion of the classification;
- (b) Sale or transfer to an ownership, except a transfer that resulted from a default in loan payments made to or secured by a governmental agency that intends to or is required by law or regulation to resell the property for the same use as before, making all or a portion of the land exempt from ad valorem taxation;
- (c) Sale or transfer of all or a portion of the land to a new owner, unless the new owner has signed a notice of classification continuance, except transfer to an owner who is an heir or devisee of a deceased owner shall not, by itself, result in removal of classification. The notice of continuance shall be on a form prepared by the department. If the notice of continuance is not signed by the new owner and attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit, all additional taxes calculated pursuant to subsection (4) of this section shall become due and payable by the seller or transferor at time of sale. The auditor shall not accept an instrument of conveyance regarding classified land for filing or recording unless the new owner has signed the notice of continuance or the additional tax has been paid, as evidenced by the real estate excise tax stamp affixed thereto by the treasurer. The seller, transferor, or new owner may appeal the new assessed valuation calculated under subsection (4) of this section to the county board of equalization in accordance with the provisions of RCW 84.40.038. Jurisdiction is hereby conferred on the county board of equalization to hear these appeals;
- (d) Determination by the assessor, after giving the owner written notice and an opportunity to be heard, that all or a portion of the land no longer meets the criteria for classification under this chapter. The criteria for classification pursuant to this chapter continue to apply after classification has been granted.

The granting authority, upon request of an assessor, shall provide reasonable assistance to the assessor in making a determination whether the land continues to meet the qualifications of RCW 84.34.020 (1) or (3). The assistance shall be provided within thirty days of receipt of the request.

(2) Land may not be removed from classification because of:

- (a) The creation, sale, or transfer of forestry riparian easements under RCW 76.13.120; or
- (b) The creation, sale, or transfer of a fee interest or a conservation easement for the riparian open space program under RCW 76.09.040.
- (3) Within thirty days after ((sueh)) the removal of all or a portion of the land from current use classification under subsection (1) of this section, the assessor shall notify the owner in writing, setting forth the reasons for the removal. The seller, transferor, or owner may appeal the removal to the county board of equalization in accordance with the provisions of RCW 84.40.038. The removal notice must explain the steps needed to appeal the removal decision, including when a notice of appeal must be filed, where the forms may be obtained, and how to contact the county board of equalization.
- (4) Unless the removal is reversed on appeal, the assessor shall revalue the affected land with reference to its true and fair value on January 1st of the year of removal from classification. Both the assessed valuation before and after the removal of classification shall be listed and taxes shall be allocated according to that part of the year to which each assessed valuation applies. Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, an additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty shall be imposed which shall be due and payable to the treasurer thirty days after the owner is notified of the amount of the additional tax. As soon as possible, the assessor shall compute the amount of additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty and the treasurer shall mail notice to the owner of the amount thereof and the date on which payment is due. The amount of the additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty shall be determined as follows:
- (a) The amount of additional tax shall be equal to the difference between the property tax paid as "open space land," "farm and agricultural land," or "timber land" and the amount of property tax otherwise due and payable for the seven years last past had the land not been so classified;
- (b) The amount of applicable interest shall be equal to the interest upon the amounts of the additional tax paid at the same statutory rate charged on delinquent property taxes from the dates on which the additional tax could have been paid without penalty if the land had been assessed at a value without regard to this chapter;
- (c) The amount of the penalty shall be as provided in RCW 84.34.080. The penalty shall not be imposed if the removal satisfies the conditions of RCW 84.34.070.
- (5) Additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty, shall become a lien on the land which shall attach at the time the land is removed from classification under this chapter and shall have priority to and shall be fully paid and satisfied before any recognizance, mortgage, judgment, debt, obligation or responsibility to or with which the land may become charged or liable. This lien may be foreclosed upon expiration of the same period after delinquency and in the same manner provided by law for foreclosure of liens for delinquent real property taxes as provided in RCW 84.64.050. Any additional tax unpaid on its due date shall thereupon become delinquent. From the date of delinquency until paid, interest shall be charged at the same rate applied by law to delinquent ad valorem property taxes.

- (6) The additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty specified in subsection (4) of this section shall not be imposed if the removal of classification pursuant to subsection (1) of this section resulted solely from:
- (a) Transfer to a government entity in exchange for other land located within the state of Washington;
- (b)(i) A taking through the exercise of the power of eminent domain, or (ii) sale or transfer to an entity having the power of eminent domain in anticipation of the exercise of such power, said entity having manifested its intent in writing or by other official action;
- (c) A natural disaster such as a flood, windstorm, earthquake, or other such calamity rather than by virtue of the act of the landowner changing the use of the property;
- (d) Official action by an agency of the state of Washington or by the county or city within which the land is located which disallows the present use of the land;
- (e) Transfer of land to a church when the land would qualify for exemption pursuant to RCW 84.36.020;
- (f) Acquisition of property interests by state agencies or agencies or organizations qualified under RCW 84.34.210 and 64.04.130 for the purposes enumerated in those sections. At such time as these property interests are not used for the purposes enumerated in RCW 84.34.210 and 64.04.130 the additional tax specified in subsection (4) of this section shall be imposed;
- (g) Removal of land classified as farm and agricultural land under RCW 84.34.020(2)(((e))) (f);
- (h) Removal of land from classification after enactment of a statutory exemption that qualifies the land for exemption and receipt of notice from the owner to remove the land from classification;
- (i) The creation, sale, or transfer of forestry riparian easements under RCW 76.13.120;
- (j) The creation, sale, or transfer of a fee interest or a conservation easement for the riparian open space program under RCW 76.09.040; or
- (k) The sale or transfer of land within two years after the death of the owner of at least a fifty percent interest in the land if the land has been assessed and valued as classified forest land, designated as forest land under chapter 84.33 RCW, or classified under this chapter continuously since 1993. The date of death shown on a death certificate is the date used for the purposes of this subsection (6)(k).

Passed by the House April 24, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 514

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1959]
MARINE CONTAINER PORTS—USES AND PLANNING

AN ACT Relating to land use and transportation planning for marine container ports; reenacting and amending RCW 47.06.140; adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW; and creating new sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** (1) The legislature finds that Washington's marine container ports operate within a complex system of marine terminal operations, truck and train transportation corridors, and industrial services that together support a critical amount of our state and national economy, including key parts of our state's manufacturing and agricultural sectors, and directly create thousands of high-wage jobs throughout our region.

- (2) The legislature further finds that the container port services are increasingly challenged by the conversion of industrial properties to nonindustrial uses, leading to competing and incompatible uses that can hinder port operations, restrict efficient movement of freight, and limit the opportunity for improvements to existing port-related facilities.
- (3) It is the intent of the legislature to ensure that local land use decisions are made in consideration of the long-term and widespread economic contribution of our international container ports and related industrial lands and transportation systems, and to ensure that container ports continue to function effectively alongside vibrant city waterfronts.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Comprehensive plans of cities that have a marine container port with annual operating revenues in excess of sixty million dollars within their jurisdiction must include a container port element.
- (2) Comprehensive plans of cities that include all or part of a port district with annual operating revenues in excess of twenty million dollars may include a marine industrial port element. Prior to adopting a marine industrial port element under this subsection (2), the commission of the applicable port district must adopt a resolution in support of the proposed element.
- (3) Port elements adopted under subsections (1) and (2) of this section must be developed collaboratively between the city and the applicable port, and must establish policies and programs that:
- (a) Define and protect the core areas of port and port-related industrial uses within the city;
- (b) Provide reasonably efficient access to the core area through freight corridors within the city limits; and
- (c) Identify and resolve key land use conflicts along the edge of the core area, and minimize and mitigate, to the extent practicable, incompatible uses along the edge of the core area.
- (4) Port elements adopted under subsections (1) and (2) of this section must be:
- (a) Completed and approved by the city according to the schedule specified in RCW 36.70A.130; and
- (b) Consistent with the economic development, transportation, and land use elements of the city's comprehensive plan, and consistent with the city's capital facilities plan.
- (5) In adopting port elements under subsections (1) and (2) of this section, cities and ports must: Ensure that there is consistency between the port elements and the port comprehensive scheme required under chapters 53.20 and 53.25

RCW; and retain sufficient planning flexibility to secure emerging economic opportunities.

- (6) In developing port elements under subsections (1) and (2) of this section, a city may utilize one or more of the following approaches:
 - (a) Creation of a port overlay district that protects container port uses;
 - (b) Use of industrial land banks;
 - (c) Use of buffers and transition zones between incompatible uses;
 - (d) Use of joint transportation funding agreements;
- (e) Use of policies to encourage the retention of valuable warehouse and storage facilities;
- (f) Use of limitations on the location or size, or both, of nonindustrial uses in the core area and surrounding areas; and
 - (g) Use of other approaches by agreement between the city and the port.
- (7) The department of community, trade, and economic development must provide matching grant funds to cities meeting the requirements of subsection (1) of this section to support development of the required container port element.
- (8) Any planned improvements identified in port elements adopted under subsections (1) and (2) of this section must be transmitted by the city to the transportation commission for consideration of inclusion in the statewide transportation plan required under RCW 47.01.071.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 47.06.140 and 2007 c 516 s 11 and 2007 c 512 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) The legislature declares the following transportation facilities and services to be of statewide significance: Highways of statewide significance as designated by the legislature under chapter 47.05 RCW, the interstate highway system, interregional state principal arterials including ferry connections that serve statewide travel, intercity passenger rail services, intercity high-speed ground transportation, major passenger intermodal terminals excluding all airport facilities and services, the freight railroad system, the Columbia/Snake navigable river system, marine port facilities and services that are related solely to marine activities affecting international and interstate trade, key freight transportation corridors serving these marine port facilities, and high capacity transportation systems serving regions as defined in RCW 81.104.015. department, in cooperation with regional transportation planning organizations, counties, cities, transit agencies, public ports, private railroad operators, and private transportation providers, as appropriate, shall plan for improvements to transportation facilities and services of statewide significance in the statewide multimodal transportation plan. Improvements to facilities and services of statewide significance identified in the statewide multimodal transportation plan. or to highways of statewide significance designated by the legislature under chapter 47.05 RCW, are essential state public facilities under RCW 36.70A.200.
- (2) The department of transportation, in consultation with local governments, shall set level of service standards for state highways and state ferry routes of statewide significance. Although the department shall consult with local governments when setting level of service standards, the department retains authority to make final decisions regarding level of service standards for state highways and state ferry routes of statewide significance. In establishing level of service standards for state highways and state ferry routes of statewide significance, the department shall consider the necessary balance between

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

providing for the free interjurisdictional movement of people and goods and the needs of local communities using these facilities. When setting the level of service standards under this section for state ferry routes, the department may allow for a standard that is adjustable for seasonality.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2009, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

Passed by the House April 24, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 515

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2072] SPECIAL NEEDS TRANSPORTATION

AN ACT Relating to advancing effective transportation for persons with special transportation needs; amending RCW 47.06B.010, 47.06B.020, 47.06B.030, 47.06B.050, 36.73.020, 47.80.023, 47.06B.900, and 47.06B.901; adding new sections to chapter 47.06B RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.300 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.58 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 47.01 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 47.06B RCW to read as follows:

- (1) In 2007, the legislature directed the joint transportation committee to conduct a study of special needs transportation to examine and evaluate the effectiveness of special needs transportation in the state. A particular goal of the study was to explore opportunities to enhance coordination of special needs transportation programs to ensure that they are delivered efficiently and result in improved access and increased mobility options for their clients. It is the intent of the legislature to further consider some of the recommendations, and to implement many of these recommendations in the form of two pilot projects that will test the potential for applying these recommendations statewide in the future.
- (2) The legislature is aware that the department of social and health services submitted an application in December of 2008 to the federal centers for medicare and medicaid services, seeking approval to use the medical match system, a federal funding system that has different requirements from the federal administrative match system currently used by the department. It is the intent of the legislature to advance the goals of this act and the recommendations of the study identified in subsection (1) of this section without jeopardizing the application made by the department.
- (3) By August 15, 2009, the agency council on coordinated transportation shall appoint a work group for the purpose of identifying relevant federal requirements related to special needs transportation, and identifying solutions to streamline the requirements and increase efficiencies in transportation services provided for persons with special transportation needs. To advance its purpose, the work group shall work with relevant federal representatives and agencies to identify and address various challenges and barriers.

- (4) Membership of the work group must include, but not be limited to, one or more representatives from:
- (a) The departments of transportation, veterans affairs, health, and social and health services;
 - (b) Medicaid nonemergency medical transportation brokers;
 - (c) Public transit agencies;
- (d) Regional and metropolitan transportation planning organizations, including a representative of the regional transportation planning organization or organizations that provide staff support to the local coordinating coalition established under section 9 of this act;
 - (e) Indian tribes;
 - (f) The agency council on coordinated transportation;
- (g) The local coordinating coalitions established under section 9 of this act; and
 - (h) The office of the superintendent of public instruction.
- (5) The work group shall elect one or more of its members to service as chair or cochairs.
- (6) The work group shall immediately contact representatives of the federal congressional delegation for Washington state and the relevant federal agencies and coordinating authorities including, but not limited to, the federal transit administration, the United States department of health and human services, and the interagency transportation coordinating council on access and mobility, and invite the federal representatives to work collaboratively to:
- (a) Identify transportation definitions and terminology used in the various relevant state and federal programs, and establish consistent transportation definitions and terminology. For purposes of this subsection, relevant state definitions exclude terminology that requires a medical determination, including whether a trip or service is medically necessary;
- (b) Identify restrictions or barriers that preclude federal, state, and local agencies from sharing client lists or other client information, and make progress towards removing any restrictions or barriers;
- (c) Identify relevant state and federal performance and cost reporting systems and requirements, and work towards establishing consistent and uniform performance and cost reporting systems and requirements; and
- (d) Explore, subject to federal approval, opportunities to test cost allocation models, including the pilot projects established in section 11 of this act, that:
- (i) Allow for cost sharing among public paratransit and medicaid nonemergency medical trips; and
- (ii) Capture the value of medicaid trips provided by public transit agencies for which they are not currently reimbursed with a funding match by federal medicaid dollars.
- (7) By December 1, 2009, the work group shall submit a report to the joint transportation committee that explains the progress made towards the goals of this section and identifies any necessary legislative action that must be taken to implement all the provisions of this section. A second progress report must be submitted to the joint transportation committee by June 1, 2010, and a final report must be submitted to the joint transportation committee by December 1, 2010.

*<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 47.06B RCW to read as follows:

- (1) By August 15, 2009, the agency council on coordinated transportation shall appoint a work group to consider certain recommendations resulting from the study identified in section 1(1) of this act. In conducting its analysis, the work group must consult with the appropriate federal agencies, including the federal transit administration, the United States department of health and human services, and the interagency transportation coordinating council on access and mobility.
- (2) The work group must be chaired by a representative of the agency council on coordinated transportation, and members must include one or more representatives of:
 - (a) Regional and metropolitan planning organizations;
 - (b) Transit agencies;
- (c) Brokerages providing nonemergency medical transportation services; and
 - (d) The department of social and health services.
- (3) The work group may consider any recommendation resulting from the study identified in section 1(1) of this act, and shall specifically consider the study's recommendations regarding the procurement and designation of community access managers, including:
 - (a) The most appropriate agency to make those designations;
- (b) The preferred geographic regions in which to establish community access managers;
 - (c) The duties and responsibilities of community access managers; and
- (d) Any study recommendations that may interfere with the department's application as described in section 1(2) of this act, and potential solutions to those issues.
- (4) The work group may also develop an alternative to the community access manager model proposed in the 2009 special needs transportation study recommendations, as described in section 1(1) of this act, as a recommendation to be considered by the joint transportation committee. Any proposed alternative model must build upon the work conducted in the pilot projects under section 11 of this act and the work completed in the 2009 study, and must be consistent with the goals of the 2009 study.
- (5) Subject to available funds, the work group may consult with other agencies and organizations as needed.
- (6) By December 1, 2009, the agency council on coordinated transportation shall submit a report to the joint transportation committee describing the work group's findings and recommendations for implementing the study recommendations. If the work group finds that additional time is needed to complete its analysis, a second progress report must be submitted to the joint transportation committee by June 1, 2010.
- *Sec. 2 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 47.06B.010 and 2007 c 421 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that transportation systems for persons with special needs are not operated as efficiently as possible. In too many cases, programs

established by the legislature to assist persons with special needs can not be accessed due to these inefficiencies and coordination barriers.

The legislature further finds that the transportation needs of each community are unique, and that transportation services may be improved by establishing a system of statewide oversight that seeks input, collaboration, and cooperation from and among all local service providers, including public agencies, private organizations, and community-based groups.

It is the intent of the legislature that public transportation agencies, pupil transportation programs, private nonprofit transportation providers, and other public agencies sponsoring programs that require transportation services coordinate those transportation services. Through coordination of transportation services, programs will achieve increased efficiencies and will be able to provide more rides to a greater number of persons with special needs.

- **Sec. 4.** RCW 47.06B.020 and 2007 c 421 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The agency council on coordinated transportation is created. The purpose of the council is to advance and improve accessibility to and coordination of special needs transportation services statewide. The council is composed of ((ten)) fourteen voting members and four nonvoting, legislative members.
- (2) The ((ten)) <u>fourteen</u> voting members are the superintendent of public instruction or a designee, the secretary of transportation or a designee, the secretary of the department of social and health services or a designee, and ((seven)) <u>eleven</u> members appointed by the governor as follows:
 - (a) One representative from the office of the governor;
- (b) Three persons who are consumers of special needs transportation services, which must include:
- (i) One person designated by the executive director of the governor's committee on disability issues and employment; and
- (ii) One person who is designated by the executive director of the developmental disabilities council;
- (c) One representative from the Washington association of pupil transportation;
 - (d) One representative from the Washington state transit association; ((and))
 - (e) One of the following:
- (i) A representative from the community transportation association of the Northwest; or
 - (ii) A representative from the community action council association;
- (f) One person who represents regional transportation planning organizations and metropolitan planning organizations;
- (g) One representative of brokers who provide nonemergency, medically necessary trips to persons with special transportation needs under the medicaid program administered by the department of social and health services;
- (h) One representative from the Washington state department of veterans affairs; and
 - (i) One representative of the state association of counties.
 - (3) The four nonvoting members are legislators as follows:
- (a) Two members from the house of representatives, one from each of the two largest caucuses, appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives,

including at least one member from the house transportation policy and budget committee or the house appropriations committee; and

- (b) Two members from the senate, one from each of the two largest caucuses, appointed by the president of the senate, including at least one member from the senate transportation committee or the senate ways and means committee
- (4) Gubernatorial appointees of the council will serve two-year terms. Members may not receive compensation for their service on the council, but will be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in performing their duties as members as set forth in RCW 43.03.220.
 - (5) ((The secretary of transportation or a designee shall serve as the chair.
- (6)) The council shall vote on an annual basis to elect one of its voting members to serve as chair. The position of chair must rotate among the represented agencies, associations, and interest groups at least every two years. If the position of chair is vacated for any reason, the secretary of transportation or the secretary's designee shall serve as acting chair until the next regular meeting of the council, at which time the members will elect a chair.
- (6) The council shall periodically assess its membership to ensure that there exists a balanced representation of persons with special transportation needs and providers of special transportation needs services. Recommendations for modifying the membership of the council must be included in the council's biennial report to the legislature as provided in RCW 47.06B.050.
- (7) The department of transportation shall provide necessary staff support for the council.
- (((7))) (8) The council may receive gifts, grants, or endowments from public or private sources that are made from time to time, in trust or otherwise, for the use and benefit of the purposes of the council and spend gifts, grants, or endowments or income from the public or private sources according to their terms, unless the receipt of the gifts, grants, or endowments violates RCW 42.17.710.
- (((8))) (9) The meetings of the council must be open to the public, with the agenda published in advance, and minutes kept and made available to the public. The public notice of the meetings must indicate that accommodations for persons with disabilities will be made available upon request.
- (((9))) (10) All meetings of the council must be held in locations that are readily accessible to public transportation, and must be scheduled for times when public transportation is available.
- (((10))) (<u>11)</u> The council shall make an effort to include presentations by and work sessions including persons with special transportation needs.
- *Sec. 5. RCW 47.06B.030 and 2007 c 421 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- $((\frac{1}{2}))$ To assure implementation of an effective system of coordinated transportation that meets the needs of persons with special transportation needs, the agency council on coordinated transportation shall:
- (1) Consistent with the policy goals set forth in RCW 47.04.280, propose statewide policies and objectives, subject to enactment by the legislature, that are designed to advance the coordination of and to increase efficiencies in special needs transportation services;
 - (2) Adopt a biennial work plan that must, at a minimum:

- (a) Focus on projects that identify and address barriers in laws, policies, and procedures;
 - (b) Focus on results; and
- (c) Identify and advocate for transportation system improvements for persons with special transportation needs((:
 - (2) The council shall,));
- (3) Collaborate with and monitor the efforts of the local coordinating coalitions established under section 9 of this act;
- (4) Establish uniform measurable outcome-based performance objectives and measures for evaluating:
 - (a) The effectiveness of any grant programs administered by the council:
- (b) The council's progress made toward accomplishing its overall objectives; and
- (c) In collaboration with local coordinating coalitions established under section 9 of this act, the progress made in each region toward advancing coordination of and accessibility to special needs transportation services;
- (5) Periodically provide input and recommendations to local and regional planning organizations for advancing special needs coordinated transportation;
- (6) Appoint members to local coordinating coalitions, as provided in section 9 of this act;
- (7) Beginning with the 2009-2011 biennial transportation budget, and at the request of the department, review and assess applications made for state paratransit/special needs grants, as provided in section 223(1), chapter 121, Laws of 2008, or other special needs transportation grants administered by the department;
- (8) As necessary, convene work groups at the state, regional, or local level to develop and implement coordinated approaches to special needs transportation((-

(3))));

- (9) To improve the service experienced by persons with special transportation needs, ((the council shall)) develop statewide guidelines for customer complaint processes so that information about policies regarding the complaint processes is available consistently and consumers are appropriately educated about available options. To be eligible for funding on or after January 1, 2008, organizations applying for state paratransit/special needs grants as described in section 226(1), chapter 370, Laws of 2006 must implement a process following the guidelines established by the council((-
 - (4) The council shall)); and
- (10) Represent the needs and interests of persons with special transportation needs in statewide efforts for emergency and disaster preparedness planning by advising the emergency management council on how to address transportation needs for high-risk individuals during and after disasters.
- *Sec. 5 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.
- *<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 47.06B RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The legislature acknowledges that successful models of coordination among state, regional, and local service providers recognize that cost

accounting and cost allocation are integral components in meeting the statutory obligations of the various funding sources that may be used to support the purchase of services from special needs transportation service providers. To that end, the agency council on coordinated transportation must work collaboratively with any appropriate agencies and transportation providers and organizations to:

- (a) Develop and adopt common units of service definitions including, but not limited to, definitions for vehicle miles, vehicle hours, and passenger trips, consistent with any relevant definitions established under section 1 of this act. For purposes of this subsection, "common units of service" excludes elements involving medical determinations, including whether a trip type or transportation service is medically necessary; and
- (b) Develop uniform performance and cost reporting systems, consistent with performance and cost reporting systems established under section 1 of this act.
- (2) By December 1, 2009, the agency council on coordinated transportation shall submit a report to the joint transportation committee that, at a minimum, describes the progress made towards the goals of this section. If necessary, a second progress report must be submitted to the joint transportation committee by June 1, 2010, and a final report must be submitted to the joint transportation committee by December 1, 2010. *Sec. 6 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

*<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 47.06B RCW to read as follows:

- (1) In cooperation with the department of social and health services and the Washington state patrol, the agency council on coordinated transportation shall make progress toward the goal of establishing a single clearinghouse for driver background checks within the most cost-effective agency. To that end, the council shall, at a minimum:
 - (a) Review any previous relevant studies;
- (b) Identify and collaborate with agencies engaged in background check analysis; and
- (c) Develop a work plan to achieve the objectives identified in this subsection.
- (2) By December 1, 2009, the agency council on coordinated transportation shall submit a report to the joint transportation committee that, at a minimum, describes the progress made towards the goals of this section. If necessary, a second progress report must be submitted to the joint transportation committee by June 1, 2010, and a final report must be submitted to the joint transportation committee by December 1, 2010. *Sec. 7 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.
- Sec. 8. RCW 47.06B.050 and 2007 c 421 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

The agency council on coordinated transportation shall submit a progress report ((on council activities)) to the legislature by December 1, 2009, and every other year thereafter. The report must describe the council's progress in achieving its objectives and in attaining the applicable goals identified in the council's biennial work plan and highlight any problems encountered in achieving these goals. The report must also include the required performance

measure evaluations established in RCW 47.06B.030(4). The information will be reported in a form established by the council.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 47.06B RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A local coordinating coalition is created in each nonemergency medical transportation brokerage region, as designated by the department of social and health services, that encompasses:
- (a) A single county that has a population of more than seven hundred fifty thousand but less than one million; and
- (b) Five counties, and is comprised of at least one county that has a population of more than four hundred thousand.
- (2) The purpose of a local coordinating coalition is to advance local efforts to coordinate and maximize efficiencies in special needs transportation programs and services, contributing to the overall objectives and goals of the agency council on coordinated transportation. The local coordinating coalition shall serve in an advisory capacity to the agency council on coordinated transportation by providing the council with a focused and ongoing assessment of the special transportation needs and services provided within its region.
- (3) The composition and size of each local coordinating coalition may vary by region. Local coordinating coalition members, appointed by the chair of the agency council on coordinated transportation to two-year terms, must reflect a balanced representation of the region's providers of special needs transportation services and must include:
- (a) Members of existing local coordinating coalitions, with approval by those members;
- (b) One or more representatives of the public transit agency or agencies serving the region;
 - (c) One or more representatives of private service providers;
 - (d) A representative of civic or community-based service providers;
 - (e) A consumer of special needs transportation services;
- (f) A representative of nonemergency medical transportation medicaid brokers;
 - (g) A representative of social and human service programs;
 - (h) A representative of local high school districts; and
- (i) A representative from the Washington state department of veterans affairs.
- (4) Each coalition shall vote on an annual basis to elect one of its members to serve as chair. The position of chair must rotate among the represented members at least every two years. If the position of chair is vacated for any reason, the member representing the regional transportation planning organization described in subsection (6) of this section shall serve as acting chair until the next regular meeting of the coalition, at which time the members will elect a chair.
- (5) Regular meetings of the local coordinating coalition may be convened at the call of the chair or by a majority of the members. Meetings must be open to the public, and held in locations that are readily accessible to public transportation.
- (6) The regional transportation planning organization, as described in chapter 47.80 RCW, serving the region in which the local coordinating coalition

is created shall provide necessary staff support for the local coordinating coalition. In regions served by more than one regional transportation planning organization, unless otherwise agreed to by the relevant planning organizations, the regional transportation planning organization serving the largest population within the region shall provide the necessary staff support.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** A new section is added to chapter 47.06B RCW to read as follows:

Local coordinating coalitions established under section 9 of this act shall:

- (1) Identify, to the greatest extent possible, all local transportation facilities, services, and providers serving persons with special transportation needs in the region, including public transit agencies, private companies, nonprofit organizations, and community-based groups. For each service provider, the coalition shall identify the boundaries within which services are provided;
- (2) Identify local service needs, including connectivity gaps and other barriers to reliable and efficient transportation within and across service boundaries;
- (3) Consider strategies to address the local service needs and gaps identified in subsection (2) of this section;
- (4) In consultation with the agency council on coordinated transportation, collaborate with local service providers and operators to identify and propose common connectivity standards. The connectivity standards must, at a minimum, address signage, transit information, schedule coordination, and services provided to address access to and from a transit stop or facility; and
- (5) Beginning December 1, 2009, submit an annual report to the agency council on coordinated transportation that must, at a minimum, describe local efforts to coordinate and maximize efficiencies in special needs transportation programs and services, and progress made in addressing the duties described in this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** A new section is added to chapter 47.06B RCW to read as follows:

- (1) In addition to the duties identified in sections 9 and 10 of this act, each local coordinating coalition shall develop or implement a pilot project within the coalition's region, as described under section 9(1) of this act, for the purpose of demonstrating cost sharing and cost saving opportunities as described in subsection (2) of this section, and shall keep the agency council on coordinated transportation informed of progress made toward implementing the pilot project. In developing or implementing the pilot project, the local coordinating coalition shall collaborate with the appropriate federal agencies, including the federal transit authority and United States department of health and human services, and may collaborate with other agencies and organizations as deemed appropriate.
 - (2) The pilot project must be designed to:
- (a) Demonstrate opportunities for cost sharing, including but not limited to opportunities among public paratransit and medicaid nonemergency medical trips; and
- (b) Test the feasibility of capturing the value of medicaid trips provided by public transit agencies for which they are not currently reimbursed with a funding match by federal medicaid dollars.

(3) By December 1, 2009, and by June 1, 2010, each local coordinating coalition shall submit a status report to the joint transportation committee and agency council on coordinated transportation describing progress made in implementing the pilot project. By December 1, 2010, each local coordinating coalition shall issue a final report to the joint transportation committee and the agency council on coordinated transportation describing progress made in implementing the pilot project.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:

By December 31, 2010, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall establish a uniform process designed to track the additional expenditures for transporting homeless students, including expenditures required under the McKinney Vento act, reauthorized as Title X, Part C, of the no child left behind act, P.L. 107-110, in January 2002. Once established, the superintendent shall adopt the necessary administrative rules to direct each school district to adopt and use the uniform process and track these expenditures. The superintendent shall provide information annually to the agency council on coordinated transportation, created in chapter 47.06B RCW, on total expenditures related to the transportation of homeless students.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** A new section is added to chapter 35.58 RCW to read as follows:

A municipality, as defined in RCW 35.58.272, and each regional transit authority shall work collaboratively with the appropriate local coordinating coalition or coalitions as described under section 9 of this act to advance the coordination of and maximize efficiencies in transportation services provided to persons with special transportation needs as defined in RCW 47.06B.012.

- **Sec. 14.** RCW 36.73.020 and 2006 c 311 s 25 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The legislative authority of a county or city may establish a transportation benefit district within the county or city area or within the area specified in subsection (2) of this section, for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, improving, providing, and funding a transportation improvement within the district that is consistent with any existing state, regional, and local transportation plans and necessitated by existing or reasonably foreseeable congestion levels. The transportation improvements shall be owned by the county of jurisdiction if located in an unincorporated area, by the city of jurisdiction if located in an incorporated area, or by the state in cases where the transportation improvement is or becomes a state highway. However, if deemed appropriate by the governing body of the transportation benefit district, a transportation improvement may be owned by a participating port district or transit district, unless otherwise prohibited by law. Transportation improvements shall be administered and maintained as other public streets. roads, highways, and transportation improvements. To the extent practicable, the district shall consider the following criteria when selecting transportation improvements:
 - (a) Reduced risk of transportation facility failure and improved safety;
 - (b) Improved travel time;
 - (c) Improved air quality;

- (d) Increases in daily and peak period trip capacity;
- (e) Improved modal connectivity;
- (f) Improved freight mobility;
- (g) Cost-effectiveness of the investment;
- (h) Optimal performance of the system through time; ((and))
- (i) <u>Improved accessibility for, or other benefits to, persons with special</u> transportation needs as defined in RCW 47.06B.012; and
 - (i) Other criteria, as adopted by the governing body.
- (2) Subject to subsection (6) of this section, the district may include area within more than one county, city, port district, county transportation authority, or public transportation benefit area, if the legislative authority of each participating jurisdiction has agreed to the inclusion as provided in an interlocal agreement adopted pursuant to chapter 39.34 RCW. However, the boundaries of the district need not include all territory within the boundaries of the participating jurisdictions comprising the district.
- (3) The members of the legislative authority proposing to establish the district, acting ex officio and independently, shall constitute the governing body of the district: PROVIDED, That where a district includes area within more than one jurisdiction under subsection (2) of this section, the district shall be governed under an interlocal agreement adopted pursuant to chapter 39.34 RCW. However, the governing body shall be composed of at least five members including at least one elected official from the legislative authority of each participating jurisdiction.
- (4) The treasurer of the jurisdiction proposing to establish the district shall act as the ex officio treasurer of the district, unless an interlocal agreement states otherwise.
- (5) The electors of the district shall all be registered voters residing within the district.
- (6) Prior to December 1, 2007, the authority under this section, regarding the establishment of or the participation in a district, shall not apply to:
- (a) Counties with a population greater than one million five hundred thousand persons and any adjoining counties with a population greater than five hundred thousand persons;
 - (b) Cities with any area within the counties under (a) of this subsection; and
- (c) Other jurisdictions with any area within the counties under (a) of this subsection.
- Sec. 15. RCW 47.80.023 and 2007 c 421 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

Each regional transportation planning organization shall have the following duties:

- (1) Prepare and periodically update a transportation strategy for the region. The strategy shall address alternative transportation modes and transportation demand management measures in regional corridors and shall recommend preferred transportation policies to implement adopted growth strategies. The strategy shall serve as a guide in preparation of the regional transportation plan.
- (2) Prepare a regional transportation plan as set forth in RCW 47.80.030 that is consistent with county-wide planning policies if such have been adopted pursuant to chapter 36.70A RCW, with county, city, and town comprehensive plans, and state transportation plans.

- (3) Certify by December 31, 1996, that the transportation elements of comprehensive plans adopted by counties, cities, and towns within the region reflect the guidelines and principles developed pursuant to RCW 47.80.026, are consistent with the adopted regional transportation plan, and, where appropriate, conform with the requirements of RCW 36.70A.070.
- (4) Where appropriate, certify that county-wide planning policies adopted under RCW 36.70A.210 and the adopted regional transportation plan are consistent.
- (5) Develop, in cooperation with the department of transportation, operators of public transportation services and local governments within the region, a sixyear regional transportation improvement program which proposes regionally significant transportation projects and programs and transportation demand management measures. The regional transportation improvement program shall be based on the programs, projects, and transportation demand management measures of regional significance as identified by transit agencies, cities, and counties pursuant to RCW 35.58.2795, 35.77.010, and 36.81.121, respectively. and any recommended programs or projects identified by the agency council on coordinated transportation, as provided in chapter 47.06B RCW, that advance special needs coordinated transportation as defined in RCW 47.06B.012. The program shall include a priority list of projects and programs, project segments and programs, transportation demand management measures, and a specific financial plan that demonstrates how the transportation improvement program can be funded. The program shall be updated at least every two years for the ensuing six-year period.
- (6) <u>Include specific opportunities and projects to advance special needs coordinated transportation</u>, as defined in RCW 47.06B.012, in the coordinated transit-human services transportation plan, after providing opportunity for public comment.
- (7) Designate a lead planning agency to coordinate preparation of the regional transportation plan and carry out the other responsibilities of the organization. The lead planning agency may be a regional organization, a component county, city, or town agency, or the appropriate Washington state department of transportation district office.
- (((7))) (<u>8</u>) Review level of service methodologies used by cities and counties planning under chapter 36.70A RCW to promote a consistent regional evaluation of transportation facilities and corridors.
- (((8))) (9) Work with cities, counties, transit agencies, the department of transportation, and others to develop level of service standards or alternative transportation performance measures.
- (((9))) (10) Submit to the agency council on coordinated transportation, as provided in chapter 47.06B RCW, beginning on July 1, 2007, and every four years thereafter, an updated plan that includes the elements identified by the council. Each regional transportation planning organization must submit to the council every two years a prioritized regional human service and transportation project list.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 16.** A new section is added to chapter 47.01 RCW to read as follows:

(1) To be eligible for funding on or after January 1, 2010, any organization applying for state paratransit/special needs grants, as described in section 223(1),

- chapter 121, Laws of 2008, or for other funding provided for persons with special transportation needs, as defined in RCW 47.06B.012, must include in its application, in addition to meeting other eligibility requirements provided in law, an explanation of how the requested funding will advance efficiencies in, accessibility to, or coordination of transportation services provided to persons with special transportation needs as defined in RCW 47.06B.012.
- (2) Unless otherwise required by law, in administering federal funding provided for special needs transportation purposes, including funding under SAFETEA-LU, the safe, accountable, flexible, efficient transportation equity act, P.L. 109-59, or its successor, the department shall give priority to projects that result in increased efficiencies in special needs transportation or improved coordination among special needs transportation service providers.
- (3) In making final grant award determinations under subsection (1) of this section, the department shall seek input from the agency council on coordinated transportation, as provided in chapter 47.06B RCW, and shall give substantial deference to applications recommended by the council.
- **Sec. 17.** RCW 47.06B.900 and 2007 c 421 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

The agency council on coordinated transportation is terminated on June 30, ((2010)) 2011, as provided in RCW 47.06B.901.

Sec. 18. RCW 47.06B.901 and 2007 c 421 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

The following acts or parts of acts, as now existing or hereafter amended, are each repealed, effective June 30, ((2011)) 2012:

- (1) RCW 47.06B.010 and 2009 c . . . s 3 (section 3 of this act), 2007 c 421 § 1, 1999 c 385 § 1, & 1998 c 173 § 1;
 - (2) RCW 47.06B.012 and 1999 c 385 § 2;
- (3) RCW 47.06B.020 and 2009 c . . . s 4 (section 4 of this act), 2007 c 421 § 2, & 1998 c 173 § 2;
- (4) RCW 47.06B.030 and 2009 c . . . s 5 (section 5 of this act), 2007 c 421 § 3, 1999 c 385 § 5, & 1998 c 173 § 3;
 - (5) RCW 47.06B.040 and 2007 c 421 § 4 & 1999 c 385 § 6; ((and))
- (6) RCW 47.06B.050 and 2009 c . . . s 8 (section 8 of this act) & 2007 c 421 § 6:
 - (7) Section 1 of this act;
 - (8) Section 2 of this act;
 - (9) Section 6 of this act;
 - (10) Section 7 of this act;
 - (11) Section 9 of this act:
 - (12) Section 10 of this act; and
 - (13) Section 11 of this act.

*NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2009, in the omnibus transportation appropriations act, this act is null and void.

*Sec. 19 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

Passed by the House April 20, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 10, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I have approved, except for Sections 2, 5, 6, 7 and 19, Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2072 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to advancing effective transportation for persons with special transportation needs."

Section 19 of the bill makes the provisions of the legislation null and void if sufficient funding to implement the legislation is not included in the 2009-11 Transportation Budget. The 2009-11 Transportation Budget does include sufficient funding to implement portions of the legislation, but not the entire bill. I have decided to veto Sections 2, 5, 6 and 7 of the legislation that do not have sufficient funding for implementation, as well as the null and void clause in Section 19. As a result, we will be able to move forward with providing special needs transportation services in a more coordinated and efficient manner, without imposing unfunded mandates on state agencies.

For these reasons, I have vetoed Sections 2, 5, 6, 7 and 19 of Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2072.

With the exception of Sections 2, 5, 6, 7 and 19, Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2072 is approved."

CHAPTER 516

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2125]
COMMUNITY PRESERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITIES

AN ACT Relating to community preservation and development authorities; and amending RCW 43.167.010, 43.167.020, and 43.167.030.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 43.167.010 and 2007 c 501 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The residents, property owners, employees, or business owners of an impacted community may propose formation of a community preservation and development authority. The proposal to form a community preservation and development authority must be presented in writing to the appropriate legislative committee in both the house of representatives and the senate. The proposal must contain proposed general geographic boundaries that will be used to define the community for the purposes of the authority. Proposals presented after January 1, 2008, must identify in its proposal one or more stable revenue sources that (a) have a nexus with the multiple publicly funded facilities that have adversely impacted the community, and (b) can be used to support future operating or capital projects that will be identified in the strategic plan required under RCW 43.167.030.
- (2) Formation of the community preservation and development authority is subject to legislative authorization by statute. The legislature must find that (a) the area within the proposal's geographic boundaries meets the definition of "impacted community" contained in section 2(4) of this act and (b) those persons that have brought forth the proposal are members of the community as defined in section 2(1) of this act and, if the authority were approved, would meet the definition of constituency contained in section 2(3) of this act. For proposals brought after January 1, 2008, the legislature must also find that the community has identified one or more stable revenue sources as required in subsection (1) of

this section. The legislature may then act to authorize the establishment of the community preservation and development authority in law.

- (3) The affairs of a community preservation and development authority shall be managed by a board of directors, consisting of the following members:
- (a) Two members who own, operate, or represent businesses within the community;
 - (b) Two members who reside in the community;
- (c) Two members who are involved in providing nonprofit community or social services within the community;
- (((e))) (d) Two members who are involved in the arts and entertainment within the community;
- $((\frac{d}{d}))$ (e) Two members with knowledge of the community's culture and history; $((\frac{and}{d}))$
- (e))) (f) One member who is involved in a nonprofit or public planning organization that directly serves the impacted community; and
- (g) Two representatives of the local legislative authority or authorities, as ex officio members.
- (4) No member of the board shall hold office for more than four years. Board positions shall be numbered one through nine, and the terms staggered as follows:
- (a) Board members elected to positions one through five shall serve two-year terms, and if reelected, may serve no more than one additional two-year term.
- (b) Board members initially elected to positions six through ((nine)) thirteen shall serve a three-year term only.
- (c) Board members elected to positions six through ((nine)) thirteen after the initial three-year term shall serve two-year terms, and if reelected, may serve no more than one additional two-year term.
- (5) With respect to an authority's initial board of directors: The state legislative delegation and those proposing formation of the authority shall jointly establish a committee to develop a list of candidates to stand for election once the authority has received legislative approval as established in subsection (2) of this section. For the purpose of developing the list and identifying those persons who meet the criteria in subsection (3)(a) through (e) of this section, community shall mean the proposed geographic boundaries as set out in the proposal. The board of directors shall be elected by the constituency during a meeting convened for that purpose by the state legislative delegation.
- (6) With respect to subsequent elections of an authority's board of directors: A list of candidates shall be developed by the authority's existing board of directors and the election shall be held during the annual local town hall meeting as required in RCW 43.167.030.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 43.167.020 and 2007 c 501 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A community preservation and development authority shall have the power to:
- (a) Accept gifts, grants, loans, or other aid from public or private entities; ((and
 - (b) Exercise such additional powers as may be authorized by law))

- (b) Employ and appoint such agents, attorneys, officers, and employees as may be necessary to implement the purposes and duties of an authority;
- (c) Contract and enter into partnerships with individuals, associations, corporations, and local, state, and federal governments;
 - (d) Buy, own, lease, and sell real and personal property;
 - (e) Hold in trust, improve, and develop land;
 - (f) Invest, deposit, and reinvest its funds;
 - (g) Incur debt in furtherance of its mission; and
 - (h) Lend its funds, property, credit, or services for corporate purposes.
- (2) A community preservation and development authority ((shall have)) <u>has</u> no power of eminent domain nor any power to levy taxes or special assessments.
- (3) A community preservation and development authority that accepts public funds under subsection (1)(a) of this section:
- (a) Is subject in all respects to Article VIII, section 5 or 7, as appropriate, of the state Constitution, and to RCW 42.17.128; and
- (b) May not use the funds to support or oppose a candidate, ballot proposition, political party, or political committee.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 43.167.030 and 2007 c 501 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

A community preservation and development authority shall have the duty to:

- (1) Establish specific geographic boundaries for the authority within its bylaws based on the general geographic boundaries established in the proposal submitted and approved by the legislature;
- (2) Solicit input from members of its community and develop a strategic preservation and development plan to <u>restore and</u> promote the health, safety, and economic well-being of the impacted community and to <u>restore and</u> preserve its cultural and historical identity;
- (3) Include within the strategic plan a prioritized list of projects identified and supported by the community, including capital or operating components ((that address one or more of the purposes under section 1(3) of this act));
- (4) Establish funding mechanisms to support projects and programs identified in the strategic plan including but not limited to grants and loans;
- (5) Use gifts, grants, loans, and other aid from public or private entities to carry out projects identified in the strategic plan including, but not limited to, those that: (a) Enhance public safety; (b) reduce community blight; and (c) provide ongoing mitigation of the adverse effects of multiple publicly funded projects on the impacted community; and
 - (6) Demonstrate ongoing accountability for its actions by:
- (a) Reporting to the appropriate committees of the legislature, one year after formation and every biennium thereafter, on the authority's strategic plan, activities, accomplishments, and any recommendations for statutory changes;
- (b) Reporting any changes in the authority's geographic boundaries to the appropriate committees of the legislature when the legislature next convenes in regular session;
- (c) Convening a local town hall meeting with its constituency on an annual basis to: (i) Report its activities and accomplishments from the previous year; (ii) present and receive input from members of the impacted community

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

regarding its proposed strategic plan and activities for the upcoming year; and (iii) hold board member elections as necessary; and

(d) Maintaining books and records as appropriate for the conduct of its affairs.

Passed by the House April 26, 2009.
Passed by the Senate April 26, 2009.
Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 517

[Substitute House Bill 2208]

NEW MOTORSPORTS VEHICLES—CANCELLATION OR RETURN

AN ACT Relating to the return or cancellation of new motorsports vehicles; amending RCW 46.93.170; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.93.170 and 2003 c 354 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Notwithstanding the terms of a franchise agreement, a manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory representative, or an agent, officer, parent company, wholly or partially owned subsidiary, affiliated entity, or other person controlled by or under common control with a manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory representative, shall not:
- (a) Discriminate between dealers by selling or offering to sell a like motorsports vehicle to one dealer at a lower actual price than the actual price offered to another dealer for the same model similarly equipped;
- (b) Discriminate between dealers by selling or offering to sell parts or accessories to one dealer at a lower actual price than the actual price offered to another dealer;
- (c) Discriminate between dealers by using a promotion plan, marketing plan, or other similar device that results in a lower actual price on vehicles, parts, or accessories being charged to one dealer over another dealer;
- (d) Discriminate between dealers by adopting a method, or changing an existing method, for the allocation, scheduling, or delivery of new motorsports vehicles, parts, or accessories to its dealers that is not fair, reasonable, and equitable. Upon the request of a dealer, a manufacturer shall disclose in writing to the dealer the method by which new motorsports vehicles, parts, and accessories are allocated, scheduled, or delivered to its dealers handling the same line or make of vehicles:
- (e) Give preferential treatment to some dealers over others by refusing or failing to deliver, in reasonable quantities and within a reasonable time after receipt of an order, to a dealer holding a franchise for a line or make of motorsports vehicles sold or distributed by the manufacturer, a new vehicle, parts, or accessories, if the vehicle, parts, or accessories are being delivered to other dealers, or require a dealer to purchase unreasonable advertising displays or other materials, or unreasonably require a dealer to remodel or renovate existing facilities as a prerequisite to receiving a model or series of vehicles;

- (f) Compete with a dealer by acting in the capacity of a dealer, or by owning, operating, or controlling, whether directly or indirectly, a dealership in this state. It is not, however, a violation of this subsection for:
- (i) A manufacturer to own or operate a dealership for a temporary period, not to exceed two years, during the transition from one owner of the dealership to another where the dealership was previously owned by a franchised dealer and is currently for sale to any qualified independent person at a fair and reasonable price. The temporary operation may be extended for one twelve-month period on petition of the temporary operator to the department. The matter will be handled as an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW. A dealer who is a franchisee of the petitioning manufacturer or distributor may intervene and participate in a proceeding under this subsection (1)(f)(i). The temporary operator has the burden of proof to show justification for the extension and a good faith effort to sell the dealership to an independent person at a fair and reasonable price;
- (ii) A manufacturer to own or operate a dealership in conjunction with an independent person in a bona fide business relationship for the purpose of broadening the diversity of its dealer body and enhancing opportunities for qualified persons who are part of a group who have historically been underrepresented in its dealer body, or other qualified persons who lack the resources to purchase a dealership outright, and where the independent person (A) has made a significant, bona fide capital investment in the dealership that is subject to loss; (B) has an ownership interest in the dealership; and (C) operates the dealership under a bona fide written agreement with the manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory representative under which he or she will acquire all of the ownership interest in the dealership within a reasonable period of time and under reasonable terms and conditions. The manufacturer has the burden of proof of establishing that the acquisition of the dealership by the independent person was made within a reasonable period of time and under reasonable terms and conditions;
- (iii) A manufacturer to own or operate a dealership in conjunction with an independent person in a bona fide business relationship where the independent person (A) has made a significant, bona fide capital investment in the dealership that is subject to loss; (B) has an ownership interest in the dealership; and (C) operates the dealership under a bona fide written agreement with the manufacturer under which he or she will acquire all of the ownership interest in the dealership within a reasonable period of time and under reasonable terms and conditions. The ((manufacture [manufacturer])) manufacturer has the burden of proof of establishing that the acquisition of the dealership by the independent person was made within a reasonable period of time and under reasonable terms and conditions. The number of dealerships operated under this subsection (1)(f)(iii) may not exceed four percent rounded up to the nearest whole number of a manufacturer's total of dealer franchises in this state;
- (iv) A manufacturer to own, operate, or control a dealership trading exclusively in a single line make of the manufacturer if (A) the manufacturer does not own, directly or indirectly, in the aggregate, in excess of forty-five percent of the total ownership interest in the dealership; (B) at the time the manufacturer first acquires ownership or assumes operation or control of any such dealership, the distance between any dealership thus owned, operated, or

controlled and the nearest dealership trading in the same line make of vehicle and in which the manufacturer has no ownership or control complies with the applicable provisions in the relevant market area sections of this chapter; (C) all of the manufacturer's franchise agreements confer rights on the dealer of that line make to develop and operate within a defined geographic territory or area, as many dealership facilities as the dealer and the manufacturer agree are appropriate; and (D) the manufacturer had no more than four new motorsports vehicle dealers of that manufacturer's line make in this state, and at least half of those dealers owned and operated two or more dealership facilities in the geographic territory or area covered by their franchise agreements with the manufacturer:

- (g) Compete with a dealer by owning, operating, or controlling, whether directly or indirectly, a service facility in this state for the repair or maintenance of motorsports vehicles under the manufacturer's new motorsports vehicle warranty and extended warranty. Nothing in this subsection (1)(g), however, prohibits a manufacturer from owning or operating a service facility for the purpose of providing or performing maintenance, repair, or service work on motorsports vehicles that are owned by the manufacturer;
- (h) Use confidential or proprietary information obtained from a dealer to unfairly compete with the dealer without the prior written consent of the dealer. For purposes of this subsection (1)(h), "confidential or proprietary information" means trade secrets as defined in RCW 19.108.010, business plans, marketing plans or strategies, customer lists, contracts, sales data, revenues, or other financial information;
- (i) Coerce, threaten, intimidate, or require, either directly or indirectly, a dealer to accept, buy, or order any motorsports vehicle, part, or accessory, or any other commodity or service not voluntarily ordered, or requested, or to buy, order, or pay anything of value for such items in order to obtain a motorsports vehicle, part, accessory, or other commodity that has been voluntarily ordered or requested;
- (j) Coerce, threaten, intimidate, or require, either directly or indirectly, a dealer to enter into any agreement that violates this chapter;
- (k) Require a change in capital structure or means of financing for the dealership if the dealer at all times meets the reasonable, written, and uniformly applied capital standards determined by the manufacturer;
- (1) Prevent or attempt to prevent a dealer from making reasonable changes in the capital structure of a dealership or the means by which the dealership is financed if the dealer meets the reasonable, written, and uniformly applied capital requirements determined by the manufacturer;
- (m) Unreasonably require the dealer to change the location or require any substantial alterations to the place of business;
- (n) Condition a renewal or extension of the franchise on the dealer's substantial renovation of the existing place of business or on the construction, purchase, acquisition, or re-lease of a new place of business unless written notice is first provided one hundred eighty days before the date of renewal or extension and the manufacturer demonstrates the reasonableness of the requested actions. The manufacturer shall agree to supply the dealer with an adequate quantity of motorsports vehicles, parts, and accessories to meet the sales level necessary to

support the overhead resulting from substantial construction, acquisition, or lease of a new place of business;

- (o) Coerce, threaten, intimidate, or require, either directly or indirectly, a dealer to order or accept delivery of a motorsports vehicle with special features, accessories, or equipment not included in the list price of the vehicle as advertised by the manufacturer, except items that have been voluntarily requested or ordered by the dealer, and except items required by law;
- (p) Fail to hold harmless and indemnify a dealer against losses, including lawsuits and court costs, arising from: (i) The manufacture or performance of a motorsports vehicle, part, or accessory if the lawsuit involves representations by the manufacturer on the manufacture or performance of a motorsports vehicle without negligence on the part of the dealer; (ii) damage to merchandise in transit where the manufacturer specifies the carrier; (iii) the manufacturer's failure to jointly defend product liability suits concerning the motorsports vehicle, part, or accessory provided to the dealer; or (iv) any other act performed by the manufacturer;
- (q) Unfairly prevent or attempt to prevent a dealer from receiving reasonable compensation for the value of a motorsports vehicle;
- (r) Fail to pay to a dealer, within a reasonable time after receipt of a valid claim, a payment agreed to be made by the manufacturer on grounds that a new motorsports vehicle, or a prior year's model, is in the dealer's inventory at the time of introduction of new model motorsports vehicles;
- (s) Deny a dealer the right of free association with any other dealer for any lawful purpose;
- (t) Charge increased prices without having given written notice to the dealer at least fifteen days before the effective date of the price increases;
- (u) Permit factory authorized warranty service to be performed upon motorsports vehicles or accessories by persons other than their franchised dealers;
- (v) Require or coerce a dealer to sell, assign, or transfer a retail sales installment contract, or require the dealer to act as an agent for a manufacturer, in the securing of a promissory note, a security agreement given in connection with the sale of a motorsports vehicle, or securing of a policy of insurance for a motorsports vehicle. The manufacturer may not condition delivery of any motorsports vehicle, parts, or accessories upon the dealer's assignment, sale, or other transfer of sales installment contracts to specific finance companies;
- (w) Require or coerce a dealer to grant a manufacturer a right of first refusal or other preference to purchase the dealer's franchise or place of business, or both:
- (x) Require a dealer to pay a fee for canceling an order for new motorsports vehicles.
- (2) Subsections (1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section do not apply to sales to a dealer: (a) For resale to a federal, state, or local government agency; (b) where the motorsports vehicles will be sold or donated for use in a program of driver's education; (c) where the sale is made under a manufacturer's bona fide promotional program offering sales incentives or rebates; (d) where the sale of parts or accessories is under a manufacturer's bona fide quantity discount program; or (e) where the sale is made under a manufacturer's bona fide fleet vehicle discount program. For purposes of this subsection, "fleet" means a

group of fifteen or more new motorsports vehicles purchased or leased by a dealer at one time under a single purchase or lease agreement for use as part of a fleet, and where the dealer has been assigned a fleet identifier code by the department.

- (3) The following definitions apply to this section:
- (a) "Actual price" means the price to be paid by the dealer less any incentive paid by the manufacturer, whether paid to the dealer or the ultimate purchaser of the motorsports vehicle.
- (b) "Control" or "controlling" means (i) the possession of, title to, or control of ten percent or more of the voting equity interest in a person, whether directly or indirectly through a fiduciary, agent, or other intermediary, or (ii) the possession, direct or indirect, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, through director control, by contract, or otherwise, except as expressly provided under the franchise agreement.
 - (c) "Operate" means to manage a dealership, whether directly or indirectly.
- (d) "Own" or "ownership" means to hold the beneficial ownership of one percent or more of any class of equity interest in a dealership, whether the interest is that of a shareholder, partner, limited liability company member, or otherwise. To hold an ownership interest means to have possession of, title to, or control of the ownership interest, whether directly or indirectly through a fiduciary, agent, or other intermediary.
- (4) A violation of this section is deemed to affect the public interest and constitutes an unlawful and unfair practice under chapter 19.86 RCW. A person aggrieved by an alleged violation of this section may petition the department to have the matter handled as an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act expires August 1, 2009.

Passed by the House April 22, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 17, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

CHAPTER 518

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2327]

STATE AGENCY REPORTS—ELIMINATION AND REDUCTION

AN ACT Relating to eliminating or reducing the frequency of reports prepared by state agencies; amending RCW 19.146.280, 43.320.1401, 43.88.110, 13.60.110, 74.13.036, 74.08A.130, 70.56.040, 43.70.690, 77.85.140, 43.320.100, 39.102.140, 43.336.060, 43.365.040, 43.330.082, 43.155.070, 43.185C.040, 43.63A.068, 39.86.190, 43.325.050, 43.79.460, 18.130.310, and 43.20.100; repealing RCW 43.88.067, 46.48.180, 43.44.100, 74.14C.080, 80.36.475, 74.08A.430, 70.114A.085, 43.70.518, and 79A.15.100; adding a new section to chapter 43.01 RCW; and providing expiration dates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

REPORTS ELIMINATED

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 19.146.280 and 2006 c 19 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) There is established the mortgage broker commission consisting of seven commission members who shall act in an advisory capacity to the director on mortgage broker issues.
- (2) The director shall appoint the members of the commission, weighing the recommendations from professional organizations representing mortgage brokers and loan originators. At least three of the commission members shall be mortgage brokers licensed under this chapter, at least one shall be exempt from licensure under RCW 19.146.020(1)(g), and at least two of the commission members shall be licensed loan originators under this chapter. No commission member shall be appointed who has had less than five years' experience in the business of residential mortgage lending. In addition, the director or a designee shall serve as an ex officio, nonvoting member of the commission. Voting members of the commission shall serve for two-year terms. The department shall provide staff support to the commission.
- (3) The commission may establish a code of conduct for its members. Any commissioner may bring a motion before the commission to remove a commissioner for failing to conduct themselves in a manner consistent with the code of conduct. The motion shall be in the form of a recommendation to the director to dismiss a specific commissioner and shall enumerate causes for doing so. The commissioner in question shall recuse himself or herself from voting on any such motion. Any such motion must be approved unanimously by the remaining six commissioners. Approved motions shall be immediately transmitted to the director for review and action.
- (4) Members of the commission shall be reimbursed for their travel expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this chapter in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. All costs and expenses associated with the commission shall be paid from the financial services regulation fund, unless the consumer services account is created as a dedicated, nonappropriated account, in which case all costs and expenses shall be paid from the consumer services account.
- (5) The commission shall advise the director on the characteristics and needs of the mortgage broker profession.
- (6) The department, in consultation with other applicable agencies of state government, shall conduct a continuing review of the number and type of consumer complaints arising from residential mortgage lending in the state. ((The department shall report its findings to the senate committee on financial institutions and house of representatives committee on financial institutions and insurance along with recommendations for any changes in the licensing requirements of this chapter, biennially by December 1st of each even-numbered year.))
- Sec. 2. RCW 43.320.1401 and 2006 c 21 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Before December 31st of every year, the department of financial institutions shall provide the senate and house of representatives committees that

address matters related to financial institutions with a written report outlining the activity of the mortgage lending fraud prosecution account.

- (2) This section expires June 30, ((2011)) 2009.
- Sec. 3. RCW 43.88.110 and 2003 c 206 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

This section sets forth the expenditure programs and the allotment and reserve procedures to be followed by the executive branch for public funds.

- (1) Allotments of an appropriation for any fiscal period shall conform to the terms, limits, or conditions of the appropriation.
- (2) The director of financial management shall provide all agencies with a complete set of operating and capital instructions for preparing a statement of proposed expenditures at least thirty days before the beginning of a fiscal period. The set of instructions need not include specific appropriation amounts for the agency.
- (3) Within forty-five days after the beginning of the fiscal period or within forty-five days after the governor signs the omnibus biennial appropriations act, whichever is later, all agencies shall submit to the governor a statement of proposed expenditures at such times and in such form as may be required by the governor.
- (4) The office of financial management shall develop a method for monitoring capital appropriations and expenditures that will capture at least the following elements:
- (a) Appropriations made for capital projects including transportation projects;
- (b) Estimates of total project costs including past, current, ensuing, and future biennial costs;
 - (c) Comparisons of actual costs to estimated costs;
- (d) Comparisons of estimated construction start and completion dates with actual dates;
 - (e) Documentation of fund shifts between projects.

This data may be incorporated into the existing accounting system or into a separate project management system, as deemed appropriate by the office of financial management.

- (5) ((The office of financial management shall publish agency annual maintenance summary reports beginning in October 1997. State agencies shall submit a separate report for each major campus or site, as defined by the office of financial management. Reports shall be prepared in a format prescribed by the office of financial management and shall include, but not be limited to: Information describing the number, size, and condition of state-owned facilities; facility maintenance, repair, and operating expenses paid from the state operating and capital budgets, including maintenance staffing levels; the condition of major infrastructure systems; and maintenance management initiatives undertaken by the agency over the prior year. Agencies shall submit their annual maintenance summary reports to the office of financial management by September 1 each year.
- (6))) The office of financial management, prior to approving allotments for major capital construction projects valued over five million dollars, shall institute procedures for reviewing such projects at the predesign stage that will

reduce long-term costs and increase facility efficiency. The procedures shall include, but not be limited to, the following elements:

- (a) Evaluation of facility program requirements and consistency with longrange plans;
- (b) Utilization of a system of cost, quality, and performance standards to compare major capital construction projects; and
- (c) A requirement to incorporate value-engineering analysis and constructability review into the project schedule.
- (((7))) (6) No expenditure may be incurred or obligation entered into for such major capital construction projects including, without exception, land acquisition, site development, predesign, design, construction, and equipment acquisition and installation, until the allotment of the funds to be expended has been approved by the office of financial management. This limitation does not prohibit the continuation of expenditures and obligations into the succeeding biennium for projects for which allotments have been approved in the immediate prior biennium.
- ((8))) (7) If at any time during the fiscal period the governor projects a cash deficit in a particular fund or account as defined by RCW 43.88.050, the governor shall make across-the-board reductions in allotments for that particular fund or account so as to prevent a cash deficit, unless the legislature has directed the liquidation of the cash deficit over one or more fiscal periods. Except for the legislative and judicial branches and other agencies headed by elective officials. the governor shall review the statement of proposed operating expenditures for reasonableness and conformance with legislative intent. The governor may request corrections of proposed allotments submitted by the legislative and judicial branches and agencies headed by elective officials if those proposed allotments contain significant technical errors. Once the governor approves the proposed allotments, further revisions may at the request of the office of financial management or upon the agency's initiative be made on a quarterly basis and must be accompanied by an explanation of the reasons for significant changes. However, changes in appropriation level authorized by the legislature, changes required by across-the-board reductions mandated by the governor, changes caused by executive increases to spending authority, and changes caused by executive decreases to spending authority for failure to comply with the provisions of chapter 36.70Å RCW may require additional revisions. Revisions shall not be made retroactively. However, the governor may assign to a reserve status any portion of an agency appropriation withheld as part of across-the-board reductions made by the governor and any portion of an agency appropriation conditioned on a contingent event by the appropriations act. The governor may remove these amounts from reserve status if the across-the-board reductions are subsequently modified or if the contingent event occurs. The director of financial management shall enter approved statements of proposed expenditures into the state budgeting, accounting, and reporting system within forty-five days after receipt of the proposed statements from the agencies. If an agency or the director of financial management is unable to meet these requirements, the director of financial management shall provide a timely explanation in writing to the legislative fiscal committees.
- $((\frac{(9)}{2}))$ (8) It is expressly provided that all agencies shall be required to maintain accounting records and to report thereon in the manner prescribed in

this chapter and under the regulations issued pursuant to this chapter. Within ninety days of the end of the fiscal year, all agencies shall submit to the director of financial management their final adjustments to close their books for the fiscal year. Prior to submitting fiscal data, written or oral, to committees of the legislature, it is the responsibility of the agency submitting the data to reconcile it with the budget and accounting data reported by the agency to the director of financial management.

- (((10))) (9) The director of financial management may exempt certain public funds from the allotment controls established under this chapter if it is not practical or necessary to allot the funds. Allotment control exemptions expire at the end of the fiscal biennium for which they are granted. The director of financial management shall report any exemptions granted under this subsection to the legislative fiscal committees.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 13.60.110 and 1999 c 168 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A task force on missing and exploited children is established in the Washington state patrol. The task force shall be under the direction of the chief of the state patrol.
- (2) The task force is authorized to assist law enforcement agencies, upon request, in cases involving missing or exploited children by:
 - (a) Direct assistance and case management;
 - (b) Technical assistance;
 - (c) Personnel training;
- (d) Referral for assistance from local, state, national, and international agencies; and
- (e) Coordination and information sharing among local, state, interstate, and federal law enforcement and social service agencies.
- (3) To maximize the efficiency and effectiveness of state resources and to improve interagency cooperation, the task force shall, where feasible, use existing facilities, systems, and staff made available by the state patrol and other local, state, interstate, and federal law enforcement and social service agencies. The chief of the state patrol may employ such additional personnel as are necessary for the work of the task force and may share personnel costs with other agencies.
- (4) The chief of the state patrol shall seek public and private grants and gifts to support the work of the task force.
- (5) ((By December 1, 2001, and annually thereafter, the chief of the state patrol shall submit a report to the appropriate committees of the legislature. The report shall establish performance measurements and objectives for the task force and assess the accomplishments of the task force.
- (6))) For the purposes of RCW 13.60.100 through 13.60.120, "exploited children" means children under the age of eighteen who are employed, used, persuaded, induced, enticed, or coerced to engage in, or assist another person to engage in, sexually explicit conduct. "Exploited children" also means the rape, molestation, or use for prostitution of children under the age of eighteen.

Sec. 5. RCW 74.13.036 and 2003 c 207 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The department of social and health services shall oversee implementation of chapter 13.34 RCW and chapter 13.32A RCW. The oversight shall be comprised of working with affected parts of the criminal justice and child care systems as well as with local government, legislative, and executive authorities to effectively carry out these chapters. The department shall work with all such entities to ensure that chapters 13.32A and 13.34 RCW are implemented in a uniform manner throughout the state.
- (2) The department shall develop a plan and procedures, in cooperation with the statewide advisory committee, to insure the full implementation of the provisions of chapter 13.32A RCW. Such plan and procedures shall include but are not limited to:
- (a) Procedures defining and delineating the role of the department and juvenile court with regard to the execution of the child in need of services placement process;
- (b) Procedures for designating department staff responsible for family reconciliation services:
- (c) Procedures assuring enforcement of contempt proceedings in accordance with RCW 13.32A.170 and 13.32A.250; and
- (d) Procedures for the continued education of all individuals in the criminal juvenile justice and child care systems who are affected by chapter 13.32A RCW, as well as members of the legislative and executive branches of government.

There shall be uniform application of the procedures developed by the department and juvenile court personnel, to the extent practicable. Local and regional differences shall be taken into consideration in the development of procedures required under this subsection.

- (3) In addition to its other oversight duties, the department shall:
- (a) Identify and evaluate resource needs in each region of the state;
- (b) Disseminate information collected as part of the oversight process to affected groups and the general public;
- (c) Educate affected entities within the juvenile justice and child care systems, local government, and the legislative branch regarding the implementation of chapters 13.32A and 13.34 RCW;
- (d) Review complaints concerning the services, policies, and procedures of those entities charged with implementing chapters 13.32A and 13.34 RCW; and
- (e) Report any violations and misunderstandings regarding the implementation of chapters 13.32A and 13.34 RCW.
- (((4) The department shall provide an annual report to the legislature not later than December 1 of each year only when it has declined to accept custody of a child from a law enforcement agency or it has received a report of a child being released without placement. The report shall indicate the number of times it has declined to accept custody of a child from a law enforcement agency under chapter 13.32A RCW and the number of times it has received a report of a child being released without placement under RCW 13.32A.060(1)(e). The report shall include the dates, places, and reasons the department declined to accept custody and the dates and places children are released without placement.))

Sec. 6. RCW 74.08A.130 and 1997 c 58 s 204 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall make an affirmative effort to identify and proactively contact legal immigrants receiving public assistance to facilitate their applications for naturalization. The department shall obtain a complete list of legal immigrants in Washington who are receiving correspondence regarding their eligibility from the social security administration. The department shall inform immigrants regarding how citizenship may be attained. In order to facilitate the citizenship process, the department shall coordinate and contract, to the extent necessary, with existing public and private resources and shall, within available funds, ensure that those immigrants who qualify to apply for naturalization are referred to or otherwise offered classes. The department shall assist eligible immigrants in obtaining appropriate test exemptions, and other exemptions in the naturalization process, to the extent permitted under federal law. ((The department shall report annually by December 15th to the legislature regarding the progress and barriers of the immigrant naturalization facilitation effort. It is the intent of the legislature that persons receiving naturalization assistance be facilitated in obtaining citizenship within two years of their eligibility to apply.))

- *Sec. 7. RCW 70.56.040 and 2008 c 136 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department shall contract with a qualified, independent entity to receive notifications and reports of adverse events and incidents, and carry out the activities specified in this section. In establishing qualifications for, and choosing the independent entity, the department shall strongly consider the patient safety organization criteria included in the federal patient safety and quality improvement act of 2005, P.L. 109-41, and any regulations adopted to implement this chapter.
 - (2) The independent entity shall:
- (a) In collaboration with the department of health, establish an internet-based system for medical facilities and the health care workers of a medical facility to submit notifications and reports of adverse events and incidents, which shall be accessible twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week. The system shall be a portal to report both adverse events and incidents, and notifications and reports of adverse events shall be immediately transmitted to the department. The system shall be a secure system that protects the confidentiality of personal health information and provider and facility specific information submitted in notifications and reports, including appropriate encryption and an accurate means of authenticating the identity of users of the system. When the system becomes operational, medical facilities shall submit all notifications and reports by means of the system;
- (b) Collect, analyze, and evaluate data regarding notifications and reports of adverse events and incidents, including the identification of performance indicators and patterns in frequency or severity at certain medical facilities or in certain regions of the state;
- (c) Develop recommendations for changes in health care practices and procedures, which may be instituted for the purpose of reducing the number or severity of adverse events and incidents;

- (d) Directly advise reporting medical facilities of immediate changes that can be instituted to reduce adverse events or incidents;
- (e) Issue recommendations to medical facilities on a facility-specific or on a statewide basis regarding changes, trends, and improvements in health care practices and procedures for the purpose of reducing the number and severity of adverse events or incidents. Prior to issuing recommendations, consideration shall be given to the following factors: Expectation of improved quality of care, implementation feasibility, other relevant implementation practices, and the cost impact to patients, payers, and medical facilities. Statewide recommendations shall be issued to medical facilities on a continuing basis and shall be published and posted on a publicly accessible web site. The recommendations made to medical facilities under this section shall not be considered mandatory for licensure purposes unless they are adopted by the department as rules pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW; and
- (f) Monitor implementation of reporting systems addressing adverse events or their equivalent in other states and make recommendations to the governor and the legislature as necessary for modifications to this chapter to keep the system as nearly consistent as possible with similar systems in other states.
- (3)(((a) The independent entity shall report no later than January 1, 2008, and annually thereafter to the governor and the legislature on the activities under this chapter in the preceding year. The report shall include:
- (i) The number of adverse events and incidents reported by medical facilities, in the aggregate, on a geographical basis, and a summary of actions taken by facilities in response to the adverse events or incidents;
- (ii) In the aggregate, the information derived from the data collected, including any recognized trends concerning patient safety;
- (iii) Recommendations for statutory or regulatory changes that may help improve patient safety in the state; and
- (iv) Information, presented in the aggregate, to inform and educate consumers and providers, on best practices and prevention tools that medical facilities are implementing to prevent adverse events as well as other patient safety initiatives medical facilities are undertaking to promote patient safety.
- (b) The annual report shall be made available for public inspection and shall be posted on the department's and the independent entity's web site.
- (4))) The independent entity shall conduct all activities under this section in a manner that preserves the confidentiality of facilities, documents, materials, or information made confidential by RCW 70.56.050.
- (((5))) (4) Medical facilities and health care workers may provide notification of incidents to the independent entity. The notification shall be filed in a format specified by the independent entity, after consultation with the department and medical facilities, and shall identify the facility but shall not include any identifying information for any of the health care professionals, facility employees, or patients involved. This provision does not modify the duty of a hospital to make a report to the department or a disciplinary authority if a licensed practitioner has committed unprofessional conduct as defined in RCW 18.130.180. The protections of RCW 43.70.075 apply to notifications of incidents that are submitted in good faith by employees of medical facilities.

*Sec. 7 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

- **Sec. 8.** RCW 43.70.690 and 2005 c 462 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department, in collaboration with its public and private partners, shall design a state asthma plan, based on clinically sound criteria including nationally recognized guidelines such as those established by the national asthma education prevention partnership expert panel report guidelines for the diagnosis and management of asthma.
 - (2) The plan shall include recommendations in the following areas:
- (a) Evidence-based processes for the prevention and management of asthma;
- (b) Data systems that support asthma prevalence reporting, including population disparities and practice variation in the treatment of asthma;
- (c) Quality improvement strategies addressing the successful diagnosis and management of the disease; and
 - (d) Cost estimates and sources of funding for plan implementation.
- (3) The department shall submit the completed state plan to the governor and the legislature by December 1, 2005. ((After the initial state plan is submitted, the department shall provide progress reports to the governor and the legislature on a biennial basis beginning December 1, 2007.))
- (4) The department shall implement the state plan recommendations made under subsection (2) of this section only to the extent that federal, state, or private funds, including grants, are available for that purpose.
- **Sec. 9.** RCW 77.85.140 and 2007 c 241 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Habitat project lists shall be submitted to the salmon recovery funding board for funding at least once a year on a schedule established by the board. The board shall provide the legislature with a list of the proposed projects and a list of the projects funded by October 1st of each year for informational purposes. Project sponsors who complete salmon habitat projects approved for funding from habitat project lists and have met grant application deadlines will be paid by the salmon recovery funding board within thirty days of project completion.
- (2) The recreation and conservation office shall track all funds allocated for salmon habitat projects and salmon recovery activities on behalf of the board, including both funds allocated by the board and funds allocated by other state or federal agencies for salmon recovery or water quality improvement.
- (((3) Beginning in December 2000, the board shall provide a biennial report to the governor and the legislature on salmon recovery expenditures. This report shall be coordinated with the state of the salmon report required under RCW 77.85.020.))
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
- (1) RCW 43.88.067 (Fee and expense report—Impact of amounts awarded to prevailing party in agency action) and 1999 c 372 s 10 & 1995 c 403 s 905;
- (2) RCW 46.48.180 (State patrol study to insure uniformity of regulations) and 1980 c 20 s 2 & 1961 c 12 s 46.48.180;

- (3) RCW 43.44.100 (Annual report) and 1995 c 369 s 33, 1986 c 266 s 76, 1985 c 470 s 26, 1977 c 75 s 71, & 1947 c 79 s .33.11;
- (4) RCW 74.14C.080 (Data collection—Reports to the legislature) and 1995 c 311 s 5;
- (5) RCW 80.36.475 (Washington telephone assistance program—Report to legislature) and 2003 c 134 s 9 & 1990 c 170 s 7:
- (6) RCW 74.08A.430 (Outcome measures—Report to legislature) and 1997 c 58 s 704;
- (7) RCW 70.114A.085 (Temporary worker building code—Report) and 1999 c 374 s 11:
- (8) RCW 43.70.518 (Public health—Annual reports) and 2007 c 259 s 63; and
- (9) RCW 79A.15.100 (Report to governor and standing committees) and 2007 c 241 s 35 & 1990 1st ex.s. c 14 s 11.

REPORT FREQUENCY CHANGES

Sec. 11. RCW 43.320.100 and 1993 c 472 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:

The director of financial institutions shall file in his or her office all reports required to be made to the director, prepare and furnish to banks, savings banks, foreign bank branches, savings and loan associations, credit unions, consumer loan companies, check cashers and sellers, and trust companies and departments blank forms for such reports as are required of them, and ((each year)), beginning in the 2009-2011 fiscal biennium and each biennium thereafter, make a report to the governor showing:

- (1) A summary of the conditions of the banks, savings banks, foreign bank branches, savings and loan associations, credit unions, consumer loan companies, check cashers and sellers, and trust companies and departments at the date of their last report; and
 - (2) A list of those organized or closed during the year.

The director may publish such other statements, reports, and pamphlets as he or she deems advisable.

- **Sec. 12.** RCW 39.102.140 and 2007 c 229 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A sponsoring local government shall provide a report to the board and the department by March 1st of each year. The report shall contain the following information:
- (a) The amount of local excise tax allocation revenues, local property tax allocation revenues, other revenues from local public sources, and taxes under RCW 82.14.475 received by the sponsoring local government during the preceding calendar year that were dedicated to pay the public improvements financed in whole or in part with local infrastructure financing, and a summary of how these revenues were expended;
- (b) The names of any businesses locating within the revenue development area as a result of the public improvements undertaken by the sponsoring local government and financed in whole or in part with local infrastructure financing;

- (c) The total number of permanent jobs created in the revenue development area as a result of the public improvements undertaken by the sponsoring local government and financed in whole or in part with local infrastructure financing;
- (d) The average wages and benefits received by all employees of businesses locating within the revenue development area as a result of the public improvements undertaken by the sponsoring local government and financed in whole or in part with local infrastructure financing; and
- (e) That the sponsoring local government is in compliance with RCW 39.102.070.
- (2) The board shall make a report available to the public and the legislature by June 1st of each <u>even-numbered</u> year. The report shall include a list of public improvements undertaken by sponsoring local governments and financed in whole or in part with local infrastructure financing and it shall also include a summary of the information provided to the department by sponsoring local governments under subsection (1) of this section.
- **Sec. 13.** RCW 43.336.060 and 2007 c 228 s 107 are each amended to read as follows:

On or before June 30th of each ((fiseal)) even-numbered year, the commission shall submit a report to the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the house of representatives and senate that describes the tourism development program for the previous fiscal year and quantifies the financial benefits to the state. The report must contain information concerning targeted markets, benefits to different areas of the state, return on the state's investment, grants disbursed under the tourism competitive grant program, a copy of the most recent strategic plan, and other relevant information related to tourism development.

- **Sec. 14.** RCW 43.365.040 and 2006 c 247 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The legislature finds that accountability and effectiveness are important aspects of setting tax policy. In order to make policy choices regarding the best use of limited state resources the legislature needs information on how incentives are used.
- (2) Each motion picture production receiving funding assistance under RCW 43.365.020 shall report information to the department by filing a complete annual survey. The survey is due by March 31st of the year following any calendar year in which funding assistance under RCW ((43.365.030)) 43.365.020 is taken. The department may extend the due date for timely filing of annual surveys under this section if failure to file was the result of circumstances beyond the control of the motion picture production receiving the funding assistance.
- (3) The survey shall include the amount of funding assistance received. The survey shall also include the following information for employment positions in Washington by the motion picture production receiving funding assistance, including indirect employment by contractors or other affiliates:
 - (a) The number of total employment positions;
- (b) Full-time, part-time, and temporary employment positions as a percent of total employment;

- (c) The number of employment positions according to the following wage bands: Less than thirty thousand dollars; thirty thousand dollars or greater, but less than sixty thousand dollars; and sixty thousand dollars or greater. A wage band containing fewer than three individuals may be combined with another wage band; and
- (d) The number of employment positions that have employer-provided medical, dental, and retirement benefits, by each of the wage bands.
- (4) The department may request additional information necessary to measure the results of the funding assistance program, to be submitted at the same time as the survey.
- (5) If a person fails to submit an annual survey under subsection (2) of this section by the due date of the report or any extension the department shall declare the amount of funding assistance for the previous calendar year to be immediately due and payable. The department shall assess interest, but not penalties, on the amounts due under this section. The interest shall be assessed at the rate provided for delinquent taxes under chapter 82.32 RCW, retroactively to the date the funding assistance was received, and shall accrue until the funding assistance is repaid.
- (6) The department shall use the information from this section to prepare summary descriptive statistics. The department shall report these statistics to the legislature each <u>even-numbered</u> year by September 1st. The department shall provide the complete annual surveys to the joint legislative audit and review committee.
- **Sec. 15.** RCW 43.330.082 and 2007 c 249 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Contracting associate development organizations shall provide the department with measures of their performance. Annual reports shall include information on the impact of the contracting organization on employment, wages, tax revenue, and capital investment. Specific measures shall be developed in the contracting process between the department and the contracting organization every two years. Performance measures should be consistent across regions to allow for statewide evaluation.
- (2)(a) The department and contracting organizations shall agree upon specific target levels for the performance measures in subsection (1) of this section. Comparison of agreed thresholds and actual performance shall occur annually.
- (b) Contracting organizations that fail to achieve the agreed performance targets in more than one-half of the agreed measures shall develop remediation plans to address performance gaps. The remediation plans shall include revised performance thresholds specifically chosen to provide evidence of progress in making the identified service changes.
- (c) Contracts and state funding shall be terminated for one year for organizations that fail to achieve the agreed upon progress toward improved performance defined under (b) of this subsection. During the year in which termination for nonperformance is in effect, organizations shall review alternative delivery strategies to include reorganization of the contracting organization, merging of previous efforts with existing regional partners, and other specific steps toward improved performance. At the end of the period of

termination, the department may contract with the associate development organization or its successor as it deems appropriate.

- (3) The department shall report to the legislature and the Washington economic development commission by December 31st of each <u>even-numbered</u> year on the performance results of the contracts with associate development organizations.
- **Sec. 16.** RCW 43.155.070 and 2008 c 299 s 25 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) To qualify for loans or pledges under this chapter the board must determine that a local government meets all of the following conditions:
- (a) The city or county must be imposing a tax under chapter 82.46 RCW at a rate of at least one-quarter of one percent;
 - (b) The local government must have developed a capital facility plan; and
- (c) The local government must be using all local revenue sources which are reasonably available for funding public works, taking into consideration local employment and economic factors.
- (2) Except where necessary to address a public health need or substantial environmental degradation, a county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 must have adopted a comprehensive plan, including a capital facilities plan element, and development regulations as required by RCW 36.70A.040. This subsection does not require any county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 to adopt a comprehensive plan or development regulations before requesting or receiving a loan or loan guarantee under this chapter if such request is made before the expiration of the time periods specified in RCW 36.70A.040. A county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 which has not adopted a comprehensive plan and development regulations within the time periods specified in RCW 36.70A.040 is not prohibited from receiving a loan or loan guarantee under this chapter if the comprehensive plan and development regulations are adopted as required by RCW 36.70A.040 before submitting a request for a loan or loan guarantee.
- (3) In considering awarding loans for public facilities to special districts requesting funding for a proposed facility located in a county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040, the board shall consider whether the county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040 in whose planning jurisdiction the proposed facility is located has adopted a comprehensive plan and development regulations as required by RCW 36.70A.040.
- (4) The board shall develop a priority process for public works projects as provided in this section. The intent of the priority process is to maximize the value of public works projects accomplished with assistance under this chapter. The board shall attempt to assure a geographical balance in assigning priorities to projects. The board shall consider at least the following factors in assigning a priority to a project:
- (a) Whether the local government receiving assistance has experienced severe fiscal distress resulting from natural disaster or emergency public works needs;
- (b) Except as otherwise conditioned by RCW 43.155.110, whether the entity receiving assistance is a Puget Sound partner, as defined in RCW 90.71.010;
- (c) Whether the project is referenced in the action agenda developed by the Puget Sound partnership under RCW 90.71.310;

- (d) Whether the project is critical in nature and would affect the health and safety of a great number of citizens;
- (e) Whether the applicant has developed and adhered to guidelines regarding its permitting process for those applying for development permits consistent with section 1(2), chapter 231, Laws of 2007;
- (f) The cost of the project compared to the size of the local government and amount of loan money available;
 - (g) The number of communities served by or funding the project;
- (h) Whether the project is located in an area of high unemployment, compared to the average state unemployment;
- (i) Whether the project is the acquisition, expansion, improvement, or renovation by a local government of a public water system that is in violation of health and safety standards, including the cost of extending existing service to such a system;
- (j) Except as otherwise conditioned by RCW 43.155.120, and effective one calendar year following the development of model evergreen community management plans and ordinances under RCW 35.105.050, whether the entity receiving assistance has been recognized, and what gradation of recognition was received, in the evergreen community recognition program created in RCW 35.105.030;
- (k) The relative benefit of the project to the community, considering the present level of economic activity in the community and the existing local capacity to increase local economic activity in communities that have low economic growth; and
 - (1) Other criteria that the board considers advisable.
- (5) Existing debt or financial obligations of local governments shall not be refinanced under this chapter. Each local government applicant shall provide documentation of attempts to secure additional local or other sources of funding for each public works project for which financial assistance is sought under this chapter.
- (6) Before November 1st of each even-numbered year, the board shall develop and submit to the appropriate fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives a description of the loans made under RCW 43.155.065. 43.155.068, and subsection (9) of this section during the preceding fiscal year and a prioritized list of projects which are recommended for funding by the legislature, including one copy to the staff of each of the committees. The list shall include, but not be limited to, a description of each project and recommended financing, the terms and conditions of the loan or financial guarantee, the local government jurisdiction and unemployment rate, demonstration of the jurisdiction's critical need for the project and documentation of local funds being used to finance the public works project. The list shall also include measures of fiscal capacity for each jurisdiction recommended for financial assistance, compared to authorized limits and state averages, including local government sales taxes; real estate excise taxes; property taxes; and charges for or taxes on sewerage, water, garbage, and other utilities.
- (7) The board shall not sign contracts or otherwise financially obligate funds from the public works assistance account before the legislature has appropriated funds for a specific list of public works projects. The legislature may remove

projects from the list recommended by the board. The legislature shall not change the order of the priorities recommended for funding by the board.

- (8) Subsection (7) of this section does not apply to loans made under RCW 43.155.065, 43.155.068, and subsection (9) of this section.
- (9) Loans made for the purpose of capital facilities plans shall be exempted from subsection (7) of this section.
- (10) To qualify for loans or pledges for solid waste or recycling facilities under this chapter, a city or county must demonstrate that the solid waste or recycling facility is consistent with and necessary to implement the comprehensive solid waste management plan adopted by the city or county under chapter 70.95 RCW.
- (11) After January 1, 2010, any project designed to address the effects of storm water or wastewater on Puget Sound may be funded under this section only if the project is not in conflict with the action agenda developed by the Puget Sound partnership under RCW 90.71.310.
- **Sec. 17.** RCW 43.185C.040 and 2005 c 484 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Six months after the first Washington homeless census, the department shall, in consultation with the interagency council on homelessness and the affordable housing advisory board, prepare and publish a ten-year homeless housing strategic plan which shall outline statewide goals and performance measures and shall be coordinated with the plan for homeless families with children required under RCW 43.63A.650. To guide local governments in preparation of their first local homeless housing plans due December 31, 2005, the department shall issue by October 15, 2005, temporary guidelines consistent with this chapter and including the best available data on each community's homeless population. Local governments' ten-year homeless housing plans shall not be substantially inconsistent with the goals and program recommendations of the temporary guidelines and, when amended after 2005, the state strategic plan.
- (2) Program outcomes and performance measures and goals shall be created by the department and reflected in the department's homeless housing strategic plan as well as interim goals against which state and local governments' performance may be measured, including:
- (a) By the end of year one, completion of the first census as described in RCW 43.185C.030;
- (b) By the end of each subsequent year, goals common to all local programs which are measurable and the achievement of which would move that community toward housing its homeless population; and
- (c) By July 1, 2015, reduction of the homeless population statewide and in each county by fifty percent.
- (3) The department shall develop a consistent statewide data gathering instrument to monitor the performance of cities and counties receiving grants in order to determine compliance with the terms and conditions set forth in the grant application or required by the department.

The department shall, in consultation with the interagency council on homelessness and the affordable housing advisory board, report ((annually)) biennially to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature an assessment of the state's performance in furthering the goals of the state ten-year homeless housing strategic plan and the performance of each participating local

government in creating and executing a local homeless housing plan which meets the requirements of this chapter. The annual report may include performance measures such as:

- (a) The reduction in the number of homeless individuals and families from the initial count of homeless persons;
- (b) The number of new units available and affordable for homeless families by housing type;
- (c) The number of homeless individuals identified who are not offered suitable housing within thirty days of their request or identification as homeless;
- (d) The number of households at risk of losing housing who maintain it due to a preventive intervention;
 - (e) The transition time from homelessness to permanent housing;
 - (f) The cost per person housed at each level of the housing continuum;
 - (g) The ability to successfully collect data and report performance;
- (h) The extent of collaboration and coordination among public bodies, as well as community stakeholders, and the level of community support and participation;
 - (i) The quality and safety of housing provided; and
- (j) The effectiveness of outreach to homeless persons, and their satisfaction with the program.
- (4) Based on the performance of local homeless housing programs in meeting their interim goals, on general population changes and on changes in the homeless population recorded in the annual census, the department may revise the performance measures and goals of the state homeless housing strategic plan, set goals for years following the initial ten-year period, and recommend changes in local governments' plans.
- **Sec. 18.** RCW 43.63A.068 and 2007 c 384 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) The department of community, trade, and economic development shall establish an advisory committee to monitor, guide, and report on recommendations relating to policies and programs for children and families with incarcerated parents.
- (b) The advisory committee shall include representatives of the department of corrections, the department of social and health services, the department of early learning, the office of the superintendent of public instruction, representatives of the private nonprofit and business sectors, child advocates, representatives of Washington state Indian tribes as defined under the federal Indian welfare act (25 U.S.C. Sec. 1901 et seq.), court administrators, the administrative office of the courts, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs, jail administrators, the office of the governor, and others who have an interest in these issues.
 - (c) The advisory committee shall:
- (i) Gather the data collected by the departments as required in RCW 72.09.495, 74.04.800, 43.215.065, and 28A.300.520;
- (ii) Monitor and provide consultation on the implementation of recommendations contained in the 2006 children of incarcerated parents report;
- (iii) Identify areas of need and develop recommendations for the legislature, the department of social and health services, the department of corrections, the department of early learning, and the office of the superintendent of public

instruction to better meet the needs of children and families of persons incarcerated in department of corrections facilities; and

- (iv) Advise the department of community, trade, and economic development regarding community programs the department should fund with moneys appropriated for this purpose in the operating budget. The advisory committee shall provide recommendations to the department regarding the following:
 - (A) The goals for geographic distribution of programs and funding;
- (B) The scope and purpose of eligible services and the priority of such services;
 - (C) Grant award funding limits;
 - (D) Entities eligible to apply for the funding;
- (E) Whether the funding should be directed towards starting or supporting new programs, expanding existing programs, or whether the funding should be open to all eligible services and providers; and
 - (F) Other areas the advisory committee determines appropriate.
- (d) The children of incarcerated parents advisory committee shall update the legislature and governor ((annually)) biennially on committee activities, with the first update due by January 1, ((2008)) $\underline{2010}$.
- (2) The department of community, trade, and economic development shall select community programs or services to receive funding that focus on children and families of inmates incarcerated in a department of corrections facility and sustaining the family during the period of the inmate's incarceration.
- (a) Programs or services which meet the needs of the children of incarcerated parents should be the greatest consideration in the programs that are identified by the department.
- (b) The department shall consider the recommendations of the advisory committee regarding which services or programs the department should fund.
- (c) The programs selected shall collaborate with an agency, or agencies, experienced in providing services to aid families and victims of sexual assault and domestic violence to ensure that the programs identify families who have a history of sexual assault or domestic violence and ensure the services provided are appropriate for the children and families.
- **Sec. 19.** RCW 39.86.190 and 1987 c 297 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

By February 1 of each <u>even-numbered</u> year, the agency shall summarize for the legislature each previous year's bond allocation requests and issuance. Beginning in June of 1988 and thereafter in June of each even-numbered year, the agency shall also submit a biennial report summarizing usage of the bond allocation proceeds and any policy concerns for future bond allocations.

Sec. 20. RCW 43.325.050 and 2006 c 171 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

The director shall report to the legislature and governor on the status of the energy freedom program created under this chapter, on or before December 1, 2006, and ((annually)) biennially thereafter. This report must include information on the projects that have been funded, the status of these projects, and their environmental, energy savings, and job creation benefits.

- Sec. 21. RCW 43.79.460 and 2009 c 4 s 902 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The savings incentive account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. The account shall consist of all moneys appropriated to the account by the legislature. The account is subject to the allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for expenditures from the account.
- (2) Within the savings incentive account, the state treasurer may create subaccounts to be credited with incentive savings attributable to individual state agencies, as determined by the office of financial management in consultation with the legislative fiscal committees. Moneys deposited in the subaccounts may be expended only on the authorization of the agency's executive head or designee and only for the purpose of one-time expenditures to improve the quality, efficiency, and effectiveness of services to customers of the state, such as one-time expenditures for employee training, employee incentives, technology improvements, new work processes, or performance measurement. Funds may not be expended from the account to establish new programs or services, expand existing programs or services, or incur ongoing costs that would require future expenditures.
- (3) For purposes of this section, "incentive savings" means state general fund appropriations that are unspent as of June 30th of a fiscal year, excluding any amounts included in across-the-board reductions under RCW 43.88.110 and excluding unspent appropriations for:
- (a) Caseload and enrollment in entitlement programs, except to the extent that an agency has clearly demonstrated that efficiencies have been achieved in the administration of the entitlement program. "Entitlement program," as used in this section, includes programs for which specific sums of money are appropriated for pass-through to third parties or other entities;
 - (b) Enrollments in state institutions of higher education;
- (c) A specific amount contained in a condition or limitation to an appropriation in the biennial appropriations act, if the agency did not achieve the specific purpose or objective of the condition or limitation;
 - (d) Debt service on state obligations; and
 - (e) State retirement system obligations.
- (4) The office of financial management, after consulting with the legislative fiscal committees, shall report ((to the treasurer)) the amount of savings incentives achieved. ((By December 1, 1998, and each December 1st thereafter, the office of financial management shall submit a report to the fiscal committees of the legislature on the implementation of this section. The report shall (a) evaluate the impact of this section on agency reversions and end-of-biennium expenditure patterns, and (b) itemize agency expenditures from the savings recovery account. The office of financial management is relieved from having to submit a report by December 1, 2008.))
- (5) For fiscal year 2009, the legislature may transfer from the savings incentive account to the state general fund such amounts as reflect the fund balance of the account attributable to unspent state general fund appropriations for fiscal year 2008.

- Sec. 22. RCW 18.130.310 and 2008 c 134 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Subject to RCW 40.07.040, the disciplinary authority shall submit ((an annual)) a biennial report to the legislature on its proceedings during the ((year)) biennium, detailing the number of complaints made, investigated, and adjudicated and manner of disposition. In addition, the report must provide data on the department's background check activities conducted under RCW 18.130.064 and the effectiveness of those activities in identifying potential license holders who may not be qualified to practice safely. The report must summarize the distribution of the number of cases assigned to each attorney and investigator for each profession. The identity of the attorney and investigator must remain anonymous. The report may include recommendations for improving the disciplinary process, including proposed legislation. The department shall develop a uniform report format.
- (2) Each disciplining authority identified in RCW 18.130.040(2)(b) may submit ((an annual)) a biennial report to complement the report required under subsection (1) of this section. Each report may provide additional information about the disciplinary activities, rule-making and policy activities, and receipts and expenditures for the individual disciplining authority.
- **Sec. 23.** RCW 43.20.100 and 1977 c 75 s 44 are each amended to read as follows:

The state board of health shall ((make an annual)) report to the governor by July 1st of each even-numbered year including therein suggestions for public health priorities for the following biennium and such legislative action as it deems necessary.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 24.** A new section is added to chapter 43.01 RCW to read as follows:

- (1)(a) All reports required to be submitted to the legislature shall be provided only in an electronic format. Reports must be submitted electronically to the chief clerk of the house of representatives and the secretary of the senate. The chief clerk of the house of representatives and the secretary of the senate shall provide an online site for reports submitted to the legislature on the legislative internet home page. The reports shall be organized in such a way as to make the reports easy to find and accessible by legislators, staff, and the public.
- (b) Upon electronic submittal of the required report to the chief clerk of the house of representatives and the secretary of the senate, the agency shall send a letter, also by electronic means, to the appropriate legislative committee that the report has been filed. The letter may include a brief summary of the report. The public entity submitting the report may make hard copies available by request.
- (2)(a) All annual and biennial reports to the governor shall be provided only in an electronic format. The reports shall be organized in such a way as to make the reports easy to find and accessible by the public.
- (b) Upon electronic submittal of the required report to the governor's office, the agency shall send a letter, also by electronic means, that the report has been filed. The letter may include a brief summary of the report. The entity submitting the report may make hard copies available by request.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. Section 12 of this act expires June 30, 2039.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. Section 20 of this act expires June 30, 2016.

Passed by the House April 23, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 20, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I have approved, except for Section 7, Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2327 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to eliminating or reducing the frequency of reports prepared by state agencies."

Section 7 of Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2327 conflicts with Section 13 of Substitute Senate Bill 6171 that I signed on May 14, 2009. Section 7 eliminates a report on adverse events and incidents at medical facilities because there is no funding for this task. However, Section 13 of Substitute Senate Bill 6171 clarifies that this report is contingent on available funding.

For this reason, I have vetoed Section 7 of Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2327.

With the exception of Section 7, Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2327 is approved."

CHAPTER 519

[Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5560] STATE AGENCIES—EMISSIONS REDUCTION

AN ACT Relating to state agency climate leadership; amending RCW 70.235.010, 43.41.130, and 39.35D.010; adding new sections to chapter 70.235 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; and creating new sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that in chapter 14, Laws of 2008, the legislature established greenhouse gas emission reduction limits for Washington state, including a reduction of overall emissions by 2020 to emission levels in 1990, a reduction by 2035 to levels twenty-five percent below 1990 levels, and by 2050 a further reduction below 1990 levels. Based upon estimated 2006 emission levels in Washington, this will require a reduction from present emission levels of over twenty-five percent in the next eleven years. The legislature further finds that state government activities are a significant source of emissions, and that state government should meet targets for reducing emissions from its buildings, vehicles, and all operations that demonstrate that these reductions are achievable, cost-effective, and will help to promote innovative energy efficiency technologies and practices.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 70.235 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) All state agencies shall meet the statewide greenhouse gas emission limits established in RCW 70.235.020 to achieve the following, using the estimates and strategy established in subsections (2) and (3) of this section:
- (a) By July 1, 2020, reduce emissions by fifteen percent from 2005 emission levels;
 - (b) By 2035, reduce emissions to thirty-six percent below 2005 levels; and

- (c) By 2050, reduce emissions to the greater reduction of fifty-seven and one-half percent below 2005 levels, or seventy percent below the expected state government emissions that year.
- (2)(a) By June 30, 2010, all state agencies shall report estimates of emissions for 2005 to the department, including 2009 levels of emissions, and projected emissions through 2035.
- (b) State agencies required to report under RCW 70.94.151 must estimate emissions from methodologies recommended by the department and must be based on actual operation of those agencies. Agencies not required to report under RCW 70.94.151 shall derive emissions estimates using an emissions calculator provided by the department.
- (3) By June 30, 2011, each state agency shall submit to the department a strategy to meet the requirements in subsection (1) of this section. The strategy must address employee travel activities, teleconferencing alternatives, and include existing and proposed actions, a timeline for reductions, and recommendations for budgetary and other incentives to reduce emissions, especially from employee business travel.
- (4) By October 1st of each even-numbered year beginning in 2012, each state agency shall report to the department the actions taken to meet the emission reduction targets under the strategy for the preceding fiscal biennium. The department may authorize the department of general administration to report on behalf of any state agency having fewer than five hundred full-time equivalent employees at any time during the reporting period. The department shall cooperate with the department of general administration and the department of community, trade, and economic development to develop consolidated reporting methodologies that incorporate emission reduction actions taken across all or substantially all state agencies.
- (5) All state agencies shall cooperate in providing information to the department, the department of general administration, and the department of community, trade, and economic development for the purposes of this section.
- (6) The governor shall designate a person as the single point of accountability for all energy and climate change initiatives within state agencies. This position must be funded from current full-time equivalent allocations without increasing budgets or staffing levels. If duties must be shifted within an agency, they must be shifted among current full-time equivalent allocations. All agencies, councils, or work groups with energy or climate change initiatives shall coordinate with this designee.
- *Sec. 3. RCW 70.235.010 and 2008 c 14 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Carbon dioxide equivalents" means a metric measure used to compare the emissions from various greenhouse gases based upon their global warming potential.
- (2) "Climate advisory team" means the stakeholder group formed in response to executive order 07-02.
- (3) "Climate impacts group" means the University of Washington's climate impacts group.
 - (4) "Department" means the department of ecology.

- (5) "Direct emissions" means emissions of greenhouse gases from sources of emissions, including stationary combustion sources, mobile combustion emissions, process emissions, and fugitive emissions.
 - (6) "Director" means the director of the department.
- (7) "Greenhouse gas" and "greenhouse gases" includes carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride.
- (8) "Indirect emissions" means emissions of greenhouse gases associated with the purchase of electricity, heating, cooling, or steam.
- (9) "Person" means an individual, partnership, franchise holder, association, corporation, a state, a city, a county, or any subdivision or instrumentality of the state.
 - (10) "Program" means the department's climate change program.
- (11) "Small-scale powered equipment" means a tool or other nonroad or marine machine powered by a gasoline, diesel, or propane spark ignition engine that has a standard manufacturer's listed horsepower rating of fifty horsepower or less. Examples of the term "small-scale powered equipment" include, but are not limited to, the following items when the components of the definition are satisfied: Lawnmowers, string trimmers, leaf blowers, air compressors, chainsaws, turf equipment, and lawn and garden tractors.
- (12) "Total emissions of greenhouse gases" means all direct emissions and all indirect emissions.
- (((12))) (13) "Western climate initiative" means the collaboration of states, Canadian provinces, Mexican states, and tribes to design a multisector market-based mechanism as directed under the western regional climate action initiative signed by the governor on February 22, 2007.
- *Sec. 3 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.
- *<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 70.235 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) As part of satisfying the requirements of section 2 of this act, state agencies are, except as otherwise provided in this section, prohibited from purchasing small-scale powered equipment if the market offers an alternative item that is powered by an electrical cord or rechargeable battery.
- (2)(a) The top administrative official of a state agency may waive the provisions of this section on a case-by-case basis if the top administrative official of the agency publishes a finding in the Washington State Register explaining the details as to why the purchase or use of the small-scale powered equipment was necessary and why the use of an electric-based alternative would have been impractical.
- (b) The Washington State Register publication requirements of this section may be satisfied with one annual publication summarizing all instances where the requirements of this section were waived by the top administrative official in the preceding year.
- (3) As a demonstration to other state agencies as to how the requirements of this section may be achieved, the department of general administration shall suspend the use of all spark ignition push lawnmowers, string trimmers, and leaf blowers on the capitol campus by October 1, 2009. The department of general administration shall document its transition from small-scale powered

equipment to electrical or manual alternatives to aid other state agencies in their implementation of this section.

*Sec. 4 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 70.235 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The department shall develop an emissions calculator to assist state agencies in estimating aggregate emissions as well as in estimating the relative emissions from different ways in carrying out activities.
- (2) The department may use data such as totals of building space occupied, energy purchases and generation, motor vehicle fuel purchases and total mileage driven, and other reasonable sources of data to make these estimates. The estimates may be derived from a single methodology using these or other factors, except that for the top ten state agencies in occupied building space and vehicle miles driven, the estimates must be based upon the actual and projected operations of those agencies. The estimates may be adjusted, and reasonable estimates derived, when agencies have been created since 1990 or functions reorganized among state agencies since 1990. The estimates may incorporate projected emissions reductions that also affect state agencies under the program authorized in RCW 70.235.020 and other existing policies that will result in emissions reductions.
- (3) By December 31st of each even-numbered year beginning in 2010, the department shall report to the governor and to the appropriate committees of the senate and house of representatives the total state agencies' emissions of greenhouse gases for 2005 and the preceding two years and actions taken to meet the emissions reduction targets.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 43.41.130 and 1982 c 163 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

The director of financial management, after consultation with other interested or affected state agencies, shall establish overall policies governing the acquisition, operation, management, maintenance, repair, and disposal of, all passenger motor vehicles owned or operated by any state agency. Such policies shall include but not be limited to a definition of what constitutes authorized use of a state owned or controlled passenger motor vehicle and other motor vehicles on official state business. The definition shall include, but not be limited to, the use of state-owned motor vehicles for commuter ride sharing so long as the entire capital depreciation and operational expense of the commuter ride-sharing arrangement is paid by the commuters. Any use other than such defined use shall be considered as personal use. By June 15, 2010, the director of the department of general administration, in consultation with the office and other interested or affected state agencies, shall develop strategies to reduce fuel consumption and emissions from all classes of vehicles. State agencies shall use these strategies to:

- (1) Phase in fuel economy standards for motor pools and leased vehicles to achieve an average fuel economy standard of thirty-six miles per gallon for passenger vehicle fleets by 2015;
- (2) Achieve an average fuel economy of forty miles per gallon for light duty passenger vehicles purchased after June 15, 2010; and

(3) Achieve an average fuel economy standard of twenty-seven miles per gallon for light duty vans and sport utility vehicles purchased after June 15, 2010.

State agencies must report annually on the progress made to achieve the goals under subsections (1) through (3) of this section beginning October 31, 2011.

The department of general administration, in consultation with the office and other affected or interested agencies, shall develop a separate fleet fuel economy standard for all other classes of vehicles and report the progress made toward meeting the fuel consumption and emissions goals established by this section to the governor and the relevant legislative committees by December 1, 2012.

For the purposes of this section, light duty vehicles refers to cars, sport utility vehicles, and passenger vans. The following vehicles are excluded from the agency fleet average fuel economy calculation: Emergency response vehicles, passenger vans with a gross vehicle weight of eight thousand five hundred pounds or greater, vehicles that are purchased for off-pavement use, and vehicles that are driven less than two thousand miles per year. Average fuel economy calculations must be based upon the current United States environmental protection agency composite city and highway mile per gallon rating.

- ((Such policies shall also include the widest possible use of gasohol and cost effective alternative fuels in all motor vehicles owned or operated by any state agency. As used in this section, "gasohol" means motor vehicle fuel which contains more than nine and one half percent alcohol by volume.))
- *NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The department of general administration must perform energy performance monitoring from July 2009 to July 2011 on each building that has completed an energy audit and installed energy conservation measures within the last five years and report to the legislature on the cost of the energy conservation measures, the projected energy savings, and the actual energy savings realized.

*Sec. 7 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

- **Sec. 8.** RCW 39.35D.010 and 2005 c 12 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The legislature finds that public buildings can be built and renovated using high-performance methods that save money, improve school performance, and make workers more productive. High-performance public buildings are proven to increase student test scores, reduce worker absenteeism, and cut energy and utility costs.
- (2) It is the intent of the legislature that state-owned buildings and schools be improved by adopting recognized standards for high-performance public buildings, reducing energy consumption, and allowing flexible methods and choices in how to achieve those standards and reductions. The legislature also intends that public agencies and public school districts shall document costs and savings to monitor this program and ensure that economic, community, and environmental goals are achieved each year, and that an independent performance review be conducted to evaluate this program and determine the extent to which the results intended by this chapter are being met.

(3) The legislature further finds that state agency leadership is needed in the development of preparation and adaptation actions for climate change to ensure the economic health, safety, and environmental well-being of the state and its citizens.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 70.235 RCW to read as follows:

Beginning in 2010, when distributing capital funds through competitive programs for infrastructure and economic development projects, all state agencies must consider whether the entity receiving the funds has adopted policies to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Agencies also must consider whether the project is consistent with:

- (1) The state's limits on the emissions of greenhouse gases established in RCW 70.235.020;
- (2) Statewide goals to reduce annual per capita vehicle miles traveled by 2050, in accordance with RCW 47.01.440, except that the agency shall consider whether project locations in rural counties, as defined in RCW 43.160.020, will maximize the reduction of vehicle miles traveled; and
 - (3) Applicable federal emissions reduction requirements.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** (1) The departments of ecology, agriculture, community, trade, and economic development, fish and wildlife, natural resources, and transportation shall develop an integrated climate change response strategy to better enable state and local agencies, public and private businesses, nongovernmental organizations, and individuals to prepare for, address, and adapt to the impacts of climate change. The integrated climate change response strategy should be developed, where feasible and consistent with the direction of the strategy, in collaboration with local government agencies with climate change preparation and adaptation plans.
- (2) The department of ecology shall serve as a central clearinghouse for relevant scientific and technical information about the impacts of climate change on Washington's ecology, economy, and society, as well as serve as a central convener for the development of vital programs and necessary policies to help the state adapt to a rapidly changing climate.
- (3) The department of ecology shall consult and collaborate with the departments of fish and wildlife, agriculture, community, trade, and economic development, natural resources, and transportation in developing an integrated climate change response strategy and plans of action to prepare for and adapt to climate change impacts.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. (1) The integrated climate change response strategy should address the impact of and adaptation to climate change, as well as the regional capacity to undertake actions, existing ecosystem and resource management concerns, and health and economic risks. In addition, the departments of ecology, agriculture, community, trade, and economic development, fish and wildlife, natural resources, and transportation should include a range of scenarios for the purposes of planning in order to assess project vulnerability and, to the extent feasible, reduce expected risks and increase resiliency to the impacts of climate change.
- (2)(a) By December 1, 2011, the department of ecology shall compile an initial climate change response strategy, including information and data from the

departments of fish and wildlife, agriculture, community, trade, and economic development, natural resources, and transportation that: Summarizes the best known science on climate change impacts to Washington; assesses Washington's vulnerability to the identified climate change impacts; prioritizes solutions that can be implemented within and across state agencies; and identifies recommended funding mechanisms and technical and other essential resources for implementing solutions.

- (b) The initial strategy must include:
- (i) Efforts to identify priority planning areas for action, based on vulnerability and risk assessments;
- (ii) Barriers challenging state and local governments to take action, such as laws, policies, regulations, rules, and procedures that require revision to adequately address adaptation to climate change;
- (iii) Opportunities to integrate climate science and projected impacts into planning and decision making; and
- (iv) Methods to increase public awareness of climate change, its projected impacts on the community, and to build support for meaningful adaptation policies and strategies.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** The departments of ecology, agriculture, community, trade, and economic development, fish and wildlife, natural resources, and transportation may consult with qualified nonpartisan experts from the scientific community as needed to assist with developing an integrated climate change response strategy. The qualified nonpartisan experts from the scientific community may assist the department of ecology on the following components:

- (1) Identifying the timing and extent of impacts from climate change;
- (2) Assessing the effects of climate variability and change in the context of multiple interacting stressors or impacts;
 - (3) Developing forecasting models;
- (4) Determining the resilience of the environment, natural systems, communities, and organizations to deal with potential or actual impacts of climate change and the vulnerability to which a natural or social system is susceptible to sustaining damage from climate change impacts; and
- (5) Identifying other issues, as determined by the department of ecology, necessary to develop policies and actions for the integrated climate change response strategy.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** State agencies shall strive to incorporate adaptation plans of action as priority activities when planning or designing agency policies and programs. Agencies shall consider: The integrated climate change response strategy when designing, planning, and funding infrastructure projects; and incorporating natural resource adaptation actions and alternative energy sources when designing and planning infrastructure projects.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** Sections 10 through 13 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 43 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 2009, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

Passed by the Senate April 21, 2009.

Passed by the House April 16, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 15, 2009, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 18, 2009.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I have approved, except for Sections 3, 4 and 7, Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5560 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to state agency climate leadership."

Sections 3 and 4 require agencies to use battery operated or electric small-scale powered equipment that is not yet available for commercial or heavy duty use, although it is available for home or light duty use. I am directing the Department of General Administration to examine landscaping policies on the Capitol Campus and develop and implement a plan that will reduce the carbon footprint of landscaping within the 2009-11 biennium, including a pilot project to showcase methods for "green landscaping" of the Capitol Campus.

Section 7 addresses energy audits and high performance buildings. On May 8, 2009, I signed Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5854 which directs the Department of General Administration to conduct energy audits and assign energy benchmarks of state buildings. Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5854 provides a complete and thorough process to examine state buildings and, therefore, this additional provision is not needed at this time.

For these reasons, I have vetoed Sections 3, 4 and 7 of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5560.

With the exception of Sections 3, 4 and 7, Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5560 is hereby approved."

CHAPTER 520

[Second Substitute House Bill 2106]

CHILD WELFARE SERVICES—CONTRACTS

AN ACT Relating to improving child welfare outcomes through the phased implementation of strategic and proven reforms; amending RCW 74.13.020, 74.15.010, 74.15.020, 74.15.050, 74.15.100, 26.44.020, 26.44.200, 13.34.025, 13.34.030, 13.34.065, 13.34.067, 13.34.094, 13.34.096, 13.34.125, 13.34.145, 13.34.155, 13.34.174, 13.34.176, 13.34.180, 13.34.210, 13.34.215, 13.34.230, 13.34.233, 13.34.245, 13.34.320, 13.34.330, 13.34.340, 13.34.350, 13.34.370, 13.34.380, 13.34.385, 13.34.390, 13.34.400, 74.13.010, 74.13.031, 74.13.0311, 74.13.032, 74.13.036, 74.13.037, 74.13.042, 74.13.045, 74.13.055, 74.13.060, 74.13.065, 74.13.075, 74.13.077, 74.13.096, 74.13.103, 74.13.106, 74.13.109, 74.13.124, 74.13.136, 74.13.165, 74.13.170, 74.13.250, 74.13.283, 74.13.285, 74.13.288, 74.13.289, 74.13.300, 74.13.310, 74.13.315, 74.13.320, 74.13.325, 74.13.333, 74.13.334, 74.13.500, 74.13.515, 74.13.525, 74.13.530, 74.13.560, 74.13.590, 74.13.600, 74.13.640, 74.13.650, and 74.13.670; reenacting and amending RCW 74.15.030, 13.34.136, 13.34.138, and 74.13.280; adding new sections to chapter 74.13 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.10 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.44 RCW; creating a new section; recodifying RCW 74.13.085, 74.13.0902, 74.13.095, 74.15.031, 74.13.100, 74.13.103, 74.13.106, 74.13.109, 74.13.112, 74.13.115, 74.13.116, 74.13.118, 74.13.121, 74.13.124, 74.13.127, 74.13.130, 74.13.133, 74.13.136, 74.13.139, 74.13.145, 74.13.150, 74.13.152, 74.13.153, 74.13.154, 74.13.155, 74.13.156, 74.13.157, 74.13.158, 74.13.159, 74.13.165, and 74.13.170; repealing RCW 13.34.803, 13.34.805, 13.34.8051, 13.34.810, 26.44.230, 74.13.200, 74.13.210, 74.13.220, 74.13.230, 74.13.340, 74.13.630, and 74.13.800; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

*<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:

The legislature declares that the safety and well-being of children and families is essential to the social and economic health of Washington. It is the duty of the state to provide children at risk of out-of-home placement and their families with reasonable opportunities to access supportive services that enhance their safety and well-being. The legislature directs the programmatic and administrative changes required in this act to be accomplished in conformance with this foregoing principle.

The legislature finds that research in the area of child safety and wellbeing supports the conclusion that a restructuring of the administration and delivery of child welfare services through the use of performance-based contracts can enhance safety and well-being, when done so in a careful, wellplanned and collaborative manner.

The legislature intends to encourage broad participation by interested entities in the bidding process. The legislature directs that the department retain those positions necessary to provide child protective and investigative services and to administer performance-based contracts.

The legislature further intends that the programmatic and administrative changes contained in this act have the result of reducing racial disproportionality in the child welfare system and racial disparities in child outcomes.

The legislature, in creating the committee in section 8 of this act, is establishing the mechanism to design, in collaboration with the executive and judicial branches and all affected entities, the transition to performance-based contracts in the delivery of out-of-home care and case management services. *Sec. 1 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

- Sec. 2. RCW 74.13.020 and 1999 c 267 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- ((As used in Title 74 RCW, child welfare services shall be defined as public social services including adoption services which strengthen, supplement, or substitute for, parental care and supervision for the purpose of:
- (1) Preventing or remedying, or assisting in the solution of problems which may result in families in conflict, or the neglect, abuse, exploitation, or criminal behavior of children;
 - (2) Protecting and caring for dependent or neglected children;
- (3) Assisting children who are in conflict with their parents, and assisting parents who are in conflict with their children with services designed to resolve such conflicts;
- (4) Protecting and promoting the welfare of children, including the strengthening of their own homes where possible, or, where needed;
- (5) Providing adequate care of children away from their homes in foster family homes or day care or other child care agencies or facilities.

As used in this chapter, child means a person less than eighteen years of age. The department's duty to provide services to homeless families with children is set forth in RCW 43.20A.790 and in appropriations provided by the legislature for implementation of the plan.))

For purposes of this chapter:

- (1) "Case management" means the management of services delivered to children and families in the child welfare system, including permanency services, caseworker-child visits, family visits, the convening of family group conferences, the development and revision of the case plan, the coordination and monitoring of services needed by the child and family, and the assumption of court-related duties, excluding legal representation, including preparing court reports, attending judicial hearings and permanency hearings, and ensuring that the child is progressing toward permanency within state and federal mandates, including the Indian child welfare act.
 - (2) "Child" means a person less than eighteen years of age.
 - (3) "Child protective services" has the same meaning as in RCW 26.44.020.
- (4) "Child welfare services" means social services including voluntary and in-home services, out-of-home care, case management, and adoption services which strengthen, supplement, or substitute for, parental care and supervision for the purpose of:
- (a) Preventing or remedying, or assisting in the solution of problems which may result in families in conflict, or the neglect, abuse, exploitation, or criminal behavior of children:
 - (b) Protecting and caring for dependent, abused, or neglected children;
- (c) Assisting children who are in conflict with their parents, and assisting parents who are in conflict with their children, with services designed to resolve such conflicts;
- (d) Protecting and promoting the welfare of children, including the strengthening of their own homes where possible, or, where needed;
- (e) Providing adequate care of children away from their homes in foster family homes or day care or other child care agencies or facilities.
 - "Child welfare services" does not include child protection services.
 - (5) "Committee" means the child welfare transformation design committee.
 - (6) "Department" means the department of social and health services.
- (7) "Measurable effects" means a statistically significant change which occurs as a result of the service or services a supervising agency is assigned in a performance-based contract, in time periods established in the contract.
- (8) "Out-of-home care services" means services provided after the shelter care hearing to or for children in out-of-home care, as that term is defined in RCW 13.34.030, and their families, including the recruitment, training, and management of foster parents, the recruitment of adoptive families, and the facilitation of the adoption process, family reunification, independent living, emergency shelter, residential group care, and foster care, including relative placement.
- (9) "Performance-based contracting" means the structuring of all aspects of the procurement of services around the purpose of the work to be performed and the desired results with the contract requirements set forth in clear, specific, and objective terms with measurable outcomes. Contracts shall also include provisions that link the performance of the contractor to the level and timing of reimbursement.
- (10) "Permanency services" means long-term services provided to secure a child's safety, permanency, and well-being, including foster care services, family reunification services, adoption services, and preparation for independent living services.

- (11) "Primary prevention services" means services which are designed and delivered for the primary purpose of enhancing child and family well-being and are shown, by analysis of outcomes, to reduce the risk to the likelihood of the initial need for child welfare services.
- (12) "Supervising agency" means an agency licensed by the state under RCW 74.15.090, or an Indian tribe under RCW 74.15.190, that has entered into a performance-based contract with the department to provide child welfare services.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) No later than January 1, 2011, the department shall convert its current contracts with providers into performance-based contracts. In accomplishing this conversion, the department shall decrease the total number of contracts it uses to purchase services from providers.
 - (2) No later than July 1, 2012:
- (a) In the demonstration sites selected under section 8(4)(a) of this act, child welfare services shall be provided by supervising agencies with whom the department has entered into performance-based contracts. Supervising agencies may enter into subcontracts with other licensed agencies; and
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, and notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the department may not directly provide child welfare services to families and children provided child welfare services by supervising agencies in the demonstration sites selected under section 8(4)(a) of this act.
- (3) No later than July 1, 2012, for families and children provided child welfare services by supervising agencies in the demonstration sites selected under section 8(4)(a) of this act, the department is responsible for only the following:
- (a) Monitoring the quality of services for which the department contracts under this chapter;
- (b) Ensuring that the services are provided in accordance with federal law and the laws of this state, including the Indian child welfare act;
- (c) Providing child protection functions and services, including intake and investigation of allegations of child abuse or neglect, emergency shelter care functions under RCW 13.34.050, and referrals to appropriate providers; and
 - (d) Issuing licenses pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW.
- (4) No later than July 1, 2012, for families and children provided child welfare services by supervising agencies in the demonstration sites selected under section 8(4)(a) of this act, the department may provide child welfare services only in an emergency or as a provider of last resort. The department shall adopt rules describing the circumstances under which the department may provide those services. For purposes of this section, "provider of last resort" means the department is unable to contract with a private agency to provide child welfare services in a particular geographic area or, after entering into a contract with a private agency, either the contractor or the department terminates the contract.
- (5) For purposes of this chapter, on and after September 1, 2010, performance-based contracts shall be structured to hold the supervising agencies accountable for achieving the following goals in order of importance: Child safety; child permanency, including reunification; and child well-being.

(6) A federally recognized tribe located in this state may enter into a performance-based contract with the department to provide child welfare services to Indian children whether or not they reside on a reservation.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:

Pursuant to RCW 41.06.142(3), performance-based contracting under section 3 of this act is expressly mandated by the legislature and is not subject to the processes set forth in RCW 41.06.142 (1), (4), and (5).

A continuation or expansion of delivery of child welfare services under the provisions of section 10 of this act shall be considered expressly mandated by the legislature and not subject to the provisions of RCW 41.06.142 (1), (4), and (5).

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:

Children whose cases are managed by a supervising agency remain under the care and placement authority of the state.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:

Performance-based contracts with private nonprofit entities who otherwise meet the definition of supervising agency shall receive primary preference. This section does not apply to Indian tribes.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 43.10 RCW to read as follows:

The office of the attorney general shall provide, or cause to be provided, legal services in only dependency or termination of parental rights matters to supervising agencies with whom the department of social and health services has entered into performance-based contracts to provide child welfare services as soon as the contracts become effective.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:

- (1)(a) The child welfare transformation design committee is established, with members as provided in this subsection.
 - (i) The governor or the governor's designee;
- (ii) Four private agencies that, as of the effective date of this section, provide child welfare services to children and families referred to them by the department. Two agencies must be headquartered in western Washington and two must be headquartered in eastern Washington. Two agencies must have an annual budget of at least one million state-contracted dollars and two must have an annual budget of less than one million state-contracted dollars;
- (iii) The assistant secretary of the children's administration in the department;
- (iv) Two regional administrators in the children's administration selected by the assistant secretary, one from one of the department's administrative regions one or two, and one from one of the department's administrative regions three, four, five, or six:
- (v) The administrator for the division of licensed resources in the children's administration;
 - (vi) Two nationally recognized experts in performance-based contracts;

- (vii) The attorney general or the attorney general's designee;
- (viii) A representative of the collective bargaining unit that represents the largest number of employees in the children's administration;
- (ix) A representative from the office of the family and children's ombudsman;
- (x) Four representatives from the Indian policy advisory committee convened by the department's office of Indian policy and support services;
- (xi) Two currently elected or former superior court judges with significant experience in dependency matters, selected by the superior court judge's association;
- (xii) One representative from partners for our children affiliated with the University of Washington school of social work;
- (xiii) A member of the Washington state racial disproportionality advisory committee;
 - (xiv) A foster parent; and
- (xv) A parent representative who has had personal experience with the dependency system.
- (b) The president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives shall jointly appoint the members under (a)(ii), (xiv), and (xv) of this subsection
- (c) The representative from partners for our children shall convene the initial meeting of the committee no later than June 15, 2009.
- (d) The cochairs of the committee shall be the assistant secretary for the children's administration and another member selected by a majority vote of those members present at the initial meeting.
- (2) The committee shall establish a transition plan containing recommendations to the legislature and the governor consistent with this section for the provision of child welfare services by supervising agencies pursuant to section 3 of this act.
 - (3) The plan shall include the following:
- (a) A model or framework for performance-based contracts to be used by the department that clearly defines:
 - (i) The target population;
 - (ii) The referral and exit criteria for the services;
- (iii) The child welfare services including the use of evidence-based services and practices to be provided by contractors;
- (iv) The roles and responsibilities of public and private agency workers in key case decisions;
- (v) Contract performance and outcomes, including those related to eliminating racial disparities in child outcomes;
 - (vi) That supervising agencies will provide culturally competent service;
- (vii) How to measure whether each contractor has met the goals listed in section 3(5) of this act; and
 - (viii) Incentives to meet performance outcomes;
- (b) A method by which the department will substantially reduce its current number of contracts for child welfare services;
- (c) A method or methods by which clients will access community-based services, how private supervising agencies will engage other services or form

local service networks, develop subcontracts, and share information and supervision of children;

- (d) Methods to address the effects of racial disproportionality, as identified in the 2008 Racial Disproportionality Advisory Committee Report published by the Washington state institute for public policy in June 2008;
- (e) Methods for inclusion of the principles and requirements of the centennial accord executed in November 2001, executed between the state of Washington and federally recognized tribes in Washington state;
- (f) Methods for assuring performance-based contracts adhere to the letter and intent of the federal Indian child welfare act:
- (g) Contract monitoring and evaluation procedures that will ensure that children and families are receiving timely and quality services and that contract terms are being implemented;
- (h) A method or methods by which to ensure that the children's administration has sufficiently trained and experienced staff to monitor and manage performance-based contracts;
- (i) A process by which to expand the capacity of supervising and other private agencies to meet the service needs of children and families in a performance-based contractual arrangement;
- (j) A method or methods by which supervising and other private agencies can expand services in underserved areas of the state;
- (k) The appropriate amounts and procedures for the reimbursement of supervising agencies given the proposed services restructuring;
- (l) A method by which to access and enhance existing data systems to include contract performance information;
 - (m) A financing arrangement for the contracts that examines:
- (i) The use of case rates or performance-based fee-for-service contracts that include incentive payments or payment schedules that link reimbursement to outcomes; and
- (ii) Ways to reduce a contractor's financial risk that could jeopardize the solvency of the contractor, including consideration of the use of a risk-reward corridor that limits risk of loss and potential profits or the establishment of a statewide risk pool;
- (n) A description of how the transition will impact the state's ability to obtain federal funding and examine options to further maximize federal funding opportunities and increased flexibility;
- (o) A review of whether current administrative staffing levels in the regions should be continued when the majority of child welfare services are being provided by supervising agencies;
- (p) A description of the costs of the transition, the initial start-up costs and the mechanisms to periodically assess the overall adequacy of funds and the fiscal impact of the changes, and the feasibility of the plan and the impact of the plan on department employees during the transition; and
- (q) Identification of any statutory and regulatory revisions necessary to accomplish the transition.
- (4)(a) The committee, with the assistance of the department, shall select two demonstration sites within which to implement this act. One site must be located on the eastern side of the state. The other site must be located on the western

side of the state. Neither site must be wholly located in any of the department's administrative regions.

- (b) The committee shall develop two sets of performance outcomes to be included in the performance-based contracts the department enters into with supervising agencies. The first set of outcomes shall be used for those cases transferred to a supervising agency over time. The second set of outcomes shall be used for new entrants to the child welfare system.
- (c) The committee shall also identify methods for ensuring that comparison of performance between supervising agencies and the existing service delivery system takes into account the variation in the characteristics of the populations being served as well as historical trends in outcomes for those populations.
- (5) The committee shall determine the appropriate size of the child and family populations to be provided services under performance-based contracts with supervising agencies. The committee shall also identify the time frame within which cases will be transferred to supervising agencies. The performance-based contracts entered into with supervising agencies shall encompass the provision of child welfare services to enough children and families in each demonstration site to allow for the assessment of whether there are meaningful differences, to be defined by the committee, between the outcomes achieved in the demonstration sites and the comparison sites or populations. To ensure adequate statistical power to assess these differences, the populations served shall be large enough to provide a probability greater than seventy percent that meaningful difference will be detected and a ninety-five percent probability that observed differences are not due to chance alone.
- (6) The committee shall also prepare as part of the plan a recommendation as to how to implement this act so that full implementation of this act is achieved no later than June 30, 2012.
- (7) The committee shall prepare the plan to manage the delivery of child welfare services in a manner that achieves coordination of the services and programs that deliver primary prevention services.
- (8) Beginning June 30, 2009, the committee shall report quarterly to the governor and the legislative children's oversight committee established in RCW 44.04.220. From June 30, 2012, until January 1, 2015, the committee need only report twice a year. The committee shall report on its progress in meeting its duties under subsections (2) and (3) of this section and on any other matters the committee or the legislative children's oversight committee or the governor deems appropriate. The portion of the plan required in subsection (6) of this section shall be due to the legislative children's oversight committee on or before June 1, 2010. The reports shall be in written form.
- (9) The committee, by majority vote, may establish advisory committees as it deems necessary.
- (10) All state executive branch agencies and the agencies with whom the department contracts for child welfare services shall cooperate with the committee and provide timely information as the chair or cochairs may request. Cooperation by the children's administration must include developing and scheduling training for supervising agencies to access data and information necessary to implement and monitor the contracts.
- (11) It is expected that the administrative costs for the committee will be supported through private funds.

- (12) Staff support for the committee shall be provided jointly by partners for our children and legislative staff.
- (13) The committee is subject to chapters 42.30 (open public meetings act) and 42.52 (ethics in public service) RCW.
 - (14) This section expires July 1, 2015.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Based upon the recommendations of the child welfare transformation design committee, including the two sets of outcomes developed by the committee under section 8(4)(b) of this act, the Washington state institute for public policy is to conduct a review of measurable effects achieved by the supervising agencies and compare those measurable effects with the existing services offered by the state. The report on the measurable effects shall be provided to the governor and the legislature no later than April 1, 2015.
- (2) No later than June 30, 2011, the Washington state institute for public policy shall provide the legislature and the governor an initial report on the department's conversion to the use of performance-based contracts as provided in section 3(1) of this act. No later than June 30, 2012, the Washington state institute for public policy shall provide the governor and the legislature with a second report on the department's conversion of its contracts to performance-based contracts.
- (3) The department shall respond to the Washington institute for public policy's request for data and other information with which to complete these reports in a timely manner.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:

Not later than June 1, 2015, the governor shall, based on the report by the Washington state institute for public policy, determine whether to expand this act to the remainder of the state or terminate this act. The governor shall inform the legislature of his or her decision within seven days of the decision. The department shall, regardless of the decision of the governor regarding the delivery of child welfare services, continue to purchase services through the use of performance-based contracts.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** The department of social and health services, the office of financial management, and the caseload forecast council shall develop a proposal for submission to the legislature and the governor for the reinvestment of savings, including savings in reduced foster care caseloads, into evidence-based prevention and intervention programs designed to prevent the need for or reduce the duration of foster care placements. The proposal must be submitted to the legislature and the governor by November 30, 2010, and shall include sufficient detail regarding accounting, budgeting, and allocation or other procedures for legislative consideration and approval.

Sec. 12. RCW 74.15.010 and 1995 c 302 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The purpose of chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031 is:

(1) To safeguard the health, safety, and well-being of children, expectant mothers and developmentally disabled persons receiving care away from their own homes, which is paramount over the right of any person to provide care;

- (2) To strengthen and encourage family unity and to sustain parental rights and responsibilities to the end that foster care is provided only when a child's family, through the use of all available resources, is unable to provide necessary care:
- (3) To promote the development of a sufficient number and variety of adequate ((child care)) foster family homes and maternity-care facilities, both public and private, through the cooperative efforts of public and ((voluntary)) supervising agencies and related groups;
- (4) To provide consultation to agencies caring for children, expectant mothers or developmentally disabled persons in order to help them to improve their methods of and facilities for care:
- (5) To license agencies as defined in RCW 74.15.020 and to assure the users of such agencies, their parents, the community at large and the agencies themselves that adequate minimum standards are maintained by all agencies caring for children, expectant mothers and developmentally disabled persons.
- **Sec. 13.** RCW 74.15.020 and 2007 c 412 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of this chapter and RCW 74.13.031, and unless otherwise clearly indicated by the context thereof, the following terms shall mean:

- (1) "Agency" means any person, firm, partnership, association, corporation, or facility which receives children, expectant mothers, or persons with developmental disabilities for control, care, or maintenance outside their own homes, or which places, arranges the placement of, or assists in the placement of children, expectant mothers, or persons with developmental disabilities for foster care or placement of children for adoption, and shall include the following irrespective of whether there is compensation to the agency or to the children, expectant mothers or persons with developmental disabilities for services rendered:
- (a) "Child-placing agency" means an agency which places a child or children for temporary care, continued care, or for adoption;
- (b) "Community facility" means a group care facility operated for the care of juveniles committed to the department under RCW 13.40.185. A county detention facility that houses juveniles committed to the department under RCW 13.40.185 pursuant to a contract with the department is not a community facility;
- (c) "Crisis residential center" means an agency which is a temporary protective residential facility operated to perform the duties specified in chapter 13.32A RCW, in the manner provided in RCW 74.13.032 through 74.13.036;
- (d) "Emergency respite center" is an agency that may be commonly known as a crisis nursery, that provides emergency and crisis care for up to seventy-two hours to children who have been admitted by their parents or guardians to prevent abuse or neglect. Emergency respite centers may operate for up to twenty-four hours a day, and for up to seven days a week. Emergency respite centers may provide care for children ages birth through seventeen, and for persons eighteen through twenty with developmental disabilities who are admitted with a sibling or siblings through age seventeen. Emergency respite centers may not substitute for crisis residential centers or HOPE centers, or any other services defined under this section, and may not substitute for services which are required under chapter 13.32A or 13.34 RCW;

- (e) "Foster-family home" means an agency which regularly provides care on a twenty-four hour basis to one or more children, expectant mothers, or persons with developmental disabilities in the family abode of the person or persons under whose direct care and supervision the child, expectant mother, or person with a developmental disability is placed;
- (f) "Group-care facility" means an agency, other than a foster-family home, which is maintained and operated for the care of a group of children on a twenty-four hour basis;
- (g) "HOPE center" means an agency licensed by the secretary to provide temporary residential placement and other services to street youth. A street youth may remain in a HOPE center for thirty days while services are arranged and permanent placement is coordinated. No street youth may stay longer than thirty days unless approved by the department and any additional days approved by the department must be based on the unavailability of a long-term placement option. A street youth whose parent wants him or her returned to home may remain in a HOPE center until his or her parent arranges return of the youth, not longer. All other street youth must have court approval under chapter 13.34 or 13.32A RCW to remain in a HOPE center up to thirty days;
- (h) "Maternity service" means an agency which provides or arranges for care or services to expectant mothers, before or during confinement, or which provides care as needed to mothers and their infants after confinement;
- (i) "Responsible living skills program" means an agency licensed by the secretary that provides residential and transitional living services to persons ages sixteen to eighteen who are dependent under chapter 13.34 RCW and who have been unable to live in his or her legally authorized residence and, as a result, the minor lived outdoors or in another unsafe location not intended for occupancy by the minor. Dependent minors ages fourteen and fifteen may be eligible if no other placement alternative is available and the department approves the placement;
 - (j) "Service provider" means the entity that operates a community facility.
 - (2) "Agency" shall not include the following:
- (a) Persons related to the child, expectant mother, or person with developmental disability in the following ways:
- (i) Any blood relative, including those of half-blood, and including first cousins, second cousins, nephews or nieces, and persons of preceding generations as denoted by prefixes of grand, great, or great-great;
 - (ii) Stepfather, stepmother, stepbrother, and stepsister;
- (iii) A person who legally adopts a child or the child's parent as well as the natural and other legally adopted children of such persons, and other relatives of the adoptive parents in accordance with state law;
- (iv) Spouses of any persons named in (i), (ii), or (iii) of this subsection (2)(a), even after the marriage is terminated;
- (v) Relatives, as named in (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of this subsection (2)(a), of any half sibling of the child; or
- (vi) Extended family members, as defined by the law or custom of the Indian child's tribe or, in the absence of such law or custom, a person who has reached the age of eighteen and who is the Indian child's grandparent, aunt or uncle, brother or sister, brother-in-law or sister-in-law, niece or nephew, first or

second cousin, or stepparent who provides care in the family abode on a twenty-four-hour basis to an Indian child as defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903(4);

- (b) Persons who are legal guardians of the child, expectant mother, or persons with developmental disabilities;
- (c) Persons who care for a neighbor's or friend's child or children, with or without compensation, where the parent and person providing care on a twenty-four-hour basis have agreed to the placement in writing and the state is not providing any payment for the care;
- (d) A person, partnership, corporation, or other entity that provides placement or similar services to exchange students or international student exchange visitors or persons who have the care of an exchange student in their home;
- (e) A person, partnership, corporation, or other entity that provides placement or similar services to international children who have entered the country by obtaining visas that meet the criteria for medical care as established by the United States citizenship and immigration ((and naturalization)) services, or persons who have the care of such an international child in their home;
- (f) Schools, including boarding schools, which are engaged primarily in education, operate on a definite school year schedule, follow a stated academic curriculum, accept only school-age children and do not accept custody of children;
- (g) Hospitals licensed pursuant to chapter 70.41 RCW when performing functions defined in chapter 70.41 RCW, nursing homes licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW and boarding homes licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW;
 - (h) Licensed physicians or lawyers;
 - (i) Facilities approved and certified under chapter 71A.22 RCW;
- (j) Any agency having been in operation in this state ten years prior to June 8, 1967, and not seeking or accepting moneys or assistance from any state or federal agency, and is supported in part by an endowment or trust fund;
- (k) Persons who have a child in their home for purposes of adoption, if the child was placed in such home by a licensed child-placing agency, an authorized public or tribal agency or court or if a replacement report has been filed under chapter 26.33 RCW and the placement has been approved by the court;
- (l) An agency operated by any unit of local, state, or federal government or an agency licensed by an Indian tribe pursuant to RCW 74.15.190;
- (m) A maximum or medium security program for juvenile offenders operated by or under contract with the department;
- (n) An agency located on a federal military reservation, except where the military authorities request that such agency be subject to the licensing requirements of this chapter.
 - (3) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
- (4) (("Family child care licensee" means a person who: (a) Provides regularly scheduled care for a child or children in the home of the provider for periods of less than twenty-four hours or, if necessary due to the nature of the parent's work, for periods equal to or greater than twenty-four hours; (b) does not receive child care subsidies; and (c) is licensed by the state under RCW 74.15.030.

- (5))) "Juvenile" means a person under the age of twenty-one who has been sentenced to a term of confinement under the supervision of the department under RCW 13.40.185.
- (5) "Performance-based contracts" or "contracting" means the structuring of all aspects of the procurement of services around the purpose of the work to be performed and the desired results with the contract requirements set forth in clear, specific, and objective terms with measurable outcomes. Contracts may also include provisions that link the performance of the contractor to the level and timing of the reimbursement.
- (6) "Probationary license" means a license issued as a disciplinary measure to an agency that has previously been issued a full license but is out of compliance with licensing standards.
- (7) "Requirement" means any rule, regulation, or standard of care to be maintained by an agency.
 - (8) "Secretary" means the secretary of social and health services.
- (9) "Street youth" means a person under the age of eighteen who lives outdoors or in another unsafe location not intended for occupancy by the minor and who is not residing with his or her parent or at his or her legally authorized residence.
- (10) "Supervising agency" means an agency licensed by the state under RCW 74.15.090 or an Indian tribe under RCW 74.15.190 that has entered into a performance-based contract with the department to provide child welfare services.
- (11) "Transitional living services" means at a minimum, to the extent funds are available, the following:
- (a) Educational services, including basic literacy and computational skills training, either in local alternative or public high schools or in a high school equivalency program that leads to obtaining a high school equivalency degree;
- (b) Assistance and counseling related to obtaining vocational training or higher education, job readiness, job search assistance, and placement programs;
- (c) Counseling and instruction in life skills such as money management, home management, consumer skills, parenting, health care, access to community resources, and transportation and housing options;
 - (d) Individual and group counseling; and
- (e) Establishing networks with federal agencies and state and local organizations such as the United States department of labor, employment and training administration programs including the ((job training partnership)) workforce investment act which administers private industry councils and the job corps; vocational rehabilitation; and volunteer programs.
- *Sec. 14. RCW 74.15.030 and 2007 c 387 s 5 and 2007 c 17 s 14 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The secretary shall have the power and it shall be the secretary's duty:

(1) In consultation with the children's services advisory committee, and with the advice and assistance of persons representative of the various type agencies to be licensed, to designate categories of facilities for which separate or different requirements shall be developed as may be appropriate whether because of variations in the ages, sex and other characteristics of persons served, variations in the purposes and services offered or size or structure of

the agencies to be licensed ((hereunder)) under this chapter, or because of any other relevant factor ((relevant thereto));

(2) In consultation with the children's services advisory committee, and with the advice and assistance of persons representative of the various type agencies to be licensed, to adopt and publish minimum requirements for licensing applicable to each of the various categories of agencies to be licensed.

The minimum requirements shall be limited to:

- (a) The size and suitability of a facility and the plan of operation for carrying out the purpose for which an applicant seeks a license;
- (b) Obtaining background information and any out-of-state equivalent, to determine whether the applicant or service provider is disqualified and to determine the character, competence, and suitability of an agency, the agency's employees, volunteers, and other persons associated with an agency;
- (c) Conducting background checks for those who will or may have unsupervised access to children, expectant mothers, or individuals with a developmental disability;
- (d) Obtaining child protective services information or records maintained in the department's ((ease management)) information technology system. ((No)) Unfounded allegations of child abuse or neglect as defined in RCW 26.44.020 ((may)) shall be disclosed to ((a child placing agency, private adoption agency, or any other provider licensed)) supervising agencies under this chapter;
- (e) Submitting a fingerprint-based background check through the Washington state patrol under chapter 10.97 RCW and through the federal bureau of investigation for:
- (i) Agencies and their staff, volunteers, students, and interns when the agency is seeking license or relicense;
 - (ii) Foster care and adoption placements; and
 - (iii) Any adult living in a home where a child may be placed;
- (f) If any adult living in the home has not resided in the state of Washington for the preceding five years, the department shall review any child abuse and neglect registries maintained by any state where the adult has resided over the preceding five years;
- (g) The cost of fingerprint background check fees will be paid as required in RCW 43.43.837;
- (h) National and state background information must be used solely for the purpose of determining eligibility for a license and for determining the character, suitability, and competence of those persons or agencies, excluding parents, not required to be licensed who are authorized to care for children or expectant mothers;
- (i) The number of qualified persons required to render the type of care and treatment for which an agency seeks a license;
- (j) The safety, cleanliness, and general adequacy of the premises to provide for the comfort, care and well-being of children, expectant mothers or developmentally disabled persons;
- (k) The provision of necessary care, including food, clothing, supervision and discipline; physical, mental and social well-being; and educational, recreational and spiritual opportunities for those served;

- (l) The financial ability of an agency to comply with minimum requirements established pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031; and
- (m) The maintenance of records pertaining to the admission, progress, health and discharge of persons served;
- (3) To investigate any person, including relatives by blood or marriage except for parents, for character, suitability, and competence in the care and treatment of children, expectant mothers, and developmentally disabled persons prior to authorizing that person to care for children, expectant mothers, and developmentally disabled persons. However, if a child is placed with a relative under RCW 13.34.065 or 13.34.130, and if such relative appears otherwise suitable and competent to provide care and treatment the criminal history background check required by this section need not be completed before placement, but shall be completed as soon as possible after placement;
- (4) On reports of alleged child abuse and neglect, to investigate agencies in accordance with chapter 26.44 RCW, including child day-care centers and family day-care homes, to determine whether the alleged abuse or neglect has occurred, and whether child protective services or referral to a law enforcement agency is appropriate;
- (5) To issue, revoke, or deny licenses to agencies pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031. Licenses shall specify the category of care which an agency is authorized to render and the ages, sex and number of persons to be served;
- (6) To prescribe the procedures and the form and contents of reports necessary for the administration of chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031 and to require regular reports from each licensee;
- (7) To inspect agencies periodically to determine whether or not there is compliance with chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031 and the requirements adopted hereunder;
- (8) To review requirements adopted hereunder at least every two years and to adopt appropriate changes after consultation with affected groups for child day-care requirements and with the children's services advisory committee for requirements for other agencies; and
- (9) To consult with public and private agencies in order to help them improve their methods and facilities for the care of children, expectant mothers and developmentally disabled persons.
- *Sec. 14 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.
- **Sec. 15.** RCW 74.15.050 and 1995 c 369 s 62 are each amended to read as follows:

The chief of the Washington state patrol, through the director of fire protection, shall have the power and it shall be his or her duty:

(1) In consultation with the children's services advisory committee and with the advice and assistance of persons representative of the various type agencies to be licensed, to adopt recognized minimum standard requirements pertaining to each category of agency established pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031, except foster-family homes and child-placing agencies, necessary to protect all persons residing therein from fire hazards;

- (2) To make or cause to be made such inspections and investigations of agencies, other than foster-family homes or child-placing agencies, as he or she deems necessary;
- (3) To make a periodic review of requirements under RCW 74.15.030(7) and to adopt necessary changes after consultation as required in subsection (1) of this section;
- (4) To issue to applicants for licenses hereunder, other than foster-family homes or child-placing agencies, who comply with the requirements, a certificate of compliance, a copy of which shall be presented to the department ((of social and health services)) before a license shall be issued, except that ((a provisional)) an initial license may be issued as provided in RCW 74.15.120.
- **Sec. 16.** RCW 74.15.100 and 2006 c 265 s 403 are each amended to read as follows:

Each agency or supervising agency shall make application for a license or renewal of license to the department ((of social and health services)) on forms prescribed by the department. A licensed agency having foster-family homes under its supervision may make application for a license on behalf of any such foster-family home. Such a foster home license shall cease to be valid when the home is no longer under the supervision of that agency. Upon receipt of such application, the department shall either grant or deny a license within ninety days unless the application is for licensure as a foster-family home, in which case RCW 74.15.040 shall govern. A license shall be granted if the agency meets the minimum requirements set forth in chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031 and the departmental requirements consistent herewith, except that an initial license may be issued as provided in RCW 74.15.120. Licenses provided for in chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031 shall be issued for a period of three years. The licensee, however, shall advise the secretary of any material change in circumstances which might constitute grounds for reclassification of license as to category. The license issued under this chapter is not transferable and applies only to the licensee and the location stated in the application. For licensed foster-family homes having an acceptable history of child care, the license may remain in effect for two weeks after a move, except that this will apply only if the family remains intact.

Sec. 17. RCW 26.44.020 and 2007 c 220 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Abuse or neglect" means sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, or injury of a child by any person under circumstances which cause harm to the child's health, welfare, or safety, excluding conduct permitted under RCW 9A.16.100; or the negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child by a person responsible for or providing care to the child. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child abuse or neglect as defined in this section.
- (2) "Child" or "children" means any person under the age of eighteen years of age.
- (3) "Child protective services" means those services provided by the department designed to protect children from child abuse and neglect and safeguard such children from future abuse and neglect, and conduct

investigations of child abuse and neglect reports. Investigations may be conducted regardless of the location of the alleged abuse or neglect. Child protective services includes referral to services to ameliorate conditions that endanger the welfare of children, the coordination of necessary programs and services relevant to the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect, and services to children to ensure that each child has a permanent home. In determining whether protective services should be provided, the department shall not decline to provide such services solely because of the child's unwillingness or developmental inability to describe the nature and severity of the abuse or neglect.

- (4) "Child protective services section" means the child protective services section of the department.
- (5) "Clergy" means any regularly licensed or ordained minister, priest, or rabbi of any church or religious denomination, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
- (6) "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington, juvenile department.
 - (7) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
- (8) "Founded" means the determination following an investigation by the department that, based on available information, it is more likely than not that child abuse or neglect did occur.
- (9) "Inconclusive" means the determination following an investigation by the department, prior to October 1, 2008, that based on available information a decision cannot be made that more likely than not, child abuse or neglect did or did not occur.
- (10) "Institution" means a private or public hospital or any other facility providing medical diagnosis, treatment, or care.
- (11) "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the prosecuting attorney, the state patrol, the director of public safety, or the office of the sheriff
- (12) "Malice" or "maliciously" means an intent, wish, or design to intimidate, annoy, or injure another person. Such malice may be inferred from an act done in willful disregard of the rights of another, or an act wrongfully done without just cause or excuse, or an act or omission of duty betraying a willful disregard of social duty.
- (13) "Negligent treatment or maltreatment" means an act or a failure to act, or the cumulative effects of a pattern of conduct, behavior, or inaction, that evidences a serious disregard of consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present danger to a child's health, welfare, or safety, including but not limited to conduct prohibited under RCW 9A.42.100. When considering whether a clear and present danger exists, evidence of a parent's substance abuse as a contributing factor to negligent treatment or maltreatment shall be given great weight. The fact that siblings share a bedroom is not, in and of itself, negligent treatment or maltreatment. Poverty, homelessness, or exposure to domestic violence as defined in RCW 26.50.010 that is perpetrated against someone other than the child does not constitute negligent treatment or maltreatment in and of itself.

- (14) "Pharmacist" means any registered pharmacist under chapter 18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
- (15) "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, optometry, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery or to provide other health services. The term "practitioner" includes a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner((:—PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That)). A person who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner will not be considered, for that reason alone, a neglected person for the purposes of this chapter.
- (16) "Professional school personnel" include, but are not limited to, teachers, counselors, administrators, child care facility personnel, and school nurses.
- (17) "Psychologist" means any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
- (18) "Screened-out report" means a report of alleged child abuse or neglect that the department has determined does not rise to the level of a credible report of abuse or neglect and is not referred for investigation.
- (19) "Sexual exploitation" includes: (a) Allowing, permitting, or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution by any person; or (b) allowing, permitting, encouraging, or engaging in the obscene or pornographic photographing, filming, or depicting of a child by any person.
- (20) "Sexually aggressive youth" means a child who is defined in RCW 74.13.075(1)(b) as being a sexually aggressive youth.
- (21) "Social service counselor" means anyone engaged in a professional capacity during the regular course of employment in encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support or education of children, or providing social services to adults or families, including mental health, drug and alcohol treatment, and domestic violence programs, whether in an individual capacity, or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
- (22) "Supervising agency" means an agency licensed by the state under RCW 74.15.090 or an Indian tribe under RCW 74.15.190 that has entered into a performance-based contract with the department to provide child welfare services.
- (23) "Unfounded" means the determination following an investigation by the department that available information indicates that, more likely than not, child abuse or neglect did not occur, or that there is insufficient evidence for the department to determine whether the alleged child abuse did or did not occur.
- **Sec. 18.** RCW 26.44.200 and 2002 c 134 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

A law enforcement agency in the course of investigating: (1) An allegation under RCW 69.50.401(((a))) (1) and (2) (a) through (e) relating to manufacture of methamphetamine; or (2) an allegation under RCW 69.50.440 relating to possession of ephedrine or any of its salts or isomers or salts of isomers, pseudoephedrine or any of its salts or isomers or salts of isomers, pressurized ammonia gas, or pressurized ammonia gas solution with intent to manufacture

methamphetamine, that discovers a child present at the site, shall contact the department immediately.

*NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 26.44 RCW to read as follows:

Within existing resources, the department shall develop a curriculum designed to train child protective services staff in forensic techniques used for investigating allegations of child abuse or neglect.

*Sec. 19 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.

- **Sec. 20.** RCW 13.34.025 and 2007 c 410 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department ((of social and health services)) and supervising agencies shall develop methods for coordination of services to parents and children in child dependency cases. To the maximum extent possible under current funding levels, the department and supervising agencies must:
- (a) Coordinate and integrate services to children and families, using service plans and activities that address the children's and families' multiple needs, including ensuring that siblings have regular visits with each other, as appropriate. Assessment criteria should screen for multiple needs;
- (b) Develop treatment plans for the individual needs of the client in a manner that minimizes the number of contacts the client is required to make; and
- (c) Access training for department <u>and supervising agency</u> staff to increase skills across disciplines to assess needs for mental health, substance abuse, developmental disabilities, and other areas.
- (2) The department shall coordinate within the administrations of the department, and with contracted service providers <u>including supervising agencies</u>, to ensure that parents in dependency proceedings under this chapter receive priority access to remedial services recommended by the department <u>or supervising agency</u> in its social study or ordered by the court for the purpose of correcting any parental deficiencies identified in the dependency proceeding that are capable of being corrected in the foreseeable future. Services may also be provided to caregivers other than the parents as identified in RCW 13.34.138.
- (a) For purposes of this chapter, remedial services are those services defined in the federal adoption and safe families act as time-limited family reunification services. Remedial services include individual, group, and family counseling; substance abuse treatment services; mental health services; assistance to address domestic violence; services designed to provide temporary child care and therapeutic services for families; and transportation to or from any of the above services and activities.
- (b) The department shall provide funds for remedial services if the parent is unable to pay to the extent funding is appropriated in the operating budget or otherwise available to the department for such specific services. As a condition for receiving funded remedial services, the court may inquire into the parent's ability to pay for all or part of such services or may require that the parent make appropriate applications for funding to alternative funding sources for such services.
- (c) If court-ordered remedial services are unavailable for any reason, including lack of funding, lack of services, or language barriers, the department or supervising agency shall promptly notify the court that the parent is unable to engage in the treatment due to the inability to access such services.

- (d) This section does not create an entitlement to services and does not create judicial authority to order the provision of services except for the specific purpose of making reasonable efforts to remedy parental deficiencies identified in a dependency proceeding under this chapter.
- **Sec. 21.** RCW 13.34.030 and 2003 c 227 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

For purposes of this chapter:

- (1) "Abandoned" means when the child's parent, guardian, or other custodian has expressed, either by statement or conduct, an intent to forego, for an extended period, parental rights or responsibilities despite an ability to exercise such rights and responsibilities. If the court finds that the petitioner has exercised due diligence in attempting to locate the parent, no contact between the child and the child's parent, guardian, or other custodian for a period of three months creates a rebuttable presumption of abandonment, even if there is no expressed intent to abandon.
- (2) "Child" and "juvenile" means any individual under the age of eighteen years.
- (3) "Current placement episode" means the period of time that begins with the most recent date that the child was removed from the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian for purposes of placement in out-of-home care and continues until: (a) The child returns home; (b) an adoption decree, a permanent custody order, or guardianship order is entered; or (c) the dependency is dismissed, whichever occurs first.
 - (4) "Department" means the department of social and health services.
- (5) "Dependency guardian" means the person, nonprofit corporation, or Indian tribe appointed by the court pursuant to this chapter for the limited purpose of assisting the court in the supervision of the dependency.
 - $((\frac{5}{5}))$ (6) "Dependent child" means any child who:
 - (a) Has been abandoned;
- (b) Is abused or neglected as defined in chapter 26.44 RCW by a person legally responsible for the care of the child; or
- (c) Has no parent, guardian, or custodian capable of adequately caring for the child, such that the child is in circumstances which constitute a danger of substantial damage to the child's psychological or physical development.
- (((6))) (7) "Developmental disability" means a disability attributable to mental retardation, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, autism, or another neurological or other condition of an individual found by the secretary to be closely related to mental retardation or to require treatment similar to that required for individuals with mental retardation, which disability originates before the individual attains age eighteen, which has continued or can be expected to continue indefinitely, and which constitutes a substantial handicap to the individual.
- $(((\frac{7}{})))$ (8) "Guardian" means the person or agency that: (a) Has been appointed as the guardian of a child in a legal proceeding other than a proceeding under this chapter; and (b) has the legal right to custody of the child pursuant to such appointment. The term "guardian" shall not include a "dependency guardian" appointed pursuant to a proceeding under this chapter.
- (((8))) (9) "Guardian ad litem" means a person, appointed by the court to represent the best interests of a child in a proceeding under this chapter, or in any matter which may be consolidated with a proceeding under this chapter. A

"court-appointed special advocate" appointed by the court to be the guardian ad litem for the child, or to perform substantially the same duties and functions as a guardian ad litem, shall be deemed to be guardian ad litem for all purposes and uses of this chapter.

- (((9))) (10) "Guardian ad litem program" means a court-authorized volunteer program, which is or may be established by the superior court of the county in which such proceeding is filed, to manage all aspects of volunteer guardian ad litem representation for children alleged or found to be dependent. Such management shall include but is not limited to: Recruitment, screening, training, supervision, assignment, and discharge of volunteers.
- (((10))) (11) "Indigent" means a person who, at any stage of a court proceeding, is:
- (a) Receiving one of the following types of public assistance: Temporary assistance for needy families, general assistance, poverty-related veterans' benefits, food stamps or food stamp benefits transferred electronically, refugee resettlement benefits, medicaid, or supplemental security income; or
 - (b) Involuntarily committed to a public mental health facility; or
- (c) Receiving an annual income, after taxes, of one hundred twenty-five percent or less of the federally established poverty level; or
- (d) Unable to pay the anticipated cost of counsel for the matter before the court because his or her available funds are insufficient to pay any amount for the retention of counsel.
- (((11))) (12) "Out-of-home care" means placement in a foster family home or group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or placement in a home, other than that of the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian, not required to be licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW.
- (((12))) (13) "Preventive services" means preservation services, as defined in chapter 74.14C RCW, and other reasonably available services, including housing services, capable of preventing the need for out-of-home placement while protecting the child. Housing services may include, but are not limited to, referrals to federal, state, local, or private agencies or organizations, assistance with forms and applications, or financial subsidies for housing.
- (((13))) (14) "Shelter care" means temporary physical care in a facility licensed pursuant to RCW 74.15.030 or in a home not required to be licensed pursuant to RCW 74.15.030.
- (((14))) (15) "Sibling" means a child's birth brother, birth sister, adoptive brother, adoptive sister, half-brother, or half-sister, or as defined by the law or custom of the Indian child's tribe for an Indian child as defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903(4).
- $((\frac{15}{15}))$ (16) "Social study" means a written evaluation of matters relevant to the disposition of the case and shall contain the following information:
- (a) A statement of the specific harm or harms to the child that intervention is designed to alleviate;
- (b) A description of the specific services and activities, for both the parents and child, that are needed in order to prevent serious harm to the child; the reasons why such services and activities are likely to be useful; the availability of any proposed services; and the agency's overall plan for ensuring that the services will be delivered. The description shall identify the services chosen and approved by the parent;

- (c) If removal is recommended, a full description of the reasons why the child cannot be protected adequately in the home, including a description of any previous efforts to work with the parents and the child in the home; the in-home treatment programs that have been considered and rejected; the preventive services that have been offered or provided and have failed to prevent the need for out-of-home placement, unless the health, safety, and welfare of the child cannot be protected adequately in the home; and the parents' attitude toward placement of the child;
- (d) A statement of the likely harms the child will suffer as a result of removal:
- (e) A description of the steps that will be taken to minimize the harm to the child that may result if separation occurs including an assessment of the child's relationship and emotional bond with any siblings, and the agency's plan to provide ongoing contact between the child and the child's siblings if appropriate; and
- (f) Behavior that will be expected before determination that supervision of the family or placement is no longer necessary.
- (17) "Supervising agency" means an agency licensed by the state under RCW 74.15.090 or an Indian tribe under RCW 74.15.190 with whom the department has entered into a performance-based contract to provide child welfare services as defined in RCW 74.13.020.
- **Sec. 22.** RCW 13.34.065 and 2008 c 267 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) When a child is taken into custody, the court shall hold a shelter care hearing within seventy-two hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The primary purpose of the shelter care hearing is to determine whether the child can be immediately and safely returned home while the adjudication of the dependency is pending.
- (b) Any parent, guardian, or legal custodian who for good cause is unable to attend the shelter care hearing may request that a subsequent shelter care hearing be scheduled. The request shall be made to the clerk of the court where the petition is filed prior to the initial shelter care hearing. Upon the request of the parent, the court shall schedule the hearing within seventy-two hours of the request, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The clerk shall notify all other parties of the hearing by any reasonable means.
- (2)(a) If it is likely that the child will remain in shelter care longer than seventy-two hours, in those areas in which child welfare services are being provided by a supervising agency, the supervising agency shall assume case management responsibilities of the case. The department ((of social and health services)) or supervising agency shall submit a recommendation to the court as to the further need for shelter care in all cases in which ((it is the petitioner)) the child will remain in shelter care longer than the seventy-two hour period. In all other cases, the recommendation shall be submitted by the juvenile court probation counselor.
- (b) All parties have the right to present testimony to the court regarding the need or lack of need for shelter care.
- (c) Hearsay evidence before the court regarding the need or lack of need for shelter care must be supported by sworn testimony, affidavit, or declaration of the person offering such evidence.

- (3)(a) At the commencement of the hearing, the court shall notify the parent, guardian, or custodian of the following:
 - (i) The parent, guardian, or custodian has the right to a shelter care hearing;
- (ii) The nature of the shelter care hearing, the rights of the parents, and the proceedings that will follow; and
- (iii) If the parent, guardian, or custodian is not represented by counsel, the right to be represented. If the parent, guardian, or custodian is indigent, the court shall appoint counsel as provided in RCW 13.34.090; and
- (b) If a parent, guardian, or legal custodian desires to waive the shelter care hearing, the court shall determine, on the record and with the parties present, whether such waiver is knowing and voluntary. A parent may not waive his or her right to the shelter care hearing unless he or she appears in court and the court determines that the waiver is knowing and voluntary. Regardless of whether the court accepts the parental waiver of the shelter care hearing, the court must provide notice to the parents of their rights required under (a) of this subsection and make the finding required under subsection (4) of this section.
- (4) At the shelter care hearing the court shall examine the need for shelter care and inquire into the status of the case. The paramount consideration for the court shall be the health, welfare, and safety of the child. At a minimum, the court shall inquire into the following:
- (a) Whether the notice required under RCW 13.34.062 was given to all known parents, guardians, or legal custodians of the child. The court shall make an express finding as to whether the notice required under RCW 13.34.062 was given to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian. If actual notice was not given to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian and the whereabouts of such person is known or can be ascertained, the court shall order ((the supervising agency or)) the department ((of social and health services)) to make reasonable efforts to advise the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the status of the case, including the date and time of any subsequent hearings, and their rights under RCW 13.34.090:
- (b) Whether the child can be safely returned home while the adjudication of the dependency is pending;
 - (c) What efforts have been made to place the child with a relative;
- (d) What services were provided to the family to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the child's home;
- (e) Is the placement proposed by the <u>department or supervising</u> agency the least disruptive and most family-like setting that meets the needs of the child;
- (f) Whether it is in the best interest of the child to remain enrolled in the school, developmental program, or child care the child was in prior to placement and what efforts have been made to maintain the child in the school, program, or child care if it would be in the best interest of the child to remain in the same school, program, or child care;
 - (g) Appointment of a guardian ad litem or attorney;
- (h) Whether the child is or may be an Indian child as defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903, whether the provisions of the Indian child welfare act apply, and whether there is compliance with the Indian child welfare act, including notice to the child's tribe:
- (i) Whether, as provided in RCW 26.44.063, restraining orders, or orders expelling an allegedly abusive household member from the home of a

nonabusive parent, guardian, or legal custodian, will allow the child to safely remain in the home:

- (j) Whether any orders for examinations, evaluations, or immediate services are needed. The court may not order a parent to undergo examinations, evaluation, or services at the shelter care hearing unless the parent agrees to the examination, evaluation, or service;
 - (k) The terms and conditions for parental, sibling, and family visitation.
- (5)(a) The court shall release a child alleged to be dependent to the care, custody, and control of the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian unless the court finds there is reasonable cause to believe that:
- (i) After consideration of the specific services that have been provided, reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the child's home and to make it possible for the child to return home; and
- (ii)(A) The child has no parent, guardian, or legal custodian to provide supervision and care for such child; or
- (B) The release of such child would present a serious threat of substantial harm to such child, notwithstanding an order entered pursuant to RCW 26.44.063; or
- (C) The parent, guardian, or custodian to whom the child could be released has been charged with violating RCW 9A.40.060 or 9A.40.070.
- (b) If the court does not release the child to his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian, the court shall order placement with a relative, unless there is reasonable cause to believe the health, safety, or welfare of the child would be jeopardized or that the efforts to reunite the parent and child will be hindered. The relative must be willing and available to:
 - (i) Care for the child and be able to meet any special needs of the child;
- (ii) Facilitate the child's visitation with siblings, if such visitation is part of the supervising agency's plan or is ordered by the court; and
- (iii) Cooperate with the department <u>or supervising agency</u> in providing necessary background checks and home studies.
- (c) If the child was not initially placed with a relative, and the court does not release the child to his or her parent, guardian, or legal custodian, the supervising agency shall make reasonable efforts to locate a relative pursuant to RCW 13.34.060(1).
- (d) If a relative is not available, the court shall order continued shelter care or order placement with another suitable person, and the court shall set forth its reasons for the order. If the court orders placement of the child with a person not related to the child and not licensed to provide foster care, the placement is subject to all terms and conditions of this section that apply to relative placements.
- (e) Any placement with a relative, or other person approved by the court pursuant to this section, shall be contingent upon cooperation with the <u>department's or supervising</u> agency's case plan and compliance with court orders related to the care and supervision of the child including, but not limited to, court orders regarding parent-child contacts, sibling contacts, and any other conditions imposed by the court. Noncompliance with the case plan or court order is grounds for removal of the child from the home of the relative or other person, subject to review by the court.

- (f) Uncertainty by a parent, guardian, legal custodian, relative, or other suitable person that the alleged abuser has in fact abused the child shall not, alone, be the basis upon which a child is removed from the care of a parent, guardian, or legal custodian under (a) of this subsection, nor shall it be a basis, alone, to preclude placement with a relative under (b) of this subsection or with another suitable person under (d) of this subsection.
- (6)(a) A shelter care order issued pursuant to this section shall include the requirement for a case conference as provided in RCW 13.34.067. However, if the parent is not present at the shelter care hearing, or does not agree to the case conference, the court shall not include the requirement for the case conference in the shelter care order.
- (b) If the court orders a case conference, the shelter care order shall include notice to all parties and establish the date, time, and location of the case conference which shall be no later than thirty days before the fact-finding hearing.
- (c) The court may order another conference, case staffing, or hearing as an alternative to the case conference required under RCW 13.34.067 so long as the conference, case staffing, or hearing ordered by the court meets all requirements under RCW 13.34.067, including the requirement of a written agreement specifying the services to be provided to the parent.
- (7)(a) A shelter care order issued pursuant to this section may be amended at any time with notice and hearing thereon. The shelter care decision of placement shall be modified only upon a showing of change in circumstances. No child may be placed in shelter care for longer than thirty days without an order, signed by the judge, authorizing continued shelter care.
- (b)(i) An order releasing the child on any conditions specified in this section may at any time be amended, with notice and hearing thereon, so as to return the child to shelter care for failure of the parties to conform to the conditions originally imposed.
- (ii) The court shall consider whether nonconformance with any conditions resulted from circumstances beyond the control of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian and give weight to that fact before ordering return of the child to shelter care.
- (8)(a) If a child is returned home from shelter care a second time in the case, or if the supervisor of the caseworker deems it necessary, the multidisciplinary team may be reconvened.
- (b) If a child is returned home from shelter care a second time in the case a law enforcement officer must be present and file a report to the department.
- **Sec. 23.** RCW 13.34.067 and 2004 c 147 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Following shelter care and no later than thirty days prior to fact-finding, the department or supervising agency shall convene a case conference as required in the shelter care order to develop and specify in a written service agreement the expectations of both the department or supervising agency and the parent regarding voluntary services for the parent.
- (b) The case conference shall include the parent, counsel for the parent, caseworker, counsel for the state, guardian ad litem, counsel for the child, and any other person agreed upon by the parties. Once the shelter care order is entered, the department or supervising agency is not required to provide

additional notice of the case conference to any participants in the case conference.

- (c) The written service agreement expectations must correlate with the court's findings at the shelter care hearing. The written service agreement must set forth specific services to be provided to the parent.
- (d) The case conference agreement must be agreed to and signed by the parties. The court shall not consider the content of the discussions at the case conference at the time of the fact-finding hearing for the purposes of establishing that the child is a dependent child, and the court shall not consider any documents or written materials presented at the case conference but not incorporated into the case conference agreement, unless the documents or written materials were prepared for purposes other than or as a result of the case conference and are otherwise admissible under the rules of evidence.
- (2) At any other stage in a dependency proceeding, the department <u>or supervising agency</u>, upon the parent's request, shall convene a case conference.
- **Sec. 24.** RCW 13.34.094 and 2004 c 147 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The department, or supervising agency after the shelter care hearing, shall, within existing resources, provide to parents requesting or participating in a multidisciplinary team, family group conference, case conference, or prognostic staffing information that describes these processes prior to the processes being undertaken.

Sec. 25. RCW 13.34.096 and 2007 c 409 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The department ((of social and health services or other)) or supervising agency shall provide the child's foster parents, preadoptive parents, or other caregivers with notice of their right to be heard prior to each proceeding held with respect to the child in juvenile court under this chapter. The rights to notice and to be heard apply only to persons with whom a child has been placed by the department before shelter care or ((other)) supervising agency and who are providing care to the child at the time of the proceeding. This section shall not be construed to grant party status to any person solely on the basis of such notice and right to be heard.

Sec. 26. RCW 13.34.125 and 1999 c 173 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

In those cases where an alleged father, birth parent, or parent has indicated his or her intention to make a voluntary adoption plan for the child and has agreed to the termination of his or her parental rights, the department or supervising agency shall follow the wishes of the alleged father, birth parent, or parent regarding the proposed adoptive placement of the child, if the court determines that the adoption is in the best interest of the child, and the prospective adoptive parents chosen by the alleged father, birth parent, or parent are properly qualified to adopt in compliance with the standards in this chapter and chapter 26.33 RCW. If the department or supervising agency has filed a termination petition, an alleged father's, birth parent's, or parent's preferences regarding the proposed adoptive placement of the child shall be given consideration.

- **Sec. 27.** RCW 13.34.130 and 2007 c 413 s 6 and 2007 c 412 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- If, after a fact-finding hearing pursuant to RCW 13.34.110, it has been proven by a preponderance of the evidence that the child is dependent within the meaning of RCW 13.34.030 after consideration of the social study prepared pursuant to RCW 13.34.110 and after a disposition hearing has been held pursuant to RCW 13.34.110, the court shall enter an order of disposition pursuant to this section.
 - (1) The court shall order one of the following dispositions of the case:
- (a) Order a disposition other than removal of the child from his or her home, which shall provide a program designed to alleviate the immediate danger to the child, to mitigate or cure any damage the child has already suffered, and to aid the parents so that the child will not be endangered in the future. In determining the disposition, the court should choose those services, including housing assistance, that least interfere with family autonomy and are adequate to protect the child.
- (b) Order the child to be removed from his or her home and into the custody, control, and care of a relative ((or)), the department, or a ((licensed child placing)) supervising agency for supervision of the child's placement. department or supervising agency ((supervising the child's placement)) has the authority to place the child, subject to review and approval by the court (i) with a relative as defined in RCW 74.15.020(2)(a), (ii) in a foster family home or group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW, or (iii) in the home of another suitable person if the child or family has a preexisting relationship with that person, and the person has completed all required criminal history background checks and otherwise appears to the department or supervising agency to be suitable and competent to provide care for the child. Absent good cause, the department or supervising agency shall follow the wishes of the natural parent regarding the placement of the child in accordance with RCW 13.34.260. The department or supervising agency may only place a child with a person not related to the child as defined in RCW 74.15.020(2)(a) when the court finds that such placement is in the best interest of the child. Unless there is reasonable cause to believe that the health, safety, or welfare of the child would be jeopardized or that efforts to reunite the parent and child will be hindered, such child shall be placed with a person who is: (A) Related to the child as defined in RCW 74.15.020(2)(a) with whom the child has a relationship and is comfortable; and (B) willing and available to care for the child.
- (2) Placement of the child with a relative under this subsection shall be given preference by the court. An order for out-of-home placement may be made only if the court finds that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the child's home and to make it possible for the child to return home, specifying the services that have been provided to the child and the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian, and that preventive services have been offered or provided and have failed to prevent the need for out-of-home placement, unless the health, safety, and welfare of the child cannot be protected adequately in the home, and that:
 - (a) There is no parent or guardian available to care for such child;
- (b) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian is not willing to take custody of the child; or

- (c) The court finds, by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence, a manifest danger exists that the child will suffer serious abuse or neglect if the child is not removed from the home and an order under RCW 26.44.063 would not protect the child from danger.
- (3) If the court has ordered a child removed from his or her home pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section, the court shall consider whether it is in a child's best interest to be placed with, have contact with, or have visits with siblings.
- (a) There shall be a presumption that such placement, contact, or visits are in the best interests of the child provided that:
- (i) The court has jurisdiction over all siblings subject to the order of placement, contact, or visitation pursuant to petitions filed under this chapter or the parents of a child for whom there is no jurisdiction are willing to agree; and
- (ii) There is no reasonable cause to believe that the health, safety, or welfare of any child subject to the order of placement, contact, or visitation would be jeopardized or that efforts to reunite the parent and child would be hindered by such placement, contact, or visitation. In no event shall parental visitation time be reduced in order to provide sibling visitation.
- (b) The court may also order placement, contact, or visitation of a child with a step-brother or step-sister provided that in addition to the factors in (a) of this subsection, the child has a relationship and is comfortable with the step-sibling.
- (4) If the court has ordered a child removed from his or her home pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section and placed into nonparental or nonrelative care, the court shall order a placement that allows the child to remain in the same school he or she attended prior to the initiation of the dependency proceeding when such a placement is practical and in the child's best interest.
- (5) If the court has ordered a child removed from his or her home pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section, the court may order that a petition seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be filed if the requirements of RCW 13.34.132 are met.
- (6) If there is insufficient information at the time of the disposition hearing upon which to base a determination regarding the suitability of a proposed placement with a relative, the child shall remain in foster care and the court shall direct the department or supervising agency to conduct necessary background investigations as provided in chapter 74.15 RCW and report the results of such investigation to the court within thirty days. However, if such relative appears otherwise suitable and competent to provide care and treatment, the criminal history background check need not be completed before placement, but as soon as possible after placement. Any placements with relatives, pursuant to this section, shall be contingent upon cooperation by the relative with the agency case plan and compliance with court orders related to the care and supervision of the child including, but not limited to, court orders regarding parent-child contacts, sibling contacts, and any other conditions imposed by the court. Noncompliance with the case plan or court order shall be grounds for removal of the child from the relative's home, subject to review by the court.
- **Sec. 28.** RCW 13.34.136 and 2008 c 267 s 3 and 2008 c 152 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Whenever a child is ordered removed from the home, a permanency plan shall be developed no later than sixty days from the time the supervising agency

assumes responsibility for providing services, including placing the child, or at the time of a hearing under RCW 13.34.130, whichever occurs first. The permanency planning process continues until a permanency planning goal is achieved or dependency is dismissed. The planning process shall include reasonable efforts to return the child to the parent's home.

(2) The agency supervising the dependency shall submit a written permanency plan to all parties and the court not less than fourteen days prior to the scheduled hearing. Responsive reports of parties not in agreement with the <u>department's or</u> supervising agency's proposed permanency plan must be provided to the <u>department or</u> supervising agency, all other parties, and the court at least seven days prior to the hearing.

The permanency plan shall include:

- (a) A permanency plan of care that shall identify one of the following outcomes as a primary goal and may identify additional outcomes as alternative goals: Return of the child to the home of the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian; adoption; guardianship; permanent legal custody; long-term relative or foster care, until the child is age eighteen, with a written agreement between the parties and the care provider; successful completion of a responsible living skills program; or independent living, if appropriate and if the child is age sixteen or older. The department or supervising agency shall not discharge a child to an independent living situation before the child is eighteen years of age unless the child becomes emancipated pursuant to chapter 13.64 RCW;
- (b) Unless the court has ordered, pursuant to RCW 13.34.130(5), that a termination petition be filed, a specific plan as to where the child will be placed, what steps will be taken to return the child home, what steps the <u>supervising</u> agency or the <u>department</u> will take to promote existing appropriate sibling relationships and/or facilitate placement together or contact in accordance with the best interests of each child, and what actions the <u>department or supervising</u> agency will take to maintain parent-child ties. All aspects of the plan shall include the goal of achieving permanence for the child.
- (i) The <u>department's or supervising</u> agency's plan shall specify what services the parents will be offered to enable them to resume custody, what requirements the parents must meet to resume custody, and a time limit for each service plan and parental requirement.
- (ii) Visitation is the right of the family, including the child and the parent, in cases in which visitation is in the best interest of the child. Early, consistent, and frequent visitation is crucial for maintaining parent-child relationships and making it possible for parents and children to safely reunify. The <u>supervising</u> agency <u>or department</u> shall encourage the maximum parent and child and sibling contact possible, when it is in the best interest of the child, including regular visitation and participation by the parents in the care of the child while the child is in placement. Visitation shall not be limited as a sanction for a parent's failure to comply with court orders or services where the health, safety, or welfare of the child is not at risk as a result of the visitation. Visitation may be limited or denied only if the court determines that such limitation or denial is necessary to protect the child's health, safety, or welfare. The court and the <u>department or supervising</u> agency should rely upon community resources, relatives, foster parents, and other appropriate persons to provide transportation and supervision

for visitation to the extent that such resources are available, and appropriate, and the child's safety would not be compromised.

- (iii) A child shall be placed as close to the child's home as possible, preferably in the child's own neighborhood, unless the court finds that placement at a greater distance is necessary to promote the child's or parents' well-being.
- (iv) The plan shall state whether both in-state and, where appropriate, outof-state placement options have been considered by the department <u>or</u> supervising agency.
- (v) Unless it is not in the best interests of the child, whenever practical, the plan should ensure the child remains enrolled in the school the child was attending at the time the child entered foster care.
- (vi) The <u>supervising</u> agency ((eharged with <u>supervising</u> a child in <u>placement</u>)) or <u>department</u> shall provide all reasonable services that are available within the <u>department or supervising</u> agency, or within the community, or those services which the department has existing contracts to purchase. It shall report to the court if it is unable to provide such services; and
- (c) If the court has ordered, pursuant to RCW 13.34.130(5), that a termination petition be filed, a specific plan as to where the child will be placed, what steps will be taken to achieve permanency for the child, services to be offered or provided to the child, and, if visitation would be in the best interests of the child, a recommendation to the court regarding visitation between parent and child pending a fact-finding hearing on the termination petition. The department or supervising agency shall not be required to develop a plan of services for the parents or provide services to the parents if the court orders a termination petition be filed. However, reasonable efforts to ensure visitation and contact between siblings shall be made unless there is reasonable cause to believe the best interests of the child or siblings would be jeopardized.
- (3) Permanency planning goals should be achieved at the earliest possible date. If the child has been in out-of-home care for fifteen of the most recent twenty-two months, the court shall require the department or supervising agency to file a petition seeking termination of parental rights in accordance with RCW 13.34.145(3)(b)(vi). In cases where parental rights have been terminated, the child is legally free for adoption, and adoption has been identified as the primary permanency planning goal, it shall be a goal to complete the adoption within six months following entry of the termination order.
- (4) If the court determines that the continuation of reasonable efforts to prevent or eliminate the need to remove the child from his or her home or to safely return the child home should not be part of the permanency plan of care for the child, reasonable efforts shall be made to place the child in a timely manner and to complete whatever steps are necessary to finalize the permanent placement of the child.
- (5) The identified outcomes and goals of the permanency plan may change over time based upon the circumstances of the particular case.
- (6) The court shall consider the child's relationships with the child's siblings in accordance with RCW 13.34.130(3).
 - (7) For purposes related to permanency planning:
- (a) "Guardianship" means a dependency guardianship or a legal guardianship pursuant to chapter 11.88 RCW or equivalent laws of another state or a federally recognized Indian tribe.

- (b) "Permanent custody order" means a custody order entered pursuant to chapter 26.10 RCW.
- (c) "Permanent legal custody" means legal custody pursuant to chapter 26.10 RCW or equivalent laws of another state or a federally recognized Indian tribe.
- **Sec. 29.** RCW 13.34.138 and 2007 c 413 s 8 and 2007 c 410 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except for children whose cases are reviewed by a citizen review board under chapter 13.70 RCW, the status of all children found to be dependent shall be reviewed by the court at least every six months from the beginning date of the placement episode or the date dependency is established, whichever is first. The purpose of the hearing shall be to review the progress of the parties and determine whether court supervision should continue.
- (a) The initial review hearing shall be an in-court review and shall be set six months from the beginning date of the placement episode or no more than ninety days from the entry of the disposition order, whichever comes first. The requirements for the initial review hearing, including the in-court review requirement, shall be accomplished within existing resources.
- (b) The initial review hearing may be a permanency planning hearing when necessary to meet the time frames set forth in RCW 13.34.145 (1)(a) or 13.34.134.
- (2)(a) A child shall not be returned home at the review hearing unless the court finds that a reason for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer exists. The parents, guardian, or legal custodian shall report to the court the efforts they have made to correct the conditions which led to removal. If a child is returned, casework supervision by the supervising agency or department shall continue for a period of six months, at which time there shall be a hearing on the need for continued intervention.
- (b) Prior to the child returning home, the department <u>or supervising agency</u> must complete the following:
- (i) Identify all adults residing in the home and conduct background checks on those persons;
- (ii) Identify any persons who may act as a caregiver for the child in addition to the parent with whom the child is being placed and determine whether such persons are in need of any services in order to ensure the safety of the child, regardless of whether such persons are a party to the dependency. The department or supervising agency may recommend to the court and the court may order that placement of the child in the parent's home be contingent on or delayed based on the need for such persons to engage in or complete services to ensure the safety of the child prior to placement. If services are recommended for the caregiver, and the caregiver fails to engage in or follow through with the recommended services, the department or supervising agency must promptly notify the court; and
- (iii) Notify the parent with whom the child is being placed that he or she has an ongoing duty to notify the department or supervising agency of all persons who reside in the home or who may act as a caregiver for the child both prior to the placement of the child in the home and subsequent to the placement of the child in the home as long as the court retains jurisdiction of the dependency

proceeding or the department is providing or monitoring either remedial services to the parent or services to ensure the safety of the child to any caregivers.

Caregivers may be required to engage in services under this subsection solely for the purpose of ensuring the present and future safety of a child who is a ward of the court. This subsection does not grant party status to any individual not already a party to the dependency proceeding, create an entitlement to services or a duty on the part of the department or supervising agency to provide services, or create judicial authority to order the provision of services to any person other than for the express purposes of this section or RCW 13.34.025 or if the services are unavailable or unsuitable or the person is not eligible for such services

- (c) If the child is not returned home, the court shall establish in writing:
- (i) Whether the <u>supervising</u> agency <u>or the department</u> is making reasonable efforts to provide services to the family and eliminate the need for placement of the child. If additional services, including housing assistance, are needed to facilitate the return of the child to the child's parents, the court shall order that reasonable services be offered specifying such services;
- (ii) Whether there has been compliance with the case plan by the child, the child's parents, and the agency supervising the placement;
- (iii) Whether progress has been made toward correcting the problems that necessitated the child's placement in out-of-home care;
- (iv) Whether the services set forth in the case plan and the responsibilities of the parties need to be clarified or modified due to the availability of additional information or changed circumstances;
 - (v) Whether there is a continuing need for placement;
- (vi) Whether the child is in an appropriate placement which adequately meets all physical, emotional, and educational needs;
- (vii) Whether preference has been given to placement with the child's relatives;
- (viii) Whether both in-state and, where appropriate, out-of-state placements have been considered:
- (ix) Whether the parents have visited the child and any reasons why visitation has not occurred or has been infrequent;
 - (x) Whether terms of visitation need to be modified;
- (xi) Whether the court-approved long-term permanent plan for the child remains the best plan for the child;
- (xii) Whether any additional court orders need to be made to move the case toward permanency; and
- (xiii) The projected date by which the child will be returned home or other permanent plan of care will be implemented.
- (d) The court at the review hearing may order that a petition seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be filed.
- (3)(a) In any case in which the court orders that a dependent child may be returned to or remain in the child's home, the in-home placement shall be contingent upon the following:
- (i) The compliance of the parents with court orders related to the care and supervision of the child, including compliance with ((an)) the supervising agency's case plan; and

- (ii) The continued participation of the parents, if applicable, in available substance abuse or mental health treatment if substance abuse or mental illness was a contributing factor to the removal of the child.
- (b) The following may be grounds for removal of the child from the home, subject to review by the court:
- (i) Noncompliance by the parents with the <u>department's or supervising</u> agency's case plan or court order;
- (ii) The parent's inability, unwillingness, or failure to participate in available services or treatment for themselves or the child, including substance abuse treatment if a parent's substance abuse was a contributing factor to the abuse or neglect; or
- (iii) The failure of the parents to successfully and substantially complete available services or treatment for themselves or the child, including substance abuse treatment if a parent's substance abuse was a contributing factor to the abuse or neglect.
- (c) In a pending dependency case in which the court orders that a dependent child may be returned home and that child is later removed from the home, the court shall hold a review hearing within thirty days from the date of removal to determine whether the permanency plan should be changed, a termination petition should be filed, or other action is warranted. The best interests of the child shall be the court's primary consideration in the review hearing.
- (4) The court's ability to order housing assistance under RCW 13.34.130 and this section is: (a) Limited to cases in which homelessness or the lack of adequate and safe housing is the primary reason for an out-of-home placement; and (b) subject to the availability of funds appropriated for this specific purpose.
- (5) The court shall consider the child's relationship with siblings in accordance with RCW 13.34.130(3).
- **Sec. 30.** RCW 13.34.145 and 2008 c 152 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The purpose of a permanency planning hearing is to review the permanency plan for the child, inquire into the welfare of the child and progress of the case, and reach decisions regarding the permanent placement of the child.
- (a) A permanency planning hearing shall be held in all cases where the child has remained in out-of-home care for at least nine months and an adoption decree, guardianship order, or permanent custody order has not previously been entered. The hearing shall take place no later than twelve months following commencement of the current placement episode.
- (b) Whenever a child is removed from the home of a dependency guardian or long-term relative or foster care provider, and the child is not returned to the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian but is placed in out-of-home care, a permanency planning hearing shall take place no later than twelve months, as provided in this section, following the date of removal unless, prior to the hearing, the child returns to the home of the dependency guardian or long-term care provider, the child is placed in the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian, an adoption decree, guardianship order, or a permanent custody order is entered, or the dependency is dismissed.
- (c) Permanency planning goals should be achieved at the earliest possible date, preferably before the child has been in out-of-home care for fifteen months. In cases where parental rights have been terminated, the child is legally free for

adoption, and adoption has been identified as the primary permanency planning goal, it shall be a goal to complete the adoption within six months following entry of the termination order.

- (2) No later than ten working days prior to the permanency planning hearing, the agency having custody of the child shall submit a written permanency plan to the court and shall mail a copy of the plan to all parties and their legal counsel, if any.
- (3) At the permanency planning hearing, the court shall conduct the following inquiry:
- (a) If a goal of long-term foster or relative care has been achieved prior to the permanency planning hearing, the court shall review the child's status to determine whether the placement and the plan for the child's care remain appropriate.
- (b) In cases where the primary permanency planning goal has not been achieved, the court shall inquire regarding the reasons why the primary goal has not been achieved and determine what needs to be done to make it possible to achieve the primary goal. The court shall review the permanency plan prepared by the agency and make explicit findings regarding each of the following:
- (i) The continuing necessity for, and the safety and appropriateness of, the placement;
- (ii) The extent of compliance with the permanency plan by the <u>department or supervising</u> agency and any other service providers, the child's parents, the child, and the child's guardian, if any;
- (iii) The extent of any efforts to involve appropriate service providers in addition to <u>department or supervising</u> agency staff in planning to meet the special needs of the child and the child's parents;
- (iv) The progress toward eliminating the causes for the child's placement outside of his or her home and toward returning the child safely to his or her home or obtaining a permanent placement for the child;
- (v) The date by which it is likely that the child will be returned to his or her home or placed for adoption, with a guardian or in some other alternative permanent placement; and
- (vi) If the child has been placed outside of his or her home for fifteen of the most recent twenty-two months, not including any period during which the child was a runaway from the out-of-home placement or the first six months of any period during which the child was returned to his or her home for a trial home visit, the appropriateness of the permanency plan, whether reasonable efforts were made by the department or supervising agency to achieve the goal of the permanency plan, and the circumstances which prevent the child from any of the following:
 - (A) Being returned safely to his or her home;
- (B) Having a petition for the involuntary termination of parental rights filed on behalf of the child;
 - (C) Being placed for adoption;
 - (D) Being placed with a guardian;
 - (E) Being placed in the home of a fit and willing relative of the child; or
- (F) Being placed in some other alternative permanent placement, including independent living or long-term foster care.

At this hearing, the court shall order the department or supervising agency to file a petition seeking termination of parental rights if the child has been in out-of-home care for fifteen of the last twenty-two months since the date the dependency petition was filed unless the court makes a good cause exception as to why the filing of a termination of parental rights petition is not appropriate. Any good cause finding shall be reviewed at all subsequent hearings pertaining to the child. For purposes of this section, "good cause exception" includes but is not limited to the following: The child is being cared for by a relative; the department has not provided to the child's family such services as the court and the department have deemed necessary for the child's safe return home; or the department has documented in the case plan a compelling reason for determining that filing a petition to terminate parental rights would not be in the child's best interests.

- (c)(i) If the permanency plan identifies independent living as a goal, the court shall make a finding that the provision of services to assist the child in making a transition from foster care to independent living will allow the child to manage his or her financial, personal, social, educational, and nonfinancial affairs prior to approving independent living as a permanency plan of care.
- (ii) The permanency plan shall also specifically identify the services that will be provided to assist the child to make a successful transition from foster care to independent living.
- (iii) The department <u>or supervising agency</u> shall not discharge a child to an independent living situation before the child is eighteen years of age unless the child becomes emancipated pursuant to chapter 13.64 RCW.
- (d) If the child has resided in the home of a foster parent or relative for more than six months prior to the permanency planning hearing, the court shall also enter a finding regarding whether the foster parent or relative was informed of the hearing as required in RCW 74.13.280, 13.34.215(5), and 13.34.096.
 - (4) In all cases, at the permanency planning hearing, the court shall:
- (a)(i) Order the permanency plan prepared by the <u>supervising</u> agency to be implemented; or
- (ii) Modify the permanency plan, and order implementation of the modified plan; and
- (b)(i) Order the child returned home only if the court finds that a reason for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer exists; or
- (ii) Order the child to remain in out-of-home care for a limited specified time period while efforts are made to implement the permanency plan.
- (5) Following the first permanency planning hearing, the court shall hold a further permanency planning hearing in accordance with this section at least once every twelve months until a permanency planning goal is achieved or the dependency is dismissed, whichever occurs first.
- (6) Prior to the second permanency planning hearing, the agency that has custody of the child shall consider whether to file a petition for termination of parental rights.
- (7) If the court orders the child returned home, casework supervision by the department or supervising agency shall continue for at least six months, at which time a review hearing shall be held pursuant to RCW 13.34.138, and the court shall determine the need for continued intervention.

- (8) The juvenile court may hear a petition for permanent legal custody when: (a) The court has ordered implementation of a permanency plan that includes permanent legal custody; and (b) the party pursuing the permanent legal custody is the party identified in the permanency plan as the prospective legal custodian. During the pendency of such proceeding, the court shall conduct review hearings and further permanency planning hearings as provided in this chapter. At the conclusion of the legal guardianship or permanent legal custody proceeding, a juvenile court hearing shall be held for the purpose of determining whether dependency should be dismissed. If a guardianship or permanent custody order has been entered, the dependency shall be dismissed.
- (9) Continued juvenile court jurisdiction under this chapter shall not be a barrier to the entry of an order establishing a legal guardianship or permanent legal custody when the requirements of subsection (8) of this section are met.
- (10) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the ability of the agency that has custody of the child to file a petition for termination of parental rights or a guardianship petition at any time following the establishment of dependency. Upon the filing of such a petition, a fact-finding hearing shall be scheduled and held in accordance with this chapter unless the <u>department or supervising</u> agency requests dismissal of the petition prior to the hearing or unless the parties enter an agreed order terminating parental rights, establishing guardianship, or otherwise resolving the matter.
- (11) The approval of a permanency plan that does not contemplate return of the child to the parent does not relieve the supervising agency of its obligation to provide reasonable services, under this chapter, intended to effectuate the return of the child to the parent, including but not limited to, visitation rights. The court shall consider the child's relationships with siblings in accordance with RCW 13.34.130.
- (12) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to limit the procedural due process rights of any party in a termination or guardianship proceeding filed under this chapter.
- **Sec. 31.** RCW 13.34.155 and 2000 c 135 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The court hearing the dependency petition may hear and determine issues related to chapter 26.10 RCW in a dependency proceeding as necessary to facilitate a permanency plan for the child or children as part of the dependency disposition order or a dependency review order or as otherwise necessary to implement a permanency plan of care for a child. The parents, guardians, or legal custodian of the child must agree, subject to court approval, to establish a permanent custody order. This agreed order may have the concurrence of the other parties to the dependency including the supervising agency, the guardian ad litem of the child, and the child if age twelve or older, and must also be in the best interests of the child. If the petitioner for a custody order under chapter 26.10 RCW is not a party to the dependency proceeding, he or she must agree on the record or by the filing of a declaration to the entry of a custody order. Once an order is entered under chapter 26.10 RCW, and the dependency petition dismissed, the department or supervising agency shall not continue to supervise the placement.

- (2) Any court order determining issues under chapter 26.10 RCW is subject to modification upon the same showing and standards as a court order determining Title 26 RCW issues.
- (3) Any order entered in the dependency court establishing or modifying a permanent legal custody order under chapter 26.10 RCW shall also be filed in the chapter 26.10 RCW action by the prevailing party. Once filed, any order establishing or modifying permanent legal custody shall survive dismissal of the dependency proceeding.
- **Sec. 32.** RCW 13.34.174 and 2000 c 122 s 23 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The provisions of this section shall apply when a court orders a party to undergo an alcohol or substance abuse diagnostic investigation and evaluation.
- (2) The facility conducting the investigation and evaluation shall make a written report to the court stating its findings and recommendations including family-based services or treatment when appropriate. If its findings and recommendations support treatment, it shall also recommend a treatment plan setting out:
 - (a) Type of treatment;
 - (b) Nature of treatment;
 - (c) Length of treatment;
 - (d) A treatment time schedule; and
 - (e) Approximate cost of the treatment.

The affected person shall be included in developing the appropriate treatment plan. The treatment plan must be signed by the treatment provider and the affected person. The initial written progress report based on the treatment plan shall be sent to the appropriate persons six weeks after initiation of treatment. Subsequent progress reports shall be provided after three months, six months, twelve months, and thereafter every six months if treatment exceeds twelve months. Reports are to be filed with the court in a timely manner. Closeout of the treatment record must include summary of pretreatment and posttreatment, with final outcome and disposition. The report shall also include recommendations for ongoing stability and decrease in destructive behavior.

Each report shall also be filed with the court and a copy given to the person evaluated and the person's counsel. A copy of the treatment plan shall also be given to the department's <u>or supervising agency's</u> caseworker and to the guardian ad litem. Any program for chemical dependency shall meet the program requirements contained in chapter 70.96A RCW.

- (3) If the court has ordered treatment pursuant to a dependency proceeding it shall also require the treatment program to provide, in the reports required by subsection (2) of this section, status reports to the court, the department, the supervising ((ehild placing)) agency ((if any)), and the person or person's counsel regarding the person's cooperation with the treatment plan proposed and the person's progress in treatment.
- (4) If a person subject to this section fails or neglects to carry out and fulfill any term or condition of the treatment plan, the program or agency administering the treatment shall report such breach to the court, the department, the guardian ad litem, the supervising ((ehild-placing)) agency if any, and the person or person's counsel, within twenty-four hours, together with its recommendation.

These reports shall be made as a declaration by the person who is personally responsible for providing the treatment.

- (5) Nothing in this chapter may be construed as allowing the court to require the department to pay for the cost of any alcohol or substance abuse evaluation or treatment program.
- **Sec. 33.** RCW 13.34.176 and 2000 c 122 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The court, upon receiving a report under RCW 13.34.174(4) or at the department's or supervising agency's request, may schedule a show cause hearing to determine whether the person is in violation of the treatment conditions. All parties shall be given notice of the hearing. The court shall hold the hearing within ten days of the request for a hearing. At the hearing, testimony, declarations, reports, or other relevant information may be presented on the person's alleged failure to comply with the treatment plan and the person shall have the right to present similar information on his or her own behalf.
- (2) If the court finds that there has been a violation of the treatment conditions it shall modify the dependency order, as necessary, to ensure the safety of the child. The modified order shall remain in effect until the party is in full compliance with the treatment requirements.
- **Sec. 34.** RCW 13.34.180 and 2001 c 332 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A petition seeking termination of a parent and child relationship may be filed in juvenile court by any party, including the supervising agency, to the dependency proceedings concerning that child. Such petition shall conform to the requirements of RCW 13.34.040, shall be served upon the parties as provided in RCW 13.34.070(8), and shall allege all of the following unless subsection (2) or (3) of this section applies:
 - (a) That the child has been found to be a dependent child;
- (b) That the court has entered a dispositional order pursuant to RCW 13.34.130;
- (c) That the child has been removed or will, at the time of the hearing, have been removed from the custody of the parent for a period of at least six months pursuant to a finding of dependency;
- (d) That the services ordered under RCW 13.34.136 have been expressly and understandably offered or provided and all necessary services, reasonably available, capable of correcting the parental deficiencies within the foreseeable future have been expressly and understandably offered or provided;
- (e) That there is little likelihood that conditions will be remedied so that the child can be returned to the parent in the near future. A parent's failure to substantially improve parental deficiencies within twelve months following entry of the dispositional order shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that there is little likelihood that conditions will be remedied so that the child can be returned to the parent in the near future. The presumption shall not arise unless the petitioner makes a showing that all necessary services reasonably capable of correcting the parental deficiencies within the foreseeable future have been clearly offered or provided. In determining whether the conditions will be remedied the court may consider, but is not limited to, the following factors:

- (i) Use of intoxicating or controlled substances so as to render the parent incapable of providing proper care for the child for extended periods of time or for periods of time that present a risk of imminent harm to the child, and documented unwillingness of the parent to receive and complete treatment or documented multiple failed treatment attempts; or
- (ii) Psychological incapacity or mental deficiency of the parent that is so severe and chronic as to render the parent incapable of providing proper care for the child for extended periods of time or for periods of time that present a risk of imminent harm to the child, and documented unwillingness of the parent to receive and complete treatment or documentation that there is no treatment that can render the parent capable of providing proper care for the child in the near future; and
- (f) That continuation of the parent and child relationship clearly diminishes the child's prospects for early integration into a stable and permanent home.
- (2) In lieu of the allegations in subsection (1) of this section, the petition may allege that the child was found under such circumstances that the whereabouts of the child's parent are unknown and no person has acknowledged paternity or maternity and requested custody of the child within two months after the child was found.
- (3) In lieu of the allegations in subsection (1)(b) through (f) of this section, the petition may allege that the parent has been convicted of:
- (a) Murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, or homicide by abuse as defined in chapter 9A.32 RCW against another child of the parent;
- (b) Manslaughter in the first degree or manslaughter in the second degree, as defined in chapter 9A.32 RCW against another child of the parent;
- (c) Attempting, conspiring, or soliciting another to commit one or more of the crimes listed in (a) or (b) of this subsection; or
- (d) Assault in the first or second degree, as defined in chapter 9A.36 RCW, against the surviving child or another child of the parent.
- (4) Notice of rights shall be served upon the parent, guardian, or legal custodian with the petition and shall be in substantially the following form:

"NOTICE

A petition for termination of parental rights has been filed against you. You have important legal rights and you must take steps to protect your interests. This petition could result in permanent loss of your parental rights.

- 1. You have the right to a fact-finding hearing before a judge.
- 2. You have the right to have a lawyer represent you at the hearing. A lawyer can look at the files in your case, talk to the ((department of social and health services)) supervising agency and other agencies, tell you about the law, help you understand your rights, and help you at hearings. If you cannot afford a lawyer, the court will appoint one to represent you. To get a court-appointed lawyer you must contact: (explain local procedure)

(explain local procedure).

3. At the hearing, you have the right to speak on your own behalf, to introduce evidence, to examine witnesses, and to receive a decision based solely on the evidence presented to the judge.

You should be present at this hearing.

You may call <u>(insert agency)</u> for more information about your child. The agency's name and telephone number are <u>(insert name and telephone number)</u>."

Sec. 35. RCW 13.34.210 and 2003 c 227 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

If, upon entering an order terminating the parental rights of a parent, there remains no parent having parental rights, the court shall commit the child to the custody of the department or ((to)) a ((licensed child-placing)) supervising agency willing to accept custody for the purpose of placing the child for adoption. If an adoptive home has not been identified, the department or supervising agency shall place the child in a licensed foster home, or take other suitable measures for the care and welfare of the child. The custodian shall have authority to consent to the adoption of the child consistent with chapter 26.33 RCW, the marriage of the child, the enlistment of the child in the armed forces of the United States, necessary surgical and other medical treatment for the child, and to consent to such other matters as might normally be required of the parent of the child.

If a child has not been adopted within six months after the date of the order and a guardianship of the child under RCW 13.34.231 or chapter 11.88 RCW, or a permanent custody order under chapter 26.10 RCW, has not been entered by the court, the court shall review the case every six months until a decree of adoption is entered except for those cases which are reviewed by a citizen review board under chapter 13.70 RCW. The supervising agency shall take reasonable steps to ensure that the child maintains relationships with siblings as provided in RCW 13.34.130(3) and shall report to the court the status and extent of such relationships.

- **Sec. 36.** RCW 13.34.215 and 2008 c 267 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A child may petition the juvenile court to reinstate the previously terminated parental rights of his or her parent under the following circumstances:
- (a) The child was previously found to be a dependent child under this chapter;
- (b) The child's parent's rights were terminated in a proceeding under this chapter;
- (c) The child has not achieved his or her permanency plan within three years of a final order of termination; and
- (d) The child must be at least twelve years old at the time the petition is filed. Upon the child's motion for good cause shown, or on its own motion, the court may hear a petition filed by a child younger than twelve years old.
- (2) A child seeking to petition under this section shall be provided counsel at no cost to the child.
- (3) The petition must be signed by the child in the absence of a showing of good cause as to why the child could not do so.

- (4) If, after a threshold hearing to consider the parent's apparent fitness and interest in reinstatement of parental rights, the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the best interests of the child may be served by reinstatement of parental rights, the juvenile court shall order that a hearing on the merits of the petition be held.
- (5) The court shall give prior notice for any proceeding under this section, or cause prior notice to be given, to the department or the supervising agency, the child's attorney, and the child. The court shall also order the department or supervising agency to give prior notice of any hearing to the child's former parent whose parental rights are the subject of the petition, any parent whose rights have not been terminated, the child's current foster parent, relative caregiver, guardian or custodian, and the child's tribe, if applicable.
- (6) The juvenile court shall conditionally grant the petition if it finds by clear and convincing evidence that the child has not achieved his or her permanency plan and is not likely to imminently achieve his or her permanency plan and that reinstatement of parental rights is in the child's best interest. In determining whether reinstatement is in the child's best interest the court shall consider, but is not limited to, the following:
- (a) Whether the parent whose rights are to be reinstated is a fit parent and has remedied his or her deficits as provided in the record of the prior termination proceedings and prior termination order;
- (b) The age and maturity of the child, and the ability of the child to express his or her preference;
- (c) Whether the reinstatement of parental rights will present a risk to the child's health, welfare, or safety; and
- (d) Other material changes in circumstances, if any, that may have occurred which warrant the granting of the petition.
- (7) In determining whether the child has or has not achieved his or her permanency plan or whether the child is likely to achieve his or her permanency plan, the department or supervising agency shall provide the court, and the court shall review, information related to any efforts to achieve the permanency plan including efforts to achieve adoption or a permanent guardianship.
- (8)(a) If the court conditionally grants the petition under subsection (6) of this section, the case will be continued for six months and a temporary order of reinstatement entered. During this period, the child shall be placed in the custody of the parent. The department or supervising agency shall develop a permanency plan for the child reflecting the plan to be reunification and shall provide transition services to the family as appropriate.
- (b) If the child must be removed from the parent due to abuse or neglect allegations prior to the expiration of the conditional six-month period, the court shall dismiss the petition for reinstatement of parental rights if the court finds the allegations have been proven by a preponderance of the evidence.
- (c) If the child has been successfully placed with the parent for six months, the court order reinstating parental rights remains in effect and the court shall dismiss the dependency.
- (9) After the child has been placed with the parent for six months, the court shall hold a hearing. If the placement with the parent has been successful, the court shall enter a final order of reinstatement of parental rights, which shall restore all rights, powers, privileges, immunities, duties, and obligations of the

parent as to the child, including those relating to custody, control, and support of the child. The court shall dismiss the dependency and direct the clerk's office to provide a certified copy of the final order of reinstatement of parental rights to the parent at no cost.

- (10) The granting of the petition under this section does not vacate or otherwise affect the validity of the original termination order.
- (11) Any parent whose rights are reinstated under this section shall not be liable for any child support owed to the department pursuant to RCW 13.34.160 or Title 26 RCW or costs of other services provided to a child for the time period from the date of termination of parental rights to the date parental rights are reinstated.
- (12) A proceeding to reinstate parental rights is a separate action from the termination of parental rights proceeding and does not vacate the original termination of parental rights. An order granted under this section reinstates the parental rights to the child. This reinstatement is a recognition that the situation of the parent and child have changed since the time of the termination of parental rights and reunification is now appropriate.
- (13) This section is retroactive and applies to any child who is under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court at the time of the hearing regardless of the date parental rights were terminated.
- (14) The state, the department, the supervising agency, and its employees are not liable for civil damages resulting from any act or omission in the provision of services under this section, unless the act or omission constitutes gross negligence. This section does not create any duty and shall not be construed to create a duty where none exists. This section does not create a cause of action against the state, the department, the supervising agency, or its employees concerning the original termination.
- **Sec. 37.** RCW 13.34.230 and 1981 c 195 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Any party to a dependency proceeding, including the supervising agency, may file a petition in juvenile court requesting that guardianship be created as to a dependent child. The department ((of social and health services)) or supervising agency shall receive notice of any guardianship proceedings and have the right to intervene in the proceedings.

- **Sec. 38.** RCW 13.34.233 and 2000 c 122 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Any party may request the court under RCW 13.34.150 to modify or terminate a dependency guardianship order. Notice of any motion to modify or terminate the guardianship shall be served on all other parties, including any agency that was responsible for supervising the child's placement at the time the guardianship petition was filed. Notice in all cases shall be served upon the department. If the department or supervising agency was not previously a party to the guardianship proceeding, the department or supervising agency shall nevertheless have the right to: (a) Initiate a proceeding to modify or terminate a guardianship; and (b) intervene at any stage of such a proceeding.
- (2) The guardianship may be modified or terminated upon the motion of any party ((or)), the department or the supervising agency if the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that there has been a substantial change of

circumstances subsequent to the establishment of the guardianship and that it is in the child's best interest to modify or terminate the guardianship. The court shall hold a hearing on the motion before modifying or terminating a guardianship.

- (3) Upon entry of an order terminating the guardianship, the dependency guardian shall not have any rights or responsibilities with respect to the child and shall not have legal standing to participate as a party in further dependency proceedings pertaining to the child. The court may allow the child's dependency guardian to attend dependency review proceedings pertaining to the child for the sole purpose of providing information about the child to the court.
- (4) Upon entry of an order terminating the guardianship, the child shall remain dependent and the court shall either return the child to the child's parent or order the child into the custody, control, and care of the department or a ((licensed child-placing)) supervising agency for placement in a foster home or group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or in a home not required to be licensed pursuant to such chapter. The court shall not place a child in the custody of the child's parent unless the court finds that reasons for removal as set forth in RCW 13.34.130 no longer exist and that such placement is in the child's best interest. The court shall thereafter conduct reviews as provided in RCW 13.34.138 and, where applicable, shall hold a permanency planning hearing in accordance with RCW 13.34.145.
- **Sec. 39.** RCW 13.34.245 and 1997 c 386 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Where any parent or Indian custodian voluntarily consents to foster care placement of an Indian child and a petition for dependency has not been filed regarding the child, such consent shall not be valid unless executed in writing before the court and filed with the court. The consent shall be accompanied by the written certification of the court that the terms and consequences of the consent were fully explained in detail to the parent or Indian custodian during the court proceeding and were fully understood by the parent or Indian custodian. The court shall also certify in writing either that the parent or Indian custodian fully understood the explanation in English or that it was interpreted into a language that the parent or Indian custodian understood. Any consent given prior to, or within ten days after, the birth of the Indian child shall not be valid
- (2) To obtain court validation of a voluntary consent to foster care placement, any person may file a petition for validation alleging that there is located or residing within the county an Indian child whose parent or Indian custodian wishes to voluntarily consent to foster care placement of the child and requesting that the court validate the consent as provided in this section. The petition shall contain the name, date of birth, and residence of the child, the names and residences of the consenting parent or Indian custodian, and the name and location of the Indian tribe in which the child is a member or eligible for membership. The petition shall state whether the placement preferences of 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1915 (b) or (c) will be followed. Reasonable attempts shall be made by the petitioner to ascertain and set forth in the petition the identity, location, and custodial status of any parent or Indian custodian who has not consented to foster care placement and why that parent or Indian custodian cannot assume custody of the child.

- (3) Upon filing of the petition for validation, the clerk of the court shall schedule the petition for a hearing on the court validation of the voluntary consent no later than forty-eight hours after the petition has been filed, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. Notification of time, date, location, and purpose of the validation hearing shall be provided as soon as possible to the consenting parent or Indian custodian, the department or ((other child-placing)) supervising agency which is to assume responsibility for the child's placement and care pursuant to the consent to foster care placement, and the Indian tribe in which the child is enrolled or eligible for enrollment as a member. If the identity and location of any nonconsenting parent or Indian custodian is known, reasonable attempts shall be made to notify the parent or Indian custodian of the consent to placement and the validation hearing. Notification under this subsection may be given by the most expedient means, including, but not limited to, mail, personal service, telephone, and telegraph.
- (4) Any parent or Indian custodian may withdraw consent to a voluntary foster care placement, made under this section, at any time. Unless the Indian child has been taken in custody pursuant to RCW 13.34.050 or 26.44.050, placed in shelter care pursuant to RCW 13.34.060, or placed in foster care pursuant to RCW 13.34.130, the Indian child shall be returned to the parent or Indian custodian upon withdrawal of consent to foster care placement of the child.
- (5) Upon termination of the voluntary foster care placement and return of the child to the parent or Indian custodian, the department or ((other child-placing)) supervising agency which had assumed responsibility for the child's placement and care pursuant to the consent to foster care placement shall file with the court written notification of the child's return and shall also send such notification to the Indian tribe in which the child is enrolled or eligible for enrollment as a member and to any other party to the validation proceeding including any noncustodial parent.
- **Sec. 40.** RCW 13.34.320 and 1999 c 188 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The department or supervising agency shall obtain the prior consent of a child's parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian before a dependent child is admitted into an inpatient mental health treatment facility. If the child's parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian is unavailable or does not agree with the proposed admission, the department or supervising agency shall request a hearing and provide notice to all interested parties to seek prior approval of the juvenile court before such admission. In the event that an emergent situation creating a risk of substantial harm to the health and welfare of a child in the custody of the department or supervising agency does not allow time for the department or supervising agency to obtain prior approval or to request a court hearing before consenting to the admission of the child into an inpatient mental health hospital, the department or supervising agency shall seek court approval by requesting that a hearing be set on the first available court date.

Sec. 41. RCW 13.34.330 and 1999 c 188 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

A dependent child who is admitted to an inpatient mental health facility shall be placed in a facility, with available treatment space, that is closest to the family home, unless the department <u>or supervising agency</u>, in consultation with the admitting authority finds that admission in the facility closest to the child's home would jeopardize the health or safety of the child.

Sec. 42. RCW 13.34.340 and 2000 c 122 s 35 are each amended to read as follows:

For minors who cannot consent to the release of their records with the department or supervising agency because they are not old enough to consent to treatment, or, if old enough, lack the capacity to consent, or if the minor is receiving treatment involuntarily with a provider the department or supervising agency has authorized to provide mental health treatment under RCW 13.34.320, the department or supervising agency shall disclose, upon the treating physician's request, all relevant records, including the minor's passport as established under RCW 74.13.285, in the department's or supervising agency's possession that the treating physician determines contain information required for treatment of the minor. The treating physician shall maintain all records received from the department or supervising agency in a manner that distinguishes the records from any other records in the minor's file with the treating physician and the department or supervising agency records may not be disclosed by the treating physician to any other person or entity absent a court order except that, for medical purposes only, a treating physician may disclose the department or supervising agency records to another treating physician.

Sec. 43. RCW 13.34.350 and 2001 c 52 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

In order to facilitate communication of information needed to serve the best interest of any child who is the subject of a dependency case filed under this chapter, the department ((of social and health services)) shall, consistent with state and federal law governing the release of confidential information, establish guidelines, and shall use those guidelines for the facilitation of communication of relevant information among divisions, providers, the courts, the family, caregivers, caseworkers, and others.

Sec. 44. RCW 13.34.370 and 2004 c 146 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The court may order expert evaluations of parties to obtain information regarding visitation issues or other issues in a case. These evaluations shall be performed by appointed evaluators who are mutually agreed upon by the court, the ((state)) supervising agency, the department, and the parents' counsel, and, if the child is to be evaluated, by the representative for the child. If no agreement can be reached, the court shall select the expert evaluator.

Sec. 45. RCW 13.34.380 and 2004 c 146 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The department ((of social and health services)) shall develop consistent policies and protocols, based on current relevant research, concerning visitation for dependent children to be implemented consistently throughout the state. The department shall develop the policies and protocols in consultation with researchers in the field, community-based agencies, court-appointed special advocates, parents' representatives, and court representatives. The policies and protocols shall include, but not be limited to: The structure and quality of visitations; and training for department and supervising agency caseworkers, visitation supervisors, and foster parents related to visitation.

The policies and protocols shall be consistent with the provisions of this chapter and implementation of the policies and protocols shall be consistent with relevant orders of the court.

- **Sec. 46.** RCW 13.34.385 and 2008 c 259 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A relative of a dependent child may petition the juvenile court for reasonable visitation with the child if:
 - (a) The child has been found to be a dependent child under this chapter;
 - (b) The parental rights of both of the child's parents have been terminated;
- (c) The child is in the custody of the department ((or)), another public ((or private)) agency, or a supervising agency; and
- (d) The child has not been adopted and is not in a preadoptive home or other permanent placement at the time the petition for visitation is filed.
- (2) The court shall give prior notice for any proceeding under this section, or cause prior notice to be given, to the department ((or)), other public ((or private)) agency, or supervising agency having custody of the child, the child's attorney or guardian ad litem if applicable, and the child. The court shall also order the custodial agency to give prior notice of any hearing to the child's current foster parent, relative caregiver, guardian or custodian, and the child's tribe, if applicable.
- (3) The juvenile court may grant the petition for visitation if it finds that the requirements of subsection (1) of this section have been met, and that unsupervised visitation between the child and the relative does not present a risk to the child's safety or well-being and that the visitation is in the best interests of the child. In determining the best interests of the child the court shall consider, but is not limited to, the following:
- (a) The love, affection, and strength of the relationship between the child and the relative;
- (b) The length and quality of the prior relationship between the child and the relative;
- (c) Any criminal convictions for or founded history of abuse or neglect of a child by the relative;
- (d) Whether the visitation will present a risk to the child's health, welfare, or safety;
- (e) The child's reasonable preference, if the court considers the child to be of sufficient age to express a preference;
 - (f) Any other factor relevant to the child's best interest.
- (4) The visitation order may be modified at any time upon a showing that the visitation poses a risk to the child's safety or well-being. The visitation order shall state that visitation will automatically terminate upon the child's placement in a preadoptive home, if the child is adopted, or if there is a subsequent founded abuse or neglect allegation against the relative.
- (5) The granting of the petition under this section does not grant the relative the right to participate in the dependency action and does not grant any rights to the relative not otherwise specified in the visitation order.
- (6) This section is retroactive and applies to any eligible dependent child at the time of the filing of the petition for visitation, regardless of the date parental rights were terminated.

- (7) For the purpose of this section, "relative" means a relative as defined in RCW 74.15.020(2)(a), except parents.
- (8) This section is intended to provide an additional procedure by which a relative may request visitation with a dependent child. It is not intended to impair or alter the ability a court currently has to order visitation with a relative under the dependency statutes.
- **Sec. 47.** RCW 13.34.390 and 2005 c 504 s 303 are each amended to read as follows:

The department ((of social and health services)) and the department of health shall develop and expand comprehensive services for drug-affected and alcohol-affected mothers and infants. Subject to funds appropriated for this purpose, the expansion shall be in evidence-based, research-based, or consensus-based practices, ((as those terms are defined in section 603 of this act,)) and shall expand capacity in underserved regions of the state.

Sec. 48. RCW 13.34.400 and 2007 c 411 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

In any proceeding under this chapter, if the department <u>or supervising agency</u> submits a report to the court in which the department is recommending a new placement or a change in placement, the department <u>or supervising agency</u> shall include the documents relevant to persons in the home in which a child will be placed and listed in subsections (1) through (5) of this section to the report. The department <u>or supervising agency</u> shall include only these relevant documents and shall not attach the entire history of the subject of the report.

- (1) If the report contains a recommendation, opinion, or assertion by the department or supervising agency relating to substance abuse treatment, mental health treatment, anger management classes, or domestic violence classes, the department or supervising agency shall attach the document upon which the recommendation, opinion, or assertion was based. The documentation may include the progress report or evaluation submitted by the provider, but may not include the entire history with the provider.
- (2) If the report contains a recommendation, opinion, or assertion by the department or supervising agency relating to visitation with a child, the department or supervising agency shall attach the document upon which the recommendation, opinion, or assertion was based. The documentation may include the most recent visitation report, a visitation report referencing a specific incident alleged in the report, or summary of the visitation prepared by the person who supervised the visitation. The documentation attached to the report shall not include the entire visitation history.
- (3) If the report contains a recommendation, opinion, or assertion by the department or supervising agency relating to the psychological status of a person, the department or supervising agency shall attach the document upon which the recommendation, opinion, or assertion was based. The documentation may include the progress report, evaluation, or summary submitted by the provider, but shall not include the entire history of the person.
- (4) If the report contains a recommendation, opinion, or assertion by the department <u>or supervising agency</u> relating to injuries to a child, the department <u>or supervising agency</u> shall attach a summary of the physician's report, prepared

by the physician or the physician's designee, relating to the recommendation, opinion, or assertion by the department.

- (5) If the report contains a recommendation, opinion, or assertion by the department <u>or supervising agency</u> relating to a home study, licensing action, or background check information, the department <u>or supervising agency</u> shall attach the document or documents upon which that recommendation, opinion, or assertion is based.
- Sec. 49. RCW 74.13.010 and 1965 c 30 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The purpose of this chapter is to safeguard, protect, and contribute to the welfare of the children of the state, through a comprehensive and coordinated program of ((public)) child welfare services provided by both the department and supervising agencies providing for: Social services and facilities for children who require guidance, care, control, protection, treatment, or rehabilitation; setting of standards for social services and facilities for children; cooperation with public and voluntary agencies, organizations, and citizen groups in the development and coordination of programs and activities in behalf of children; and promotion of community conditions and resources that help parents to discharge their responsibilities for the care, development, and well-being of their children.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 50.** A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:

The department's duty to provide services to homeless families with children is set forth in RCW 43.20A.790 and in appropriations provided by the legislature for implementation of the comprehensive plan for homeless families with children.

- Sec. 51. RCW 74.13.031 and 2008 c 267 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- ((The department shall have the duty to provide child welfare services and shall:))
- (1) The department and supervising agencies shall develop, administer, supervise, and monitor a coordinated and comprehensive plan that establishes, aids, and strengthens services for the protection and care of runaway, dependent, or neglected children.
- (2) Within available resources, the department and supervising agencies shall recruit an adequate number of prospective adoptive and foster homes, both regular and specialized, i.e. homes for children of ethnic minority, including Indian homes for Indian children, sibling groups, handicapped and emotionally disturbed, teens, pregnant and parenting teens, and the department shall annually report to the governor and the legislature concerning the department's and supervising agency's success in: (a) Meeting the need for adoptive and foster home placements; (b) reducing the foster parent turnover rate; (c) completing home studies for legally free children; and (d) implementing and operating the passport program required by RCW 74.13.285. The report shall include a section entitled "Foster Home Turn-Over, Causes and Recommendations."
- (3) The department shall investigate complaints of any recent act or failure to act on the part of a parent or caretaker that results in death, serious physical or emotional harm, or sexual abuse or exploitation, or that presents an imminent

risk of serious harm, and on the basis of the findings of such investigation, offer child welfare services in relation to the problem to such parents, legal custodians, or persons serving in loco parentis, and/or bring the situation to the attention of an appropriate court, or another community agency. An investigation is not required of nonaccidental injuries which are clearly not the result of a lack of care or supervision by the child's parents, legal custodians, or persons serving in loco parentis. If the investigation reveals that a crime against a child may have been committed, the department shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency.

- (4) The department or supervising agencies shall offer, on a voluntary basis, family reconciliation services to families who are in conflict.
- (5) The department or supervising agencies shall monitor placements of children in out-of-home care and in-home dependencies to assure the safety, well-being, and quality of care being provided is within the scope of the intent of the legislature as defined in RCW 74.13.010 and 74.15.010. ((The policy for monitoring placements)) Under this section ((shall require that)) children in out-of-home care and in-home dependencies and their caregivers shall receive a private and individual face-to-face visit each month.
- (((a))) The department or supervising agencies shall conduct the monthly visits with children and caregivers ((required under this section unless the child's placement is being supervised under a contract between the department and a private agency accredited by a national child welfare accrediting entity, in which case the private agency shall, within existing resources, conduct the monthly visits with the child and with the child's caregiver according to the standards described in this subsection and shall provide the department with a written report of the visits within fifteen days of completing the visits.
- (b) n cases where the monthly visits required under this subsection are being conducted by a private agency, the department shall conduct a face to face health and safety visit with the child at least once every ninety days)) to whom it is providing child welfare services.
- (6) The department and supervising agencies shall have authority to accept custody of children from parents and to accept custody of children from juvenile courts, where authorized to do so under law, to provide child welfare services including placement for adoption, to provide for the routine and necessary medical, dental, and mental health care, or necessary emergency care of the children, and to provide for the physical care of such children and make payment of maintenance costs if needed. Except where required by Public Law 95-608 (25 U.S.C. Sec. 1915), no private adoption agency which receives children for adoption from the department shall discriminate on the basis of race, creed, or color when considering applications in their placement for adoption.
- (7) The department and supervising agency shall have authority to provide temporary shelter to children who have run away from home and who are admitted to crisis residential centers.
- (8) The department and supervising agency shall have authority to purchase care for children((; and shall follow in general the policy of using properly approved private agency services for the actual care and supervision of such children insofar as they are available, paying for care of such children as are accepted by the department as eligible for support at reasonable rates established by the department)).

- (9) The department shall establish a children's services advisory committee with sufficient members representing supervising agencies which shall assist the secretary in the development of a partnership plan for utilizing resources of the public and private sectors, and advise on all matters pertaining to child welfare, licensing of child care agencies, adoption, and services related thereto. At least one member shall represent the adoption community.
- (10)(a) The department and supervising agencies shall have authority to provide continued foster care or group care as needed to participate in or complete a high school or vocational school program.
- (b)(i) Beginning in 2006, the department has the authority to allow up to fifty youth reaching age eighteen to continue in foster care or group care as needed to participate in or complete a posthigh school academic or vocational program, and to receive necessary support and transition services.
- (ii) In 2007 and 2008, the department has the authority to allow up to fifty additional youth per year reaching age eighteen to remain in foster care or group care as provided in (b)(i) of this subsection.
- (iii) A youth who remains eligible for such placement and services pursuant to department rules may continue in foster care or group care until the youth reaches his or her twenty-first birthday. Eligibility requirements shall include active enrollment in a posthigh school academic or vocational program and maintenance of a 2.0 grade point average.
- (11) The department shall refer cases to the division of child support whenever state or federal funds are expended for the care and maintenance of a child, including a child with a developmental disability who is placed as a result of an action under chapter 13.34 RCW, unless the department finds that there is good cause not to pursue collection of child support against the parent or parents of the child. Cases involving individuals age eighteen through twenty shall not be referred to the division of child support unless required by federal law.
- (12) The department and supervising agencies shall have authority within funds appropriated for foster care services to purchase care for Indian children who are in the custody of a federally recognized Indian tribe or tribally licensed child-placing agency pursuant to parental consent, tribal court order, or state juvenile court order; and the purchase of such care shall be subject to the same eligibility standards and rates of support applicable to other children for whom the department purchases care.

Notwithstanding any other provision of RCW 13.32A.170 through 13.32A.200 and 74.13.032 through 74.13.036, or of this section all services to be provided by the department ((of social and health services)) under subsections (4), (6), and (7) of this section, subject to the limitations of these subsections, may be provided by any program offering such services funded pursuant to Titles II and III of the federal juvenile justice and delinquency prevention act of 1974.

- (13) Within amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, the supervising agency or department shall provide preventive services to families with children that prevent or shorten the duration of an out-of-home placement.
- (14) The department and supervising agencies shall have authority to provide independent living services to youths, including individuals who have attained eighteen years of age, and have not attained twenty-one years of age who are or have been in foster care.

- (15) The department and supervising agencies shall consult at least quarterly with foster parents, including members of the foster parent association of Washington state, for the purpose of receiving information and comment regarding how the department ((is)) and supervising agencies are performing the duties and meeting the obligations specified in this section and RCW 74.13.250 and 74.13.320 regarding the recruitment of foster homes, reducing foster parent turnover rates, providing effective training for foster parents, and administering a coordinated and comprehensive plan that strengthens services for the protection of children. Consultation shall occur at the regional and statewide levels.
- **Sec. 52.** RCW 74.13.0311 and 2002 c 219 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

The department or ((its contractors)) <u>supervising agencies</u> may provide child welfare services pursuant to a deferred prosecution plan ordered under chapter 10.05 RCW. Child welfare services provided under this chapter pursuant to a deferred prosecution order may not be construed to prohibit the department <u>or supervising agencies</u> from providing services or undertaking proceedings pursuant to chapter 13.34 or 26.44 RCW.

- **Sec. 53.** RCW 74.13.032 and 1998 c 296 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department shall establish, ((by)) through performance-based contracts with private or public vendors, regional crisis residential centers with semi-secure facilities. These facilities shall be structured group care facilities licensed under rules adopted by the department and shall have an average of at least four adult staff members and in no event less than three adult staff members to every eight children.
- (2) Within available funds appropriated for this purpose, the department shall establish, ((by)) through performance-based contracts with private or public vendors, regional crisis residential centers with secure facilities. These facilities shall be facilities licensed under rules adopted by the department. These centers may also include semi-secure facilities and to such extent shall be subject to subsection (1) of this section.
- (3) The department shall, in addition to the facilities established under subsections (1) and (2) of this section, establish additional crisis residential centers pursuant to <u>performance-based</u> contracts with licensed private group care facilities.
- (4) The staff at the facilities established under this section shall be trained so that they may effectively counsel juveniles admitted to the centers, provide treatment, supervision, and structure to the juveniles that recognize the need for support and the varying circumstances that cause children to leave their families, and carry out the responsibilities stated in RCW 13.32A.090. The responsibilities stated in RCW 13.32A.090 may, in any of the centers, be carried out by the department.
- (5) The secure facilities located within crisis residential centers shall be operated to conform with the definition in RCW 13.32A.030. The facilities shall have an average of no less than one adult staff member to every ten children. The staffing ratio shall continue to ensure the safety of the children.

- (6) If a secure crisis residential center is located in or adjacent to a secure juvenile detention facility, the center shall be operated in a manner that prevents in-person contact between the residents of the center and the persons held in such facility.
- **Sec. 54.** RCW 74.13.036 and 2003 c 207 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department ((of social and health services)) shall oversee implementation of chapter 13.34 RCW and chapter 13.32A RCW. The oversight shall be comprised of working with affected parts of the criminal justice and child care systems as well as with local government, legislative, and executive authorities to effectively carry out these chapters. The department shall work with all such entities to ensure that chapters 13.32A and 13.34 RCW are implemented in a uniform manner throughout the state.
- (2) The department shall develop a plan and procedures, in cooperation with the statewide advisory committee, to insure the full implementation of the provisions of chapter 13.32A RCW. Such plan and procedures shall include but are not limited to:
- (a) Procedures defining and delineating the role of the department and juvenile court with regard to the execution of the child in need of services placement process;
- (b) Procedures for designating department or supervising agency staff responsible for family reconciliation services;
- (c) Procedures assuring enforcement of contempt proceedings in accordance with RCW 13.32A.170 and 13.32A.250; and
- (d) Procedures for the continued education of all individuals in the criminal juvenile justice and child care systems who are affected by chapter 13.32A RCW, as well as members of the legislative and executive branches of government.

There shall be uniform application of the procedures developed by the department and juvenile court personnel, to the extent practicable. Local and regional differences shall be taken into consideration in the development of procedures required under this subsection.

- (3) In addition to its other oversight duties, the department shall:
- (a) Identify and evaluate resource needs in each region of the state;
- (b) Disseminate information collected as part of the oversight process to affected groups and the general public;
- (c) Educate affected entities within the juvenile justice and child care systems, local government, and the legislative branch regarding the implementation of chapters 13.32A and 13.34 RCW;
- (d) Review complaints concerning the services, policies, and procedures of those entities charged with implementing chapters 13.32A and 13.34 RCW; and
- (e) Report any violations and misunderstandings regarding the implementation of chapters 13.32A and 13.34 RCW.
- (4) The department shall provide an annual report to the legislature not later than December 1 of each year only when it has declined to accept custody of a child from a law enforcement agency or it has received a report of a child being released without placement. The report shall indicate the number of times it has declined to accept custody of a child from a law enforcement agency under chapter 13.32A RCW and the number of times it has received a report of a child

being released without placement under RCW 13.32A.060(1)(c). The report shall include the dates, places, and reasons the department declined to accept custody and the dates and places children are released without placement.

Sec. 55. RCW 74.13.037 and 1997 c 146 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

Within available funds appropriated for this purpose, the department shall establish, ((by)) through performance-based contracts with private vendors, transitional living programs for youth who are being assisted by the department in being emancipated as part of their permanency plan under chapter 13.34 RCW. These programs shall be licensed under rules adopted by the department.

Sec. 56. RCW 74.13.042 and 1995 c 311 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

If the department <u>or supervising agency</u> is denied lawful access to records or information, or requested records or information is not provided in a timely manner, the department <u>or supervising agency</u> may petition the court for an order compelling disclosure.

- (1) The petition shall be filed in the juvenile court for the county in which the record or information is located or the county in which the person who is the subject of the record or information resides. If the person who is the subject of the record or information is a party to or the subject of a pending proceeding under chapter 13.32A or 13.34 RCW, the petition shall be filed in such proceeding.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the persons from whom and about whom the record or information is sought shall be served with a summons and a petition at least seven calendar days prior to a hearing on the petition. The court may order disclosure upon ex parte application of the department or supervising agency, without prior notice to any person, if the court finds there is reason to believe access to the record or information is necessary to determine whether the child is in imminent danger and in need of immediate protection.
- (3) The court shall grant the petition upon a showing that there is reason to believe that the record or information sought is necessary for the health, safety, or welfare of the child who is currently receiving child welfare services.
- **Sec. 57.** RCW 74.13.045 and 1998 c 245 s 146 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall develop and implement an informal, nonadversarial complaint resolution process to be used by clients of the department or supervising agency, foster parents, and other affected individuals who have complaints regarding a department policy or procedure, ((ex)) the application of such a policy or procedure, or the performance of an entity that has entered into a performance-based contract with the department, related to programs administered under this chapter. The process shall not apply in circumstances where the complainant has the right under Title 13, 26, or 74 RCW to seek resolution of the complaint through judicial review or through an adjudicative proceeding.

Nothing in this section shall be construed to create substantive or procedural rights in any person. Participation in the complaint resolution process shall not entitle any person to an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW or to

superior court review. Participation in the process shall not affect the right of any person to seek other statutorily or constitutionally permitted remedies.

The department shall develop procedures to assure that clients and foster parents are informed of the availability of the complaint resolution process and how to access it. The department shall incorporate information regarding the complaint resolution process into the training for foster parents and <u>department</u> and supervising agency caseworkers.

The department shall compile complaint resolution data including the nature of the complaint and the outcome of the process.

Sec. 58. RCW 74.13.055 and 1998 c 245 s 147 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall adopt rules pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW which establish goals as to the maximum number of children who will remain in foster care for a period of longer than twenty-four months. The department shall also work cooperatively with ((the major private child care providers)) supervising agencies to assure that a partnership plan for utilizing the resources of the public and private sector in all matters pertaining to child welfare is developed and implemented.

- **Sec. 59.** RCW 74.13.060 and 1971 ex.s. c 169 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The secretary or his <u>or her</u> designees or delegatees shall be the custodian without compensation of such moneys and other funds of any person which may come into the possession of the secretary during the period such person is placed with the department ((of social and health services)) or an entity with which it <u>has entered into a performance-based contract</u> pursuant to chapter 74.13 RCW. As such custodian, the secretary shall have authority to disburse moneys from the person's funds for the following purposes only and subject to the following limitations:
- (((1) The secretary may disburse any of the funds belonging to such person)) (a) For such personal needs of such person as the secretary may deem proper and necessary.
- (((2) The secretary may apply such funds)) (b) Against the amount of public assistance otherwise payable to such person. This includes applying, as reimbursement, any benefits, payments, funds, or accrual paid to or on behalf of said person from any source against the amount of public assistance expended on behalf of said person during the period for which the benefits, payments, funds or accruals were paid.
- (((3))) (2) All funds held by the secretary as custodian may be deposited in a single fund, the receipts and expenditures therefrom to be accurately accounted for by him or her on an individual basis. Whenever, the funds belonging to any one person exceed the sum of five hundred dollars, the secretary may deposit said funds in a savings and loan association account on behalf of that particular person.
- (((4))) (3) When the conditions of placement no longer exist and public assistance is no longer being provided for such person, upon a showing of legal competency and proper authority, the secretary shall deliver to such person, or the parent, person, or agency legally responsible for such person, all funds

belonging to the person remaining in his <u>or her</u> possession as custodian, together with a full and final accounting of all receipts and expenditures made therefrom.

- $(((\frac{5}{})))$ (4) The appointment of a guardian for the estate of such person shall terminate the secretary's authority as custodian of said funds upon receipt by the secretary of a certified copy of letters of guardianship. Upon the guardian's request, the secretary shall immediately forward to such guardian any funds of such person remaining in the secretary's possession together with full and final accounting of all receipts and expenditures made therefrom.
- **Sec. 60.** RCW 74.13.065 and 2002 c 52 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department((5)) or <u>supervising</u> agency ((responsible for supervising a child in out-of-home care,)) shall conduct a social study whenever a child is placed in out-of-home care under the supervision of the department or ((other)) <u>supervising</u> agency. The study shall be conducted prior to placement, or, if it is not feasible to conduct the study prior to placement due to the circumstances of the case, the study shall be conducted as soon as possible following placement.
- (2) The social study shall include, but not be limited to, an assessment of the following factors:
 - (a) The physical and emotional strengths and needs of the child;
- (b) Emotional bonds with siblings and the need to maintain regular sibling contacts;
- (c) The proximity of the child's placement to the child's family to aid reunification;
- (d) The possibility of placement with the child's relatives or extended family;
 - (e) The racial, ethnic, cultural, and religious background of the child;
- (f) The least-restrictive, most family-like placement reasonably available and capable of meeting the child's needs; and
- (g) Compliance with RCW 13.34.260 regarding parental preferences for placement of their children.
- **Sec. 61.** RCW 74.13.075 and 1994 c 169 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) For the purposes of funds appropriated for the treatment of sexually aggressive youth, the term "sexually aggressive youth" means those juveniles who:
- (a) Have been abused and have committed a sexually aggressive act or other violent act that is sexual in nature; and
- (i) Are in the care and custody of the state or a federally recognized Indian tribe located within the state; or
- (ii) Are the subject of a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW or a child welfare proceeding held before a tribal court located within the state; or
- (b) Cannot be detained under the juvenile justice system due to being under age twelve and incompetent to stand trial for acts that could be prosecuted as sex offenses as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 if the juvenile was over twelve years of age, or competent to stand trial if under twelve years of age.
- (2) In expending these funds, the department ((of social and health services)) shall establish in each region a case review committee to review all

cases for which the funds are used. In determining whether to use these funds in a particular case, the committee shall consider:

- (a) The age of the juvenile;
- (b) The extent and type of abuse to which the juvenile has been subjected;
- (c) The juvenile's past conduct;
- (d) The benefits that can be expected from the treatment;
- (e) The cost of the treatment; and
- (f) The ability of the juvenile's parent or guardian to pay for the treatment.
- (3) The department may provide funds, under this section, for youth in the care and custody of a tribe or through a tribal court, for the treatment of sexually aggressive youth only if: (a) The tribe uses the same or equivalent definitions and standards for determining which youth are sexually aggressive; and (b) the department seeks to recover any federal funds available for the treatment of youth.
- **Sec. 62.** RCW 74.13.077 and 1993 c 402 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The secretary ((of the department of social and health services)) is authorized to transfer surplus, unused treatment funds from the civil commitment center operated under chapter 71.09 RCW to the division of children and family services to provide treatment services for sexually aggressive youth.

- **Sec. 63.** RCW 74.13.096 and 2007 c 465 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The secretary ((of the department of social and health services)) shall convene an advisory committee to analyze and make recommendations on the disproportionate representation of children of color in Washington's child welfare system. The department shall collaborate with the Washington institute for public policy and private sector entities to develop a methodology for the advisory committee to follow in conducting a baseline analysis of data from the child welfare system to determine whether racial disproportionality and racial disparity exist in this system. The Washington institute for public policy shall serve as technical staff for the advisory committee. In determining whether racial disproportionality or racial disparity exists, the committee shall utilize existing research and evaluations conducted within Washington state, nationally, and in other states and localities that have similarly analyzed the prevalence of racial disproportionality and disparity in child welfare.
- (2) At a minimum, the advisory committee shall examine and analyze: (a) The level of involvement of children of color at each stage in the state's child welfare system, including the points of entry and exit, and each point at which a treatment decision is made; (b) the number of children of color in low-income or single-parent families involved in the state's child welfare system; (c) the family structures of families involved in the state's child welfare system; and (d) the outcomes for children in the existing child welfare system. This analysis shall be disaggregated by racial and ethnic group, and by geographic region.
- (3) The committee of not more than fifteen individuals shall consist of experts in social work, law, child welfare, psychology, or related fields, at least two tribal representatives, a representative of the governor's juvenile justice advisory committee, a representative of a community-based organization

involved with child welfare issues, a representative of the department ((of social and health services)), a current or former foster care youth, a current or former foster care parent, and a parent previously involved with Washington's child welfare system. Committee members shall be selected as follows: (a) Five members selected by the senate majority leader; (b) five members selected by the speaker of the house of representatives; and (c) five members selected by the secretary of the department ((of social and health services)). The secretary, the senate majority leader, and the speaker of the house of representatives shall coordinate appointments to ensure the representation specified in this subsection is achieved. After the advisory committee appointments are finalized, the committee shall select two individuals to serve as cochairs of the committee, one of whom shall be a representative from a nongovernmental entity.

- (4) The secretary shall make reasonable efforts to seek public and private funding for the advisory committee.
- (5) Not later than June 1, 2008, the advisory committee created in subsection (1) of this section shall report to the secretary of the department ((of social and health services)) on the results of the analysis. If the results of the analysis indicate disproportionality or disparity exists for any racial or ethnic group in any region of the state, the committee, in conjunction with the secretary of the department ((of social and health services)), shall develop a plan for remedying the disproportionality or disparity. The remediation plan shall include: (a) Recommendations for administrative and legislative actions related to appropriate programs and services to reduce and eliminate disparities in the system and improve the long-term outcomes for children of color who are served by the system; and (b) performance measures for implementing the remediation plan. To the extent possible and appropriate, the remediation plan shall be developed to integrate the recommendations required in this subsection with the department's existing compliance plans, training efforts, and other practice improvement and reform initiatives in progress. The advisory committee shall be responsible for ongoing evaluation of current and prospective policies and procedures for their contribution to or effect on racial disproportionality and disparity.
- (6) Not later than December 1, 2008, the secretary shall report the results of the analysis conducted under subsection (2) of this section and shall describe the remediation plan required under subsection (5) of this section to the appropriate committees of the legislature with jurisdiction over policy and fiscal matters relating to children, families, and human services. Beginning January 1, 2010, the secretary shall report annually to the appropriate committees of the legislature on the implementation of the remediation plan, including any measurable progress made in reducing and eliminating racial disproportionality and disparity in the state's child welfare system.
- **Sec. 64.** RCW 74.13.103 and 1971 ex.s. c 63 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

When a child proposed for adoption is placed with a prospective adoptive parent the department may charge such parent a fee in payment or part payment of such adoptive parent's part of the cost of the adoption services rendered and to be rendered by the department.

In charging such fees the department shall treat a husband and wife as a single prospective adoptive parent.

Each such fee shall be fixed according to a sliding scale based on the ability to pay of the prospective adoptive parent or parents.

Such fee scale shall be annually fixed by the secretary after considering the recommendations of the committee designated by the secretary to advise him <u>or her</u> on child welfare and pursuant to the regulations to be issued by the secretary in accordance with the provisions of Title 34 RCW.

The secretary may waive, defer, or provide for payment in installments without interest of, any such fee whenever in his <u>or her</u> judgment payment or immediate payment would cause economic hardship to such adoptive parent or parents.

Nothing in this section shall require the payment of a fee to the state of Washington in a case in which an adoption results from independent placement or placement by a licensed child-placing or supervising agency.

Sec. 65. RCW 74.13.106 and 1985 c 7 s 134 are each amended to read as follows:

All fees paid for adoption services pursuant to RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 (as recodified by this act) shall be credited to the general fund. Expenses incurred in connection with supporting the adoption of hard to place children shall be paid by warrants drawn against such appropriations as may be available. The secretary may for such purposes, contract with any public agency or ((licensed child placing)) supervising agency and/or adoptive parent and is authorized to accept funds from other sources including federal, private, and other public funding sources to carry out such purposes.

The secretary shall actively seek, where consistent with the policies and programs of the department, and shall make maximum use of, such federal funds as are or may be made available to the department for the purpose of supporting the adoption of hard to place children. The secretary may, if permitted by federal law, deposit federal funds for adoption support, aid to adoptions, or subsidized adoption in the general fund and may use such funds, subject to such limitations as may be imposed by federal or state law, to carry out the program of adoption support authorized by RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 (as recodified by this act).

Sec. 66. RCW 74.13.109 and 1990 c 285 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

The secretary shall issue rules and regulations to assist in the administration of the program of adoption support authorized by RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 (as recodified by this act).

Disbursements from the appropriations available from the general fund shall be made pursuant to such rules and regulations and pursuant to agreements conforming thereto to be made by the secretary with parents for the purpose of supporting the adoption of children in, or likely to be placed in, foster homes or child caring institutions who are found by the secretary to be difficult to place in adoption because of physical or other reasons; including, but not limited to, physical or mental handicap, emotional disturbance, ethnic background, language, race, color, age, or sibling grouping.

Such agreements shall meet the following criteria:

- (1) The child whose adoption is to be supported pursuant to such agreement shall be or have been a child hard to place in adoption.
- (2) Such agreement must relate to a child who was or is residing in a foster home or child-caring institution or a child who, in the judgment of the secretary, is both eligible for, and likely to be placed in, either a foster home or a child-caring institution.
- (3) Such agreement shall provide that adoption support shall not continue beyond the time that the adopted child reaches eighteen years of age, becomes emancipated, dies, or otherwise ceases to need support((, provided that)). If the secretary ((shall)) finds that continuing dependency of such child after such child reaches eighteen years of age warrants the continuation of support pursuant to RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 (as recodified by this act) the secretary may do so, subject to all the provisions of RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.145 (as recodified by this act), including annual review of the amount of such support.
- (4) Any prospective parent who is to be a party to such agreement shall be a person who has the character, judgment, sense of responsibility, and disposition which make him or her suitable as an adoptive parent of such child.

Sec. 67. RCW 74.13.124 and 1985 c 7 s 140 are each amended to read as follows:

An agreement for adoption support made ((pursuant to RCW 26.32.115)) before January 1, 1985, or pursuant to RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 (as recodified by this act), although subject to review and adjustment as provided for herein, shall, as to the standard used by the secretary in making such review or reviews and any such adjustment, constitutes a contract within the meaning of section 10, Article I of the United States Constitution and section 23. Article I of the state Constitution. For that reason once such an agreement has been made any review of and adjustment under such agreement shall as to the standards used by the secretary, be made only subject to the provisions of RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 (as recodified by this act) and such rules and regulations relating thereto as they exist on the date of the initial determination in connection with such agreement or such more generous standard or parts of such standard as may hereafter be provided for by law or regulation. Once made such an agreement shall constitute a solemn undertaking by the state of Washington with such adoptive parent or parents. termination of the effective period of RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 (as recodified by this act) or a decision by the state or federal government to discontinue or reduce general appropriations made available for the purposes to be served by RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 (as recodified by this act), shall not affect the state's specific continuing obligations to support such adoptions, subject to such annual review and adjustment for all such agreements as have theretofore been entered into by the state

The purpose of this section is to assure any such parent that, upon his <u>or her</u> consenting to assume the burdens of adopting a hard to place child, the state will not in future so act by way of general reduction of appropriations for the program authorized by RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 (<u>as recodified by this act</u>) or ratable reductions, to impair the trust and confidence

necessarily reposed by such parent in the state as a condition of such parent taking upon himself <u>or herself</u> the obligations of parenthood of a difficult to place child.

Should the secretary and any such adoptive parent differ as to whether any standard or part of a standard adopted by the secretary after the date of an initial agreement, which standard or part is used by the secretary in making any review and adjustment, is more generous than the standard in effect as of the date of the initial determination with respect to such agreement such adoptive parent may invoke his <u>or her</u> rights, including all rights of appeal under the fair hearing provisions, available to him <u>or her</u> under RCW 74.13.127 (<u>as recodified by this act</u>).

Sec. 68. RCW 74.13.136 and 1985 c 7 s 144 are each amended to read as follows:

Any ((ehild-earing)) supervising agency or person having a child in foster care or institutional care and wishing to recommend to the secretary support of the adoption of such child as provided for in RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 (as recodified by this act) may do so, and may include in its or his or her recommendation advice as to the appropriate level of support and any other information likely to assist the secretary in carrying out the functions vested in the secretary by RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 (as recodified by this act). Such agency may, but is not required to, be retained by the secretary to make the required preplacement study of the prospective adoptive parent or parents.

Sec. 69. RCW 74.13.165 and 1997 c 272 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The secretary or the secretary's designee ((may)) shall purchase services from nonprofit agencies for the purpose of conducting home studies for legally free children who have been awaiting adoption finalization for more than ((ninety)) sixty days. The home studies selected to be done under this section shall be for the children who have been legally free and awaiting adoption finalization the longest period of time.

This section expires June 30, 2011.

Sec. 70. RCW 74.13.170 and 1991 c 326 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The department ((of social and health services)) may through performance-based contracts with supervising agencies, implement a therapeutic family home program for up to fifteen youth in the custody of the department under chapter 13.34 RCW. The program shall strive to develop and maintain a mutually reinforcing relationship between the youth and the therapeutic staff associated with the program.

- **Sec. 71.** RCW 74.13.250 and 1990 c 284 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Preservice training is recognized as a valuable tool to reduce placement disruptions, the length of time children are in care, and foster parent turnover rates. Preservice training also assists potential foster parents in making their final decisions about foster parenting and assists social service agencies in obtaining information about whether to approve potential foster parents.

- (2) Foster parent preservice training shall include information about the potential impact of placement on foster children; social service agency administrative processes; the requirements, responsibilities, expectations, and skills needed to be a foster parent; attachment, separation, and loss issues faced by birth parents, foster children, and foster parents; child management and discipline; birth family relationships; and helping children leave foster care. Preservice training shall assist applicants in making informed decisions about whether they want to be foster parents. Preservice training shall be designed to enable the agency to assess the ability, readiness, and appropriateness of families to be foster parents. As a decision tool, effective preservice training provides potential foster parents with enough information to make an appropriate decision, affords potential foster parents an opportunity to discuss their decision with others and consider its implications for their family, clarifies foster family expectations, presents a realistic picture of what foster parenting involves, and allows potential foster parents to consider and explore the different types of children they might serve.
- (3) <u>Foster parents shall complete preservice training ((shall be completed prior to))</u> <u>before</u> the issuance of a foster care license, except that the department may, on a case by case basis, issue a written waiver that allows the foster parent to complete the training after licensure, so long as the training is completed within ninety days following licensure.
- **Sec. 72.** RCW 74.13.280 and 2007 c 409 s 6 and 2007 c 220 s 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in RCW 70.24.105, whenever a child is placed in out-of-home care by the department or a ((ehild-placing)) supervising agency, the department or agency shall share information known to the department or agency about the child and the child's family with the care provider and shall consult with the care provider regarding the child's case plan. If the child is dependent pursuant to a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW, the department or supervising agency shall keep the care provider informed regarding the dates and location of dependency review and permanency planning hearings pertaining to the child.
- (2) Information about the child and the child's family shall include information known to the department or agency as to whether the child is a sexually reactive child, has exhibited high-risk behaviors, or is physically assaultive or physically aggressive, as defined in this section.
- (3) Information about the child shall also include information known to the department or agency that the child:
- (a) Has received a medical diagnosis of fetal alcohol syndrome or fetal alcohol effect;
- (b) Has been diagnosed by a qualified mental health professional as having a mental health disorder;
- (c) Has witnessed a death or substantial physical violence in the past or recent past; or
 - (d) Was a victim of sexual or severe physical abuse in the recent past.
- (4) Any person who receives information about a child or a child's family pursuant to this section shall keep the information confidential and shall not further disclose or disseminate the information except as authorized by law. Care providers shall agree in writing to keep the information that they receive

confidential and shall affirm that the information will not be further disclosed or disseminated, except as authorized by law.

- (5) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of the department or ((child placing)) supervising agencies to disclose client information or to maintain client confidentiality as provided by law.
 - (6) As used in this section:
- (a) "Sexually reactive child" means a child who exhibits sexual behavior problems including, but not limited to, sexual behaviors that are developmentally inappropriate for their age or are harmful to the child or others.
- (b) "High-risk behavior" means an observed or reported and documented history of one or more of the following:
 - (i) Suicide attempts or suicidal behavior or ideation;
 - (ii) Self-mutilation or similar self-destructive behavior;
 - (iii) Fire-setting or a developmentally inappropriate fascination with fire;
 - (iv) Animal torture;
 - (v) Property destruction; or
 - (vi) Substance or alcohol abuse.
- (c) "Physically assaultive or physically aggressive" means a child who exhibits one or more of the following behaviors that are developmentally inappropriate and harmful to the child or to others:
 - (i) Observed assaultive behavior;
- (ii) Reported and documented history of the child willfully assaulting or inflicting bodily harm; or
- (iii) Attempting to assault or inflict bodily harm on other children or adults under circumstances where the child has the apparent ability or capability to carry out the attempted assaults including threats to use a weapon.
- **Sec. 73.** RCW 74.13.283 and 2008 c 267 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) For the purpose of assisting foster youth in obtaining a Washington state identicard, submission of the information and materials listed in this subsection from the department <u>or supervising agency</u> to the department of licensing is sufficient proof of identity and residency and shall serve as the necessary authorization for the youth to apply for and obtain a Washington state identicard:
- (a) A written signed statement prepared on department <u>or supervising agency</u> letterhead, verifying the following:
 - (i) The youth is a minor who resides in Washington;
- (ii) Pursuant to a court order, the youth is dependent and the department or ((other)) supervising agency is the legal custodian of the youth under chapter 13.34 RCW or under the interstate compact on the placement of children;
 - (iii) The youth's full name and date of birth;
 - (iv) The youth's social security number, if available;
 - (v) A brief physical description of the youth;
 - (vi) The appropriate address to be listed on the youth's identicard; and
- (vii) Contact information for the appropriate person ((at)) with the department or supervising agency.
- (b) A photograph of the youth, which may be digitized and integrated into the statement.

- (2) The department <u>or supervising agency</u> may provide the statement and the photograph via any of the following methods, whichever is most efficient or convenient:
- (a) Delivered via first-class mail or electronically to the headquarters office of the department of licensing; or
- (b) Hand-delivered to a local office of the department of licensing by a department or supervising agency case worker.
- (3) A copy of the statement shall be provided to the youth who shall provide the copy to the department of licensing when making an in-person application for a Washington state identicard.
- (4) To the extent other identifying information is readily available, the department <u>or supervising agency</u> shall include the additional information with the submission of information required under subsection (1) of this section.
- **Sec. 74.** RCW 74.13.285 and 2007 c 409 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Within available resources, the department <u>or supervising agency</u> shall prepare a passport containing all known and available information concerning the mental, physical, health, and educational status of the child for any child who has been in a foster home for ninety consecutive days or more. The passport shall contain education records obtained pursuant to RCW 28A.150.510. The passport shall be provided to a foster parent at any placement of a child covered by this section. The department <u>or supervising agency</u> shall update the passport during the regularly scheduled court reviews required under chapter 13.34 RCW.

New placements ((after July 1, 1997,)) shall have first priority in the preparation of passports. ((Within available resources, the department may prepare passports for any child in a foster home on July 1, 1997, provided that no time spent in a foster home before July 1, 1997, shall be included in the computation of the ninety days.))

- (2) In addition to the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, the department <u>or supervising agency</u> shall, within available resources, notify a foster parent before placement of a child of any known health conditions that pose a serious threat to the child and any known behavioral history that presents a serious risk of harm to the child or others.
- (3) The department shall hold harmless the provider <u>including supervising</u> <u>agencies</u> for any unauthorized disclosures caused by the department.
- (4) Any foster parent who receives information about a child or a child's family pursuant to this section shall keep the information confidential and shall not further disclose or disseminate the information, except as authorized by law. Such individuals shall agree in writing to keep the information that they receive confidential and shall affirm that the information will not be further disclosed or disseminated, except as authorized by law.
- Sec. 75. RCW 74.13.288 and 2004 c 40 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (((1))) The department of health shall develop recommendations concerning evidence-based practices for testing for blood-borne pathogens of children under one year of age who have been placed in out-of-home care and shall identify the specific pathogens for which testing is recommended.

- (((2) The department shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on the recommendations developed in accordance with subsection (1) of this section by January 1, 2005.))
- Sec. 76. RCW 74.13.289 and 2004 c 40 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Upon any placement, the department ((of social and health services)) or supervising agency shall inform each out-of-home care provider if the child to be placed in that provider's care is infected with a blood-borne pathogen, and shall identify the specific blood-borne pathogen for which the child was tested if known by the department or supervising agency.
- (2) All out-of-home care providers licensed by the department shall receive training related to blood-borne pathogens, including prevention, transmission, infection control, treatment, testing, and confidentiality.
- (3) Any disclosure of information related to HIV must be in accordance with RCW 70.24.105.
- (4) The department of health shall identify by rule the term "blood-borne pathogen" as used in this section.
- **Sec. 77.** RCW 74.13.300 and 1990 c 284 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Whenever a child has been placed in a foster family home by the department or ((a child placing)) supervising agency and the child has thereafter resided in the home for at least ninety consecutive days, the department or ((child-placing)) supervising agency shall notify the foster family at least five days prior to moving the child to another placement, unless:
- (a) A court order has been entered requiring an immediate change in placement;
 - (b) The child is being returned home;
 - (c) The child's safety is in jeopardy; or
 - (d) The child is residing in a receiving home or a group home.
- (2) If the child has resided in a foster family home for less than ninety days or if, due to one or more of the circumstances in subsection (1) of this section, it is not possible to give five days' notification, the department or ((ehild-placing)) supervising agency shall notify the foster family of proposed placement changes as soon as reasonably possible.
- (3) This section is intended solely to assist in minimizing disruption to the child in changing foster care placements. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require that a court hearing be held prior to changing a child's foster care placement nor to create any substantive custody rights in the foster parents.
- **Sec. 78.** RCW 74.13.310 and 1990 c 284 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

Adequate foster parent training has been identified as directly associated with increasing the length of time foster parents are willing to provide foster care and reducing the number of placement disruptions for children. Placement disruptions can be harmful to children by denying them consistent and nurturing support. Foster parents have expressed the desire to receive training in addition to the foster parent ((SCOPE)) training currently offered. Foster parents who care for more demanding children, such as children with severe emotional, mental, or physical handicaps, would especially benefit from additional training.

The department <u>and supervising agency</u> shall develop additional training for foster parents that focuses on skills to assist foster parents in caring for emotionally, mentally, or physically handicapped children.

Sec. 79. RCW 74.13.315 and 1997 c 272 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

The department <u>or supervising agency</u> may provide child care for all foster parents who are required to attend department-sponsored <u>or supervising agency-sponsored</u> meetings or training sessions. If the department <u>or supervising agency</u> agency does not provide such child care, the department <u>or supervising agency</u>, where feasible, shall conduct the activities covered by this section in the foster parent's home or other location acceptable to the foster parent.

Sec. 80. RCW 74.13.320 and 1990 c 284 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

((The legislature finds that during the fiscal years 1987 to 1989 the number of children in foster care has risen by 14.3 percent. At the same time there has been a 31 percent turnover rate in foster homes because many foster parents have declined to continue to care for foster children. This situation has caused a dangerously critical shortage of foster homes.

The department of social and health services shall develop and implement a project to recruit more foster homes and adoptive homes for special needs children by developing a request for proposal to licensed private foster care, licensed adoption agencies, and other organizations qualified to provide this service.

The project shall consist of one statewide administrator of recruitment programs, and one or more licensed foster care or adoption agency contracts in each of the six departmental regions. These contracts shall enhance currently provided services and may not replace services currently funded by the agencies. No more than sixty thousand dollars may be spent annually to fund the administrator position.

The agencies shall recruit foster care homes and adoptive homes for children classified as special needs children under chapter 74.08 RCW. The agencies shall utilize their own network of contacts and shall also develop programs similar to those used effectively in other states. The department shall expand the foster adopt program statewide to encourage stable placements for foster children for whom permanent out of home placement is a likelihood. The department shall carefully consider existing programs to eliminate duplication of services.))

The department shall assist ((the private contractors)) supervising agencies by providing printing services for informational brochures and other necessary recruitment materials. No more than fifty thousand dollars of the funds provided for this section may be expended annually for recruitment materials.

Sec. 81. RCW 74.13.325 and 1997 c 272 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Within available resources, the department <u>and supervising agencies</u> shall increase the number of adoptive and foster families available to accept children through an intensive recruitment and retention program. The department shall ((eontract with a private agency to)) enter into performance-based contracts with supervising agencies, under which the agencies will coordinate all foster care

and adoptive home recruitment activities ((for the department and private agencies)).

- **Sec. 82.** RCW 74.13.333 and 2004 c 181 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- A foster parent who believes that a department <u>or supervising agency</u> employee has retaliated against the foster parent or in any other manner discriminated against the foster parent because:
- (1) The foster parent made a complaint with the office of the family and children's ombudsman, the attorney general, law enforcement agencies, ((or)) the department, or the supervising agency, provided information, or otherwise cooperated with the investigation of such a complaint;
- (2) The foster parent has caused to be instituted any proceedings under or related to Title 13 RCW;
- (3) The foster parent has testified or is about to testify in any proceedings under or related to Title 13 RCW;
 - (4) The foster parent has advocated for services on behalf of the foster child;
- (5) The foster parent has sought to adopt a foster child in the foster parent's care; or
- (6) The foster parent has discussed or consulted with anyone concerning the foster parent's rights under this chapter or chapter 74.15 or 13.34 RCW, may file a complaint with the office of the family and children's ombudsman. The office of the family and children's ombudsman shall include its recommendations regarding complaints filed under this section in its annual report pursuant to RCW 43.06A.030. The office of the family and children's ombudsman shall identify trends which may indicate a need to improve relations between the department or supervising agency and foster parents.
- **Sec. 83.** RCW 74.13.334 and 2004 c 181 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The department <u>and supervising agency</u> shall develop procedures for responding to recommendations of the office of the family and children's ombudsman as a result of any and all complaints filed by foster parents under RCW 74.13.333.

- **Sec. 84.** RCW 74.13.500 and 2005 c 274 s 351 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Consistent with the provisions of chapter 42.56 RCW and applicable federal law, the secretary, or the secretary's designee, shall disclose information regarding the abuse or neglect of a child, the investigation of the abuse, neglect, or near fatality of a child, and any services related to the abuse or neglect of a child if any one of the following factors is present:
- (a) The subject of the report has been charged in an accusatory instrument with committing a crime related to a report maintained by the department in its case and management information system;
- (b) The investigation of the abuse or neglect of the child by the department or the provision of services by the department or a supervising agency has been publicly disclosed in a report required to be disclosed in the course of their official duties, by a law enforcement agency or official, a prosecuting attorney, any other state or local investigative agency or official, or by a judge of the superior court;

- (c) There has been a prior knowing, voluntary public disclosure by an individual concerning a report of child abuse or neglect in which such individual is named as the subject of the report; or
- (d) The child named in the report has died and the child's death resulted from abuse or neglect or the child was in the care of, or receiving services from the department or a supervising agency at the time of death or within twelve months before death.
- (2) The secretary is not required to disclose information if the factors in subsection (1) of this section are present if he or she specifically determines the disclosure is contrary to the best interests of the child, the child's siblings, or other children in the household.
- (3) Except for cases in subsection (1)(d) of this section, requests for information under this section shall specifically identify the case about which information is sought and the facts that support a determination that one of the factors specified in subsection (1) of this section is present.
- (4) For the purposes of this section, "near fatality" means an act that, as certified by a physician, places the child in serious or critical condition. The secretary is under no obligation to have an act certified by a physician in order to comply with this section.
- **Sec. 85.** RCW 74.13.515 and 2005 c 274 s 352 are each amended to read as follows:

For purposes of RCW 74.13.500(1)(d), the secretary must make the fullest possible disclosure consistent with chapter 42.56 RCW and applicable federal law in cases of all fatalities of children who were in the care of, or receiving services from, the department or a supervising agency at the time of their death or within the twelve months previous to their death.

If the secretary specifically determines that disclosure of the name of the deceased child is contrary to the best interests of the child's siblings or other children in the household, the secretary may remove personally identifying information.

For the purposes of this section, "personally identifying information" means the name, street address, social security number, and day of birth of the child who died and of private persons who are relatives of the child named in child welfare records. "Personally identifying information" shall not include the month or year of birth of the child who has died. Once this personally identifying information is removed, the remainder of the records pertaining to a child who has died must be released regardless of whether the remaining facts in the records are embarrassing to the unidentifiable other private parties or to identifiable public workers who handled the case.

Sec. 86. RCW 74.13.525 and 2005 c 274 s 353 are each amended to read as follows:

The department <u>or supervising agency</u>, when acting in good faith, is immune from any criminal or civil liability, except as provided under RCW 42.56.550, for any action taken under RCW 74.13.500 through 74.13.520.

- Sec. 87. RCW 74.13.530 and 2001 c 318 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) No child may be placed or remain in a specific out-of-home placement under this chapter or chapter 13.34 RCW when there is a conflict of interest on

the part of any adult residing in the home in which the child is to be or has been placed. A conflict of interest exists when:

- (a) There is an adult in the home who, as a result of: (i) His or her employment; and (ii) an allegation of abuse or neglect of the child, conducts or has conducted an investigation of the allegation; or
- (b) The child has been, is, or is likely to be a witness in any pending cause of action against any adult in the home when the cause includes: (i) An allegation of abuse or neglect against the child or any sibling of the child; or (ii) a claim of damages resulting from wrongful interference with the parent-child relationship of the child and his or her biological or adoptive parent.
- (2) For purposes of this section, "investigation" means the exercise of professional judgment in the review of allegations of abuse or neglect by: (a) Law enforcement personnel; (b) persons employed by, or under contract with, the state; (c) persons licensed to practice law and their employees; and (d) mental health professionals as defined in chapter 71.05 RCW.
- (3) The prohibition set forth in subsection (1) of this section may not be waived or deferred by the department or a supervising agency under any circumstance or at the request of any person, regardless of who has made the request or the length of time of the requested placement.
- **Sec. 88.** RCW 74.13.560 and 2003 c 112 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The administrative regions of the department and the supervising agencies shall develop protocols with the respective school districts in their regions specifying specific strategies for communication, coordination, and collaboration regarding the status and progress of foster children placed in the region, in order to maximize the educational continuity and achievement for foster children. The protocols shall include methods to assure effective sharing of information consistent with RCW 28A.225.330.

Sec. 89. RCW 74.13.590 and 2003 c 112 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

The department <u>and supervising agencies</u> shall perform the tasks provided in RCW 74.13.550 through 74.13.580 based on available resources.

- **Sec. 90.** RCW 74.13.600 and 2003 c 284 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) For the purposes of this section, "kin" means persons eighteen years of age or older to whom the child is related by blood, adoption, or marriage, including marriages that have been dissolved, and means: (a) Any person denoted by the prefix "grand" or "great"; (b) sibling, whether full, half, or step; (c) uncle or aunt; (d) nephew or niece; or (e) first cousin.
- (2) The department <u>and supervising agencies</u> shall plan, design, and implement strategies to prioritize the placement of children with willing and able kin when out-of-home placement is required.

These strategies must include at least the following:

(a) Development of standardized, statewide procedures to be used <u>by supervising agencies</u> when searching for kin of children prior to out-of-home placement. The procedures must include a requirement that documentation be maintained in the child's case record that identifies kin, and documentation that identifies the assessment criteria and procedures that were followed during all

kin searches. The procedures must be used when a child is placed in out-of-home care under authority of chapter 13.34 RCW, when a petition is filed under RCW 13.32A.140, or when a child is placed under a voluntary placement agreement. To assist with implementation of the procedures, the department or supervising agencies shall request that the juvenile court require parents to disclose to the ((department)) agencies all contact information for available and appropriate kin within two weeks of an entered order. For placements under signed voluntary agreements, the department and supervising agencies shall encourage the parents to disclose to the department and agencies all contact information for available and appropriate kin within two weeks of the date the parent signs the voluntary placement agreement.

- (b) Development of procedures for conducting active outreach efforts to identify and locate kin during all searches. The procedures must include at least the following elements:
- (i) Reasonable efforts to interview known kin, friends, teachers, and other identified community members who may have knowledge of the child's kin, within sixty days of the child entering out-of-home care;
- (ii) Increased use of those procedures determined by research to be the most effective methods of promoting reunification efforts, permanency planning, and placement decisions;
- (iii) Contacts with kin identified through outreach efforts and interviews under this subsection as part of permanency planning activities and change of placement discussions;
- (iv) Establishment of a process for ongoing contact with kin who express interest in being considered as a placement resource for the child; and
- (v) A requirement that when the decision is made to not place the child with any kin, the department or supervising agency provides documentation as part of the child's individual service and safety plan that clearly identifies the rationale for the decision and corrective action or actions the kin must take to be considered as a viable placement option.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to create an entitlement to services or to create judicial authority to order the provision of services to any person or family if the services are unavailable or unsuitable or the child or family is not eligible for such services.
- **Sec. 91.** RCW 74.13.640 and 2008 c 211 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department ((of social and health services)) shall conduct a child fatality review in the event of an unexpected death of a minor in the state who is in the care of or receiving services described in chapter 74.13 RCW from the department or a supervising agency or who has been in the care of or received services described in chapter 74.13 RCW from the department or a supervising agency within one year preceding the minor's death.
- (2) Upon conclusion of a child fatality review required pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, the department shall within one hundred eighty days following the fatality issue a report on the results of the review, unless an extension has been granted by the governor. Reports shall be distributed to the appropriate committees of the legislature, and the department shall create a public web site where all child fatality review reports required under this section shall be posted and maintained.

- (3) The department shall develop and implement procedures to carry out the requirements of subsections (1) and (2) of this section.
- (4) In the event a child fatality is the result of apparent abuse or neglect by the child's parent or caregiver, the department shall ensure that the fatality review team is comprised of individuals who had no previous involvement in the case and whose professional expertise is pertinent to the dynamics of the case.
- (5) In the event of a near-fatality of a child who is in the care of or receiving services described in this chapter from the department or who has been in the care of or received services described in this chapter from the department within one year preceding the near-fatality, the department shall promptly notify the office of the family and children's ombudsman.
- **Sec. 92.** RCW 74.13.650 and 2007 c 220 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

A foster parent critical support and retention program is established to retain foster parents who care for sexually reactive children, physically assaultive children, or children with other high-risk behaviors, as defined in RCW 74.13.280. Services shall consist of short-term therapeutic and educational interventions to support the stability of the placement. The ((foster parent eritical support and retention program is to be implemented under the division of children and family services' contract and supervision. A contractor must demonstrate experience providing in-home case management, as well as experience working with caregivers of children with significant behavioral issues that pose a threat to others or themselves or the stability of the placement) department shall enter into performance-based contracts with supervising agencies to provide this program.

- **Sec. 93.** RCW 74.13.670 and 2007 c 220 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A care provider may not be found to have abused or neglected a child under chapter 26.44 RCW or be denied a license pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031 for any allegations of failure to supervise (($\frac{\text{wherein}}{\text{which}}$)) in which:
- (a) The allegations arise from the child's conduct that is substantially similar to prior behavior of the child, and:
- (i) The child is a sexually reactive youth, exhibits high-risk behaviors, or is physically assaultive or physically aggressive as defined in RCW 74.13.280, and this information and the child's prior behavior was not disclosed to the care provider as required by RCW 74.13.280; and
- (ii) The care provider did not know or have reason to know that the child needed supervision as a sexually reactive or physically assaultive or physically aggressive youth, or because of a documented history of high-risk behaviors, as a result of the care provider's involvement with or independent knowledge of the child or training and experience; or
- (b) The child was not within the reasonable control of the care provider at the time of the incident that is the subject of the allegation, and the care provider was acting in good faith and did not know or have reason to know that reasonable control or supervision of the child was necessary to prevent harm or risk of harm to the child or other persons.

(2) Allegations of child abuse or neglect that meet the provisions of this section shall be designated as "unfounded" as defined in RCW 26.44.020.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 94.** RCW 74.13.085, 74.13.0902, 74.13.095, and 74.15.031 are each recodified as new sections in chapter 43.215 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 95. RCW 74.13.100, 74.13.103, 74.13.106, 74.13.109, 74.13.112, 74.13.115, 74.13.116, 74.13.118, 74.13.121, 74.13.124, 74.13.127, 74.13.130, 74.13.133, 74.13.136, 74.13.139, 74.13.145, 74.13.150, 74.13.152, 74.13.153, 74.13.154, 74.13.155, 74.13.156, 74.13.157, 74.13.158, 74.13.159, 74.13.165, and 74.13.170 are each recodified as a new chapter in Title 74 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 96. Section 63 of this act expires June 30, 2014.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 97.** The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

- (1) RCW 13.34.803 (Drug-affected and alcohol-affected infants—Comprehensive plan—Report) and 1998 c 314 s 40;
 - (2) RCW 13.34.805 (Drug-affected infants—Study) and 1998 c 314 s 31;
- (3) RCW 13.34.8051 (Drug-affected infants—Study—Alcohol-affected infants to be included) and 1998 c 314 s 32;
- (4) RCW 13.34.810 (Implementation of chapter 314, Laws of 1998) and 1998 c 314 s 48;
- (5) RCW 26.44.230 (Abuse of adolescents—Reviews and reports) and 2005 c 345 s 2;
- (6) RCW 74.13.200 (Demonstration project for protection, care, and treatment of children at-risk of abuse or neglect) and 1979 ex.s. c 248 s 1;
- (7) RCW 74.13.210 (Project day care center—Definition) and 1979 ex.s. c 248 s 2;
 - (8) RCW 74.13.220 (Project services) and 1979 ex.s. c 248 s 3;
- (9) RCW 74.13.230 (Project shall utilize community services) and 1979 ex.s. c 248 s 4;
 - (10) RCW 74.13.340 (Foster parent liaison) and 1997 c 272 s 2;
 - (11) RCW 74.13.630 (Family decision meetings) and 2004 c 182 s 2; and
 - (12) RCW 74.13.800 (Intensive resource home pilot) and 2008 c 281 s 2.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 98.** Section 8 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Passed by the House April 21, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 16, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009, with the exception of certain items that were vetoed

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I have approved, except for Sections 1, 14 and 19, Second Substitute House Bill 2106 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to improving child welfare outcomes through the phased implementation of strategic and proven reforms."

Section 1 of the bill is an intent section and includes a sentence that says "It is the duty of the state to provide children at risk of out-of-home placement and their families with reasonable opportunities to access supportive services that enhance their safety and well-being." The bill does not define the term "children at risk of out-of-home placement," but does define "child welfare services" broadly. This section may be interpreted as creating a broad new entitlement that I do not believe was intended.

Section 14 amends RCW 74.15.030 to specify that unfounded allegations of child abuse or neglect shall be disclosed to supervising agencies. This language is in direct conflict with existing statutory language in RCW 26.44.031(4) which specifies that an unfounded, screened-out, or inconclusive report may not be disclosed to any licensed provider.

Section 19 directs the Department of Social and Health Services (Department) to, "within existing resources...develop a curriculum to train child protective services staff in forensic techniques used for investigating allegations of child abuse and neglect." The Department cannot absorb costs associated with unfunded new activities at this time. I agree with the goal of ensuring the quality of our investigations and the local investigation protocols involving the Department, law enforcement and prosecutors are an existing mechanism that can be used to further this goal.

For these reasons, I have vetoed Sections 1, 14 and 19 of Second Substitute House Bill 2106.

With the exception of sections 1, 14 and 19, Second Substitute House Bill 2106 is approved."

CHAPTER 521

[Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill 5688]
DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIPS—EXPANSION OF RIGHTS

AN ACT Relating to further expanding the rights and responsibilities of state registered domestic partners; amending RCW 2.10.030, 6.27.140, 10.77.205, 11.88.030, 26.60.040, 26.60.090, 41.16.010, 41.18.010, 49.78.020, 65.12.035, 71.05.425, 72.09.015, 72.09.712, 72.36.115, 77.36.010, 83.100.046, 83.100.047, and 84.04.050; adding a new section to chapter 26.60 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 34.05 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 1.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 1.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 2.10 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 2.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 2.14 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 2.56 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 4.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 4.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 5.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 6.15 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 6.27 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 7.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 7.68 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9.58 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9.68 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9.68A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9.94A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9A.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9A.40 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9A.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9A.76 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 10.77 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 10.95 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 10.99 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 10.101 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 11.40 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 11.42 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 11.66 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 11.68 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 11.88 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 11.94 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 11.95 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 11.98 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 11.104A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 11.108 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 13.34 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 13.40 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 13.64 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.35 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.51 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.96 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.118 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.120 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 19.09 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 19.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 19.36 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 19.40 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 19.72 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 19.98 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 19.120 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 19.205 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 19.220 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 19.225 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 21.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 21.35 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 23B.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 23B.19 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.09 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.18 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.26 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.27 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.33 RCW; adding a new section to chapter

28B.10 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28B.15 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28B.50 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 30.22 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 31.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.54 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35A.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.88 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 38.42 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 38.52 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.06 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.18 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.26 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.34 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.35 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.37 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.40 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.50 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.54 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.68 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 42.23 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 42.52 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.20B RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.43 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.56 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.180 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.215 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.235 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 46.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.18 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.21A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.22 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.23 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.25 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.29 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.30 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.41 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.46 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.66 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.76 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 49.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 49.48 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 49.74 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 49.77 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 49.78 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 49.86 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 50.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 51.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 59.18 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 59.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 59.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 59.22 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 62A.1 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 65.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 66.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 67.70 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 68.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.02 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.47 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.47A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.58 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.122 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.128 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.190 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71.05 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71.09 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71A.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 72.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 72.09 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 72.23 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 72.36 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 72.64 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 72.66 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 73.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.08A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.09 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.09A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.13 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.15 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.20A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.34 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.41 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 77.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 79A.05 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 80.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 81.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 81.80 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 83.100 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 83.110A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 85.38 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 87.03 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 89.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 91.08 RCW; repealing RCW 26.60.050 and 26.60.055; and providing effective dates.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 26.60 RCW to read as follows:

It is the intent of the legislature that for all purposes under state law, state registered domestic partners shall be treated the same as married spouses. Any privilege, immunity, right, benefit, or responsibility granted or imposed by statute, administrative or court rule, policy, common law or any other law to an individual because the individual is or was a spouse, or because the individual is or was an in-law in a specified way to another individual, is granted on equivalent terms, substantive and procedural, to an individual because the individual is or was in a state registered domestic partnership or because the individual is or was, based on a state registered domestic partnership, related in a specified way to another individual. The provisions of this act shall be liberally construed to achieve equal treatment, to the extent not in conflict with federal law, of state registered domestic partners and married spouses.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 34.05 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Subject to the availability of funds appropriated for this specific purpose, except where inconsistent with federal law or regulations applicable to federal benefit programs, agencies shall amend their rules to reflect the intent of the legislature to ensure that all privileges, immunities, rights, benefits, or responsibilities granted or imposed by statute to an individual because that individual is or was a spouse in a marital relationship are granted or imposed on equivalent terms to an individual because that individual is or was in a state registered domestic partnership.
- (2) Except where inconsistent with federal law or regulations applicable to federal benefit programs, all agency orders creating new rules, or amending existing rules, shall be formulated to reflect the intent stated in subsection (1) of this section.
 - (3) No agency rule is invalid because it does not comply with this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 1.12 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this code, with the exception of chapter 26.04 RCW, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 1.16 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this code, with the exception of chapter 26.04 RCW, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic

partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 2.10 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

- **Sec. 6.** RCW 2.10.030 and 1997 c 88 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) "Retirement system" means the "Washington judicial retirement system" provided herein.
- (2) "Judge" means a person elected or appointed to serve as judge of a court of record as provided in chapters 2.04, 2.06, and 2.08 RCW. "Judge" does not include a person serving as a judge pro tempore except for a judge pro tempore appointed under RCW 2.04.240(2) or 2.06.150(2).
- (3) "Retirement board" means the "Washington judicial retirement board" established herein.
- (4) "Surviving spouse" means the surviving widow or widower <u>or surviving state registered domestic partner</u> of a judge. "Surviving spouse" does not include the divorced spouse of a judge <u>or an individual whose state registered domestic partnership with the judge has been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated.</u>
- (5) "Retirement fund" means the "Washington judicial retirement fund" established herein.
- (6) "Beneficiary" means any person in receipt of a retirement allowance, disability allowance or any other benefit described herein.
- (7) "Monthly salary" means the monthly salary of the position held by the judge.
- (8) "Service" means all periods of time served as a judge, as herein defined. Any calendar month at the beginning or end of a term in which ten or more days are served shall be counted as a full month of service: PROVIDED, That no more than one month's service may be granted for any one calendar month. Only months of service will be counted in the computation of any retirement allowance or other benefit provided for in this chapter. Years of service shall be

determined by dividing the total months of service by twelve. Any fraction of a year of service as so determined shall be taken into account in the computation of such retirement allowance or benefit.

- (9) "Final average salary" means (a) for a judge in service in the same court for a minimum of twelve consecutive months preceding the date of retirement, the salary attached to the position held by the judge immediately prior to retirement; (b) for any other judge, the average monthly salary paid over the highest twenty-four month period in the last ten years of service.
- (10) "Retirement allowance" for the purpose of applying cost of living increases or decreases includes retirement allowances, disability allowances and survivorship benefit.
- (11) "Index" means for any calendar year, that year's annual average consumer price index for urban wage earners and clerical workers, all items (1957-1959 equal one hundred) compiled by the bureau of labor statistics, United States department of labor.
- (12) "Accumulated contributions" means the total amount deducted from the judge's monthly salary pursuant to RCW 2.10.090, together with the regular interest thereon from July 1, 1988, as determined by the director of the department of retirement systems.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 2.12 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 2.14 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 2.56 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** A new section is added to chapter 4.24 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** A new section is added to chapter 4.28 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 5.44 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal

law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** A new section is added to chapter 6.15 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** A new section is added to chapter 6.27 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

- Sec. 15. RCW 6.27.140 and 2003 c 222 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The notice required by RCW 6.27.130(1) to be mailed to or served on an individual judgment debtor shall be in the following form, printed or typed in type no smaller than elite type:

NOTICE OF GARNISHMENT AND OF YOUR RIGHTS

A Writ of Garnishment issued in a Washington court has been or will be served on the garnishee named in the attached copy of the writ. After receipt of the writ, the garnishee is required to withhold payment of any money that was due to you and to withhold any other property of yours that the garnishee held or controlled. This notice of your rights is required by law.

YOU HAVE THE FOLLOWING EXEMPTION RIGHTS:

WAGES. If the garnishee is your employer who owes wages or other personal earnings to you, your employer is required to pay amounts to you that are exempt under state and federal laws, as explained in the writ of garnishment. You should receive a copy of your employer's answer, which will show how the exempt amount was calculated. If the garnishment is for child support, the exempt amount paid to you will be forty percent of wages due you, but if you are supporting a spouse, state registered domestic partner, or dependent child, you are entitled to claim an additional ten percent as exempt.

BANK ACCOUNTS. If the garnishee is a bank or other institution with which you have an account in which you have deposited benefits such as Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, Supplemental Security Income (SSI), Social Security, veterans' benefits, unemployment compensation, or a United States pension, you may claim the account as fully exempt if you have deposited only such benefit funds in the account. It may be partially exempt even though you have deposited money from other sources in the same account. An exemption is also available under RCW 26.16.200, providing that funds in a community bank account that can be identified as the earnings of a stepparent are exempt from a garnishment on the child support obligation of the parent.

OTHER EXEMPTIONS. If the garnishee holds other property of yours, some or all of it may be exempt under RCW 6.15.010, a Washington statute that exempts up to five hundred dollars of property of your choice (including up to one hundred dollars in cash or in a bank account) and certain property such as household furnishings, tools of trade, and a motor vehicle (all limited by differing dollar values).

HOW TO CLAIM EXEMPTIONS. Fill out the enclosed claim form and mail or deliver it as described in instructions on the claim form. If the plaintiff does not object to your claim, the funds or other property that you have claimed as exempt must be released not later than 10 days after the plaintiff receives your claim form. If the plaintiff objects, the law requires a hearing not later than 14 days after the plaintiff receives your claim form, and notice of the objection and hearing date will be mailed to you at the address that you put on the claim form.

THE LAW ALSO PROVIDES OTHER EXEMPTION RIGHTS. IF NECESSARY, AN ATTORNEY CAN ASSIST YOU TO ASSERT THESE AND OTHER RIGHTS, BUT YOU MUST ACT IMMEDIATELY TO AVOID LOSS OF RIGHTS BY DELAY

(2) The claim form required by RCW 6.27.130(1) to be mailed to or served on an individual judgment debtor shall be in the following form, printed or typed in type no smaller than elite type:

	[Caption to be filled in by judgme or plaintiff before mailing	ent creditor g.]
Name o	of Court	
	No Plaintiff,	0
	VS.	
	Defendant,	PTION CLAIM
Gai	arnishee Defendant	
INSTR	RUCTIONS:	
1 (t	Read this whole form after read notice. Then put an X in the b describe your exemption claim or of the necessary information on the additional space is needed, use the page or attach another sheet.	ox or boxes that claims and write in e blank lines. It
t t	Make two copies of the completed original form by first-class mail of clerk of the court, whose address bottom of the writ of garnishment the copies by first-class mail or plaintiff or plaintiff's attorney, address are shown at the bottom the other copy. YOU SHOUL QUICKLY AS POSSIBLE, B THAN 28 DAYS (4 WEEKS) AF ON THE WRIT.	or in person to the s is shown at the st. Deliver one of in person to the whose name and of the writ. Keep D DO THIS AS UT NO LATER
I/We cl	claim the following money or propo	erty as exempt:
IF BA	NK ACCOUNT IS GARNISHED	·
[] The	ne account contains payments from	:
[]	Temporary assistance for needy other public assistance. I recomonthly.	

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

[] [] []	Social Security. I receive \$ monthly. Veterans' Benefits. I receive \$ monthly. U.S. Government Pension. I receive \$
[]	monthly. Unemployment Compensation. I receive \$monthly.
[]	Child support. I receive \$ monthly. Other. Explain
	EMPTION IN BANK ACCOUNT IS CLAIMED,
ANSW	ER ONE OR BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING:
[]	No money other than from above payments are in the account.
[]	Moneys in addition to the above payments have been deposited in the account. Explain
IF EA SUPPC	RNINGS ARE GARNISHED FOR CHILD ORT:
[] []	I claim maximum exemption. I am supporting another child or other children. I am supporting a husband ((or a)), wife, or state registered domestic partner.
	NSION OR RETIREMENT BENEFITS ARE ISHED:
	Name and address of employer who is paying the penefits:
OTHEI	R PROPERTY:
[] I	Describe property
r	If you claim other personal property as exempt, you must attach a list of all other personal property that you own.)

Print: Your name If married or in a state registered domestic partnership, name of husband/wife/state registered domestic partner Your signature Signature of husband ((or)), wife, or state registered domestic partner Address Address (if different from yours) Telephone number Telephone number (if different from yours)

CAUTION: If the plaintiff objects to your claim, you will have to go to court and give proof of your claim. For example, if you claim that a bank account is exempt, you may have to show the judge your bank statements and papers that show the source of the money you deposited in the bank. Your claim may be granted more quickly if you attach copies of such proof to your claim.

IF THE JUDGE DENIES YOUR EXEMPTION CLAIM, YOU WILL HAVE TO PAY THE PLAINTIFF'S COSTS. IF THE JUDGE DECIDES THAT YOU DID NOT MAKE THE CLAIM IN GOOD FAITH, HE OR SHE MAY DECIDE THAT YOU MUST PAY THE PLAINTIFF'S ATTORNEY FEES.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 16.** A new section is added to chapter 7.08 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 17.** A new section is added to chapter 7.68 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state

registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 18.** A new section is added to chapter 9.58 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 19.** A new section is added to chapter 9.68 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 20.** A new section is added to chapter 9.68A RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 21.** A new section is added to chapter 9.94A RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 22.** A new section is added to chapter 9A.16 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 23.** A new section is added to chapter 9A.40 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 24.** A new section is added to chapter 9A.44 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal

law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 25.** A new section is added to chapter 9A.76 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 26.** A new section is added to chapter 10.77 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

Sec. 27. RCW 10.77.205 and 2000 c 94 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1)(a) At the earliest possible date, and in no event later than thirty days before conditional release, release, authorized furlough pursuant to RCW 10.77.163, or transfer to a less-restrictive facility than a state mental hospital, the superintendent shall send written notice of the conditional release, release, authorized furlough, or transfer of a person who has been found not guilty of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense by reason of insanity and who is now in the custody of the department pursuant to this chapter, to the following:
 - (i) The chief of police of the city, if any, in which the person will reside; and
 - (ii) The sheriff of the county in which the person will reside.
- (b) The same notice as required by (a) of this subsection shall be sent to the following, if such notice has been requested in writing about a specific person committed under this chapter:
- (i) The victim of the crime for which the person was committed or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide;
- (ii) Any witnesses who testified against the person in any court proceedings; and

- (iii) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney. Information regarding victims, next of kin, or witnesses requesting the notice, information regarding any other person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the notice are confidential and shall not be available to the person committed under this chapter.
- (c) In addition to the notice requirements of (a) and (b) of this subsection, the superintendent shall comply with RCW 10.77.163.
- (d) The thirty-day notice requirement contained in (a) and (b) of this subsection shall not apply to emergency medical furloughs.
- (e) The existence of the notice requirements in (a) and (b) of this subsection shall not require any extension of the release date in the event the release plan changes after notification.
- (2) If a person who has been found not guilty of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense by reason of insanity and who is committed under this chapter escapes, the superintendent shall immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means available, the chief of police of the city and the sheriff of the county in which the person resided immediately before the person's arrest. If previously requested, the superintendent shall also notify the witnesses and the victim, if any, of the crime for which the person was committed or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide. The superintendent shall also notify appropriate persons pursuant to RCW 10.77.165. If the person is recaptured, the secretary shall send notice to the persons designated in this subsection as soon as possible but in no event later than two working days after the department learns of such recapture.
- (3) If the victim, the victim's next of kin, or any witness is under the age of sixteen, the notice required by this section shall be sent to the parents or legal guardian of the child.
- (4) The department shall send the notices required by this chapter to the last address provided to the department by the requesting party. The requesting party shall furnish the department with a current address.
- (5) For purposes of this section the following terms have the following meanings:
 - (a) "Violent offense" means a violent offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
 - (b) "Sex offense" means a sex offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
- (c) "Next of kin" means a person's spouse, <u>state registered domestic partner</u>, parents, siblings, and children;
- (d) "Authorized furlough" means a furlough granted after compliance with RCW 10.77.163;
- (e) "Felony harassment offense" means a crime of harassment as defined in RCW 9A.46.060 that is a felony.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 28.** A new section is added to chapter 10.95 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal

law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 29.** A new section is added to chapter 10.99 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 30.** A new section is added to chapter 10.101 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 31.** A new section is added to chapter 11.40 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 32.** A new section is added to chapter 11.42 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state

registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 33.** A new section is added to chapter 11.66 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 34.** A new section is added to chapter 11.68 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 35.** A new section is added to chapter 11.88 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

- **Sec. 36.** RCW 11.88.030 and 1996 c 249 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Any person or entity may petition for the appointment of a qualified person, trust company, national bank, or nonprofit corporation authorized in RCW 11.88.020 as the guardian or limited guardian of an incapacitated person. No liability for filing a petition for guardianship or limited guardianship shall attach to a petitioner acting in good faith and upon reasonable basis. A petition for guardianship or limited guardianship shall state:
- (a) The name, age, residence, and post office address of the alleged incapacitated person;
 - (b) The nature of the alleged incapacity in accordance with RCW 11.88.010;
- (c) The approximate value and description of property, including any compensation, pension, insurance, or allowance, to which the alleged incapacitated person may be entitled;
- (d) Whether there is, in any state, a guardian or limited guardian, or pending guardianship action for the person or estate of the alleged incapacitated person;
- (e) The residence and post office address of the person whom petitioner asks to be appointed guardian or limited guardian;
- (f) The names and addresses, and nature of the relationship, so far as known or can be reasonably ascertained, of the persons most closely related by blood $((\Theta r))$, marriage, or state registered domestic partnership to the alleged incapacitated person;
- (g) The name and address of the person or facility having the care and custody of the alleged incapacitated person;
- (h) The reason why the appointment of a guardian or limited guardian is sought and the interest of the petitioner in the appointment, and whether the appointment is sought as guardian or limited guardian of the person, the estate, or both;
- (i) A description of any alternate arrangements previously made by the alleged incapacitated person, such as trusts or powers of attorney, including identifying any guardianship nominations contained in a power of attorney, and why a guardianship is nevertheless necessary;
- (j) The nature and degree of the alleged incapacity and the specific areas of protection and assistance requested and the limitation of rights requested to be included in the court's order of appointment;
- (k) The requested term of the limited guardianship to be included in the court's order of appointment;
- (l) Whether the petitioner is proposing a specific individual to act as guardian ad litem and, if so, the individual's knowledge of or relationship to any of the parties, and why the individual is proposed.
- (2)(a) The attorney general may petition for the appointment of a guardian or limited guardian in any case in which there is cause to believe that a guardianship is necessary and no private party is able and willing to petition.
- (b) Prepayment of a filing fee shall not be required in any guardianship or limited guardianship brought by the attorney general. Payment of the filing fee shall be ordered from the estate of the incapacitated person at the hearing on the merits of the petition, unless in the judgment of the court, such payment would impose a hardship upon the incapacitated person, in which case the filing shall be waived.

- (3) No filing fee shall be charged by the court for filing either a petition for guardianship or a petition for limited guardianship if the petition alleges that the alleged incapacitated person has total assets of a value of less than three thousand dollars.
- (4)(a) Notice that a guardianship proceeding has been commenced shall be personally served upon the alleged incapacitated person and the guardian ad litem along with a copy of the petition for appointment of a guardian. Such notice shall be served not more than five court days after the petition has been filed
- (b) Notice under this subsection shall include a clear and easily readable statement of the legal rights of the alleged incapacitated person that could be restricted or transferred to a guardian by a guardianship order as well as the right to counsel of choice and to a jury trial on the issue of incapacity. Such notice shall be in substantially the following form and shall be in capital letters, double-spaced, and in a type size not smaller than ten-point type:

IMPORTANT NOTICE PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

A PETITION TO HAVE A GUARDIAN APPOINTED FOR YOU HAS BEEN FILED IN THE COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT BY IF A GUARDIAN IS APPOINTED, YOU COULD LOSE ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING RIGHTS:

- (1) TO MARRY ((OR)), DIVORCE, <u>OR ENTER INTO OR END A STATE</u> REGISTERED DOMESTIC PARTNERSHIP;
 - (2) TO VOTE OR HOLD AN ELECTED OFFICE;
 - (3) TO ENTER INTO A CONTRACT OR MAKE OR REVOKE A WILL;
 - (4) TO APPOINT SOMEONE TO ACT ON YOUR BEHALF;
 - (5) TO SUE AND BE SUED OTHER THAN THROUGH A GUARDIAN;
 - (6) TO POSSESS A LICENSE TO DRIVE;
 - (7) TO BUY, SELL, OWN, MORTGAGE, OR LEASE PROPERTY;
 - (8) TO CONSENT TO OR REFUSE MEDICAL TREATMENT;
 - (9) TO DECIDE WHO SHALL PROVIDE CARE AND ASSISTANCE;
- (10) TO MAKE DECISIONS REGARDING SOCIAL ASPECTS OF YOUR LIFE.

UNDER THE LAW, YOU HAVE CERTAIN RIGHTS.

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO BE REPRESENTED BY A LAWYER OF YOUR OWN CHOOSING. THE COURT WILL APPOINT A LAWYER TO REPRESENT YOU IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO PAY OR PAYMENT WOULD RESULT IN A SUBSTANTIAL HARDSHIP TO YOU.

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO ASK FOR A JURY TO DECIDE WHETHER OR NOT YOU NEED A GUARDIAN TO HELP YOU.

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO BE PRESENT IN COURT AND TESTIFY WHEN THE HEARING IS HELD TO DECIDE WHETHER OR NOT YOU NEED A GUARDIAN. IF A GUARDIAN AD LITEM IS APPOINTED, YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO REQUEST THE COURT TO REPLACE THAT PERSON.

(5) All petitions filed under the provisions of this section shall be heard within sixty days unless an extension of time is requested by a party or the guardian ad litem within such sixty day period and granted for good cause shown. If an extension is granted, the court shall set a new hearing date.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 37.** A new section is added to chapter 11.94 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 38.** A new section is added to chapter 11.95 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 39.** A new section is added to chapter 11.98 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 40.** A new section is added to chapter 11.104A RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state

registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 41.** A new section is added to chapter 11.108 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 42.** A new section is added to chapter 13.34 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 43.** A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 44.** A new section is added to chapter 13.64 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 45.** A new section is added to chapter 18.20 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 46.** A new section is added to chapter 18.35 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 47.** A new section is added to chapter 18.51 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 48.** A new section is added to chapter 18.96 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 49.** A new section is added to chapter 18.118 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 50.** A new section is added to chapter 18.120 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 51.** A new section is added to chapter 19.09 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state

registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 52.** A new section is added to chapter 19.16 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 53.** A new section is added to chapter 19.36 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 54.** A new section is added to chapter 19.40 RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 55.** A new section is added to chapter 19.72 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 56.** A new section is added to chapter 19.98 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 57.** A new section is added to chapter 19.120 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 58.** A new section is added to chapter 19.205 RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 59.** A new section is added to chapter 19.220 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 60.** A new section is added to chapter 19.225 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 61.** A new section is added to chapter 21.20 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 62.** A new section is added to chapter 21.35 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state

registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 63.** A new section is added to chapter 23B.08 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 64.** A new section is added to chapter 23B.19 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 65.** A new section is added to chapter 26.09 RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 66.** A new section is added to chapter 26.18 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 67.** A new section is added to chapter 26.26 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 68.** A new section is added to chapter 26.27 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 69.** A new section is added to chapter 26.28 RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 70.** A new section is added to chapter 26.33 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

- **Sec. 71.** RCW 26.60.040 and 2007 c 156 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Two persons desiring to become state registered domestic partners who meet the requirements of RCW 26.60.030 may register their domestic partnership by filing a declaration of state registered domestic partnership with the secretary and paying the filing fee established pursuant to subsection (4) of this section. The declaration must be signed by both parties and notarized.
- (2) Upon receipt of a signed, notarized declaration and the filing fee, the secretary shall register the declaration and provide a certificate of state registered domestic partnership to each party named on the declaration.
- (3) The secretary shall permanently maintain a record of each declaration of state registered domestic partnership filed with the secretary. The secretary has the authority to update the records to reflect changes in the status of a state registered domestic partnership, such as a change of address, name, dissolution, or death. The secretary shall provide the state registrar of vital statistics with records of declarations of state registered domestic partnerships.
- (4) The secretary shall set by rule and collect a reasonable fee for filing the declaration, calculated to cover the secretary's costs, but not to exceed fifty dollars. Fees collected under this section are expressly designated for deposit in the secretary of state's revolving fund established under RCW 43.07.130.
- **Sec. 72.** RCW 26.60.090 and 2008 c 6 s 1101 are each amended to read as follows:

A legal union of two persons of the same sex, other than a marriage, that was validly formed in another jurisdiction, and that is substantially equivalent to a domestic partnership under this chapter, shall be recognized as a valid domestic partnership in this state and shall be treated the same as a domestic partnership registered in this state regardless of whether it bears the name domestic partnership.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 73.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.10 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 74.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.15 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships. The rules and time periods to establish residency that apply to spouses of Washington residents shall apply equally to state registered domestic partners of Washington residents.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 75.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.50 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 76.** A new section is added to chapter 30.22 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state

registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 77.** A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 78.** A new section is added to chapter 35.21 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 79.** A new section is added to chapter 35.54 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 80.** A new section is added to chapter 35A.01 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 81.** A new section is added to chapter 36.17 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 82.** A new section is added to chapter 36.88 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 83.** A new section is added to chapter 38.42 RCW to read as follows:

gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 84.** A new section is added to chapter 38.52 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 85.** A new section is added to chapter 41.04 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 86.** A new section is added to chapter 41.06 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 87.** A new section is added to chapter 41.16 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state

registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

Sec. 88. RCW 41.16.010 and 2007 c 218 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of this chapter, unless clearly indicated by the context, words and phrases shall have the following meaning:

- (1) "Beneficiary" shall mean any person or persons designated by a firefighter in a writing filed with the board, and who shall be entitled to receive any benefits of a deceased firefighter under this chapter.
 - (2) "Board" shall mean the municipal firefighters' pension board.
- (3) "Child or children" shall mean a child or children unmarried and under eighteen years of age.
- (4) "Contributions" shall mean and include all sums deducted from the salary of firefighters and paid into the fund as hereinafter provided.
- (5) "Disability" shall mean and include injuries or sickness sustained as a result of the performance of duty.
- (6) "Firefighter" shall mean any person regularly or temporarily, or as a substitute, employed and paid as a member of a fire department, who has passed a civil service examination for firefighter and who is actively employed as a firefighter; and shall include any "prior firefighter."
- (7) "Fire department" shall mean the regularly organized, full time, paid, and employed force of firefighters of the municipality.
 - (8) "Fund" shall mean the firefighters' pension fund created herein.
- (9) "Municipality" shall mean every city and town having a regularly organized full time, paid, fire department employing firefighters.
- (10) "Performance of duty" shall mean the performance of work and labor regularly required of firefighters and shall include services of an emergency nature rendered while off regular duty, but shall not include time spent in traveling to work before answering roll call or traveling from work after dismissal at roll call.
- (11) "Prior firefighter" shall mean a firefighter who was actively employed as a firefighter of a fire department prior to the first day of January, 1947, and who continues such employment thereafter.
- (12) "Retired firefighter" shall mean and include a person employed as a firefighter and retired under the provisions of chapter 50, Laws of 1909, as amended.
- (13) "Widow or widower" means the surviving wife $((\Theta r))$, husband, or state registered domestic partner of a retired firefighter who was retired on account of length of service and who was lawfully married to, or in a state registered domestic partnership with, such firefighter; and whenever that term is used with reference to the wife or former wife $((\Theta r))$, husband or former husband, or current or former state registered domestic partner of a retired firefighter who was retired because of disability, it shall mean his or her lawfully married wife $((\Theta r))$, husband, or state registered domestic partner on the date he or she sustained the injury or contracted the illness that resulted in his or her disability.

Said term shall not mean or include a surviving wife ((or)), husband, or state registered domestic partner who by process of law within one year prior to the retired firefighter's death, collected or attempted to collect from him or her funds for the support of herself or himself or for his or her children.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 89.** A new section is added to chapter 41.18 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

Sec. 90. RCW 41.18.010 and 2007 c 218 s 41 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of this chapter, unless clearly indicated otherwise by the context, words and phrases shall have the meaning hereinafter ascribed.

- (1) "Beneficiary" shall mean any person or persons designated by a firefighter in a writing filed with the board, and who shall be entitled to receive any benefits of a deceased firefighter under this chapter.
- (2) "Firefighter" means any person hereafter regularly or temporarily, or as a substitute newly employed and paid as a member of a fire department, who has passed a civil service examination for firefighters and who is actively employed as a firefighter or, if provided by the municipality by appropriate local legislation, as a fire dispatcher: PROVIDED, Nothing in chapter 209, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. shall impair or permit the impairment of any vested pension rights of persons who are employed as fire dispatchers at the time chapter 209, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. takes effect; and any person heretofore regularly or temporarily, or as a substitute, employed and paid as a member of a fire department, and who has contributed under and been covered by the provisions of chapter 41.16 RCW as now or hereafter amended and who has come under the provisions of this chapter in accordance with RCW 41.18.170 and who is actively engaged as a firefighter or as a member of the fire department as a firefighter or fire dispatcher.
- (3) "Retired firefighter" means and includes a person employed as a firefighter and retired under the provisions of this chapter.
- (4) "Basic salary" means the basic monthly salary, including longevity pay, attached to the rank held by the retired firefighter at the date of his or her retirement, without regard to extra compensation which such firefighter may have received for special duties assignments not acquired through civil service examination: PROVIDED, That such basic salary shall not be deemed to exceed the salary of a battalion chief.
- (5) "Widow or widower" means the surviving spouse of a firefighter and shall include the surviving wife $((\Theta + 1))_{\alpha}$ husband, or state registered domestic

partner of a firefighter, retired on account of length of service, who was lawfully married to, or in a state registered domestic partnership with, him or to her for a period of five years prior to the time of his or her retirement; and the surviving wife ((or)), husband, or state registered domestic partner of a firefighter, retired on account of disability, who was lawfully married to, or in a state registered domestic partnership with, him or her at and prior to the time he or she sustained the injury or contracted the illness resulting in his or her disability. The word shall not mean the divorced wife or husband or former state registered domestic partner of an active or retired firefighter.

- (6) "Child" or "children" means a firefighter's child or children under the age of eighteen years, unmarried, and in the legal custody of such firefighter at the time of his death or her death.
- (7) "Earned interest" means and includes all annual increments to the firefighters' pension fund from income earned by investment of the fund. The earned interest payable to any firefighter when he or she leaves the service and accepts his or her contributions, shall be that portion of the total earned income of the fund which is directly attributable to each individual firefighter's contributions. Earnings of the fund for the preceding year attributable to individual contributions shall be allocated to individual firefighters' accounts as of January 1st of each year.
 - (8) "Board" shall mean the municipal firefighters' pension board.
- (9) "Contributions" shall mean and include all sums deducted from the salary of firefighters and paid into the fund as hereinafter provided.
- (10) "Disability" shall mean and include injuries or sickness sustained by a firefighter.
- (11) "Fire department" shall mean the regularly organized, full time, paid, and employed force of firefighters of the municipality.
- (12) "Fund" shall have the same meaning as in RCW 41.16.010 as now or hereafter amended. Such fund shall be created in the manner and be subject to the provisions specified in chapter 41.16 RCW as now or hereafter amended.
- (13) "Municipality" shall mean every city, town and fire protection district having a regularly organized full time, paid, fire department employing firefighters.
- (14) "Performance of duty" shall mean the performance of work or labor regularly required of firefighters and shall include services of an emergency nature normally rendered while off regular duty.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 91.** A new section is added to chapter 41.20 RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 92.** A new section is added to chapter 41.24 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 93.** A new section is added to chapter 41.26 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 94.** A new section is added to chapter 41.28 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 95.** A new section is added to chapter 41.32 RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 96.** A new section is added to chapter 41.34 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 97.** A new section is added to chapter 41.35 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 98.** A new section is added to chapter 41.37 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 99.** A new section is added to chapter 41.40 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state

registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 100.** A new section is added to chapter 41.44 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 101.** A new section is added to chapter 41.50 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 102.** A new section is added to chapter 41.54 RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 103.** A new section is added to chapter 41.68 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 104.** A new section is added to chapter 42.23 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 105.** A new section is added to chapter 42.52 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 106.** A new section is added to chapter 43.20B RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 107.** A new section is added to chapter 43.43 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 108.** A new section is added to chapter 43.56 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 109.** A new section is added to chapter 43.180 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 110.** A new section is added to chapter 43.215 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 111.** A new section is added to chapter 43.235 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 112.** A new section is added to chapter 46.04 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this title, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 113.** A new section is added to chapter 48.17 RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 114.** A new section is added to chapter 48.18 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 115.** A new section is added to chapter 48.20 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 116.** A new section is added to chapter 48.21 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 117.** A new section is added to chapter 48.21A RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 118.** A new section is added to chapter 48.22 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 119.** A new section is added to chapter 48.23 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 120.** A new section is added to chapter 48.24 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 121.** A new section is added to chapter 48.25 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state

registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 122.** A new section is added to chapter 48.29 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 123.** A new section is added to chapter 48.30 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 124.** A new section is added to chapter 48.41 RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 125.** A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 126.** A new section is added to chapter 48.44 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 127.** A new section is added to chapter 48.46 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 128.** A new section is added to chapter 48.66 RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 129.** A new section is added to chapter 48.76 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 130.** A new section is added to chapter 49.12 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 131.** A new section is added to chapter 49.48 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 132.** A new section is added to chapter 49.74 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state

registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 133.** A new section is added to chapter 49.77 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 134.** A new section is added to chapter 49.78 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

Sec. 135. RCW 49.78.020 and 2006 c 59 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

- (1) "Child" means a biological, adopted, or foster child, a stepchild, a legal ward, or a child of a person standing in loco parentis, who is: (a) Under eighteen years of age; or (b) eighteen years of age or older and incapable of self-care because of a mental or physical disability.
 - (2) "Department" means the department of labor and industries.
 - (3) "Director" means the director of the department.
- (4)(a) "Employee" means a person who has been employed: (i) For at least twelve months by the employer with respect to whom leave is requested under RCW 49.78.220; and (ii) for at least one thousand two hundred fifty hours of service with the employer during the previous twelve-month period.

- (b) "Employee" does not mean a person who is employed at a worksite at which the employer as defined in (a) of this subsection employs less than fifty employees if the total number of employees employed by that employer within seventy-five miles of that worksite is less than fifty.
- (5) "Employer" means: (a) Any person, firm, corporation, partnership, business trust, legal representative, or other business entity which engages in any business, industry, profession, or activity in this state and includes any unit of local government including, but not limited to, a county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasi-municipal corporation, or political subdivision, which employs fifty or more employees for each working day during each of twenty or more calendar workweeks in the current or preceding calendar year; (b) the state, state institutions, and state agencies; and (c) any unit of local government including, but not limited to, a county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasi-municipal corporation, or political subdivision.
- (6) "Employment benefits" means all benefits provided or made available to employees by an employer, including group life insurance, health insurance, disability insurance, sick leave, annual leave, educational benefits, and pensions except benefits that are provided by a practice or written policy of an employer or through an employee benefit plan as defined in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1002(3).
- (7) "Family member" means a child, parent, ((ex)) spouse, or state registered domestic partner of an employee.
- (8) "Health care provider" means: (a) A person licensed as a physician under chapter 18.71 RCW or an osteopathic physician and surgeon under chapter 18.57 RCW; (b) a person licensed as an advanced registered nurse practitioner under chapter 18.79 RCW; or (c) any other person determined by the director to be capable of providing health care services.
- (9) "Intermittent leave" is leave taken in separate blocks of time due to a single qualifying reason.
- (10) "Leave for a family member's serious health condition" means leave as described in RCW 49.78.220(1)(c).
- (11) "Leave for the birth or placement of a child" means leave as described in RCW 49.78.220(1) (a) or (b).
- (12) "Leave for the employee's serious health condition" means leave as described in RCW 49.78.220(1)(d).
- (13) "Parent" means the biological or adoptive parent of an employee or an individual who stood in loco parentis to an employee when the employee was a child.
- (14) "Period of incapacity" means an inability to work, attend school, or perform other regular daily activities because of the serious health condition, treatment of that condition or recovery from it, or subsequent treatment in connection with such inpatient care.
- (15) "Reduced leave schedule" means a leave schedule that reduces the usual number of hours per workweek, or hours per workday, of an employee.
- (16)(a) "Serious health condition" means an illness, injury, impairment, or physical or mental condition that involves:

- (i) Inpatient care in a hospital, hospice, or residential medical care facility, including any period of incapacity; or
- (ii) Continuing treatment by a health care provider. A serious health condition involving continuing treatment by a health care provider includes any one or more of the following:
- (A) A period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days, and any subsequent treatment or period of incapacity relating to the same condition, that also involves:
- (I) Treatment two or more times by a health care provider, by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider, or by a provider of health care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider; or
- (II) Treatment by a health care provider on at least one occasion which results in a regimen of continuing treatment under the supervision of the health care provider;
 - (B) Any period of incapacity due to pregnancy, or for prenatal care;
- (C) Any period of incapacity or treatment for such incapacity due to a chronic serious health condition. A chronic serious health condition is one which:
- (I) Requires periodic visits for treatment by a health care provider, or by a nurse or physician's assistant under direct supervision of a health care provider;
- (II) Continues over an extended period of time, including recurring episodes of a single underlying condition; and
 - (III) May cause episodic rather than a continuing period of incapacity;
- (D) A period of incapacity which is permanent or long-term due to a condition for which treatment may not be effective. The employee or family member must be under the continuing supervision of, but need not be receiving active treatment by, a health care provider; or
- (E) Any period of absence to receive multiple treatments, including any period of recovery from the treatments, by a health care provider or by a provider of health care services under orders of, or on referral by, a health care provider, either for restorative surgery after an accident or other injury, or for a condition that would likely result in a period of incapacity of more than three consecutive calendar days in the absence of medical intervention or treatment, such as cancer, severe arthritis, or kidney disease.
- (b) Treatment for purposes of (a) of this subsection includes, but is not limited to, examinations to determine if a serious health condition exists and evaluations of the condition. Treatment does not include routine physical examinations, eye examinations, or dental examinations. Under (a)(ii)(A)(II) of this subsection, a regimen of continuing treatment includes, but is not limited to, a course of prescription medication or therapy requiring special equipment to resolve or alleviate the health condition. A regimen of continuing treatment that includes taking over-the-counter medications, such as aspirin, antihistamines, or salves, or bed-rest, drinking fluids, exercise, and other similar activities that can be initiated without a visit to a health care provider, is not, by itself, sufficient to constitute a regimen of continuing treatment for purposes of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions for which cosmetic treatments are administered are not "serious health conditions" unless inpatient hospital care is required or unless complications develop. Unless complications arise, the common cold, the flu,

ear aches, upset stomach, minor ulcers, headaches other than migraine, routine dental or orthodontia problems, and periodontal disease are examples of conditions that do not meet the definition of a "serious health condition" and do not qualify for leave under this chapter. Restorative dental or plastic surgery after an injury or removal of cancerous growths are serious health conditions provided all the other conditions of this section are met. Mental illness resulting from stress or allergies may be serious health conditions provided all the other conditions of this section are met.

- (d) Substance abuse may be a serious health condition if the conditions of this section are met. However, leave may only be taken for treatment for substance abuse by a health care provider or by a provider of health care services upon referral by a health care provider. Absence from work because of the employee's use of the substance, rather than for treatment, does not qualify for leave under this chapter.
- (e) Absences attributable to incapacity under (a)(ii)(B) or (C) of this subsection qualify for leave under this chapter even though the employee or the immediate family member does not receive treatment from a health care provider during the absence, and even if the absence does not last more than three days.
- (17) "Spouse" means a husband or wife, as the case may be, or state registered domestic partner.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 136.** A new section is added to chapter 49.86 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 137.** A new section is added to chapter 50.04 RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 138.** A new section is added to chapter 51.08 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this title, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 139.** A new section is added to chapter 59.18 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 140.** A new section is added to chapter 59.20 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 141.** A new section is added to chapter 59.21 RCW to read as follows:

husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 142.** A new section is added to chapter 59.22 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 143.** A new section is added to chapter 62A.1 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this title, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 144.** A new section is added to chapter 65.12 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

Sec. 145. RCW 65.12.035 and 1907 c 250 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

The form of application may, with appropriate changes, be substantially as follows:

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR INITIAL REGISTRATION OF TITLE TO LAND

State of Washington	
County of,	SS.
In the superior court of the state of county.	Washington in and for
In the matter of the application of to register the title to the land hereinafter described	PETITION
To the Honorable , judge of said court: I hereby make application to have registered the title to the land hereinafter described, and do solemnly swear that the answers to the questions herewith, and the statements herein contained, are true to the best of my knowledge, information and belief. First. Name of applicant, , age, years. Residence, (number and street, if any). Married to or in a state registered domestic partnership with (name of husband ((or)), wife, or state registered domestic partner). Second. Applications made by , acting as (owner, agent or attorney). Residence, (number, street). Third. Description of real estate is as follows:	
estate or interest therein is and subject to homestead. Fourth. The land is occupied by (names of occupants), whose address is (number street and town or city). The estate, interest or claim of occupant is	

Fifth. Liens and incumbrances on the land Name of holder or owner thereof is Whose post office address is Amount of claim, \$. . . . Recorded, Book . . . , page . . . , of the records of said county. Sixth. Other persons, firm or corporation having or claiming any estate, interest or claim in law or equity, in possession, remainder, reversion or expectancy in said land are whose addresses are respectively. Seventh. Other facts connected with said land and appropriate to be considered in this registration proceeding Eighth. Therefore, the applicant prays this honorable court to find or declare the title or interest of the applicant in said land and decree the same, and order the registrar of titles to register the same and to grant such other and further relief as may be proper in the premises. (Applicant's signature) By , agent, attorney, administrator or guardian. Subscribed and sworn to before me this day of , A.D. 19. . . Notary Public in and for the state of Washington, residing at

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 146.** A new section is added to chapter 66.24 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 147.** A new section is added to chapter 67.70 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married

persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 148.** A new section is added to chapter 68.04 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this title, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 149.** A new section is added to chapter 70.02 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 150.** A new section is added to chapter 70.24 RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 151.** A new section is added to chapter 70.47 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 152.** A new section is added to chapter 70.47A RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 153.** A new section is added to chapter 70.58 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 154.** A new section is added to chapter 70.122 RCW to read as follows:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 155.** A new section is added to chapter 70.128 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 156.** A new section is added to chapter 70.190 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 157.** A new section is added to chapter 71.05 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

Sec. 158. RCW 71.05.425 and 2008 c 213 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, at the earliest possible date, and in no event later than thirty days before conditional release, final release, authorized leave under RCW 71.05.325(2), or transfer to a facility

other than a state mental hospital, the superintendent shall send written notice of conditional release, release, authorized leave, or transfer of a person committed under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(3)(c) following dismissal of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(4) to the following:

- (i) The chief of police of the city, if any, in which the person will reside; and
- (ii) The sheriff of the county in which the person will reside.
- (b) The same notice as required by (a) of this subsection shall be sent to the following, if such notice has been requested in writing about a specific person committed under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(3)(c) following dismissal of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(4):
- (i) The victim of the sex, violent, or felony harassment offense that was dismissed pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(4) preceding commitment under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(3)(c) or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide:
- (ii) Any witnesses who testified against the person in any court proceedings; and
- (iii) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney. Information regarding victims, next of kin, or witnesses requesting the notice, information regarding any other person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the notice are confidential and shall not be available to the person committed under this chapter.
- (c) The thirty-day notice requirements contained in this subsection shall not apply to emergency medical transfers.
- (d) The existence of the notice requirements in this subsection will not require any extension of the release date in the event the release plan changes after notification.
- (2) If a person committed under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(3)(c) following dismissal of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(4) escapes, the superintendent shall immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means available, the chief of police of the city and the sheriff of the county in which the person resided immediately before the person's arrest. If previously requested, the superintendent shall also notify the witnesses and the victim of the sex, violent, or felony harassment offense that was dismissed pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(4) preceding commitment under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(3) or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide. In addition, the secretary shall also notify appropriate parties pursuant to RCW 71.05.390(18). If the person is recaptured, the superintendent shall send notice to the persons designated in this subsection as soon as possible but in no event later than two working days after the department learns of such recapture.
- (3) If the victim, the victim's next of kin, or any witness is under the age of sixteen, the notice required by this section shall be sent to the parent or legal guardian of the child.
- (4) The superintendent shall send the notices required by this chapter to the last address provided to the department by the requesting party. The requesting party shall furnish the department with a current address.
- (5) For purposes of this section the following terms have the following meanings:

- (a) "Violent offense" means a violent offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
- (b) "Sex offense" means a sex offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
- (c) "Next of kin" means a person's spouse, <u>state registered domestic partner</u>, parents, siblings, and children;
- (d) "Felony harassment offense" means a crime of harassment as defined in RCW 9A.46.060 that is a felony.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 159.** A new section is added to chapter 71.09 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 160.** A new section is added to chapter 71.12 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 161.** A new section is added to chapter 71.32 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 162.** A new section is added to chapter 71A.20 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 163.** A new section is added to chapter 72.01 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 164.** A new section is added to chapter 72.09 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

Sec. 165. RCW 72.09.015 and 2008 c 231 s 47 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Adult basic education" means education or instruction designed to achieve general competence of skills in reading, writing, and oral communication, including English as a second language and preparation and testing services for obtaining a high school diploma or a general equivalency diploma.

- (2) "Base level of correctional services" means the minimum level of field services the department of corrections is required by statute to provide for the supervision and monitoring of offenders.
- (3) "Community custody" has the same meaning as that provided in RCW 9.94A.030 and also includes community placement and community supervision as defined in RCW 9.94B.020.
- (4) "Contraband" means any object or communication the secretary determines shall not be allowed to be: (a) Brought into; (b) possessed while on the grounds of; or (c) sent from any institution under the control of the secretary.
 - (5) "County" means a county or combination of counties.
 - (6) "Department" means the department of corrections.
- (7) "Earned early release" means earned release as authorized by RCW 9.94A.728.
- (8) "Evidence-based" means a program or practice that has had multiple-site random controlled trials across heterogeneous populations demonstrating that the program or practice is effective in reducing recidivism for the population.
- (9) "Extended family visit" means an authorized visit between an inmate and a member of his or her immediate family that occurs in a private visiting unit located at the correctional facility where the inmate is confined.
 - (10) "Good conduct" means compliance with department rules and policies.
- (11) "Good performance" means successful completion of a program required by the department, including an education, work, or other program.
- (12) "Immediate family" means the inmate's children, stepchildren, grandchildren, great grandchildren, parents, stepparents, grandparents, great grandparents, siblings, and a person legally married to or in a state registered domestic partnership with an inmate. "Immediate family" does not include an inmate adopted by another inmate or the immediate family of the adopted or adopting inmate.
- (13) "Indigent inmate," "indigent," and "indigency" mean an inmate who has less than a ten-dollar balance of disposable income in his or her institutional account on the day a request is made to utilize funds and during the thirty days previous to the request.
- (14) "Individual reentry plan" means the plan to prepare an offender for release into the community. It should be developed collaboratively between the department and the offender and based on an assessment of the offender using a standardized and comprehensive tool to identify the offender's risks and needs. The individual reentry plan describes actions that should occur to prepare individual offenders for release from prison or jail, specifies the supervision and services they will experience in the community, and describes an offender's eventual discharge to aftercare upon successful completion of supervision. An individual reentry plan is updated throughout the period of an offender's incarceration and supervision to be relevant to the offender's current needs and risks.
- (15) "Inmate" means a person committed to the custody of the department, including but not limited to persons residing in a correctional institution or facility and persons released from such facility on furlough, work release, or community custody, and persons received from another state, state agency, county, or federal jurisdiction.

- (16) "Privilege" means any goods or services, education or work programs, or earned early release days, the receipt of which are directly linked to an inmate's (a) good conduct; and (b) good performance. Privileges do not include any goods or services the department is required to provide under the state or federal Constitution or under state or federal law.
- (17) "Promising practice" means a practice that presents, based on preliminary information, potential for becoming a research-based or consensus-based practice.
- (18) "Research-based" means a program or practice that has some research demonstrating effectiveness, but that does not yet meet the standard of evidence-based practices.
 - (19) "Secretary" means the secretary of corrections or his or her designee.
- (20) "Significant expansion" includes any expansion into a new product line or service to the class I business that results from an increase in benefits provided by the department, including a decrease in labor costs, rent, or utility rates (for water, sewer, electricity, and disposal), an increase in work program space, tax advantages, or other overhead costs.
- (21) "Superintendent" means the superintendent of a correctional facility under the jurisdiction of the Washington state department of corrections, or his or her designee.
- (22) "Unfair competition" means any net competitive advantage that a business may acquire as a result of a correctional industries contract, including labor costs, rent, tax advantages, utility rates (water, sewer, electricity, and disposal), and other overhead costs. To determine net competitive advantage, the correctional industries board shall review and quantify any expenses unique to operating a for-profit business inside a prison.
- (23) "Vocational training" or "vocational education" means "vocational education" as defined in RCW 72.62.020.
- (24) "Washington business" means an in-state manufacturer or service provider subject to chapter 82.04 RCW existing on June 10, 2004.
- (25) "Work programs" means all classes of correctional industries jobs authorized under RCW 72.09.100.
- **Sec. 166.** RCW 72.09.712 and 2008 c 231 s 27 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) At the earliest possible date, and in no event later than thirty days before release except in the event of escape or emergency furloughs as defined in RCW 72.66.010, the department of corrections shall send written notice of parole, release, community custody, work release placement, furlough, or escape about a specific inmate convicted of a violent offense, a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, or a felony harassment offense as defined by RCW 9A.46.060 or 9A.46.110, to the following:
- (a) The chief of police of the city, if any, in which the inmate will reside or in which placement will be made in a work release program; and
- (b) The sheriff of the county in which the inmate will reside or in which placement will be made in a work release program.

The sheriff of the county where the offender was convicted shall be notified if the department does not know where the offender will reside. The department shall notify the state patrol of the release of all sex offenders, and that information shall be placed in the Washington crime information center for dissemination to all law enforcement.

- (2) The same notice as required by subsection (1) of this section shall be sent to the following if such notice has been requested in writing about a specific inmate convicted of a violent offense, a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, or a felony harassment offense as defined by RCW 9A.46.060 or 9A.46.110:
- (a) The victim of the crime for which the inmate was convicted or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide;
- (b) Any witnesses who testified against the inmate in any court proceedings involving the violent offense;
 - (c) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney; and
- (d) Any person who requests such notice about a specific inmate convicted of a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 from the department of corrections at least sixty days prior to the expected release date of the offender.

Information regarding victims, next of kin, or witnesses requesting the notice, information regarding any other person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the notice are confidential and shall not be available to the inmate. Whenever the department of corrections mails notice pursuant to this subsection and the notice is returned as undeliverable, the department shall attempt alternative methods of notification, including a telephone call to the person's last known telephone number.

- (3) The existence of the notice requirements contained in subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall not require an extension of the release date in the event that the release plan changes after notification.
- (4) If an inmate convicted of a violent offense, a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, or a felony harassment offense as defined by RCW 9A.46.060 or 9A.46.110, escapes from a correctional facility, the department of corrections shall immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means available, the chief of police of the city and the sheriff of the county in which the inmate resided immediately before the inmate's arrest and conviction. If previously requested, the department shall also notify the witnesses and the victim of the crime for which the inmate was convicted or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide. If the inmate is recaptured, the department shall send notice to the persons designated in this subsection as soon as possible but in no event later than two working days after the department learns of such recapture.
- (5) If the victim, the victim's next of kin, or any witness is under the age of sixteen, the notice required by this section shall be sent to the parents or legal guardian of the child.
- (6) The department of corrections shall send the notices required by this chapter to the last address provided to the department by the requesting party. The requesting party shall furnish the department with a current address.
- (7) The department of corrections shall keep, for a minimum of two years following the release of an inmate, the following:
- (a) A document signed by an individual as proof that that person is registered in the victim or witness notification program; and
- (b) A receipt showing that an individual registered in the victim or witness notification program was mailed a notice, at the individual's last known address, upon the release or movement of an inmate.

- (8) For purposes of this section the following terms have the following meanings:
 - (a) "Violent offense" means a violent offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
- (b) "Next of kin" means a person's spouse, <u>state registered domestic partner</u>, parents, siblings and children.
- (9) Nothing in this section shall impose any liability upon a chief of police of a city or sheriff of a county for failing to request in writing a notice as provided in subsection (1) of this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 167.** A new section is added to chapter 72.23 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 168.** A new section is added to chapter 72.36 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

- **Sec. 169.** RCW 72.36.115 and 2007 c 43 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department shall establish and maintain in this state an eastern Washington state veterans' cemetery.
- (2) All honorably discharged veterans, as defined by RCW 41.04.007, and their spouses or state registered domestic partners are eligible for interment in the eastern Washington state veterans' cemetery.
- (3) The department shall collect all federal veterans' burial benefits and other available state or county resources.
- (4) The department shall adopt rules defining the services available, eligibility, fees, and the general operations associated with the eastern Washington state veterans' cemetery.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 170.** A new section is added to chapter 72.64 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 171.** A new section is added to chapter 72.66 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 172.** A new section is added to chapter 73.16 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 173.** A new section is added to chapter 74.04 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal

law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 174.** A new section is added to chapter 74.08A RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 175.** A new section is added to chapter 74.09 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 176.** A new section is added to chapter 74.09A RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 177.** A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state

registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships. Nothing in this act shall be construed as creating or requiring the creation of any medical assistance program, as that term is defined in RCW 74.09.010, for state registered domestic partners that is analogous to federal medical assistance programs extended to married persons.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 178.** A new section is added to chapter 74.15 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships. Nothing in this act shall be construed as creating or requiring the creation of any medical assistance program, as that term is defined in RCW 74.09.010, for state registered domestic partners that is analogous to federal medical assistance programs extended to married persons.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 179.** A new section is added to chapter 74.20 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 180.** A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or

invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 181.** A new section is added to chapter 74.34 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 182.** A new section is added to chapter 74.41 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 183.** A new section is added to chapter 77.08 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this title, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

Sec. 184. RCW 77.36.010 and 1996 c 54 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless otherwise specified, the following definitions apply throughout this chapter:

- (1) "Crop" means a commercially raised horticultural and/or agricultural product and includes growing or harvested product but does not include livestock. For the purposes of this chapter all parts of horticultural trees shall be considered a crop and shall be eligible for claims.
- (2) "Emergency" means an unforeseen circumstance beyond the control of the landowner or tenant that presents a real and immediate threat to crops, domestic animals, or fowl.
- (3) "Immediate family member" means spouse, <u>state registered domestic partner</u>, brother, sister, grandparent, parent, child, or grandchild.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 185.** A new section is added to chapter 79A.05 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 186.** A new section is added to chapter 80.28 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 187.** A new section is added to chapter 81.28 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 188.** A new section is added to chapter 81.80 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 189.** A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 190.** A new section is added to chapter 83.100 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

- **Sec. 191.** RCW 83.100.046 and 2005 c 514 s 1201 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) For the purposes of determining the Washington taxable estate, a deduction is allowed from the federal taxable estate for:
- (a) The value of qualified real property reduced by any amounts allowable as a deduction in respect of the qualified real property and tangible personal property under section 2053(a)(4) of the internal revenue code, if the decedent was at the time of his or her death a citizen or resident of the United States.

- (b) The value of any tangible personal property used by the decedent or a member of the decedent's family for a qualified use on the date of the decedent's death, reduced by any amounts allowable as a deduction in respect of the tangible personal property under section 2053(a)(4) of the internal revenue code, if all of the requirements of subsection (10)(f)(i)(A) of this section are met and the decedent was at the time of his or her death a citizen or resident of the United States.
- (c) The value of real property that is not deductible under (a) of this subsection solely by reason of subsection (10)(f)(i)(B) of this section, reduced by any amounts allowable as a deduction in respect of the qualified real property and tangible personal property under section 2053(a)(4) of the internal revenue code, if the requirements of subsection (10)(f)(i)(C) of this section are met with respect to the property and the decedent was at the time of his or her death a citizen or resident of the United States.
- (2) Property shall be considered to have been acquired from or to have passed from the decedent if:
- (a) The property is so considered under section 1014(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;
 - (b) The property is acquired by any person from the estate; or
- (c) The property is acquired by any person from a trust, to the extent the property is includible in the gross estate of the decedent.
- (3) If the decedent and the decedent's surviving spouse at any time held qualified real property as community property, the interest of the surviving spouse in the property shall be taken into account under this section to the extent necessary to provide a result under this section with respect to the property which is consistent with the result which would have obtained under this section if the property had not been community property.
- (4) In the case of any qualified woodland, the value of trees growing on the woodland may be deducted if otherwise qualified under this section.
- (5) If property is qualified real property with respect to a decedent, hereinafter in this subsection referred to as the "first decedent," and the property was acquired from or passed from the first decedent to the surviving spouse of the first decedent, active management of the farm by the surviving spouse shall be treated as material participation by the surviving spouse in the operation of the farm.
- (6) Property owned indirectly by the decedent may qualify for a deduction under this section if owned through an interest in a corporation, partnership, or trust as the terms corporation, partnership, or trust are used in section 2032A(g) of the Internal Revenue Code. In order to qualify for a deduction under this subsection, the interest, in addition to meeting the other tests for qualification under this section, must qualify under section 6166(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code as an interest in a closely held business on the date of the decedent's death and for sufficient other time, combined with periods of direct ownership, to equal at least five years of the eight-year period preceding the death.
- (7)(a) If, on the date of the decedent's death, the requirements of subsection (10)(f)(i)(C)(II) of this section with respect to the decedent for any property are not met, and the decedent (i) was receiving old age benefits under Title II of the social security act for a continuous period ending on such date, or (ii) was disabled for a continuous period ending on this date, then subsection

- (10)(f)(i)(C)(II) of this section shall be applied with respect to the property by substituting "the date on which the longer of such continuous periods began" for "the date of the decedent's death" in subsection (10)(f)(i)(C) of this section.
- (b) For the purposes of (a) of this subsection, an individual shall be disabled if the individual has a mental or physical impairment which renders that individual unable to materially participate in the operation of the farm.
- (8) Property may be deducted under this section whether or not special valuation is elected under section 2032A of the Internal Revenue Code on the federal return. For the purposes of determining the deduction under this section, the value of property is its value as used to determine the value of the gross estate.
- (9)(a) In the case of any qualified replacement property, any period during which there was ownership, qualified use, or material participation with respect to the replaced property by the decedent or any member of the decedent's family shall be treated as a period during which there was ownership, use, or material participation, as the case may be, with respect to the qualified replacement property.
- (b) Subsection (9)(a) of this section shall not apply to the extent that the fair market value of the qualified replacement property, as of the date of its acquisition, exceeds the fair market value of the replaced property, as of the date of its disposition.
 - (c) For the purposes of this subsection (9), the following definitions apply:
 - (i) "Qualified replacement property" means any real property:
- (A) Which is acquired in an exchange which qualifies under section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; or
- (B) The acquisition of which results in the nonrecognition of gain under section 1033 of the Internal Revenue Code.

The term "qualified replacement property" only includes property which is used for the same qualified use as the replaced property was being used before the exchange.

- (ii) "Replaced property" means the property was:
- (A) Transferred in the exchange which qualifies under section 1031 of the Internal Revenue Code; or
- (B) Compulsorily or involuntarily converted within the meaning of section 1033 of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (10) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
- (a) "Active management" means the making of the management decisions of a farm, other than the daily operating decisions.
- (b) "Farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, fruit, furbearing animal, and truck farms; plantations; ranches; nurseries; ranges; greenhouses or other similar structures used primarily for the raising of agricultural or horticultural commodities; and orchards and woodlands.
 - (c) "Farming purposes" means:
- (i) Cultivating the soil or raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of animals on a farm;
- (ii) Handling, drying, packing, grading, or storing on a farm any agricultural or horticultural commodity in its unmanufactured state, but only if the owner,

tenant, or operator of the farm regularly produces more than one-half of the commodity so treated; and

- (iii)(A) The planting, cultivating, caring for, or cutting of trees; or
- (B) The preparation, other than milling, of trees for market.
- (d) "Member of the family" means, with respect to any individual, only:
- (i) An ancestor of the individual;
- (ii) The spouse or state registered domestic partner of the individual;
- (iii) A lineal descendant of the individual, of the individual's spouse <u>or state</u> registered domestic partner, or of a parent of the individual; or
- (iv) The spouse <u>or state registered domestic partner</u> of any lineal descendant described in (d)(iii) of this subsection.

For the purposes of this subsection (10)(d), a legally adopted child of an individual shall be treated as the child of such individual by blood.

- (e) "Qualified heir" means, with respect to any property, a member of the decedent's family who acquired property, or to whom property passed, from the decedent.
- (f)(i) "Qualified real property" means real property which was acquired from or passed from the decedent to a qualified heir of the decedent and which, on the date of the decedent's death, was being used for a qualified use by the decedent or a member of the decedent's family, but only if:
- (A) Fifty percent or more of the adjusted value of the gross estate consists of the adjusted value of real or personal property which:
- (I) On the date of the decedent's death, was being used for a qualified use by the decedent or a member of the decedent's family; and
- (II) Was acquired from or passed from the decedent to a qualified heir of the decedent;
- (B) Twenty-five percent or more of the adjusted value of the gross estate consists of the adjusted value of real property which meets the requirements of (f)(i)(A)(II) and (f)(i)(C) of this subsection; and
- (C) During the eight-year period ending on the date of the decedent's death there have been periods aggregating five years or more during which:
- (I) The real property was owned by the decedent or a member of the decedent's family and used for a qualified use by the decedent or a member of the decedent's family; and
- (II) There was material participation by the decedent or a member of the decedent's family in the operation of the farm. For the purposes of this subsection (f)(i)(C)(II), material participation shall be determined in a manner similar to the manner used for purposes of section 1402(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.
 - (ii) For the purposes of this subsection, the term "adjusted value" means:
- (A) In the case of the gross estate, the value of the gross estate, determined without regard to any special valuation under section 2032A of the Internal Revenue Code, reduced by any amounts allowable as a deduction under section 2053(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code; or
- (B) In the case of any real or personal property, the value of the property for purposes of chapter 11 of the Internal Revenue Code, determined without regard to any special valuation under section 2032A of the Internal Revenue Code, reduced by any amounts allowable as a deduction in respect of such property under section 2053(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- (g) "Qualified use" means the property is used as a farm for farming purposes. In the case of real property which meets the requirements of (f)(i)(C) of this subsection, residential buildings and related improvements on the real property occupied on a regular basis by the owner or lessee of the real property or by persons employed by the owner or lessee for the purpose of operating or maintaining the real property, and roads, buildings, and other structures and improvements functionally related to the qualified use shall be treated as real property devoted to the qualified use. For tangible personal property eligible for a deduction under subsection (1)(b) of this section, "qualified use" means the property is used primarily for farming purposes on a farm.
 - (h) "Qualified woodland" means any real property which:
 - (i) Is used in timber operations; and
- (ii) Is an identifiable area of land such as an acre or other area for which records are normally maintained in conducting timber operations.
 - (i) "Timber operations" means:
 - (i) The planting, cultivating, caring for, or cutting of trees; or
 - (ii) The preparation, other than milling, of trees for market.
- **Sec. 192.** RCW 83.100.047 and 2005 c 516 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) If the federal taxable estate on the federal return is determined by making an election under section 2056 or 2056A of the Internal Revenue Code, or if no federal return is required to be filed, the department may provide by rule for a separate election on the Washington return, consistent with section 2056 or 2056A of the Internal Revenue Code and (b) of this subsection, for the purpose of determining the amount of tax due under this chapter. The election shall be binding on the estate and the beneficiaries, consistent with the Internal Revenue Code and (b) of this subsection. All other elections or valuations on the Washington return shall be made in a manner consistent with the federal return, if a federal return is required, and such rules as the department may provide.
- (b) The department shall provide by rule that a state registered domestic partner is deemed to be a surviving spouse and entitled to a deduction from the Washington taxable estate for any interest passing from the decedent to his or her domestic partner, consistent with section 2056 or 2056A of the Internal Revenue Code but regardless of whether such interest would be deductible from the federal gross estate under section 2056 or 2056A of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (2) Amounts deducted for federal income tax purposes under section 642(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986((5)) shall not be allowed as deductions in computing the amount of tax due under this chapter.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 193.** A new section is added to chapter 83.110A RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as

husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 194.** A new section is added to chapter 84.04 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this title, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

Sec. 195. RCW 84.04.050 and 1961 c 15 s 84.04.050 are each amended to read as follows:

"Householder" shall be taken to mean and include every person, married, in a state registered domestic partnership, or single, who resides within the state of Washington being the owner or holder of an estate or having a house or place of abode, either as owner or lessee.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 196.** A new section is added to chapter 85.38 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 197.** A new section is added to chapter 87.03 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 198.** A new section is added to chapter 89.12 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 199.** A new section is added to chapter 91.08 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, the terms spouse, marriage, marital, husband, wife, widow, widower, next of kin, and family shall be interpreted as applying equally to state registered domestic partnerships or individuals in state registered domestic partnerships as well as to marital relationships and married persons, and references to dissolution of marriage shall apply equally to state registered domestic partnerships that have been terminated, dissolved, or invalidated, to the extent that such interpretation does not conflict with federal law. Where necessary to implement this act, gender-specific terms such as husband and wife used in any statute, rule, or other law shall be construed to be gender neutral, and applicable to individuals in state registered domestic partnerships.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 200.** The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

- (1) RCW 26.60.050 (Termination—Records—Fees) and 2008 c 6 s 1002 & 2007 c 156 s 6; and
 - (2) RCW 26.60.055 (Termination) and 2008 c 6 s 1001.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 201.** (1) Sections 5 through 8, 79, 87 through 103, 107, 151, 173 through 175, and 190 through 192 of this act take effect January 1, 2014

(2) Sections 165 and 166 of this act take effect August 1, 2009.

Passed by the Senate March 10, 2009.

Passed by the House April 15, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

CHAPTER 522

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1445]

STATE PATROL—RETIREMENT—DOMESTIC PARTNERS

AN ACT Relating to domestic partners under the Washington state patrol retirement system; amending RCW 43.43.120, 43.43.260, 43.43.270, 43.43.271, 43.43.278, 43.43.280, 43.43.295, and 41.05.080; and reenacting and amending RCW 43.43.285.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 43.43.120 and 2001 c 329 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in ((the following sections)) RCW 43.43.120 through 43.43.320, unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context:

- (1) "Retirement system" means the Washington state patrol retirement system.
 - (2) "Retirement fund" means the Washington state patrol retirement fund.
 - (3) "State treasurer" means the treasurer of the state of Washington.
- (4) "Member" means any person included in the membership of the retirement fund.
- (5) "Employee" means any commissioned employee of the Washington state patrol.
- (6)(a) "Cadet," for a person who became a member of the retirement system after June 12, 1980, is a person who has passed the Washington state patrol's entry-level oral, written, physical performance, and background examinations and is, thereby, appointed by the chief as a candidate to be a commissioned officer of the Washington state patrol.
- (b) "Cadet," for a person who became a member of the retirement system before June 12, 1980, is a trooper cadet, patrol cadet, or employee of like classification, employed for the express purpose of receiving the on-the-job training required for attendance at the state patrol academy and for becoming a commissioned trooper. "Like classification" includes: Radio operators or dispatchers; persons providing security for the governor or legislature; patrolmen; drivers' license examiners; weighmasters; vehicle safety inspectors; central wireless operators; and warehousemen.
- (7) "Beneficiary" means any person in receipt of retirement allowance or any other benefit allowed by this chapter.
- (8) "Regular interest" means interest compounded annually at such rates as may be determined by the director.
 - (9) "Retirement board" means the board provided for in this chapter.
- (10) "Insurance commissioner" means the insurance commissioner of the state of Washington.
- (11) "Lieutenant governor" means the lieutenant governor of the state of Washington.
- (12) "Service" shall mean services rendered to the state of Washington or any political subdivisions thereof for which compensation has been paid. Full time employment for seventy or more hours in any given calendar month shall constitute one month of service. An employee who is reinstated in accordance with RCW 43.43.110 shall suffer no loss of service for the period reinstated subject to the contribution requirements of this chapter. Only months of service shall be counted in the computation of any retirement allowance or other benefit provided for herein. Years of service shall be determined by dividing the total number of months of service by twelve. Any fraction of a year of service as so determined shall be taken into account in the computation of such retirement allowance or benefit.
- (13) "Prior service" shall mean all services rendered by a member to the state of Washington, or any of its political subdivisions prior to August 1, 1947, unless such service has been credited in another public retirement or pension system operating in the state of Washington.

- (14) "Current service" shall mean all service as a member rendered on or after August 1, 1947.
- (15)(a) "Average final salary," for members commissioned prior to January 1, 2003, shall mean the average monthly salary received by a member during the member's last two years of service or any consecutive two-year period of service, whichever is the greater, as an employee of the Washington state patrol; or if the member has less than two years of service, then the average monthly salary received by the member during the member's total years of service.
- (b) "Average final salary," for members commissioned on or after January 1, 2003, shall mean the average monthly salary received by a member for the highest consecutive sixty service credit months; or if the member has less than sixty months of service, then the average monthly salary received by the member during the member's total months of service.
- (16) "Actuarial equivalent" shall mean a benefit of equal value when computed upon the basis of such mortality table as may be adopted and such interest rate as may be determined by the director.
- (17) Unless the context expressly indicates otherwise, words importing the masculine gender shall be extended to include the feminine gender and words importing the feminine gender shall be extended to include the masculine gender.
 - (18) "Director" means the director of the department of retirement systems.
- (19) "Department" means the department of retirement systems created in chapter 41.50 RCW.
- (20) "State actuary" or "actuary" means the person appointed pursuant to RCW 44.44.010(2).
- (21) "Contributions" means the deduction from the compensation of each member in accordance with the contribution rates established under chapter 41.45 RCW.
- (22) "Annual increase" means as of July 1, 1999, seventy-seven cents per month per year of service which amount shall be increased each subsequent July 1st by three percent, rounded to the nearest cent.
- (23)(a) "Salary," for members commissioned prior to July 1, 2001, shall exclude any overtime earnings related to RCW 47.46.040, or any voluntary overtime, earned on or after July 1, 2001.
- (b) "Salary," for members commissioned on or after July 1, 2001, shall exclude any overtime earnings related to RCW 47.46.040 or any voluntary overtime, lump sum payments for deferred annual sick leave, unused accumulated vacation, unused accumulated annual leave, holiday pay, or any form of severance pay.
- (24) "Plan 2" means the Washington state patrol retirement system plan 2, providing the benefits and funding provisions covering commissioned employees who first become members of the system on or after January 1, 2003.
- (25) "Domestic partners" means two adults who have registered as domestic partners under RCW 26.60.020.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 43.43.260 and 2005 c 64 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon retirement from service as provided in RCW 43.43.250, a member shall be granted a retirement allowance which shall consist of:

- (1) A prior service allowance which shall be equal to two percent of the member's average final salary multiplied by the number of years of prior service rendered by the member.
- (2) A current service allowance which shall be equal to two percent of the member's average final salary multiplied by the number of years of service rendered while a member of the retirement system.
- (3)(a) Any member commissioned prior to January 1, 2003, with twenty-five years service in the Washington state patrol may have the member's service in the uniformed services credited as a member whether or not the individual left the employ of the Washington state patrol to enter such uniformed services: PROVIDED, That in no instance shall military service in excess of five years be credited: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That in each instance, a member must restore all withdrawn accumulated contributions, which restoration must be completed on the date of the member's retirement, or as provided under RCW 43.43.130, whichever occurs first: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That this section shall not apply to any individual, not a veteran within the meaning of RCW 41.06.150.
- (b) A member who leaves the Washington state patrol to enter the uniformed services of the United States shall be entitled to retirement system service credit for up to five years of military service. This subsection shall be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements of the federal uniformed services employment and reemployment rights act.
 - (i) The member qualifies for service credit under this subsection if:
- (A) Within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge from the uniformed services of the United States, the member applies for reemployment with the employer who employed the member immediately prior to the member entering the uniformed services; and
- (B) The member makes the employee contributions required under RCW 41.45.0631 and 41.45.067 within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement, whichever comes sooner; or
- (C) Prior to retirement and not within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge or five years of resumption of service the member pays the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2).
- (ii) Upon receipt of member contributions under (b)(i)(B), (b)(iv)(C), and (b)(v)(C) of this subsection, the department shall establish the member's service credit and shall bill the employer for its contribution required under RCW 41.45.060 for the period of military service, plus interest as determined by the department.
- (iii) The contributions required under (b)(i)(B), (b)(iv)(C), and (b)(v)(C) of this subsection shall be based on the compensation the member would have earned if not on leave, or if that cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty, the compensation reported for the member in the year prior to when the member went on military leave.
- (iv) The surviving spouse <u>or lawful domestic partner</u> or eligible child or children of a member who left the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and died while serving in the uniformed services may, on behalf of the deceased member, apply for retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of the member's death in the uniformed services. The department shall establish the deceased member's

service credit if the surviving spouse or lawful domestic partner or eligible child or children:

- (A) Provides to the director proof of the member's death while serving in the uniformed services;
- (B) Provides to the director proof of the member's honorable service in the uniformed services prior to the date of death; and
- (C) If the member was commissioned on or after January 1, 2003, pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45 RCW within five years of the date of death or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first
- (v) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and becomes totally incapacitated for continued employment by an employer while serving in the uniformed services is entitled to retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the uniformed services if:
- (A) The member obtains a determination from the director that he or she is totally incapacitated for continued employment due to conditions or events that occurred while serving in the uniformed services;
- (B) The member provides to the director proof of honorable discharge from the uniformed services; and
- (C) If the member was commissioned on or after January 1, 2003, the member pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45 RCW within five years of the director's determination of total disability or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
- (4) In no event shall the total retirement benefits from subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section, of any member exceed seventy-five percent of the member's average final salary.
- (5) Beginning July 1, 2001, and every year thereafter, the department shall determine the following information for each retired member or beneficiary whose retirement allowance has been in effect for at least one year:
 - (a) The original dollar amount of the retirement allowance;
- (b) The index for the calendar year prior to the effective date of the retirement allowance, to be known as "index A";
- (c) The index for the calendar year prior to the date of determination, to be known as "index B"; and
 - (d) The ratio obtained when index B is divided by index A.

The value of the ratio obtained shall be the annual adjustment to the original retirement allowance and shall be applied beginning with the July payment. In no event, however, shall the annual adjustment:

- (i) Produce a retirement allowance which is lower than the original retirement allowance;
 - (ii) Exceed three percent in the initial annual adjustment; or
- (iii) Differ from the previous year's annual adjustment by more than three percent.

For the purposes of this section, "index" means, for any calendar year, that year's average consumer price index for the Seattle-Tacoma-Bremerton Washington area for urban wage earners and clerical workers, all items, compiled by the bureau of labor statistics, United States department of labor.

The provisions of this section shall apply to all members presently retired and to all members who shall retire in the future.

Sec. 3. RCW 43.43.270 and 2006 c 94 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

For members commissioned prior to January 1, 2003:

- (1) The normal form of retirement allowance shall be an allowance which shall continue as long as the member lives.
- (2) If a member should die while in service the member's lawful spouse or lawful domestic partner shall be paid an allowance which shall be equal to fifty percent of the average final salary of the member. If the member should die after retirement the member's lawful spouse or lawful domestic partner shall be paid an allowance which shall be equal to the retirement allowance then pavable to the member or fifty percent of the final average salary used in computing the member's retirement allowance, whichever is less. The allowance paid to the lawful spouse or lawful domestic partner shall continue as long as the spouse or domestic partner lives: PROVIDED, That if a surviving spouse or domestic partner who is receiving benefits under this subsection marries, or enters into a domestic partnership with, another member of this retirement system who subsequently predeceases such spouse or domestic partner, the spouse or domestic partner shall then be entitled to receive the higher of the two survivors' allowances for which eligibility requirements were met, but a surviving spouse or domestic partner shall not receive more than one survivor's allowance from this system at the same time under this subsection. To be eligible for an allowance the lawful surviving spouse or lawful domestic partner of a retired member shall have been married to, or in a domestic partnership with, the member prior to the member's retirement and continuously thereafter until the date of the member's death or shall have been married to, or in a domestic partnership with, the retired member at least two years prior to the member's death. The allowance paid to the lawful spouse or lawful domestic partner may be divided with an ex spouse or ex domestic partner of the member by a dissolution order as defined in RCW 41.50.500(3) incident to a ((divorce)) dissolution occurring after July 1, 2002. The dissolution order must specifically divide both the member's benefit and any spousal or domestic partner survivor benefit, and must fully comply with RCW 41.50.670 and 41.50.700.
- (3) If a member should die, either while in service or after retirement, the member's surviving unmarried children under the age of eighteen years shall be provided for in the following manner:
- (a) If there is a surviving spouse <u>or domestic partner</u>, each child shall be entitled to a benefit equal to five percent of the final average salary of the member or retired member. The combined benefits to the surviving spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> and all children shall not exceed sixty percent of the final average salary of the member or retired member; and
- (b) If there is no surviving spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> or the spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> should die, the child or children shall be entitled to a benefit equal to thirty percent of the final average salary of the member or retired member for one child and an additional ten percent for each additional child. The combined benefits to the children under this subsection shall not exceed sixty percent of the final average salary of the member or retired member.

Payments under this subsection shall be prorated equally among the children, if more than one.

- (4) If a member should die in the line of duty while employed by the Washington state patrol, the member's surviving children under the age of twenty years and eleven months if attending any high school, college, university, or vocational or other educational institution accredited or approved by the state of Washington shall be provided for in the following manner:
- (a) If there is a surviving spouse <u>or domestic partner</u>, each child shall be entitled to a benefit equal to five percent of the final average salary of the member. The combined benefits to the surviving spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> and all children shall not exceed sixty percent of the final average salary of the member;
- (b) If there is no surviving spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> or the spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> should die, the unmarried child or children shall be entitled to receive a benefit equal to thirty percent of the final average salary of the member or retired member for one child and an additional ten percent for each additional child. The combined benefits to the children under this subsection shall not exceed sixty percent of the final average salary. Payments under this subsection shall be prorated equally among the children, if more than one; and
- (c) If a beneficiary under this subsection reaches the age of twenty-one years during the middle of a term of enrollment the benefit shall continue until the end of that term.
- (5)(a) The provisions of this section shall apply to members who have been retired on disability as provided in RCW 43.43.040 if the officer was a member of the Washington state patrol retirement system at the time of such disability retirement.
- (b) For the purposes of this subsection, average final salary as used in subsection (2) of this section means:
- (i) For members commissioned prior to January 1, 2003, the average monthly salary received by active members of the patrol of the rank at which the member became disabled, during the two years prior to the death of the disabled member; and
- (ii) For members commissioned on or after January 1, 2003, the average monthly salary received by active members of the patrol of the rank at which the member became disabled, during the five years prior to the death of the disabled member.
- (c) The changes to the definitions of average final salary for the survivors of disabled members in this subsection shall apply retroactively. The department shall correct future payments to eligible survivors of members disabled prior to June 7, 2006, and, as soon as administratively practicable, pay each survivor a lump sum payment reflecting the difference, as determined by the director, between the survivor benefits previously received by the member, and those the member would have received under the definitions of average final salary created in chapter 94, Laws of 2006.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 43.43.271 and 2003 c 294 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A member commissioned on or after January 1, 2003, upon retirement for service as prescribed in RCW 43.43.250 shall elect to have the retirement

allowance paid pursuant to the following options, calculated so as to be actuarially equivalent to each other.

- (a) Standard allowance. A member electing this option shall receive a retirement allowance payable throughout the member's life. However, if the retiree dies before the total of the retirement allowance paid to the retiree equals the amount of the retiree's accumulated contributions at the time of retirement, then the balance shall be paid to the member's estate, or such person or persons, trust, or organization as the retiree shall have nominated by written designation duly executed and filed with the department; or if there be no such designated person or persons still living at the time of the retiree's death, then to the surviving spouse or domestic partner; or if there be neither such designated person or persons still living at the time of death nor a surviving spouse or domestic partner, then to the retiree's legal representative.
- (b) The department shall adopt rules that allow a member to select a retirement option that pays the member a reduced retirement allowance and upon death, such portion of the member's reduced retirement allowance as the department by rule designates shall be continued throughout the life of and paid to a designated person. Such person shall be nominated by the member by written designation duly executed and filed with the department at the time of retirement. The options adopted by the department shall include, but are not limited to, a joint and one hundred percent survivor option and a joint and fifty percent survivor option.
- (2)(a) A member, if married <u>or in a domestic partnership</u>, must provide the written consent of his or her spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> to the option selected under this section, except as provided in (b) of this subsection. If a member is married <u>or in a domestic partnership</u> and both the member and member's spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> do not give written consent to an option under this section, the department will pay the member a joint and fifty percent survivor benefit and record the member's spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> as the beneficiary. This benefit shall be calculated to be actuarially equivalent to the benefit options available under subsection (1) of this section unless ((spousal)) consent <u>by the spouse or domestic partner</u> is not required as provided in (b) of this subsection.
- (b) If a copy of a dissolution order designating a survivor beneficiary under RCW 41.50.790 has been filed with the department at least thirty days prior to a member's retirement:
- (i) The department shall honor the designation as if made by the member under subsection (1) of this section; and
- (ii) The ((spousal)) spouse or domestic partner consent provisions of (a) of this subsection do not apply.
- (3) No later than January 1, 2003, the department shall adopt rules that allow a member additional actuarially equivalent survivor benefit options, and shall include, but are not limited to:
- (a)(i) A retired member who retired without designating a survivor beneficiary shall have the opportunity to designate their spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> from a postretirement marriage <u>or domestic partnership</u> as a survivor during a one-year period beginning one year after the date of the postretirement marriage <u>or domestic partnership</u> provided the retirement allowance payable to the retiree is not subject to periodic payments pursuant to a property division obligation as provided for in RCW 41.50.670.

- (ii) A member who entered into a postretirement marriage <u>or domestic</u> <u>partnership</u> prior to the effective date of the rules adopted pursuant to this subsection and satisfies the conditions of (a)(i) of this subsection shall have one year to designate their spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> as a survivor beneficiary following the adoption of the rules.
- (b) A retired member who elected to receive a reduced retirement allowance under this section and designated a nonspouse <u>or a nondomestic partner</u> as survivor beneficiary shall have the opportunity to remove the survivor designation and have their future benefit adjusted.
- (c) The department may make an additional charge, if necessary, to ensure that the benefits provided under this subsection remain actuarially equivalent.
 - (4) No later than July 1, 2003, the department shall adopt rules to permit:
- (a) A court-approved property settlement incident to a court decree of dissolution made before retirement to provide that benefits payable to a member who has completed at least five years of service and the member's divorcing spouse or former domestic partner be divided into two separate benefits payable over the life of each spouse or domestic partner.

The member shall have available the benefit options of subsection (1) of this section upon retirement, and if remarried <u>or in a domestic partnership</u> at the time of retirement remains subject to the ((spousal)) <u>spouse or domestic partner</u> consent requirements of subsection (2) of this section. Any reductions of the member's benefit subsequent to the division into two separate benefits shall be made solely to the separate benefit of the member.

The nonmember ex spouse <u>or former domestic partner</u> shall be eligible to commence receiving their separate benefit upon reaching the ages provided in RCW 43.43.250(2) and after filing a written application with the department.

(b) A court-approved property settlement incident to a court decree of dissolution made after retirement may only divide the benefit into two separate benefits payable over the life of each spouse or domestic partner if the nonmember ex spouse or former domestic partner was selected as a survivor beneficiary at retirement.

The retired member may later choose the survivor benefit options available in subsection (3) of this section. Any actuarial reductions subsequent to the division into two separate benefits shall be made solely to the separate benefit of the member.

Both the retired member and the nonmember divorced spouse <u>or former domestic partner</u> shall be eligible to commence receiving their separate benefits upon filing a copy of the dissolution order with the department in accordance with RCW 41.50.670.

- (c) The department may make an additional charge or adjustment if necessary to ensure that the separate benefits provided under this subsection are actuarially equivalent to the benefits payable prior to the decree of dissolution.
- **Sec. 5.** RCW 43.43.278 and 2001 c 329 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

By July 1, 2000, the department of retirement systems shall adopt rules that allow a member to select an actuarially equivalent retirement option that pays the member a reduced retirement allowance and upon death shall be continued throughout the life of a lawful surviving spouse or lawful domestic partner. The continuing allowance to the lawful surviving spouse or lawful domestic partner

shall be subject to the yearly increase provided by RCW 43.43.260(5). The allowance to the lawful surviving spouse or lawful domestic partner under this section, and the allowance for an eligible child or children under RCW 43.43.270, shall not be subject to the limit for combined benefits under RCW 43.43.270.

- **Sec. 6.** RCW 43.43.280 and 1994 c 197 s 35 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) If a member dies before retirement, and has no surviving spouse <u>or</u> <u>domestic partner</u> or children under the age of eighteen years, all contributions made by the member, including any amount paid under RCW 41.50.165(2), with interest as determined by the director, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, shall be paid to such person or persons as the member shall have nominated by written designation duly executed and filed with the department, or if there be no such designated person or persons, then to the member's legal representative.
- (2) If a member should cease to be an employee before attaining age sixty for reasons other than the member's death, or retirement, the individual shall thereupon cease to be a member except as provided under RCW 43.43.130 (2) ((and)), (3), and (4) and, the individual may withdraw the member's contributions to the retirement fund, including any amount paid under RCW 41.50.165(2), with interest as determined by the director, by making application therefor to the department, except that: A member who ceases to be an employee after having completed at least five years of service shall remain a member during the period of the member's absence from employment for the exclusive purpose only of receiving a retirement allowance to begin at attainment of age sixty, however such a member may upon written notice to the department elect to receive a reduced retirement allowance on or after age fiftyfive which allowance shall be the actuarial equivalent of the sum necessary to pay regular retirement benefits as of age sixty: PROVIDED. That if such member should withdraw all or part of the member's accumulated contributions, the individual shall thereupon cease to be a member and this subsection shall not apply.
- **Sec. 7.** RCW 43.43.285 and 2007 c 488 s 1 and 2007 c 487 s 9 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) A one hundred fifty thousand dollar death benefit shall be paid to the member's estate, or such person or persons, trust or organization as the member shall have nominated by written designation duly executed and filed with the department. If there be no such designated person or persons still living at the time of the member's death, such member's death benefit shall be paid to the member's surviving spouse or domestic partner as if in fact such spouse or domestic partner had been nominated by written designation, or if there be no such surviving spouse or domestic partner, then to such member's legal representatives.
- (2)(a) The benefit under this section shall be paid only where death occurs as a result of (i) injuries sustained in the course of employment; or (ii) an occupational disease or infection that arises naturally and proximately out of employment covered under this chapter. The determination of eligibility for the

benefit shall be made consistent with Title 51 RCW by the department of labor and industries. The department of labor and industries shall notify the department of retirement systems by order under RCW 51.52.050.

- (b) The retirement allowance paid to the spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> and dependent children of a member who is killed in the course of employment, as set forth in RCW 41.05.011(14), shall include reimbursement for any payments of premium rates to the Washington state health care authority under RCW 41.05.080.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 43.43.295 and 2004 c 171 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) For members commissioned on or after January 1, 2003, except as provided in RCW 11.07.010, if a member or a vested member who has not completed at least ten years of service dies, the amount of the accumulated contributions standing to such member's credit in the retirement system at the time of such member's death, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, shall be paid to the member's estate, or such person or persons, trust, or organization as the member shall have nominated by written designation duly executed and filed with the department. If there be no such designated person or persons still living at the time of the member's death, such member's accumulated contributions standing to such member's credit in the retirement system, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, shall be paid to the member's surviving spouse or domestic partner as if in fact such spouse or domestic partner had been nominated by written designation, or if there be no such surviving spouse or domestic partner, then to such member's legal representatives.
- (2) If a member who is eligible for retirement or a member who has completed at least ten years of service dies, the surviving spouse or domestic partner or eligible child or children shall elect to receive either:
- (a) A retirement allowance computed as provided for in RCW 43.43.260, actuarially reduced, except under subsection (4) of this section, by the amount of any lump sum benefit identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670 and actuarially adjusted to reflect a joint and one hundred percent survivor option under RCW 43.43.278 and if the member was not eligible for normal retirement at the date of death a further reduction from age fifty-five or when the member could have attained twenty-five years of service, whichever is less; if a surviving spouse or domestic partner who is receiving a retirement allowance dies leaving a child or children of the member under the age of majority, then such child or children shall continue to receive an allowance in an amount equal to that which was being received by the surviving spouse or domestic partner, share and share alike, until such child or children reach the age of majority; if there is no surviving spouse or domestic partner eligible to receive an allowance at the time of the member's death, such member's child or children under the age of majority shall receive an allowance share and share alike calculated under this section making the assumption that the ages of the spouse or domestic partner and member were equal at the time of the member's death; or

- (b)(i) The member's accumulated contributions, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670; or
- (ii) If the member dies, one hundred fifty percent of the member's accumulated contributions, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670. Any accumulated contributions attributable to restorations made under RCW 41.50.165(2) shall be refunded at one hundred percent.
- (3) If a member who is eligible for retirement or a member who has completed at least ten years of service dies, and is not survived by a spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> or an eligible child, then the accumulated contributions standing to the member's credit, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, shall be paid:
- (a) To an estate, a person or persons, trust, or organization as the member shall have nominated by written designation duly executed and filed with the department; or
- (b) If there is no such designated person or persons still living at the time of the member's death, then to the member's legal representatives.
- (4) The retirement allowance of a member who is killed in the course of employment, as determined by the director of the department of labor and industries, is not subject to an actuarial reduction.
- **Sec. 9.** RCW 41.05.080 and 2007 c 114 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Under the qualifications, terms, conditions, and benefits set by the board:
- (a) Retired or disabled state employees, retired or disabled school employees, retired or disabled employees of county, municipal, or other political subdivisions, or retired or disabled employees of tribal governments covered by this chapter may continue their participation in insurance plans and contracts after retirement or disablement;
- (b) Separated employees may continue their participation in insurance plans and contracts if participation is selected immediately upon separation from employment;
- (c) Surviving spouses, <u>surviving spouses or surviving domestic partners in the case of members of the Washington state patrol retirement system</u>, and dependent children of emergency service personnel killed in the line of duty may participate in insurance plans and contracts.
- (2) Rates charged surviving spouses, or surviving spouses or surviving domestic partners in the case of members of the Washington state patrol retirement system, of emergency service personnel killed in the line of duty, retired or disabled employees, separated employees, spouses, or dependent children who are not eligible for parts A and B of medicare shall be based on the experience of the community rated risk pool established under RCW 41.05.022.
- (3) Rates charged to surviving spouses, or surviving spouses or surviving domestic partners in the case of members of the Washington state patrol retirement system, of emergency service personnel killed in the line of duty, retired or disabled employees, separated employees, spouses, or children who

are eligible for parts A and B of medicare shall be calculated from a separate experience risk pool comprised only of individuals eligible for parts A and B of medicare; however, the premiums charged to medicare-eligible retirees and disabled employees shall be reduced by the amount of the subsidy provided under RCW 41.05.085.

- (4) Surviving spouses, surviving spouses or surviving domestic partners in the case of members of the Washington state patrol retirement system, and dependent children of emergency service personnel killed in the line of duty and retired or disabled and separated employees shall be responsible for payment of premium rates developed by the authority which shall include the cost to the authority of providing insurance coverage including any amounts necessary for reserves and administration in accordance with this chapter. These self pay rates will be established based on a separate rate for the employee, the spouse, the spouse or domestic partner in the case of members of the Washington state patrol retirement system, and the children.
- (5) The term "retired state employees" for the purpose of this section shall include but not be limited to members of the legislature whether voluntarily or involuntarily leaving state office.

Passed by the House April 20, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 8, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

CHAPTER 523

[Engrossed House Bill 1616]
STATE PENSION BENEFITS—DOMESTIC PARTNERS

AN ACT Relating to the state pension benefits of certain domestic partners; and amending RCW 41.05.080, 41.05.195, 41.26.030, 41.26.048, 41.26.460, 41.26.470, 41.26.510, and 41.26.520.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 41.05.080 and 2007 c 114 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Under the qualifications, terms, conditions, and benefits set by the board:
- (a) Retired or disabled state employees, retired or disabled school employees, retired or disabled employees of county, municipal, or other political subdivisions, or retired or disabled employees of tribal governments covered by this chapter may continue their participation in insurance plans and contracts after retirement or disablement:
- (b) Separated employees may continue their participation in insurance plans and contracts if participation is selected immediately upon separation from employment;
- (c) Surviving spouses, domestic partners, and dependent children of emergency service personnel killed in the line of duty may participate in insurance plans and contracts.
- (2) Rates charged surviving spouses <u>and domestic partners</u> of emergency service personnel killed in the line of duty, retired or disabled employees, separated employees, spouses, or dependent children who are not eligible for

parts A and B of medicare shall be based on the experience of the community rated risk pool established under RCW 41.05.022.

- (3) Rates charged to surviving spouses <u>and domestic partners</u> of emergency service personnel killed in the line of duty, retired or disabled employees, separated employees, spouses, or children who are eligible for parts A and B of medicare shall be calculated from a separate experience risk pool comprised only of individuals eligible for parts A and B of medicare; however, the premiums charged to medicare-eligible retirees and disabled employees shall be reduced by the amount of the subsidy provided under RCW 41.05.085.
- (4) Surviving spouses, domestic partners, and dependent children of emergency service personnel killed in the line of duty and retired or disabled and separated employees shall be responsible for payment of premium rates developed by the authority which shall include the cost to the authority of providing insurance coverage including any amounts necessary for reserves and administration in accordance with this chapter. These self pay rates will be established based on a separate rate for the employee, the spouse, and the children
- (5) The term "retired state employees" for the purpose of this section shall include but not be limited to members of the legislature whether voluntarily or involuntarily leaving state office.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 41.05.195 and 2007 c 114 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter or rules or procedures adopted by the authority, the authority shall make available to retired or disabled employees who are enrolled in parts A and B of medicare one or more medicare supplemental insurance policies that conform to the requirements of chapter 48.66 RCW. The policies shall be chosen in consultation with the public employees' benefits board. These policies shall be made available to retired or disabled state employees; retired or disabled school district employees; retired employees of county, municipal, or other political subdivisions or retired employees of tribal governments eligible for coverage available under the authority; or surviving spouses or domestic partners of emergency service personnel killed in the line of duty.

Sec. 3. RCW 41.26.030 and 2005 c 459 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context:

- (1) "Retirement system" means the "Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system" provided herein.
- (2)(a) "Employer" for plan 1 members, means the legislative authority of any city, town, county, or district or the elected officials of any municipal corporation that employs any law enforcement officer and/or firefighter, any authorized association of such municipalities, and, except for the purposes of RCW 41.26.150, any labor guild, association, or organization, which represents the firefighters or law enforcement officers of at least seven cities of over 20,000 population and the membership of each local lodge or division of which is composed of at least sixty percent law enforcement officers or firefighters as defined in this chapter.

- (b) "Employer" for plan 2 members, means the following entities to the extent that the entity employs any law enforcement officer and/or firefighter:
 - (i) The legislative authority of any city, town, county, or district;
 - (ii) The elected officials of any municipal corporation;
- (iii) The governing body of any other general authority law enforcement agency; or
- (iv) A four-year institution of higher education having a fully operational fire department as of January 1, 1996.
- (3) "Law enforcement officer" beginning January 1, 1994, means any person who is commissioned and employed by an employer on a full time, fully compensated basis to enforce the criminal laws of the state of Washington generally, with the following qualifications:
- (a) No person who is serving in a position that is basically clerical or secretarial in nature, and who is not commissioned shall be considered a law enforcement officer;
- (b) Only those deputy sheriffs, including those serving under a different title pursuant to county charter, who have successfully completed a civil service examination for deputy sheriff or the equivalent position, where a different title is used, and those persons serving in unclassified positions authorized by RCW 41.14.070 except a private secretary will be considered law enforcement officers;
- (c) Only such full time commissioned law enforcement personnel as have been appointed to offices, positions, or ranks in the police department which have been specifically created or otherwise expressly provided for and designated by city charter provision or by ordinance enacted by the legislative body of the city shall be considered city police officers;
- (d) The term "law enforcement officer" also includes the executive secretary of a labor guild, association or organization (which is an employer under RCW 41.26.030(2)) if that individual has five years previous membership in the retirement system established in chapter 41.20 RCW. The provisions of this subsection (3)(d) shall not apply to plan 2 members; and
- (e) The term "law enforcement officer" also includes a person employed on or after January 1, 1993, as a public safety officer or director of public safety, so long as the job duties substantially involve only either police or fire duties, or both, and no other duties in a city or town with a population of less than ten thousand. The provisions of this subsection (3)(e) shall not apply to any public safety officer or director of public safety who is receiving a retirement allowance under this chapter as of May 12, 1993.
 - (4) "Firefighter" means:
- (a) Any person who is serving on a full time, fully compensated basis as a member of a fire department of an employer and who is serving in a position which requires passing a civil service examination for firefighter, and who is actively employed as such;
- (b) Anyone who is actively employed as a full time firefighter where the fire department does not have a civil service examination;
 - (c) Supervisory firefighter personnel;
- (d) Any full time executive secretary of an association of fire protection districts authorized under RCW 52.12.031. The provisions of this subsection (4)(d) shall not apply to plan 2 members;

- (e) The executive secretary of a labor guild, association or organization (which is an employer under RCW 41.26.030(2) as now or hereafter amended), if such individual has five years previous membership in a retirement system established in chapter 41.16 or 41.18 RCW. The provisions of this subsection (4)(e) shall not apply to plan 2 members;
- (f) Any person who is serving on a full time, fully compensated basis for an employer, as a fire dispatcher, in a department in which, on March 1, 1970, a dispatcher was required to have passed a civil service examination for firefighter;
- (g) Any person who on March 1, 1970, was employed on a full time, fully compensated basis by an employer, and who on May 21, 1971, was making retirement contributions under the provisions of chapter 41.16 or 41.18 RCW; and
- (h) Any person who is employed on a full-time, fully compensated basis by an employer as an emergency medical technician.
- (5) "Department" means the department of retirement systems created in chapter 41.50 RCW.
- (6) "Surviving spouse" means the surviving widow or widower of a member. "Surviving spouse" shall not include the divorced spouse of a member except as provided in RCW 41.26.162.
- (7)(a) "Child" or "children" means an unmarried person who is under the age of eighteen or mentally or physically ((handicapped)) disabled as determined by the department, except a ((handicapped)) person who is disabled and in the full time care of a state institution, who is:
 - (i) A natural born child;
- (ii) A stepchild where that relationship was in existence prior to the date benefits are payable under this chapter;
 - (iii) A posthumous child;
- (iv) A child legally adopted or made a legal ward of a member prior to the date benefits are payable under this chapter; or
- (v) An illegitimate child legitimized prior to the date any benefits are payable under this chapter.
- (b) A person shall also be deemed to be a child up to and including the age of twenty years and eleven months while attending any high school, college, or vocational or other educational institution accredited, licensed, or approved by the state, in which it is located, including the summer vacation months and all other normal and regular vacation periods at the particular educational institution after which the child returns to school.
- (8) "Member" means any firefighter, law enforcement officer, or other person as would apply under subsections (3) or (4) of this section whose membership is transferred to the Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system on or after March 1, 1970, and every law enforcement officer and firefighter who is employed in that capacity on or after such date.
- (9) "Retirement fund" means the "Washington law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system fund" as provided for herein.
- (10) "Employee" means any law enforcement officer or firefighter as defined in subsections (3) and (4) of this section.

- (11)(a) "Beneficiary" for plan 1 members, means any person in receipt of a retirement allowance, disability allowance, death benefit, or any other benefit described herein.
- (b) "Beneficiary" for plan 2 members, means any person in receipt of a retirement allowance or other benefit provided by this chapter resulting from service rendered to an employer by another person.
- (12)(a) "Final average salary" for plan 1 members, means (i) for a member holding the same position or rank for a minimum of twelve months preceding the date of retirement, the basic salary attached to such same position or rank at time of retirement; (ii) for any other member, including a civil service member who has not served a minimum of twelve months in the same position or rank preceding the date of retirement, the average of the greatest basic salaries payable to such member during any consecutive twenty-four month period within such member's last ten years of service for which service credit is allowed, computed by dividing the total basic salaries payable to such member during the selected twenty-four month period by twenty-four; (iii) in the case of disability of any member, the basic salary payable to such member at the time of disability retirement; (iv) in the case of a member who hereafter vests pursuant to RCW 41.26.090, the basic salary payable to such member at the time of vesting.
- (b) "Final average salary" for plan 2 members, means the monthly average of the member's basic salary for the highest consecutive sixty service credit months of service prior to such member's retirement, termination, or death. Periods constituting authorized unpaid leaves of absence may not be used in the calculation of final average salary.
- (13)(a) "Basic salary" for plan 1 members, means the basic monthly rate of salary or wages, including longevity pay but not including overtime earnings or special salary or wages, upon which pension or retirement benefits will be computed and upon which employer contributions and salary deductions will be based.
- (b) "Basic salary" for plan 2 members, means salaries or wages earned by a member during a payroll period for personal services, including overtime payments, and shall include wages and salaries deferred under provisions established pursuant to sections 403(b), 414(h), and 457 of the United States Internal Revenue Code, but shall exclude lump sum payments for deferred annual sick leave, unused accumulated vacation, unused accumulated annual leave, or any form of severance pay. In any year in which a member serves in the legislature the member shall have the option of having such member's basic salary be the greater of:
- (i) The basic salary the member would have received had such member not served in the legislature; or
- (ii) Such member's actual basic salary received for nonlegislative public employment and legislative service combined. Any additional contributions to the retirement system required because basic salary under (b)(i) of this subsection is greater than basic salary under (b)(ii) of this subsection shall be paid by the member for both member and employer contributions.
- (14)(a) "Service" for plan 1 members, means all periods of employment for an employer as a firefighter or law enforcement officer, for which compensation is paid, together with periods of suspension not exceeding thirty days in

duration. For the purposes of this chapter service shall also include service in the armed forces of the United States as provided in RCW 41.26.190. Credit shall be allowed for all service credit months of service rendered by a member from and after the member's initial commencement of employment as a firefighter or law enforcement officer, during which the member worked for seventy or more hours, or was on disability leave or disability retirement. Only service credit months of service shall be counted in the computation of any retirement allowance or other benefit provided for in this chapter.

- (i) For members retiring after May 21, 1971 who were employed under the coverage of a prior pension act before March 1, 1970, "service" shall also include (A) such military service not exceeding five years as was creditable to the member as of March 1, 1970, under the member's particular prior pension act, and (B) such other periods of service as were then creditable to a particular member under the provisions of RCW 41.18.165, 41.20.160 or 41.20.170. However, in no event shall credit be allowed for any service rendered prior to March 1, 1970, where the member at the time of rendition of such service was employed in a position covered by a prior pension act, unless such service, at the time credit is claimed therefor, is also creditable under the provisions of such prior act.
- (ii) A member who is employed by two employers at the same time shall only be credited with service to one such employer for any month during which the member rendered such dual service.
- (b) "Service" for plan 2 members, means periods of employment by a member for one or more employers for which basic salary is earned for ninety or more hours per calendar month which shall constitute a service credit month. Periods of employment by a member for one or more employers for which basic salary is earned for at least seventy hours but less than ninety hours per calendar month shall constitute one-half service credit month. Periods of employment by a member for one or more employers for which basic salary is earned for less than seventy hours shall constitute a one-quarter service credit month.

Members of the retirement system who are elected or appointed to a state elective position may elect to continue to be members of this retirement system.

Service credit years of service shall be determined by dividing the total number of service credit months of service by twelve. Any fraction of a service credit year of service as so determined shall be taken into account in the computation of such retirement allowance or benefits.

If a member receives basic salary from two or more employers during any calendar month, the individual shall receive one service credit month's service credit during any calendar month in which multiple service for ninety or more hours is rendered; or one-half service credit month's service credit during any calendar month in which multiple service for at least seventy hours but less than ninety hours is rendered; or one-quarter service credit month during any calendar month in which multiple service for less than seventy hours is rendered.

- (15) "Accumulated contributions" means the employee's contributions made by a member, including any amount paid under RCW 41.50.165(2), plus accrued interest credited thereon.
- (16) "Actuarial reserve" means a method of financing a pension or retirement plan wherein reserves are accumulated as the liabilities for benefit payments are incurred in order that sufficient funds will be available on the date

of retirement of each member to pay the member's future benefits during the period of retirement.

- (17) "Actuarial valuation" means a mathematical determination of the financial condition of a retirement plan. It includes the computation of the present monetary value of benefits payable to present members, and the present monetary value of future employer and employee contributions, giving effect to mortality among active and retired members and also to the rates of disability, retirement, withdrawal from service, salary and interest earned on investments.
- (18) "Disability board" for plan 1 members means either the county disability board or the city disability board established in RCW 41.26.110.
- (19) "Disability leave" means the period of six months or any portion thereof during which a member is on leave at an allowance equal to the member's full salary prior to the commencement of disability retirement. The definition contained in this subsection shall apply only to plan 1 members.
- (20) "Disability retirement" for plan 1 members, means the period following termination of a member's disability leave, during which the member is in receipt of a disability retirement allowance.
- (21) "Position" means the employment held at any particular time, which may or may not be the same as civil service rank.
- (22) "Medical services" for plan 1 members, shall include the following as minimum services to be provided. Reasonable charges for these services shall be paid in accordance with RCW 41.26.150.
- (a) Hospital expenses: These are the charges made by a hospital, in its own behalf, for
- (i) Board and room not to exceed semiprivate room rate unless private room is required by the attending physician due to the condition of the patient.
- (ii) Necessary hospital services, other than board and room, furnished by the hospital.
- (b) Other medical expenses: The following charges are considered "other medical expenses", provided that they have not been considered as "hospital expenses".
 - (i) The fees of the following:
- (A) A physician or surgeon licensed under the provisions of chapter 18.71 RCW:
- (B) An osteopathic physician and surgeon licensed under the provisions of chapter 18.57 RCW;
 - (C) A chiropractor licensed under the provisions of chapter 18.25 RCW.
- (ii) The charges of a registered graduate nurse other than a nurse who ordinarily resides in the member's home, or is a member of the family of either the member or the member's spouse.
 - (iii) The charges for the following medical services and supplies:
 - (A) Drugs and medicines upon a physician's prescription;
 - (B) Diagnostic X-ray and laboratory examinations;
 - (C) X-ray, radium, and radioactive isotopes therapy;
 - (D) Anesthesia and oxygen;
 - (E) Rental of iron lung and other durable medical and surgical equipment;
 - (F) Artificial limbs and eyes, and casts, splints, and trusses;
- (G) Professional ambulance service when used to transport the member to or from a hospital when injured by an accident or stricken by a disease;

- (H) Dental charges incurred by a member who sustains an accidental injury to his or her teeth and who commences treatment by a legally licensed dentist within ninety days after the accident;
 - (I) Nursing home confinement or hospital extended care facility;
 - (J) Physical therapy by a registered physical therapist;
- (K) Blood transfusions, including the cost of blood and blood plasma not replaced by voluntary donors;
 - (L) An optometrist licensed under the provisions of chapter 18.53 RCW.
 - (23) "Regular interest" means such rate as the director may determine.
- (24) "Retiree" for persons who establish membership in the retirement system on or after October 1, 1977, means any member in receipt of a retirement allowance or other benefit provided by this chapter resulting from service rendered to an employer by such member.
 - (25) "Director" means the director of the department.
- (26) "State actuary" or "actuary" means the person appointed pursuant to RCW 44.44.010(2).
- (27) "State elective position" means any position held by any person elected or appointed to statewide office or elected or appointed as a member of the legislature.
- (28) "Plan 1" means the law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system, plan 1 providing the benefits and funding provisions covering persons who first became members of the system prior to October 1, 1977.
- (29) "Plan 2" means the law enforcement officers' and firefighters' retirement system, plan 2 providing the benefits and funding provisions covering persons who first became members of the system on and after October 1, 1977.
- (30) "Service credit year" means an accumulation of months of service credit which is equal to one when divided by twelve.
- (31) "Service credit month" means a full service credit month or an accumulation of partial service credit months that are equal to one.
- (32) "General authority law enforcement agency" means any agency, department, or division of a municipal corporation, political subdivision, or other unit of local government of this state, and any agency, department, or division of state government, having as its primary function the detection and apprehension of persons committing infractions or violating the traffic or criminal laws in general, but not including the Washington state patrol. Such an agency, department, or division is distinguished from a limited authority law enforcement agency having as one of its functions the apprehension or detection of persons committing infractions or violating the traffic or criminal laws relating to limited subject areas, including but not limited to, the state departments of natural resources and social and health services, the state gambling commission, the state lottery commission, the state parks and recreation commission, the state utilities and transportation commission, the state liquor control board, and the state department of corrections.
- (33) "Domestic partners" means two adults who have registered as domestic partners under RCW 26.60.020.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 41.26.048 and 2007 c 487 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A one hundred fifty thousand dollar death benefit shall be paid to the member's estate, or such person or persons, trust or organization as the member

shall have nominated by written designation duly executed and filed with the department. If there be no such designated person or persons still living at the time of the member's death, such member's death benefit shall be paid to the member's surviving spouse or domestic partner as if in fact such spouse or domestic partner had been nominated by written designation, or if there be no such surviving spouse or domestic partner, then to such member's legal representatives.

- (2) The benefit under this section shall be paid only when death occurs: (a) As a result of injuries sustained in the course of employment; or (b) as a result of an occupational disease or infection that arises naturally and proximately out of employment covered under this chapter. The determination of eligibility for the benefit shall be made consistent with Title 51 RCW by the department of labor and industries. The department of labor and industries shall notify the department of retirement systems by order under RCW 51.52.050.
- Sec. 5. RCW 41.26.460 and 2003 c 294 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Upon retirement for service as prescribed in RCW 41.26.430 or disability retirement under RCW 41.26.470, a member shall elect to have the retirement allowance paid pursuant to the following options, calculated so as to be actuarially equivalent to each other.
- (a) Standard allowance. A member electing this option shall receive a retirement allowance payable throughout such member's life. However, if the retiree dies before the total of the retirement allowance paid to such retiree equals the amount of such retiree's accumulated contributions at the time of retirement, then the balance shall be paid to the member's estate, or such person or persons, trust, or organization as the retiree shall have nominated by written designation duly executed and filed with the department; or if there be no such designated person or persons still living at the time of the retiree's death, then to the surviving spouse or domestic partner; or if there be neither such designated person or persons still living at the time of death nor a surviving spouse or domestic partner, then to the retiree's legal representative.
- (b) The department shall adopt rules that allow a member to select a retirement option that pays the member a reduced retirement allowance and upon death, such portion of the member's reduced retirement allowance as the department by rule designates shall be continued throughout the life of and paid to a designated person. Such person shall be nominated by the member by written designation duly executed and filed with the department at the time of retirement. The options adopted by the department shall include, but are not limited to, a joint and one hundred percent survivor option and a joint and fifty percent survivor option.
- (2)(a) A member, if married <u>or a domestic partner</u>, must provide the written consent of his or her spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> to the option selected under this section, except as provided in (b) of this subsection. If a member is married <u>or a domestic partner</u> and both the member and member's spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> do not give written consent to an option under this section, the department will pay the member a joint and fifty percent survivor benefit and record the member's spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> as the beneficiary. Such benefit shall be calculated to be actuarially equivalent to the benefit options available under

subsection (1) of this section unless spousal <u>or domestic partner</u> consent is not required as provided in (b) of this subsection.

- (b) If a copy of a dissolution order designating a survivor beneficiary under RCW 41.50.790 has been filed with the department at least thirty days prior to a member's retirement:
- (i) The department shall honor the designation as if made by the member under subsection (1) of this section; and
- (ii) The spousal <u>or domestic partner</u> consent provisions of (a) of this subsection do not apply.
- (3)(a) Any member who retired before January 1, 1996, and who elected to receive a reduced retirement allowance under subsection (1)(b) or (2) of this section is entitled to receive a retirement allowance adjusted in accordance with (b) of this subsection, if they meet the following conditions:
- (i) The retiree's designated beneficiary predeceases or has predeceased the retiree; and
- (ii) The retiree provides to the department proper proof of the designated beneficiary's death.
- (b) The retirement allowance payable to the retiree, as of July 1, 1998, or the date of the designated beneficiary's death, whichever comes last, shall be increased by the percentage derived in (c) of this subsection.
 - (c) The percentage increase shall be derived by the following:
- (i) One hundred percent multiplied by the result of (c)(ii) of this subsection converted to a percent;
- (ii) Subtract one from the reciprocal of the appropriate joint and survivor option factor;
- (iii) The joint and survivor option factor shall be from the table in effect as of July 1, 1998.
- (d) The adjustment under (b) of this subsection shall accrue from the beginning of the month following the date of the designated beneficiary's death or from July 1, 1998, whichever comes last.
- (4) No later than July 1, 2001, the department shall adopt rules that allow a member additional actuarially equivalent survivor benefit options, and shall include, but are not limited to:
- (a)(i) A retired member who retired without designating a survivor beneficiary shall have the opportunity to designate their spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> from a postretirement marriage <u>or domestic partnership</u> as a survivor during a one-year period beginning one year after the date of the postretirement marriage <u>or domestic partnership</u> provided the retirement allowance payable to the retiree is not subject to periodic payments pursuant to a property division obligation as provided for in RCW 41.50.670.
- (ii) A member who entered into a postretirement marriage <u>or domestic</u> <u>partnership</u> prior to the effective date of the rules adopted pursuant to this subsection and satisfies the conditions of (a)(i) of this subsection shall have one year to designate their spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> as a survivor beneficiary following the adoption of the rules.
- (b) A retired member who elected to receive a reduced retirement allowance under this section and designated a nonspouse <u>or a person not their domestic partner</u> as survivor beneficiary shall have the opportunity to remove the survivor designation and have their future benefit adjusted.

- (c) The department may make an additional charge, if necessary, to ensure that the benefits provided under this subsection remain actuarially equivalent.
 - (5) No later than July 1, 2003, the department shall adopt rules to permit:
- (a) A court-approved property settlement incident to a court decree of dissolution made before retirement to provide that benefits payable to a member who meets the length of service requirements of RCW 41.26.530(1) and the member's divorcing spouse or domestic partner be divided into two separate benefits payable over the life of each spouse or domestic partner.

The member shall have available the benefit options of subsection (1) of this section upon retirement, and if remarried <u>or in a domestic partnership</u> at the time of retirement remains subject to the <u>spousal or domestic partner</u> consent requirements of subsection (2) of this section. Any reductions of the member's benefit subsequent to the division into two separate benefits shall be made solely to the separate benefit of the member.

The nonmember ex spouse <u>or former domestic partner</u> shall be eligible to commence receiving their separate benefit upon reaching the ages provided in RCW 41.26.430(1) and after filing a written application with the department.

(b) A court-approved property settlement incident to a court decree of dissolution made after retirement may only divide the benefit into two separate benefits payable over the life of each spouse or domestic partner if the nonmember ex spouse or former domestic partner was selected as a survivor beneficiary at retirement.

The retired member may later choose the survivor benefit options available in subsection (4) of this section. Any actuarial reductions subsequent to the division into two separate benefits shall be made solely to the separate benefit of the member.

Both the retired member and the nonmember divorced spouse <u>or domestic</u> <u>partner</u> shall be eligible to commence receiving their separate benefits upon filing a copy of the dissolution order with the department in accordance with RCW 41.50.670.

- (c) The department may make an additional charge or adjustment if necessary to ensure that the separate benefits provided under this subsection are actuarially equivalent to the benefits payable prior to the decree of dissolution.
- **Sec. 6.** RCW 41.26.470 and 2006 c 39 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A member of the retirement system who becomes totally incapacitated for continued employment by an employer as determined by the director shall be eligible to receive an allowance under the provisions of RCW 41.26.410 through 41.26.550. Such member shall receive a monthly disability allowance computed as provided for in RCW 41.26.420 and shall have such allowance actuarially reduced to reflect the difference in the number of years between age at disability and the attainment of age fifty-three, except under subsection (7) of this section.
- (2) Any member who receives an allowance under the provisions of this section shall be subject to such comprehensive medical examinations as required by the department. If such medical examinations reveal that such a member has recovered from the incapacitating disability and the member is no longer entitled to benefits under Title 51 RCW, the retirement allowance shall be canceled and the member shall be restored to duty in the same civil service rank, if any, held by the member at the time of retirement or, if unable to perform the duties of the

rank, then, at the member's request, in such other like or lesser rank as may be or become open and available, the duties of which the member is then able to perform. In no event shall a member previously drawing a disability allowance be returned or be restored to duty at a salary or rate of pay less than the current salary attached to the rank or position held by the member at the date of the retirement for disability. If the department determines that the member is able to return to service, the member is entitled to notice and a hearing. Both the notice and the hearing shall comply with the requirements of chapter 34.05 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act.

- (3) Those members subject to this chapter who became disabled in the line of duty on or after July 23, 1989, and who receive benefits under RCW 41.04.500 through 41.04.530 or similar benefits under RCW 41.04.535 shall receive or continue to receive service credit subject to the following:
- (a) No member may receive more than one month's service credit in a calendar month.
- (b) No service credit under this section may be allowed after a member separates or is separated without leave of absence.
- (c) Employer contributions shall be paid by the employer at the rate in effect for the period of the service credited.
- (d) Employee contributions shall be collected by the employer and paid to the department at the rate in effect for the period of service credited.
- (e) State contributions shall be as provided in RCW 41.45.060 and 41.45.067.
- (f) Contributions shall be based on the regular compensation which the member would have received had the disability not occurred.
- (g) The service and compensation credit under this section shall be granted for a period not to exceed six consecutive months.
- (h) Should the legislature revoke the service credit authorized under this section or repeal this section, no affected employee is entitled to receive the credit as a matter of contractual right.
- (4)(a) If the recipient of a monthly retirement allowance under this section dies before the total of the retirement allowance paid to the recipient equals the amount of the accumulated contributions at the date of retirement, then the balance shall be paid to the member's estate, or such person or persons, trust, or organization as the recipient has nominated by written designation duly executed and filed with the director, or, if there is no such designated person or persons still living at the time of the recipient's death, then to the surviving spouse or domestic partner, or, if there is neither such designated person or persons still living at the time of his or her death nor a surviving spouse or domestic partner, then to his or her legal representative.
- (b) If a recipient of a monthly retirement allowance under this section died before April 27, 1989, and before the total of the retirement allowance paid to the recipient equaled the amount of his or her accumulated contributions at the date of retirement, then the department shall pay the balance of the accumulated contributions to the member's surviving spouse or, if there is no surviving spouse, then in equal shares to the member's children. If there is no surviving spouse or children, the department shall retain the contributions.
- (5) Should the disability retirement allowance of any disability beneficiary be canceled for any cause other than reentrance into service or retirement for

service, he or she shall be paid the excess, if any, of the accumulated contributions at the time of retirement over all payments made on his or her behalf under this chapter.

- (6) A member who becomes disabled in the line of duty, and who ceases to be an employee of an employer except by service or disability retirement, may request a refund of one hundred fifty percent of the member's accumulated contributions. Any accumulated contributions attributable to restorations made under RCW 41.50.165(2) shall be refunded at one hundred percent. A person in receipt of this benefit is a retiree.
- (7) A member who becomes disabled in the line of duty shall be entitled to receive a minimum retirement allowance equal to ten percent of such member's final average salary. The member shall additionally receive a retirement allowance equal to two percent of such member's average final salary for each year of service beyond five.
- (8) A member who is totally disabled in the line of duty is entitled to receive a retirement allowance equal to seventy percent of the member's final average salary. The allowance provided under this subsection shall be offset by:
- (a) Temporary disability wage-replacement benefits or permanent total disability benefits provided to the member under Title 51 RCW; and
- (b) Federal social security disability benefits, if any; so that such an allowance does not result in the member receiving combined benefits that exceed one hundred percent of the member's final average salary. However, the offsets shall not in any case reduce the allowance provided under this subsection below the member's accrued retirement allowance.

A member is considered totally disabled if he or she is unable to perform any substantial gainful activity due to a physical or mental condition that may be expected to result in death or that has lasted or is expected to last at least twelve months. Substantial gainful activity is defined as average earnings in excess of eight hundred sixty dollars a month in 2006 adjusted annually as determined by the director based on federal social security disability standards. The department may require a person in receipt of an allowance under this subsection to provide any financial records that are necessary to determine continued eligibility for such an allowance. A person in receipt of an allowance under this subsection whose earnings exceed the threshold for substantial gainful activity shall have their benefit converted to a line-of-duty disability retirement allowance as provided in subsection (7) of this section.

Any person in receipt of an allowance under the provisions of this section is subject to comprehensive medical examinations as may be required by the department under subsection (2) of this section in order to determine continued eligibility for such an allowance.

- **Sec. 7.** RCW 41.26.510 and 2006 c 345 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in RCW 11.07.010, if a member or a vested member who has not completed at least ten years of service dies, the amount of the accumulated contributions standing to such member's credit in the retirement system at the time of such member's death, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, shall be paid to the member's estate, or such person or persons, trust, or organization as the member shall have nominated by

written designation duly executed and filed with the department. If there be no such designated person or persons still living at the time of the member's death, such member's accumulated contributions standing to such member's credit in the retirement system, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, shall be paid to the member's surviving spouse or domestic partner as if in fact such spouse or domestic partner had been nominated by written designation, or if there be no such surviving spouse or domestic partner, then to such member's legal representatives.

- (2) If a member who is eligible for retirement or a member who has completed at least ten years of service dies, the surviving spouse, domestic partner, or eligible child or children shall elect to receive either:
- (a) A retirement allowance computed as provided for in RCW 41.26.430, actuarially reduced by the amount of any lump sum benefit identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670 and actuarially adjusted to reflect a joint and one hundred percent survivor option under RCW 41.26.460 and if the member was not eligible for normal retirement at the date of death a further reduction as described in RCW 41.26.430; if a surviving spouse or domestic partner who is receiving a retirement allowance dies leaving a child or children of the member under the age of majority, then such child or children shall continue to receive an allowance in an amount equal to that which was being received by the surviving spouse or domestic partner, share and share alike, until such child or children reach the age of majority; if there is no surviving spouse or domestic partner eligible to receive an allowance at the time of the member's death, such member's child or children under the age of majority shall receive an allowance share and share alike calculated as herein provided making the assumption that the ages of the spouse or domestic partner and member were equal at the time of the member's death: or
- (b)(i) The member's accumulated contributions, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670; or
- (ii) If the member dies on or after July 25, 1993, one hundred fifty percent of the member's accumulated contributions, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670. Any accumulated contributions attributable to restorations made under RCW 41.50.165(2) shall be refunded at one hundred percent.
- (3) If a member who is eligible for retirement or a member who has completed at least ten years of service dies after October 1, 1977, and is not survived by a spouse, domestic partner, or an eligible child, then the accumulated contributions standing to the member's credit, less any amount identified as owing to an obligee upon withdrawal of accumulated contributions pursuant to a court order filed under RCW 41.50.670, shall be paid:
- (a) To an estate, a person or persons, trust, or organization as the member shall have nominated by written designation duly executed and filed with the department; or
- (b) If there is no such designated person or persons still living at the time of the member's death, then to the member's legal representatives.

- (4) The retirement allowance of a member who is killed in the course of employment, as determined by the director of the department of labor and industries, is not subject to an actuarial reduction. The member's retirement allowance is computed under RCW 41.26.420.
- (5) The retirement allowance paid to the spouse <u>or domestic partner</u> and dependent children of a member who is killed in the course of employment, as set forth in RCW 41.05.011(14), shall include reimbursement for any payments of premium rates to the Washington state health care authority pursuant to RCW 41.05.080.
- **Sec. 8.** RCW 41.26.520 and 2005 c 64 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A member who is on a paid leave of absence authorized by a member's employer shall continue to receive service credit as provided for under the provisions of RCW 41.26.410 through 41.26.550.
- (2) A member who receives compensation from an employer while on an authorized leave of absence to serve as an elected official of a labor organization, and whose employer is reimbursed by the labor organization for the compensation paid to the member during the period of absence, may also be considered to be on a paid leave of absence. This subsection shall only apply if the member's leave of absence is authorized by a collective bargaining agreement that provides that the member retains seniority rights with the employer during the period of leave. The basic salary reported for a member who establishes service credit under this subsection may not be greater than the salary paid to the highest paid job class covered by the collective bargaining agreement.
- (3) Except as specified in subsection (7) of this section, a member shall be eligible to receive a maximum of two years service credit during a member's entire working career for those periods when a member is on an unpaid leave of absence authorized by an employer. Such credit may be obtained only if the member makes the employer, member, and state contributions plus interest as determined by the department for the period of the authorized leave of absence within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement whichever comes sooner.
- (4) A law enforcement member may be authorized by an employer to work part time and to go on a part-time leave of absence. During a part-time leave of absence a member is prohibited from any other employment with their employer. A member is eligible to receive credit for any portion of service credit not earned during a month of part-time leave of absence if the member makes the employer, member, and state contributions, plus interest, as determined by the department for the period of the authorized leave within five years of resumption of full-time service or prior to retirement whichever comes sooner. Any service credit purchased for a part-time leave of absence is included in the two-year maximum provided in subsection (3) of this section.
- (5) If a member fails to meet the time limitations of subsection (3) or (4) of this section, the member may receive a maximum of two years of service credit during a member's working career for those periods when a member is on unpaid leave of absence authorized by an employer. This may be done by paying the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2) prior to retirement.

- (6) For the purpose of subsection (3) or (4) of this section the contribution shall not include the contribution for the unfunded supplemental present value as required by RCW 41.45.060, 41.45.061, and 41.45.067. The contributions required shall be based on the average of the member's basic salary at both the time the authorized leave of absence was granted and the time the member resumed employment.
- (7) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States shall be entitled to retirement system service credit for up to five years of military service. This subsection shall be administered in a manner consistent with the requirements of the federal uniformed services employment and reemployment rights act.
 - (a) The member qualifies for service credit under this subsection if:
- (i) Within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge from the uniformed services of the United States, the member applies for reemployment with the employer who employed the member immediately prior to the member entering the uniformed services; and
- (ii) The member makes the employee contributions required under RCW 41.45.060, 41.45.061, and 41.45.067 within five years of resumption of service or prior to retirement, whichever comes sooner; or
- (iii) Prior to retirement and not within ninety days of the member's honorable discharge or five years of resumption of service the member pays the amount required under RCW 41.50.165(2).
- (b) Upon receipt of member contributions under (a)(ii), (d)(iii), or (e)(iii) of this subsection, the department shall establish the member's service credit and shall bill the employer and the state for their respective contributions required under RCW 41.26.450 for the period of military service, plus interest as determined by the department.
- (c) The contributions required under (a)(ii), (d)(iii), or (e)(iii) of this subsection shall be based on the compensation the member would have earned if not on leave, or if that cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty, the compensation reported for the member in the year prior to when the member went on military leave.
- (d) The surviving spouse, domestic partner, or eligible child or children of a member who left the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and died while serving in the uniformed services may, on behalf of the deceased member, apply for retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of the member's death in the uniformed services. The department shall establish the deceased member's service credit if the surviving spouse or eligible child or children:
- (i) Provides to the director proof of the member's death while serving in the uniformed services;
- (ii) Provides to the director proof of the member's honorable service in the uniformed services prior to the date of death; and
- (iii) Pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45 RCW within five years of the date of death or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
- (e) A member who leaves the employ of an employer to enter the uniformed services of the United States and becomes totally incapacitated for continued employment by an employer while serving in the uniformed services is entitled

to retirement system service credit under this subsection up to the date of discharge from the uniformed services if:

- (i) The member obtains a determination from the director that he or she is totally incapacitated for continued employment due to conditions or events that occurred while serving in the uniformed services;
- (ii) The member provides to the director proof of honorable discharge from the uniformed services; and
- (iii) The member pays the employee contributions required under chapter 41.45 RCW within five years of the director's determination of total disability or prior to the distribution of any benefit, whichever comes first.
- (8) A member receiving benefits under Title 51 RCW who is not receiving benefits under this chapter shall be deemed to be on unpaid, authorized leave of absence.

Passed by the House March 6, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 23, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

CHAPTER 524

[Substitute House Bill 1758]

COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES—HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMAS

AN ACT Relating to expanding options for students to earn high school diplomas; amending RCW 28B.50.535, 28A.225.290, 28A.600.320, and 28A.655.061; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature has previously affirmed the value of career and technical education, particularly in programs that lead to nationally recognized certification. These programs provide students with the knowledge and skills to become responsible citizens and contribute to their own economic well-being and that of their families and communities, which is the goal of education in the public schools. The legislature has also previously affirmed the value of dual enrollment in college and high school programs that can lead to both an associate degree and a high school diploma. Therefore, the legislature intends to maximize students' options and choices for completing high school by awarding diplomas to students who complete these valuable postsecondary programs.

Sec. 2. RCW 28B.50.535 and 2007 c 355 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

A community or technical college may issue a high school diploma or certificate as provided under this section.

- (1) An individual who satisfactorily meets the requirements for high school completion shall be awarded a diploma from the college, subject to rules adopted by the superintendent of public instruction and the state board of education.
- (2) An individual enrolled through the option established under RCW 28A.600.310 through 28A.600.400 who satisfactorily completes an associate degree, including an associate of arts degree, associate of science degree, associate of technology degree, or associate in applied science degree, shall be awarded a diploma from the college upon written request from the student.

- (3) An individual, twenty-one years or older, who enrolls in a community or technical college for the purpose of obtaining an associate degree and who satisfactorily completes an associate degree, including an associate of arts degree, associate of science degree, associate of technology degree, or associate in applied science degree, shall be awarded a diploma from the college upon written request from the student. Individuals under this subsection are not eligible for funding provided under chapter 28A.150 RCW.
- Sec. 3. RCW 28A.225.290 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 9 s 207 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall prepare and annually distribute an information booklet outlining parents' and guardians' enrollment options for their children.
- (2) ((Before the 1991 92 school year,)) The booklet shall be distributed to all school districts by the office of the superintendent of public instruction and shall be posted on the web site of the office of the superintendent of public instruction. School districts shall have a copy of the information booklet available for public inspection at each school in the district, at the district office, and in public libraries.
 - (3) The booklet shall include:
- (a) Information about enrollment options and program opportunities, including but not limited to programs in RCW 28A.225.220, 28A.185.040, 28A.225.200 through 28A.225.215, 28A.225.230 through 28A.225.250, ((28A.175.090,)) 28A.340.010 through 28A.340.070 (small high school cooperative projects), and 28A.335.160.
- (b) Information about the running start((-community college or vocational-technical institute choice)) program under RCW 28A.600.300 through ((28A.600.395)) 28A.600.400; ((and))
- (c) Information about the seventh and eighth grade choice program under RCW 28A.230.090; and
- (d) Information about the college high school diploma options under RCW 28B.50.535.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 28A.600.320 and 2008 c 95 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

A school district shall provide general information about the program to all pupils in grades ten, eleven, and twelve and the parents and guardians of those pupils, including information about the opportunity to enroll in the program through online courses available at community and technical colleges and other state institutions of higher education and including the college high school diploma options under RCW 28B.50.535. To assist the district in planning, a pupil shall inform the district of the pupil's intent to enroll in courses at an institution of higher education for credit. Students are responsible for applying for admission to the institution of higher education.

- **Sec. 5.** RCW 28A.655.061 and 2008 c 321 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The high school assessment system shall include but need not be limited to the Washington assessment of student learning, opportunities for a student to retake the content areas of the assessment in which the student was not successful, and if approved by the legislature pursuant to subsection (10) of this

section, one or more objective alternative assessments for a student to demonstrate achievement of state academic standards. The objective alternative assessments for each content area shall be comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge that the student must demonstrate on the Washington assessment of student learning for each content area.

- (2) Subject to the conditions in this section, a certificate of academic achievement shall be obtained by most students at about the age of sixteen, and is evidence that the students have successfully met the state standard in the content areas included in the certificate. With the exception of students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045 or 28A.655.0611, acquisition of the certificate is required for graduation from a public high school but is not the only requirement for graduation.
- (3) Beginning with the graduating class of 2008, with the exception of students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045, a student who meets the state standards on the reading, writing, and mathematics content areas of the high school Washington assessment of student learning shall earn a certificate of academic achievement. If a student does not successfully meet the state standards in one or more content areas required for the certificate of academic achievement, then the student may retake the assessment in the content area up to four times at no cost to the student. If the student successfully meets the state standards on a retake of the assessment then the student shall earn a certificate of academic achievement. Once objective alternative assessments are authorized pursuant to subsection (10) of this section, a student may use the objective alternative assessments to demonstrate that the student successfully meets the state standards for that content area if the student has taken the Washington assessment of student learning at least once. If the student successfully meets the state standards on the objective alternative assessments then the student shall earn a certificate of academic achievement.
- (4) Beginning no later than with the graduating class of 2013, a student must meet the state standards in science in addition to the other content areas required under subsection (3) of this section on the Washington assessment of student learning or the objective alternative assessments in order to earn a certificate of academic achievement. The state board of education may adopt a rule that implements the requirements of this subsection (4) beginning with a graduating class before the graduating class of 2013, if the state board of education adopts the rule by September 1st of the freshman school year of the graduating class to which the requirements of this subsection (4) apply. The state board of education's authority under this subsection (4) does not alter the requirement that any change in performance standards for the tenth grade assessment must comply with RCW 28A.305.130.
- (5) The state board of education may not require the acquisition of the certificate of academic achievement for students in home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW, for students enrolled in private schools under chapter 28A.195 RCW, or for students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045.
- (6) A student may retain and use the highest result from each successfully completed content area of the high school assessment.
 - (7) School districts must make available to students the following options:

- (a) To retake the Washington assessment of student learning up to four times in the content areas in which the student did not meet the state standards if the student is enrolled in a public school; or
- (b) To retake the Washington assessment of student learning up to four times in the content areas in which the student did not meet the state standards if the student is enrolled in a high school completion program at a community or technical college. The superintendent of public instruction and the state board for community and technical colleges shall jointly identify means by which students in these programs can be assessed.
- (8) Students who achieve the standard in a content area of the high school assessment but who wish to improve their results shall pay for retaking the assessment, using a uniform cost determined by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (9) Opportunities to retake the assessment at least twice a year shall be available to each school district.
- (10)(a) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop options for implementing objective alternative assessments, which may include an appeals process for students' scores, for students to demonstrate achievement of the state academic standards. The objective alternative assessments shall be comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge that the student must demonstrate on the Washington assessment of student learning and be objective in its determination of student achievement of the state standards. Before any objective alternative assessments in addition to those authorized in RCW 28A.655.065 or (b) of this subsection are used by a student to demonstrate that the student has met the state standards in a content area required to obtain a certificate, the legislature shall formally approve the use of any objective alternative assessments through the omnibus appropriations act or by statute or concurrent resolution.
- (b)(i) A student's score on the mathematics, reading or English, or writing portion of the ((seholastic assessment test ())SAT(())) or the ((American college test ())ACT(())) may be used as an objective alternative assessment under this section for demonstrating that a student has met or exceeded the state standards for the certificate of academic achievement. The state board of education shall identify the scores students must achieve on the relevant portion of the SAT or ACT to meet or exceed the state standard in the relevant content area on the Washington assessment of student learning. The state board of education shall identify the first scores by December 1, 2007. After the first scores are established, the state board may increase but not decrease the scores required for students to meet or exceed the state standards.
- (ii) Until August 31, 2008, a student's score on the mathematics portion of the ((preliminary scholastic assessment test ())PSAT(())) may be used as an objective alternative assessment under this section for demonstrating that a student has met or exceeded the state standard for the certificate of academic achievement. The state board of education shall identify the score students must achieve on the mathematics portion of the PSAT to meet or exceed the state standard in that content area on the Washington assessment of student learning.
- (iii) A student who scores at least a three on the grading scale of one to five for selected AP examinations may use the score as an objective alternative assessment under this section for demonstrating that a student has met or

exceeded state standards for the certificate of academic achievement. A score of three on the AP examinations in calculus or statistics may be used as an alternative assessment for the mathematics portion of the Washington assessment of student learning. A score of three on the AP examinations in English language and composition may be used as an alternative assessment for the writing portion of the Washington assessment of student learning. A score of three on the AP examinations in English literature and composition, macroeconomics, microeconomics, psychology, United States history, world history, United States government and politics, or comparative government and politics may be used as an alternative assessment for the reading portion of the Washington assessment of student learning.

- (11) By December 15, 2004, the house of representatives and senate education committees shall obtain information and conclusions from recognized, independent, national assessment experts regarding the validity and reliability of the high school Washington assessment of student learning for making individual student high school graduation determinations.
- (12) To help assure continued progress in academic achievement as a foundation for high school graduation and to assure that students are on track for high school graduation, each school district shall prepare plans for and notify students and their parents or legal guardians as provided in this subsection (12).
- (a) Student learning plans are required for eighth through twelfth grade students who were not successful on any or all of the content areas of the Washington assessment for student learning during the previous school year or who may not be on track to graduate due to credit deficiencies or absences. The parent or legal guardian shall be notified about the information in the student learning plan, preferably through a parent conference and at least annually. To the extent feasible, schools serving English language learner students and their parents shall translate the plan into the primary language of the family. The plan shall include the following information as applicable:
 - (i) The student's results on the Washington assessment of student learning;
- (ii) If the student is in the transitional bilingual program, the score on his or her Washington language proficiency test II;
 - (iii) Any credit deficiencies;
 - (iv) The student's attendance rates over the previous two years;
- (v) The student's progress toward meeting state and local graduation requirements;
- (vi) The courses, competencies, and other steps needed to be taken by the student to meet state academic standards and stay on track for graduation;
- (vii) Remediation strategies and alternative education options available to students, including informing students of the option to continue to receive instructional services after grade twelve or until the age of twenty-one;
- (viii) The alternative assessment options available to students under this section and RCW 28A.655.065;
- (ix) School district programs, high school courses, and career and technical education options available for students to meet graduation requirements; and
- (x) Available programs offered through skill centers or community and technical colleges, including the college high school diploma options under RCW 28B.50.535.

- (b) All fifth grade students who were not successful in one or more of the content areas of the fourth grade Washington assessment of student learning shall have a student learning plan.
- (i) The parent or guardian of the student shall be notified, preferably through a parent conference, of the student's results on the Washington assessment of student learning, actions the school intends to take to improve the student's skills in any content area in which the student was unsuccessful, and provide strategies to help them improve their student's skills.
- (ii) Progress made on the student plan shall be reported to the student's parents or guardian at least annually and adjustments to the plan made as necessary.

Passed by the House April 24, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009.

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CHAPTER 525

[Substitute House Bill 1103]

VULNERABLE ADULTS—INHERITANCE—FINANCIAL EXPLOITATION

AN ACT Relating to the estates of vulnerable adults; amending RCW 11.84.010, 11.84.020, 11.84.025, 11.84.030, 11.84.040, 11.84.050, 11.84.070, 11.84.080, 11.84.090, 11.84.100, 11.84.110, 11.84.120, 11.84.130, 26.16.120, 41.04.273, and 11.96A.030; and adding new sections to chapter 11.84 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 11.84.010 and 1965 c 145 s 11.84.010 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Abuser" means any person who participates, either as a principal or an accessory before the fact, in the willful and unlawful financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult.
 - (2) "Decedent" means:
 - (a) Any person whose life is taken by a slayer; or
- (b) Any deceased person who, at any time during life in which he or she was a vulnerable adult, was the victim of financial exploitation by an abuser.
- (3) "Financial exploitation" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 74.34.020, as enacted or hereafter amended.
- (4) "Property" includes any real and personal property and any right or interest therein.
- (5) "Slayer" ((shall)) means any person who participates, either as a principal or an accessory before the fact, in the willful and unlawful killing of any other person.
 - (((2) "Decedent" shall mean any person whose life is so taken.
- (3) "Property" shall include any real and personal property and any right or interest therein.)) (6) "Vulnerable adult" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 74.34.020.

Sec. 2. RCW 11.84.020 and 1965 c 145 s 11.84.020 are each amended to read as follows:

No slayer <u>or abuser</u> shall in any way acquire any property or receive any benefit as the result of the death of the decedent, but such property shall pass as provided in the sections following.

Sec. 3. RCW 11.84.025 and 1998 c 292 s 502 are each amended to read as follows:

Proceeds payable to a slayer <u>or abuser</u> as the beneficiary of any benefits flowing from one of the retirement systems listed in RCW 41.50.030, by virtue of the decedent's membership in the department of retirement systems or by virtue of the death of decedent, shall be paid instead as designated in RCW 41.04.273.

Sec. 4. RCW 11.84.030 and 2008 c 6 s 624 are each amended to read as follows:

The slayer <u>or abuser</u> shall be deemed to have predeceased the decedent as to property which would have passed from the decedent or his <u>or her</u> estate to the slayer <u>or abuser</u> under the statutes of descent and distribution or have been acquired by statutory right as surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner or under any agreement made with the decedent under the provisions of RCW 26.16.120 as it now exists or is hereafter amended.

Sec. 5. RCW 11.84.040 and 1965 c 145 s 11.84.040 are each amended to read as follows:

Property which would have passed to or for the benefit of the slayer <u>or abuser</u> by devise or legacy from the decedent shall be distributed as if he <u>or she</u> had predeceased the decedent.

- **Sec. 6.** RCW 11.84.050 and 1965 c 145 s 11.84.050 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) One-half of any property held by the slayer <u>or abuser</u> and the decedent as joint tenants, joint owners or joint obligees shall pass upon the death of the decedent to his <u>or her</u> estate, and the other half shall pass to his <u>or her</u> estate upon the death of the slayer <u>or abuser</u>, unless the slayer <u>or abuser</u> obtains a separation or severance of the property or a decree granting partition.
- (2) As to property held jointly by three or more persons, including the slayer or abuser and the decedent, any enrichment which would have accrued to the slayer or abuser as a result of the death of the decedent shall pass to the estate of the decedent. If the slayer or abuser becomes the final survivor, one-half of the property shall immediately pass to the estate of the decedent and the other half shall pass to his or her estate upon the death of the slayer or abuser, unless the slayer or abuser obtains a separation or severance of the property or a decree granting partition.
- (3) The provisions of this section shall not affect any enforceable agreement between the parties or any trust arising because a greater proportion of the property has been contributed by one party than by the other.
- **Sec. 7.** RCW 11.84.070 and 1965 c 145 s 11.84.070 are each amended to read as follows:

Any interest in property whether vested or not, held by the slayer <u>or abuser</u>, subject to be divested, diminished in any way or extinguished, if the decedent survives him <u>or her</u> or lives to a certain age, shall be held by the slayer <u>or abuser</u>

during his <u>or her</u> lifetime or until the decedent would have reached such age, but shall then pass as if the decedent had died immediately thereafter.

Sec. 8. RCW 11.84.080 and 1965 c 145 s 11.84.080 are each amended to read as follows:

As to any contingent remainder or executory or other future interest held by the slayer <u>or abuser</u>, subject to become vested in him <u>or her</u> or increased in any way for him <u>or her</u> upon the condition of the death of the decedent:

- (1) If the interest would not have become vested or increased if he <u>or she</u> had predeceased the decedent, he <u>or she</u> shall be deemed to have so predeceased the decedent;
- (2) In any case the interest shall not be vested or increased during the period of the life expectancy of the decedent.
- **Sec. 9.** RCW 11.84.090 and 1965 c 145 s 11.84.090 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Property appointed by the will of the decedent to or for the benefit of the slayer <u>or abuser</u> shall be distributed as if the slayer <u>or abuser</u> had predeceased the decedent.
- (2) Property held either presently or in remainder by the slayer <u>or abuser</u>, subject to be divested by the exercise by the decedent of a power of revocation or a general power of appointment shall pass to the estate of the decedent, and property so held by the slayer <u>or abuser</u>, subject to be divested by the exercise by the decedent of a power of appointment to a particular person or persons or to a class of persons, shall pass to such person or persons, or in equal shares to the members of such class of persons, exclusive of the slayer <u>or abuser</u>.
- **Sec. 10.** RCW 11.84.100 and 1965 c 145 s 11.84.100 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Insurance proceeds payable to the slayer <u>or abuser</u> as the beneficiary or assignee of any policy or certificate of insurance on the life of the decedent, or as the survivor of a joint life policy, shall be paid instead to the estate of the decedent, unless the policy or certificate designate some person other than the slayer <u>or abuser</u> or his <u>or her</u> estate as secondary beneficiary to him <u>or her</u> and in which case such proceeds shall be paid to such secondary beneficiary in accordance with the applicable terms of the policy.
- (2) If the decedent is beneficiary or assignee of any policy or certificate of insurance on the life of the slayer <u>or abuser</u>, the proceeds shall be paid to the estate of the decedent upon the death of the slayer <u>or abuser</u>, unless the policy names some person other than the slayer <u>or abuser</u> or his <u>or her</u> estate as secondary beneficiary, or unless the slayer <u>or abuser</u> by naming a new beneficiary or assigning the policy performs an act which would have deprived the decedent of his <u>or her</u> interest in the policy if he <u>or she</u> had been living.
- **Sec. 11.** RCW 11.84.110 and 1965 c 145 s 11.84.110 are each amended to read as follows:

Any insurance company making payment according to the terms of its policy or any bank or other person performing an obligation for the slayer or abuser as one of several joint obligees shall not be subjected to additional liability by the terms of this chapter if such payment or performance is made without written notice, at its home office or at an individual's home or business address, of the killing by a slayer or financial exploitation by an abuser.

Sec. 12. RCW 11.84.120 and 1965 c 145 s 11.84.120 are each amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter shall not affect the rights of any person who, before the interests of the slayer <u>or abuser</u> have been adjudicated, purchases or has agreed to purchase, from the slayer <u>or abuser</u> for value and without notice property which the slayer <u>or abuser</u> would have acquired except for the terms of this chapter, but all proceeds received by the slayer <u>or abuser</u> from such sale shall be held by him <u>or her</u> in trust for the persons entitled to the property under the provisions of this chapter, and the slayer <u>or abuser</u> shall also be liable both for any portion of such proceeds which he <u>or she</u> may have dissipated and for any difference between the actual value of the property and the amount of such proceeds.

- **Sec. 13.** RCW 11.84.130 and 1965 c 145 s 11.84.130 are each amended to read as follows:
- ((The)) Any record of ((his)) conviction ((of)) for having participated in the ((wilful)) willful and unlawful killing of the decedent or for conduct constituting financial exploitation against the decedent, including but not limited to theft, forgery, fraud, identity theft, robbery, burglary, or extortion, shall be admissible in evidence against a claimant of property in any civil ((aetion)) proceeding arising under this chapter.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** A new section is added to chapter 11.84 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A final judgment of conviction for the willful and unlawful killing of the decedent is conclusive for purposes of determining whether a person is a slayer under this section.
- (2) In the absence of a criminal conviction, a superior court finding by a preponderance of the evidence that a person participated in the willful and unlawful killing of the decedent is conclusive for purposes of determining whether a person is a slayer under this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** A new section is added to chapter 11.84 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A final judgment of conviction for conduct constituting financial exploitation against the decedent, including but not limited to theft, forgery, fraud, identity theft, robbery, burglary, or extortion, is conclusive for purposes of determining whether a person is an abuser under this section.
- (2) In the absence of a criminal conviction, a superior court finding by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence that a person participated in conduct constituting financial exploitation against the decedent is conclusive for purposes of determining whether a person is an abuser under this section.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 16.** A new section is added to chapter 11.84 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) In determining whether a person is an abuser for purposes of this chapter, the court must find by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence that:
- (a) The decedent was a vulnerable adult at the time the alleged financial exploitation took place; and
- (b) The conduct constituting financial exploitation was willful action or willful inaction causing injury to the property of the vulnerable adult.

- (2) A finding of abuse by the department of social and health services is not admissible for any purpose in any claim or proceeding under this chapter.
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, evidence of financial exploitation is admissible if it is not inadmissible pursuant to the rules of evidence.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 17.** A new section is added to chapter 11.84 RCW to read as follows:

Notwithstanding the provisions of this chapter:

- (1) An abuser is entitled to acquire or receive an interest in property or any other benefit described in this chapter if the court determines by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence that the decedent:
 - (a) Knew of the financial exploitation; and
- (b) Subsequently ratified his or her intent to transfer the property interest or benefit to that person.
- (2) The court may consider the record of proceedings and in its discretion allow an abuser to acquire or receive an interest in property or any other benefit described in this chapter in any manner the court deems equitable. In determining what is equitable, the court may consider, among other things:
 - (a) The various elements of the decedent's dispositive scheme;
 - (b) The decedent's likely intent given the totality of the circumstances; and
- (c) The degree of harm resulting from the abuser's financial exploitation of the decedent.
- **Sec. 18.** RCW 26.16.120 and 2008 c 6 s 612 are each amended to read as follows:

Nothing contained in any of the provisions of this chapter or in any law of this state, shall prevent both spouses or both domestic partners from jointly entering into any agreement concerning the status or disposition of the whole or any portion of the community property, then owned by them or afterwards to be acquired, to take effect upon the death of either. But such agreement may be made at any time by both spouses or both domestic partners by the execution of an instrument in writing under their hands and seals, and to be witnessed, acknowledged and certified in the same manner as deeds to real estate are required to be, under the laws of the state, and the same may at any time thereafter be altered or amended in the same manner. Such agreement shall not derogate from the right of creditors; nor be construed to curtail the powers of the superior court to set aside or cancel such agreement for fraud or under some other recognized head of equity jurisdiction, at the suit of either party; nor prevent the application of laws governing the community property and inheritance rights of slayers or abusers under chapter 11.84 RCW.

- **Sec. 19.** RCW 41.04.273 and 1998 c 292 s 501 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) For purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:
- (a) (("Slayer" means a slayer as defined)) "Abuser" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 11.84.010.
- (b) "Decedent" means any person ((whose life is taken by a slayer, and)) who is entitled to benefits from the Washington state department of retirement systems by written designation or by operation of law:
 - (i) Whose life is taken by a slaver; or

- (ii) Who is deceased and who, at any time during life in which he or she was a vulnerable adult, was the victim of financial exploitation by an abuser, except as provided in section 17 of this act.
 - (c) "Slayer" means a slayer as defined in RCW 11.84.010.
- (2) Property that would have passed to or for the benefit of a beneficiary under one of the retirement systems listed in RCW 41.50.030 shall not pass to that beneficiary if the beneficiary was a slayer or abuser of the decedent and the property shall be distributed as if the slayer or abuser had predeceased the decedent
- (3) A slayer <u>or abuser</u> is deemed to have predeceased the decedent as to property which, by designation or by operation of law, would have passed from the decedent to the slayer <u>or abuser</u> because of the decedent's entitlement to benefits under one of the retirement systems listed in RCW 41.50.030.
- (4)(a) The department of retirement systems has no affirmative duty to determine whether a beneficiary is, or is alleged to be, a slayer <u>or abuser</u>. However, upon receipt of written notice that a beneficiary is a defendant in a civil lawsuit <u>or probate proceeding</u> that alleges the beneficiary is a slayer <u>or abuser</u>, or is charged with a crime that, if committed, means the beneficiary is a slayer <u>or abuser</u>, the department of retirement systems shall determine whether the beneficiary is a defendant in such a civil ((suit)) <u>proceeding</u> or has been formally charged in court with the crime, or both. If so, the department shall withhold payment of any benefits until:
 - (i) The case or charges, or both if both are pending, are dismissed;
- (ii) The beneficiary is found not guilty in the criminal case or prevails in the civil ((suit)) proceeding, or both if both are pending; or
- (iii) The beneficiary is convicted or is found to be a slayer <u>or abuser</u> in the civil ((suit)) proceeding.
- (b) If the case or charges, or both if both are pending, are dismissed or if a beneficiary is found not guilty or prevails in the civil ((suit)) proceeding, or both if both are pending, the department shall pay the beneficiary the benefits the beneficiary is entitled to receive. If the beneficiary is convicted or found to be a slayer or abuser in a civil ((suit)) proceeding, the department shall distribute the benefits according to subsection (2) of this section.
- (5) ((The slayer's)) Any record of conviction for having participated in the willful and unlawful killing of the decedent or for conduct constituting financial exploitation against the decedent, including but not limited to theft, forgery, fraud, identity theft, robbery, burglary, or extortion, shall be admissible in evidence against a claimant of property in any civil action arising under this section.
 - (6) In the absence of a criminal conviction, a superior court may determine:
- (a) By a preponderance of the evidence whether a person participated in the willful and unlawful killing of the decedent;
- (b) By clear, cogent, and convincing evidence whether a person participated in conduct constituting financial exploitation against the decedent, as provided in chapter 11.84 RCW.
- (7) This section shall not subject the department of retirement systems to liability for payment made to a slayer <u>or abuser</u> or alleged slayer <u>or abuser</u>, prior to the department's receipt of written notice that the slayer <u>or abuser</u> has been convicted of, or the alleged slayer <u>or abuser</u> has been formally criminally or

civilly charged in court with, the death <u>or financial exploitation</u> of the decedent. If the conviction or civil judgment of a slayer <u>or abuser</u> is reversed on appeal, the department of retirement systems shall not be liable for payment made prior to the receipt of written notice of the reversal to a beneficiary other than the person whose conviction or civil judgment is reversed.

Sec. 20. RCW 11.96A.030 and 2008 c 6 s 927 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (1) "Matter" includes any issue, question, or dispute involving:
- (a) The determination of any class of creditors, devisees, legatees, heirs, next of kin, or other persons interested in an estate, trust, nonprobate asset, or with respect to any other asset or property interest passing at death;
- (b) The direction of a personal representative or trustee to do or to abstain from doing any act in a fiduciary capacity;
- (c) The determination of any question arising in the administration of an estate or trust, or with respect to any nonprobate asset, or with respect to any other asset or property interest passing at death, that may include, without limitation, questions relating to: (i) The construction of wills, trusts, community property agreements, and other writings; (ii) a change of personal representative or trustee; (iii) a change of the situs of a trust; (iv) an accounting from a personal representative or trustee; or (v) the determination of fees for a personal representative or trustee;
- (d) The grant to a personal representative or trustee of any necessary or desirable power not otherwise granted in the governing instrument or given by law;
 - (e) An action or proceeding under chapter 11.84 RCW;
- (f) The amendment, reformation, or conformation of a will or a trust instrument to comply with statutes and regulations of the United States internal revenue service in order to achieve qualification for deductions, elections, and other tax requirements, including the qualification of any gift thereunder for the benefit of a surviving spouse who is not a citizen of the United States for the estate tax marital deduction permitted by federal law, including the addition of mandatory governing instrument requirements for a qualified domestic trust under section 2056A of the internal revenue code, the qualification of any gift thereunder as a qualified conservation easement as permitted by federal law, or the qualification of any gift for the charitable estate tax deduction permitted by federal law, including the addition of mandatory governing instrument requirements for a charitable remainder trust; and
- (((f))) (g) With respect to any nonprobate asset, or with respect to any other asset or property interest passing at death, including joint tenancy property, property subject to a community property agreement, or assets subject to a pay on death or transfer on death designation:
- (i) The ascertaining of any class of creditors or others for purposes of chapter 11.18 or 11.42 RCW;
- (ii) The ordering of a qualified person, the notice agent, or resident agent, as those terms are defined in chapter 11.42 RCW, or any combination of them, to do or abstain from doing any particular act with respect to a nonprobate asset;

- (iii) The ordering of a custodian of any of the decedent's records relating to a nonprobate asset to do or abstain from doing any particular act with respect to those records:
- (iv) The determination of any question arising in the administration under chapter 11.18 or 11.42 RCW of a nonprobate asset;
- (v) The determination of any questions relating to the abatement, rights of creditors, or other matter relating to the administration, settlement, or final disposition of a nonprobate asset under this title;
- (vi) The resolution of any matter referencing this chapter, including a determination of any questions relating to the ownership or distribution of an individual retirement account on the death of the spouse of the account holder as contemplated by RCW 6.15.020(6);
- (vii) The resolution of any other matter that could affect the nonprobate asset.
 - (2) "Notice agent" has the meanings given in RCW 11.42.010.
 - (3) "Nonprobate assets" has the meaning given in RCW 11.02.005.
- (4) "Party" or "parties" means each of the following persons who has an interest in the subject of the particular proceeding and whose name and address are known to, or are reasonably ascertainable by, the petitioner:
 - (a) The trustor if living;
 - (b) The trustee;
 - (c) The personal representative;
 - (d) An heir;
 - (e) A beneficiary, including devisees, legatees, and trust beneficiaries;
- (f) The surviving spouse or surviving domestic partner of a decedent with respect to his or her interest in the decedent's property;
 - (g) A guardian ad litem;
 - (h) A creditor;
- (i) Any other person who has an interest in the subject of the particular proceeding;
 - (j) The attorney general if required under RCW 11.110.120;
- (k) Any duly appointed and acting legal representative of a party such as a guardian, special representative, or attorney-in-fact;
- (l) Where applicable, the virtual representative of any person described in this subsection the giving of notice to whom would meet notice requirements as provided in RCW 11.96A.120;
- (m) Any notice agent, resident agent, or a qualified person, as those terms are defined in chapter 11.42 RCW; and
- (n) The owner or the personal representative of the estate of the deceased owner of the nonprobate asset that is the subject of the particular proceeding, if the subject of the particular proceeding relates to the beneficiary's liability to a decedent's estate or creditors under RCW 11.18.200.
- (5) "Persons interested in the estate or trust" means the trustor, if living, all persons beneficially interested in the estate or trust, persons holding powers over the trust or estate assets, the attorney general in the case of any charitable trust where the attorney general would be a necessary party to judicial proceedings concerning the trust, and any personal representative or trustee of the estate or trust.

- (6) "Principal place of administration of the trust" means the trustee's usual place of business where the day-to-day records pertaining to the trust are kept, or the trustee's residence if the trustee has no such place of business.
- (7) The "situs" of a trust means the place where the principal place of administration of the trust is located, unless otherwise provided in the instrument creating the trust.
 - (8) "Trustee" means any acting and qualified trustee of the trust.
- (9) "Representative" and other similar terms refer to a person who virtually represents another under RCW 11.96A.120.
- (10) "Citation" or "cite" and other similar terms, when required of a person interested in the estate or trust or a party to a petition, means to give notice as required under RCW 11.96A.100. "Citation" or "cite" and other similar terms, when required of the court, means to order, as authorized under RCW 11.96A.020 and 11.96A.060, and as authorized by law.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 21.** A new section is added to chapter 11.84 RCW to read as follows:

The provisions of this act are supplemental to, and do not derogate from, any other statutory or common law proceedings, theories, or remedies including, but not limited to, the common law allocation of the burden of proof or production among the parties.

Passed by the House April 22, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 17, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

CHAPTER 526

[Substitute House Bill 1239]

DEPENDENCY PROCEEDINGS—PARENTING PLANS

AN ACT Relating to parenting plans and residential schedules in dependency proceedings; amending RCW 13.34.155; and reenacting and amending RCW 13.04.030.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 13.04.030 and 2005 c 290 s 1 and 2005 c 238 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in this section, the juvenile courts in this state shall have exclusive original jurisdiction over all proceedings:
- (a) Under the interstate compact on placement of children as provided in chapter 26.34 RCW;
- (b) Relating to children alleged or found to be dependent as provided in chapter 26.44 RCW and in RCW 13.34.030 through ((13.34.170)) 13.34.161;
- (c) Relating to the termination of a parent and child relationship as provided in RCW 13.34.180 through 13.34.210;
- (d) To approve or disapprove out-of-home placement as provided in RCW 13.32A.170;
- (e) Relating to juveniles alleged or found to have committed offenses, traffic or civil infractions, or violations as provided in RCW 13.40.020 through 13.40.230, unless:

- (i) The juvenile court transfers jurisdiction of a particular juvenile to adult criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110;
- (ii) The statute of limitations applicable to adult prosecution for the offense, traffic or civil infraction, or violation has expired;
- (iii) The alleged offense or infraction is a traffic, fish, boating, or game offense, or traffic or civil infraction committed by a juvenile sixteen years of age or older and would, if committed by an adult, be tried or heard in a court of limited jurisdiction, in which instance the appropriate court of limited jurisdiction shall have jurisdiction over the alleged offense or infraction, and no guardian ad litem is required in any such proceeding due to the juvenile's age((: PROVIDED, That)). If such an alleged offense or infraction and an alleged offense or infraction subject to juvenile court jurisdiction arise out of the same event or incident, the juvenile court may have jurisdiction of both matters((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That)). The jurisdiction under this subsection does not constitute "transfer" or a "decline" for purposes of RCW 13.40.110(1) or (e)(i) of this subsection((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That)). Courts of limited jurisdiction which confine juveniles for an alleged offense or infraction may place juveniles in juvenile detention facilities under an agreement with the officials responsible for the administration of the juvenile detention facility in RCW 13.04.035 and 13.20.060;
- (iv) The alleged offense is a traffic or civil infraction, a violation of compulsory school attendance provisions under chapter 28A.225 RCW, or a misdemeanor, and a court of limited jurisdiction has assumed concurrent jurisdiction over those offenses as provided in RCW 13.04.0301; or
- (v) The juvenile is sixteen or seventeen years old on the date the alleged offense is committed and the alleged offense is:
 - (A) A serious violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030;
- (B) A violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 and the juvenile has a criminal history consisting of: (I) One or more prior serious violent offenses; (II) two or more prior violent offenses; or (III) three or more of any combination of the following offenses: Any class A felony, any class B felony, vehicular assault, or manslaughter in the second degree, all of which must have been committed after the juvenile's thirteenth birthday and prosecuted separately;
- (C) Robbery in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, or driveby shooting, committed on or after July 1, 1997;
- (D) Burglary in the first degree committed on or after July 1, 1997, and the juvenile has a criminal history consisting of one or more prior felony or misdemeanor offenses; or
- (E) Any violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 committed on or after July 1, 1997, and the juvenile is alleged to have been armed with a firearm.
- (I) In such a case the adult criminal court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction, except as provided in (e)(v)(E)(II) of this subsection.
- (II) The juvenile court shall have exclusive jurisdiction over the disposition of any remaining charges in any case in which the juvenile is found not guilty in the adult criminal court of the charge or charges for which he or she was transferred, or is convicted in the adult criminal court of a lesser included offense that is not also an offense listed in (e)(v) of this subsection. The juvenile court shall enter an order extending juvenile court jurisdiction if the juvenile has turned eighteen years of age during the adult criminal court proceedings

pursuant to RCW 13.40.300. However, once the case is returned to juvenile court, the court may hold a decline hearing pursuant to RCW 13.40.110 to determine whether to retain the case in juvenile court for the purpose of disposition or return the case to adult criminal court for sentencing.

If the juvenile challenges the state's determination of the juvenile's criminal history under (e)(v) of this subsection, the state may establish the offender's criminal history by a preponderance of the evidence. If the criminal history consists of adjudications entered upon a plea of guilty, the state shall not bear a burden of establishing the knowing and voluntariness of the plea;

- (f) Under the interstate compact on juveniles as provided in chapter 13.24 RCW:
- (g) Relating to termination of a diversion agreement under RCW 13.40.080, including a proceeding in which the divertee has attained eighteen years of age;
- (h) Relating to court validation of a voluntary consent to an out-of-home placement under chapter 13.34 RCW, by the parent or Indian custodian of an Indian child, except if the parent or Indian custodian and child are residents of or domiciled within the boundaries of a federally recognized Indian reservation over which the tribe exercises exclusive jurisdiction;
- (i) Relating to petitions to compel disclosure of information filed by the department of social and health services pursuant to RCW 74.13.042; and
- (j) Relating to judicial determinations and permanency planning hearings involving developmentally disabled children who have been placed in out-of-home care pursuant to a voluntary placement agreement between the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian and the department of social and health services.
- (2) The family court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction with the juvenile court over all proceedings under this section if the superior court judges of a county authorize concurrent jurisdiction as provided in RCW 26.12.010.
- (3) The juvenile court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction with the family court over child custody proceedings under chapter 26.10 RCW and parenting plans or residential schedules under chapters 26.09 and 26.26 RCW as provided for in RCW 13.34.155.
- (4) A juvenile subject to adult superior court jurisdiction under subsection (1)(e)(i) through (v) of this section, who is detained pending trial, may be detained in a detention facility as defined in RCW 13.40.020 pending sentencing or a dismissal.
- Sec. 2. RCW 13.34.155 and 2000 c 135 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The court hearing the dependency petition may hear and determine issues related to chapter 26.10 RCW in a dependency proceeding as necessary to facilitate a permanency plan for the child or children as part of the dependency disposition order or a dependency review order or as otherwise necessary to implement a permanency plan of care for a child. The parents, guardians, or legal custodian of the child must agree, subject to court approval, to establish a permanent custody order. This agreed order may have the concurrence of the other parties to the dependency including the supervising agency, the guardian ad litem of the child, and the child if age twelve or older, and must also be in the best interests of the child. If the petitioner for a custody order under chapter 26.10 RCW is not a party to the dependency proceeding, he or she must agree on

the record or by the filing of a declaration to the entry of a custody order. Once an order is entered under chapter 26.10 RCW, and the dependency petition dismissed, the department shall not continue to supervise the placement.

- (2)(a) The court hearing the dependency petition may establish or modify a parenting plan under chapter 26.09 or 26.26 RCW as part of a disposition order or at a review hearing when doing so will implement a permanent plan of care for the child and result in dismissal of the dependency.
- (b) The dependency court shall adhere to procedural requirements under chapter 26.09 RCW and must make a written finding that the parenting plan established or modified by the dependency court under this section is in the child's best interests.
- (c) Unless the whereabouts of one of the parents is unknown to either the department or the court, the parents must agree, subject to court approval, to establish the parenting plan or modify an existing parenting plan.
- (d) Whenever the court is asked to establish or modify a parenting plan, the child's residential schedule, the allocation of decision-making authority, and dispute resolution under this section, the dependency court may:
- (i) Appoint a guardian ad litem to represent the interests of the child when the court believes the appointment is necessary to protect the best interests of the child; and
- (ii) Appoint an attorney to represent the interests of the child with respect to provisions for the parenting plan.
- (e) The dependency court must make a written finding that the parenting plan established or modified by the dependency court under this section is in the child's best interests.
- (f) The dependency court may interview the child in chambers to ascertain the child's wishes as to the child's residential schedule in a proceeding for the entry or modification of a parenting plan under this section. The court may permit counsel to be present at the interview. The court shall cause a record of the interview to be made and to become part of the court record of the dependency case and the case under chapter 26.09 or 26.26 RCW.
- (g) In the absence of agreement by a parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the child to allow the juvenile court to hear and determine issues related to the establishment or modification of a parenting plan under chapter 26.09 or 26.26 RCW, a party may move the court to transfer such issues to the family law department of the superior court for further resolution. The court may only grant the motion upon entry of a written finding that it is in the best interests of the child.
- (h) In any parenting plan agreed to by the parents and entered or modified in juvenile court under this section, all issues pertaining to child support and the division of marital property shall be referred to or retained by the family law department of the superior court.
- (3) Any court order determining issues under chapter 26.10 RCW is subject to modification upon the same showing and standards as a court order determining Title 26 RCW issues.
- (((3))) (4) Any order entered in the dependency court establishing or modifying a permanent legal custody order or, parenting plan, or residential schedule under chapters 26.09, 26.10, and 26.26 RCW shall also be filed in the chapter 26.09, 26.10, and 26.26 RCW action by the moving or prevailing party.

If the petitioning or moving party has been found indigent and appointed counsel at public expense in the dependency proceeding, no filing fees shall be imposed by the clerk. Once filed, any order, parenting plan, or residential schedule establishing or modifying permanent legal custody of a child shall survive dismissal of the dependency proceeding.

Passed by the House April 24, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

CHAPTER 527

[House Bill 2347]
ADOPTION SUPPORT AGREEMENTS—REVIEW

AN ACT Relating to the review of support payments; and amending RCW 74.13.118.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 74.13.118 and 1995 c 270 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

((At least once every five years, the secretary shall review the need of any adoptive parent or parents receiving continuing support pursuant to RCW 26.33.320 and 74.13.100 through 74.13.145, or the need of any parent who is to receive more than one lump sum payment where such payments are to be spaced more than one year apart.

At the time of such review and at other times when changed conditions, including variations in medical opinions, prognosis and costs, are deemed by the secretary to warrant such action, appropriate adjustments in payments shall be made based upon changes in the needs of the child, in the adoptive parents' income, resources, and expenses for the care of such child or other members of the family, including medical and/or hospitalization expense not otherwise covered by or subject to reimbursement from insurance or other sources of financial assistance.))

- (1) Any parent who is a party to ((such)) an agreement under RCW 74.13.100 through 74.13.145 may at any time, in writing, request, for reasons set forth in such request, a review of the amount of any payment or the level of continuing payments. ((Such)) The review shall ((be begun)) begin not later than thirty days from the receipt of such request. Any adjustment may be made retroactive to the date such request was received by the secretary. If such request is not acted on within thirty days after it has been received by the secretary, such parent may invoke his rights under the hearing provisions set forth in RCW 74.13.127.
- (2) The secretary may make adjustments in payments at the time of the review, or at other times, if the secretary finds that circumstances have changed and warrant an adjustment in payments. Changes in circumstances may include, but are not limited to, variations in medical opinions, prognosis, and costs. Appropriate adjustments in payments shall be made based upon changes in the needs of the child and/or changes in the adoptive parents' income, resources, and expenses for the care of such child or other members of the family, including

medical and/or hospitalization expense not otherwise covered by or subject to reimbursement from insurance or other sources of financial assistance.

Passed by the House April 20, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 23, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

CHAPTER 528

[Substitute House Bill 1749]

MORTGAGE BROKERS—INDUSTRY REGULATION

AN ACT Relating to regulating the business practices of mortgage brokers for compliance with the secure and fair enforcement for mortgage licensing act of 2008; amending RCW 19.146.010, 19.146.020, 19.146.0201, 19.146.205, 19.146.228, 19.146.235, 19.146.300, and 19.146.310; adding new sections to chapter 19.146 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 31.04 RCW; creating new sections; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Sec. 1. RCW 19.146.010 and 2008 c 78 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

- (1) "Affiliate" means any person who directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with another person.
- (2) "Application" means the same as in Regulation X, Real Estate Settlement Procedures, 24 C.F.R. Sec. 3500.
- (3) "Borrower" means any person who consults with or retains a mortgage broker or loan originator in an effort to obtain or seek advice or information on obtaining or applying to obtain a residential mortgage loan for himself, herself, or persons including himself or herself, regardless of whether the person actually obtains such a loan.
- (4) "Computer loan information systems" or "CLI system" means a real estate mortgage financing information system that facilitates the provision of information to consumers by a mortgage broker, loan originator, lender, real estate agent, or other person regarding interest rates and other loan terms available from different lenders.
 - (5) "Department" means the department of financial institutions.
- (6) "Designated broker" means a natural person designated as the person responsible for activities of the licensed mortgage broker in conducting the business of a mortgage broker under this chapter and who meets the experience and examination requirements set forth in RCW 19.146.210(1)(e).
 - (7) "Director" means the director of financial institutions.
- (8) "Employee" means an individual who has an employment relationship with a mortgage broker, and the individual is treated as an employee by the mortgage broker for purposes of compliance with federal income tax laws.
- (9) "Federal banking agencies" means the board of governors of the federal reserve system, comptroller of the currency, director of the office of thrift supervision, national credit union administration, and federal deposit insurance corporation.

- (10) "Independent contractor" or "person who independently contracts" means any person that expressly or impliedly contracts to perform mortgage brokering services for another and that with respect to its manner or means of performing the services is not subject to the other's right of control, and that is not treated as an employee by the other for purposes of compliance with federal income tax laws.
- (((10))) (11)(a) "Loan originator" means a natural person who (((a))) for direct or indirect compensation or gain, or in the expectation of direct or indirect compensation or gain (i) takes a residential mortgage loan application for a mortgage broker, or (((b))) (ii) offers or negotiates terms of a mortgage loan((, for direct or indirect compensation or gain, or in the expectation of direct or indirect compensation or gain, or in the expectation of direct or indirect compensation or gain)). "Loan originator" also includes a person who holds themselves out to the public as able to perform any of these activities. "Loan originator" does not mean persons performing purely administrative or clerical tasks for a mortgage broker. For the purposes of this subsection, "administrative or clerical tasks" means the receipt, collection, and distribution of information common for the processing of a loan in the mortgage industry and communication with a borrower to obtain information necessary for the processing of a loan. A person who holds himself or herself out to the public as able to obtain a loan is not performing administrative or clerical tasks.
- (((11))) (b) "Loan originator" does not include a person or entity that only performs real estate brokerage activities and is licensed or registered in accordance with applicable state law, unless the person or entity is compensated by a lender, a mortgage broker, or other mortgage loan originator or by any agent of such a lender, mortgage broker, or other mortgage loan originator. For purposes of this chapter, the term "real estate brokerage activity" means any activity that involves offering or providing real estate brokerage services to the public, including:
- (i) Acting as a real estate agent or real estate broker for a buyer, seller, lessor, or lessee of real property;
- (ii) Bringing together parties interested in the sale, purchase, lease, rental, or exchange of real property;
- (iii) Negotiating, on behalf of any party, any portion of a contract relating to the sale, purchase, lease, rental, or exchange of real property, other than in connection with providing financing with respect to such a transaction;
- (iv) Engaging in any activity for which a person engaged in the activity is required to be registered or licensed as a real estate agent or real estate broker under any applicable law; and
- (v) Offering to engage in any activity, or act in any capacity, described in (b)(i) through (iv) of this subsection.
- (c) "Loan originator" does not include a person or entity solely involved in extensions of credit relating to timeshare plans, as that term is defined in section 101(53D) of Title 11, United States Code.
- (12) "Loan processor" means an individual who performs clerical or support duties as an employee at the direction of and subject to the supervision and instruction of a person licensed, or exempt from licensing, under chapter 19.146 RCW.
- (13) "Lock-in agreement" means an agreement with a borrower made by a mortgage broker or loan originator, in which the mortgage broker or loan

originator agrees that, for a period of time, a specific interest rate or other financing terms will be the rate or terms at which it will make a loan available to that borrower.

- (((12))) (14) "Mortgage broker" means any person who for compensation or gain, or in the expectation of compensation or gain (a) assists a person in obtaining or applying to obtain a residential mortgage loan or (b) holds himself or herself out as being able to assist a person in obtaining or applying to obtain a residential mortgage loan.
- (((13))) (15) "Mortgage loan originator" has the same meaning as "loan originator."
- (16) "Nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry" means a mortgage licensing system developed and maintained by the conference of state bank supervisors and the American association of residential mortgage regulators for the licensing and registration of mortgage loan originators.
- (17) "Person" means a natural person, corporation, company, limited liability corporation, partnership, or association.
- (((14))) (18) "Principal" means any person who controls, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, or alone or in concert with others, a ten percent or greater interest in a partnership, company, association, or corporation, and the owner of a sole proprietorship.
- (((15))) (19) "Residential mortgage loan" means any loan primarily for personal, family, or household use secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on residential real estate upon which is constructed or intended to be constructed a single family dwelling or multiple family dwelling of four or less units.
- (((16))) (20) "S.A.F.E. act" means the secure and fair enforcement for mortgage licensing act of 2008, or Title V of the housing and economic recovery act of 2008 ("HERA"), P.L. 110-289, effective July 30, 2008.
- (21) "Third-party provider" means any person other than a mortgage broker or lender who provides goods or services to the mortgage broker in connection with the preparation of the borrower's loan and includes, but is not limited to, credit reporting agencies, title companies, appraisers, structural and pest inspectors, or escrow companies.
- (22) "Unique identifier" means a number or other identifier assigned by protocols established by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry.
- Sec. 2. RCW 19.146.020 and 2006 c 19 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) ((Except as provided under subsections (2) through (4) of this section,)) The following are exempt from all provisions of this chapter:
- (a)(((i))) Any person doing business under the laws of the state of Washington or the United States, and any federally insured depository institution doing business under the laws of any other state, relating to commercial banks, bank holding companies, savings banks, trust companies, savings and loan associations, credit unions, insurance companies, or real estate investment trusts as defined in 26 U.S.C. Sec. 856 and the affiliates, subsidiaries, and service corporations thereof((; and
- (ii) Subject to the director's written approval, the exclusive agents of an affiliate of a bank that is wholly owned by the bank holding company that owns the bank));

- (b) Any person doing business under the consumer loan act is exempt from this chapter only for that business conducted under the authority and coverage of the consumer loan act;
- (c) An attorney licensed to practice law in this state who is not principally engaged in the business of negotiating residential mortgage loans when such attorney renders services in the course of his or her practice as an attorney;
- (d) Any person doing any act under order of any court, except for a person subject to an injunction to comply with any provision of this chapter or any order of the director issued under this chapter;
- (e) ((Any person making or acquiring a residential mortgage loan solely with his or her own funds for his or her own investment without intending to resell the residential mortgage loans:
- (f))) A real estate broker or salesperson licensed by the state who obtains financing for a real estate transaction involving a bona fide sale of real estate in the performance of his or her duties as a real estate broker and who receives only the customary real estate broker's or salesperson's commission in connection with the transaction;
- (((g) Any mortgage broker approved and subject to auditing by the federal national mortgage association or the federal home loan mortgage corporation;
- (h))) (f) The United States of America, the state of Washington, any other state, and any Washington city, county, or other political subdivision, and any agency, division, or corporate instrumentality of any of the entities in this subsection (1) (((h))) (f); ((and
- (i))) (g) A real estate broker who provides only information regarding rates, terms, and lenders in connection with a CLI system, who receives a fee for providing such information, who conforms to all rules of the director with respect to the providing of such service, and who discloses on a form approved by the director that to obtain a loan the borrower must deal directly with a mortgage broker or lender. However, a real estate broker shall not be exempt if he or she does any of the following:
 - (i) Holds himself or herself out as able to obtain a loan from a lender;
 - (ii) Accepts a loan application, or submits a loan application to a lender;
- (iii) Accepts any deposit for third-party services or any loan fees from a borrower, whether such fees are paid before, upon, or after the closing of the loan:
 - (iv) Negotiates rates or terms with a lender on behalf of a borrower; or
 - (v) Provides the disclosure required by RCW 19.146.030(1):
- (h) Registered mortgage loan originators, or any individual required to be registered; and
- (i) A manufactured or modular home retailer employee who performs purely administrative or clerical tasks and who receives only the customary salary or commission from the employer in connection with the transaction.
- (2) ((Those persons and their loan originators otherwise exempt under subsection (1)(e), (g), or (4) of this section must comply with RCW 19.146.0201 through 19.146.080. For violations of RCW 19.146.0201 through 19.146.080, the director has authority to issue a cease and desist order as provided in RCW 19.146.220 and 19.146.227, to impose penalties as provided in RCW 19.146.220, and to obtain and review books and records that are relevant to any allegation of such a violation as provided in RCW 19.146.235.

- (3))) Any person otherwise exempted from the licensing provisions of this chapter may voluntarily submit an application to the director for a mortgage broker's license. The director shall review such application and may grant or deny licenses to such applicants upon the same grounds and with the same fees as may be applicable to persons required to be licensed under this chapter.
- (a) Upon receipt of a license under this subsection, the licensee is required to continue to maintain a valid license, is subject to all provisions of this chapter, and has no further right to claim exemption from the provisions of this chapter except as provided in (b) of this subsection.
- (b) Any licensee under this subsection who would otherwise be exempted from the requirements of licensing by this section may apply to the director for exemption from licensing. The director shall adopt rules for reviewing such applications and shall grant exemptions from licensing to applications which are consistent with those rules and consistent with the other provisions of this chapter.
- (((4) The director may exempt an exclusive agent under subsection (1)(a) of this section provided that the affiliate in subsection (1)(a) of this section:
- (a) Applies for and maintains a license as provided by subsection (3) of this section;
- (b) Has on file with the director a binding written agreement under which the affiliate assumes responsibility for the exclusive agent's violations of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter; and
- (e) Maintains a bond or other security in an amount required by the director that runs to the benefit of the state and any person who suffers loss by reason of the exclusive agent's violation of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter.))
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 19.146.0201 and 2006 c 19 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

It is a violation of this chapter for a loan originator((5)) or mortgage broker required to be licensed under this chapter((5 or mortgage broker otherwise exempted from this chapter under RCW 19.146.020(1)(e), (g), or (4))) to:

- (1) Directly or indirectly employ any scheme, device, or artifice to defraud or mislead borrowers or lenders or to defraud any person;
 - (2) Engage in any unfair or deceptive practice toward any person;
 - (3) Obtain property by fraud or misrepresentation;
- (4) Solicit or enter into a contract with a borrower that provides in substance that the mortgage broker may earn a fee or commission through the mortgage broker's "best efforts" to obtain a loan even though no loan is actually obtained for the borrower;
- (5) Solicit, advertise, or enter into a contract for specific interest rates, points, or other financing terms unless the terms are actually available at the time of soliciting, advertising, or contracting from a person exempt from licensing under RCW 19.146.020(1) (($\frac{(g) \text{ or } (h)}{2}$)) ($\frac{f}{2}$) or a lender with whom the mortgage broker maintains a written correspondent or loan broker agreement under RCW 19.146.040;
- (6) Fail to make disclosures to loan applicants and noninstitutional investors as required by RCW 19.146.030 and any other applicable state or federal law;

- (7) Make, in any manner, any false or deceptive statement or representation with regard to the rates, points, or other financing terms or conditions for a residential mortgage loan or engage in bait and switch advertising;
- (8) Negligently make any false statement or knowingly and willfully make any omission of material fact in connection with any reports filed by a mortgage broker or in connection with any investigation conducted by the department;
- (9) Make any payment, directly or indirectly, to any appraiser of a property, for the purposes of influencing the independent judgment of the appraiser with respect to the value of the property;
- (10) Advertise any rate of interest without conspicuously disclosing the annual percentage rate implied by such rate of interest;
- (11) Fail to comply with any requirement of the truth-in-lending act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1601 and Regulation Z, 12 C.F.R. Sec. 226; the real estate settlement procedures act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 2601 and Regulation X, 24 C.F.R. Sec. 3500; the equal credit opportunity act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1691 and Regulation B, Sec. 202.9, 202.11, and 202.12; Title V, Subtitle A of the financial modernization act of 1999 (known as the "Gramm-Leach-Bliley act"), 12 U.S.C. Secs. 6801-6809; the federal trade commission's privacy rules, 16 C.F.R. Parts 313-314, mandated by the Gramm-Leach-Bliley act; the home mortgage disclosure act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 2801 et seq. and Regulation C, home mortgage disclosure; the federal trade commission act, 12 C.F.R. Part 203, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 45(a); the telemarketing and consumer fraud and abuse act, 15 U.S.C. Secs. 6101 to 6108; and the federal trade commission telephone sales rule, 16 C.F.R. Part 310, as these acts existed on January 1, 2007, or such subsequent date as may be provided by the department by rule, in any advertising of residential mortgage loans, or any other applicable mortgage broker or loan originator activities covered by the acts. The department may adopt by rule requirements that mortgage brokers and loan originators comply with other applicable federal statutes and regulations in any advertising of residential mortgage loans, or any other mortgage broker or loan originator activity;
- (12) Fail to pay third-party providers no later than thirty days after the recording of the loan closing documents or ninety days after completion of the third-party service, whichever comes first, unless otherwise agreed or unless the third-party service provider has been notified in writing that a bona fide dispute exists regarding the performance or quality of the third-party service;
- (13) Collect, charge, attempt to collect or charge or use or propose any agreement purporting to collect or charge any fee prohibited by RCW 19.146.030 or 19.146.070;
- (14)(a) Except when complying with (b) and (c) of this subsection, act as a loan originator in any transaction (i) in which the loan originator acts or has acted as a real estate broker or salesperson or (ii) in which another person doing business under the same licensed real estate broker acts or has acted as a real estate broker or salesperson;
- (b) Prior to providing mortgage services to the borrower, a loan originator, in addition to other disclosures required by this chapter and other laws, shall provide to the borrower the following written disclosure:

THIS IS TO GIVE YOU NOTICE THAT I OR ONE OF MY ASSOCIATES HAVE/HAS ACTED AS A REAL ESTATE BROKER

OR SALESPERSON REPRESENTING THE BUYER/SELLER IN THE SALE OF THIS PROPERTY TO YOU. I AM ALSO A LOAN ORIGINATOR, AND WOULD LIKE TO PROVIDE MORTGAGE SERVICES TO YOU IN CONNECTION WITH YOUR LOAN TO PURCHASE THE PROPERTY.

YOU ARE NOT REQUIRED TO USE ME AS A LOAN ORIGINATOR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS TRANSACTION. YOU ARE FREE TO COMPARISON SHOP WITH OTHER MORTGAGE BROKERS AND LENDERS, AND TO SELECT ANY MORTGAGE BROKER OR LENDER OF YOUR CHOOSING; and

- (c) A real estate broker or salesperson licensed under chapter 18.85 RCW who also acts as a mortgage broker shall carry on such mortgage broker business activities and shall maintain such person's mortgage broker business records separate and apart from the real estate broker activities conducted pursuant to chapter 18.85 RCW. Such activities shall be deemed separate and apart even if they are conducted at an office location with a common entrance and mailing address, so long as each business is clearly identified by a sign visible to the public, each business is physically separated within the office facility, and no deception of the public as to the separate identities of the broker business firms results. This subsection (14)(c) shall not require a real estate broker or salesperson licensed under chapter 18.85 RCW who also acts as a mortgage broker to maintain a physical separation within the office facility for the conduct of its real estate and mortgage broker activities where the director determines that maintaining such physical separation would constitute an undue financial hardship upon the mortgage broker and is unnecessary for the protection of the public; or
- (15) Fail to comply with any provision of RCW 19.146.030 through 19.146.080 or any rule adopted under those sections.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 19.146.205 and 2006 c 19 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Application for a mortgage broker license under this chapter ((shall)) must be ((in writing)) made to the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry and in the form prescribed by the director. The application shall contain at least the following information:
- (a) The name, address, date of birth, and social security number of the applicant, and any other names, dates of birth, or social security numbers previously used by the applicant, unless waived by the director;
- (b) If the applicant is a partnership or association, the name, address, date of birth, and social security number of each general partner or principal of the association, and any other names, dates of birth, or social security numbers previously used by the members, unless waived by the director;
- (c) If the applicant is a corporation, the name, address, date of birth, and social security number of each officer, director, registered agent, and each principal stockholder, and any other names, dates of birth, or social security numbers previously used by the officers, directors, registered agents, and principal stockholders unless waived by the director;

- (d) The street address, county, and municipality where the principal business office is to be located;
- (e) The name, address, date of birth, and social security number of the applicant's designated broker, and any other names, dates of birth, or social security numbers previously used by the designated broker and a complete set of the designated broker's fingerprints taken by an authorized law enforcement officer; and
- (f) Such other information regarding the applicant's or designated broker's background, financial responsibility, experience, character, and general fitness as the director may require by rule.
- (2) As a part of or in connection with an application for any license under this section, or periodically upon license renewal, the applicant shall furnish information concerning his or her identity, including fingerprints for submission to the Washington state patrol, the federal bureau of investigation, ((and)) the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry, or any governmental agency or entity authorized to receive this information for a state and national criminal history background check; personal history; experience; business record; purposes; and other pertinent facts, as the director may reasonably require. As part of or in connection with an application for a license under this chapter, the director is authorized to receive criminal history record information that includes nonconviction data as defined in RCW 10.97.030. The department may only disseminate nonconviction data obtained under this section to criminal justice agencies. This section does not apply to financial institutions regulated under chapters 31.12 and 31.13 RCW and Titles 30, 32, and 33 RCW.
- (3) In order to reduce the points of contact which the federal bureau of investigation may have to maintain, the director may use the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry as a channeling agent for requesting information from and distributing information to the department of justice or any governmental agency.
- (4) In order to reduce the points of contact which the director may have to maintain, the director may use the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry as a channeling agent for requesting and distributing information to and from any source so directed by the director.
- (5) At the time of filing an application for a license under this chapter, each applicant shall pay to the director through the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry the appropriate application fee in an amount determined by rule of the director in accordance with RCW 43.24.086 to cover, but not exceed, the cost of processing and reviewing the application. The director shall deposit the moneys in the financial services regulation fund, unless the consumer services account is created as a dedicated, nonappropriated account, in which case the director shall deposit the moneys in the consumer services account.
- (((4))) (6)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, each applicant for a mortgage broker's license shall file and maintain a surety bond, in an amount ((of not greater than sixty thousand dollars nor less than twenty thousand dollars)) which the director deems adequate to protect the public interest, executed by the applicant as obligor and by a surety company authorized to do a surety business in this state as surety. The bonding requirement as established by the director ((may)) shall take the form of a ((uniform bond amount for all licensees or the director may establish by rule a schedule establishing a)) range

of bond amounts which shall vary according to the annual ((average number of loan originators of a)) loan origination volume of the licensee. The bond shall run to the state of Washington as obligee, and shall run first to the benefit of the borrower and then to the benefit of the state and any person or persons who suffer loss by reason of the applicant's or its loan originator's violation of any provision of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter. The bond shall be conditioned that the obligor as licensee will faithfully conform to and abide by this chapter and all rules adopted under this chapter, and shall reimburse all persons who suffer loss by reason of a violation of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter. Borrowers shall be given priority over the state and other persons. The state and other third parties shall be allowed to receive distribution pursuant to a valid claim against the remainder of the bond. In the case of claims made by any person or entity who is not a borrower, no final judgment may be entered prior to one hundred eighty days following the date the claim is filed. The bond shall be continuous and may be canceled by the surety upon the surety giving written notice to the director of its intent to cancel the bond. The cancellation shall be effective thirty days after the notice is received by the director. Whether or not the bond is renewed, continued, reinstated, reissued, or otherwise extended, replaced, or modified, including increases or decreases in the penal sum, it shall be considered one continuous obligation, and the surety upon the bond shall not be liable in an aggregate or cumulative amount exceeding the penal sum set forth on the face of the bond. In no event shall the penal sum, or any portion thereof, at two or more points in time be added together in determining the surety's liability. The bond shall not be liable for any penalties imposed on the licensee, including, but not limited to, any increased damages or attorneys' fees, or both, awarded under RCW 19.86.090. applicant may obtain the bond directly from the surety or through a group bonding arrangement involving a professional organization comprised of mortgage brokers if the arrangement provides at least as much coverage as is required under this subsection.

- (b) ((Subsection (4)(b) and (c) of this section applies only to applications received on or before January 1, 2007. Before January 1, 2007, in lieu of a surety bond, the applicant may, upon approval by the director, file with the director a certificate of deposit, an irrevocable letter of credit, or such other instrument as approved by the director by rule, drawn in favor of the director for an amount equal to the required bond.
- (e) Before January 1, 2007, in lieu of the surety bond or compliance with (b) of this subsection, an applicant may obtain insurance or coverage from an association comprised of mortgage brokers that is organized as a mutual corporation for the sole purpose of insuring or self-insuring claims that may arise from a violation of this chapter. An applicant may only substitute coverage under this subsection for the requirements of (a) or (b) of this subsection if the director, with the consent of the insurance commissioner, has authorized such association to organize a mutual corporation under such terms and conditions as may be imposed by the director to ensure that the corporation is operated in a financially responsible manner to pay any claims within the financial responsibility limits specified in (a) of this subsection)) If the director determines that the bond required in (a) of this subsection is not reasonably available, the director shall waive the requirements for such a bond. The

mortgage recovery fund account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. The director is authorized to charge fees to fund the account. All fees charged under this section, except those retained by the director for administration of the fund, must be deposited into the mortgage recovery fund account. Expenditures from the account may be used only for the same purposes as the surety bond as described in (a) of this subsection. Only the director or the director's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures. A person entitled to receive payment from the mortgage recovery fund may only receive reimbursement after a court of competent jurisdiction has determined the actual damages caused by the licensee. The director may determine by rule the procedure for recovery; the amount each mortgage broker must pay through the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry for deposit in the mortgage recovery fund; and the amount necessary to administer the fund.

Sec. 5. RCW 19.146.228 and 2006 c 19 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

The director shall establish fees ((by rule in accordance with the policy established in RCW 43.24.086 and fees shall be)) sufficient to cover, but not exceed, the costs of administering this chapter. These fees may include:

- (1) An annual assessment paid by each licensee on or before a date specified by rule;
- (2) An investigation fee to cover the costs of any investigation of the books and records of a licensee or other person subject to this chapter; and
- (3) An application fee to cover the costs of processing applications made to the director under this chapter.

Mortgage brokers and loan originators shall not be charged investigation fees for the processing of complaints when the investigation determines that no violation of this chapter occurred or when the mortgage broker or loan originator provides a remedy satisfactory to the complainant and the director and no order of the director is issued. All moneys, fees, and penalties collected under the authority of this chapter shall be deposited into the financial services regulation fund, unless the consumer services account is created as a dedicated, nonappropriated account, in which case all moneys, fees, and penalties collected under this chapter shall be deposited in the consumer services account.

Sec. 6. RCW 19.146.235 and 2006 c 19 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

The director or a designee has authority to conduct investigations and examinations as provided in this section.

- (1) For the purposes of investigating violations or complaints arising under this chapter, the director or his or her designee may make an investigation of the operations of any mortgage broker or loan originator as often as necessary in order to carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- (2) Every mortgage broker shall make available to the director or a designee its books and records relating to its operations.
- (a) For the purpose of examinations, the director or his or her designee may have access to such books and records during normal business hours and

interview the officers, principals, loan originators, employees, independent contractors, and agents of the licensee concerning their business.

- (b) For the purposes of investigating violations or complaints arising under this chapter, the director may at any time, either personally or by a designee, investigate the business, including but not limited to the books, accounts, records, and files used therein, of every licensee and of every person engaged in the business of mortgage brokering, whether such a person acts or claims to act under, or without the authority of, this chapter.
- (c) The director or designated person may direct, subpoena, or order the attendance of and examine under oath all persons whose testimony may be required about the loans or the business or subject matter of any such examination or investigation, and may direct, subpoena, or order such person to produce books, accounts, records, files, and any other documents the director or designated person deems relevant to the inquiry.
- (3) ((Once during the first five years of licensing, including branch licensing,)) The director may visit, either personally or by designee, the licensee's place or places of business to conduct an examination. The scope of the examination is limited to documents and information necessary to determine compliance with this chapter and attendant rules. In general, the examination scope may include:
 - (a) A review for trust accounting compliance;
- (b) Loan file review to determine the mortgage broker's compliance with this chapter and applicable federal regulations covering the business of mortgage brokering and lending;
- (c) Interviews for the purpose of understanding business and solicitation practices, transactional events, disclosure compliance, complaint resolution, or determining specific compliance with this chapter and the attendant rules; and
- (d) A review of general business books and records, including employee records, for the purpose of determining specific compliance with this chapter and the attendant rules.
- (4) The purpose of an examination is to make certain that licensees are conducting business in compliance with the law. Therefore, protocols for examination findings and corrective action directed from an examination must be established by rule of the director. To accomplish this purpose, these protocols must include the following:
 - (a) A reporting mechanism from the director to the licensee;
- (b) A process for clear notification of violations and an opportunity for response by the licensee; and
 - (c) The criteria by which the frequency of examinations will be determined.
- (5) If the examination findings clearly identify the need to expand the scope of the examination, the director or a designee, upon five days' written notification to the licensee with an explanation of the need, may:
- (a) Expand the examination review to locations other than the examined location regardless of the number of years a location has held a license; or
- (b) Expand the time period of the examination beyond the five-year period of licensing, provided the expansion of time does not exceed a date certain identified in the written notification in this subsection.
- (6) The director or a designee may consider reports made by independent certified professionals for the mortgage broker covering the same general subject

matter as the examination. The director or a designee may incorporate all or part of the report in the report of the examination.

- (7) The director may retain attorneys, accountants, or other professionals and specialists as examiners, auditors, or investigators to conduct or assist in the conduct of examinations or investigations. The cost of these services for investigations only must be billed in accordance with RCW 19.146.228.
- (8) The director may establish by rule travel costs for examination of out-ofstate entities
- (9)(a) No person subject to examination or investigation under this chapter may knowingly withhold, abstract, remove, mutilate, destroy, or secrete any books, records, computer records, or other information.
- (b) A person who commits an act under (a) of this subsection is guilty of a class B felony punishable under RCW 9A.20.021(1)(b) or punishable by a fine of not more than twenty thousand dollars, or both.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 19.146 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Each loan originator applicant shall complete at least twenty hours of prelicensing education approved by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry. The prelicensing education shall include at least three hours of federal law and regulations; three hours of ethics, which shall include instruction on fraud, consumer protection, and fair lending issues; two hours of training related to lending standards for the nontraditional mortgage product marketplace; and at least two hours of training specifically related to Washington law.
- (2) A loan originator applicant having successfully completed the prelicensing education requirements approved by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry for any state shall be accepted as credit towards completion of prelicensing education requirements in this state.
- (3) This chapter does not preclude any prelicensing education course, as approved by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry, that is provided by the employer of the loan originator applicant or an entity which is affiliated with the applicant by an agency contract, or any subsidiary or affiliate of such an employer or entity. Prelicensing education may be offered either in a classroom, online, or by any other means approved by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 19.146 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) To obtain a loan originator license, an individual must pass a test developed by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry and administered by a test provider approved by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry based upon reasonable standards.
- (2) An individual is not considered to have passed a test unless the individual achieves a test score of not less than seventy-five percent correct answers to questions.
- (a) An individual may retake a test three consecutive times with each consecutive taking occurring at least thirty days after the preceding test.
- (b) After failing three consecutive tests, an individual must wait at least six months before taking the test again.

- (c) A licensed mortgage loan originator who fails to maintain a valid license for a period of five years or longer must retake the test, not taking into account any time during which that individual is a registered mortgage loan originator.
- (3) This section does not prohibit a test provider approved by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry from providing a test at the location of the employer of the loan originator applicant or any subsidiary or affiliate of the employer of the applicant, or any entity with which the applicant holds an exclusive arrangement to conduct the business of a mortgage loan originator.
- Sec. 9. RCW 19.146.300 and 2006 c 19 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Application for a loan originator license under this chapter ((shall)) <u>must</u> be ((in writing)) <u>made to the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry</u> and in the form prescribed by the director. The application shall contain at least the following information:
- (a) The name, address, date of birth, and social security number of the loan originator applicant, and any other names, dates of birth, or social security numbers previously used by the loan originator applicant, unless waived by the director; and
- (b) Such other information regarding the loan originator applicant's background, experience, character, and general fitness as the director may require by rule.
- (2)(a) As part of or in connection with an application for any license under this section, or periodically upon license renewal, the loan originator applicant shall furnish information concerning his or her identity, including fingerprints for submission to the Washington state patrol, the federal bureau of investigation, ((and)) the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry, or any governmental agency or entity authorized to receive this information for a state and national criminal history background check; personal history; experience; business record; purposes; and other pertinent facts, as the director may reasonably require. As part of or in connection with an application for a license under this chapter, or periodically upon license renewal, the director is authorized to receive criminal history record information that includes nonconviction data as defined in RCW 10.97.030. The department may only disseminate nonconviction data obtained under this section to criminal justice agencies. This section does not apply to financial institutions regulated under chapters 31.12 and 31.13 RCW and Titles 30, 32, and 33 RCW.
- (b) In order to reduce the points of contact which the federal bureau of investigation may have to maintain, the director may use the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry as a channeling agent for requesting information from and distributing information to the department of justice or any governmental agency.
- (c) In order to reduce the points of contact which the director may have to maintain, the director may use the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry as a channeling agent for requesting and distributing information to and from any source so directed by the director.
- (d) As part of or in connection with an application for a license under this section, the loan originator applicant must furnish to the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry personal history and experience in a form prescribed by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry, including

the submission of authorization for the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry and the director to obtain:

- (i) An independent credit report obtained from a consumer reporting agency described in section 603(p) of the federal fair credit reporting act; and
- (ii) Information related to any administrative, civil, or criminal findings by any governmental jurisdiction.
- (3) At the time of filing an application for a license under this chapter, each loan originator applicant shall pay to the director the appropriate application fee in an amount determined by rule of the director in accordance with RCW 19.146.228 to cover the cost of processing and reviewing the application. The director shall deposit the moneys in the financial services regulation fund.
- (4) The director must establish by rule procedures for accepting and processing incomplete applications.
- **Sec. 10.** RCW 19.146.310 and 2006 c 19 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The director shall issue and deliver a loan originator license if, after investigation, the director makes the following findings:
 - (a) The loan originator applicant has paid the required license fees;
- (b) The loan originator applicant has met the requirements of RCW 19.146.300;
- (c) The loan originator applicant has ((not)) never had a license issued under this chapter or any similar state statute ((suspended or)) revoked ((within five years of the filing of the present application)) except that, for the purposes of this subsection, a subsequent formal vacation of a revocation is not a revocation;
- $(d)\underline{(i)}$ The loan originator applicant has not been convicted of a gross misdemeanor involving dishonesty or financial misconduct or ((a felony)) has not been convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony in a domestic, foreign, or military court within seven years of the filing of the present application; and
- (ii) The loan originator applicant has not been convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony in a domestic, foreign, or military court at any time preceding the date of application if the felony involved an act of fraud, dishonesty, breach of trust, or money laundering;
- (e) The loan originator applicant has passed a written examination whose content shall be established by rule of the director;
- (f) The loan originator applicant has not been found to be in violation of this chapter or rules;
- (g) The loan originator applicant has demonstrated <u>financial responsibility</u>, character, and general fitness such as to command the confidence of the community and to warrant a belief that the business will be operated honestly and fairly within the purposes of this chapter. For the purposes of this section, an applicant has not demonstrated financial responsibility when the applicant shows disregard in the management of his or her financial condition. A determination that an individual has shown disregard in the management of his or her financial condition may include, but is not limited to, an assessment of: Current outstanding judgments, except judgments solely as a result of medical expenses; current outstanding tax liens or other government liens and filings; foreclosures within the last three years; or a pattern of seriously delinquent accounts within the past three years; and

- (h) The loan originator licensee has completed, during the calendar year preceding a licensee's annual license renewal date, a minimum of eight hours of continuing education as established by rule of the director. ((The director shall establish standards in rule for approval of professional organizations offering continuing education to loan originators. The director may approve continuing education taken by loan originators in other states if the director is satisfied that such continuing education meets the requirements of the continuing education required by this chapter.))
- (2) If the director does not find the conditions of subsection (1) of this section have been met, the director shall not issue the loan originator license. The director shall notify the loan originator applicant of the denial and return to the loan originator applicant any remaining portion of the license fee that exceeds the department's actual cost to investigate the license.
- (3) The director shall issue a new loan originator license under this chapter to any licensee that has a valid license and is otherwise in compliance with this chapter.
- (4) A loan originator license issued under this section expires on the date one year from the date of issuance which, for license renewal purposes, is also the renewal date. The director shall establish rules regarding the loan originator license renewal process created under this chapter.
- (5) A loan originator licensee may surrender a license by delivering to the director written notice of surrender, but the surrender does not affect the loan originator licensee's civil or criminal liability or any administrative actions arising from acts or omissions occurring before such surrender.
- (6) To prevent undue delay in the issuance of a loan originator license and to facilitate the business of a loan originator, an interim loan originator license with a fixed date of expiration may be issued when the director determines that the loan originator has substantially fulfilled the requirements for loan originator licensing as defined by rule.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** A new section is added to chapter 19.146 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A licensed mortgage loan originator must complete a minimum of eight hours of continuing education, eight of which is approved by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry which must include at least three hours of federal law and regulations; two hours of ethics, which must include instruction on fraud, consumer protection, and fair lending issues; and two hours of training related to lending standards for the nontraditional mortgage product marketplace. Additionally, the director may require at least one hour of continuing education on Washington law provided by and administered through an approved provider.
- (2) The nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry must review and approve continuing education courses. Review and approval of a continuing education course must include review and approval of the course provider.
- (3) A licensed mortgage loan originator may only receive credit for a continuing education course in the year in which the course is taken, and may not take the same approved course in the same or successive years to meet the annual requirements for continuing education.
- (4) A licensed mortgage loan originator who is an instructor of an approved continuing education course may receive credit for the licensed mortgage loan

originator's own annual continuing education requirement at the rate of two hours credit for every one hour taught.

- (5) A person having successfully completed the education requirements approved by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry for any state must have their credits accepted as credit towards completion of continuing education requirements in this state.
- (6) This section does not preclude any education course, as approved by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry, that is provided by the employer of the mortgage loan originator or an entity which is affiliated with the mortgage loan originator by an agency contract, or any subsidiary or affiliate of such employer or entity. Continuing education may be offered either in a classroom, online, or by any other means approved by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 19.146 RCW to read as follows:

The director shall establish a process whereby mortgage loan originators may challenge information entered into the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry by the director.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** A new section is added to chapter 19.146 RCW to read as follows:

For the purposes of implementing an orderly and efficient licensing process, the director may establish licensing rules and interim procedures for licensing and acceptance of applications. For previously registered or licensed individuals, the director may establish expedited review and licensing procedures.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** A new section is added to chapter 31.04 [19.146] RCW to read as follows:

An individual defined as a mortgage loan originator shall not engage in the business of a mortgage loan originator without first obtaining and maintaining annually a license under this act. Each licensed mortgage loan originator must register with and maintain a valid unique identifier issued by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** A new section is added to chapter 19.146 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 1512 of the S.A.F.E. act, the requirements under any federal law or chapter 42.56 RCW regarding the privacy or confidentiality of any information or material provided to the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry, and any privilege arising under federal or state law, including the rules of any federal or state court, with respect to that information or material, continues to apply to the information or material after the information or material has been disclosed to the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry. Information and material may be shared with all state and federal regulatory officials with mortgage industry oversight authority without the loss of privilege or the loss of confidentiality protections provided by federal law or state law.
- (2) For the purposes under subsection (1) of this section, the director is authorized to enter agreements or sharing arrangements with other governmental agencies, the conference of state bank supervisors, the American association of

residential mortgage regulators, or other associations representing governmental agencies as established by rule, regulation, or order of the director.

- (3) Information or material that is subject to a privilege or confidentiality under subsection (1) of this section is not subject to:
- (a) Disclosure under any federal or state law governing the disclosure to the public of information held by an officer or an agency of the federal government or the respective state; or
- (b) Subpoena or discovery, or admission into evidence, in any private civil action or administrative process unless, with respect to any privilege held by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry with respect to that information or material, the person to whom the information or material pertains waives, in whole or in part, in the discretion of that person, that privilege.
- (4) Chapter 42.56 RCW relating to the disclosure of confidential supervisory information or any information or material described in subsection (1) of this section that is inconsistent with subsection (1) of this section is superseded by the requirements of this section.
- (5) This section does not apply to the information or material relating to the employment history of, and publicly adjudicated disciplinary and enforcement actions against, mortgage loan originators that is included in the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry for access by the public.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 16.** A new section is added to chapter 19.146 RCW to read as follows:

In order to fulfill the purposes of this act, the director is authorized to establish relationships or contracts with the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry or other entities designated by the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry to collect and maintain records and process transaction fees or other fees related to licensees or other persons subject to this chapter.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 17.** A new section is added to chapter 19.146 RCW to read as follows:

Each mortgage broker licensee shall submit to the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry reports of condition, which must be in the form and must contain the information as the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry may require.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 18.** A new section is added to chapter 19.146 RCW to read as follows:

The director is authorized to regularly report violations of this act, as well as enforcement actions and other relevant information, to the nationwide mortgage licensing system and registry.

- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 19.** (1) In order to facilitate an orderly transition to licensing and minimize disruption in the mortgage marketplace, sections 4, 6 through 9, 11, 12, 14, and 17 are effective January 1, 2010.
- (2) In order to facilitate an orderly transition to licensing and minimize disruption in the mortgage marketplace, mortgage loan originators who were previously exempt as exclusive agents under RCW 19.146.020(1)(a)(ii) must obtain a mortgage loan originator license under this chapter before July 1, 2010.

WASHINGTON LAWS, 2009

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 20.** The director of financial institutions or the director's designee may take the actions necessary to ensure this act is implemented on July 1, 2010.

Passed by the House April 18, 2009. Passed by the Senate March 31, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

CHAPTER 529

[Substitute House Bill 1869]

HEALTH CARE FEES AND CHARGES—DISCLOSURE

AN ACT Relating to transparency of health care cost information; adding a new section to chapter 70.01 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 70.41 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 70.01 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Health care providers licensed under Title 18 RCW and health care facilities licensed under Title 70 RCW shall provide the following to a patient upon request:
- (a) An estimate of fees and charges related to a specific service, visit, or stay; and
- (b) Information regarding other types of fees or charges a patient may receive in conjunction with their visit to the provider or facility. Hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW may fulfill this requirement by providing a statement and contact information as described in RCW 70.41.400.
- (2) Providers and facilities listed in subsection (1) of this section may, after disclosing estimated charges and fees to a patient, refer the patient to the patient's insurer, if applicable, for specific information on the insurer's charges and fees, any cost-sharing responsibilities required of the patient, and the network status of ancillary providers who may or may not share the same network status as the provider or facility.
- (3) Except for hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, providers and facilities listed in subsection (1) of this section shall post a sign in patient registration areas containing at least the following language: "Information about the estimated charges of your health services is available upon request. Please do not hesitate to ask for information."

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 70.41 RCW to read as follows:

Hospitals licensed under this chapter shall post a sign in patient registration areas containing at least the following language: "Information about the estimated charges of your hospital services is available upon request. Please do not hesitate to ask for information."

Passed by the House April 24, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

CHAPTER 530

[Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill 1935]
ADULT FAMILY HOMES—LICENSURE—COVENANTS

AN ACT Relating to adult family homes; amending RCW 70.128.040, 70.128.005, and 70.128.060; adding a new section to chapter 70.128 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 64.38 RCW

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 70.128.040 and 2007 c 184 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The department shall adopt rules and standards with respect to adult family homes and the operators thereof to be licensed under this chapter to carry out the purposes and requirements of this chapter. The rules and standards relating to applicants and operators shall address the differences between individual providers and providers that are partnerships, corporations, associations, or companies. The rules and standards shall also recognize and be appropriate to the different needs and capacities of the various populations served by adult family homes such as but not limited to persons who are developmentally disabled or elderly. In developing rules and standards the department shall recognize the residential family-like nature of adult family homes and not develop rules and standards which by their complexity serve as an overly restrictive barrier to the development of the adult family homes in the state. Procedures and forms established by the department shall be developed so they are easy to understand and comply with. Paper work requirements shall be minimal. Easy to understand materials shall be developed for applicants and providers explaining licensure requirements and procedures.
- (2)(a) In developing the rules and standards, the department shall consult with all divisions and administrations within the department serving the various populations living in adult family homes, including the division of developmental disabilities and the aging and adult services administration. Involvement by the divisions and administration shall be for the purposes of assisting the department to develop rules and standards appropriate to the different needs and capacities of the various populations served by adult family homes. During the initial stages of development of proposed rules, the department shall provide notice of development of the rules to organizations representing adult family homes and their residents, and other groups that the department finds appropriate. The notice shall state the subject of the rules under consideration and solicit written recommendations regarding their form and content.
- (b) In addition, the department shall engage in negotiated rule making pursuant to RCW 34.05.310(2)(a) with the exclusive representative of the adult family home licensees selected in accordance with RCW 70.128.043 and with other affected interests before adopting requirements that affect adult family home licensees.
- (3) Except where provided otherwise, chapter 34.05 RCW shall govern all department rule-making and adjudicative activities under this chapter.
- (4) The department shall establish a specialty license to include geriatric specialty certification for providers who have successfully completed the University of Washington school of nursing certified geriatric certification program and testing.

- Sec. 2. RCW 70.128.005 and 2001 c 319 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The legislature finds that:
- (a) Adult family homes are an important part of the state's long-term care system. Adult family homes provide an alternative to institutional care and promote a high degree of independent living for residents.
- (b) Persons with functional limitations have broadly varying service needs. Adult family homes that can meet those needs are an essential component of a long-term system. ((The legislature further finds that)) Different populations living in adult family homes, such as ((the developmentally disabled)) persons with developmental disabilities and ((the)) elderly persons, often have significantly different needs and capacities from one another.
- (c) There is a need to update certain restrictive covenants to take into consideration the legislative findings cited in (a) and (b) of this subsection; the need to prevent or reduce institutionalization; and the legislative and judicial mandates to provide care and services in the least restrictive setting appropriate to the needs of the individual. Restrictive covenants which directly or indirectly restrict or prohibit the use of property for adult family homes (i) are contrary to the public interest served by establishing adult family homes and (ii) discriminate against individuals with disabilities in violation of RCW 49.60.224.
- (2) It is the legislature's intent that department rules and policies relating to the licensing and operation of adult family homes recognize and accommodate the different needs and capacities of the various populations served by the homes. Furthermore, the development and operation of adult family homes that can provide quality personal care and special care services should be encouraged.
- (3) The legislature finds that many residents of community-based long-term care facilities are vulnerable and their health and well-being are dependent on their caregivers. The quality, skills, and knowledge of their caregivers are the key to good care. The legislature finds that the need for well-trained caregivers is growing as the state's population ages and residents' needs increase. The legislature intends that current training standards be enhanced.
- (4) The legislature finds that the state of Washington has a compelling interest in protecting and promoting the health, welfare, and safety of vulnerable adults residing in adult family homes. The health, safety, and well-being of vulnerable adults must be the paramount concern in determining whether to issue a license to an applicant, whether to suspend or revoke a license, or whether to take other licensing actions.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 70.128 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) To effectuate the public policies of this chapter, restrictive covenants may not limit, directly or indirectly:
- (a) Persons with disabilities from living in an adult family home licensed under this chapter; or
- (b) Persons and legal entities from operating adult family homes licensed under this chapter, whether for-profit or nonprofit, to provide services covered under this chapter. However, this subsection does not prohibit application of reasonable nondiscriminatory regulation, including but not limited to

landscaping standards or regulation of sign location or size, that applies to all residential property subject to the restrictive covenant.

(2) This section applies retroactively to all restrictive covenants in effect on the effective date of this section. Any provision in a restrictive covenant in effect on or after the effective date of this section that is inconsistent with subsection (1) of this section is unenforceable to the extent of the conflict.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 64.38 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) To effectuate the public policy of chapter 70.128 RCW, the governing documents may not limit, directly or indirectly:
- (a) Persons with disabilities from living in an adult family home licensed under chapter 70.128 RCW; or
- (b) Persons and legal entities from operating adult family homes licensed under chapter 70.128 RCW, whether for-profit or nonprofit, to provide services covered under chapter 70.128 RCW. However, this subsection does not prohibit application of reasonable nondiscriminatory regulation, including but not limited to landscaping standards or regulation of sign location or size, that applies to all residential property subject to the governing documents.
- (2) This section applies retroactively to any governing documents in effect on the effective date of this section. Any provision in a governing document in effect on or after the effective date of this section that is inconsistent with subsection (1) of this section is unenforceable to the extent of the conflict.
- Sec. 5. RCW 70.128.060 and 2004 c 140 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) An application for license shall be made to the department upon forms provided by it and shall contain such information as the department reasonably requires.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of this section, the department shall issue a license to an adult family home if the department finds that the applicant and the home are in compliance with this chapter and the rules adopted under this chapter, unless (a) the applicant or a person affiliated with the applicant has prior violations of this chapter relating to the adult family home subject to the application or any other adult family home, or of any other law regulating residential care facilities within the past five years that resulted in revocation, suspension, or nonrenewal of a license or contract with the department; or (b) the applicant or a person affiliated with the applicant has a history of significant noncompliance with federal, state, or local laws, rules, or regulations relating to the provision of care or services to vulnerable adults or to children. A person is considered affiliated with an applicant if the person is listed on the license application as a partner, officer, director, resident manager, or majority owner of the applying entity, or is the spouse of the applicant.
 - (3) The license fee shall be submitted with the application.
- (4) The department shall serve upon the applicant a copy of the decision granting or denying an application for a license. An applicant shall have the right to contest denial of his or her application for a license as provided in chapter 34.05 RCW by requesting a hearing in writing within twenty-eight days after receipt of the notice of denial.

- (5) The department shall not issue a license to a provider if the department finds that the provider or spouse of the provider or any partner, officer, director, managerial employee, or majority owner has a history of significant noncompliance with federal or state regulations, rules, or laws in providing care or services to vulnerable adults or to children.
- (6) The department shall license an adult family home for the maximum level of care that the adult family home may provide. The department shall define, in rule, license levels based upon the education, training, and caregiving experience of the licensed provider or staff.
- (7) The department shall establish, by rule, standards used to license nonresident providers and multiple facility operators.
- (8) The department shall establish, by rule, for multiple facility operators educational standards substantially equivalent to recognized national certification standards for residential care administrators.
- (9) The license fee shall be set at ((fifty)) one hundred dollars per year for each home. ((A fifty)) An eight hundred dollar processing fee shall also be charged each home when the home is initially licensed. The processing fee will be applied toward the license renewal in the subsequent three years. A five hundred dollar rebate will be returned to any home that renews after four years in operation.
- (10) A provider who receives notification of the department's initiation of a denial, suspension, nonrenewal, or revocation of an adult family home license may, in lieu of appealing the department's action, surrender or relinquish the license. The department shall not issue a new license to or contract with the provider, for the purposes of providing care to vulnerable adults or children, for a period of twenty years following the surrendering or relinquishment of the former license. The licensing record shall indicate that the provider relinquished or surrendered the license, without admitting the violations, after receiving notice of the department's initiation of a denial, suspension, nonrenewal, or revocation of a license.
- (11) The department shall establish, by rule, the circumstances requiring a change in the licensed provider, which include, but are not limited to, a change in ownership or control of the adult family home or provider, a change in the provider's form of legal organization, such as from sole proprietorship to partnership or corporation, and a dissolution or merger of the licensed entity with another legal organization. The new provider is subject to the provisions of this chapter, the rules adopted under this chapter, and other applicable law. In order to ensure that the safety of residents is not compromised by a change in provider, the new provider is responsible for correction of all violations that may exist at the time of the new license.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Passed by the House April 24, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 22, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

CHAPTER 531

[Substitute House Bill 2003]

PROFESSIONAL EDUCATOR STANDARDS BOARD

AN ACT Relating to the professional educator standards board membership and duties; amending RCW 28A.410.200, 28A.410.100, and 28A.410.210; adding a new section to chapter 28A.410 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.410 RCW to read as follows:

The professional educator standards board shall:

- (1) Develop and maintain a research base of educator preparation best practices;
- (2) Develop and coordinate initiatives for educator preparation in highdemand fields as well as outreach and recruitment initiatives for underrepresented populations;
- (3) Provide program improvement technical assistance to providers of educator preparation programs;
 - (4) Assure educator preparation program compliance; and
- (5) Prepare and maintain a cohesive educator development policy framework.
- Sec. 2. RCW 28A.410.200 and 2005 c 497 s 202 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) The Washington professional educator standards board is created, consisting of ((twenty)) twelve members to be appointed by the governor to four-year terms and the superintendent of public instruction. On August 1, 2009, the board shall be reduced to twelve members.
- (b) ((As the four-year terms of the first appointees expire or)) Vacancies ((to)) on the board ((occur for the first time,)) shall be filled by appointment or reappointment by the governor ((shall appoint or reappoint the members of the board to one-year to four-year staggered terms. Once the one-year to three-year terms expire, all subsequent terms shall be for)) to terms of four years((, with the terms expiring on June 30th of the applicable year. The terms shall be staggered in such a way that, where possible, the terms of members representing a specific group do not expire simultaneously)).
- (c) No person may serve as a member of the board for more than two consecutive full four-year terms.
- (d) The governor shall ((annually)) biennially appoint the chair of the board ((from among the teachers and principals on the board)). No board member may serve as chair for more than ((two)) four consecutive years.
- (2) ((Seven of the members shall be public school teachers, one shall be a private school teacher, three shall represent higher education educator preparation programs, four shall be school administrators, two shall be educational staff associates, one shall be a classified employee who assists in public school student instruction, one shall be a parent, and one shall be a member of the public.
 - (3) Public school teachers appointed to the board must:
- (a) Have at least three years of teaching experience in a Washington public school;

- (b) Be currently certificated and actively employed in a teaching position; and
- (e) Include one teacher currently teaching at the elementary school level, one at the middle school level, one at the high school level, and one vocationally certificated.
 - (4) Private school teachers appointed to the board must:
- (a) Have at least three years of teaching experience in a Washington approved private school; and
- (b) Be currently certificated and actively employed in a teaching position in an approved private school.
- (5) Appointees from higher education educator preparation programs must include two representatives from institutions of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016 and one representative from an institution of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.07.020(4).
 - (6) School administrators appointed to the board must:
- (a) Have at least three years of administrative experience in a Washington public school district;
- (b) Be currently certificated and actively employed in a school administrator position; and
- (c) Include two public school principals, one Washington approved private school principal, and one superintendent.
 - (7) Educational staff associates appointed to the board must:
- (a) Have at least three years of educational staff associate experience in a Washington public school district; and
- (b) Be currently certificated and actively employed in an educational staff associate position.
 - (8) Public school classified employees appointed to the board must:
- (a) Have at least three years of experience in assisting in the instruction of students in a Washington public school; and
- (b) Be currently employed in a position that requires the employee to assist in the instruction of students.
- (9) Each major caucus of the house of representatives and the senate shall submit a list of at least one public school teacher. In making the public school teacher appointments, the governor shall select one nominee from each list provided by each caucus. The governor shall appoint the remaining members of the board from a list of qualified nominees submitted to the governor by organizations representative of the constituencies of the board, from applications from other qualified individuals, or from both nominees and applicants.
- (10) All appointments to the board made by the governor shall be subject to confirmation by the senate.
- (11) The governor shall appoint the members of the initial board no later than June 1, 2000.
- (12) In appointing board members, the governor shall consider the diversity of the population of the state.
- (13)) A majority of the members of the board shall be active practitioners with the majority being classroom based. Membership on the board shall include individuals having one or more of the following:
- (a) Experience in one or more of the education roles for which state preparation program approval is required and certificates issued;

- (b) Experience providing or leading a state-approved teacher or educator preparation program;
- (c) Experience providing mentoring and coaching to education professionals or others; and
 - (d) Education-related community experience.
- (3) In appointing board members, the governor shall consider the individual's commitment to quality education and the ongoing improvement of instruction, experiences in the public schools or private schools, involvement in developing quality teaching preparation and support programs, and vision for the most effective yet practical system of assuring teaching quality. The governor shall also consider the diversity of the population of the state.
- (4) All appointments to the board made by the governor are subject to confirmation by the senate.
- (5) Each member of the board shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.240 and shall be reimbursed for travel expenses incurred in carrying out the duties of the board in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.
- (((14))) (6) The governor may remove a member of the board for neglect of duty, misconduct, malfeasance or misfeasance in office, or for incompetency or unprofessional conduct as defined in chapter 18.130 RCW. In such a case, the governor shall file with the secretary of state a statement of the causes for and the order of removal from office, and the secretary of state shall send a certified copy of the statement of causes and order of removal to the last known post office address of the member.
- (((15) If a vacancy occurs on the board, the governor shall appoint a replacement member from the nominees as specified in subsection (9) of this section to fill the remainder of the unexpired term. When filling a vacancy of a member nominated by a major caucus of the legislature, the governor shall select the new member from a list of at least one name submitted by the same caucus that provided the list from which the retiring member was appointed.
- (16))) (7) Members of the board shall hire an executive director and an administrative assistant to reside in the office of the superintendent of public instruction for administrative purposes only.
- (8) Members of the board may create informal advisory groups as needed to inform the board's work.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 28A.410.100 and 2005 c 497 s 207 are each amended to read as follows:

Any teacher whose certificate to teach has been questioned under RCW 28A.410.090 shall have a right to be heard by the issuing authority before his or her certificate is revoked. ((Any teacher whose certificate to teach has been revoked shall have a right of appeal to the Washington professional educator standards board if notice of appeal is given by written affidavit to the board within thirty days after the certificate is revoked.

An appeal to the Washington professional educator standards board within the time specified shall operate as a stay of revocation proceedings until the next regular or special meeting of said board and until the board's decision has been rendered.))

Sec. 4. RCW 28A.410.210 and 2008 c 176 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The purpose of the professional educator standards board is to establish policies and requirements for the preparation and certification of educators that provide standards for competency in professional knowledge and practice in the areas of certification; a foundation of skills, knowledge, and attitudes necessary to help students with diverse needs, abilities, cultural experiences, and learning styles meet or exceed the learning goals outlined in RCW 28A.150.210; knowledge of research-based practice; and professional development throughout a career. The Washington professional educator standards board shall:

- (1) Establish policies and practices for the approval of programs of courses, requirements, and other activities leading to educator certification including teacher, school administrator, and educational staff associate certification;
- (2) Establish policies and practices for the approval of the character of work required to be performed as a condition of entrance to and graduation from any educator preparation program including teacher, school administrator, and educational staff associate preparation program as provided in subsection (1) of this section;
- (3) Establish a list of accredited institutions of higher education of this and other states whose graduates may be awarded educator certificates as teacher, school administrator, and educational staff associate and establish criteria and enter into agreements with other states to acquire reciprocal approval of educator preparation programs and certification, including teacher certification from the national board for professional teaching standards;
- (4) Establish policies for approval of nontraditional educator preparation programs;
- (5) Conduct a review of educator program approval standards at least every five years, beginning in 2006, to reflect research findings and assure continued improvement of preparation programs for teachers, administrators, and school specialized personnel;
- (6) Specify the types and kinds of educator certificates to be issued and conditions for certification in accordance with subsection (1) of this section and RCW 28A.410.010:
- (7) ((Hear and determine educator certification appeals as provided by RCW 28A.410.100;
- (8))) Apply for and receive federal or other funds on behalf of the state for purposes related to the duties of the board;
- (((9))) (8) Adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW that are necessary for the effective and efficient implementation of this chapter;
- (((10))) (9) Maintain data concerning educator preparation programs and their quality, educator certification, educator employment trends and needs, and other data deemed relevant by the board;
- (((11))) (10) Serve as an advisory body to the superintendent of public instruction on issues related to educator recruitment, hiring, mentoring and support, professional growth, retention, educator evaluation including but not limited to peer evaluation, and revocation and suspension of licensure;
- $(((\frac{12}{12})))$ (11) Submit, by October 15th of each even-numbered year, a joint report with the state board of education to the legislative education committees, the governor, and the superintendent of public instruction. The report shall

address the progress the boards have made and the obstacles they have encountered, individually and collectively, in the work of achieving the goals set out in RCW 28A.150.210:

- (((13))) (12) Establish the prospective teacher assessment system for basic skills and subject knowledge that shall be required to obtain residency certification pursuant to RCW 28A.410.220 through 28A.410.240;
- (((14))) (13) By January 2010, set performance standards and develop, pilot, and implement a uniform and externally administered professional-level certification assessment based on demonstrated teaching skill. In the development of this assessment, consideration shall be given to changes in professional certification program components such as the culminating seminar; and

(((15))) (14) Conduct meetings under the provisions of chapter 42.30 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Section 2 of this act takes effect August 1, 2009.

Passed by the House April 20, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 9, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

CHAPTER 532

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2035]

OFFENDER REGISTRATION—INTERNET COMMUNICATION INFORMATION

AN ACT Relating to requiring registered sex and kidnapping offenders to submit information regarding any e-mail addresses and any web sites they create or operate; and amending 2008 c 230 s 4 (uncodified).

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** 2008 c 230 s 4 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
- (1) The sex offender policy board, as created by chapter . . . (Substitute Senate Bill No. 6596), Laws of 2008, shall review and make recommendations for changes to the statutory requirements relating to sex offender and kidnapping offender registration and notification. The review and recommendations shall include, but are not limited to:
- (a) The appropriate class of felony and sentencing designations for a conviction of the failure to register;
- (b) The appropriate groups and classes of adult offenders who should be required to register;
- (c) The appropriate groups and classes of juvenile offenders who should be required to register;
- (d) When a sex offender or kidnapping offender should be relieved of registration or notification requirements and the process for termination of those obligations; ((and))
- (e) Simplification of the statutory language to allow the department of corrections, law enforcement, and offenders to more easily identify registration and notification requirements; and
- (f) The appropriate groups and classes of adult, and juvenile, if any, offenders who should be required to submit their electronic mail address or any other internet communication name or identity including, but not limited to,

instant message, chat, or social networking names or identities, and the uniform resource locator of any personal web site created or operated by the person, for purposes of monitoring potentially inappropriate online behavior, and the appropriate sanctions for failure to provide such information in a timely and accurate manner, as well as any other issues associated with establishing and implementing such a requirement.

- (2) In formulating its recommendations, the board shall review the experience of other jurisdictions and any available evidence-based research to ensure that its recommendations have the maximum impact on public safety.
- (3) The board shall report to the governor and the relevant committees of the legislature no later than November 1, 2009.

Passed by the House April 21, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 16, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

CHAPTER 533

[Engrossed House Bill 2299]

PUBLIC FACILITIES DISTRICTS—RECREATIONAL FACILITIES

AN ACT Relating to the formation, operation, and nonstate funding of public facilities districts; amending RCW 35.57.010, 82.14.048, and 36.100.180; and reenacting and amending RCW 35.57.020.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

- **Sec. 1.** RCW 35.57.010 and 2007 c 486 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) The legislative authority of any town or city located in a county with a population of less than one million may create a public facilities district.
- (b) The legislative authorities of any contiguous group of towns or cities located in a county or counties each with a population of less than one million may enter an agreement under chapter 39.34 RCW for the creation and joint operation of a public facilities district.
- (c) The legislative authority of any town or city, or any contiguous group of towns or cities, located in a county with a population of less than one million and the legislative authority of a contiguous county, or the legislative authority of the county or counties in which the towns or cities are located, may enter into an agreement under chapter 39.34 RCW for the creation and joint operation of a public facilities district.
- (d) The legislative authority of a city located in a county with a population greater than one million may create a public facilities district, when the city has a total population of less than one hundred fifteen thousand but greater than eighty thousand and commences construction of a regional center prior to July 1, 2008.
- (e) At least two legislative authorities, one or more of which previously created a public facilities district or districts under (b) or (c) of this subsection, may create an additional public facilities district notwithstanding the fact that one or more of those towns or cities, with or without a county or counties, previously have created one or more public facilities districts within the geographic boundaries of the additional public facilities district. Those existing districts may continue their full corporate existence and activities

notwithstanding the creation and existence of the additional district within all or part of the same geographic area. Additional public facilities districts formed under this subsection may be comprised of a maximum of three contiguous towns or cities separately or in combination with a maximum of two contiguous counties.

- (2)(a) A public facilities district shall be coextensive with the boundaries of the city or town or contiguous group of cities or towns that created the district.
- (b) A public facilities district created by an agreement between a town or city, or a contiguous group of towns or cities, and a contiguous county or the county in which they are located, shall be coextensive with the boundaries of the towns or cities, and the boundaries of the county or counties as to the unincorporated areas of the county or counties. The boundaries shall not include incorporated towns or cities that are not parties to the agreement for the creation and joint operation of the district.
- (3)(a) A public facilities district created by a single city or town shall be governed by a board of directors consisting of five members selected as follows:
 (i) Two members appointed by the legislative authority of the city or town; and (ii) three members appointed by legislative authority based on recommendations from local organizations. The members appointed under (a)(i) of this subsection, shall not be members of the legislative authority of the city or town. The members appointed under (a)(ii) of this subsection, shall be based on recommendations received from local organizations that may include, but are not limited to the local chamber of commerce, local economic development council, and local labor council. The members shall serve four-year terms. Of the initial members, one must be appointed for a one-year term, one must be appointed for a three-year term, and the remainder must be appointed for four-year terms.
- (b) A public facilities district created by a contiguous group of cities and towns shall be governed by a board of directors consisting of seven members selected as follows: (i) Three members appointed by the legislative authorities of the cities and towns; and (ii) four members appointed by the legislative ((authority)) authorities of the cities and towns based on recommendations from local organizations. The members appointed under (b)(i) of this subsection shall not be members of the legislative authorities of the cities and towns. The members appointed under (b)(ii) of this subsection, shall be based on recommendations received from local organizations that include, but are not limited to the local chamber of commerce, local economic development council, local labor council, and a neighborhood organization that is directly affected by the location of the regional center in their area. The members of the board of directors shall be appointed in accordance with the terms of the agreement under chapter 39.34 RCW for the joint operation of the district and shall serve fouryear terms. Of the initial members, one must be appointed for a one-year term, one must be appointed for a two-year term, one must be appointed for a threeyear term, and the remainder must be appointed for four-year terms.
- (c) A public facilities district created by a town or city, or a contiguous group of towns or cities, and a contiguous county or the county or counties in which they are located, shall be governed by a board of directors consisting of seven members selected as follows: (i) Three members appointed by the legislative authorities of the cities, towns, and county; and (ii) four members

appointed by the legislative ((authority)) authorities of the cities, towns, and county based on recommendations from local organizations. The members appointed under (c)(i) of this subsection shall not be members of the legislative authorities of the cities, towns, or county. The members appointed under (c)(ii) of this subsection shall be based on recommendations received from local organizations that include, but are not limited to, the local chamber of commerce, the local economic development council, the local labor council, and a neighborhood organization that is directly affected by the location of the regional center in their area. The members of the board of directors shall be appointed in accordance with the terms of the agreement under chapter 39.34 RCW for the joint operation of the district and shall serve four-year terms. Of the initial members, one must be appointed for a one-year term, one must be appointed for a two-year term, one must be appointed for a three-year term, and the remainder must be appointed for four-year terms.

- (d)(i) A public facilities district created under subsection (1)(e) of this section may provide, in the agreement providing for its creation and operation, that the district must be governed by a board of directors appointed under (b) or (c) of this subsection, or by a board of directors of not more than nine members who are also members of the legislative authorities that created the public facilities district or of the governing boards of the public facilities district or districts, or both, previously created by those legislative authorities.
- (ii) A board of directors formed under this subsection must have an equal number of members representing each city, town, or county participating in the public facilities district. If a public facilities district is created by an even number of legislative authorities, the members representing or appointed by those legislative authorities shall appoint an additional board member. For a board formed under this subsection to approve a proposition, the proposition must be approved by a majority of the members representing or appointed by each legislative authority participating in the public facilities district.
- (4) A public facilities district is a municipal corporation, an independent taxing "authority" within the meaning of Article VII, section 1 of the state Constitution, and a "taxing district" within the meaning of Article VII, section 2 of the state Constitution.
- (5) A public facilities district shall constitute a body corporate and shall possess all the usual powers of a corporation for public purposes as well as all other powers that may now or hereafter be specifically conferred by statute, including, but not limited to, the authority to hire employees, staff, and services, to enter into contracts, and to sue and be sued.
- (6) A public facilities district may acquire and transfer real and personal property by lease, sublease, purchase, or sale. No direct or collateral attack on any public facilities district purported to be authorized or created in conformance with this chapter may be commenced more than thirty days after creation by the city and/or county legislative authority.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 35.57.020 and 2002 c 363 s 2 and 2002 c 218 s 25 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1)(a) Except for a public facilities district created under RCW 35.57.010(1)(e), a public facilities district is authorized to acquire, construct, own, remodel, maintain, equip, reequip, repair, finance, and operate one or more regional centers. For purposes of this chapter, "regional center" means a

convention, conference, or special events center, or any combination of facilities, and related parking facilities, serving a regional population constructed, improved, or rehabilitated after July 25, 1999, at a cost of at least ten million dollars, including debt service. "Regional center" also includes an existing convention, conference, or special events center, and related parking facilities, serving a regional population, that is improved or rehabilitated after July 25, 1999, where the costs of improvement or rehabilitation are at least ten million dollars, including debt service. A "special events center" is a facility, available to the public, used for community events, sporting events, trade shows, and artistic, musical, theatrical, or other cultural exhibitions, presentations, or performances. A regional center is conclusively presumed to serve a regional population if state and local government investment in the construction, improvement, or rehabilitation of the regional center is equal to or greater than ten million dollars.

- (b) A public facilities district created under RCW 35.57.010(1)(e) is authorized to acquire, construct, own, remodel, maintain, equip, reequip, repair, finance, and operate one or more recreational facilities other than a ski area.
- (2) A public facilities district may enter into contracts with any city or town for the purpose of exercising any powers of a community renewal agency under chapter 35.81 RCW.
- (3) A public facilities district may impose charges and fees for the use of its facilities, and may accept and expend or use gifts, grants, and donations for the purpose of a regional center.
- (4) A public facilities district may impose charges, fees, and taxes authorized in RCW 35.57.040, and use revenues derived therefrom for the purpose of paying principal and interest payments on bonds issued by the public facilities district to construct a regional center.
- (5) Notwithstanding the establishment of a career, civil, or merit service system, a public facilities district may contract with a public or private entity for the operation or management of its public facilities.
- (6) A public facilities district is authorized to use the supplemental alternative public works contracting procedures set forth in chapter 39.10 RCW in connection with the design, construction, reconstruction, remodel, or alteration of any regional center.
- (7) A city or town in conjunction with any special agency, authority, or other district established by a county or any other governmental agency is authorized to use the supplemental alternative public works contracting procedures set forth in chapter 39.10 RCW in connection with the design, construction, reconstruction, remodel, or alteration of any regional center funded in whole or in part by a public facilities district.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 82.14.048 and 2008 c 86 s 103 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The governing board of a public facilities district under chapter 36.100 or 35.57 RCW may submit an authorizing proposition to the voters of the district, and if the proposition is approved by a majority of persons voting, impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter.
- (2) The tax authorized in this section shall be in addition to any other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any

taxable event within the public facilities district. The rate of tax shall not exceed two-tenths of one percent of the selling price in the case of a sales tax, or value of the article used, in the case of a use tax. A public facilities district formed under RCW 35.57.010(1)(e) may not impose the tax authorized under this subsection at a rate that exceeds two-tenths of one percent minus the rate of the highest tax authorized by this subsection that is imposed by any other public facilities district within its boundaries. If a public facilities district formed under RCW 35.57.010(1)(e) has imposed a tax under this subsection and issued or incurred obligations pledging that tax, so long as those obligations are outstanding no other public facilities district within its boundaries may thereafter impose a tax under this subsection at a rate that would reduce the rate of the tax that was pledged to the repayment of those obligations. A public facilities district that imposes a tax under this subsection is responsible for the payment of any costs incurred for the purpose of administering the provisions of this subsection, RCW 35.57.010(1)(e), and 35.57.020(1)(b), including any administrative costs associated with the imposition of a tax under this subsection incurred by either the department of revenue or local government, or both.

- (3) Moneys received from any tax imposed under the authority of this section shall be used for the purpose of providing funds for the costs associated with the financing, design, acquisition, construction, equipping, operating, maintaining, remodeling, repairing, and reequipping of its public facilities.
- **Sec. 4.** RCW 36.100.180 and 1995 c 396 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The public facilities district may secure services by means of an agreement with a service provider. The public facilities district shall publish notice, establish criteria, receive and evaluate proposals, and negotiate with respondents under requirements set forth by district resolution.
- (2) For personal service contracts of one hundred fifty thousand dollars or greater not otherwise governed by chapter 39.80 RCW, contracts for architectural and engineering services, a competitive solicitation process is required. The district shall establish the process by resolution, which must at a minimum include the following:
- (a) Notice. A notice inviting statements of either qualifications or proposals, or both, from interested parties must be published in a newspaper of general circulation throughout the county in which the district is located at least ten days before the date for submitting the statements of qualifications or proposals.
- (b) Description of services required. The request for statements of either qualifications or proposals, or both published or provided to interested parties must describe the services required and list the types of information and data required of each proposal. It may also describe the evaluation criteria and state the relative importance of the criteria if then available.
- (c) Review and evaluation. The district shall establish a process to review and evaluate statements of either qualifications or proposals, or both. That process may include a selection board identified by the district or some other panel of evaluators. If appropriate, the reviewers may hear oral presentations by proposers.
- (d) Selection. The evaluators shall select and rank the most qualified proposers. In selecting and ranking such proposers, the selection board shall

consider the evaluation criteria established by the district and may consider such other information as may be secured during the evaluation process related to a proposer's qualifications and experience.

- (e) Negotiations. The district shall enter into contract negotiations with the top-ranked proposer or proposers identified in the selection process. Negotiations may be conducted concurrently or sequentially as may be allowed by law.
- (f) Approval. When negotiations are complete, the proposed contract will be presented to the district's governing body at its next regularly scheduled meeting for approval or ratification.
- (3) Exceptions. The requirements of this section need not be met in the following circumstances:
- (a) Emergency. When the contracting authority makes a finding that an emergency requires the immediate execution of the work involved. As used in this subsection, "emergency" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 39.29.006:
- (b) Contract amendment. Amendments to existing service contracts are exempt from these requirements; and
- (c) Sole source. In the event that the services being sought can only be obtained from a single source, then the district shall make a formal written finding stating the factual basis for the exception and the solicitation requirements of this section do not apply. As used in this subsection, "sole source" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 39.29.006.
- (4) Prospective application. Nothing in this section affects the validity or effect of any district contract executed prior to the effective date of this act.

Passed by the House April 23, 2009.

Passed by the Senate April 16, 2009.

Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

CHAPTER 534

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2049] CIVIL SERVICE—SENIOR MANAGEMENT—REVIEW

AN ACT Relating to personnel practices regarding exempt employment; amending RCW 41.06.133 and 41.06.170; and creating a new section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that information technologies have substantially altered the roles and responsibilities of employees in many state agencies since the creation of the Washington management service. With the understanding that the current economic crisis dictates finding every possible efficiency, the legislature intends to review the state's senior management and exempt services and understands that possible refinements in the service are needed. A review, in consultation with the various stakeholders and in light of current best practices, is warranted.

- **Sec. 2.** RCW 41.06.133 and 2002 c 354 s 204 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The director shall adopt rules, consistent with the purposes and provisions of this chapter and with the best standards of personnel administration, regarding the basis and procedures to be followed for:
- $(((\frac{1}{1})))$ (a) The reduction, dismissal, suspension, or demotion of an employee;
 - (((2))) (b) Training and career development;
- (((3))) (c) Probationary periods of six to twelve months and rejections of probationary employees, depending on the job requirements of the class, except that entry level state park rangers shall serve a probationary period of twelve months:
 - (((4))) (d) Transfers;
 - (((5))) (e) Promotional preferences;
 - $((\frac{6}{}))$ (f) Sick leaves and vacations;
 - $((\frac{7}{(1)}))$ (g) Hours of work;
- (((8))) (<u>h</u>) Layoffs when necessary and subsequent reemployment, except for the financial basis for layoffs;
 - (((9))) (i) The number of names to be certified for vacancies;
- (((10))) (j) Adoption and revision of a state salary schedule to reflect the prevailing rates in Washington state private industries and other governmental units. The rates in the salary schedules or plans shall be increased if necessary to attain comparable worth under an implementation plan under RCW 41.06.155 and, for institutions of higher education and related boards, shall be competitive for positions of a similar nature in the state or the locality in which an institution of higher education or related board is located. Such adoption and revision is subject to approval by the director of financial management in accordance with chapter 43.88 RCW;
- (((11))) (k) Increment increases within the series of steps for each pay grade based on length of service for all employees whose standards of performance are such as to permit them to retain job status in the classified service;
- (((12))) (1) Optional lump sum relocation compensation approved by the agency director, whenever it is reasonably necessary that a person make a domiciliary move in accepting a transfer or other employment with the state. An agency must provide lump sum compensation within existing resources. If the person receiving the relocation payment terminates or causes termination with the state, for reasons other than layoff, disability separation, or other good cause as determined by an agency director, within one year of the date of the employment, the state is entitled to reimbursement of the lump sum compensation from the person;
- (((13))) (m) Providing for veteran's preference as required by existing statutes, with recognition of preference in regard to layoffs and subsequent reemployment for veterans and their surviving spouses by giving such eligible veterans and their surviving spouses additional credit in computing their seniority by adding to their unbroken state service, as defined by the director, the veteran's service in the military not to exceed five years. For the purposes of this section, "veteran" means any person who has one or more years of active military service in any branch of the armed forces of the United States or who has less than one year's service and is discharged with a disability incurred in the

line of duty or is discharged at the convenience of the government and who, upon termination of such service, has received an honorable discharge, a discharge for physical reasons with an honorable record, or a release from active military service with evidence of service other than that for which an undesirable, bad conduct, or dishonorable discharge shall be given. However, the surviving spouse of a veteran is entitled to the benefits of this section regardless of the veteran's length of active military service. For the purposes of this section, "veteran" does not include any person who has voluntarily retired with twenty or more years of active military service and whose military retirement pay is in excess of five hundred dollars per month.

- (2) Rules adopted under this section by the director shall provide for local administration and management by the institutions of higher education and related boards, subject to periodic audit and review by the director.
- (3) Rules adopted by the director under this section may be superseded by the provisions of a collective bargaining agreement negotiated under RCW 41.80.001 and 41.80.010 through 41.80.130. The supersession of such rules shall only affect employees in the respective collective bargaining units.
- (4)(a) The director shall require that each state agency report annually the following data:
- (i) The number of classified, Washington management service, and exempt employees in the agency and the change compared to the previous report;
- (ii) The number of bonuses and performance-based incentives awarded to agency staff and the base wages of such employees; and
 - (iii) The cost of each bonus or incentive awarded.
- (b) A report that compiles the data in (a) of this subsection for all agencies will be provided annually to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature and must be posted for the public on the department of personnel's agency web site.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 41.06.170 and 2002 c 354 s 213 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The director, in the adoption of rules governing suspensions for cause, shall not authorize an appointing authority to suspend an employee for more than fifteen calendar days as a single penalty or more than thirty calendar days in any one calendar year as an accumulation of several penalties. The director shall require that the appointing authority give written notice to the employee not later than one day after the suspension takes effect, stating the reasons for and the duration thereof.
- (2) Any employee who is reduced, dismissed, suspended, or demoted, after completing his or her probationary period of service as provided by the rules of the director, or any employee who is adversely affected by a violation of the state civil service law, chapter 41.06 RCW, or rules adopted under it, shall have the right to appeal, either individually or through his or her authorized representative, not later than thirty days after the effective date of such action to the personnel appeals board through June 30, 2005, and to the Washington personnel resources board after June 30, 2005. The employee shall be furnished with specified charges in writing when a reduction, dismissal, suspension, or demotion action is taken. Such appeal shall be in writing. Decisions of the Washington personnel resources board on appeals filed after June 30, 2005, shall be final and not subject to further appeal.

- (3) Any employee whose position has been exempted after July 1, 1993, shall have the right to appeal, either individually or through his or her authorized representative, not later than thirty days after the effective date of such action to the personnel appeals board through June 30, 2005, and to the Washington personnel resources board after June 30, 2005. If the position being exempted is vacant, the exclusive bargaining unit representative may act in lieu of an employee for the purposes of appeal.
- (4) An employee incumbent in a position at the time of its allocation or reallocation, or the agency utilizing the position, may appeal the allocation or reallocation to the personnel appeals board through December 31, 2005, and to the Washington personnel resources board after December 31, 2005. Notice of such appeal must be filed in writing within thirty days of the action from which appeal is taken.
- (5) Subsections (1) and (2) of this section do not apply to any employee who is subject to the provisions of a collective bargaining agreement negotiated under RCW 41.80.001 and 41.80.010 through 41.80.130.

Passed by the House April 20, 2009. Passed by the Senate April 15, 2009. Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

CHAPTER 535

[Engrossed Substitute House Bill 2075]
TAXATION—ELECTRONICALLY TRANSFERRED GOODS AND SERVICES

AN ACT Relating to the excise taxation of certain products and services provided or furnished electronically; amending RCW 82.04.190, 82.08.010, 82.12.010, 82.12.020, 82.04.060, 82.04.070, 82.04.110, 82.04.120, 82.04.2907, 82.04.297, 82.04.363, 82.04.4282, 82.04.470, 82.04.480, 82.08.02555, 82.08.02555, 82.08.02555, 82.08.02555, 82.08.02556, 82.08.0257, 82.08.0273, 82.08.805, 82.08.955, 82.12.0251, 82.12.0255, 82.12.0255, 82.12.0255, 82.12.0255, 82.12.0255, 82.12.0255, 82.12.0258, 82.12.0259, 82.12.02595, 82.12.0259,

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

PART I BACKGROUND AND FINDINGS

- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 101.** (1) In 2007, the legislature directed the department of revenue (department) to conduct a study of the taxation of electronically delivered products (digital products). In conducting the study, the department was assisted by a committee comprised of legislators, academics, and individuals representing different segments of government and industry (the "study committee").
- (2) At the conclusion of the study, the department issued its final report December 5, 2008. The final report noted that any recommendations to the legislature should promote the following goals: (a) Simplicity and fairness; (b)

conformity with the streamlined sales and use tax agreement; (c) neutrality regardless of industry, content, and delivery method while taking the purchaser's underlying property rights into account; (d) consideration given to the revenue impact of potential changes to the tax base; (e) consideration given to the impact caused by the pyramiding of business inputs; (f) maintaining or enhancing the competitiveness of businesses located in Washington; and (g) maintaining certainty, consistency, durability, and equity despite changes in technology and business models.

- (3) While the department's final report did not contain recommendations for the legislature, the report's conclusion notes that the study committee found that legislation implementing digital products tax policy is necessary in 2009 to: (a) Protect the sales and use tax base; (b) establish certainty in our tax code; (c) maintain conformity with the streamlined sales and use tax agreement; and (d) encourage economic development.
- (4) This act is the outgrowth of the work of the department and the study committee. The purpose of this act is to implement those findings of the study committee noted in subsection (3) of this section. This act also takes into account the goals noted in subsection (2) of this section. Moreover, this act contains specific provisions to: (a) Provide protections for taxpayers who failed to pay or collect tax on digital products for periods before the effective date of this act; and (b) promote the location of server farms and data centers in this state by preventing the department from considering a person's ownership of, or rights in, digital goods or digital codes residing on servers located in this state in determining whether the person has nexus with this state for purposes of the taxes imposed in Title 82 RCW.

PART II DIGITAL PRODUCTS DEFINITIONS

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 201.** A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to be codified between RCW 82.04.010 and 82.04.220 to read as follows:

- (1) "Digital audio works" means works that result from the fixation of a series of musical, spoken, or other sounds, including ringtones.
- (2) "Digital audio-visual works" means a series of related images which, when shown in succession, impart an impression of motion, together with accompanying sounds, if any.
- (3) "Digital books" means works that are generally recognized in the ordinary and usual sense as books.
- (4) "Digital code" means a code that provides a purchaser with the right to obtain one or more digital products, if all of the digital products to be obtained through the use of the code have the same sales and use tax treatment. "Digital code" does not include a code that represents a stored monetary value that is deducted from a total as it is used by the purchaser. "Digital code" also does not include a code that represents a redeemable card, gift card, or gift certificate that entitles the holder to select digital products of an indicated cash value. A digital code may be obtained by any means, including e-mail or by tangible means regardless of its designation as song code, video code, book code, or some other term.

- (5)(a) "Digital automated service," except as provided in (b) of this subsection (5), means any service transferred electronically that uses one or more software applications.
 - (b) "Digital automated service" does not include:
- (i) Any service that primarily involves the application of human effort, and the human effort originated after the customer requested the service;
- (ii) The loaning or transferring of money or the purchase, sale, or transfer of financial instruments. For purposes of this subsection (5)(b)(ii), "financial instruments" include cash, accounts receivable and payable, loans and notes receivable and payable, debt securities, equity securities, as well as derivative contracts such as forward contracts, swap contracts, and options;
 - (iii) Dispensing cash or other physical items from a machine;
 - (iv) Payment processing services;
- (v) Parimutuel wagering and handicapping contests as authorized by chapter 67.16 RCW;
- (vi) Telecommunications services and ancillary services as those terms are defined in RCW 82.04.065;
- (vii) The internet and internet access as those terms are defined in RCW 82.04.297;
 - (viii) The service described in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b);
 - (ix) Online educational programs provided by a:
 - (A) Public or private elementary or secondary school; or
- (B) An institution of higher education as defined in sections 1001 or 1002 of the federal higher education act of 1965 (Title 20 U.S.C. Secs. 1001 and 1002), as existing on July 1, 2009. For purposes of this subsection (5)(b)(ix)(B), an online educational program must be encompassed within the institution's accreditation:
- (x) Travel agent services, including online travel services, and automated systems used by travel agents to book reservations;
- (xi) A service that allows the person receiving the service to make online sales of products or services, digital or otherwise, using the service provider's web site. The service described in this subsection (5)(b)(xi) does not include the underlying sale of the products or services, digital or otherwise, by the person receiving the service; and
 - (xii) Online classified advertising services.
- (6)(a) "Digital goods," except as provided in (b) of this subsection (6), means sounds, images, data, facts, or information, or any combination thereof, transferred electronically, including, but not limited to, specified digital products and other products transferred electronically not included within the definition of specified digital products.
 - (b) The term "digital goods" does not include:
- (i) Telecommunications services and ancillary services as those terms are defined in RCW 82.04.065;
 - (ii) Computer software as defined in RCW 82.04.215;
 - (iii) Internet access as defined in RCW 82.04.297;
- (iv) The representation of a personal service in electronic form, such as an electronic copy of an engineering report prepared by an engineer, that primarily involves the application of human effort, and the human effort originated after the customer requested the service; and

- (v) Digital automated services and services and activities excluded from the definition of digital automated services in subsection (5)(b) of this section.
 - (7) "Digital products" means digital goods and digital automated services.
- (8) "Electronically transferred" or "transferred electronically" means obtained by the purchaser by means other than tangible storage media. It is not necessary that a copy of the product be physically transferred to the purchaser. So long as the purchaser may access the product, it will be considered to have been electronically transferred to the purchaser.
- (9) "Specified digital products" means electronically transferred digital audio-visual works, digital audio works, and digital books.

PART III IMPOSITION OF SALES AND USE TAXES ON DIGITAL PRODUCTS

- **Sec. 301.** RCW 82.04.050 and 2007 c 54 s 4 and 2007 c 6 s 1004 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- (1) "Sale at retail" or "retail sale" means every sale of tangible personal property (including articles produced, fabricated, or imprinted) to all persons irrespective of the nature of their business and including, among others, without limiting the scope hereof, persons who install, repair, clean, alter, improve, construct, or decorate real or personal property of or for consumers other than a sale to a person who presents a resale certificate under RCW 82.04.470 and who:
- (a) Purchases for the purpose of resale as tangible personal property in the regular course of business without intervening use by such person, but a purchase for the purpose of resale by a regional transit authority under RCW 81.112.300 is not a sale for resale; or
- (b) Installs, repairs, cleans, alters, imprints, improves, constructs, or decorates real or personal property of or for consumers, if such tangible personal property becomes an ingredient or component of such real or personal property without intervening use by such person; or
- (c) Purchases for the purpose of consuming the property purchased in producing for sale a new article of tangible personal property or substance, of which such property becomes an ingredient or component or is a chemical used in processing, when the primary purpose of such chemical is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient of a new article being produced for sale; or
- (d) Purchases for the purpose of consuming the property purchased in producing ferrosilicon which is subsequently used in producing magnesium for sale, if the primary purpose of such property is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient of ferrosilicon; or
- (e) Purchases for the purpose of providing the property to consumers as part of competitive telephone service, as defined in RCW 82.04.065. The term shall include every sale of tangible personal property which is used or consumed or to be used or consumed in the performance of any activity classified as a "sale at retail" or "retail sale" even though such property is resold or utilized as provided in (a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this subsection following such use. The term also means every sale of tangible personal property to persons engaged in any business which is taxable under RCW 82.04.280 (2) and (7), 82.04.290, and 82.04.2908; or

- (f) Purchases for the purpose of satisfying the person's obligations under an extended warranty as defined in subsection (7) of this section, if such tangible personal property replaces or becomes an ingredient or component of property covered by the extended warranty without intervening use by such person.
- (2) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" ((shall include)) includes the sale of or charge made for tangible personal property consumed and/or for labor and services rendered in respect to the following:
- (a) The installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, imprinting, or improving of tangible personal property of or for consumers, including charges made for the mere use of facilities in respect thereto, but excluding charges made for the use of self-service laundry facilities, and also excluding sales of laundry service to nonprofit health care facilities, and excluding services rendered in respect to live animals, birds and insects;
- (b) The constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving of new or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for consumers, including the installing or attaching of any article of tangible personal property therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by virtue of installation, and shall also include the sale of services or charges made for the clearing of land and the moving of earth excepting the mere leveling of land used in commercial farming or agriculture;
- (c) The constructing, repairing, or improving of any structure upon, above, or under any real property owned by an owner who conveys the property by title, possession, or any other means to the person performing such construction, repair, or improvement for the purpose of performing such construction, repair, or improvement and the property is then reconveyed by title, possession, or any other means to the original owner;
- (d) The cleaning, fumigating, razing, or moving of existing buildings or structures, but ((shall)) may not include the charge made for janitorial services; and for purposes of this section the term "janitorial services" shall mean those cleaning and caretaking services ordinarily performed by commercial janitor service businesses including, but not limited to, wall and window washing, floor cleaning and waxing, and the cleaning in place of rugs, drapes and upholstery. The term "janitorial services" does not include painting, papering, repairing, furnace or septic tank cleaning, snow removal or sandblasting;
- (e) Automobile towing and similar automotive transportation services, but not in respect to those required to report and pay taxes under chapter 82.16 RCW;
- (f) The furnishing of lodging and all other services by a hotel, rooming house, tourist court, motel, trailer camp, and the granting of any similar license to use real property, as distinguished from the renting or leasing of real property, and it ((shall be)) is presumed that the occupancy of real property for a continuous period of one month or more constitutes a rental or lease of real property and not a mere license to use or enjoy the same. For the purposes of this subsection, it shall be presumed that the sale of and charge made for the furnishing of lodging for a continuous period of one month or more to a person is a rental or lease of real property and not a mere license to enjoy the same;
- (g) The installing, repairing, altering, or improving of digital goods for consumers;

- (h) Persons taxable under (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), ((and)) (f), and (g) of this subsection when such sales or charges are for property, labor and services which are used or consumed in whole or in part by such persons in the performance of any activity defined as a "sale at retail" or "retail sale" even though such property, labor and services may be resold after such use or consumption. Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to modify subsection (1) of this section and nothing contained in subsection (1) of this section ((shall)) may be construed to modify this subsection.
- (3) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" ((shall include)) includes the sale of or charge made for personal, business, or professional services including amounts designated as interest, rents, fees, admission, and other service emoluments however designated, received by persons engaging in the following business activities:
- (a) Amusement and recreation services including but not limited to golf, pool, billiards, skating, bowling, ski lifts and tows, day trips for sightseeing purposes, and others, when provided to consumers;
 - (b) Abstract, title insurance, and escrow services;
 - (c) Credit bureau services;
 - (d) Automobile parking and storage garage services;
- (e) Landscape maintenance and horticultural services but excluding (i) horticultural services provided to farmers and (ii) pruning, trimming, repairing, removing, and clearing of trees and brush near electric transmission or distribution lines or equipment, if performed by or at the direction of an electric utility;
- (f) Service charges associated with tickets to professional sporting events; and
- (g) The following personal services: Physical fitness services, tanning salon services, tattoo parlor services, steam bath services, turkish bath services, escort services, and dating services.
 - (4)(a) The term ((shall)) also includes:
 - (i) The renting or leasing of tangible personal property to consumers; and
- (ii) Providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time. A consideration of this is that the operator is necessary for the tangible personal property to perform as designed. For the purpose of this subsection (4)(a)(ii), an operator must do more than maintain, inspect, or set up the tangible personal property.
- (b) The term ((shall)) does not include the renting or leasing of tangible personal property where the lease or rental is for the purpose of sublease or subrent.
- (5) The term ((shall)) also includes the providing of "competitive telephone service," "telecommunications service," or "ancillary services," as those terms are defined in RCW 82.04.065, to consumers.
- (6)(a) The term ((shall)) also includes the sale of prewritten computer software other than a sale to a person who presents a resale certificate under RCW 82.04.470, regardless of the method of delivery to the end user((, but shall)). For purposes of this subsection (6)(a), the sale of prewritten computer software includes the sale of or charge made for a key or an enabling or activation code, where the key or code is required to activate prewritten computer software and put the software into use. There is no separate sale of the

key or code from the prewritten computer software, regardless of how the sale may be characterized by the vendor or by the purchaser.

The term "retail sale" does not include the sale of or charge made for:

- (i) Custom software; or
- (ii) The customization of prewritten computer software.
- (b) The term also includes the charge made to consumers for the right to access and use prewritten computer software, where possession of the software is maintained by the seller or a third party, regardless of whether the charge for the service is on a per use, per user, per license, subscription, or some other basis.
- (7) The term ((shall)) also includes the sale of or charge made for an extended warranty to a consumer. For purposes of this subsection, "extended warranty" means an agreement for a specified duration to perform the replacement or repair of tangible personal property at no additional charge or a reduced charge for tangible personal property, labor, or both, or to provide indemnification for the replacement or repair of tangible personal property, based on the occurrence of specified events. The term "extended warranty" does not include an agreement, otherwise meeting the definition of extended warranty in this subsection, if no separate charge is made for the agreement and the value of the agreement is included in the sales price of the tangible personal property covered by the agreement. For purposes of this subsection, "sales price" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.08.010.
- (8)(a) The term also includes the following sales to consumers of digital goods, digital codes, and digital automated services:
- (i) Sales in which the seller has granted the purchaser the right of permanent use;
- (ii) Sales in which the seller has granted the purchaser a right of use that is less than permanent;
- (iii) Sales in which the purchaser is not obligated to make continued payment as a condition of the sale; and
- (iv) Sales in which the purchaser is obligated to make continued payment as a condition of the sale.
- (b) A retail sale of digital goods, digital codes, or digital automated services under this subsection (8) includes any services provided by the seller exclusively in connection with the digital goods, digital codes, or digital automated services, whether or not a separate charge is made for such services.
- (c) For purposes of this subsection, "permanent" means perpetual or for an indefinite or unspecified length of time. A right of permanent use is presumed to have been granted unless the agreement between the seller and the purchaser specifies or the circumstances surrounding the transaction suggest or indicate that the right to use terminates on the occurrence of a condition subsequent.
- (9) The term ((shall)) does not include the sale of or charge made for labor and services rendered in respect to the building, repairing, or improving of any street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state or by the United States and which is used or to be used primarily for foot or vehicular traffic including mass transportation vehicles of any kind.

- ((((0))) (10) The term ((shall)) also <u>does</u> not include sales of chemical sprays or washes to persons for the purpose of postharvest treatment of fruit for the prevention of scald, fungus, mold, or decay, nor ((shall)) <u>does</u> it include sales of feed, seed, seedlings, fertilizer, agents for enhanced pollination including insects such as bees, and spray materials to: (a) Persons who participate in the federal conservation reserve program, the environmental quality incentives program, the wetlands reserve program, and the wildlife habitat incentives program, or their successors administered by the United States department of agriculture; (b) farmers for the purpose of producing for sale any agricultural product; and (c) farmers acting under cooperative habitat development or access contracts with an organization exempt from federal income tax under <u>Title</u> 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) or the Washington state department of fish and wildlife to produce or improve wildlife habitat on land that the farmer owns or leases.
- (((10))) (11) The term ((shall)) does not include the sale of or charge made for labor and services rendered in respect to the constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving of new or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW, including the installing, or attaching of any article of tangible personal property therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by virtue of installation. Nor ((shall)) does the term include the sale of services or charges made for the clearing of land and the moving of earth of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority. Nor ((shall)) does the term include the sale of services or charges made for cleaning up for the United States, or its instrumentalities, radioactive waste and other byproducts of weapons production and nuclear research and development.
- (((11))) (12) The term ((shall)) does not include the sale of or charge made for labor, services, or tangible personal property pursuant to agreements providing maintenance services for bus, rail, or rail fixed guideway equipment when a regional transit authority is the recipient of the labor, services, or tangible personal property, and a transit agency, as defined in RCW 81.104.015, performs the labor or services.
- **Sec. 302.** RCW 82.04.190 and 2007 c 6 s 1008 are each amended to read as follows:

"Consumer" means the following:

(1) Any person who purchases, acquires, owns, holds, or uses any article of tangible personal property irrespective of the nature of the person's business and including, among others, without limiting the scope hereof, persons who install, repair, clean, alter, improve, construct, or decorate real or personal property of or for consumers other than for the purpose (a) of resale as tangible personal property in the regular course of business or (b) of incorporating such property as an ingredient or component of real or personal property when installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, imprinting, improving, constructing, or decorating such real or personal property of or for consumers or (c) of consuming such property in producing for sale a new article of tangible personal property or a new substance, of which such property becomes an ingredient or component or as a chemical used in processing, when the primary purpose of such chemical is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient of a new

article being produced for sale or (d) of consuming the property purchased in producing ferrosilicon which is subsequently used in producing magnesium for sale, if the primary purpose of such property is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient of ferrosilicon or (e) of satisfying the person's obligations under an extended warranty as defined in RCW 82.04.050(7), if such tangible personal property replaces or becomes an ingredient or component of property covered by the extended warranty without intervening use by such person;

- (2)(a) Any person engaged in any business activity taxable under RCW 82.04.290 or 82.04.2908; (b) any person who purchases, acquires, or uses any competitive telephone service, ancillary services, or telecommunications service as those terms are defined in RCW 82.04.065, other than for resale in the regular course of business; (c) any person who purchases, acquires, or uses any service defined in RCW 82.04.050(2) (a) or (g), other than for resale in the regular course of business or for the purpose of satisfying the person's obligations under an extended warranty as defined in RCW 82.04.050(7); (d) any person who purchases, acquires, or uses any amusement and recreation service defined in RCW 82.04.050(3)(a), other than for resale in the regular course of business; (e) ((any person who is an end user of software; and (f))) any person who purchases or acquires an extended warranty as defined in RCW 82.04.050(7) other than for resale in the regular course of business; and (f) any person who is an end user of software. For purposes of this subsection (2)(f) and RCW 82.04.050(6), a person who purchases or otherwise acquires prewritten computer software, who provides services described in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) and who will charge consumers for the right to access and use the prewritten computer software, is not an end user of the prewritten computer software;
- (3) Any person engaged in the business of contracting for the building, repairing or improving of any street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state of Washington or by the United States and which is used or to be used primarily for foot or vehicular traffic including mass transportation vehicles of any kind as defined in RCW 82.04.280, in respect to tangible personal property when such person incorporates such property as an ingredient or component of such publicly owned street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, tunnel, or trestle by installing, placing or spreading the property in or upon the right-of-way of such street, place, road, highway, easement, bridge, tunnel, or trestle or in or upon the site of such mass public transportation terminal or parking facility;
- (4) Any person who is an owner, lessee or has the right of possession to or an easement in real property which is being constructed, repaired, decorated, improved, or otherwise altered by a person engaged in business, excluding only (a) municipal corporations or political subdivisions of the state in respect to labor and services rendered to their real property which is used or held for public road purposes, and (b) the United States, instrumentalities thereof, and county and city housing authorities created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW in respect to labor and services rendered to their real property. Nothing contained in this or

any other subsection of this definition shall be construed to modify any other definition of "consumer";

- (5) Any person who is an owner, lessee, or has the right of possession to personal property which is being constructed, repaired, improved, cleaned, imprinted, or otherwise altered by a person engaged in business;
- (6) Any person engaged in the business of constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving new or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW, including the installing or attaching of any article of tangible personal property therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by virtue of installation; also, any person engaged in the business of clearing land and moving earth of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 Any such person shall be a consumer within the meaning of this subsection in respect to tangible personal property incorporated into, installed in, or attached to such building or other structure by such person, except that consumer does not include any person engaged in the business of constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving new or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for the United States, or any instrumentality thereof, if the investment project would qualify for sales and use tax deferral under chapter 82.63 RCW if undertaken by a private entity;
- (7) Any person who is a lessor of machinery and equipment, the rental of which is exempt from the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 under RCW 82.08.02565, with respect to the sale of or charge made for tangible personal property consumed in respect to repairing the machinery and equipment, if the tangible personal property has a useful life of less than one year. Nothing contained in this or any other subsection of this section shall be construed to modify any other definition of "consumer";
- (8) Any person engaged in the business of cleaning up for the United States, or its instrumentalities, radioactive waste and other byproducts of weapons production and nuclear research and development; ((and))
- (9) Any person who is an owner, lessee, or has the right of possession of tangible personal property that, under the terms of an extended warranty as defined in RCW 82.04.050(7), has been repaired or is replacement property, but only with respect to the sale of or charge made for the repairing of the tangible personal property or the replacement property:
- (10) Any person who purchases, acquires, or uses services described in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) other than for resale in the regular course of business; and
 - (11)(a) Any end user of a digital product or digital code.
- (b)(i) For purposes of this subsection, "end user" means any taxpayer as defined in RCW 82.12.010 other than a taxpayer who receives by contract a digital product for further commercial broadcast, rebroadcast, transmission, retransmission, licensing, relicensing, distribution, redistribution or exhibition of the product, in whole or in part, to others. A person that purchases digital products or digital codes for the purpose of giving away such products or codes will not be considered to have engaged in the distribution or redistribution of such products or codes and will be treated as an end user;

(ii) If a purchaser of a digital code does not receive the contractual right to further redistribute, after the digital code is redeemed, the underlying digital product to which the digital code relates, then the purchaser of the digital code is an end user. If the purchaser of the digital code receives the contractual right to further redistribute, after the digital code is redeemed, the underlying digital product to which the digital code relates, then the purchaser of the digital code is not an end user. A purchaser of a digital code who has the contractual right to further redistribute the digital code is an end user if that purchaser does not have the right to further redistribute, after the digital code is redeemed, the underlying digital product to which the digital code relates.

Sec. 303. RCW 82.08.010 and 2007 c 6 s 1302 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter:

(1)(a) "Selling price" includes "sales price." "Sales price" means the total amount of consideration, except separately stated trade-in property of like kind, including cash, credit, property, and services, for which tangible personal property, extended warranties, digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, or other services defined as a "retail sale" under RCW 82.04.050 are sold, leased, or rented, valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise. No deduction from the total amount of consideration is allowed for the following: (i) The seller's cost of the property sold; (ii) the cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest, losses, all costs of transportation to the seller, all taxes imposed on the seller, and any other expense of the seller; (iii) charges by the seller for any services necessary to complete the sale, other than delivery and installation charges; (iv) delivery charges; and (v) installation charges.

When tangible personal property is rented or leased under circumstances that the consideration paid does not represent a reasonable rental for the use of the articles so rented or leased, the "selling price" shall be determined as nearly as possible according to the value of such use at the places of use of similar products of like quality and character under such rules as the department may prescribe;

- (b) "Selling price" or "sales price" does not include: Discounts, including cash, term, or coupons that are not reimbursed by a third party that are allowed by a seller and taken by a purchaser on a sale; interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit extended on the sale of tangible personal property, extended warranties, digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, or other services, if the amount is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given to the purchaser; and any taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer that are separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given to the purchaser;
- (c) "Selling price" or "sales price" includes consideration received by the seller from a third party if:
- (i) The seller actually receives consideration from a party other than the purchaser, and the consideration is directly related to a price reduction or discount on the sale;
- (ii) The seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or discount through to the purchaser;
- (iii) The amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is fixed and determinable by the seller at the time of the sale of the item to the purchaser; and

- (iv) One of the criteria in this subsection (1)(c)(iv) is met:
- (A) The purchaser presents a coupon, certificate, or other documentation to the seller to claim a price reduction or discount where the coupon, certificate, or documentation is authorized, distributed, or granted by a third party with the understanding that the third party will reimburse any seller to whom the coupon, certificate, or documentation is presented;
- (B) The purchaser identifies himself or herself to the seller as a member of a group or organization entitled to a price reduction or discount, however a "preferred customer" card that is available to any patron does not constitute membership in such a group; or
- (C) The price reduction or discount is identified as a third party price reduction or discount on the invoice received by the purchaser or on a coupon, certificate, or other documentation presented by the purchaser;
- (2)(a) "Seller" means every person, including the state and its departments and institutions, making sales at retail or retail sales to a buyer, purchaser, or consumer, whether as agent, broker, or principal, except "seller" does not mean:
- (i) The state and its departments and institutions when making sales to the state and its departments and institutions; or
- (ii) A professional employer organization when a covered employee coemployed with the client under the terms of a professional employer agreement engages in activities that constitute a sale at retail that is subject to the tax imposed by this chapter. In such cases, the client, and not the professional employer organization, is deemed to be the seller and is responsible for collecting and remitting the tax imposed by this chapter.
- (b) For the purposes of (a) of this subsection, the terms "client," "covered employee," "professional employer agreement," and "professional employer organization" have the same meanings as in RCW 82.04.540;
- (3) "Buyer," "purchaser," and "consumer" include, without limiting the scope hereof, every individual, receiver, assignee, trustee in bankruptcy, trust, estate, firm, copartnership, joint venture, club, company, joint stock company, business trust, corporation, association, society, or any group of individuals acting as a unit, whether mutual, cooperative, fraternal, nonprofit, or otherwise, municipal corporation, quasi municipal corporation, and also the state, its departments and institutions and all political subdivisions thereof, irrespective of the nature of the activities engaged in or functions performed, and also the United States or any instrumentality thereof;
- (4) "Delivery charges" means charges by the seller of personal property or services for preparation and delivery to a location designated by the purchaser of personal property or services including, but not limited to, transportation, shipping, postage, handling, crating, and packing;
- (5) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States mail or other delivery service to a mass audience or to addressees on a mailing list provided by the purchaser or at the direction of the purchaser when the cost of the items are not billed directly to the recipients. "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by the purchaser to the direct mail seller for inclusion in the package containing the printed material. "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a single address;

- (6) The meaning attributed in chapter 82.04 RCW to the terms "tax year," "taxable year," "person," "company," "sale," "sale at retail," "retail sale," "sale at wholesale," "wholesale," "business," "engaging in business," "cash discount," "successor," "consumer," "in this state" and "within this state" shall apply equally to the provisions of this chapter;
- (7) For the purposes of the taxes imposed under this chapter and under chapter 82.12 RCW, "tangible personal property" means personal property that can be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or that is in any other manner perceptible to the senses. Tangible personal property includes electricity, water, gas, steam, and prewritten computer software;
 - (8) "Extended warranty" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.04.050(7):
 - (9) The definitions in section 201 of this act apply to this chapter; and
- (10) For the purposes of the taxes imposed under this chapter and chapter 82.12 RCW, whenever the terms "property" or "personal property" are used, those terms must be construed to include digital goods and digital codes unless:
- (a) It is clear from the context that the term "personal property" is intended only to refer to tangible personal property;
- (b) It is clear from the context that the term "property" is intended only to refer to tangible personal property, real property, or both; or
- (c) To construe the term "property" or "personal property" as including digital goods and digital codes would yield unlikely, absurd, or strained consequences.
- **Sec. 304.** RCW 82.12.010 and 2006 c 301 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter:

- (1) "Purchase price" means the same as sales price as defined in RCW 82.08.010((-1));
- (2)(a) "Value of the article used" shall be the purchase price for the article of tangible personal property, the use of which is taxable under this chapter. The term also includes, in addition to the purchase price, the amount of any tariff or duty paid with respect to the importation of the article used. In case the article used is acquired by lease or by gift or is extracted, produced, or manufactured by the person using the same or is sold under conditions wherein the purchase price does not represent the true value thereof, the value of the article used shall be determined as nearly as possible according to the retail selling price at place of use of similar products of like quality and character under such rules as the department may prescribe.
- (b) In case the articles used are acquired by bailment, the value of the use of the articles so used shall be in an amount representing a reasonable rental for the use of the articles so bailed, determined as nearly as possible according to the value of such use at the places of use of similar products of like quality and character under such rules as the department of revenue may prescribe. In case any such articles of tangible personal property are used in respect to the construction, repairing, decorating, or improving of, and which become or are to become an ingredient or component of, new or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW, including the installing or attaching of any such articles therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the

realty by virtue of installation, then the value of the use of such articles so used shall be determined according to the retail selling price of such articles, or in the absence of such a selling price, as nearly as possible according to the retail selling price at place of use of similar products of like quality and character or, in the absence of either of these selling price measures, such value may be determined upon a cost basis, in any event under such rules as the department of revenue may prescribe.

- (c) In the case of articles owned by a user engaged in business outside the state which are brought into the state for no more than one hundred eighty days in any period of three hundred sixty-five consecutive days and which are temporarily used for business purposes by the person in this state, the value of the article used shall be an amount representing a reasonable rental for the use of the articles, unless the person has paid tax under this chapter or chapter 82.08 RCW upon the full value of the article used, as defined in (a) of this subsection.
- (d) In the case of articles manufactured or produced by the user and used in the manufacture or production of products sold or to be sold to the department of defense of the United States, the value of the articles used shall be determined according to the value of the ingredients of such articles.
- (e) In the case of an article manufactured or produced for purposes of serving as a prototype for the development of a new or improved product, the value of the article used shall be determined by: (i) The retail selling price of such new or improved product when first offered for sale; or (ii) the value of materials incorporated into the prototype in cases in which the new or improved product is not offered for sale.
- (f) In the case of an article purchased with a direct pay permit under RCW 82.32.087, the value of the article used shall be determined by the purchase price of such article if, but for the use of the direct pay permit, the transaction would have been subject to sales tax;
- (3) "Value of the service used" means the purchase price for the <u>digital</u> <u>automated service or other</u> service, the use of which is taxable under this chapter. If the service is received by gift or under conditions wherein the purchase price does not represent the true value thereof, the value of the service used shall be determined as nearly as possible according to the retail selling price at place of use of similar services of like quality and character under rules the department may prescribe;
- (4) "Value of the extended warranty used" means the purchase price for the extended warranty, the use of which is taxable under this chapter. If the extended warranty is received by gift or under conditions wherein the purchase price does not represent the true value of the extended warranty, the value of the extended warranty used shall be determined as nearly as possible according to the retail selling price at place of use of similar extended warranties of like quality and character under rules the department may prescribe;
- (5) "Value of the digital good or digital code used" means the purchase price for the digital good or digital code, the use of which is taxable under this chapter. If the digital good or digital code is acquired other than by purchase, the value of the digital good or digital code must be determined as nearly as possible according to the retail selling price at place of use of similar digital goods or digital codes of like quality and character under rules the department may prescribe;

- (6) "Use," "used," "using," or "put to use" ((shall)) have their ordinary meaning, and ((shall)) mean:
- (a) With respect to tangible personal property, the first act within this state by which the taxpayer takes or assumes dominion or control over the article of tangible personal property (as a consumer), and include installation, storage, withdrawal from storage, distribution, or any other act preparatory to subsequent actual use or consumption within this state;
- (b) With respect to a service defined in RCW 82.04.050(2)(a), the first act within this state after the service has been performed by which the taxpayer takes or assumes dominion or control over the article of tangible personal property upon which the service was performed (as a consumer), and includes installation, storage, withdrawal from storage, distribution, or any other act preparatory to subsequent actual use or consumption of the article within this state; ((and))
- (c) With respect to an extended warranty, the first act within this state after the extended warranty has been acquired by which the taxpayer takes or assumes dominion or control over the article of tangible personal property to which the extended warranty applies, and includes installation, storage, withdrawal from storage, distribution, or any other act preparatory to subsequent actual use or consumption of the article within this state;
- (d) With respect to a digital good or digital code, the first act within this state by which the taxpayer, as a consumer, views, accesses, downloads, possesses, stores, opens, manipulates, or otherwise uses or enjoys the digital good or digital code;
- (e) With respect to a digital automated service, the first act within this state by which the taxpayer, as a consumer, uses, enjoys, or otherwise receives the benefit of the service;
- (f) With respect to a service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b), the first act within this state by which the taxpayer, as a consumer, accesses the prewritten computer software; and
- (g) With respect to a service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(2)(g), the first act within this state after the service has been performed by which the taxpayer, as a consumer, views, accesses, downloads, possesses, stores, opens, manipulates, or otherwise uses or enjoys the digital good upon which the service was performed;
- (((6))) (7) "Taxpayer" and "purchaser" include all persons included within the meaning of the word "buyer" and the word "consumer" as defined in chapters 82.04 and 82.08 RCW;
- $(((\frac{7}{1})))$ (8)(a)(i) Except as provided in (a)(ii) of this subsection $((\frac{7}{1}))$ (8), "retailer" means every seller as defined in RCW 82.08.010 and every person engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail and every person required to collect from purchasers the tax imposed under this chapter.
- (ii) "Retailer" does not include a professional employer organization when a covered employee coemployed with the client under the terms of a professional employer agreement engages in activities that constitute a sale of tangible personal property, extended warranty, <u>digital good</u>, <u>digital code</u>, or a sale of any <u>digital automated service or</u> service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050 (2) (a) or (g), (3)(a), or (6)(b) that is subject to the tax imposed by this chapter. In such cases, the client, and not the professional employer organization, is

deemed to be the retailer and is responsible for collecting and remitting the tax imposed by this chapter.

- (b) For the purposes of (a) of this subsection, the terms "client," "covered employee," "professional employer agreement," and "professional employer organization" have the same meanings as in RCW 82.04.540;
- (((8))) (9) "Extended warranty" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.04.050(7);
- (((0))) (10) The meaning ascribed to words and phrases in chapters 82.04 and 82.08 RCW, insofar as applicable, shall have full force and effect with respect to taxes imposed under the provisions of this chapter. "Consumer," in addition to the meaning ascribed to it in chapters 82.04 and 82.08 RCW insofar as applicable, shall also mean any person who distributes or displays, or causes to be distributed or displayed, any article of tangible personal property, except newspapers, the primary purpose of which is to promote the sale of products or services. With respect to property distributed to persons within this state by a consumer as defined in this subsection (((9))) (10), the use of the property shall be deemed to be by such consumer.
- **Sec. 305.** RCW 82.12.020 and 2005 c 514 s 105 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) There is hereby levied and there shall be collected from every person in this state a tax or excise for the privilege of using within this state as a consumer any:
- (a) ((Any)) Article of tangible personal property purchased at retail, or acquired by lease, gift, repossession, or bailment, or extracted or produced or manufactured by the person so using the same, or otherwise furnished to a person engaged in any business taxable under RCW 82.04.280 (2) or (7), including tangible personal property acquired at a casual or isolated sale, and including byproducts used by the manufacturer thereof, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, irrespective of whether the article or similar articles are manufactured or are available for purchase within this state;
- (b) ((any)) Prewritten computer software, regardless of the method of delivery, but excluding prewritten computer software that is either provided free of charge or is provided for temporary use in viewing information, or both; ((or))
- (c) ((any)) Services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(2) (a) or (g), (3)(a), or (6)(b), excluding services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) that are provided free of charge;
 - (d) Extended warranty; or
- (e)(i) Digital good, digital code, or digital automated service, including the use of any services provided by a seller exclusively in connection with digital goods, digital codes, or digital automated services, whether or not a separate charge is made for such services.
- (ii) With respect to the use of digital goods, digital automated services, and digital codes acquired by purchase, the tax imposed in this subsection (1)(e) applies in respect to:
- (A) Sales in which the seller has granted the purchaser the right of permanent use;
- (B) Sales in which the seller has granted the purchaser a right of use that is less than permanent;

- (C) Sales in which the purchaser is not obligated to make continued payment as a condition of the sale; and
- (D) Sales in which the purchaser is obligated to make continued payment as a condition of the sale.
- (iii) With respect to digital goods, digital automated services, and digital codes acquired other than by purchase, the tax imposed in this subsection (1)(e) applies regardless of whether or not the consumer has a right of permanent use or is obligated to make continued payment as a condition of use.
- (2) ((This tax shall apply to the use of every extended warranty, service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050 (2)(a) or (3)(a), and the use of every article of tangible personal property, including property acquired at a casual or isolated sale, and including byproducts used by the manufacturer thereof, except as hereinafter provided, irrespective of whether the article or similar articles are manufactured or are available for purchase within this state.
- (3))) The provisions of this chapter do not apply in respect to the use of any article of tangible personal property, extended warranty, <u>digital good, digital code, digital automated service,</u> or service taxable under RCW 82.04.050(2) (a) or (g), (3)(a), ((purchased at retail or acquired by lease, gift, or bailment)) or (6)(b), if the sale to, or the use by, the present user or ((his)) the present user's bailor or donor has already been subjected to the tax under chapter 82.08 RCW or this chapter and the tax has been paid by the present user or by ((his)) the present user's bailor or donor.
- (((4))) (3)(a) Except as provided in this section, payment of the tax imposed by this chapter or chapter 82.08 RCW by one purchaser or user of tangible personal property, extended warranty, digital good, digital code, digital automated service, or other service ((of the tax imposed by chapter 82.08 or 82.12 RCW shall)) does not have the effect of exempting any other purchaser or user of the same property, extended warranty, digital good, digital code, digital automated service, or other service from the taxes imposed by such chapters.
 - (b) The tax imposed by this chapter does not apply:
- (i) If the sale to, or the use by, the present user or his or her bailor or donor has already been subjected to the tax under chapter 82.08 RCW or this chapter and the tax has been paid by the present user or by his or her bailor or donor; ((er))
- (ii) In respect to the use of any article of tangible personal property acquired by bailment and the tax has once been paid based on reasonable rental as determined by RCW 82.12.060 measured by the value of the article at time of first use multiplied by the tax rate imposed by chapter 82.08 RCW or this chapter as of the time of first use; ((or))
- (iii) In respect to the use of any article of tangible personal property acquired by bailment, if the property was acquired by a previous bailee from the same bailor for use in the same general activity and the original bailment was prior to June 9, 1961((, the tax imposed by this chapter does not apply)); or
- (iv) To the use of digital goods or digital automated services, which were obtained through the use of a digital code, if the sale of the digital code to, or the use of the digital code by, the present user or the present user's bailor or donor has already been subjected to the tax under chapter 82.08 RCW or this chapter and the tax has been paid by the present user or by the present user's bailor or donor.

- (((5))) (4)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection (4), the tax ((shall be)) is levied and must be collected in an amount equal to the value of the article used, value of the digital good or digital code used, value of the extended warranty used, or value of the service used by the taxpayer, multiplied by the applicable rates in effect for the retail sales tax under RCW 82.08.020((; except)).
- (b) In the case of a seller required to collect use tax from the purchaser, the tax ((shall)) <u>must</u> be collected in an amount equal to the purchase price multiplied by the <u>applicable</u> rate in effect for the retail sales tax under RCW 82.08.020.

PART IV BUSINESS AND OCCUPATION TAX CHANGES

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 401.** A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to be codified between RCW 82.04.250 and 82.04.310 to read as follows:

- (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of making sales at retail or wholesale of digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, or services described in RCW 82.04.050 (2)(g) or (6)(b), as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the business, multiplied by the rate of 0.471 percent in the case of retail sales and by the rate of 0.484 percent in the case of wholesale sales.
- (2) For purposes of this section, a person is considered to be engaging within this state in the business of making sales of digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, or services described in RCW 82.04.050 (2)(g) or (6)(b), if the person makes sales of digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, or services described in RCW 82.04.050 (2)(g) or (6)(b) and the sales are sourced to this state under RCW 82.32.730 for sales tax purposes or would have been sourced to this state under RCW 82.32.730 if the sale had been taxable under chapter 82.08 RCW.
- (3) A person subject to tax under this section must report the tax imposed in this chapter in an electronic format provided by the department.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 402.** A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:

- (1)(a) Any person subject to tax under section 401 of this act engaging both within and outside this state in the business of making sales at retail or wholesale of digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, or services described in RCW 82.04.050 (2)(g) or (6)(b), must apportion to this state that portion of apportionable income derived from activity performed within this state as provided in subsection (2) of this section.
- (b) For purposes of this subsection, a person is considered to be engaging outside this state in the business of making sales of digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, or services described in RCW 82.04.050 (2)(g) or (6)(b) if the person makes any sales of digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, or services described in RCW 82.04.050 (2)(g) or (6)(b) that are sourced to a jurisdiction other than Washington under RCW 82.32.730 for sales tax purposes or would have been sourced to a jurisdiction other than Washington under RCW 82.32.730 if the sale had been a retail sale.

- (2) Apportionable income must be apportioned to Washington by multiplying the apportionable income by the sales factor.
- (3)(a) The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total receipts of the taxpayer from making sales of digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, and services described in RCW 82.04.050 (2)(g) or (6)(b) in this state during the tax period, and the denominator of which is the total receipts of the taxpayer derived from such activity everywhere during the tax period.
- (b) For purposes of computing the sales factor, sales are considered in this state if the sale was sourced to this state under RCW 82.32.730 for sales tax purposes or would have been sourced to this state under RCW 82.32.730 if the sale had been taxable under chapter 82.08 RCW.
- (4) For purposes of this section, "apportionable income" means the gross income of the business taxable under section 401 of this act, including income received from activities outside this state if the income would be taxable under section 401 of this act if received from activities in this state.
- **Sec. 403.** RCW 82.04.060 and 2007 c 6 s 1007 are each amended to read as follows:

"Sale at wholesale" or "wholesale sale" means:

- (1) Any sale, which is not a sale at retail, of:
- (a) Tangible personal property((, any sale of));
- (b) Services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(2) (a)((, any sale of)) or (g);
- (c) Amusement or recreation services as defined in RCW 82.04.050(3)(a)((, any sale of canned software, any sale of an));
 - (d) Prewritten computer software;
 - (e) Services described in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b);
- (f) Extended ((warranty)) warranties as defined in RCW 82.04.050(7)((, or any sale of));
- (g) Competitive telephone service, ancillary services, or telecommunications service as those terms are defined in RCW 82.04.065((; which is not a sale at retail)); or
 - (h) Digital goods, digital codes, or digital automated services; and
- (2) Any charge made for labor and services rendered for persons who are not consumers, in respect to real or personal property, if such charge is expressly defined as a retail sale by RCW 82.04.050 when rendered to or for consumers((÷ PROVIDED, That the term)). For the purposes of this subsection (2), "real or personal property" ((as used in this subsection shall)) does not include any natural products named in RCW 82.04.100.
- **Sec. 404.** RCW 82.04.070 and 1961 c 15 s 82.04.070 are each amended to read as follows:

"Gross proceeds of sales" means the value proceeding or accruing from the sale of tangible personal property, <u>digital goods</u>, <u>digital codes</u>, <u>digital automated services</u>, and/or for <u>other</u> services rendered, without any deduction on account of the cost of property sold, the cost of materials used, labor costs, interest, discount paid, delivery costs, taxes, or any other expense whatsoever paid or accrued and without any deduction on account of losses.

- **Sec. 405.** RCW 82.04.110 and 1997 c 453 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, "manufacturer" means every person who, either directly or by contracting with others for the necessary labor or mechanical services, manufactures for sale or for commercial or industrial use from his or her own materials or ingredients any articles, substances, or commodities.
- (2)(a) When the owner of equipment or facilities furnishes, or sells to the customer prior to manufacture, all or a portion of the materials that become a part or whole of the manufactured article, the department shall prescribe equitable rules for determining tax liability((: PROVIDED, That)).
- (b) A person who produces aluminum master alloys is a processor for hire rather than a manufacturer, regardless of the portion of the aluminum provided by that person's customer((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That)). For the purposes of this subsection (2)(b), "aluminum master alloy" means an alloy registered with the aluminum association as a grain refiner or a hardener alloy using the American national standards institute designating system H35.3.
- (3) A nonresident of this state who is the owner of materials processed for it in this state by a processor for hire shall not be deemed to be engaged in business in this state as a manufacturer because of the performance of such processing work for it in this state((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That)).
- (4) The owner of materials from which a nuclear fuel assembly is made for it by a processor for hire shall not be subject to tax under this chapter as a manufacturer of the fuel assembly.
- ((For the purposes of this section, "aluminum master alloy" means an alloy registered with the Aluminum Association as a grain refiner or a hardener alloy using the American National Standards Institute designating system H35.3.))
- (5) For purposes of this section, the terms "articles," "substances," "materials," "ingredients," and "commodities" do not include digital goods.
- **Sec. 406.** RCW 82.04.120 and 2003 c 168 s 604 are each amended to read as follows:

"To manufacture" embraces all activities of a commercial or industrial nature wherein labor or skill is applied, by hand or machinery, to materials so that as a result thereof a new, different or useful substance or article of tangible personal property is produced for sale or commercial or industrial use, and shall include: (1) The production or fabrication of special made or custom made articles; (2) the production or fabrication of dental appliances, devices, restorations, substitutes, or other dental laboratory products by a dental laboratory or dental technician; (3) cutting, delimbing, and measuring of felled, cut, or taken trees; and (4) crushing and/or blending of rock, sand, stone, gravel, or ore.

"To manufacture" shall not include: Conditioning of seed for use in planting; cubing hay or alfalfa; activities which consist of cutting, grading, or ice glazing seafood which has been cooked, frozen, or canned outside this state; the growing, harvesting, or producing of agricultural products; packing of agricultural products, including sorting, washing, rinsing, grading, waxing, treating with fungicide, packaging, chilling, or placing in controlled atmospheric storage; the production of digital goods; or the production of computer software if the computer software is delivered from the seller to the purchaser by means

other than tangible storage media, including the delivery by use of a tangible storage media where the tangible storage media is not physically transferred to the purchaser.

- **Sec. 407.** RCW 82.04.2907 and 2001 c 320 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of receiving income from royalties or charges in the nature of royalties for the granting of intangible rights, such as copyrights, licenses, patents, or franchise fees, the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross income from royalties or charges in the nature of royalties from the business multiplied by the rate of 0.484 percent.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, "royalties" means compensation for the use of intangible property, such as copyrights, patents, licenses, franchises, trademarks, trade names, and similar items. It does not include compensation for any natural resource ((or)), the licensing of ((eanned)) prewritten computer software to the end user, or the licensing or use of digital goods, digital codes, or digital automated services.
- **Sec. 408.** RCW 82.04.297 and 2000 c 103 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The provision of internet ((services)) access is subject to tax under RCW 82.04.290(2).
- (2) "Internet" ((means the international computer network of both federal and nonfederal interoperable packet switched data networks, including the graphical subnetwork called the world wide web)) and "internet access" have the same meaning as those terms are defined in the federal internet tax freedom act, Title 47 U.S.C. Sec. 151 note, as existing on July 1, 2009.
- (3) (("Internet service" means a service that includes computer processing applications, provides the user with additional or restructured information, or permits the user to interact with stored information through the internet or a proprietary subscriber network. "Internet service" includes provision of internet electronic mail, access to the internet for information retrieval, and hosting of information for retrieval over the internet or the graphical subnetwork called the world wide web)) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
- **Sec. 409.** RCW 82.04.363 and 1997 c 388 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

This chapter does not apply to amounts received by a nonprofit organization from the sale or furnishing of the following items at a camp or conference center conducted on property exempt from property tax under RCW 84.36.030 (1), (2), or (3):

- (1) Lodging, conference and meeting rooms, camping facilities, parking, and similar licenses to use real property;
 - (2) Food and meals;
- (3) Books, tapes, and other products, including books and other products that are transferred electronically, that are available exclusively to the participants at the camp, conference, or meeting and are not available to the public at large.

Sec. 410. RCW 82.04.4282 and 1994 c 124 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

In computing tax there may be deducted from the measure of tax amounts derived from bona fide (1) initiation fees, (2) dues, (3) contributions, (4) donations, (5) tuition fees, (6) charges made by a nonprofit trade or professional organization for attending or occupying space at a trade show, convention, or educational seminar sponsored by the nonprofit trade or professional organization, which trade show, convention, or educational seminar is not open to the general public, (7) charges made for operation of privately operated kindergartens, and (8) endowment funds. This section ((shall)) may not be construed to exempt any person, association, or society from tax liability upon selling tangible personal property, digital goods, digital codes, or digital automated services, or upon providing facilities or other services for which a special charge is made to members or others. If dues are in exchange for any significant amount of goods or services rendered by the recipient thereof to members without any additional charge to the member, or if the dues are graduated upon the amount of goods or services rendered, the value of such goods or services shall not be considered as a deduction under this section.

- **Sec. 411.** RCW 82.04.470 and 2007 c 6 s 1201 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Unless a seller has taken from the buyer a resale certificate, the burden of proving that a sale ((of tangible personal property, or of services, was not a sale at retail shall be)) is a wholesale sale rather than a retail sale is upon the person who made it.
- (2) If a seller does not receive a resale certificate at the time of the sale, have a resale certificate on file at the time of the sale, or obtain a resale certificate from the buyer within a reasonable time after the sale, the seller shall remain liable for the tax as provided in RCW 82.08.050, unless the seller can demonstrate facts and circumstances according to rules adopted by the department of revenue that show the sale was properly made without payment of sales tax.
- (3) The department may provide by rule for suggested forms for resale certificates or equivalent documents containing the information that will be accepted as resale certificates. The department shall provide by rule the categories of items or services that must be specified on resale certificates and the business classifications that may use a blanket resale certificate.
- (4) As used in this section, "resale certificate" means documentation provided by a buyer to a seller stating that the purchase is for resale in the regular course of business, or that the buyer is exempt from retail sales tax, and containing the following information:
 - (a) The name and address of the buyer;
- (b) The uniform business identifier or revenue registration number of the buyer, if the buyer is required to be registered;
 - (c) The type of business engaged in;
- (d) The categories of items or services to be purchased for resale or that are exempt, unless the buyer presents a blanket resale certificate;
 - (e) The date on which the certificate was provided;

- (f) A statement that the items or services purchased either: (i) Are purchased for resale in the regular course of business; or (ii) are exempt from tax pursuant to statute;
- (g) A statement that the buyer acknowledges that the buyer is solely responsible for purchasing within the categories specified on the certificate and that misuse of the resale or exemption privilege claimed on the certificate subjects the buyer to a penalty of fifty percent of the tax due, in addition to the tax, interest, and any other penalties imposed by law;
- (h) The name of the individual authorized to sign the certificate, printed in a legible fashion;
 - (i) The signature of the authorized individual; and
 - (j) The name of the seller.
- (5) Subsection (4)(h), (i), and (j) of this section does not apply if the certificate is provided in a format other than paper. If the certificate is provided in a format other than paper, the name of the individual providing the certificate must be included in the certificate.
- **Sec. 412.** RCW 82.04.480 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 278 s 44 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Every consignee, bailee, factor, or auctioneer having either actual or constructive possession of ((tangible)) personal property, or having possession of the documents of title thereto, with power to sell such ((tangible)) personal property in ((his or its)) that person's own name and actually so selling, ((shall be)) is deemed the seller of such ((tangible)) personal property within the meaning of this chapter((; and further,)). Furthermore, the consignor, bailor, principal, or owner ((shall be)) is deemed a seller of such property to the consignee, bailee, factor, or auctioneer.
- (2) The burden ((shall be upon)) is on the taxpayer in every case to establish the fact that ((he)) the taxpayer is not engaged in the business of ((selling tangible personal property)) making retail sales or wholesale sales but is acting merely as broker or agent in promoting sales for a principal. Such claim will be allowed only when the taxpayer's accounting records are kept in such manner as required by rule by the department ((of revenue shall by general regulation provide)).
- (3) For purposes of this section, "personal property" means tangible personal property, digital goods, digital codes, and extended warranties.
- **Sec. 413.** RCW 82.04.065 and 2007 c 6 s 1003 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) "Competitive telephone service" means the providing by any person of telecommunications equipment or apparatus, or service related to that equipment or apparatus such as repair or maintenance service, if the equipment or apparatus is of a type which can be provided by persons that are not subject to regulation as telephone companies under Title 80 RCW and for which a separate charge is made.
- (2) "Ancillary services" means services that are associated with or incidental to the provision of "telecommunications services," including but not limited to "detailed telecommunications billing," "directory assistance," "vertical service," and "voice mail services."

- (3) "Conference-bridging service" means an ancillary service that links two or more participants of an audio or video conference call and may include the provision of a telephone number. "Conference-bridging service" does not include the telecommunications services used to reach the conference bridge.
- (4) "Detailed telecommunications billing service" means an ancillary service of separately stating information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing statement.
- (5) "Directory assistance" means an ancillary service of providing telephone number information, and/or address information.
- (6) "Vertical service" means an ancillary service that is offered in connection with one or more telecommunications services, that offers advanced calling features that allow customers to identify callers and to manage multiple calls and call connections, including conference-bridging services.
- (7) "Voice mail service" means an ancillary service that enables the customer to store, send, or receive recorded messages. "Voice mail service" does not include any vertical services that the customer may be required to have in order to use the voice mail service.
- (8) "Telecommunications service" means the electronic transmission, conveyance, or routing of voice, data, audio, video, or any other information or signals to a point, or between or among points. "Telecommunications service" includes such transmission, conveyance, or routing in which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, code, or protocol of the content for purposes of transmission, conveyance, or routing without regard to whether such service is referred to as voice over internet protocol services or is classified by the federal communications commission as enhanced or value added. "Telecommunications service" does not include:
- (a) Data processing and information services that allow data to be generated, acquired, stored, processed, or retrieved and delivered by an electronic transmission to a purchaser where such purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data or information;
- (b) Installation or maintenance of wiring or equipment on a customer's premises;
 - (c) Tangible personal property;
 - (d) Advertising, including but not limited to directory advertising;
 - (e) Billing and collection services provided to third parties;
 - (f) Internet access service;
- (g) Radio and television audio and video programming services, regardless of the medium, including the furnishing of transmission, conveyance, and routing of such services by the programming service provider. Radio and television audio and video programming services include but are not limited to cable service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 522(6) and audio and video programming services delivered by commercial mobile radio service providers, as defined in section 20.3, Title 47 C.F.R.;
 - (h) Ancillary services; ((or))
- (i) Digital products delivered electronically, including but not limited to ((software,)) music, video, reading materials, or ring tones; or
 - (i) Software delivered electronically.
- (9) "800 service" means a telecommunications service that allows a caller to dial a toll-free number without incurring a charge for the call. The service is

typically marketed under the name "800," "855," "866," "877," and "888" toll-free calling, and any subsequent numbers designated by the federal communications commission.

- (10) "900 service" means an inbound toll "telecommunications service" purchased by a subscriber that allows the subscriber's customers to call in to the subscriber's prerecorded announcement or live service. "900 service" does not include the charge for: Collection services provided by the seller of the telecommunications services to the subscriber, or services or products sold by the subscriber to the subscriber's customer. The service is typically marketed under the name "900" service, and any subsequent numbers designated by the federal communications commission.
- (11) "Fixed wireless service" means a telecommunications service that provides radio communication between fixed points.
- (12) "Mobile wireless service" means a telecommunications service that is transmitted, conveyed, or routed regardless of the technology used, whereby the origination and/or termination points of the transmission, conveyance, or routing are not fixed, including, by way of example only, telecommunications services that are provided by a commercial mobile radio service provider.
- (13) "Paging service" means a telecommunications service that provides transmission of coded radio signals for the purpose of activating specific pagers; these transmissions may include messages and/or sounds.
- (14) "Prepaid calling service" means the right to access exclusively telecommunications services, which must be paid for in advance and which enable the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code, whether manually or electronically dialed, and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.
- (15) "Prepaid wireless calling service" means a telecommunications service that provides the right to use mobile wireless service as well as other nontelecommunications services including the download of digital products delivered electronically, content, and ancillary services, which must be paid for in advance and that is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with use in a known amount.
- (16) "Private communications service" means a telecommunications service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels between or among termination points, regardless of the manner in which the channel or channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, extension lines, stations, and any other associated services that are provided in connection with the use of the channel or channels.
- (17) "Value-added nonvoice data service" means a service that otherwise meets the definition of telecommunications services in which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, content, code, or protocol of the information or data primarily for a purpose other than transmission, conveyance, or routing.
- (18) "Charges for mobile telecommunications services" means any charge for, or associated with, the provision of commercial mobile radio service, as defined in section 20.3, Title 47 C.F.R. as in effect on June 1, 1999, or any charge for, or associated with, a service provided as an adjunct to a commercial mobile radio service, regardless of whether individual transmissions originate or

terminate within the licensed service area of the mobile telecommunications service provider.

- (19) "Customer" means: (a) The person or entity that contracts with the home service provider for mobile telecommunications services; or (b) the end user of the mobile telecommunications service, if the end user of mobile telecommunications services is not the contracting party, but this subsection (19)(b) applies only for the purpose of determining the place of primary use. The term does not include a reseller of mobile telecommunications service, or a serving carrier under an arrangement to serve the customer outside the home service provider's licensed service area.
- (20) "Designated database provider" means a person representing all the political subdivisions of the state that is:
- (a) Responsible for providing an electronic database prescribed in 4 U.S.C. Sec. 119(a) if the state has not provided an electronic database; and
- (b) Approved by municipal and county associations or leagues of the state whose responsibility it would otherwise be to provide a database prescribed by 4 U.S.C. Secs. 116 through 126.
- (21) "Enhanced zip code" means a United States postal zip code of nine or more digits.
- (22) "Home service provider" means the facilities-based carrier or reseller with whom the customer contracts for the provision of mobile telecommunications services.
- (23) "Licensed service area" means the geographic area in which the home service provider is authorized by law or contract to provide commercial mobile radio service to the customer.
- (24) "Mobile telecommunications service" means commercial mobile radio service, as defined in section 20.3, Title 47 C.F.R. as in effect on June 1, 1999.
- (25) "Mobile telecommunications service provider" means a home service provider or a serving carrier.
- (26) "Place of primary use" means the street address representative of where the customer's use of the mobile telecommunications service primarily occurs, which must be:
- (a) The residential street address or the primary business street address of the customer; and
 - (b) Within the licensed service area of the home service provider.
- (27) "Prepaid telephone calling service" means the right to purchase exclusively telecommunications services that must be paid for in advance, that enables the origination of calls using an access number, authorization code, or both, whether manually or electronically dialed, if the remaining amount of units of service that have been prepaid is known by the provider of the prepaid service on a continuous basis.
- (28) "Reseller" means a provider who purchases telecommunications services from another telecommunications service provider and then resells, uses as a component part of, or integrates the purchased services into a mobile telecommunications service. "Reseller" does not include a serving carrier with whom a home service provider arranges for the services to its customers outside the home service provider's licensed service area.

- (29) "Serving carrier" means a facilities-based carrier providing mobile telecommunications service to a customer outside a home service provider's or reseller's licensed service area.
- (30) "Taxing jurisdiction" means any of the several states, the District of Columbia, or any territory or possession of the United States, any municipality, city, county, township, parish, transportation district, or assessment jurisdiction, or other political subdivision within the territorial limits of the United States with the authority to impose a tax, charge, or fee.

PART V SALES TAX EXEMPTIONS

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 501.** A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:

The tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to the sale of a digital code for one or more digital products if the sale of the digital products to which the digital code relates is exempt from the tax levied by RCW 82.08.020.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 502.** A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of audio or video programming by a radio or television broadcaster.
- (2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the exemption provided in subsection (1) of this section does not apply in respect to programming that is sold on a pay-per-program basis or that allows the buyer to access a library of programs at any time for a specific charge for that service.
- (b) Notwithstanding (a) of this subsection, the exemption provided in this section applies to the sale of programming described in (a) of this subsection if the seller is subject to a franchise fee in this state under the authority of Title 47 U.S.C. Sec. 542(a) on the gross revenue derived from the sale.
- (3) For purposes of this section, "radio or television broadcaster" includes satellite radio providers, satellite television providers, cable television providers, and providers of subscription internet television.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 503.** A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, or services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) for purposes of:
- (a) Consuming the digital good, digital code, digital automated service, or service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) in producing for sale a new product, where the digital good, digital code, digital automated service, or service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) becomes an ingredient or component of the new product. A digital code becomes an ingredient or component of a new product if the digital good or digital automated service acquired through the use of the digital code becomes an ingredient or component of a new product; or
- (b) Making the digital good or digital automated service, including a digital good or digital automated service acquired through the use of a digital code, or

service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) available free of charge for the use or enjoyment of others.

(2) The exemption is available only when the buyer provides the seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for the seller's files.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 504.** A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to the sale to a business of standard digital information and services rendered in respect to standard digital information, where the standard digital information and services are purchased solely for business purposes.
- (2) The exemption is available only when the buyer provides the seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The seller must retain a copy of the certificate for the seller's files.
 - (3) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
- (a) "Business purposes" means any purpose relevant to the business needs of the taxpayer claiming an exemption under this section. Business purposes do not include any personal, family, or household purpose. The term also does not include any activity conducted by a government entity as that term is defined in RCW 7.25.005; and
- (b) "Standard digital information" means a digital good consisting primarily of data, facts, or information, or any combination thereof, not generated or compiled for a specific client or customer.
- **Sec. 505.** RCW 82.08.02525 and 1996 c 63 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 ((shall)) does not apply to the sale of public records by state and local agencies, as the terms are defined in RCW 42.17.020, that are copied or transferred electronically under a request for the record for which no fee is charged other than a statutorily set fee or a fee to reimburse the agency for its actual costs directly incident to the copying. A request for a record includes a request for a document not available to the public but available to those persons who by law are allowed access to the document, such as requests for fire reports, law enforcement reports, taxpayer information, and academic transcripts.

- Sec. 506. RCW 82.08.0253 and 1980 c 37 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 ((shall)) does not apply to:
 - (a) The distribution and newsstand sale of <u>printed</u> newspapers; and
- (b) The sale of newspapers transferred electronically, provided that the electronic version of a printed newspaper:
 - (i) Shares content with the printed newspaper; and
- (ii) Is prominently identified by the same name as the printed newspaper or otherwise conspicuously indicates that it is a complement to the printed newspaper.
- (2) For purposes of this section, "printed newspaper" means a publication issued regularly at stated intervals at least twice a month and printed on newsprint in tabloid or broadsheet format folded loosely together without

stapling, glue, or any other binding of any kind, including any supplement of a printed newspaper.

Sec. 507. RCW 82.08.02535 and 1995 2nd sp.s. c 8 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 ((shall)) does not apply to ((the)) subscription sales ((and distribution)) of magazines or periodicals ((by subscription)), including magazines and periodicals transferred electronically to the buyer, for the purposes of fund-raising by (1) educational institutions as defined in RCW 82.04.170, or (2) nonprofit organizations engaged in activities primarily for the benefit of boys and girls nineteen years and younger.

Sec. 508. RCW 82.08.02537 and 1996 c 272 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 ((shall)) does not apply to sales of academic transcripts by educational institutions, including academic transcripts transferred electronically.

Sec. 509. RCW 82.08.0256 and 1980 c 37 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:

The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 ((shall)) does not apply to sales (including transfers of title through decree of appropriation) heretofore or hereafter made of the entire operating property of a publicly or privately owned public utility, or of a complete operating integral section thereof, to the state or a political subdivision thereof for use in conducting any business defined in RCW 82.16.010 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10) or (11). For purposes of this section, "operating property" includes digital goods and digital codes.

- **Sec. 510.** RCW 82.08.02565 and 1999 c 211 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 ((shall)) does not apply to sales to a manufacturer or processor for hire of machinery and equipment used directly in a manufacturing operation or research and development operation, to sales to a person engaged in testing for a manufacturer or processor for hire of machinery and equipment used directly in a testing operation, or to sales of or charges made for labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the machinery and equipment, but only when the purchaser provides the seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department by rule. The seller ((shall)) must retain a copy of the certificate for the seller's files.
 - (2) For purposes of this section and RCW 82.12.02565:
- (a) "Machinery and equipment" means industrial fixtures, devices, and support facilities, and tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component thereof, including repair parts and replacement parts. "Machinery and equipment" includes pollution control equipment installed and used in a manufacturing operation, testing operation, or research and development operation to prevent air pollution, water pollution, or contamination that might otherwise result from the manufacturing operation, testing operation, or research and development operation. "Machinery and equipment" also includes digital goods.
 - (b) "Machinery and equipment" does not include:
 - (i) Hand-powered tools;

- (ii) Property with a useful life of less than one year;
- (iii) Buildings, other than machinery and equipment that is permanently affixed to or becomes a physical part of a building; and
- (iv) Building fixtures that are not integral to the manufacturing operation, testing operation, or research and development operation that are permanently affixed to and become a physical part of a building, such as utility systems for heating, ventilation, air conditioning, communications, plumbing, or electrical.
- (c) Machinery and equipment is "used directly" in a manufacturing operation, testing operation, or research and development operation if the machinery and equipment:
 - (i) Acts upon or interacts with an item of tangible personal property;
- (ii) Conveys, transports, handles, or temporarily stores an item of tangible personal property at the manufacturing site or testing site;
- (iii) Controls, guides, measures, verifies, aligns, regulates, or tests tangible personal property at the site or away from the site;
 - (iv) Provides physical support for or access to tangible personal property;
 - (v) Produces power for, or lubricates machinery and equipment;
- (vi) Produces another item of tangible personal property for use in the manufacturing operation, testing operation, or research and development operation;
- (vii) Places tangible personal property in the container, package, or wrapping in which the tangible personal property is normally sold or transported; or
 - (viii) Is integral to research and development as defined in RCW 82.63.010.
- (d) "Manufacturing operation" means the manufacturing of articles, substances, or commodities for sale as tangible personal property. A manufacturing operation begins at the point where the raw materials enter the manufacturing site and ends at the point where the processed material leaves the manufacturing site. The term also includes that portion of a cogeneration project that is used to generate power for consumption within the manufacturing site of which the cogeneration project is an integral part. The term does not include the production of electricity by a light and power business as defined in RCW 82.16.010 or the preparation of food products on the premises of a person selling food products at retail.
- (e) "Cogeneration" means the simultaneous generation of electrical energy and low-grade heat from the same fuel.
- (f) "Research and development operation" means engaging in research and development as defined in RCW 82.63.010 by a manufacturer or processor for hire
- (g) "Testing" means activities performed to establish or determine the properties, qualities, and limitations of tangible personal property.
- (h) "Testing operation" means the testing of tangible personal property for a manufacturer or processor for hire. A testing operation begins at the point where the tangible personal property enters the testing site and ends at the point where the tangible personal property leaves the testing site. The term also includes that portion of a cogeneration project that is used to generate power for consumption within the site of which the cogeneration project is an integral part. The term does not include the production of electricity by a light and power business as

defined in RCW 82.16.010 or the preparation of food products on the premises of a person selling food products at retail.

Sec. 511. RCW 82.08.0257 and 1980 c 37 s 25 are each amended to read as follows:

The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 ((shall)) does not apply to auction sales made by or through auctioneers of ((tangible)) personal property (including household goods) ((which have)) that has been used in conducting a farm activity, when the seller thereof is a farmer and the sale is held or conducted upon a farm and not otherwise.

- **Sec. 512.** RCW 82.08.0273 and 2007 c 135 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 ((shall)) does not apply to sales to nonresidents of this state of tangible personal property, digital goods, and digital codes, when such property is for use outside this state ((when)), and the purchaser (a) is a bona fide resident of a state or possession or Province of Canada other than the state of Washington and such state, possession, or Province of Canada does not impose a retail sales tax or use tax of three percent or more or, if imposing such a tax, permits Washington residents exemption from otherwise taxable sales by reason of their residence, and (b) agrees, when requested, to grant the department of revenue access to such records and other forms of verification at his or her place of residence to assure that such purchases are not first used substantially in the state of Washington.
- (2) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this chapter, if parts or other tangible personal property are installed by the seller during the course of repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving motor vehicles, trailers, or campers and the seller makes a separate charge for the tangible personal property, the tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to the separately stated charge to a nonresident purchaser for the tangible personal property but only if the separately stated charge does not exceed either the seller's current publicly stated retail price for the tangible personal property or, if no ((separately)) publicly stated retail price is available, the seller's cost for the tangible personal property. However, the exemption provided by this section does not apply if tangible personal property is installed by the seller during the course of repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving motor vehicles, trailers, or campers and the seller makes a single nonitemized charge for providing the tangible personal property and service. All of the requirements in subsections (1) and (3) through (6) of this section apply to this subsection.
- (3)(a) Any person claiming exemption from retail sales tax under the provisions of this section must display proof of his or her current nonresident status as provided in this section.
- (b) Acceptable proof of a nonresident person's status ((shall)) includes one piece of identification such as a valid driver's license from the jurisdiction in which the out-of-state residency is claimed or a valid identification card which has a photograph of the holder and is issued by the out-of-state jurisdiction. Identification under this subsection (3)(b) must show the holder's residential address and have as one of its legal purposes the establishment of residency in that out-of-state jurisdiction.

- (4) Nothing in this section requires the vendor to make tax exempt retail sales to nonresidents. A vendor may choose to make sales to nonresidents, collect the sales tax, and remit the amount of sales tax collected to the state as otherwise provided by law. If the vendor chooses to make a sale to a nonresident without collecting the sales tax, the vendor shall, in good faith, examine the proof of nonresidence, determine whether the proof is acceptable under subsection (3)(b) of this section, and maintain records for each nontaxable sale which shall show the type of proof accepted, including any identification numbers where appropriate, and the expiration date, if any.
- (5)(a) Any person making fraudulent statements, which includes the offer of fraudulent identification or fraudulently procured identification to a vendor, in order to purchase goods without paying retail sales tax is guilty of perjury under chapter 9A.72 RCW.
- (b) Any person making tax exempt purchases under this section by displaying proof of identification not his or her own, or counterfeit identification, with intent to violate the provisions of this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, in addition, ((shall be)) is liable for the tax and subject to a penalty equal to the greater of one hundred dollars or the tax due on such purchases.
- (6)(a) Any vendor who makes sales without collecting the tax to a person who does not hold valid identification establishing out-of-state residency, and any vendor who fails to maintain records of sales to nonresidents as provided in this section, ((shall be)) is personally liable for the amount of tax due.
- (b) Any vendor who makes sales without collecting the retail sales tax under this section and who has actual knowledge that the purchaser's proof of identification establishing out-of-state residency is fraudulent is guilty of a misdemeanor and, in addition, ((shall be)) is liable for the tax and subject to a penalty equal to the greater of one thousand dollars or the tax due on such sales. In addition, both the purchaser and the vendor ((shall be)) are liable for any penalties and interest assessable under chapter 82.32 RCW.
- **Sec. 513.** RCW 82.08.805 and 2006 c 182 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A person who has paid tax under RCW 82.08.020 for ((tangible)) personal property used at an aluminum smelter, tangible personal property that will be incorporated as an ingredient or component of buildings or other structures at an aluminum smelter, or for labor and services rendered with respect to such buildings, structures, or ((tangible)) personal property, is eligible for an exemption from the state share of the tax in the form of a credit, as provided in this section. A person claiming an exemption must pay the tax and may then take a credit equal to the state share of retail sales tax paid under RCW 82.08.020. The person shall submit information, in a form and manner prescribed by the department, specifying the amount of qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is claimed and the amount of exempted tax.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, "aluminum smelter" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 82.04.217.
- (3) Credits may not be claimed under this section for taxable events occurring on or after January 1, 2012.

Sec. 514. RCW 82.08.995 and 2007 c 381 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) The tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of ((tangible)) personal property and services provided by a public corporation, commission, or authority created under RCW 35.21.660 or 35.21.730 to an eligible entity.
- (2) For purposes of this section, "eligible entity" means a limited liability company, a limited partnership, or a single asset entity, described in RCW 82.04.615.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 515.** RCW 82.08.705 (Exemptions—Financial information delivered electronically) and 2007 c 182 s 1 are each repealed.

PART VI USE TAX EXEMPTIONS

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 601.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter do not apply in respect to the use of a digital code for one or more digital products, if the use of the digital products to which the digital code relates is exempt from the tax levied by RCW 82.12.020.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 602.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the provisions of this chapter do not apply to the use of audio or video programming provided by a radio or television broadcaster.
- (2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the exemption provided in subsection (1) of this section does not apply in respect to programming that is sold on a pay-per-program basis or that allows the buyer to access a library of programs at any time for a specific charge for that service.
- (b) Notwithstanding (a) of this subsection, the exemption provided in this section applies to the sale of programming described in (a) of this subsection if the seller is subject to a franchise fee in this state under the authority of Title 47 U.S.C. Sec. 542(a) on the gross revenue derived from the sale.
- (3) For purposes of this section, "radio or television broadcaster" includes satellite radio providers, satellite television providers, cable television providers, providers of subscription internet television, and persons who provide radio or television broadcasting to listeners or viewers for no charge.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 603.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter do not apply to the use of digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, or services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) for purposes of:

(1) Consuming the digital good, digital code, digital automated service, or service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) in producing for sale a new product, where the digital good, digital code, digital automated service, or service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) becomes an ingredient or component of the new product. A digital code becomes an ingredient or component of a new product if the digital good or digital automated service

acquired through the use of the digital code becomes an ingredient or component of a new product; or

(2) Making the digital good or digital automated service, including a digital good or digital automated service acquired through the use of a digital code, or service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) available free of charge for the use or enjoyment of others.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 604.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter do not apply to the use by students of digital goods furnished by a public or private elementary or secondary school, or an institution of higher education as defined in sections 1001 or 1002 of the federal higher education act of 1965 (Title 20 U.S.C. Secs. 1001 and 1002), as existing on July 1, 2009.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 605.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply in respect to the use of digital goods that are:
 - (a) Of a noncommercial nature, such as personal e-mail communications;
 - (b) Created solely for an internal audience; or
- (c) Created solely for the business needs of the person who created the digital good and is not the type of digital good that is offered for sale, including business e-mail communications.
- (2) This section does not apply to the use of any digital goods purchased by the user, the user's donor, or anybody on the user's behalf.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 606.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter do not apply in respect to the use of digital products or digital codes obtained by the end user free of charge.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 607.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply to the use by a business of standard digital information and services rendered in respect to standard digital information, where the standard digital information and services are used solely for business purposes.
- (2) For purposes of this section, the definitions in section 504 of this act apply.
- **Sec. 608.** RCW 82.12.0251 and 2005 c 514 s 106 are each amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter ((shall)) do not apply in respect to the use:

- (1) Of any article of tangible personal property or any digital good or digital code, and any services that were rendered in respect to such property, brought into the state of Washington by a nonresident thereof for his or her use or enjoyment while temporarily within the state of Washington unless such property is used in conducting a nontransitory business activity within the state of Washington;
- (2) By a nonresident of Washington of a motor vehicle or trailer which is registered or licensed under the laws of the state of his or her residence, and which is not required to be registered or licensed under the laws of Washington,

including motor vehicles or trailers exempt pursuant to a declaration issued by the department of licensing under RCW 46.85.060, and services rendered outside the state of Washington in respect to such property;

- (3) Of household goods, <u>including digital goods</u>, <u>and digital codes</u>, personal effects, ((and)) private motor vehicles, and services rendered in respect to such property, by a bona fide resident of Washington, or nonresident members of the armed forces who are stationed in Washington pursuant to military orders, if such articles and services were acquired and used by such person in another state while a bona fide resident thereof and such acquisition and use occurred more than ninety days prior to the time he or she entered Washington. For purposes of this subsection, private motor vehicles do not include motor homes;
- (4) Of an extended warranty, to the extent that the property covered by the extended warranty is exempt under this section from the tax imposed under this chapter.

For purposes of this section, "state" means a state of the United States, any political subdivision thereof, the District of Columbia, and any foreign country or political subdivision thereof, and "services" means services defined as retail sales in RCW 82.04.050(2) (a) or (g).

Sec. 609. RCW 82.12.02525 and 1996 c 63 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter ((shall)) do not apply with respect to the use of public records sold by state and local agencies, as the terms are defined in RCW 42.17.020, including public records transferred electronically that are obtained under a request for the record for which no fee is charged other than a statutorily set fee or a fee to reimburse the agency for its actual costs directly incident to the copying. A request for a record includes a request for a document not available to the public but available to those persons who by law are allowed access to the document, such as requests for fire reports, law enforcement reports, taxpayer information, and academic transcripts.

Sec. 610. RCW 82.12.0255 and 2005 c 514 s 107 are each amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter ((shall)) do not apply in respect to the use of any article of tangible personal property, extended warranty, digital good, digital code, digital automated service, or other service which the state is prohibited from taxing under the Constitution of the state or under the Constitution or laws of the United States.

Sec. 611. RCW 82.12.0257 and 1980 c 37 s 57 are each amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter ((shall)) do not apply in respect to the use of any article of ((tangible)) personal property included within the transfer of the title to the entire operating property of a publicly or privately owned public utility, or of a complete operating integral section thereof, by the state or a political subdivision thereof in conducting any business defined in RCW 82.16.010 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), or (11). For the purposes of this section, "operating property" includes digital goods and digital codes.

Sec. 612. RCW 82.12.0258 and 1980 c 37 s 58 are each amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter ((shall)) do not apply in respect to the use of ((tangible)) personal property (including household goods) ((which have)) that has been used in conducting a farm activity, if such property was purchased from a farmer at an auction sale held or conducted by an auctioneer upon a farm and not otherwise.

Sec. 613. RCW 82.12.0259 and 2003 c 5 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter ((shall)) do not apply in respect to the use of ((tangible)) personal property or the use of digital automated services or services defined in RCW 82.04.050 (2)(a) or (6)(b) by corporations ((which)) that have been incorporated under any act of the congress of the United States and whose principal purposes are to furnish volunteer aid to members of the armed forces of the United States and also to carry on a system of national and international relief and to apply the same in mitigating the sufferings caused by pestilence, famine, fire, flood, and other national calamities and to devise and carry on measures for preventing the same.

- **Sec. 614.** RCW 82.12.0315 and 2003 c 5 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply in respect to the use of:
- (a) Production equipment rented to a motion picture or video production business;
- (b) Production equipment acquired and used by a motion picture or video production business in another state, if the acquisition and use occurred more than ninety days before the time the motion picture or video production business entered this state; and
- (c) Production services that are within the scope of RCW 82.04.050(2) (a) or (g) and are sold to a motion picture or video production business.
- (2) As used in this section, "production equipment," "production services," and "motion picture or video production business" have the meanings given in RCW 82.08.0315.
- (3) The exemption provided for in this section shall not apply to the use of production equipment rented to, or production equipment or production services that are within the scope of RCW 82.04.050(2) (a) or (g) acquired and used by, a motion picture or video production business that is engaged, to any degree, in the production of erotic material, as defined in RCW 9.68.050.
- **Sec. 615.** RCW 82.12.02595 and 2004 c 155 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) This chapter does not apply to the use by a nonprofit charitable organization or state or local governmental entity of ((any item of tangible)) personal property that has been donated to the nonprofit charitable organization or state or local governmental entity, or to the subsequent use of the property by a person to whom the property is donated or bailed in furtherance of the purpose for which the property was originally donated.
- (2) This chapter does not apply to the donation of ((tangible)) personal property without intervening use to a nonprofit charitable organization, or to the incorporation of tangible personal property without intervening use into real or

personal property of or for a nonprofit charitable organization in the course of installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, imprinting, improving, constructing, or decorating the real or personal property for no charge.

- (3) This chapter does not apply to the use by a nonprofit charitable organization of labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, imprinting, or improving personal property provided to the charitable organization at no charge, or to the donation of such services.
- (4) This chapter does not apply to the donation of amusement and recreation services without intervening use to a nonprofit organization or state or local governmental entity, to the use by a nonprofit organization or state or local governmental entity of amusement and recreation services, or to the subsequent use of the services by a person to whom the services are donated or bailed in furtherance of the purpose for which the services were originally donated. As used in this subsection, "amusement and recreation services" has the meaning in RCW 82.04.050(3)(a).
- **Sec. 616.** RCW 82.12.0272 and 1980 c 37 s 70 are each amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter ((shall)) do not apply in respect to the use of ((tangible)) personal property held for sale and displayed in single trade shows for a period not in excess of thirty days, the primary purpose of which is to promote the sale of products or services.

Sec. 617. RCW 82.12.0284 and 2007 c 54 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter ((shall)) do not apply in respect to the use of computers, computer components, computer accessories, ((or)) computer software, digital goods, or digital codes, irrevocably donated to any public or private nonprofit school or college, as defined under chapter 84.36 RCW, in this state. For purposes of this section, "computer" and "computer software" have the same meaning as in RCW 82.04.215.

Sec. 618. RCW 82.12.0345 and 1994 c 124 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

The tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020 ((shall)) does not apply in respect to the use of:

- (1) Printed newspapers as defined in RCW 82.08.0253; and
- (2) Newspapers transferred electronically, provided that the electronic version of a printed newspaper:
 - (a) Shares content with the printed newspaper; and
- (b) Is prominently identified by the same name as the printed newspaper or otherwise conspicuously indicates that it is a complement to the printed newspaper.
- **Sec. 619.** RCW 82.12.0347 and 1996 c 272 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter ((shall)) do not apply in respect to the use of academic transcripts, including academic transcripts transferred electronically.

- **Sec. 620.** RCW 82.12.805 and 2006 c 182 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A person who is subject to tax under RCW 82.12.020 for ((tangible)) personal property used at an aluminum smelter, or for tangible personal property

that will be incorporated as an ingredient or component of buildings or other structures at an aluminum smelter, or for labor and services rendered with respect to such buildings, structures, or ((tangible)) personal property, is eligible for an exemption from the state share of the tax in the form of a credit, as provided in this section. The amount of the credit shall be equal to the state share of use tax computed to be due under RCW 82.12.020. The person shall submit information, in a form and manner prescribed by the department, specifying the amount of qualifying purchases or acquisitions for which the exemption is claimed and the amount of exempted tax.

- (2) For the purposes of this section, "aluminum smelter" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 82.04.217.
- (3) Credits may not be claimed under this section for taxable events occurring on or after January 1, 2012.
- **Sec. 621.** RCW 82.12.860 and 2006 c 11 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) This chapter does not apply to state credit unions with respect to the use of any article of tangible personal property, <u>digital good, digital code, digital automated service</u>, service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050 (2) (a) or (g), (3)(a), or (6)(b), or extended warranty, acquired from a federal credit union, foreign credit union, or out-of-state credit union as a result of a merger or conversion.
 - (2) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
- (a) "Federal credit union" means a credit union organized and operating under the laws of the United States.
- (b) "Foreign credit union" means a credit union organized and operating under the laws of another country or other foreign jurisdiction.
- (c) "Out-of-state credit union" means a credit union organized and operating under the laws of another state or United States territory or possession.
- (d) "State credit union" means a credit union organized and operating under the laws of this state.
- **Sec. 622.** RCW 82.12.995 and 2007 c 381 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply with respect to the use of ((tangible)) personal property and services provided by a public corporation, commission, or authority created under RCW 35.21.660 or 35.21.730 to an eligible entity.
- (2) For purposes of this section, "eligible entity" means a limited liability company, a limited partnership, or a single asset entity, described in RCW 82.04.615.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 623.** RCW 82.12.705 (Exemptions—Financial information delivered electronically) and 2007 c 182 s 2 are each repealed.

PART VII SOURCING AND SALES/USE TAX APPORTIONMENT

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 701.** A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) The tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to the sale of digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, prewritten computer software, or services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) to a buyer that provides the seller with an exemption certificate claiming multiple points of use. An exemption certificate claiming multiple points of use must be in a form and contain such information as required by the department.
- (2) A buyer is entitled to use an exemption certificate claiming multiple points of use only if the buyer is a business or other organization and the digital goods or digital automated services purchased, or the digital goods or digital automated services to be obtained by the digital code purchased, or the prewritten computer software or services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) purchased will be concurrently available for use within and outside this state. A buyer is not entitled to use an exemption certificate claiming multiple points of use for digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, prewritten computer software, or services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) purchased for personal use.
- (3) A buyer claiming an exemption under this section must report and pay the tax imposed in RCW 82.12.020 and any local use taxes imposed under the authority of chapter 82.14 RCW and RCW 81.104.170 directly to the department in accordance with sections 702 and 703 of this act.
- (4) For purposes of this section, "concurrently available for use within and outside this state" means that employees or other agents of the buyer may use the digital goods, digital automated services, prewritten computer software, or services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) simultaneously from one or more locations within this state and one or more locations outside this state. A digital code is concurrently available for use within and outside this state if employees or other agents of the buyer may use the digital goods or digital automated services to be obtained by the code simultaneously at one or more locations within this state and one or more locations outside this state.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 702.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A business or other organization subject to the tax imposed in RCW 82.12.020 on the use of digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, prewritten computer software, or services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) that are concurrently available for use within and outside this state is entitled to apportion the amount of tax due this state based on users in this state compared to users everywhere. The department may authorize or require an alternative method of apportionment supported by the taxpayer's records that fairly reflects the proportion of in-state to out-of-state use by the taxpayer of the digital goods, digital automated services, prewritten computer software, or services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b).
- (2) No apportionment under this section is allowed unless the apportionment method is supported by the taxpayer's records kept in the ordinary course of business.
 - (3) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply:
- (a) "Concurrently available for use within and outside this state" means that employees or other agents of the taxpayer may use the digital goods, digital automated services, prewritten computer software, or services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) simultaneously at one or more locations within this

state and one or more locations outside this state. A digital code is concurrently available for use within and outside this state if employees or other agents of the taxpayer may use the digital goods or digital automated services to be obtained by the code simultaneously at one or more locations within this state and one or more locations outside this state.

(b) "User" means an employee or agent of the taxpayer who is authorized by the taxpayer to use the digital goods, digital automated services, prewritten computer software, or services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) in the performance of his or her duties as an employee or other agent of the taxpayer.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 703.** A new section is added to chapter 82.14 RCW to read as follows:

- (1) A business or other organization that is entitled under section 702 of this act to apportion the amount of state use tax on the use of digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, prewritten computer software, or services defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050(6)(b) is also entitled to apportion the amount of local use taxes imposed under the authority of this chapter and RCW 81.104.170 on the use of such products or services.
- (2) To ensure that the tax base for state and local use taxes is identical, the measure of local use taxes apportioned under this section must be the same as the measure of state use tax apportioned under section 702 of this act.
 - (3) This section does not affect the sourcing of local use taxes.
- **Sec. 704.** RCW 82.32.730 and 2008 c 324 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in subsections (5) through (7) of this section, for purposes of collecting or paying sales or use taxes to the appropriate jurisdictions, all sales at retail shall be sourced in accordance with this subsection and subsections (2) through (4) of this section.
- (a) When tangible personal property, an extended warranty, <u>a digital good</u>, <u>digital code</u>, <u>digital automated service</u>, or ((a)) <u>other</u> service defined as a retail sale under RCW 82.04.050 is received by the purchaser at a business location of the seller, the sale is sourced to that business location.
- (b) When the tangible personal property, extended warranty, <u>digital good</u>, <u>digital code</u>, <u>digital automated service</u>, or ((a)) <u>other</u> service defined as a retail sale under RCW 82.04.050 is not received by the purchaser at a business location of the seller, the sale is sourced to the location where receipt by the purchaser or the purchaser's donee, designated as such by the purchaser, occurs, including the location indicated by instructions for delivery to the purchaser or donee, known to the seller.
- (c) When (a) and (b) of this subsection do not apply, the sale is sourced to the location indicated by an address for the purchaser that is available from the business records of the seller that are maintained in the ordinary course of the seller's business when use of this address does not constitute bad faith.
- (d) When (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection do not apply, the sale is sourced to the location indicated by an address for the purchaser obtained during the consummation of the sale, including the address of a purchaser's payment instrument, if no other address is available, when use of this address does not constitute bad faith.

- (e) When (a), (b), (c), or (d) of this subsection do not apply, including the circumstance where the seller is without sufficient information to apply those provisions, then the location shall be determined by the address from which tangible personal property was shipped, from which the digital good or digital code or the computer software delivered electronically was first available for transmission by the seller, or from which the extended warranty or digital automated service or other service defined as a retail sale under RCW 82.04.050 was provided, disregarding for these purposes any location that merely provided the digital transfer of the product sold.
- (2) The lease or rental of tangible personal property, other than property identified in subsection (3) or (4) of this section, shall be sourced as provided in this subsection.
- (a) For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic payments, the first periodic payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with subsection (1) of this section. Periodic payments made subsequent to the first payment are sourced to the primary property location for each period covered by the payment. The primary property location shall be as indicated by an address for the property provided by the lessee that is available to the lessor from its records maintained in the ordinary course of business, when use of this address does not constitute bad faith. The property location is not altered by intermittent use at different locations, such as use of business property that accompanies employees on business trips and service calls.
- (b) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring periodic payments, the payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with subsection (1) of this section.
- (c) This subsection (2) does not affect the imposition or computation of sales or use tax on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis, or on the acquisition of property for lease.
- (3) The lease or rental of motor vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, or aircraft that do not qualify as transportation equipment shall be sourced as provided in this subsection.
- (a) For a lease or rental that requires recurring periodic payments, each periodic payment is sourced to the primary property location. The primary property location is as indicated by an address for the property provided by the lessee that is available to the lessor from its records maintained in the ordinary course of business, when use of this address does not constitute bad faith. This location is not altered by intermittent use at different locations.
- (b) For a lease or rental that does not require recurring periodic payments, the payment is sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with subsection (1) of this section.
- (c) This subsection does not affect the imposition or computation of sales or use tax on leases or rentals based on a lump sum or accelerated basis, or on the acquisition of property for lease.
- (4) The retail sale, including lease or rental, of transportation equipment shall be sourced the same as a retail sale in accordance with subsection (1) of this section.
- (5)(a) A purchaser of direct mail that is not a holder of a direct pay permit shall provide to the seller in conjunction with the purchase either a direct mail

form or information that shows the jurisdictions to which the direct mail is delivered to recipients.

- (i) Upon receipt of the direct mail form, the seller is relieved of all obligations to collect, pay, or remit the applicable tax and the purchaser is obligated to pay or remit the applicable tax on a direct pay basis. A direct mail form shall remain in effect for all future sales of direct mail by the seller to the purchaser until it is revoked in writing.
- (ii) Upon receipt of information from the purchaser showing the jurisdictions to which the direct mail is delivered to recipients, the seller shall collect the tax according to the delivery information provided by the purchaser. In the absence of bad faith, the seller is relieved of any further obligation to collect tax on any transaction where the seller has collected tax pursuant to the delivery information provided by the purchaser.
- (b) If the purchaser of direct mail does not have a direct pay permit and does not provide the seller with either a direct mail form or delivery information as required by (a) of this subsection, the seller shall collect the tax according to subsection (1)(e) of this section. This subsection does not limit a purchaser's obligation for sales or use tax to any state to which the direct mail is delivered.
- (c) If a purchaser of direct mail provides the seller with documentation of direct pay authority, the purchaser is not required to provide a direct mail form or delivery information to the seller.
- (6) The following are sourced to the location at or from which delivery is made to the consumer:
 - (a) A retail sale of watercraft:
 - (b) A retail sale of a modular home, manufactured home, or mobile home;
- (c) A retail sale, excluding the lease and rental, of a motor vehicle, trailer, semitrailer, or aircraft, that do not qualify as transportation equipment; and
- (d) Florist sales. In the case of a sale in which one florist takes an order from a customer and then communicates that order to another florist who delivers the items purchased to the place designated by the customer, the location at or from which the delivery is made to the consumer is deemed to be the location of the florist originally taking the order.
- (7) A retail sale of the providing of telecommunications services or ancillary services, as those terms are defined in RCW 82.04.065, shall be sourced in accordance with RCW 82.32.520.
 - (8) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section.
- (a) "Delivered electronically" means delivered to the purchaser by means other than tangible storage media.
- (b) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States mail or other delivery service to a mass audience or to addressees on a mailing list provided by the purchaser or at the direction of the purchaser when the cost of the items are not billed directly to the recipients. "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by the purchaser to the direct mail seller for inclusion in the package containing the printed material. "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a single address.
- (c) "Florist sales" means the retail sale of tangible personal property by a florist. For purposes of this subsection (8)(c), "florist" means a person whose primary business activity is the retail sale of fresh cut flowers, potted ornamental

plants, floral arrangements, floral bouquets, wreaths, or any similar products, used for decorative and not landscaping purposes.

- (d) "Receive" and "receipt" mean taking possession of tangible personal property, making first use of <u>digital automated services or other</u> services, or taking possession or making first use of digital goods <u>or digital codes</u>, whichever comes first. "Receive" and "receipt" do not include possession by a shipping company on behalf of the purchaser.
 - (e) "Transportation equipment" means:
- (i) Locomotives and railcars that are used for the carriage of persons or property in interstate commerce;
- (ii) Trucks and truck tractors with a gross vehicle weight rating of ten thousand one pounds or greater, trailers, semitrailers, or passenger buses that are:
 - (A) Registered through the international registration plan; and
- (B) Operated under authority of a carrier authorized and certificated by the United States department of transportation or another federal authority to engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate commerce;
- (iii) Aircraft that are operated by air carriers authorized and certificated by the United States department of transportation or another federal or foreign authority to engage in the carriage of persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce; or
- (iv) Containers designed for use on and component parts attached or secured on the items described in (e)(i) through (iii) of this subsection.
- (9) In those instances where there is no obligation on the part of a seller to collect or remit this state's sales or use tax, the use of tangible personal property, digital good, digital code, or of a digital automated service or other service, subject to use tax, is sourced to the place of first use in this state. The definition of use in RCW 82.12.010 applies to this subsection.

PART VIII BUNDLING OF DIGITAL PRODUCTS TO BE OBTAINED THROUGH THE USE OF A CODE THAT DOES NOT MEET THE DEFINITION OF DIGITAL CODE

Sec. 801. RCW 82.08.195 and 2007 c 6 s 1402 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) A bundled transaction is subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 if the retail sale of any of its component products would be subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020.
- (2) The transactions described in RCW 82.08.190(4) (a) and (b) are subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 if the service that is the true object of the transaction is subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020. If the service that is the true object of the transaction is not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020, the transaction is not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020.
- (3) The transaction described in RCW 82.08.190(4)(c) is not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020.
- (4) The transaction described in RCW 82.08.190(4)(d) is not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020.

- (5) In the case of a bundled transaction that includes any of the following: Telecommunications service, ancillary service, internet access, or audio or video programming service:
- (a) If the price is attributable to products that are taxable and products that are not taxable, the portion of the price attributable to the nontaxable products are subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 unless the seller can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the portion from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for other purposes including, but not limited to, nontax purposes;
- (b) If the price is attributable to products that are subject to tax at different tax rates, the total price is attributable to the products subject to the tax at the highest tax rate unless the seller can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the portion of the price attributable to the products subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 at the lower rate from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for other purposes including, but not limited to, nontax purposes.
- (6) In the case of the sale of a code that provides a purchaser with the right to obtain more than one digital product, and which may also include the right to obtain other products or services, and all of the products and services, digital or otherwise, to be obtained through the use of the code do not have the same sales and use tax treatment, for purposes of the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020:
- (a) The transaction is deemed to be the sale of the products and services to be obtained through the use of the code; and
- (b)(i) The tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 applies to the entire selling price of the code, except as provided in (b)(ii) of this subsection (6).
- (ii) If the seller can identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the portion of the selling price attributable to the products and services that are not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 from its books and records that are kept in the regular course of business for other purposes including, but not limited to, nontax purposes, the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to that portion of the selling price of the code attributable to the products and services that are not subject to the tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020.

PART IX NEXUS

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 901.** A new section is added to chapter 82.32 RCW to read as follows:

For purposes of the taxes imposed in this title, the department of revenue may not consider a person's ownership of, or rights in, digital goods or digital codes residing on servers located in this state in determining whether the person has substantial nexus with this state. For purposes of this section, "substantial nexus" means the requisite connection that a person has with a state to allow the state to subject the person to the state's taxing authority, consistent with the commerce clause of the United States Constitution.

PART X AMNESTY

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1001.** (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, no person may be held liable for the failure to collect or pay state and local sales and use taxes accrued before the effective date of this act on the sale or use of digital goods.

- (2) Subsection (1) of this section does not relieve any person from liability for state and local sales taxes that the person collected from buyers but did not remit to the department of revenue.
- (3) Nothing in this section may be construed as authorizing the refund of state and local sales and use taxes properly paid on the sale or use of digital goods before the effective date of this act.
- (4) For purposes of this section, "digital goods" has the same meaning as in section 201 of this act.

PART XI MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Sec. 1101. RCW 35.21.717 and 2004 c 154 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

((Until July 1, 2006, a city or town may not impose any new taxes or fees specific to internet service providers.)) A city or town may tax internet ((service)) access providers under generally applicable business taxes or fees, at a rate not to exceed the rate applied to a general service classification. For the purposes of this section, "internet ((service)) access" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.04.297.

Sec. 1102. RCW 48.14.080 and 2006 c 278 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) As to insurers, other than title insurers and taxpayers under RCW 48.14.0201, the taxes imposed by this title shall be in lieu of all other taxes, except as otherwise provided in this section.
 - (2) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply with respect to:
 - (a) Taxes on real and tangible personal property;
- (b) Excise taxes on the sale, purchase, use, or possession of (i) real property; (ii) tangible personal property; (iii) extended warranties; ((and)) (iv) services, including digital automated services as defined in section 201 of this act; and (v) digital goods and digital codes as those terms are defined in section 201 of this act; and
- (c) The tax imposed in RCW 82.04.260(10), regarding public and nonprofit hospitals.
- (3) For the purposes of this section, the term "taxes" includes taxes imposed by the state or any county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasi-municipal corporation, or other political subdivision.

Sec. 1103. RCW 82.02.020 and 2008 c 113 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Except only as expressly provided in chapters 67.28, 81.104, and 82.14 RCW, the state preempts the field of imposing retail sales and use taxes and taxes upon ((retail sales of tangible personal property, the use of tangible

personal property;)) parimutuel wagering authorized pursuant to RCW 67.16.060, conveyances, and cigarettes, and no county, town, or other municipal subdivision shall have the right to impose taxes of that nature. Except as provided in RCW 64.34.440 and 82.02.050 through 82.02.090, no county, city, town, or other municipal corporation shall impose any tax, fee, or charge, either direct or indirect, on the construction or reconstruction of residential buildings, commercial buildings, industrial buildings, or on any other building or building space or appurtenance thereto, or on the development, subdivision, classification, or reclassification of land. However, this section does not preclude dedications of land or easements within the proposed development or plat which the county, city, town, or other municipal corporation can demonstrate are reasonably necessary as a direct result of the proposed development or plat to which the dedication of land or easement is to apply.

This section does not prohibit voluntary agreements with counties, cities, towns, or other municipal corporations that allow a payment in lieu of a dedication of land or to mitigate a direct impact that has been identified as a consequence of a proposed development, subdivision, or plat. A local government shall not use such voluntary agreements for local off-site transportation improvements within the geographic boundaries of the area or areas covered by an adopted transportation program authorized by chapter 39.92 RCW. Any such voluntary agreement is subject to the following provisions:

- (1) The payment shall be held in a reserve account and may only be expended to fund a capital improvement agreed upon by the parties to mitigate the identified, direct impact;
- (2) The payment shall be expended in all cases within five years of collection; and
- (3) Any payment not so expended shall be refunded with interest to be calculated from the original date the deposit was received by the county and at the same rate applied to tax refunds pursuant to RCW 84.69.100; however, if the payment is not expended within five years due to delay attributable to the developer, the payment shall be refunded without interest.

No county, city, town, or other municipal corporation shall require any payment as part of such a voluntary agreement which the county, city, town, or other municipal corporation cannot establish is reasonably necessary as a direct result of the proposed development or plat.

Nothing in this section prohibits cities, towns, counties, or other municipal corporations from collecting reasonable fees from an applicant for a permit or other governmental approval to cover the cost to the city, town, county, or other municipal corporation of processing applications, inspecting and reviewing plans, or preparing detailed statements required by chapter 43.21C RCW.

This section does not limit the existing authority of any county, city, town, or other municipal corporation to impose special assessments on property specifically benefitted thereby in the manner prescribed by law.

Nothing in this section prohibits counties, cities, or towns from imposing or permits counties, cities, or towns to impose water, sewer, natural gas, drainage utility, and drainage system charges((: PROVIDED, That)). However, no such charge shall exceed the proportionate share of such utility or system's capital costs which the county, city, or town can demonstrate are attributable to the property being charged((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That)). Furthermore, these

provisions ((shall)) may not be interpreted to expand or contract any existing authority of counties, cities, or towns to impose such charges.

Nothing in this section prohibits a transportation benefit district from imposing fees or charges authorized in RCW 36.73.120 nor prohibits the legislative authority of a county, city, or town from approving the imposition of such fees within a transportation benefit district.

Nothing in this section prohibits counties, cities, or towns from imposing transportation impact fees authorized pursuant to chapter 39.92 RCW.

Nothing in this section prohibits counties, cities, or towns from requiring property owners to provide relocation assistance to tenants under RCW 59.18.440 and 59.18.450.

Nothing in this section limits the authority of counties, cities, or towns to implement programs consistent with RCW 36.70A.540, nor to enforce agreements made pursuant to such programs.

This section does not apply to special purpose districts formed and acting pursuant to Title((s)) 54, 57, or 87 RCW, nor is the authority conferred by these titles affected.

Sec. 1104. RCW 82.04.44525 and 2008 c 81 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) Subject to the limits in this section, an eligible person is allowed a credit against the tax due under this chapter. The credit is based on qualified employment positions in eligible areas. The credit is available to persons who are engaged in international services as defined in this section. In order to receive the credit, the international service activities must take place at a business within the eligible area.
- (2)(a) The credit shall equal three thousand dollars for each qualified employment position created after July 1, 1998, in an eligible area. A credit is earned for the calendar year the person is hired to fill the position, plus the four subsequent consecutive years, if the position is maintained for those four years.
- (b) Credit may not be taken for hiring of persons into positions that exist on July 1, 1998. Credit is authorized for new employees hired for new positions created after July 1, 1998. New positions filled by existing employees are eligible for the credit under this section only if the position vacated by the existing employee is filled by a new hire.
- (c) When a position is newly created, if it is filled before July 1st, this position is eligible for the full yearly credit. If it is filled after June 30th, this position is eligible for half of the credit.
- (d) Credit may be accrued and carried over until it is used. No refunds may be granted for credits under this section.
 - (3) For the purposes of this section:
- (a) "Eligible area" means: (i) A community empowerment zone under RCW 43.31C.020; or (ii) a contiguous group of census tracts that meets the unemployment and poverty criteria of RCW 43.31C.030 and is designated under subsection (4) of this section;
- (b) "Eligible person" means a person, as defined in RCW 82.04.030, who in an eligible area at a specific location is engaged in the business of providing international services;

- (c)(i) "International services" means the provision of a service, as defined under (c)(iii) of this subsection, that is subject to tax under RCW 82.04.290 (2) or (3), and either:
 - (A) Is for a person domiciled outside the United States; or
 - (B) The service itself is for use primarily outside of the United States.
- (ii) "International services" excludes any service taxable under RCW 82.04.290(1).
- (iii) Eligible services are: Computer; data processing; information; legal; accounting and tax preparation; engineering; architectural; business consulting; business management; public relations and advertising; surveying; geological consulting; real estate appraisal; or financial services. For the purposes of this section these services mean the following:
- (A) "Computer services" are services such as computer programming, custom software modification, customization of canned software, custom software installation, custom software maintenance, custom software repair, training in the use of software, computer systems design, and custom software update services;
- (B) "Data processing services" are services such as word processing, data entry, data retrieval, data search, information compilation, payroll processing, business accounts processing, data production, and other computerized data and information storage or manipulation. "Data processing services" also includes the use of a computer or computer time for data processing whether the processing is performed by the provider of the computer or by the purchaser or other beneficiary of the service;
- (C) "Information services" are services such as electronic data retrieval or research that entails furnishing financial or legal information, data or research, internet ((service)) access as defined in RCW 82.04.297, general or specialized news, or current information;
- (D) "Legal services" are services such as representation by an attorney, or other person when permitted, in an administrative or legal proceeding, legal drafting, paralegal services, legal research services, and court reporting services, arbitration, and mediation services;
- (E) "Accounting and tax preparation services" are services such as accounting, auditing, actuarial, bookkeeping, or tax preparation services;
- (F) "Engineering services" are services such as civil, electrical, mechanical, petroleum, marine, nuclear, and design engineering, machine designing, machine tool designing, and sewage disposal system designing services;
- (G) "Architectural services" are services such as structural or landscape design or architecture, interior design, building design, building program management, and space planning services;
- (H) "Business consulting services" are services such as primarily providing operating counsel, advice, or assistance to the management or owner of any business, private, nonprofit, or public organization, including but not limited to those in the following areas: Administrative management consulting; general management consulting; human resource consulting or training; management engineering consulting; management information systems consulting; manufacturing management consulting; marketing consulting; operations research consulting; personnel management consulting; physical distribution consulting; site location consulting; economic consulting; motel, hotel, and

resort consulting; restaurant consulting; government affairs consulting; and lobbying;

- (I) "Business management services" are services such as administrative management, business management, and office management. "Business management services" does not include property management or property leasing, motel, hotel, and resort management, or automobile parking management;
- (J) "Public relations and advertising services" are services such as layout, art direction, graphic design, copy writing, mechanical preparation, opinion research, marketing research, marketing, or production supervision;
 - (K) "Surveying services" are services such as land surveying;
- (L) "Geological consulting services" are services rendered for the oil, gas, and mining industry and other earth resource industries, and other services such as soil testing;
- (M) "Real estate appraisal services" are services such as market appraisal and other real estate valuation; and
- (N) "Financial services" are services such as banking, loan, security, investment management, investment advisory, mortgage servicing, contract collection, and finance leasing services, engaged in by financial businesses, or businesses similar to or in competition with financial businesses; and
- (d) "Qualified employment position" means a permanent full-time position to provide international services. If an employee is either voluntarily or involuntarily separated from employment, the employment position is considered filled on a full-time basis if the employer is either training or actively recruiting a replacement employee.
- (4) By ordinance, the legislative authority of a city, or legislative authorities of contiguous cities by ordinance of each city's legislative authority, with population greater than eighty thousand, located in a county containing no community empowerment zones as designated under RCW 43.31C.020, may designate a contiguous group of census tracts within the city or cities as an eligible area under this section. Each of the census tracts must meet the unemployment and poverty criteria of RCW 43.31C.030. Upon making the designation, the city or cities shall transmit to the department of revenue a certification letter and a map, each explicitly describing the boundaries of the census tract. This designation must be made by December 31, 1998.
- (5) No application is necessary for the tax credit. The person must keep records necessary for the department to verify eligibility under this section. This information includes:
 - (a) Employment records for the previous six years;
- (b) Information relating to description of international service activity engaged in at the eligible location by the person; and
- (c) Information relating to customers of international service activity engaged in at that location by the person.
- (6) If at any time the department finds that a person is not eligible for tax credit under this section, the amount of taxes for which a credit has been used shall be immediately due. The department shall assess interest, but not penalties, on the credited taxes for which the person is not eligible. The interest shall be assessed at the rate provided for delinquent excise taxes under chapter 82.32

- RCW, shall be assessed retroactively to the date the tax credit was taken, and shall accrue until the taxes for which a credit has been used are repaid.
- (7) The employment security department shall provide to the department of revenue such information needed by the department of revenue to verify eligibility under this section.
- **Sec. 1105.** RCW 82.08.040 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 278 s 46 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) Every consignee, bailee, factor, or auctioneer ((authorized, engaged, or employed to sell or call)) selling or calling for bids on ((tangible)) personal property belonging to another, ((and so selling or calling, shall be)) is deemed the seller of such ((tangible)) personal property within the meaning of this chapter ((and)). All sales made by such persons are subject to ((its)) the provisions of this chapter even though the sale would have been exempt from the tax ((hereunder)) imposed in this chapter had it been made directly by the owner of the property sold.
- (2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection (2), every consignee, bailee, factor, or auctioneer ((shall)) must collect and remit the amount of tax due under this chapter with respect to sales made or called by ((him: PROVIDED_1)) that seller.
- (b) If the owner of the property sold is engaged in the business of ((selling tangible personal property)) making sales at retail in this state, the tax imposed under this chapter may be remitted by such owner under such rules ((and regulations)) as the department ((of revenue shall preseribe)) may adopt.
- **Sec. 1106.** RCW 82.08.130 and 1993 sp.s. c 25 s 702 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) If a buyer normally is engaged in both consuming and reselling certain types of ((articles of tangible)) personal property, the retail sale of which is taxable under this chapter, and the buyer is not able to determine at the time of purchase whether the particular property acquired will be consumed or resold, the buyer may use a resale certificate for the entire purchase if the buyer principally resells the articles according to the general nature of the buyer's business. The buyer shall account for the value of any articles purchased with a resale certificate that are used by the buyer and remit the sales tax on the articles to the department.
- (2) A buyer who pays a tax on all purchases and subsequently resells an article at retail, without intervening use by the buyer, shall collect the tax from the purchaser as otherwise provided by law and is entitled to a deduction on the buyer's tax return equal to the cost to the buyer of the property resold upon which retail sales tax has been paid. The deduction is allowed only if the taxpayer keeps and preserves records that show the names of the persons from whom the articles were purchased, the date of the purchase, the type of articles, the amount of the purchase, and the tax that was paid. The department shall provide by rule for the refund or credit of retail sales tax paid by a buyer for purchases that are later sold at wholesale without intervening use by the buyer.
- **Sec. 1107.** RCW 82.12.035 and 2007 c 6 s 1203 are each amended to read as follows:

A credit ((shall be)) is allowed against the taxes imposed by this chapter upon the use in this state of tangible personal property, extended warranty,

digital good, digital code, digital automated service, or services ((taxable under)) defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050 (2) (a) or (g), (3)(a), or (6)(b), in the ((state of Washington in the)) amount that the present user thereof or his or her bailor or donor has paid a legally imposed retail sales or use tax with respect to such property, extended warranty, digital good, digital code, digital automated service, or service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050 (2) (a) or (g), (3)(a), or (6)(b) to any other state, possession, territory, or commonwealth of the United States, any political subdivision thereof, the District of Columbia, and any foreign country or political subdivision thereof((, prior to the use of such property, extended warranty, or service in Washington)).

Sec. 1108. RCW 82.12.040 and 2005 c 514 s 109 are each amended to read as follows:

- (1) Every person who maintains in this state a place of business or a stock of goods, or engages in business activities within this state, shall obtain from the department a certificate of registration, and shall, at the time of making sales of tangible personal property, digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, extended warranties, or sales of any service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050 (2) (a) or (g), (3)(a), or (6)(b), or making transfers of either possession or title, or both, of tangible personal property for use in this state, collect from the purchasers or transferees the tax imposed under this chapter. The tax to be collected under this section ((shall)) must be in an amount equal to the purchase price multiplied by the rate in effect for the retail sales tax under RCW 82.08.020. For the purposes of this chapter, the phrase "maintains in this state a place of business" shall include the solicitation of sales and/or taking of orders by sales agents or traveling representatives. For the purposes of this chapter, "engages in business activity within this state" includes every activity which is sufficient under the Constitution of the United States for this state to require collection of tax under this chapter. The department ((shall)) must in rules specify activities which constitute engaging in business activity within this state, and ((shall)) must keep the rules current with future court interpretations of the Constitution of the United States.
- (2) Every person who engages in this state in the business of acting as an independent selling agent for persons who do not hold a valid certificate of registration, and who receives compensation by reason of sales of tangible personal property, digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, extended warranties, or sales of any service defined as a retail sale in RCW 82.04.050 (2) (a) or (g), (3)(a), or (6)(b), of his or her principals for use in this state, ((shall)) must, at the time such sales are made, collect from the purchasers the tax imposed on the purchase price under this chapter, and for that purpose shall be deemed a retailer as defined in this chapter.
- (3) The tax required to be collected by this chapter ((shall be)) is deemed to be held in trust by the retailer until paid to the department, and any retailer who appropriates or converts the tax collected to the retailer's own use or to any use other than the payment of the tax provided herein to the extent that the money required to be collected is not available for payment on the due date as prescribed ((shall be)) is guilty of a misdemeanor. In case any seller fails to collect the tax herein imposed or having collected the tax, fails to pay the same to the department in the manner prescribed, whether such failure is the result of the seller's own acts or the result of acts or conditions beyond the seller's control,

the seller ((shall)) is nevertheless((, be)) personally liable to the state for the amount of such tax, unless the seller has taken from the buyer in good faith a copy of a direct pay permit issued under RCW 82.32.087.

- (4) Any retailer who refunds, remits, or rebates to a purchaser, or transferee, either directly or indirectly, and by whatever means, all or any part of the tax levied by this chapter ((shall be)) is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (5) Notwithstanding subsections (1) through (4) of this section, any person making sales is not obligated to collect the tax imposed by this chapter if:
- (a) The person's activities in this state, whether conducted directly or through another person, are limited to:
 - (i) The storage, dissemination, or display of advertising;
 - (ii) The taking of orders; or
 - (iii) The processing of payments; and
- (b) The activities are conducted electronically via a web site on a server or other computer equipment located in Washington that is not owned or operated by the person making sales into this state nor owned or operated by an affiliated person. "Affiliated persons" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 82.04.424.
- (6) Subsection (5) of this section expires when: (a) The United States congress grants individual states the authority to impose sales and use tax collection duties on remote sellers; or (b) it is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, in a judgment not subject to review, that a state can impose sales and use tax collection duties on remote sellers.
- **Sec. 1109.** RCW 82.14.465 and 2007 c 266 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) A city, town, or county that creates a benefit zone and finances public improvements pursuant to chapter 39.100 RCW may impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter and subject to the criteria set forth in this section. Except as provided in this section, the tax is in addition to other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the taxing jurisdiction of the city, town, or county. The rate of tax shall not exceed the rate provided in RCW 82.08.020(1) in the case of a sales tax or ((the rate provided in RCW 82.12.020(5) in the case of)) a use tax, less the aggregate rates of any other taxes imposed on the same events that are credited against the state taxes imposed under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW. The tax rate shall be no higher than what is reasonably necessary for the local government to receive its entire annual state contribution in a ten-month period of time.
- (2) The tax imposed under subsection (1) of this section shall be deducted from the amount of tax otherwise required to be collected or paid over to the department under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 RCW. The department shall perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of the city, town, or county at no cost to the city, town, or county.
- (3) No tax may be imposed under this section before July 1, 2007. Before imposing a tax under this section, the city, town, or county shall first have received tax allocation revenues during the preceding calendar year. The tax imposed under this section shall expire on the earlier of the date: (a) The tax allocation revenues are no longer used for public improvements and public

improvement costs; (b) the bonds issued under the authority of chapter 39.100 RCW are retired, if the bonds are issued; or (c) that is thirty years after the tax is first imposed.

- (4) An ordinance adopted by the legislative authority of a city, town, or county imposing a tax under this section shall provide that:
 - (a) The tax shall first be imposed on the first day of a fiscal year;
- (b) The amount of tax received by the local government in any fiscal year shall not exceed the amount of the state contribution;
- (c) The tax shall cease to be distributed for the remainder of any fiscal year in which either:
- (i) The amount of tax distributions totals the amount of the state contribution;
- (ii) The amount of tax distributions totals the amount of local public sources, dedicated in the previous calendar year to finance public improvements authorized under chapter 39.100 RCW, expended in the previous year for public improvement costs or used to pay for other bonds issued to pay for public improvements; or
- (iii) The amount of revenue from taxes imposed under this section by all cities, towns, and counties totals the annual state credit limit as provided in RCW 82.32.700(3);
- (d) The tax shall be distributed again, should it cease to be distributed for any of the reasons provided in (c) of this subsection, at the beginning of the next fiscal year, subject to the restrictions in this section; and
- (e) Any revenue generated by the tax in excess of the amounts specified in (b) and (c) of this subsection shall belong to the state of Washington.
- (5) If both a county and a city or town impose a tax under this section, the tax imposed by the city, town, or county shall be credited as follows:
- (a) If the county has created a benefit zone before the city or town, the tax imposed by the county shall be credited against the tax imposed by the city or town, the purpose of such credit is to give priority to the county tax; and
- (b) If the city or town has created a benefit zone before the county, the tax imposed by the city or town shall be credited against the tax imposed by the county, the purpose of such credit is to give priority to the city or town tax.
- (6) The department shall determine the amount of tax distributions attributable to each city, town, and county imposing a sales and use tax under this section and shall advise a city, town, or county when the tax will cease to be distributed for the remainder of the fiscal year as provided in subsection (4)(c) of this section. Determinations by the department of the amount of taxes attributable to a city, town, or county are final and shall not be used to challenge the validity of any tax imposed under this section. The department shall remit any tax revenues in excess of the amounts specified in subsection (4)(b) and (c) of this section to the state treasurer who shall deposit the moneys in the general fund
- (7) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section and RCW 82.14.470 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Base year" means the calendar year immediately following the creation of a benefit zone.
 - (b) "Benefit zone" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 39.100.010.

- (c) "Excess local excise taxes" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 39.100.050.
- (d) "Excess state excise taxes" means the amount of excise taxes received by the state during the measurement year from taxable activity within the benefit zone over and above the amount of excise taxes received by the state during the base year from taxable activity within the benefit zone. However, if a local government creates the benefit zone and reasonably determines that no activity subject to tax under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW occurred in the twelve months immediately preceding the creation of the benefit zone within the boundaries of the area that became the benefit zone, "excess state excise taxes" means the entire amount of state excise taxes the state receives during a calendar year period beginning with the calendar year immediately following the creation of the benefit zone and continuing with each measurement year thereafter.
- (e) "State excise taxes" means revenues derived from state retail sales and use taxes under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW, less the amount of tax distributions from all local retail sales and use taxes imposed on the same taxable events that are credited against the state retail sales and use taxes under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW except for the local tax authorized in this section.
 - (f) "Fiscal year" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 39.100.030.
- (g) "Measurement year" means a calendar year, beginning with the calendar year following the base year and each calendar year thereafter, that is used annually to measure the amount of excess state excise taxes and excess local excise taxes.
- (h) "State contribution" means the lesser of two million dollars or an amount equal to excess state excise taxes received by the state during the preceding calendar year.
- (i) "Tax allocation revenues" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 39.100.010.
- (j) "Public improvements" and "public improvement costs" have the same meanings as provided in RCW 39.100.010.
- (k) "Local public sources" includes, but is not limited to, private monetary contributions, assessments, dedicated local government funds, and tax allocation revenues. "Local public sources" does not include local government funds derived from any state loan or state grant, any local tax that is credited against the state sales and use taxes, or any other state funds.
- **Sec. 1110.** RCW 82.16.010 and 2007 c 6 s 1023 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter, unless otherwise required by the context:

- (1) "Railroad business" means the business of operating any railroad, by whatever power operated, for public use in the conveyance of persons or property for hire. It shall not, however, include any business herein defined as an urban transportation business.
- (2) "Express business" means the business of carrying property for public hire on the line of any common carrier operated in this state, when such common carrier is not owned or leased by the person engaging in such business.
- (3) "Railroad car business" means the business of operating stock cars, furniture cars, refrigerator cars, fruit cars, poultry cars, tank cars, sleeping cars, parlor cars, buffet cars, tourist cars, or any other kinds of cars used for transportation of property or persons upon the line of any railroad operated in

this state when such railroad is not owned or leased by the person engaging in such business.

- (4) "Water distribution business" means the business of operating a plant or system for the distribution of water for hire or sale.
- (5) "Light and power business" means the business of operating a plant or system for the generation, production or distribution of electrical energy for hire or sale and/or for the wheeling of electricity for others.
- (6) "Telegraph business" means the business of affording telegraphic communication for hire
- (7) "Gas distribution business" means the business of operating a plant or system for the production or distribution for hire or sale of gas, whether manufactured or natural.
- (8) "Motor transportation business" means the business (except urban transportation business) of operating any motor propelled vehicle by which persons or property of others are conveyed for hire, and includes, but is not limited to, the operation of any motor propelled vehicle as an auto transportation company (except urban transportation business), common carrier, or contract carrier as defined by RCW 81.68.010 and 81.80.010((: PROVIDED, That)). However, "motor transportation business" ((shall)) does not mean or include the transportation of logs or other forest products exclusively upon private roads or private highways.
- (9) "Urban transportation business" means the business of operating any vehicle for public use in the conveyance of persons or property for hire, insofar as (a) operating entirely within the corporate limits of any city or town, or within five miles of the corporate limits thereof, or (b) operating entirely within and between cities and towns whose corporate limits are not more than five miles apart or within five miles of the corporate limits of either thereof. Included herein, but without limiting the scope hereof, is the business of operating passenger vehicles of every type and also the business of operating cartage, pickup, or delivery services, including in such services the collection and distribution of property arriving from or destined to a point within or without the state, whether or not such collection or distribution be made by the person performing a local or interstate line-haul of such property.
- (10)(a) "Public service business" means any of the businesses defined in subsections (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) of this section or any business subject to control by the state, or having the powers of eminent domain and the duties incident thereto, or any business hereafter declared by the legislature to be of a public service nature, except telephone business and lowlevel radioactive waste site operating companies as redefined in RCW It includes, among others, without limiting the scope hereof: Airplane transportation, boom, dock, ferry, pipe line, toll bridge, toll logging road, water transportation and wharf businesses.
- (b) The definitions in this subsection (10)(b) apply throughout this subsection (10).
- (i) "Competitive telephone service" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.04.065.
- (ii) "Network telephone service" means the providing by any person of access to a telephone network, telephone network switching service, toll service, or coin telephone services, or the providing of telephonic, video, data, or similar

communication or transmission for hire, via a telephone network, toll line or channel, cable, microwave, or similar communication or transmission system. "Network telephone service" includes the provision of transmission to and from the site of an internet provider via a telephone network, toll line or channel, cable, microwave, or similar communication or transmission system. "Network telephone service" does not include the providing of competitive telephone service, the providing of cable television service, the providing of broadcast services by radio or television stations, nor the provision of internet ((service)) access as defined in RCW 82.04.297, including the reception of dial-in connection, provided at the site of the internet service provider.

- (iii) "Telephone business" means the business of providing network telephone service. It includes cooperative or farmer line telephone companies or associations operating an exchange.
- (iv) "Telephone service" means competitive telephone service or network telephone service, or both, as defined in (b)(i) and (ii) of this subsection.
- (11) "Tugboat business" means the business of operating tugboats, towboats, wharf boats or similar vessels in the towing or pushing of vessels, barges or rafts for hire.
- (12) "Gross income" means the value proceeding or accruing from the performance of the particular public service or transportation business involved, including operations incidental thereto, but without any deduction on account of the cost of the commodity furnished or sold, the cost of materials used, labor costs, interest, discount, delivery costs, taxes, or any other expense whatsoever paid or accrued and without any deduction on account of losses.
- (13) The meaning attributed, in chapter 82.04 RCW, to the term "tax year," "person," "value proceeding or accruing," "business," "engaging in business," "in this state," "within this state," "cash discount" and "successor" shall apply equally in the provisions of this chapter.
- **Sec. 1111.** RCW 82.32.020 and 2007 c 6 s 101 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter:

- (1) The meaning attributed in chapters 82.01 through 82.27 RCW to the words and phrases "tax year," "taxable year," "person," "company," "gross proceeds of sales," "gross income of the business," "business," "engaging in business," "successor," "gross operating revenue," "gross income," "taxpayer," "retail sale," "seller," "buyer," "purchaser," "extended warranty," and "value of products" shall apply equally to the provisions of this chapter.
- (2) Whenever "property" or "personal property" is used, those terms must be construed to include digital goods and digital codes unless: (a) It is clear from the context that the term "personal property" is intended only to refer to tangible personal property; (b) it is clear from the context that the term "property" is intended only to refer to tangible personal property, real property, or both; or (c) to construe the term "property" or "personal property" as including digital goods and digital codes would yield unlikely, absurd, or strained consequences.
- (3) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (a) "Agreement" means the streamlined sales and use tax agreement.
- (b) "Associate member" means a petitioning state that is found to be in compliance with the agreement and changes to its laws, rules, or other

authorities necessary to bring it into compliance are not in effect, but are scheduled to take effect on or before January 1, 2008. The petitioning states, by majority vote, may also grant associate member status to a petitioning state that does not receive an affirmative vote of three-fourths of the petitioning states upon a finding that the state has achieved substantial compliance with the terms of the agreement as a whole, but not necessarily each required provision, measured qualitatively, and there is a reasonable expectation that the state will achieve compliance by January 1, 2008.

- (c) "Certified automated system" means software certified under the agreement to calculate the tax imposed by each jurisdiction on a transaction, determine the amount of tax to remit to the appropriate state, and maintain a record of the transaction.
- (d) "Certified service provider" means an agent certified under the agreement to perform all of the seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's obligation to remit tax on its own purchases.
 - (e)(i) "Member state" means a state that:
- (A) Has petitioned for membership in the agreement and submitted a certificate of compliance; and
- (B) Before the effective date of the agreement, has been found to be in compliance with the requirements of the agreement by an affirmative vote of three-fourths of the other petitioning states; or
- (C) After the effective date of the agreement, has been found to be in compliance with the agreement by a three-fourths vote of the entire governing board of the agreement.
- (ii) Membership by reason of (e)(i)(A) and (B) of this subsection is effective on the first day of a calendar quarter at least sixty days after at least ten states comprising at least twenty percent of the total population, as determined by the 2000 federal census, of all states imposing a state sales tax have petitioned for membership and have either been found in compliance with the agreement or have been found to be an associate member under section 704 of the agreement.
- (iii) Membership by reason of (e)(i)(A) and (C) of this subsection is effective on the state's proposed date of entry or the first day of the calendar quarter after its petition is approved by the governing board, whichever is later, and is at least sixty days after its petition is approved.
- (f) "Model 1 seller" means a seller that has selected a certified service provider as its agent to perform all the seller's sales and use tax functions, other than the seller's obligation to remit tax on its own purchases.
- (g) "Model 2 seller" means a seller that has selected a certified automated system to perform part of its sales and use tax functions, but retains responsibility for remitting the tax.
- (h) "Model 3 seller" means a seller that has sales in at least five member states, has total annual sales revenue of at least five hundred million dollars, has a proprietary system that calculates the amount of tax due each jurisdiction, and has entered into a performance agreement with the member states that establishes a tax performance standard for the seller. As used in this subsection (((2))) (3)(h), a seller includes an affiliated group of sellers using the same proprietary system.
- (i) "Source" means the location in which the sale or use of tangible personal property, a digital good or digital code, an extended warranty, or a digital

<u>automated service or other</u> service, subject to tax under chapter 82.08, 82.12, 82.14, or 82.14B RCW, is deemed to occur.

Sec. 1112. RCW 82.32.023 and 2007 c 6 s 104 are each amended to read as follows:

For purposes of ((eompliance with the requirements of the agreement only)) construing those provisions of the streamlined sales and use tax agreement that have been incorporated into this title, and unless the context requires otherwise, the terms "product" and "products" refer to tangible personal property, digital goods, digital codes, digital automated services, other services, extended warranties, and anything else that can be sold or used.

PART XII MISCELLANEOUS

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1201.** This act does not have any impact whatsoever on the characterization of digital goods and digital codes as tangible or intangible personal property for purposes of property taxation and may not be used in any way in construing any provision of Title 84 RCW.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1202.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1203.** The repeals in sections 515 and 623 of this act do not affect any existing right acquired or liability or obligation incurred under the statutes repealed or under any rule or order adopted under those statutes nor do they affect any proceedings instituted under them.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1204.** Part headings used in this act are not any part of the law.

Passed by the House April 13, 2009.
Passed by the Senate April 21, 2009.
Approved by the Governor May 18, 2009.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 20, 2009.

AUTHENTICATION

I, K. Kyle Thiessen, Code Reviser of the State of Washington, certify that, with the exception of such corrections as I have made in accordance with the powers vested in me by RCW 44.20.060, the laws published in this volume are a true and correct reproduction of the copies of the enrolled laws of the 2009 session (61st Legislature), chapters 432 through 535, as certified and transmitted to the Statute Law Committee by the Secretary of State under RCW 44.20.020.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand at Olympia, Washington, this 15th day of June, 2009.

K. KYLE THIESSEN
Code Reviser