SR 520 Bridge Replacement and HOV Program

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Joint Transportation Committee
July 13, 2011



Presentation Overview

- SR 520 Program overview
- Under construction: Pontoons and Eastside
- I-5 to Medina Final Environmental Impact Statement
 - Preferred alternative and summary of findings
- Next steps and funding





SR 520 Program Description

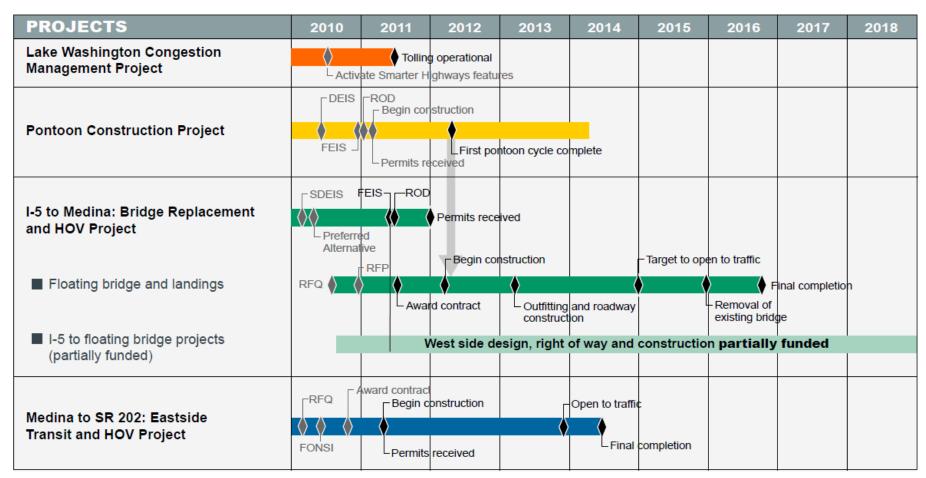
The SR 520 Bridge Replacement and HOV Program will replace the Portage Bay and **Evergreen Point bridges** and improve the existing roadway between I-5 in Seattle and SR 202 on the Eastside.

- I-5 to Medina: Bridge Replacement and HOV Project Replaces the SR 520 floating bridge and landings, and interchanges and roadway between I-5 and the eastern shore of Lake Washington.
- Medina to SR 202: Eastside Transit and HOV Project Completes and improves the transit and HOV system from Evergreen Point Road in Medina to the SR 202 interchange in Redmond.
- Lake Washington Congestion Management Project Implements tolls on the existing SR 520 floating bridge, and activates Smarter Highways features from I-5 to I-405.
- Pontoon Construction Project Advances pontoon construction to restore the floating section of the SR 520 bridge in the event of a catastrophic failure and to store those pontoons until needed.





SR 520 Program Schedule



UPDATED: May 16, 2011



SR 520 Design-Build Contracts

Project	Value	Location	Schedule	Goals
Pontoon Construction Project	Awarded contract - \$367.3 million Kiewit- General Joint Venture	Aberdeen, WA	 Award contract – Jan. 2009 FEIS – Dec. 2010 ROD – Jan. 2011 Begin construction – Feb. 2011 1st cycle of pontoons – Spring 2012 Last cycle of pontoons – Spring 2014 	 6% DBE Goal 50,000 training hours 15% apprenticeship State and federal prevailing wage
Eastside Transit and HOV Project	Awarded contract- \$306.3 million Eastside Corridor Constructors	East side of Lake Washington (Medina to Bellevue)	 FONSI – May 2010 Award contract – Nov. 2010 Began construction – April 2011 Substantially complete – Dec. 2013 	 11% DBE Goal 58,500 training hours 15% apprenticeship State and federal prevailing wage
SR 520 Evergreen Point Floating Bridge and Landings Project	Estimated - \$600 - \$750 million	Lake Washington; TBD Production and Outfitting sites	 Released RFQ – Aug. 2010 RFP – Dec. 2010 Proposals due – June 2011 FEIS – June 2011 Award contract – Aug, 2011 Open to traffic – Dec. 2014 (target) 	 7% DBE Goal 74,600 training hours 15% apprenticeship State and federal prevailing wage

Updated: June 2011



SR 520 Design-Bid Build Contracts

F	Project	Value	Location	Schedule
ľ	Grass Creek Mitigation Project	Awarded contract - \$1.2 million Rognlin's, Inc.	Aberdeen, WA	 Award contract – June 21, 2011 Begin construction – July 2011 Complete construction- Nov. 2011 Final Planting of site- 2012 10-year monitoring
ľ	Pontoon Moorage Project	Awarded contract- \$ 4.5 million Kiewit/General /Manson, A Joint Venture	Grays Harbor	 Award contract – July 5, 2011 Begin construction – Fall 2011 Complete construction- Spring 2012
١	Evans Creek Wetlands Project	Engineer's estimate is not finalized.	Redmond, WA	 Ad date- April 2012 Begin construction- Summer 2012 Complete construction- Summer 2014

Updated: June 2011



Projects Under Construction Now



Eastside: Workers strain under the weight of a huge concrete fish culvert.



Pontoon Project: Welders cut through pilings



Grass Creek Mitigation: Project Kick-off



Pontoon Construction Project in Aberdeen







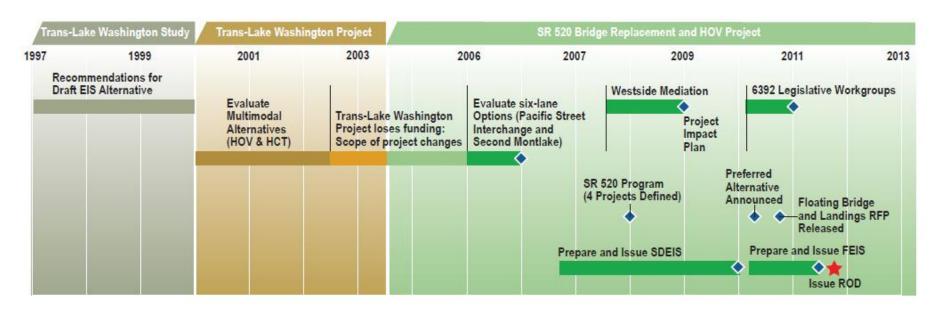




Eastside Transit and HOV Project



Final Environmental Impact Statement (FEIS): Project Timeline



- Final EIS published June 17, 2011
- Record of Decision anticipated in late July, 2011

FEIS: Topics Analyzed

- Construction techniques and activities (analyzed for all disciplines)
- Transportation
- Land use and economic activity
- Social elements (including environmental Justice)
- Recreation (including Section 4(f) and Section 6(f))
- Visual quality

- Cultural resources (including Section 106)
- Noise
- Air quality
- Energy and greenhouse gases
- Water resources
- Ecosystems
- Geology and soils
- Hazardous materials
- Navigation
- Indirect and cumulative Impacts







FEIS: Preferred Alternative Key Features

- A six lane corridor with four general purpose lanes, a new transit/HOV lane in each direction, and a new bicycle/pedestrian path.
- Improved transit connections and travel times.
- Accommodation of future light rail.
- Improved bicycle and pedestrian trail connections.
- Landscaped lids that reconnect neighborhoods.
- Noise reduction measures.
- Improved stormwater treatment.
- Park enhancements and new and restored wetland and aquatic habitat.





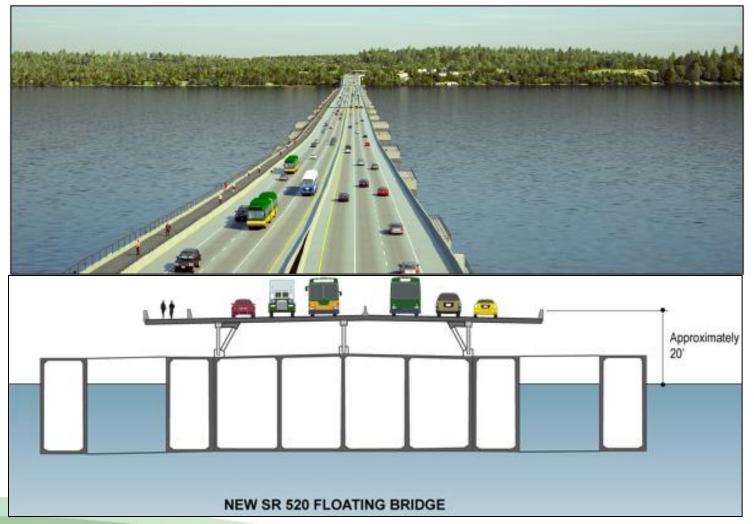


FEIS: Comments Incorporated

- ✓ Designed the corridor to accommodate no more than six lanes
- Ensured the new bridge is designed to accommodate future light rail
- ✓ Reduced width of Portage Bay Bridge
- ✓ Located urban interchange at Montlake
- ✓ Expanded the lid at Montlake
- ✓ Provided dedicated transit/HOV lane on Montlake Boulevard
- ✓ Set triggers for determining necessity of Second Montlake Bridge
- ✓ Provided funds for Montlake Triangle Project
- Minimized shading from West approach bridge
- ✓ Lowered height of the floating bridge
- ✓ Eliminated Arboretum ramps
- ✓ Refined Arboretum footprint
- ✓ Began planning for the implementation of Arboretum traffic management and calming
- ✓ Implementing noise reduction methods recommended by noise ERP



Preferred Alternative: Floating Bridge and Landings





Summary of Findings: Transportation

- Completes the transit/HOV system.
- Adds new commuting options.
- Accommodates bus rapid transit.
- Moves more people daily, fewer vehicles.
- Reduces traffic volumes through the Arboretum.







Summary of Findings: Travel Times

Drivers, buses and carpools traveling on key regional routes will get to their destinations faster when this project is complete. The FEIS shows:

- SR 520 corridor: Up to 25 minutes faster on SR 520 between I-5 and Redmond.
- I-5 corridor: Up to 24 minutes faster on I-5 between I-90 and N.E. 45th Street.
- Montlake Boulevard: Up to 12 minutes faster on local streets in the Montlake area.





Summary of Findings: Environmental Protections

Achieves greatest overall environmental benefits compared to other alternatives studied:

- Has the lowest park impacts.
- Provides a new approximately 4-acre public park and adds eight acres of new public open space on the lids.
- Affects less wildlife habitat.
- Reduces noise along the corridor.
- Minimizes impacts to the Arboretum and Native American traditional cultural properties.



Washington Park Arboretum

Summary of Findings: Recreation and Parks

- The preferred alternative has the lowest park impacts.
- Effects to: Bagley viewpoint, Montlake Playfield (submerged lands and undeveloped area), East Montlake Park, McCurdy Park, Arboretum, UW Open Space

Proposed mitigation:

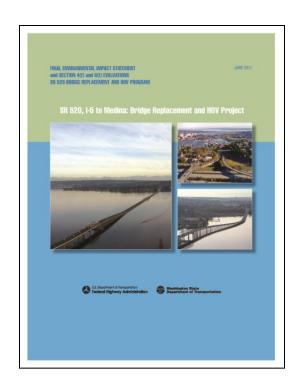
- Funding a new park on the Lake Washington Ship Canal.
- Funding for the Arboretum improvements as outlined in Memorandum of Understanding and a potential land conveyance.
- Funding for the Arboretum multi-use trail.
- Restoration of all park properties affected by construction.
- Replacement of the Bagley Viewpoint on the 10th and Delmar lid.



Washington Park Arboretum

How Can the Public View the FEIS?

- SR 520 program website: www.wsdot.wa.gov/projects/sr520bridge.
- Local public libraries in the greater Seattle area.
- Call WSDOT at 206-770-3500 to request a free executive summary and DVD or to purchase a printed copy of the document for \$60.



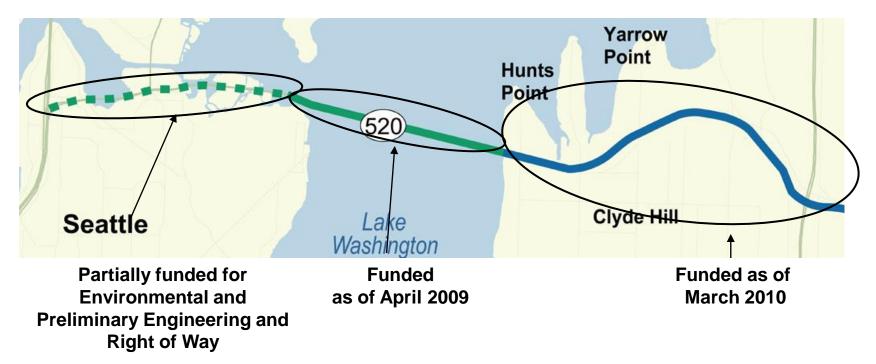
I-5 to Medina Project: Next steps and Early Implementation

- Federal, state & local permits
 - U.S. Army Corp of Engineers; U.S. Coast Guard
 - WA State Fish and Wildlife; WA State Dept. of Ecology;
 - City of Seattle and City of Medina Shoreline Permits
- Muckleshoot Indian Tribe consultation
- City of Seattle coordination
 - Montlake Triangle
 - Traffic calming
 - Second bascule bridge
 - Arboretum Botanical Garden Committee
- Public involvement
 - Seattle Community Design Process
 - Community Construction Management Plan
- Funding





What is Funded For \$2.62 Billion?



Program cost: \$4.65 billion

What's funded: \$2.62 billion (includes sales tax deferral)

- Pontoon construction in Grays Harbor.
- The floating bridge and landings.
- Eastside transit and HOV improvements.



Questions?

For more information:

Visit: <u>www.wsdot.wa.gov/projects/SR520Bridge</u>

E-mail: SR520Bridge@wsdot.wa.gov

Call: 1-888-520-NEWS (6397)

Mail: Washington State Department of Transportation

SR 520 Bridge Replacement and HOV Program

600 Stewart Street, Suite 520

Seattle, WA 98101

Extra slides



Preferred Alternative: I-5 interchange



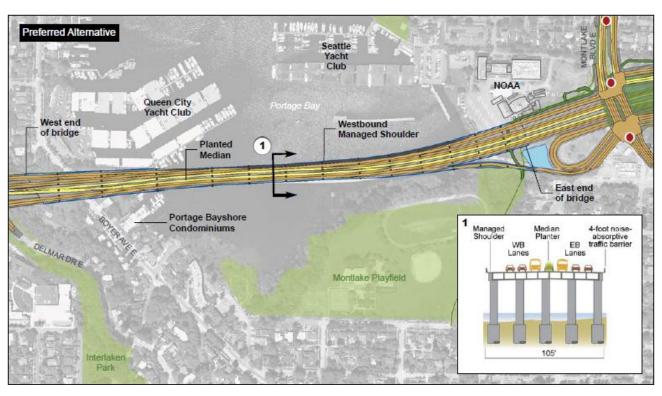


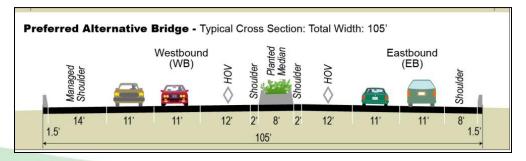
- General-purpose lane (SR 520)
- General-purpose lane (local)
- HOV/transit lane
- On- and off-ramp
- Bicycle and pedestrian path



Preferred Alternative: Portage Bay area

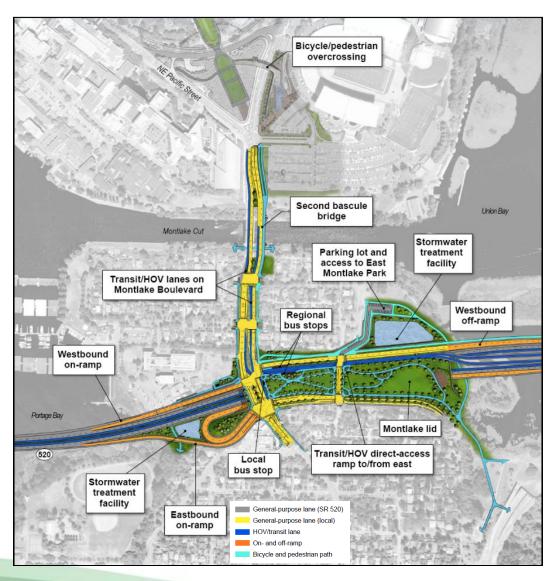
- Columns
- Signalized intersection
- General-purpose lane
- HOV, direct access, and/or transit-only lanes
- Existing regional bicycle/ pedestrian path
- Westbound managed shoulder
- Stormwater treatment facility
- Lid or landscape feature
- Pavement





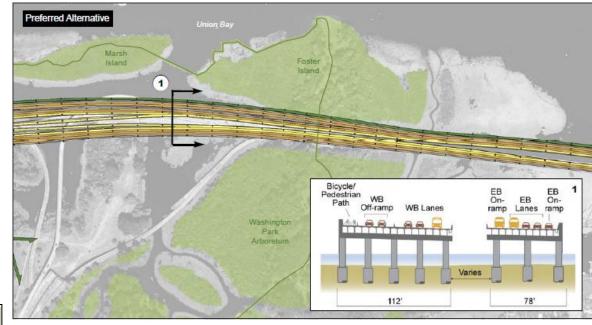


Preferred Alternative: Montlake area





Preferred Alternative Overview: West Approach Area

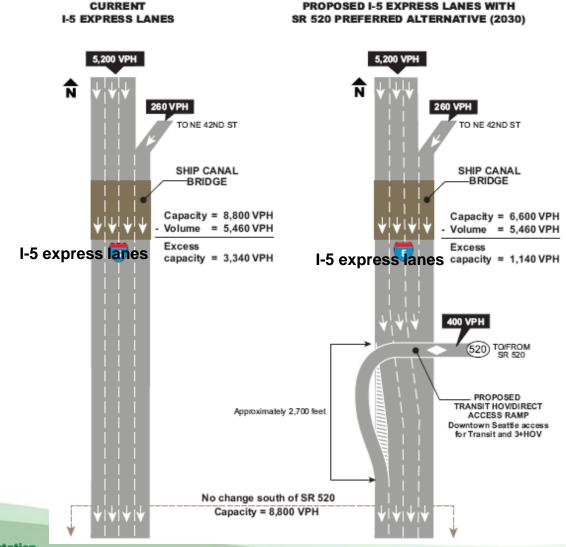








Preferred Alternative: I-5 Express Lane Configuration



Summary of Findings: Cultural Resources

- The project area includes a number of historic and cultural resources.
- Section 106 of the NHPA requires agencies to consider the protection of historic and cultural resources when undertaking Federal projects.
- Proposed mitigation is described in the Section 106
 Programmatic Agreement signed by:
 - WSDOT
 - Advisory Council of Historic Preservation
 - Federal Highway Administration
 - US Army Corps of Engineers

- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
- Washington State Historic Preservation Officer
- 20 consulting parties, including the city of Seattle, with a demonstrated interest in cultural resources



Historic home in the Roanoke Park Historic District



Historic home in the Montlake Historic District

Summary of Findings: Noise

- Once the project is constructed, traffic noise will be reduced.
- WSDOT is incorporating noise-reducing elements.
- Other project design elements may further reduce noise.
- Because of the noise reductions achieved by design changes, noise walls are not proposed in the Seattle portion of the project area.

Summary of Findings: Ecosystems

- The preferred alternative is the Least Environmentally Damaging
 Practicable Alternative under the Corps of Engineers' wetland regulations.
- Mitigation: Compensatory mitigation for effects to wetlands is required. Wetland and aquatic mitigation is proposed at the following locations:
 - Washington Park Arboretum in Seattle
 - WSDOT Peninsula
 - Union Bay Natural area south of Arboretum
 - Magnuson Park in Seattle
 - Cedar River floodplain in King County

- Bear Creek in Redmond
- Taylor Creek near south Lake Washington
- Under the SR 520 east approach in Medina
- Seward Park in Seattle
- South Lake Washington

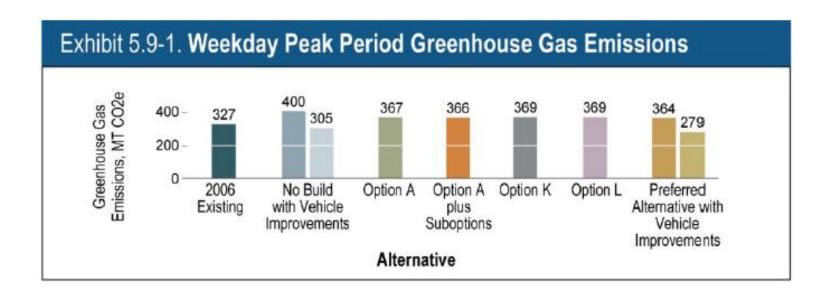


Arboretum Creek.



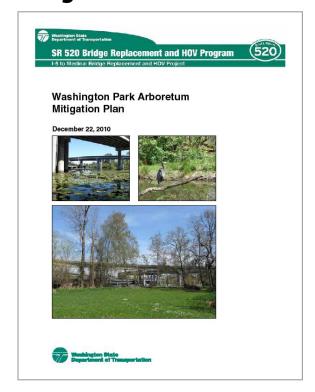
Summary of Findings: Energy and Greenhouse Gases

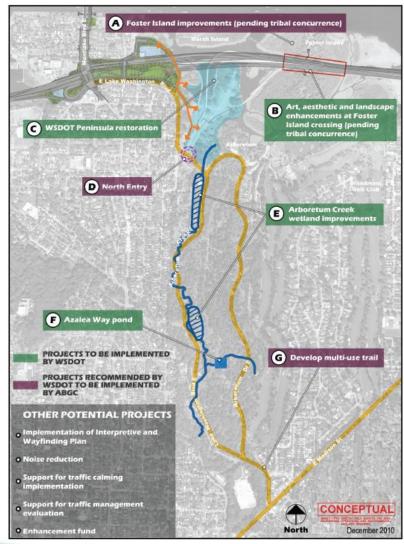
 Reduces annual vehicle miles traveled on SR 520 by five to ten percent and greenhouse gas emissions by almost 10 percent.





Implementation: Arboretum Mitigation Projects







Projects identified in the 2010 Arboretum Mitigation Plan.

Implementation: Arboretum Traffic Calming

 WSDOT is working in partnership with SDOT to implement traffic calming through the Arboretum.



Potential traffic calming strategies

Implementation: Neighborhood Traffic Management Planning

 WSDOT is launching an effort in partnership with SDOT on a neighborhood traffic management plan for the Montlake Boulevard and 23rd Avenue corridor.

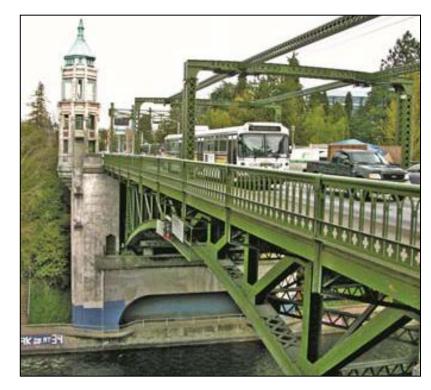






Implementation: Second Bascule Bridge Triggers

- City of Seattle is leading an effort with WSDOT to establish three separate metrics to trigger the construction of the second bascule bridge.
 - 1. Travel time
 - 2. Shared use path levels of service
 - 3. SR 520 operations.



Existing Montlake Bascule Bridge

Implementation: Montlake Triangle Project



