

# Recruitment & Retention Study Joint Transportation Committee

Presented By:
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## **Scope and Purpose**

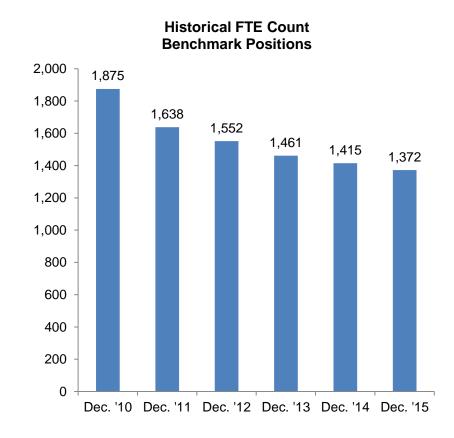
- **Purpose:** The Connecting Washington package directed WSDOT to provide a report regarding preliminary engineering employee recruitment and retention issues.
- **Scope:** The report considered issues affecting program oversight and delivery by looking at compensation issues that might hinder recruitment and retention of a quality, core workforce in the engineering segment of these programs:
  - Right of way
  - Design
  - Construction

## **Workforce Background**

### **Summary**

- WSDOT has nearly 7,000 employees who design, build and manage the state's transportation system.
- Approximately 2,000 engineers and technical employees perform or oversee this work.
- As Nickel and TPA funded projects were nearing an end, the Legislature mandated (ESHB 2190) that WSDOT reduce its engineering and technical services workforce.

### **Benchmark Reductions**



## Methodology

#### **Multiple Data Sources & Perspectives:**

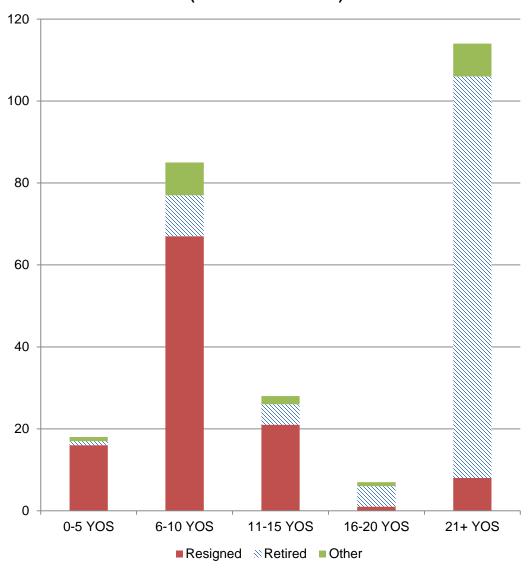
- Over the course of the study, the project team used a variety of tools to evaluate WSDOT's recruitment process, retention experience, and competitive market position.
- The tools used in this study included:
  - Interviews with WSDOT staff
    - Focus Groups of employees in the benchmark classifications
    - WSDOT Human Resources & Recruitment staff
    - Office of Financial Management (OFM) State Human Resources
    - WSDOT Regional Administrators & Assistant Regional Administrators
  - Review of data provided by the WSDOT Office of Human Resources and the OFM State Human Resources
  - Benchmark compensation surveys of local public sector employers in Washington State
  - Survey of WSDOT former employees in the benchmark classifications who separated from the agency between January 1, 2013 and December 31, 2015



### **WSDOT Attrition by Tenure and Reason** (1/1/2013 - 12/31/2015)

#### **The Attrition**

- WSDOT is experiencing increasing attrition in midcareer and late-career workers
- 6 to10 years of service through resignation for other jobs
- 21+ years of service through retirement
- Survey findings of separated employees concluded compensation emerged as a primary driver of attrition

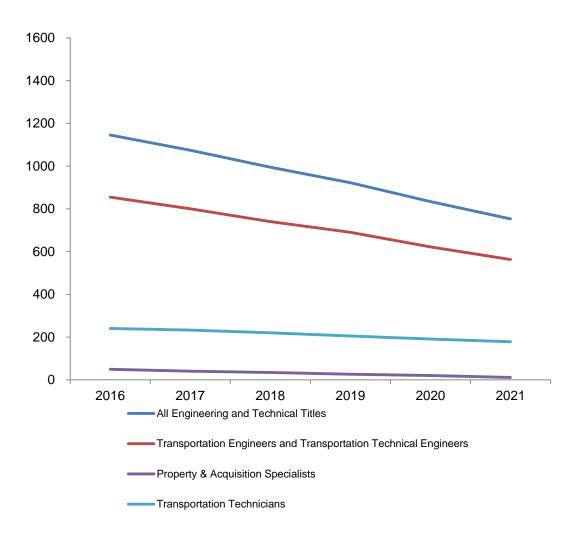




### Engineering and Technical Positions Vacancies CY2016-2021

#### The Need

- During the next five years, WSDOT is projected to lose more than 45 percent of its engineering staff through attrition
- This means WSDOT will be in the labor market for the next 5 years trying to attract new talent to meet the demands of program delivery



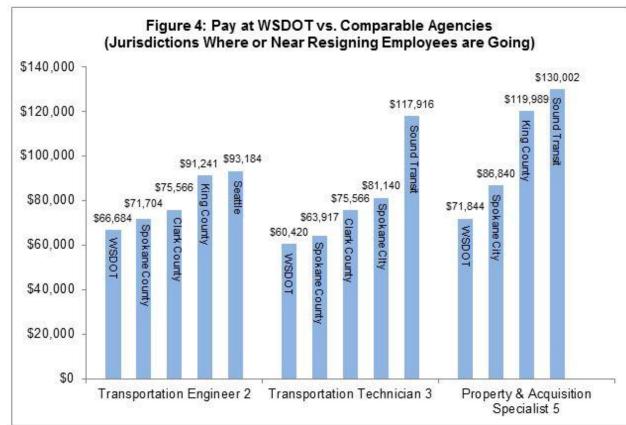
#### **The Market**

- The competition for engineering and technical talent is strong
- WSDOT pay lags other public sector and private sector employers by significant margins
- Pay differences are greatest in the heavilypopulated, high cost-ofliving Northwest region
- Less competitive wages put WSDOT in a difficult position from a recruitment and retention perspective

Table 1: Summary of Local Public Sector Employers Wage Comparisons		
	WSDOT Variance from Median	Rank
Transportation Engineer 1	-13.5%	6 of 6
Transportation Engineer 2	-24.2%	6 of 6
Transportation Engineer 3	-21.6%	7 of 7
Transportation Engineer 4	-28.4%	8 of 8
Transportation Engineer 5	-29.0%	7 of 7
Transportation Technical Engineer	-0.3%	3 of 3
Transportation Technician 1	-16.2%	6 of 6
Transportation Technician 2	-18.2%	7 of 7
Transportation Technician 3	-25.5%	6 of 6
Property & Acquisition Specialist 1	-32.0%	4 of 5
Property & Acquisition Specialist 2	-33.9%	5 of 6
Property & Acquisition Specialist 3	-32.0%	6 of 7
Property & Acquisition Specialist 4	-29.3%	5 of 5
Property & Acquisition Specialist 5	-21.4%	7 of 7
Property & Acquisition Specialist 6	-13.9%	3 of 3

### **Overview**

 Compensation for engineering and technical workers is significantly under market.



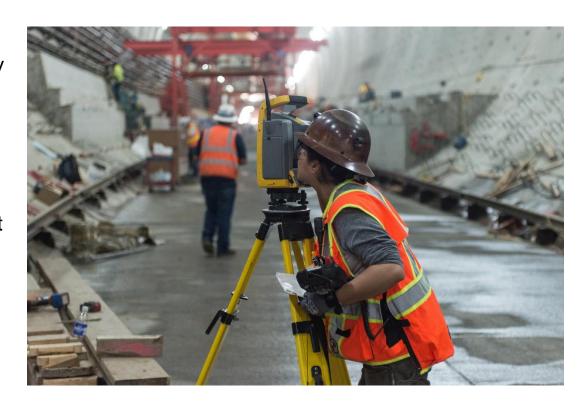
## **Major Compensation Findings**

- WSDOT compensation for each classification ranks at or near the bottom.
- Employee contributions to health benefits are among the highest.
- Employee pension contributions are among the lowest of those jurisdictions that offer a retirement plan other than PERS.

Region	Variance Median for all Titles	
Northwest	-33.2%	
Olympic	-25.3%	
Eastern	-4.9%	
Southwest	-15.5%	

## **Recommendations Overview**

- Management needs to develop a service-delivery plan for the recentlyapproved construction program.
- Determine how much of the upcoming design and construction management work will be done inhouse or how much will be contracted out. (2ESSB 5997 & RCW 47.01)
- This will drive hiring needs on what skillset to hire.



# Recruitment: Findings & Recommendations

### **Staffing Plan**

- The staffing plan through 2019 is to maintain current levels of FTE allocations.
- WSDOT will work with partners to develop the Construction Program Business Plan required by 2ESSB 5997.
- Plan will utilize mixture of WSDOT staff and consultants.

### Recommendation

- WSDOT management should develop a plan for how they are going to staff projects.
- Regular and scheduled meetings between top WSDOT staff and recruitment staff would help identify staffing needs.

# **Recommendations Overview**

- Recruitment processes need to utilize more proactive methods to find and attract qualified candidates
- Experienced engineers are unlikely to come to WSDOT without adjustments in compensation first.



# Recruitment: Findings & Recommendations

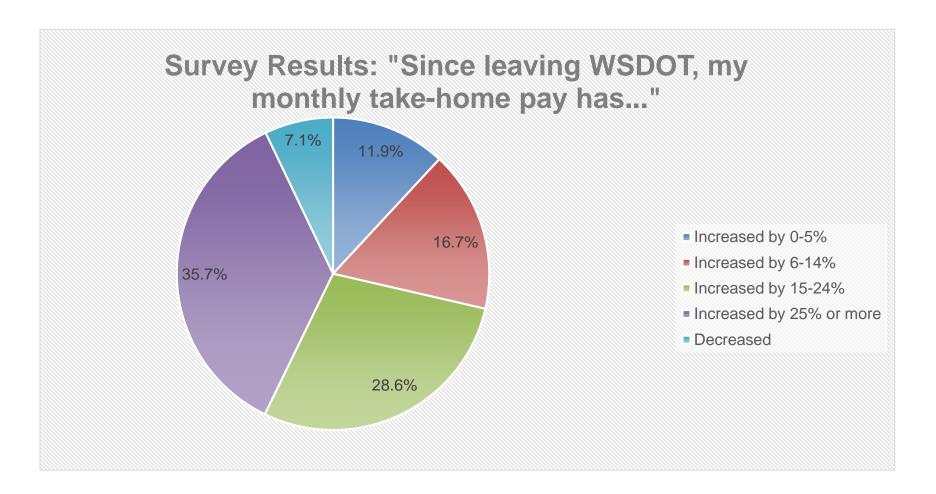
### **Training**

- There is a need for training of new employees that will be difficult to meet.
- The reduction in allocated positions over the last several years affected lower-tenured employees the most.
- WSDOT has fewer trained lower-level employees and a looming retirement bubble that will further drain experienced engineers.

### Recommendation

- Using existing vacant FTE positions to bring on new hires as early as possible for training from more experienced staff that is likely to be leaving the agency.
- WSDOT should recruit qualified retirees who can help provide training on an ad hoc basis.

# Retention: Findings & Recommendations



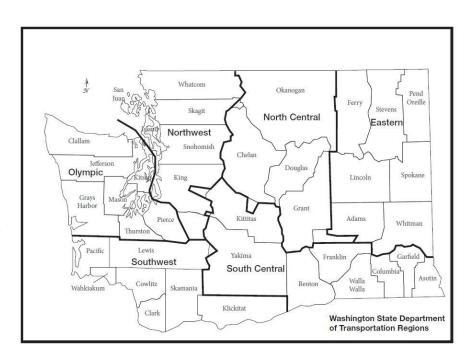
# Retention: Findings & Recommendations

### **Geographic Pay**

 Expanding the use of geographic pay to other titles would be effective in addressing WSDOT's low base.

#### Recommendation

- Geographic assignment pay should be expanded to include all benchmark classifications.
- The agency should consider setting this pay based on region



## Conclusion

# WSDOT will need to address the disparity in compensation for engineering & technical workers because:

- WSDOT is projected to lose nearly 45% of their current engineering workforce in the next 5 years.
- While the majority of employees at WSDOT are satisfied with their work people continue to leave for better pay.
- Majority of employees leave WSDOT for better pay in the range of 15%+.
- WSDOT is last in the market on major compensation items.

## Questions

For additional information on WSDOT's Recruitment & Retention Study, please contact:

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