

# **Restoring Fish Passage at WSDOT Stream Crossings**

#### Joint Transportation Committee

Megan White, P.E.
Director
Environmental Services Office

November 10, 2016

Jeff Carpenter, P.E.
Director and State Design Engineer
Development Division

Roger Millar, Secretary of Transportation

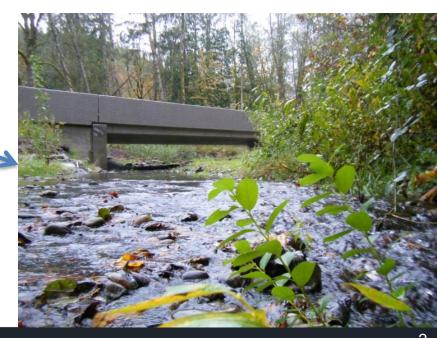
Keith Metcalf, Deputy Secretary of Transportation

## **WSDOT Statewide Fish Passage Summary**

- 1,989 WSDOT fish passage barriers statewide
  - 1,530 with significant habitat (>200 m)
- 301 statewide fish barrier corrections as of June 2016
- Nearly 1,000 miles of habitat opened



SR 9 Lake Creek north of Lake McMurray



## Federal "Culvert" Injunction March 2013

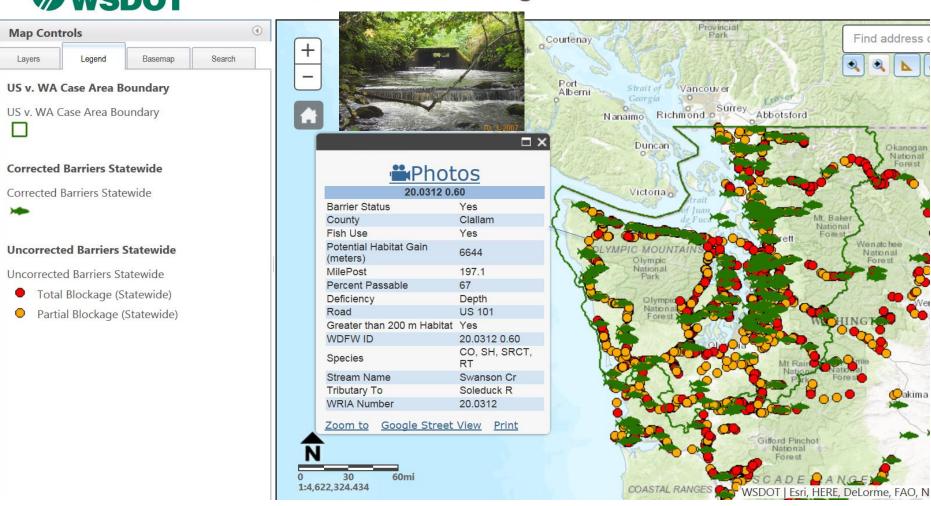
- 996 WSDOT culvert barriers subject to injunction as of June 2016
- 825 with significant habitat (>200 m)
  - Must be corrected by 2030
  - Some barriers (up to 10% of the habitat)
     can be deferred until they reach the end of
     their life, or corrected as part of other
     transportation projects
    - Requires about 475 barrier corrections to reach 90% of the habitat
- 171 barriers having <200 m habitat must be corrected as culverts reach the end of their life, or as part of other transportation projects



**Area Covered by Injunction** 

#### **WSDOT**

#### **WSDOT Fish Passage Barriers**



http://www.wsdot.wa.gov/Projects/FishPassage/default.htm



## Injunction Standard – Crossings Must Mimic Natural Stream Conditions

This standard applies to stand-alone projects as well as fish passage projects completed as part of larger transportation projects



BEFORE: Existing US 101 Owl Creek barrier culvert.



AFTER: New 10-foot wide stream crossing constructed 2014.

### **Evolution of a fish passage project**

#### **SR 99 West Fork Hylebos Creek**



BEFORE: Previous culvert had excessive velocities and outfall drop.



AFTER: New 20-foot wide stream crossing constructed 2015. *Photo taken 1 month after construction.* 



AFTER: New 20-foot wide stream crossing constructed 2015. *Photo taken 1 year after construction.* 

## **Correction Status – 2013 Injunction through 2016 Construction Season**

Injunction Target – Open 90% Habitat by 2030 (~475 Barrier Corrections)

Barriers Addressed Through 2016	Number	Cost	
Stand Alone Corrections	29	\$67.2 M	(Actual)
Included in Larger Transportation Projects,			
including Emergency Repairs	14	\$30.2 M*	(Estimate)
TOTAL	. 43	\$97.4M	

<sup>\*</sup>From 2011 Program-Level Estimate

Remaining Barriers to be Addressed to Reach 90% Habitat by 2030	Number
Stand Alone Corrections	432
Included in Larger Transportation Projects	TBD**
TOTAL	. 432

**GRAND TOTAL** ~475

<sup>\*\*</sup>Evaluation in Process

#### **Cost to Meet Culvert Injunction**

#### \$2.4 billion – current estimate

- Estimate determined considering stream width; length of culvert and height of roadway above the culvert
- Using the factors above, projects were categorized as small, medium and large
- Standard costs were established for these categories
- Overall estimate includes inflation

#### Estimate doesn't include:

- correcting barriers outside injunction area
- cost of correcting barriers with <200 meters of habitat</li>
- cost of correcting future barriers

### Fish Passage Injunction Delivery Plan

**Current Law, including Connecting Washington Funds** 

•							
Biennium	13-15	15-17	17-19	19-21	21-23	23-25 to 29-31	Cumulative Total thru 29-31
Total Funding	\$23.8	\$88.7	\$85.0	\$84.4	\$91.4	\$290.9	\$664.2
Cumulative	10*	42*	62	0.4	00	1.40*	140.450*
<b>Barriers Corrected</b>	18*	43*	63	84	98	149*	140-150*
Cumulative	40/	4.40/	240/	270/	420/	F F 0 /	F00/ + - C00/**
Habitat Gain %	4%	14%	24%	37%	42%	55%	50% to 60%**

<sup>\*</sup>Includes barriers in other highway projects

<sup>\*\*</sup>Per tribal agreement, WSDOT re-estimates habitat blocked yearly based on new information

#### Fish Passage Barrier Removal Board

- Collaborative effort among state agencies, local governments, tribes, private landowners, and salmon recovery groups (RCW 77.95.160)
- Evaluating priority locations for watershed approach
- Promoting coordination and partnerships building on previous and planned fish passage investments by WSDOT and others
- WSDOT serves on Board, coordinates work as much as possible

SR 522 Lyon Creek project constructed in 2015.



#### **Dogfish Creek Fish Passage Coordination**



## **Cost and Complexity Drivers**

- **Traffic Management**
- Site characteristics
- Right of Way



Little Creek temporary traffic shift



#### **Cost and Complexity Drivers**

- Public Safety
- Design Requirements
  - Geotechnical Conditions
  - Traffic Volumes and Loads
  - Seismic
- In-Water Work Timing Limitations



SR 202 Coe Clemmons Creek



SR 542 Anderson Creek



SR 522 Lyon Creek

#### **Efficiencies in Correcting Barriers**

- Developed specialized fish passage delivery teams
- Created standard designs for buried structures for 20 60 foot spans
- Streamlined Federal ESA consultations programmatic approvals in place (e.g., NOAA approvals now taking 2 days compared to 45-288 days in past)
- Established Executive Oversight Committee with WDFW to improve the permitting process
- Implementing Practical Design -- focus on only correcting barriers, and not making other improvements
- Utilizing on-call consultants and Design/Build to meet delivery dates
- Bundling projects to achieve geographic efficiencies

#### Contact

For more information about Restoring Fish Passage at WSDOT Stream Crossings, please contact:

Megan White, P.E., Director
Washington State Department of Transportation
Environmental Services Office
(360) 705-7480, <a href="whitem@wsdot.wa.gov">whitem@wsdot.wa.gov</a>

Jeff Carpenter, P.E., Director
Washington State Department of Transportation
Development Division
(360) 705-7231, <a href="mailto:carpenj@wsdot.wa.gov">carpenj@wsdot.wa.gov</a>