Briefing Report:

Washington Health Benefit Exchange Options

Legislative Auditor's Conclusion:

Many part-time K-12 and higher education employees would likely pay more if insured through the Exchange

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Joint Legislative Audit & Review Committee

Report is first phase of possible two phase study

Report estimates impacts of shifting coverage: not an audit of Washington Health Benefit Exchange

Original design: possible two phase study

Question for JLARC:

Is preliminary information sufficient, or does JLARC wish to attempt a more precise answer with a second phase? Washington Health Benefits Exchange offers marketplace for individual insurance plans

What would be the effect of moving part-time K-12 and higher ed employees from employer group coverage to the Exchange?

Estimate: Many likely to pay more if purchasing coverage through Exchange

Older part-time employees could pay higher premiums on Exchange

Many employees unlikely to qualify for subsidies to help reduce higher premiums

Needed for exact answers: age, where employee lives, household income, # of dependents, spouse's access to coverage—some of this key information not available

Part-time employees currently have employer group coverage



\$275M state and local dollars for health care

3 analyses to estimate potential impact of shifting part-time employees



"What if?" scenarios:

Some could pay less, others more



Data-driven estimates:

Many employees likely to pay more



Policy considerations:

Potential for additional impacts

3 analyses to estimate potential impact of shifting part-time employees



"What if?" scenarios:

Some could pay less, others more



Data-driven estimates:

Many employees likely to pay more



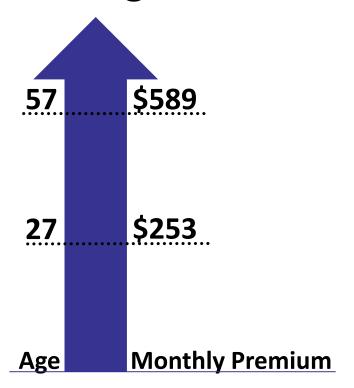
Policy considerations:

Potential for additional impacts



Scenarios model effects of age and income

Premiums Increase with Age on Exchange



Comparable plan to PEBB

Federal Subsidies are Based on Income

Premium Assistance

Less than 400% of federal poverty level

- Scaled based on income
- \$47K for an individual
- \$95K for a family of four

Out of Pocket Expenses

Less than 250% FPL

- Scaled based on income
- \$29K for an individual
- \$61K for a family of four



Some may pay less: Lower premiums, subsidies available



Age	35
Family Income	\$23K
Percent FPL	143%



Premium assistance subsidy



Employee pays \$48 less per month than current premium



Out of pocket expense subsidy



Some may pay more: Higher premium despite subsidy



Age	45
Family Income	\$94K
Percent FPL	388%



Premium assistance subsidy

\$728 more per month than current premium

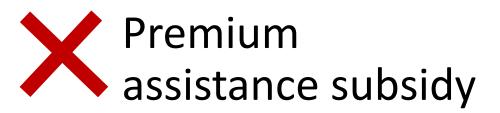
Out of pocket expense subsidy



Some may pay more: Higher premium, no subsidy



Age	60
Family Income	\$94K
Percent FPL	590%

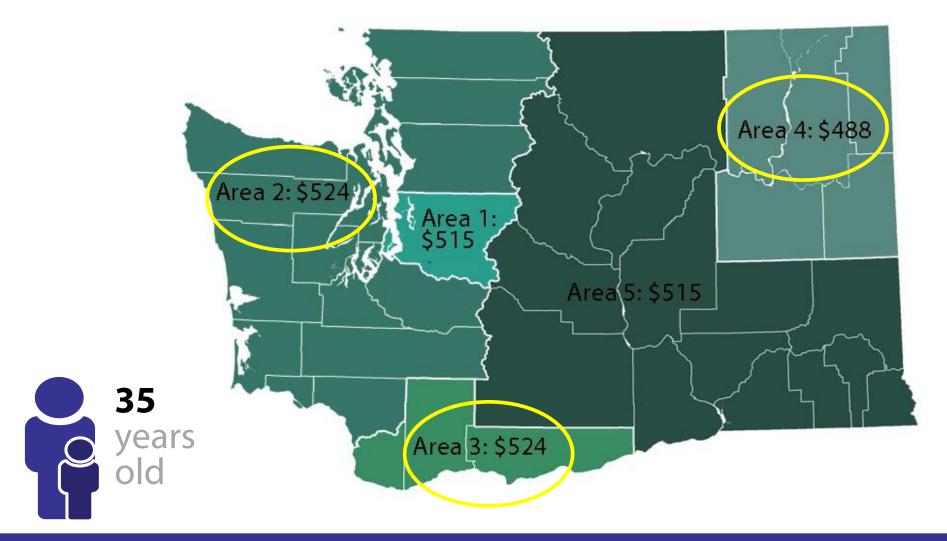


\$1,193 more per month than current premium





Rates for the same plan on the Exchange vary by location



3 analyses to estimate potential impact of shifting part-time employees



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Policy considerations:

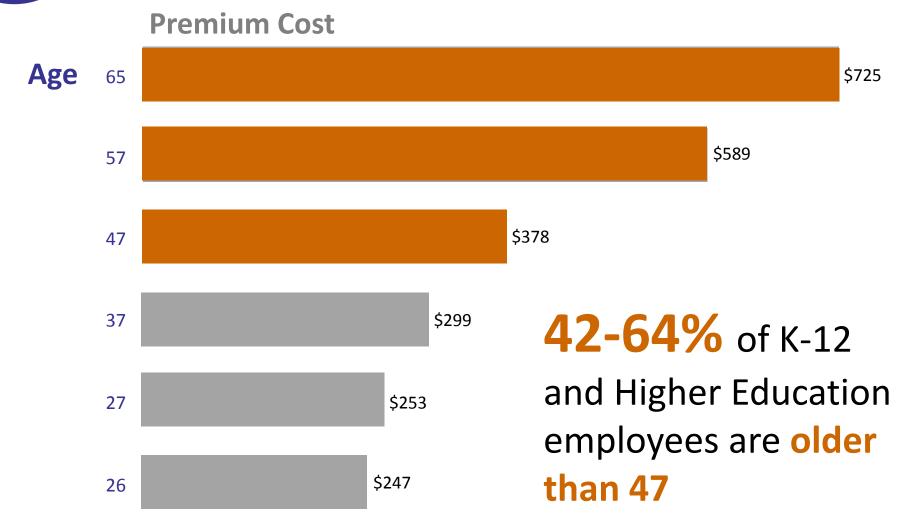
Potential for additional impacts

Answering question requires data that the state does not collect

	Part-time K-12	Part-time higher ed	
Factors that affect premiums			
Age	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Where they live	Incomplete	\checkmark	
Factors that affect eligibility for subsidies			
Household income	*	×	
Dependents	Incomplete	Incomplete	
Spouse's access to coverage	×	Incomplete	



Older employees could pay higher premiums





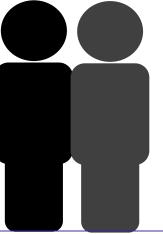
Many employees are unlikely to qualify for subsidies

42-61%



Live in households above 400% of the federal poverty level

44-67%



Have working spouse who may have access to other coverage

3 analyses to estimate potential impact of shifting part-time employees



"What if?" scenarios:

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Data-driven estimates:

Many employees likely to pay more



Policy considerations:

Potential for additional impacts



Policy issues for Legislative consideration

Reimbursement

 IRS ruled that employer cannot reimburse portion of premium or out of pocket costs for Exchange

Insurance

- Adult vision and dental coverage
- Unknown impact to PEBB and districts' risk pools

Personnel

- Recruitment and retention
- Equity: employees performing similar work treated differently

McCleary decision

 May be implications, employee benefits are part of compensation

Next steps

Is preliminary information sufficient, or does JLARC wish to attempt a more precise answer with a second phase?

Additional study does not guarantee more accurate answer

Proposed Approach

\$30-\$40K for social science research firm

Risks



Same data challenges – key data not collected



Propose using older, national level data.

Accurate for WA?

\$630K for health care actuary



Propose voluntary survey of employees for personal data.

Response rate?

Summary: Many likely to pay more if purchasing coverage through Exchange

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Many employees unlikely to qualify for subsidies to help reduce higher premiums

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