

Disposition
of.

be the custodian. The state treasurer shall keep an account of his records of said fund and of all sums deposited therein and expended or withdrawn therefrom. Any sums placed in said forest development fund shall be kept separate and apart from the funds of the state treasury, and shall not be deemed to be a part of the state treasury funds, but shall be pledged for the purpose of paying interest and principal on the bonds issued by the state forest board, and for the purchase of land for growing timber; and any of such bonds shall be a first and prior claim and lien against said fund for the payment of principal and interest. No sums shall be withdrawn or paid out of said fund except upon order of said state forest board.

Passed the Senate February 17, 1933.

Passed the House March 8, 1933.

Approved by the Governor March 16, 1933.

CHAPTER 119.

[S. B. 233.]

CROP LIENS.

AN ACT relating to liens upon crops, and amending sections 4 and 12 of chapter 256 of the Laws of 1927.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Amends
§ 4, ch. 256,
Laws of
1927.

SECTION 1. That section 4 of chapter 256 of the Laws of 1927, page 578 (section 1188-4 of Remington's Compiled Statutes, 1927 Supplement) be amended to read as follows:

Lien for
work and
labor done.

Section 4. Every person claiming a lien, under the provisions of this act for work and labor done, must within twenty days, after the cessation of the work or labor for which the lien is claimed, file for record, in the office of the county auditor

Filing of
claim.

of the county in which the crop or crops upon which the lien is claimed are growing or were grown, a claim of lien, subscribed and verified under oath by the claimant, or some one in his behalf, to the effect that the affiant believes the claim to be just.

In case the lease under which the landlord claims a lien for rent has been recorded in the office of the county auditor of the county where the demised premises are situated, such recording shall constitute notice of claim of lien for rent during the first three years of the leasehold period, but any claim for damages, by a landlord, for failure of faithful performance of the lease must be recorded within the time, and in the manner herein above in this section provided.

Every landlord claiming a lien upon the crop or crops growing or grown upon the demised premises in any year, under the provisions of this act, for rent or the faithful performance of an unrecorded lease must, on or before the first day of June in such year, file for record, in the office of the county auditor of the county in which the crop or crops upon which the lien is to be claimed are growing or were grown, a claim of lien, subscribed and verified under oath by the claimant, or some one in his behalf, to the effect that the affiant believes the claim to be just.

SEC. 2. That section 12 of chapter 256 of the Laws of 1927, page 583, (section 1188-12 of Remington's Compiled Statutes, 1927 Supplement) be amended to read as follows:

Section 12. It shall be conclusively presumed by the court, in any action brought under the provisions of this act, that any one purchasing property subject to any lien under the provisions of this act, within the period given herein to claimants within which to file their liens, is not an innocent third party, and that he has not become a bona fide owner

Lien for
rent.

Recorded
lease:
notice.

Unrecorded
lease.

Filing of
claim.

Amends
§ 12, ch. 256,
Laws of
1927.

Purchaser
during lien
period not
innocent 3rd
party.

of the property, so purchased, unless it shall appear that he has paid full value for such property, and has required the purchase money of said property to be applied to the payment of such bona fide claimants as are entitled to liens upon said property under the provisions of this act.

Passed the Senate March 4, 1933.

Passed the House March 9, 1933.

Approved by the Governor March 16, 1933.

CHAPTER 120.

[S. B. 150.]

REGULATING BARBER SHOPS.

AN ACT authorizing all cities of the first, second, third and fourth class in the state to regulate by ordinance the hours and time of opening and closing of barber shops.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Power to regulate barber shops.

SECTION 1. The governing body of any city of the first, second, third and fourth class in the state shall have power to regulate and fix by ordinance the hours and time of opening and closing of barber shops on week days [and] to provide that any violation of such ordinance shall be a misdemeanor, and to fix and enforce penalties within the limit of the jurisdiction of such cities for such violation.

Passed the Senate February 16, 1933.

Passed the House March 8, 1933.

Approved by the Governor March 16, 1933.