

SEC. 2. That the proceeds of all federal war risk insurance, heretofore or hereafter written, executed or issued or heretofore or hereafter paid or become a part of the estate of an insured, deceased soldier, shall be exempt from inheritance tax in passing from the Federal Government to the estate of such deceased soldier, and in passing from the estate of such deceased soldier to his heirs, legatees, devisees or beneficiaries.

Federal war risk insurance proceeds exempt.

SEC. 3. That in case this act or any part thereof shall be held unconstitutional, such holding shall only apply to this act or a part thereof and shall not apply to any other act.

If part unconstitutional not to affect balance.

Passed the House March 4, 1929.

Passed the Senate March 12, 1929.

Approved by the Governor March 20, 1929.

CHAPTER 136.

[H. B. 413.]

MONIES COLLECTED BY EMPLOYERS FOR MEDICAL AID.

AN ACT relating to claims for medical, surgical and hospital care and treatment and to the burial of workmen engaged in extra-hazardous employments and of their families and dependents, when such claims are not chargeable to the state medical aid fund but are payable by employers, either in whole or in part, from monies collected from employees or deducted from their wages or payable in part by the employer and in part by his employees, and providing for the priority of payment of such claims, and providing for liens therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. All monies realized by any employer from his or its employees either by collection or by deduction from the wages or pay of employees intended or to be used for the furnishing to workmen engaged in extra-hazardous work, their families or

Employer's deductions from wages, trust funds.

Medical,
surgical or
hospital care.

dependents, of medical, surgical or hospital care and treatment, or for nursing, ambulance service, burial or any or all of the above enumerated services, or any service incidental to or furnished or rendered because of sickness, disease, accident or death, and all monies owing by any employer therefor, shall be and remain a fund for the purposes for which such monies are intended to be used, and shall not constitute or become any part of the assets of the employer making such collections or deductions: *Provided, however,* That this act shall not apply to monies collected or deducted as aforesaid for, or owing by employers to the state medical aid fund. Such monies shall be paid over promptly to the physician or surgeon or hospital association or other parties to which such monies are due and for the purposes for which such collections or deductions were made.

No part of
employer's
assets.

Default in
payment
gives right
of action.

SEC. 2. If any such employer shall default in any such payment to any physician, surgeon, hospital, hospital association or any other parties to whom any such payment is due, the sum so due may be collected by an action at law in the name of the physician, surgeon, hospital, hospital association or any other party to whom such payment is owing, or their assigns and against such defaulting employer, and in addition to such action, such claims shall have the same priority and lien rights as granted to the state for claims due the accident and medical aid funds by section 7682 of Remington's Compiled Statutes of Washington, 1922, and acts amendatory thereto, which priority and lien rights shall be enforced in the same manner and under the same conditions as provided in said section 7682: *Provided, however,* That the said claims for physicians, surgeons, hospitals and hospital associations and others shall be secondary and inferior to any claims of the state and to any claims for labor. Such right of action shall

Priority and
lien rights.

Claims of
physicians,
hospitals
inferior to
state and
labor claims.

be in addition to any other right of action or remedy.

Passed the House March 7, 1929.

Passed the Senate March 12, 1929.

Approved by the Governor March 20, 1929.

CHAPTER 137.

[H. B. 139.]

GAME FISH.

AN ACT relating to game fish and amending Section 4 of Chapter 178 of the Laws of the Extraordinary Session of 1925.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. That section 4 of chapter 178 of the Laws of the Extraordinary Session of 1925, page 495, as amended by section 1 of chapter 258 of the Laws of 1927, page 588, be amended to read as follows:

Amends § 4,
Chap. 178,
Ex. Laws
1925; § 1,
Chap. 258,
Laws 1927.

Section 4. The words "game fish" wherever used in this act, shall be held to mean and include any *Salmo clarkii*, commonly known as cut-throat trout, *Salmo irideus*, commonly known as rainbow trout, *Salve-linus fontinalis*, commonly known as eastern brook trout, *Oncorhynchus nerka kennerleyi*, commonly known as silver trout, *Christivomer namaycush*, commonly known as Mackinaw trout, *Micropterus dolomieu*, or *M. Salmoides*, commonly known as bass, *Coregonus Williamsoni*, commonly known as white fish, *Perca flavescens*, commonly known as perch, *Salmo gairdneri*, commonly known as steelhead, *Pomoxis annularis*, commonly known as crappie, and sunfish, bream, pike and catfish. *Provided*, That it shall be lawful for any person holding a license to operate any net, purse seine, pound net, set net, gill net, fish trap or other legal fishing appliance for taking salmon, to fish for, catch and take

Game fish
defined.

Operators of
nets, seines
or traps
may take
steel heads.