

Divorce.
Grounds for.

(8) Imprisonment in a state or federal penal institution if complaint is filed during the term of such imprisonment.

(9) A divorce may be granted to either or both parties in all cases where they have heretofore lived or shall hereafter live separate and apart for a period of two consecutive years or more, without regard to fault in the separation.

(10) In all cases where the defendant, at the time of commencement of the action, is suffering from chronic mania or dementia, established by competent medical testimony to have existed for at least two years prior to the filing of the complaint, such insanity shall be the sole and exclusive ground upon which the court may, in its discretion, grant a divorce.

Passed the Senate March 17, 1965.

Passed the House March 23, 1965.

Approved by the Governor March 31, 1965.

CHAPTER 16.

[House Bill No. 76.]

COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES—CAMPUS POLICE.

AN ACT relating to campus police at state colleges; and amending sections 1, 2, and 3, chapter 123, Laws of 1949, and RCW 28.76.310, 28.76.320 and 28.76.330.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

RCW 28.76.310
amended.

SECTION 1. Section 1, chapter 123, Laws of 1949, and RCW 28.76.310 are each amended to read as follows:

State colleges,
universities—
Police force.
Authorized.

The board of regents of Washington State University, the board of regents of the University of Washington, and the boards of trustees of the state

colleges, acting independently and each on behalf of its own institution:

(1) may each establish a police force for its own institution, which force shall function under such conditions and regulations as the board prescribes; and

(2) may supply appropriate badges and uniforms indicating the positions and authority of the members of such police force.

SEC. 2. Section 2, chapter 123, Laws of 1949, and RCW 28.76.320 are each amended to read as follows: RCW 28.76.320 amended.

The members of a police force established in conformity with the provisions of RCW 28.76.310, when appointed and duly sworn: —Powers.

(1) shall be peace officers of the state and have such police powers as are vested in sheriffs and peace officers generally under the laws of this state; and

(2) may exercise such powers upon state lands devoted mainly to the educational or research activities of the institution to which they were appointed; and

(3) shall have power to pursue and arrest beyond such limits, if necessary, all or any violators of the rules or regulations herein provided for.

SEC. 3. Section 3, chapter 123, Laws of 1949 and RCW 28.76.330 are each amended to read as follows: RCW 28.76.330 amended.

The board of regents of Washington State University and of the University of Washington, and the boards of trustees of the state colleges, acting independently and each on behalf of its own institution, may each establish and promulgate rules and regulations governing pedestrian traffic and vehicular traffic and parking upon state lands devoted mainly to the educational or research activities of its own institution. —Establishment of traffic regulations.

Passed the House March 18, 1965.

Passed the Senate March 23, 1965.

Approved by the Governor April 2, 1965.

CHAPTER 17.

[House Bill No. 86.]

CRIMES—ARSON.

AN ACT relating to crimes and punishments; and amending section 40, page 82, Laws of 1854 as last amended by section 2, chapter 11, Laws of 1963 and RCW 9.09.020; and prescribing penalties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

RCW 9.09.020 amended.

SECTION 1. Section 40, page 82, Laws of 1854 as last amended by section 2, chapter 11, Laws of 1963 and RCW 9.09.020 are each amended to read as follows:

Arson. Second degree.

Every person who, under circumstances not amounting to arson in the first degree, shall wilfully and maliciously burn or set on fire any building, or any structure or erection appurtenant to or joining any building, or any wharf, dock, threshing machine, threshing engine, automobile or other motor vehicle, motorboat, steamboat, sailboat, aircraft, bridge or trestle, or any hay, grain, crop or timber, whether cut or standing, or any range land, or pasture land, or any fence, or any lumber, shingle or other timber products, or other property, shall be guilty of arson in the second degree, and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state penitentiary for not more than ten years, or by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars, or by both.

Passed the House March 20, 1965.

Passed the Senate March 23, 1965.

Approved by the Governor April 2, 1965.