

Osteopathy and surgery—
"Unprofessional conduct" defined.

(7) The personation of another licensed practitioner of a like or different name.

(8) Exploiting or advertising through the press, or by the use of handbills, circulars or other periodicals, other than professional cards, giving only name, address, profession, office hours and telephone connections.

(9) The use or prescription for the use of narcotic drugs, or dangerous drugs described in RCW 69.40-.060, in any way other than for therapeutic purposes.

(10) Repeated acts of immorality, or repeated acts of gross misconduct in the practice of the profession.

(11) Unprofessional conduct as defined in chapter 19.68 RCW.

(12) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice osteopathy.

(13) Declaration of mental incompetency by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(14) Fraud or deceit in the obtaining of a license to practice osteopathy.

Passed the Senate February 21, 1963.

Passed the House March 11, 1963.

Approved by the Governor March 25, 1963.

CHAPTER 143.

[S. B. 208.]

STATE COLLEGES—STUDENT FEES.

AN ACT relating to education; amending section 3, chapter 13, Laws of 1961 first extraordinary session and RCW 28.81.080 and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

RCW 28.81.080 amended.

SECTION 1. Section 3, chapter 13, Laws of 1961 first extraordinary session and RCW 28.81.080 are each amended to read as follows:

The boards of trustees of Eastern Washington State College, Central Washington State College, and Western Washington State College shall, each quarter other than summer session charge to and collect from each of the full time students registered at the respective colleges general tuition fee and incidental fees as follows:

State colleges
—Student fees.

(1) Resident students

(a) General tuition fee, not less than fifteen dollars; and

(b) Incidental fees, an amount which, together with such general tuition fee, will be not less than fifty dollars nor more than seventy-seven dollars.

(2) Nonresident students

(a) General tuition fee, not less than forty-five dollars; and

(b) Incidental fees, an amount which, together with such general tuition fee, will be not less than one hundred and five dollars.

The term "incidental fees" as used in this section, without limiting the generality thereof, should be deemed to include all building fees, (except the above denominated general tuition fees), student activity fees, laboratory, library, gymnasium, and health fees charged all students registering at each college.

The term "resident students" as used in this section shall mean full-time students who have been domiciled in this state at least one year prior to the date of their registration and the children of federal employees residing within the state and children and spouses of staff members of the colleges. The term "nonresident students" shall mean all full-time students other than resident students.

In addition to the foregoing fees, the boards of trustees of the state colleges are authorized to make such charges as each board shall in its discretion determine, for application for admission, part time

State colleges
—Student fees.

instruction, summer sessions, short courses, correspondence courses, extension courses, noncredit instruction, deposits, breakage, disciplinary infractions, late registration, change of program, diplomas, special individual instruction or examination or service; materials, textbooks, yearbooks, equipment rental, or transportation, and to make and establish such charges and rentals as they may in their discretion determine for the use of all revenue-producing lands, buildings, and facilities of each college, heretofore or hereafter acquired, constructed, or installed, including but not limited to income from rooms, dormitories, dining rooms, hospital, infirmaries, housing, or student activity buildings or facilities, vehicular parking facilities, land, or the appurtenances thereon.

Emergency.

SEC. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

Passed the Senate March 2, 1963.

Passed the House March 11, 1963.

Approved by the Governor March 25, 1963.

CHAPTER 144.

[S. B. 225.]

VENDING STANDS IN PUBLIC BUILDINGS—BLIND PERSONS, PREFERENCE.

AN ACT relating to public assistance and to the operation of vending stands by blind persons on property owned by the state, county, city or political subdivision; and adding a new section to chapter 26, Laws of 1959 and to chapter 74.16 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

New section.

SECTION 1. There is added to chapter 26, Laws of 1959 and to chapter 74.16 RCW a new section to read as follows: