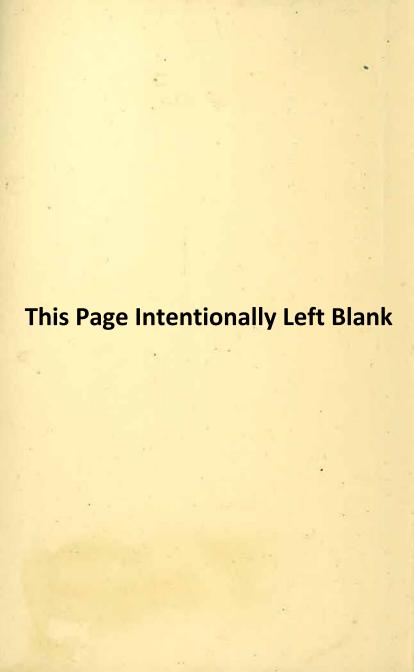
LECTION Reserve Doce 152j 1301 Pat Augeles 328.3 ments mich 1901 OF THE WASHINGTON STATE LIBRARY





# This Page Intentionally Left Blank

#### STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE SENATE.

AGRICULTURE.—Hall, Garber, Baumeister, Reser, Cornwell.

APPROPRIATIONS.—Hummer, Hamilton, Andrews, Biggs, Megler, Hall, Crow (Herman D.), Sharp, Reser.

CLAIMS AND AUDITING .- Davis, Angle, Hallett.

COMMERCE.—Clapp, Andrews, Crow (L. C.).

Constitution and Constitutional Revision.—Schofield, Ruth, Sumner, Hamilton, Welty, Baker, Tolman.

CORPORATIONS OTHER THAN MUNICIPAL.—Crow (Herman D.), Schofield, Clapp, Warburton, Reser, Hall, Biggs.

COUNTIES AND COUNTY BOUNDARIES. Baker, Garber, Stewart, Smith, Mantz.

DIKES, DRAINS AND DRAINAGE.-Welty, Hammer, Land.

EDUCATION.-LeCrone, Biggs, Andrews, Crow (L. C.), Cornwell.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.—Moultray, Andrews, Land, Hallett, Sharp. ELECTION AND PRIVILEGES.—Crow (L. C.), Davis, Hemrich, Sharp, Land.

ENGROSSED BILLS.—Clapp, Ruth, Megler. ENROLLED BILLS.—Welty, Crow (L. C.), Angle.

FISHERIES.—Megler, Moultray, Sumner, Hemrich, Angle, Rands, Baumeister.

HARBORS AND HARBOR LINES.—Sumner, Hemrich, Clapp, LeCrone, Schofield.

IRRIGATION AND ARID LANDS.—Sharp, Crow (L. C.), Baumeister, Cornwell. Garber.

JUDICIARY.--Warburton, Preston, Schofield, Crow (Herman D.), Mantz, Wilshire, Tolman, Rands, Hallett.

LABOR AND LABOR STATISTICS.—Land, Smith, Warburton, Reser, Megler.

MANUFACTURES .- Hemrich, Clapp. Davis.

MEDICINE, DENTISTRY, SURGRRY AND HYGENE.—Smith, LeCrone, Biggs.

MEMORIALS.—Garber, Baumeister, Andrews.

MILITARY .- Stewart, Crow, (L. C.), Sharp, Baker, Biggs.

MINES AND MINING.—Mantz, Moultray, Sumner, Garber, Smith. Stewart, Ruth.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.—Tolman, Schofield, Wilshire, Hemrich, Rands, Welty, Mantz.

PRINTING.—Angle, LeCrone, Smith, Land, Hammer.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.—Ruth, Angle, Megler, Wilshire, Baker.

PUBLIC MORALS.—Hallett, Stewart, Moultray.

PUBLIC REVENUE AND TAXATION.—Hamilton, Hemrich, Clapp, Baumeister, Ruth, Hallett, Crow (Herman D.).

RAILROADS AND TRANSPORTATION.—Preston, Hall, Sumner, Tolman, Mantz, Hammer, Angle.

ROADS AND BRIDGES.—Baumeister, Hammer, Davis, Rands, Baker, Land, Stewart.

SALARIES AND MILEAGE.—Reser, Ruth, Rands, Cornwell, Warburton.

STATE CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.—Rands, Hallett, Garber, LeCrone, Davis.

SENATE EMPLOYES OTHER THAN REGULAR.—Biggs, Sumner, Stewart, Baker, Crow (Herman D.).

STATE GRANTED, SCHOOL AND TIDE LANDS.—Andrews, Hamilton, Welty Clapp, Preston, Davis, Hall.

STATE LIBRARY.—Schofield, Wilshire, Warburton.

STATE PENAL AND REFORMATORY INSTITUTIONS.—Cornwell, Smith, Tolman, Hall, Warburton.

#### STANDING COMMITTEES SPECIAL TO THE SESSION.

LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT.—Wilshire, Hamilton, Sumner, Welty, Crow (Herman D.), Megler, Moultray, Mantz, Cornwell.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.—Hamilton, Moultray, Preston, Rands, Sharp, Crow (Herman D.), Cornwell.

# Joint Rules, Rules of the Senate

AND

# Rules of the House

OF THE

# State Legislature of Washington

TOGETHER WITH A LIST OF

State Officers, Members, Standing Committees and Employes.

SESSION OF 1901.

Printed by order of the Senate and House, Jan. 22, 1901.

E. D. COWEN, Clerk of the House. T. P. FISK, Secretary of the Senate.

OLYMPIA, WASH.:
GWIN HICKS, -- STATE PRINTER.
1901.

# DIRECTORY.

#### STATE OFFICERS.

Governor	.JOHN R. ROGERS	.Puyallup.
Private Secretary	.JOHN H. PELLETIER	.Tacoma.
Lieut. Governor	.HENRY McBRIDE	.Mt. Vernon.
Secretary of State	.SAM H. NICHOLS	.Everett.
Chief Clerk		
Dep'y Insurance Commissioner.		
Treasurer		
Chief Clerk.		
State Auditor		
Deputy		
Attorney General		
Assistant Attorney General		
Supt. Public Instruction		
Com. Public Lands		
Chief Clerk.		
State Printer		•
State Librarian		
Assistant State Librarian		
Adjt. General N. G. W		
State Inspector Coal Mines		
Com. Public Institutions		
State Grain Inspector		
Chief Deputy.		
Commissioner Labor		
Fish Commissioner		
Chief Deputy		
Dairy and Food Com		
Com. Horticulture		
Inspector Factories and Rys	.WILLIAM BLACKMAN	.Olympia.
THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN		

## SUPREME COURT.

Chief Justi	ice		J. B.	REAVIS		North Yal	rima	. Elected 1	896.
Associate	Judge.		г. J.	ANDERS		Walla Wa	lla	.Elected 1	.898.
Associate	Judge .		MAR	K A. FULL	ERTON.	Colfax:		. Elected 1	.898.
Associate	Judge.		R.O.	DUNBAR .		Goldendal	e	.Elected 1	900.
Associate	Judge.		WAI	LACE MOU	JNT	.Spokane.		.Elected 1	900.
Clerk Supr	reme C	ourt.	c.s.	REINHAR	E	Olympia.			
Reporter			E G	KREIDER		Olympia			

# GROUPING OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

GROUP	1:	Judiciary.
-------	----	------------

GROUP 2: Revenue and Taxation.
Congressional Districts.
Library.

GROUP 3: Appropriations. Fisheries.

GROUP 4: Education.
Irrigation and Arid Lands.
Printing.

GROUP 5: Railroads and Transportation. Legislative Apportionment.

GROUP 6: Corporations Other Than Municipal.
Dikes and Drainage.

GROUP 7: Commerce,
Constitution and Constitutional Revision.
Harbor and Harbor Lines,

GROUP 8: Municipal Corporations.

Medicine and Surgery.

Rules and Joint Rules.

GROUP 9: Claims and Auditing.
Labor and Labor Statistics.
Elections and Privileges.
Educational Institutions.

GROUP 10: Senate Employes Other Than Regular.
Public Morals.
Salaries and Mileage.

GROUP 11: Mines and Mining.

Roads and Bridges.

State Granted, School and Tide Lands.

GROUP 12: State Charitable Institutions.
Public Buildings and Grounds.
Manufactures.

GROUP 13: Counties and County Boundaries.
Agriculture.

GROUP 14: Military.

Memorials.

GROUP 15: State Penal and Reformatory Institutions

LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON FOR THE YEAR 1901, WITH POLI-

Hon. Henry McBride, Lieutenant-Governor, and President of the Senate, Mt. Vernon.

No. Dist.	Name of Senator.	Politics.	Occupation.	Counties represented.	Post office address.
1	Gotlieb Garber	Democrat	Farmer	Lincoln	Rearden.
2	Charles A Mantz	Democrat	Lawyer	Stevens	Colville.
3 5 0 7	Warren W. Tolman. Herman D. Crow. Stanley Hallett L. C. Crow. Oliver Hall.	Democrat Republican Democrat Democrat Republican	Lawyer	Spokane Spokane. Spokane. Whitman. Whitman	Spokane. Spokane. Medical Lake. Palouse. Colfax.
8	E. Baumeister	Republican	Merchant	Asotin Columbia Gardeld	Asotin.
9	Oliver T. Cornwell	Republican	Farmer	Franklin	Walla Walla.
10	W. P. Reser	Democrat	Farmer	Walla Walla	Walla Wslla.
11	J. P. Sharp	Republican	Farmer	i Kittitus	Ellensburg.
12	George H. Baker	Republican	Merchant	Yaldma	Goldendale.
18	E. M. Rands	Republican	Lawyer	Clarke	Vancouver.
14	J. G. Megler	Republican	Canneryman	Pacific	Brookfield.
15	J. R. Welty George D. Schofield.	Republican	Lawyer	Lewis	Chehalis. Montesano.
17	Grant C. Angle	Republican	Publisher	Kitsap	Shelton.

# LIST OF MEMBERS OF THE SENATE-CONCLUDED.

No. Dist.	Name of Senator.	Politics.	Occupation.	Counties represented.	Post office address.
18 19 20 21 22 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	C. I., Stewart. Ed. S. Humilton. Stanton Warburton. Lincoln Davis. S. M. Lecrone. J. J. Smith. Andrew Homriol. Harold Preston. W. W. Wilshire. L. B. Andrews. Paul Land. C. F. Clapp T. B. Sumner. E. Hammer.	Republican	Civil engineer. Merchant Stevedore Lawyer Insurance Druggist Physician Manufacturer Lawyer Lawyer Letired Iron Moulder Retired. Manufacturer. Merchant Manufacturer Physician	Thurston Pierce Pierce Pierce Pierce Pierce King King King King King King King King	Olympia. Puyallup. Tacoma. Tacoma. Tacoma. Tacoma. Franklin. Seattle. Seattle. Seattle. Seattle. Fremont. Port Townsend Everett. Sedro-Woolley Nooksack. New Whatcom.

Republicans, 26; Democrats, 8; total, 34.

# PREVIOUS SERVICES IN THE LEGISLATURE OF MEMBERS OF THE SENATE OF 1901.

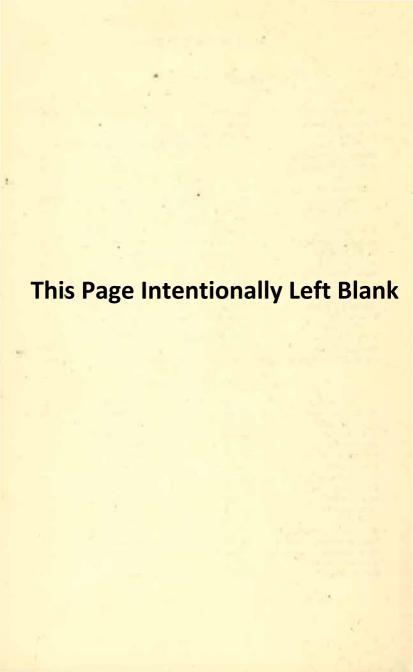
Name.	Senate.	House.
Andrews	1899.	1866-67, 1890-91
Angle		
Baker	1899	1897.
Baumeister		
Biggs	1899	1895.
Clapp	1699	1897.
Cornwell		
Crow, H. D	1899	
Crow, L. C		
Davis, Lincoln		
Garber, G		
Hall, Oliver		
Hallett, Stanley		
Hammer		
Hamilton, Ed		
Hemrich, Andrew		
Land, Paul		1897.
Le Crone. S. M		1037,
Mantz, Chas. A		
Megler, J. G		1889, 1890.
Moultray		
Preston, Herold	1899	1005, 1050.
Rands		
Reser		STEEL
Ruth		
Schofield		
		1899.
		1899.
Sumner		
Tolman		
Warburton		
Wilching	1899	
wilshire	1005	

# SENATE EMPLOYES.

Names.	Title.	Residence.	Per diem.
T. P. FISK	Secretary	Shelton	\$6 00
DUDLEY ESHELMAN	Asst. Secretary	Tacoma	6 00
ARTHUR DENNIS	Sergeant-at-arms	Tacoma	5 00
JAMES HAVELAND	Asst. sergeant-at-arm	s.Walla Walla	4 00
MISS A. E. UNDERWOOD	Minute clerk	Tacoma	4 50
R. W. WINCHELL	Journal clerk	Dunlap	4 00
J. A. FABER	Asst. journal clerk	Blaine	4 00
W. B. HARGRAVE			
LOTTA GANAHL	Asst. eprolling clerk	Spokane	4 00
EVA C. CONNICK			
J. T. SHERFEY	Asst. engrossing clerk	Everett	4 00
J. W. LYSONS	Bill clerk	Port Townse	nd 4 00
LUELLA BAILEY	Asst. Bill Clerk	Tacoma	4 00
W. W. CLARK	Postmaster	Burton	4 00
WILLIS RAND	Asst. Post. & Gen'l Me	s.Olympia	3 00
MISS MYRTA JAMES	Stenographer	Seattle	4 00
O. L. INGRAM	Stenographer	Walla Walla	4 00
HATTIE DUNLAP	Docket Clerk	Brookfield	4 00
JERRY FLOWERS	Janitor	Spokane	4 00
L. QUEORY	Night Watchman	Alderton	4 00
G. W. HAMBRIGHT	Doorkeeper	Olympia	4 00
A. W. PARKER	Asst. doorkeeper	La Conner	4 00
ESTLEY RINEHART	Page	Olympia	2 00
CHARLES ALLBRECHT	Page	Seattle	2 00

# COMMITTEE CLERKS.

Names.	Group.	Residence.	Per diem.
W. M. WILLIAMS	Group 1	Seattle	\$4 50
E. R. HUGHES	Group 2	Tacoma	4 00
S. P. CARUSI	Group 3	Port Angeles	3 4 00
ROBERT HOVEY	Group 4	Ellensburg.	4 00
RALPH D. NICHOLS	Group 5	Seattle	4 00
LOUIE D. TODD	Group 6	Davenport	4 00
EVA A. NETHERY	Group 7	Montesano .	4 00
REN RICE	Group 8	Spokane	4 00
O. H. REESE	Group 9	Seattle	4 00
L. H. DARWIN	Group 10	Whatcom	4 00
JANE RIES	Group 11	Seattle	4 00
THOMAS GEOGHEGAN	Group 12	Vancouver	4 00
CATHERINE BAXTER	Group 13	Seattle	4 00
M. C. LOWRY	Group 14	Claquato	4 00
AGNES S. HEATH	Group 15	Seattle	4 00
FRANK PIERCE	Briefer	Seattle	5 00



# JOINT RULES OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REP-RESENTATIVES.

REGULAR SESSION OF 1901.

## Committee of Conference and Free Conference.

RULE 1. In every case of an amendment of a bill, or joint or concurrent resolution, agreed to in one house, dissented from in the other, and not receded from by the one making the same, such house shall appoint a committee to confer with a like committee to be appointed by the other, and the committee so appointed shall meet at a convenient hour, to be agreed upon by their respective chairmen, and shall confer upon the differences between the two houses as indicated by the amendment made in one and rejected in the other, and report as early as convenient the result of their conference to their respective houses. If after such a report, the two houses shall disagree upon the recommendations of the reporting committees as to their differences between the two houses, a committee of free conference shall be appointed, to whom the whole subject matter embraced in the bill or resolution shall be committed, and the committee of free conference may report by new bill or resolution, or otherwise, and bills or resolutions so reported shall be treated as amendments, unless such bills or resolutions are comprised entirely of original matter, in which case they shall receive the treatment required in the respective houses for original bills or resolutions, as the case may be.

# Messages.

RULE 2. Messages from the senate to the house of representatives shall be delivered by the secretary or assistant secretary, and messages from the house of representatives to the senate shall be delivered by the chief clerk or assistant clerk, who shall be announced by the doorkeeper, enter within the bar, announce or deliver his message.

#### Bills.

RULE 3. Each house shall communicate its final action on any bill, or resolution, or matter in which the other may be

entrusted, in writing, signed by the secretary or clerk of the house from which such notice is sent.

RULE 4. After a bill shall have passed both houses, it shall be duly enrolled by the enrolling clerk of the house in which it originated, and shall be examined by the enrolling committee of such house, who shall carefully compare the enrollment with the engrossed bill, as passed, correcting any errors that may be discovered in the enrolled bill, procure in open session the signature thereto of the necessary officers of the two houses, present the same to the governor, and forthwith report to such house the time when such presentation to the governor was made. The enrolling clerk shall indorse upon the back of each bill the house in which said bill originated.

RULE 5. All joint resolutions to be presented to the governor, excepting such as may be addressed to him, shall take the usual course of bills.

RULE 6. Each house shall transmit to the other papers on which any bill or resolution may be founded.

# Printing.

RULE 7. The standing committees on printing of the two houses shall be a joint standing committee, who shall examine all matters proposed to be printed by concurrent order, and shall report what part of such matter is needful to print. Each house may order the printing of bills introduced, reports of its own committees, and other matters pertaining to such house only; but no other printing shall be ordered except by a concurrent resolution passed by both houses.

#### Resolutions.

RULE 8. Joint resolutions addressed to congress, or either house thereof, or to the president of the United States, or the head of any of the national departments, or proposing amendments to the state constitution, shall be treated in all respects as bills.

### Vetoes.

RULE 9. Bills which have passed a previous legislature, and which are transmitted to the legislature next sitting, accompanied by a message or statement of the governor's disapproval, or veto of the same, shall become the subject of a

special order; and when the special order for their consideration is reached and called, the said message or statement shall be read, together with the bill or bills so disapproved or vetoed; and the message and bill shall be read by the clerk without interruption, consecutively, one following the other, and not upon separate occasions; and no such bill or message shall be referred to any committee, or otherwise acted upon, save as provided by law and custom; that is to say, that immediately following such reading the only question (except as hereinafter stated) which shall be put by the speaker is, "Shall the bill pass, notwithstanding the objections of the governor?" It shall not be in order, any fime, to vote upon such vetoed bill without the same shall have first been read. from the first word of its title to and including the last word of its final section; and no motion shall be entertained after the chair has stated the question save a motion for "the previous question," but the merits of the bill itself may be debated.

RULE 10. That the senate bills in the house, and house bills in the senate, be the special order on Wednesday of each week during the session.

# RULES OF THE SENATE.

# SESSION OF 1901.

RULE 1. The president shall call the senate to order each day of sitting at 10 o'clock A. M., unless the senate shall have adjourned to some other hour.

RULE 2. A majority of all the members elected to the senate shall be necessary to constitute a quorum to do business: *Providing*, That less than a quorum may adjourn from day to day until a quorum can be had.

RULE 3. The president shall take the chair and call the senate to order precisely at the hour appointed for meeting, and, if a quorum be present, shall cause the journal of the preceding day to be read. He shall preserve order and decorum, and in case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct within the chamber, shall order the sergeant-at-arms to suppress the same, and may order the arrest of any person creating any disturbance within the senate chamber. He may speak to points of order in preference to members, arising from his seat for that purpose, and shall decide all questions of order without debate, subject to an appeal to the senate by any three members, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once without leave of the senate. He shall have charge of and see that all officers, attaches and clerks perform their respective duties, and shall, in open session, sign all acts, addresses and joint resolutions. He shall sign all writs, warrants and subpænas issued by order of the senate; all of which shall be attested by the secretary. He shall have general control of the senate chamber and lobby, and have the right to name any senator to perform the duties of the chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment, nor authorize the senator so substituted to sign any document requiring the signature of the president.

RULE 4. Upon the organization of the senate the members shall select one of their number as president pro tem, who

shall have all the power and authority, and who shall discharge all the duties of the president during his absence or inability to discharge the duties of his office.

Rule 5. The subordinate officers of the senate shall perform such duties as usually pertain to their respective positions in legislative bodies, under the direction of the president, and such other duties as the senate may impose upon them. The compensation of any employe of the senate shall not be increased except by a two-thirds vote of all members of the senate, and the names of all members voting thereon shall be entered in the journal. Under no circumstances shall the compensation of an employe be increased for past services.

RULE 6. The president shall appoint all special, joint, and the following standing committees on the part of the senate:

	No. of members.
1.	Committee. members. Agriculture
2.	Appropriations 9
3.	Claims and Auditing 5
4.	
5.	Commerce
6.	Corporations other than Municipal
7.	Counties and County Boundaries 5
8.	Dikes, Drains and Drainage
9.	Education 5
10.	Educational Institutions. 5
11.	Elections and Privileges
12.	Engrossed Bills. 3
13	Enrolled Bills 3
14.	Fisheries. 7
15.	Harbor and Harbor Lines. 5
16.	Irrigation and Arid Lands. 5
17.	Judiciary. 9
18.	Labor and Labor Statistics
19.	Manufactures
20.	Medicine, Dentistry, Surgery and Hygiene
21.	Memorials
22.	Military 5
23.	Mines and Mining
24.	Municipal Corporations
25.	Printing
26.	Public Buildings and Grounds
27.	Public Morals
28.	Public Revenue and Taxation9
29.	Roads and Bridges
30.	Rules and Joint Rules
31.	Salaries and Mileage

	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
32.	State Granted. School and Tide Lands
33.	State Library 3
34.	State Penal and Reformatory Institutions
35.	State Charitable Institutions
36.	State Employes other than Regular
37.	Railroads and Transportation 7
	STANDING COMMITTEES (FOR THE SESSION ONLY).
38.	Legislative Apportionment
39.	Congressional Districts.

RULE 7. When a motion is made to refer to any subject, and different committees are proposed, the question shall be taken in the following order:

First. The Committee of the Whole Senate.

Second. A Standing Committee.

Third. A Select Committee.

RULE 8. The several committees shall fully consider all measures referred to them, and the Committee on Claims and Auditing shall carefully consider all items of expenditure ordered or contracted on the part of the senate or any of its employes, and report upon the same prior to the voucher being signed by the president and secretary of the senate authorizing the payment thereof.

The committees shall acquaint themselves with the interests of the state specially represented by the committee, and from time to time present such bills and reports as in their judgment will advance the interests and promote the welfare of the people of the state.

No committee shall sit during the daily session of the senate unless by special leave.

RULE 9 All reports of committees shall be signed by such members thereof as concur therein, or by the chairman for such concurring members, naming them, and the report, with the names by or for whom the same is signed, shall be read by the secretary, or at the secretary's desk by the member making the report, without a motion, unless the reading be dispensed with by the senate. The members of the committee not concurring in the majority report may prepare a written minority report, sign and present the same to the senate, and both majority and minority reports shall in all cases be spread in full upon the journal.

RULE 10. No person other than the regular officers of the senate shall be employed by the senate, or any committee thereof, except by consent of the senate having been previously obtained by resolution, which resolution shall be referred to the Committee on Senate Employes other than Regular, and reported upon by that committee before action is taken thereon.

The regular employes or officers of the senate shall be as follows:

Secretary.

Assistant Secretary.

Sergeant-at-Arms.

Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms and Doorkeeper.

Minute Clerk.

Journal Clerk.

Docket Clerk.

Enrolling Clerk.

Engrossing Clerk.

Postmaster and Messenger.

Page.

Page.

Janitor.

Watchman.

RULE 11. In forming the committee of the whole, the president shall name a chairman to preside, and all bills considered shall be read by sections, and the chairman shall call for amendments and debates thereon at the conclusion of the reading of each section. The body of the bill shall not be defaced or interlined, but all amendments (noting the page and line) shall be duly entered by the secretary on a separate paper as the same shall be agreed to by the committee, and so reported to the senate for action.

RULE 12. The rules of the senate shall apply to proceedings in committee of the whole, except that the previous question shall not be ordered, nor the ayes and noes demanded; but the committee may limit the number of times that any member may speak at any stage of the proceedings during its sitting.

RULE 13. Messages may be received by the president while the committee of the whole is sitting; in which case the president will resume the chair, receive the message, and vacate the chair in favor of the chairman of the committee.

RULE 14. A motion that the committee of the whole rise shall always be in order, and shall be decided without debate.

RULE 15. The senate may at any time, by a vote of the majority of the members present, suspend the rules and orders of the senate for the purpose of going into the committee of the whole for the consideration of any bill, memorial or resolution before the senate.

RULE 16. The committees on enrolled and engrossed bills may report at any time during the sitting of the senate, except when the senate is sitting in committee of the whole.

RULE 17. After the roll is called and journal read and approved, business shall be disposed of in the following order:

First. Presentation of petitions, memorials, resolutions and

Second. Reports of standing committees.

Third. Reports of select committees.

Fourth. Messages from the governor and other state officers.

Fifth. Messages from the house of representatives.

Sixth. Introduction and first reading of bills.

Seventh. Second reading and reference of bills.

Eighth. Business on general file and third reading of bills.

Ninth. Business lying on the table.

Tenth. The orders of the day.

. Eleventh. Unfinished business.

RULE 18. The president shall, on each day, announce to the senate the business in order, agreeable to the preceding rule, and no business shall be taken up or considered until the class to which it belongs shall be declared in order.

RULE 19. The unfinished business at the preceding adjournment shall have the preference in the orders of the day, excepting special orders, and no motion or any other business shall be received without special leave of the senate until the former is disposed of.

RULE 20. Every bill shall receive three readings previous to its passage. The president shall give notice at each, whether it be the first, second or third reading. The first and second readings may, by consent of a majority of the senate, be on the same day. The third reading of every bill shall be by sections, and upon its final passage the vote must be taken by yeas and nays, the names of the senators voting for and

against the same to be entered upon the journal, and the majority of the members elected to the senate must be recorded thereon as voting in its favor to secure its passage by the senate.

RULE 21. All bills that have passed a second reading which have not been referred, and all bills reported by committees after the second reading, shall be placed on the general file, and shall be considered in the order in which they became entitled to a position on the file, unless otherwise specially ordered by a two-thirds vote of the senate.

RULE 22. Engrossed bills shall be placed at the head of the general file in the order in which they are reported engrossed (except general appropriation bills, which shall be placed at the head of the general file).

RULE 23. A bill may be committed with special instructions to amend at any time before taking the final vote.

Rule 24. No bill shall embrace more than one subject, and that shall be expressed in a title.

RULE 25. No bill shall ever be revised or amended by mere reference to its title, but the act revised or the section amended shall be set forth at full length.

RULE 26. No bill shall be considered in the senate unless the time of its introduction shall have been at least ten days before the final adjournment of the senate, unless the senate shall otherwise direct by a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected thereto, said vote to be taken by yeas and nays, and entered upon the journal, or unless the same be at a special session.

RULE 27. No amendment to any bill shall be allowed which shall change the scope and object of the bill.

RULE 28. On the second day next succeeding the final vote on any bill, said vote may be reconsidered on motion of any member, provided notice of intention to move a reconsideration was given on the day or on the next succeeding day such final vote was taken by a senator who voted on that side which prevailed, and no motion to reconsider shall be in order on the day such final vote is taken, except by unanimous consent. A motion to reconsider shall have precedence over every other motion, except a motion to adjourn; and when the senate adjourns while a motion to reconsider is pending

or before passing the order of motions, resolutions and notices, the right to move a reconsideration shall continue to the next day of sitting. No notice of reconsideration of any final vote shall be in order on the day preceding the last day of the session. Motions to reconsider a vote upon amendments to any pending question may be made and decided at once.

RULE 29. Bills appropriating money shall be considered in committee of the whole senate, and no change in the amount appropriated shall be made outside of the committee of the whole.

RULE 30. Unless otherwise ordered, 250 copies of all bills of a general nature originating in the senate shall be printed for the use of the senate and house of representatives, and such other bills and matter shall be printed as may be ordered by the senate.

RULE 31. The president shall call the senate to order at the hour fixed for the consideration of a special order, and announce that the special order is before the senate, which shall then be considered unless it is postponed by a two-thirds vote, and any business before the senate at the time of the announcement of the special order shall take its regular position in the order of business.

RULE 31½. All bills introduced in the senate, which are intended to amend existing statutes, shall have the words which are amendatory to such existing statute underlined or underscored, so that in the printed bills which are presented for the perusal of the members, such new or amendatory matter shall be easily discerned.

RULE 32. Joint resolutions addressed to congress, or either house thereof, or to the president of the United States, or the heads of any of the national departments, or proposing amendments to the state constitution, shall be subject in all respects to the foregoing rules governing the course of bills.

RULE 33. Resolutions other than those referred to in rule 32, shall be treated as motions in all proceedings of the senate.

RULE 34. No motion shall be entertained until it shall be seconded, nor debated until announced by the president. It shall be reduced to writing and read by the secretary, if desired by the president or any senator, before it shall be de-

bated, and by consent of the senate may be withdrawn before amendment or action.

RULE 35. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order. The name of the senator moving to adjourn, and the time when the motion was made, shall be entered on the journal.

RULE 36. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received but the following, which shall have precedence in the order named:

First. To fix the time to which to adjourn.

Second. To adjourn.

Third. For a call of the senate.

Fourth. To lay on table.

Fifth. For the previous question.

Sixth. To postpone to a day certain.

Seventh. To commit.

Eighth. To amend.

Ninth. To postpone indefinitely.

The second, third, fourth and fifth motions shall be decided without debate, and no motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or postpone indefinitely, being decided, shall again be allowed on the same day and at the same stage of the proceedings, and when a question has been postponed indefinitely it shall not again be introduced during the session, except this rule be suspended by a two-thirds vote, and there shall be no reconsideration of a vote on a motion to postpone indefinitely.

RULE 37. A motion to strike out the enacting clause of a bill or resolution, shall have precedence of a motion to commit, or amend, and if carried shall be equivalent to its rejection.

RULE 38. Any senator may call for a division of a question, which shall be divided if it embraces subjects so distinct that one being taken away a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the senate; but a motion to strike out and insert shall not be divided.

RULE 39. The previous question shall not be put unless demanded by three senators, whose names shall be entered upon the journal, and it shall then be in this form: "Shall the main question be now put?" When sustained by a majority of senators present it shall preclude all debate, and the roll shall be immediately called on the question or questions before the senate, and all incidental question or questions of order arising

after the motion is made after the previous question, and pending such motion, shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise, without debate.

RULE 40. All questions relating to the priority of business shall be decided without debate.

RULE 41. The passage of a bill or action on a question is lost by a tie vote, but when a vote of the senate is equally divided, the lieutenant governor, when presiding, shall have the deciding vote.

RULE 42. The yeas and nays shall be taken when called for by one-sixth of all the senators present, and every senator within the bar of the senate shall vote unless excused by the unanimous vote of the senate, and the votes shall be entered upon the journal, and the names of senators demanding the yeas and nays shall also be entered upon the journal.

RULE 43. In filling blanks the largest sum and longest time shall be first put.

RULE 44. Where the reading of any paper is called for, and is objected to by any senator, it shall be determined by a vote of the senate, and without debate.

RULE 45. Messages from the governor, other state officers, and from the assembly may be considered at any time by consent of the senate.

RULE 46. When any senator is about to speak in debate, or submit any matter to the senate, he shall rise from his seat, and standing in his place, respectfully address himself to "Mr. President," and when recognized shall, in a courteous manner, confine himself to the question under debate, avoiding personalities, and when finished, shall resume his seat. No senator shall impeach the motives of any other member, nor speak more than twice (except for explanation) during the consideration of any one question, on the same day, nor a second time without leave, when others who have not spoken desire the floor; but incidental and subsidiary questions arising during the debate shall not be considered the same question.

RULE 47. If any senator in speaking, or otherwise, transgress the rules of the senate, the president shall, or any senator may, call him to order, and when a senator shall be so called to order he shall resume his seat and not proceed without leave of the senate, which leave, if granted, shall be upon motion "that he

be allowed to proceed in order," when, if carried, he shall confine himself to the question under consideration.

RULE 48. Every decision of points of order by the president shall be subject to appeal, and no discussion of a question of order shall be allowed except on appeal of three senators, and in all cases of appeal the question shall be "Shall the decision of the chair stand as the judgment of the senate?"

RULE 49. In cases of breaches of decorum or propriety, any senator, officer or other person shall be liable to such censure or punishment as the senate may deem proper, and if any senator be called to order for offensive or indecorous language or conduct, the person calling him to order shall report the language or conduct accepted to, which shall be taken down or noted at the secretary's desk, and no member shall be held to answer for any language used on the floor of the senate, if business has intervened before exception to the language was thus taken and noted.

RULE 50. When two or more senators rise at the same time to address the chair, the president shall name the one who shall speak first, giving preference, when practicable, to the mover or introducer of the subject under consideration.

RULE 51. The author of a bill, motion or resolution shall have the privilege of opening and closing debate upon the same, unless the previous question has been moved and sustained.

RULE 52. Any senator or senators may protest against the action of the senate upon any question, and have such protest entered upon the journal.

RULE 53. Any senator may rise to a question of privilege and explain a matter personal to himself by leave of the president; but he shall not discuss any pending question in such explanation.

Rule 54. No senator shall absent himself from the service of the senate without leave, except in case of accident or sickness, and if any senator or officer shall so absent himself, his per diem shall not be allowed or paid him, and no senator, officer or attache shall obtain leave of absence or be excused from attendance without consent of two-thirds of the members present.

RULE 55. A call of the senate may be moved by three senators, whose names shall be entered upon the journals, and if

carried by a majority of all present the secretary shall call the roll and note the absentees, after which the names of the absentees shall again be called. The doors shall then be closed and the sergeant-at-arms directed to take into custody all who may be absent without leave, and all the senators so taken into custody shall be presented at the bar of the senate for such action as the senate may deem proper.

Rule 56. A senator being absent at roll call may ask to have his name called.

RULE 57. In all cases of election by the senate the votes shall be taken viva voce, and no senator or other person shall remain by the secretary's desk while the roll is being called or the votes are being counted. No senator shall be allowed to vote except when within the bar of the senate, nor upon any question in which he is in any way personally or directly interested, nor be allowed to explain his vote or discuss the question while the yeas and nays are being called, nor change his vote after the result has been announced

RULE 58. The announcement of all votes shall be made by the president, and the announcement of the result of any vote shall not be postponed.

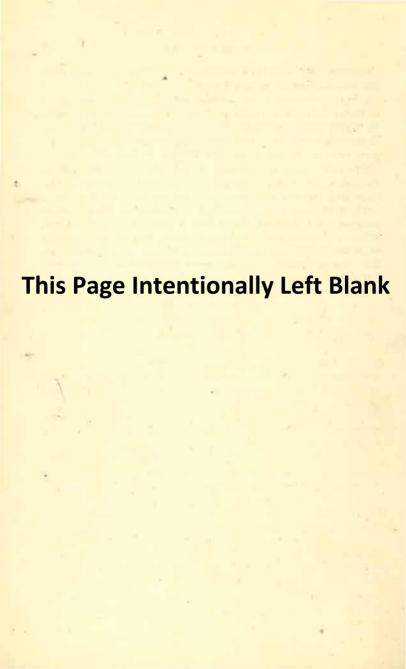
RULE 59. Witnesses summoned by or on behalf of the senate to appear before the senate, or any of its committees, shall be paid for each day's attendance three dollars. For each mile traveled in coming to the place of examination, fifteen cents; and nothing shall be paid for travel where the witness was served at the place of examination, and no mileage shall be paid except where the witness actually traveled for the purpose of giving testimony.

RULE 60. No person except state and United States officers, the president, officers and members of the senate and house of representatives shall be admitted within the bar of the senate, except by special invitation on the part of some member, and a majority of the senators may by vote authorize the president to have the senate chamber cleared of all persons except members and officers of the senate; and the senate chamber shall not be used for any but legislative business during the session except by permission of the senate given by a two-thirds vote.

RULE 61. Smoking shall not be allowed on the upper floor of the capitol building, except in room 6, during the session of the senate, nor shall indecorus conduct, boisterous or unbecoming language be permitted there at any time.

RULE 62. The rules of parliamentary practice as contained in Robert's Rules of Order shall govern the senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the rules and orders of this senate and the joint rules of this senate and the house of representatives.

RULE 63. No standing rule or order of this senate shall be rescinded or changed without a vote of two-thirds of the members, and one day's notice of the motion therefor; but a rule or order may be temporarily suspended for a special purpose by a vote of two-thirds of the members present. When the suspension of a rule is called, and after due notice from the president, no objection is offered, he may announce the rule suspended, and the senate may proceed accordingly; but this shall not apply to that portion of Rule 22 relating to the third reading of bills, which cannot be suspended.



# MEMBERS OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

No. Dist.	Name.	County represented.	Residence.	Politics.	
1	Alex. A. Anderson	Stevens	Bossburg	Democrat.	
2	Samuel Miller	Spokane	Mead	Democrat.	
8}	C. G. Brown		Spokane	Republican.	4
3	H. D. Merritt F. D. Shaw	Spokane	Spokane	Democrat.	
4		Spokane	Spokane	Republican.	9
4	W. Storey Buck	Spokane	Spokane	Republican. Republican.	1
	C. W. Bowne	Spokane	Mica	Democrat.	100
â	James Puckett	Spokane	Deep Creek	Democrat.	
6	C: W. Waters	Whitman	Palouse	Democrat.	
- 1	T. C. Miles	Whitman	Oakesdale	Democrat.	
7	G. W. Barkhuff	Whitman	Colton	Democrat	
8	E. J. Durham John F. Chrisman	Whitman	Uniontown	Republican. Republican.	
9	W. L. Howell	Garfield	Pomeroy	Democrat.	
10	C. S. Jerard	Columbia	Dayton	Republican.	
11	Grant Copeland	Walla Walla.	Walla Walla	Republican.	
12	John Geyer	Walla Walla.	Prescott	Republican.	
18	C. S. O'Brien	Franklin	Pasco	Democrat.	
14	Joseph S. Milam	Adams	Washtuena	Democrat.	
15	John Raymer J. J. Cameron	Lincoln	Reardan	Democrat.	
16	Stephen E. Barron	Okanogan	Conconully	Demograt.	
17	J. F. Badger	Douglas	Farmer	Democrat.	
18	T. B. Goodwin R. B. Wilson.	Kittitas	Thorp	Democrat.	
	R. B. Wilson.	Kittitas	Ellensburg	Republican.	
19	Nelson Rich	Yakima	Prosser	Republican.	
21	Joseph Nesbitt C. J. Moore	Klickitat	Goldendale Mt. Pleasant	Republican. Democrat.	
	J. M. P. Chalmers	Clarke	Ridgefield	Republican.	
22	H. C. Bostwick	Clarke	Fisher's Landing	Republican.	
23	H. C. Bostwick L. M. Sims	Cowlitz	Kalama	Republican.	
24	W. B. Starr	Wahkiakum.	Brookileld	Republican.	
25	W. R. Williams	Pacific	Chinook	Republican.	
26	H. M. Ingraham George McCoy	Lewis	Centralia	Republican. Republican.	•
an 1	A. J. Fulknor	Thurston	Olympis	Republican.	
27	F. W. Stocking	Thurston	Olympia	Republican	
28	N. W. Bush	Chehalis	Aberdeen	Republican.	
00	Ralph L. Philbrick	Chehalis	Hoquiam	Republican.	
30	G. B. Gunderson	Mason	Shelton	Republican,	
	W. L. Thompson Wm. Bishop. Jr	Jenerson	Chimacum	Republican. Republican.	
81	L. B. Hastings.	Jefferson	Port Townsend.	Republican.	
32	L. B. Hastings Charles D. Ulmer. Sr	Clallam	Port Angeles	Republican.	
33	J. H. Corliss	Pierce	Sumner	Republican.	•
	C. P. Kimball	Pierce	South Prairie	Republican.	
34	E. R. York	Pierce	Tucoma	Republican.	
	Mark White J. H. Eusterday	Pierce	Tacoma	Republican.	
35	Frank LaWall	Pierce	Tacoma	Democrat.	
20 5	N. B. McNicol	Pierce	Tacoma	Republican.	
36	M. H. Corey	Pierce	Tacoma	Republican.	
37.	G. C. Britton	Pierce	Tacoma	Republican.	
	Lorenzo Dow	Pierce	Fern Hill	Republican.	
38	John Rines John Barelay	King	Duwamish	Republican.	
90	James Conway	King	Seattle	Democrat.	
89	Fred W. Comstock	King	Scattle	Republican.	
- L	Reuben W. Jones	King	Seattle	Republican.	
40	J. H. Dawes		Seattle	Republican.	

# MEMBERS OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES-CONCLUDED.

No. Dist.	Name.	County represented.	Residence.	Politics.
41} 42} 48} 45 46} 47 48} 50	Z. B. Rawson W. H. Lewis R. B. Albertson Frederick R. Burch. O. A. Tucker E. C. Raine Watson Allen. C. W. Gorham Joseph Ferguson F. R. Morgan F. O. Ehrlich J. M. Harrison Rowland E. Davis Edward Brown Fenton Merrill. H. A. Fairchild John Earles. James T. Johnson A. L. Andrews	King King King King King King King King	Fremont Bellevue Monohen Snohomish Arlington Oak Harbor Ehrlich Sedro-Woolley	Republican Republican

Republicans, 59.

Democrats, 21.

Total membership of house, 80.

Total republicans in both houses, 85.

Total democrats in both houses, 29.

Total membership regular session of Seventh Legislature of Washington, 114.

## STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

- AGRICULTURE.—Ed. Brown of Whatcom. chairman: Morgan, Jerard, Bishop. Durham. White, Raine, Rice, Miles, Cameron, Miller, Badger and Goodwin.
- 2. AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE AND SCHOOL OF SCIENCE.—Waters of Whitman, chairman: Ingraham, Buck, Williams, Barkhuff, Andrews and Durham.
- 3. APPROPRIATIONS.—Wilson of Kittitas, chairman; Dawes, Harrison, Bostwick, McCov. Philbrick. Falknor, Tucker, Merrill, Kimball, Waters, Anderson, Bowne, Rawson and Rich.
- 4. Banks and Banking.—Burch of King. chairman; Corey, Morgan, Ulmer, Geyer, Barron, Rimes, Burkhuff, Davis, Howell and Puckett.
- 5. CLAIMS AND AUDITING.—Bishop of Jefferson, chairman; Shaw, Allen, Britton, Waters, Puckett and Milam.
- 6. COMMERCE AND MANUFACTURES.—Allen of King, chairman; Merrill, Dow, Ehrlich, Hastings, McNicol, Kimball, O'Brien and Philbrick.
- 7. CONGRESSIONAL APPORTIONMENT.—Fairchild of Whatcom, chairman; C. G. Brown, Rawson, Ferguson, Jones, Easterday, Philbrick, Jerard, Stocking, Waters and Goodwin.
- 8. CONSTITUTIONAL REVISION.—Easterday of Pierce, chairman; Falknor Lewis, Gorham, Bowne, Bush, Miles, Dawes, Fairchild, McCoy and Copeland.
- 9. COMPENSATION AND FEES FOR STATE AND COUNTY OFFICERS.—Conway of King. chairman; Chalmers, McCoy, Shaw, York, Anderson and Tucker.
- 10. CORPORATIONS OTHER THAN MUNICIPAL AND RAILROADS.—Dawes of King, chairman; Simes, Furguson, Raine, Ehrlich, Nesbitt, Corey, Raymer, Conway and Cameron.
- 11. COUNTIES AND COUNTY BOUNDARIES.—Rich of Yakima. chairman; Burch, Rosenhaupt, Bishop, Dow, Nesbitt, O'Brien, Badger and Barkhoff.
- 12. DAIRY AND LIVE STOCK.—Morgan of Island, chairman; Ed. Brown, Durham, Bishop, White, Rines, Howell and Cameron.
- 13 DIKES, DRAINS AND DRAINAGE.—Harrison of Skagit, chairman; Ed. Brown, Corliss, Philbrick, Ferguson and Conway.
- 14. EDUCATION.—Corliss of Pierce, chairman; Sims, Wilson, Rich. Gunderson, Thompson, Raine, Jones, Stocking, Ed. Brown, Jerard, Moore and Merritt, Anderson, Waters.
- 15. ENGROSSED AND ENROLLED BILLS.—Stocking of Thurston, chairman; Sims, Dow, Jones, Milam, Moore and Budger.
- 16. FEDERAL RELATIONS AND IMMIGRATION.—Merritt of Spokane, chairman; Easterday, Lewis, Fairchild, Bostwick and Williams.
- 17. FISHERIES.—Fairchild of Whatcom, chairman; Williams. Sims, Harrison, Bush. Ulmer. Starr, Gunderson, Comstock, Tucker, Hastings, Davis, Earles, LaWall and Moore.
- 18. GAME AND GAME FISH.—McCoy of Lewis, chairman; Chalmers, C. G. Brown, Morgan, Merrill, Raine, McNicol, Goodwin and Howell.
- 19. HARBORS AND WATERWAYS.—Hustings of Jefferson, chairman; Allen, York, Tucker, Britton, Earles and Barclay.
- 20. HORTICULTURE AND FORESTRY.—Ingraham of Lewis chairman; Bostwick, White, Rawson, Miles, Raymer, Starr and Sims.

- 21. Hospitals for the Insane.—Sims of Cowlitz, chairman; Comstock, C. G. Brown, Bostwick, White, Chalmers, Corliss, Puckett and Cameron.
- 22. INSURANCE.—Corey of Pierce, chairman; Gorham, Dawes, Geyer, Shaw, Bush, Miles, Badger and Miller.
- 23. INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS AND INDIAN AFFAIRS.—Anderson of Stevens, chairman; Philbrick, Starr, Buck, Howell and Geyer.
- JUDICIARY.—Falknorof Thurston, chairman: Fairchild, Bush. Dawes Rosenhaupt. Easterday, York, Rawson, Burch. Britton, Thompson, Merritt, Johnson, and LaWall.
- 25. LABOR AND LABOR STATISTICS.—Ehrlich of Skagit, chairman; Starr, McNicol, McCoy, Ed. Brown, Gunderson, Allen, Bishop, Ferguson, Johnson, Earles, O'Brien, Couway and Chrisman.
- 26. LEGISLATIVE REAPPORTIONMENT.—Jones of King, chairman; Ferguson, McCoy, Copeland, Lewis, Williams, Rosenbaupt, Falknor, Kimball, Wilson, Merrill, Sims, LaWall, Barron and Bowne.
- 27. MEDICINE. SURGERY AND HYGIENE.—C. G. Brown of Spokane, chairmau; Sims, Bostwick. Chalmers, Corliss, Raine, Miller and Barron.
- 28. MEMORIALS.—Ulmer of Clallam, chairman; Fairchild, Falknor, Easterday, Dawes, Merritt and Miles.
- 29. MILEAGE AND CONTINGENT EXPENSES.—Moore of Skamania, chairman; Copeland, Andrews, Tucker, Merrill, C. G. Brown and Johnson.
- 30. MILITARY AFFAIRS AND SOLDIERS' HOME.—Rawson of King, chairman; Philbrick, Geyer, Allen, Kimball, Britton, Ulmer, Merritt and Raymer.
- 31. MINES AND MINING.—Buck of Spokane, chairman; Gorham, Barclay, Hastings, Dow, Burch, Andrews, Durham, Anderson, Johnson and Barron.
- 32. MISCELLANEOUS.—Johnson of Ferry, chairman; Kimball, Lewis, Ed. Brown, Gunderson, Shaw, Chrisman, Milam and Puckett.
- 33. MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.—Rosenhaupt of Spokane, chairman; Jones, York, Fairchild, Falknor, Merritt, Conway and LaWall.
- 34. PRINTING AND SUPPLIES.—Chrisman of Asotin, chairman; Gorham, Thompson, Gunderson, Buck, Anderson and Ulmer.
- 35. PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS.—Bush of Chehalis, chairman; Fairchild, Barclay, Gunderson, Jones, Ehrlich, Thompson, Shaw, Wilson, York and Barron.
- 36. Public Morals.—Thompson of Kitsap, chairman; Copeland, Falknor, Rosenhaupt, Williams. Andrews, Burch, Merritt and Moore.
- 37. RAILROADS.—Lewis of King. chairman; Copeland, Dow. C. G. Brown, McNicol, Jones, Thompson, Andrews, Ehrlich, Ingraham, Ulmer, Ferguson, Raymer, Miles and Bowne.
- REVENUE AND TANATION.—Jerard of Columbia, chairman; Britton, Rosenhaupt. Nesbitt. Buck. Stocking, Bishop, Harrison, Rines, Jones, York, Wilson, Johnson, Conway and Raymer.
- 39. ROADS AND BRIDGES.—Gorham of Snohomish, chairman; Allen, Ed. Brown, McCoy, Stocking, Ehrlich, Barclay, Rosenhaupt, Copeland, McNicol, Rawson, Barron, Moore and O'Brien.
- 40. Rules and Order.—Mr. Speaker, chairman; Easterday, Falknor, Rosenhaupt, Merritt, Copeland, Lewis.
- 41. STATE BUILDINGS, PUBLIC GROUNDS AND LIBRARY.—Gunderson of Mason, chairman; Ingraham, Philbrick, McNicol, Falknor, Buck, Dawes, Geyer, Bishep, Moore, Miles and Conway.
- 42. STATE NORMAL SCHOOLS.—Shaw of Spokane, chairman; Merrill, Nesbitt, Wilson, Lewis, Corliss, Earles and La Wall

- 43. STATE SCHOOL AND GRANTED LANDS.—Britton of Pierce, chairman; Durham, Allen, Ingraham, Buck, Raine, Bostwick and Moore.
- 44 STATE PENITENTIARY.—Copeland of Walla Walla, chairman, Comstock. Davis, White, Jerard. Ulmer, Corey, Burch, Chrisman, Shaw, Milam, Barkhuff, Goodwin.
- 45. STATE SCHOOL FOR DEFECTIVE YOUTH AND REFORM SCHOOL.—Chaimers of Clark, chairman; Comstock, Buck, Davis. McCoy, Geyer, Earles and Rines.
- 46. STATE UNIVERSITY.—Tucker of King, chairman; Philbrick, Thompson, Gunderson, Wilson, Kimball and Conway.
- 47. TIDE LANDS.—York of Pierce, chairman; Bush, Allen, Dawes, Hastings, Ferguson, Ehrlich, Starr and Earles.
- 46. WATER RIGHTS AND IRRIGATION.—Nesbitt of Klickitat, chairman; Andrews, Ingraham, Shaw, Jerard, O'Brien, Milam, Chrisman, Geyer, Rich, White and Miller.

# GROUPING OF THE HOUSE STANDING COMMITTEES.

- GROUP 1: Judiciary. Clerk, MRS. S. E. BARR.
- GROUP 2: Legislative Apportionment.

  Congressional Apportionment.

  Clerk, F. A. Shaw.
- GROUP 3: Appropriations.
  Counties and County Boundaries.
  Water, Water Rights and Irrigation.
  Tide Lands.
  Clerk, G. P. SHORT.
- GROUP 4: Federal Relations and Immigration.
  Internal Improvements and Indian Affairs.
  Miscellaneous. Clerk, FRED S. HAWKINS.
- GROUP 5: Claims and Auditing.
  Dairy and Live Stock.
  Commerce and Manufacturing.
  Harbors and Waterways.
  Game and Game Fish. Clerk, Mrs. S. C. HASTINGS.
- GROUP 6: Agriculture.
  Horticulture and Forestry.
  Dikes, Drains and Drainage.
  State, School and Granted Lands.
  Clerk, CARL BELL.
- GROUP 7: State University.
  State Normal School.
  Education. Clerk, L. G. CONANT.
- GROUP 8: State Penitentiary.
  State School for Defective Youth and Reform School.
  Printing and Supplies.
  Military Affairs and Soldiers' Home.
  Hospitals for the Insane.
  Public Morals. Clerk, CHAS. A. PIPER.
- GROUP 9: Roads and Bridges.
  Railroads. Clerk, ANNA L. THORNTON.
- GROUP 10: Revenues and Taxation.

  Medicine. Surgery and Hygieue.

  Corporations other than Municipal and Railroads.

  State Buildings, Public Grounds and Libraries.

  Clerk. C. R. CARROLL.
- GROUP 11: Fisheries.

  Municipal Corporations.
  Insurance.
  Banks and Banking.

  Clerk, C. A. PAYNE.
- GROUP 12: Engrossed and Enrolled Bills.
  Labor and Labor Statistics. Clerk, W. M. CLEMENSEN.
- GROUP 13: Agricultural College and School of Science.

  Mileage and Contingent Expenses.

  Compensation and Fees for State and County Offices.

  Clerk, J. D. HANNEGAN.
- GROUP 14: Privileges and Elections.
  Constitutional Revision.
  Mines and Mining.
  Memorials. Clerk, MISS ALBERTA CRITTENDEN.

## DAYS OF COMMITTEE MEETINGS.

Committee on Judiciary, each evening at 7:00 o'clock in Supreme Court room.

#### MONDAY.

On Monday evenings the following committees will meet: Legislative Apportionment; Military affairs and Soldiers' Home; Federal Relations and Immigration; Dairy and Live Stock; Horticulture and Forestry; State University; Printing and Supplies; Medicine, Surgery and Hygiene; Insurance; Mileage and Contingent Expenses.

#### TUESDAY.

The following committees will meet on Tuesday evenings at 7:00 o'clock: Appropriations; Harbors and Waterways; Dikes, Drains and Drainage; State Normal Schools; Schools for Defective Youth; State Buildings, Public Grounds and Libraries; Banks and Banking; Constitutional Revision. The Committee on Appropriations will meet to the Equity department in the Court House.

#### WEDNESDAY.

The following committees will meet on Wednesday evenings at 7:00 o'clock: Congressional Apportionment: County and County Boundaries; Internal Improvements and Indian Affairs; Game and Game Fish; Agriculture; Public Morals; Roads and Bridges; Hospital for the Insane, at 7:30 P. M.; Memorials Committee in witness room, court house.

#### THURSDAY.

The following committees will meet on Thursday evenings at 7:00 o'clock; Railroads; Fisheries, Mines and Mining; Compensation and Fees for State and County Officers; Commerce and Manufacturing; Tide Lands and Miscellaneous.

#### FRIDAY.

The following committees will meet on Friday evenings at 7:00 o'clock: Education; State School and Granted Lands; Water Rights and Irrigation; Labor and Labor Statistics; Claims and Auditing; Revenue and Taxation; Corporations Other Than Municipal, and State Penitentiary.

#### SATURDAY.

The following committees will meet on Saturday evenings at 7:00 o'clock; Municipal Corporations; Agricultural College and School of Science; Privileges and Elections, and Engrossed and Enrolled Bills.

Names.

# HOUSE EMPLOYES.

Per diem.

Title.

	E. D. COWEN	Chief clerk	00	per	day.	
	J. R. LYTLE	Assistant chief clerk 5	00	per	day.	
	C. L. BABCOCK	Reading clerk 5	00	per	day.	
	EMERY P. GILBERT	Minute clerk 5	00	per	day.	
		Sergeant-at-arms5				
		Assistant sergeant-at-arms 4				
		Docket clerk 4				
		Journal clerk 4				
		Assistant journal clerk 4				
		Enrolling clerk 4				
		Assistant enrolling clerk 4				
		Assistant enrolling clerk 4				
		Engrossing clerk 4				
		Assistant engrossing clerk 4				
		Speaker's clerk 4				
		Desk stenographer				
		Index clerk 3				
		Bill clerk				
		Assistant bill clerk 3				
		Doorkeeper				
		Watchman 3				
		Watchman				
		Watchman				
		Postmaster3				
		Janitor 3				
		Page				
		Page 2				
	BLAINE HOPP	Page 2	UU	per	day.	
Committee Clerks.						
	Names.	Group.	D.	er die	am	
		Group 1\$4				
		Group 2				
		Group 3				
		Group 4				
		Group 5				
		Group 63				
		Group 7 3				
		Group 83				
		Group 9 4				
		Group 10				
		Group 11	00	per	day.	

 W. M. CLEMENSEN.
 Group 12
 4 00 per day.

 J. D. HANNEGAN.
 Group 13
 4 00 per day.

 MISS ALBERTA CRITTENDEN. Group 14
 4 00 per day.

# RULES OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

### REGULAR SESSION, 1901.

# Order of Business.

RULE 1. Business shall be disposed of in the following order:

First. Calling the roll and reading the journal of the preceding day.

Second. Presentation of petitions, memorials and remonstrances addressed to the legislature.

Third. Propositions, motions and resolutions.

Fourth. Reports of standing committees.

Fifth. Reports of special committees.

Sixth. Senate business in order.

Seventh. Introduction and first reading of bills.

Eighth. Second reading of bills.

Ninth. Third reading of bills.

Tenth. Orders of the day.

Eleventh. Announcement of committee meetings.

Twelfth. Other business to be considered.

RULE 2. The speaker shall on each day announce to the house the business in order, agreeably to the preceding rule, and no business shall be taken up or considered until the class to which it belongs shall be declared in order, but messages from the governor or senate, or any communication from any state officer may be read at any time.

RULE 3. The unfinished business at which the house was engaged preceding adjournment shall not be taken up until reached in regular order, and shall then have precedence under such order from day to day until finally disposed of.

# Speaker.

RULE 4. The speaker shall take the chair every day precisely at the hour to which the house shall have adjourned on

the preceding day. He shall immediately call the members to order, and on the appearance of a majority of the members, shall cause the journal of the preceding day to be read.

RULE 5. The speaker shall preserve order and decorum, may speak to points of order in preference to other members, rising from his chair for that purpose, and shall decide questions of order subject to an appeal to the house.

Rule 6. The speaker shall rise to put a question, but may state it sitting.

RULE 7. The speaker shall have a general direction of the house of representatives' room; he shall have the right to name any member to perform the duties of the chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment. He shall have the right to appoint all committees, subject to additional members to be named on motion.

RULE 8. In case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct in the lobby, the speaker (or chairman of the whole house) shall have the power to order the same to be cleared.

# Appeal from the Chair.

RULE 9. The decision of the chair may be appealed from by any two members, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once, unless by leave of the house.

#### Quorum.

RULE 10. Seven members with the speaker, or eight members in his absence, having chosen a speaker pro tempore, shall be authorized to call the house, and compel the attendance of absent members, making order for their fine and censure, and may adjourn. For the purpose of determining whether a quorum be present, the speaker, or chairman, shall count all members present, whether voting or not.

RULE 11. The time of meeting of the house shall be at 10 o'clock A. M. and 2 o'clock P. M., unless otherwise ordered by the house.

# Questions, Motions and Debates.

RULE 12. Questions shall directly be put in this form, towit: "As many as are in favor of (as the question may be) say aye;" and after the affirmative vote is expressed, "as many as are opposed say no." If the speaker doubt, or if di-

vision is called for, the house shall divide. Those in the affirmative on the question shall rise in their seats, and the number being announced, those in the negative shall rise.

RULE 13. When any member is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the house, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address himself to Mr. Speaker, and shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personalties; and no member shall impeach the motive of any other member's vote or argument.

RULE 14. If any member in speaking or otherwise, transgress the rules of the house, the speaker shall, or any member may, call to order, in which case the member so called to order, shall immediately sit down, unless permitted to explain; and the house shall, if appealed to, decide the case without debate; if there be no appeal, then the decision of the chair shall be submitted to. If the decision be in favor of the member called to order, he shall be at liberty to proceed; if otherwise, and the case require it, he shall be liable to the censure of the house.

RULE 15. If any member be called to order for words spoken in debate, the person calling him to order shall repeat the words excepted to and they shall be taken down in writing at the clerk's table, and no member shall be held to answer or be subject to the censure of the house for words spoken in debate if any other member has spoken or other business has intervened after the words are spoken and before exception to them shall have been taken.

Rule 16. When two or more members rise at once, the speaker shall name who is first to speak.

RULE 17. No member shall speak more than twice on the same question without leave of the house, except the chairman of the committee, or the mover of the question, who may close the debate: *Provided*, That no member shall speak longer than I5 minutes without *unanimous* consent.

RULE 18. When a motion is made and seconded it shall be stated by the speaker, or, being in writing, it shall be handed to the chair and read aloud before debate.

Rule 19. Every motion shall be reduced to writing, if the speaker or a member desire it.

RULE 20. After a motion is stated by the speaker, or bill, memorial, resolution, petition or remonstrance is read by the

clerk, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the house, but may be withdrawn at any time by consent of the house, before decision or amendment.

RULE 21. When a question is under debate no motion shall be received but the following, in the order named:

First. To fix the time to which to adjourn.

Second. To adjourn.

Third. To lay on the table.

Fourth. For the previous question.

Fifth. To postpone to a day certain.

Sixth. To commit.

Seventh. To amend.

Eighth. To postpone indefinitely.

RULE 22. When a reading of a paper is called for, it shall be decided by a vote of the house.

RULE 23. All questions, whether in committee or in the house, shall be propounded in the order in which they are named, except that in filing blanks the largest sum and the longest time shall be first put.

# Indefinite Postponement.

RULE 24. No motion to postpone indefinitely being decided shall again be allowed on the same day, and at the same stage of the bill or proposition. When a question is postponed indefinitely the same shall not be acted upon again during the session.

# Previous Question and Reconsideration.

main question privileged over all other business, whether new or unfinished. It shall only be admitted when demanded by two-thirds of the members present, and until it is decided shall preclude all amendments and further debate on the main question. On a motion for the previous question, and prior to the seconding of the same, a call of the house shall be in order, but after a majority shall have seconded such motion, no call shall be in order prior to the decision of the main question.

RULE 26. When a motion has once been made and carried in the affirmative or negative, it shall be in order for any member of the prevailing side to move for reconsideration thereof, on the same day or next working day thereafter.

# Division of Questions.

RULE 27. A division cannot be demanded as a right by any member. It must be made pursuant to a motion stating precisely the division asked for, which motion can be amended. The presiding officer can decide, subject to an appeal to the house, that the division proposed cannot be made. Otherwise it is submitted to the house and decided by it.

## Amendments.

RULE 28. No motion or proposition on a subject shall be admitted under color of amendment, if different from that under consideration. No bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto or incorporating any bill or resolution pending before the house.

RULE 29. No amendment shall be received to a bill on its third reading, but it may be referred or recommitted for the purpose of amendment. A bill may be recommitted at any time before its passage.

# Petitions, Memorials and Resolutions.

RULE 30. Petitions, memorials and other papers addressed to the house may be presented by the speaker or any member, and shall not be debated or decided on the day of their being first read unless the house shall direct otherwise, but they may be referred to the committee having the subject-matter thereof under consideration, or may lie on the table, to be taken up in the order in which they are presented.

# Bills, Joint and Concurrent Resolutions.

RULE 31. Any member desiring to introduce a bill shall first

obtain the floor and state that he desires to introduce a bill, and if entitled to do so; the bill shall be sent to the clerk's desk to be numbered, and all bills shall be read in the order in which they are numbered by the clerk, but no bill shall be read a first time until every member present entitled to introduce a bill has had an opportunity to do so unless otherwise ordered by the house.

RULE 32. All bills introduced in this house, which are intended to amend existing statutes, shall have the words which are amendatory to such existing statute underlined or underscored, so that in the printed bills which are presented for the persual of the members, such new or amendatory matter shall be easily discerned.

RULE 33. Every bill shall be read on three several days unless the house shall deem it expedient to suspend this rule. The first reading shall be by title only, unless a majority of the members present demand a reading in full. All bills shall be printed unless otherwise ordered by the house, and be referred to committee after first reading. Bills shall pass to second reading when reported back by the committee. Each amendment made by a committee to a bill shall be in writing on a separate slip of paper, and shall be securely attached to the original bill by a paper fastener. The report of the committee shall also contain a statement of all amendments agreed to by the committee. Any committee report on a bill not conforming with this rule shall be returned by the chief clerk of the house to the committee for a compliance with this rule without further order by the house. Upon second reading, bills shall be read section by section in full, and be subject to amendment. No amendment shall be considered by the house until it shall have been sent to the desk in writing and have been read by the clerk. All amendments adopted on second reading shall be securely attached to the original bill by a paper fastener.

Amendments rejected by the house shall be passed to the journal clerk, and the journal shall show the disposition of such amendments. When no further amendments shall be offered, the speaker shall declare that the bill has passed its second reading. The bill, with the amendments, if there be any attached thereto, shall be sent to the Committee on Engrossed and Enrolled Bills, which committee shall see that all

amendments are properly engrossed upon the original bill, and the bill returned to the chief clerk before the opening of the house on the next succeeding day, and the bill shall then come up in the regular order for a third reading. Bills on third reading shall be read in full by sections. The only question on the third reading of a bill shall be upon its passage, and no amendment shall be entertained. No bill introduced "by request" shall be printed until after the committee to which said bill has been referred has acted and reported upon the same.

RULE 34. A bill may be advanced on the calendar by a vote of three-fifths of all members present voting in the affirmative; and the question shall be, "Shall the bill be advanced on the calendar?"

RULE 35. All joint or concurrent resolutions shall be acted upon the same as bills, unless otherwise ordered by a majority of the house.

RULE 36. When a bill shall pass, it shall be certified to by the clerk, together with the vote upon final passage, noting the day of its passage at the foot thereof.

RULE 37. On the final passage of every bill the ayes and noes shall be taken and entered upon the journal.

RULE 38. No engrossed bill, memorial or joint resolution shall be sent to the senate until one day after its passage without special instructions by the house. That in the event of committees having a number of bills on the same subject, of which none can be agreed upon by the committee, and it is their wish to present a different bill upon the same subject, such bill must be reported to the house and accepted before any of the other bills can be recommended for indefinite post-ponement.

Ayes and Noes.

RULE 39. Upon the passage of any question the vote shall be taken by ayes and noes, and shall be entered upon the journal of the house, when demanded by one-sixth of the members present. The speaker shall vote when the ayes and noes are called for, his name being called last, and in case of an equal division the question shall be lost.

# Voting.

RULE 40. No member shall vote on any question in the event

of which he is immediately or particularly interested, or in any case when he was not within the bar of the house before the last name was called, unless by unanimous consent; and when any member shall ask leave to vote, the speaker shall propound to him the question, "Were you within the bar when the last name was called?"

RULE 41. Upon a division and a count of the house on any question, no member without the bar shall be counted.

#### Duties of Members.

RULE 42. While the speaker is putting the question no member shall walk across or out of the house; nor when a member is speaking shall any member entertain private discourse or pass between him and the chair.

RULE 43. Every member who shall be in the house when the question was put shall give his vote unless the house for special reasons shall excuse him. All motions to excuse a member shall be made before the house divides or before the call for ayes and noes is commenced; and any member requesting to be excused from voting may make a brief and verbal statement of the reasons for making such request, and the question shall then be taken without further debate.

RULE 44. No member shall absent himself from the service of the house unless he shall have leave or be sick and unable to attend.

RULE 45. No person shall be allowed to smoke in the hall or lobby thereof during the session or recess.

#### Committee of the Whole House.

RULE 46. In forming a committee of the whole house the speaker having the chair shall call upon some member to preside, who shall be addressed as "Mr. Chairman."

RULE 47. Upon a bill committed to a committee of the whole house, the bill shall be read and debated by clauses, leaving the preamble to be last considered. The body of the bill shall not be defaced or interlined, but all amendments (noting the page and line) shall be duly entered by the clerk on a separate paper, as the same shall be agreed to by the committee and so reported to the house. After a report, the bill shall again be subject to be derated and amended by clauses before a question to engross it be taken.

RULE 48. The rules of proceeding in the house shall be observed in a committee of the whole house so far as they may be applicable, but no member shall be recognized a second time until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken.

#### Vetoes.

RULE 49. The veto message of the governor accompanying any bill passed by the house of representatives, other than as provided in joint rule No. 9, shall be immediately read, together with the bill vetoed. It shall then be in order to proceed to the reconsideration of the bill, or to postpone its consideration to a day certain. A veto message and a bill, or the message alone, may be referred, and the bill may be laid on the table. The main question in the consideration of a vetoed bill is, "Shall the bill pass notwithstanding the veto of the governor?" If two-thirds of the members present vote aye, the bill shall be sent to the senate, together with the message of the governor, for its action. The merits of the bill may be debated before the vote is taken, but the vote on a vetoed bill cannot be reconsidered.

### Standing Committees.

RULE 50. The standing committees to be appointed by the speaker shall consist of not less than five nor more than fifteen members each, as follows:

1. Agriculture.

2. Agricultural College and School of Science.

Appropriations.
 Banks and Banking.
 Claims and Auditing.

6. Commerce and Manufactures.7. Congressional Apportionment.

8. Constitutional Revision.

9. Compensation and Fees for State and County Officers.
10. Corporations other than Municipal and Railroads.

11. Counties and County Boundaries.

12. Dairy and Live Stock.

13. Dykes, Drains and Drainage.

14. Education.

15. Engrossed and Enrolled Bills.

16. Federal Relations and Immigration.

17. Fisheries.

18. Game and Game Fish.

19. Horticulture and Forestry. 20. Harbors and Waterways.

21. Hospitals for the Insane.

22. Internal Improvements and Indian Affairs.

23. Insurance.

- 24. Judiciary.
- 25. Labor and Labor Statistics. 26. Legislative Apportionment.
- 27. Medicine, Surgery and Hygiene.28. Memorials, Resolutions and Petitions.
- 29. Mileage and Contingent Expenses.
- 30. Military Affairs and Soldiers' Home.

- 31. Mines and Mining. 32. Miscellaneous Matters. 33. Municipal Corporations. 34. Printing and Supplies.
- 35. Privileges and Elections.

36. Public Morals.37. Revenue and Taxation.

38. Railroads.

- 39. Roads and Bridges.
- 40. Rules and Orders.
- 41. State Buildings, Public Grounds and Libraries.

42. State Normal Schools

43. State School and Granted Lands.

44. State Penitentiary.

45. State School for Defective Youth and Reform School.

46. State University.

- 47. Tide Lands.
- 48. Water, Water Rights and Irrigation.

RULE 51. No committee shall sit during the sitting of the house without special leave, and all its writs, warrants and subpoenas issued by order of the house shall be under the hand and seal of the speaker, attested by the clerk.

RULE 52. It shall be in order for the Committee on Enrolled and Engrossed Bills to report at any time, if no motion is before the house. This committee may report without notice to the house by handing the report to the chief clerk.

RULE 53. Standing committees shall report all bills back to the house within ten days from the time of reference, unless further time be granted by the house.

### Call of the House.

RULE 54. Five members may demand a call of the house at any time before the house has divided or the voting has commenced by ayes and noes, and thereupon the doors shall be closed until further proceedings upon the call have been dispensed with, which shall not be done until the absentees have been sent for, if requested by any member; but arrests of members for absence shall not be made unless ordered by a majority of the members present.

### Standing Rules.

RULE 55. No standing rule or order of the house shall be rescinded or changed without one day's notice being given of the motion therefor, nor shall any rule be suspended except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present. Neither the standing rules nor the order of business established by the house shall be postponed, changed or rescinded except by a vote of at least two-thirds of the members present.

RULE 56. The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in Reed's Parliamentary Rules shall govern in all cases in which they are not inconsistent with the standing rules and orders of the house.

# Duties of Subordinate Officers and Employes.

RULE 57. The chief clerk of the house shall see that the journal is properly kept, and have general supervision over all the clerks, excepting committee clerks while their services are required by standing committees.

RULE 58. The assistant clerk shall keep a correct record of all the proceedings of the house, and perform such other duties as the chief clerk shall prescribe.

RULE 59. The reading clerk shall read all communications, call the roll, and perform such other duties as the chief clerk shall direct.

RULE 60. The journal clerk shall transcribe the minutes of the house as approved, into the journal provided for that purpose.

RULE 61. The docket clerk shall keep a correct list (in a book provided for that purpose) of all bills, memorials and resolutions introduced, and perform such other duties as the chief clerk may require.

RULE 62. The enrolling and engrossing clerks shall be under the supervision of the committee on enrolled and engrossed bills when their services are needed by that committee.

RULE 63. The sergeant-at-arms shall attend the house during the sittings, announce all messengers, preserve order in the body of the hall, and execute all processes issued by authority of the house and directed to him by the speaker. He

shall also cause the assistant doorkeeper and watchman to perform the duties of janitor.

RULE 64. The assistant sergeant-at-arms shall be under the supervision of the sergeant-at-arms, and perform such duties as that officer shall prescribe.

RULE 65. The doorkeeper shall attend the house during the sitting, and shall give notice to the house of all messages, keep the representative hall and committee rooms in perfect order, and in all things execute the commands of the speaker of the house and the sergeant-at-arms.

RULE 66. The postmaster shall distribute all mail matter, and in the absence or disability of the assistant postmaster and messenger, shall carry all the messages that the house may require, private as well as public, and in all things execute the commands of the speaker of the house.

RULE 67. The assistant postmaster and messenger shall carry all the messages that the house may require, private as well as public, assist in distributing all mail matter, and in all things execute the commands of the speaker of the house.

RULE 68. The watchman shall sweep the hall, keep the room heated and ventilated, keep closets connected with the hall in good order and condition.

RULE 69. All clerks, except when acting under assignment, shall report to the chief clerk or assistant for duty, one hour before the opening of each daily session. All other employes of the house, excepting the watchman, shall report for duty to the sergeant-at-arms daily at 9 A. M.

RULE 70. Any officer or employe of the house who shall neglect or refuse to perform any duties assigned to him, or be found in a state of intoxication, shall, when reported to the house in writing by a standing committee, be subject to a reprimand, and for a second offense be removed, by a majority vote of the house.

Respectfully submitted,

J. H. EASTERDAY, Chairman. HARRY ROSENHAUPT. H. D. MERRITT. WILLIAM H. LEWIS. A. J. FAULKNOR.

