

an electric interurban line of one or more tracks where the electricity is transmitted by a third rail.

SEC. 2. The foregoing section shall not be construed to include that part of any right of way embraced in any highway crossing or any lawful private crossing; and shall not be construed to prohibit officers or employes of any such railroad or public officers from going or being upon any portion of the right of way in the performance of their duties. Limitations.

SEC. 3. The Public Service Commission of Washington shall require any company operating such a railroad as is described in section one of this act to erect and maintain upon such part of its line, at every point where a highway crosses such line, a sign or a warning, in form to be prescribed by such commission. Crossing warnings (see ch. 30 supra.)

SEC. 4. Any person violating the provisions of section one of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. Penalty.

Passed the Senate February 28, 1913.

Passed the House March 12, 1913.

Approved by the Governor March 20, 1913.

CHAPTER 129.

[S. B. 260.]

EXTENDING USE OF SCHOOL BUILDINGS.

AN ACT to authorize the improvement and use of school buildings and property and the acquisition and use of other facilities and real and personal property by school districts of the second class and third class for educational, social, recreational, and other community purposes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. That school boards in each district of the second class and third class may provide for the free, comfortable and convenient use of the school property to promote and facilitate frequent meetings and association of the people in discussion, study, improvement, recreation and other community purposes, and may acquire, assem-

School property may be used for public purpose.

ble and house material for the dissemination of information of use and interest to the farm, the home and the community, and facilities for experiment and study, especially in matters pertaining to the growing of crops, the improvement and handling of live stock, the marketing of farm products, the planning and construction of farm buildings, the subjects of household economies, home industries, good roads, and community vocations and industries; and may call meetings for the consideration and discussion of any such matters, employ a special supervisor, or leader, if need be, and provide suitable dwellings and accommodations for teachers, supervisors and necessary assistants.

Experts.

Homes for teachers.

Joint interests.

SEC. 2. That each school district of the second or third class, by itself or in combination with any other district or districts, shall have power, when in the judgment of the school board it shall be deemed expedient, to reconstruct, remodel, or build school houses, and to erect, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire other improvements and real and personal property, and establish a communal assembly place and appurtenances, and supply the same with suitable and convenient furnishings and facilities for the uses mentioned in section 1 of this act.

Commission to pass upon plans.

SEC. 3. That plans of any district or combination of districts for the carrying out of the powers granted by this act shall be submitted to and approved by the board of supervisors composed of seven members, as follows: the State Superintendent of Public Instruction; the head of the Extension Department of Washington State College; the head of the Extension Department of the University of Washington; the County Superintendent of Schools of the county in which such facilities are proposed to be located; these four to choose a fifth member from such county, and a sixth and a seventh member, one of whom shall be a woman, from the district or districts concerned.

SEC. 4. No real or personal property or improvements shall be purchased, leased, exchanged, acquired or sold,

nor any school houses built, remodeled or removed, nor any indebtedness incurred or money expended for any of the purposes of this act except in the manner provided by law for the purchase, lease, exchange, acquisition and sale of school property, the building, remodeling and removing of school houses and the incurring of indebtedness and expenditure of money for school purposes.

Limitation
on expendi-
tures.

Passed the Senate February 27, 1913.

Passed the House March 12, 1913.

Approved by the Governor March 20, 1913.

CHAPTER 130.

[S. B. 422.]

RELATING TO ELECTRICAL CONSTRUCTION.

AN ACT relating to electrical construction and the maintenance and use of electric wires, apparatus and appliances, and providing penalties for the violation thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. It shall be unlawful from and after the passage of this act for any officer, agent, or employee of the State of Washington, or of any county, city or other political subdivision thereof, or for any other person, firm or corporation, or its officers, agents or employees, to run, place, erect, maintain, or use any electrical apparatus or construction, except as provided in the rules of this act.

Municipalities, corporations and individuals bound by rules.

Rule 1. No wire or cable carrying a current of less than seven hundred fifty (750) volts of electricity within the corporate limits of any city or town shall be run, placed, erected, maintained or used on any insulator the center of which is less than thirteen (13) inches from the center line of any pole. And no such wire shall be run past any pole to which it is not attached at a distance of less than thirteen (13) inches from the center line thereof. This rule shall not apply to any wire or cable where the same is run from under ground and placed

Wire must be thirteen inches from center of pole (see rule 2 *infra*).