

ceed the amount realized from the sale of the above land as herein authorized.

Passed the House March 5, 1937.

Passed the Senate March 8, 1937.

Approved by the Governor March 13, 1937.

CHAPTER 92.

[H. B. 734.]

COMPACT BETWEEN STATES CONCERNING PERSONS ON PROBATION OR PAROLE.

AN ACT to provide that the State of Washington may enter into a compact with any of the United States for mutual helpfulness in relation to convicted persons on probation or parole.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

SECTION 1. The governor of this state is hereby authorized to execute a compact on behalf of the State of Washington with any of the United States legally joining therein in the form substantially as follows:

Compact
authorized.

A compact entered into by and among the contracting states, signatories hereto, with the consent of the Congress of the United States of America, granted by an act entitled "An Act granting the consent of Congress to any two or more states to enter into agreements or compacts for cooperative effort and mutual assistance in the prevention of crime and for other purposes."

The contracting states solemnly agree:

Agreement.

(1) That it shall be competent for the duly constituted judicial and administrative authorities of a state, party to this compact, (herein called "sending state"), to permit any person convicted of an offense within such state and placed on probation or re-

leased on parole to reside in any other state party to this compact, (herein called "receiving state"), while on probation or parole, if

(a) Such person is in fact a resident of or has his family residing within the receiving state and can obtain employment there;

(b) Though not a resident of the receiving state and not having his family residing there, the receiving state consents to such person being sent there.

Before granting such permission, opportunity shall be granted to the receiving state to investigate the home and prospective employment of such person.

Resident of receiving state.

A resident of the receiving state, within the meaning of this section, is one who has been an actual inhabitant of such state continuously for more than one year prior to his coming to the sending state and has not resided within the sending state more than six continuous months immediately preceding the commission of the offense for which he has been convicted;

Duties of receiving state.

(2) That each receiving state will assume the duties of visitation of and supervision over probationers or parolees of any sending state and in the exercise of those duties will be governed by the same standards that prevail for its own probationers and parolees;

Apprehension and extradition.

(3) That duly accredited officers of a sending state may at all times enter a receiving state and there apprehend and retake any person on probation or parole. For that purpose no formalities will be required other than establishing the authority of the officer and the identity of the person to be retaken. All legal requirements to obtain extradition of fugitives from justice are hereby expressly waived on the part of states party hereto, as to such persons. The decision of the sending state to retake a person

on probation or parole shall be conclusive upon and not reviewable within the receiving state: *Provided, however,* That if at the time when a state seeks to retake a probationer or parolee there should be pending against him within the receiving state any criminal charge, or he should be suspected of having committed within such state a criminal offense, he shall not be retaken without the consent of the receiving state until discharged from prosecution or from imprisonment for such offense;

(4) That the duly accredited officers of the sending state will be permitted to transport prisoners being retaken through any and all states parties to this compact, without interference;

Transportation of prisoners through states.

(5) That the governor of each state may designate an officer who, acting jointly with like officers of other contracting states, if and when appointed, shall promulgate such rules and regulations as may be deemed necessary to more effectively carry out the terms of this compact;

Rules and regulations promulgated.

(6) That this compact shall become operative immediately upon its execution by any state as between it and any other state or states so executing. When executed it shall have the full force and effect of law within such state, the form of execution to be in accordance with the laws of the executing state;

Compact effective, when.

(7) That this compact shall continue in force and remain binding upon each executing state until renounced by it. The duties and obligations hereunder of a renouncing state shall continue as to parolees or probationers residing therein at the time of withdrawal until retaken or finally discharged by the sending state. Renunciation of this compact shall be by the same authority which executed it, by sending six months' notice in writing of its intention to withdraw from the compact to the other states, party hereto.

Renunciation of compact.

Partial
invalidity.

SEC. 2. If any section, sentence, subdivision or clause of this act is for any reason held invalid or to be unconstitutional, such decision shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions of this act.

SEC. 3. This act may be cited as the Uniform Act for Out-of-State Supervision.

Passed the House March 6, 1937.

Passed the Senate March 9, 1937.

Approved by the Governor March 13, 1937.

CHAPTER 93.

[S. B. 97.]

RELIEF OF SUNNYSIDE VALLEY IRRIGATION DISTRICT.
AN ACT for the relief of the Sunnyside Valley Irrigation District.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Appropriation.

SECTION 1. There is hereby appropriated out of the general fund the sum of eight hundred twenty-seven dollars and sixty-four cents (\$827.64) to reimburse the Sunnyside Valley Irrigation District for construction charges paid by said district to the United States on the following described real estate situated in Yakima county, State of Washington, to-wit: The northeast quarter of the northwest quarter and the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section sixteen (16), township ten (10) north, range twenty-one (21) E. W. M., which land is owned by the State of Washington, and is included in said district, and the state auditor is hereby directed to draw a warrant for said amount in favor of the Sunnyside Valley Irrigation District.

Passed the Senate February 23, 1937.

Passed the House March 3, 1937.

Approved by the Governor March 13, 1937.