CHAPTER 176 [Engrossed House Bill No. 419] INTERMEDIATE SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND SUPERINTENDENTS

AN ACT Relating to education; creating intermediate school districts to assist in administering the education program of the state; providing for the election of intermediate school district boards of education, the appointment of intermediate school district superintendents, and prescribing their respective duties; amending section 27, chapter 104, Laws of 1903, as last amended by section 1, chapter 163, Laws of 1955, and RCW 27.16.010; amending section 28, chapter 104, Laws of 1903, as last amended by section 2, chapter 163, Laws of 1955, and RCW 27.16.020; amending section 3, page 320, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 27.16.030; amending section 4, page 320, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 3, chapter 163, Laws of 1955, and RCW 27.16.040; amending section 5, page 320, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 4, chapter 163, Laws of 1955, and RCW 27.16.050; amending section 6, page 320, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 5, chapter 163, Laws of 1955, and RCW 27.16.060; amending section 2, page 230, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.02.020; amending section 3, chapter 20, Laws of 1955 and RCW 28.02.070; amending section 3, page 231, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 4, chapter 158, Laws of 1967, and RCW 28.03.030; amending section 2, chapter 49, Laws of 1965 ex.sess., as amended by section 2, chapter 12, Laws of 1967, and RCW 28.03.050; amending section 7, chapter 154, Laws of 1965 ex.sess., and RCW 28.24.080; amending section 10, chapter 154, Laws of 1965 ex.sess., and RCW 28.24.110; amending section 4, page 365, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.27.040; amending section 9, page 367, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.27.080; amending section 10, page 368, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, and RCW 28.27.102; amending section 3, chapter 276, Laws of 1959, as amended by section 1, chapter 162, Laws of 1965 ex.sess., and RCW 28.48-[1271]

.010; amending section 9, chapter 141, Laws of 1945 as amended by section 2, chapter 162, Laws of 1965 ex.sess., and RCW 28-.48.030; amending section 5, page 312, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.48.050; amending section 6, page 313, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as last amended by section 14, chapter 28, Laws of 1933, and RCW 28.48.055; amending section 1, chapter 139, Laws of 1925 ex.sess., and RCW 28.48.060; amending section 13, page 314, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, and RCW 28.48-.090; amending section 1, page 309, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 1, chapter 85, Laws of 1911, and RCW 28.48.100; amending section 11, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57.030; amending section 12, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57.040; amending section 13, chapter 266, Laws of 1947, as last amended by section 2, chapter 268, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.57.050; amending section 19, chapter 266, Laws of 1947, as last amended by section 1, chapter 129, Laws of 1957, and RCW 28.57.070; amending section 21, chapter 266, Laws of 1947, as last amended by section 1, chapter 296, Laws of 1957, and RCW 28.57.090; amending section 3, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57.130; amending section 9, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57.140; amending section 5, chapter 266. Laws of 1947, as last amended by section 1, chapter 108, Laws of 1965 ex.sess., and RCW 28.57.150; amending section 15, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57.170; amending section 16, chapter 266, Laws of 1947, as amended by section 14, chapter 268, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.57.180; amending section 17, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57.190; amending section 18, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57.200; amending section 26, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57.240; amending section 5, chapter 268, Laws of 1959 and RCW 28.57.245; amending section 23, chapter 130, Laws of 1961 and RCW 28.57.255; amending section 28, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57-.260; amending section 31, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW

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28.57.290; amending section 32, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57.300; amending section 24, chapter 266, Laws of 1947, as amended by section 7, chapter 268, Laws of 1959 and RCW 28.57.350; amending section 34, chapter 266, Laws of 1947, as amended by section 9, chapter 268, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.57.370; amending section 38, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57.390; amending section 1, chapter 30, Laws of 1963 and RCW 28.58.530; amending section 3, chapter 68, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 1, chapter 241, Laws of 1961, and RCW 28.67.070; amending section 143, chapter 118, Laws of 1897 as last amended by section 3, chapter 47, Laws of 1961, and RCW 28.70.040; amending section 2, page 338, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 2, chapter 162, Laws of 1915, and RCW 28.70.060; amending section 3, page 336, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 20, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.70.110; amending section 5, page 337, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 1, chapter 16, Laws of 1911, and RCW 28.70.140; amending section 21, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.71.100; amending section 5, chapter 128, Laws of 1917, as amended by section 23, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.81.100; amending section 6, page 359, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.87.030; amending section 2, page 357, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, and RCW 28.87.050; amending section 1, page 357, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.87.070; amending section 3, page 357, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.87.080; amending section 1, chapter 126, Laws of 1917 and RCW 28.87.090; amending section 4, page 358, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.87.100; amending section 5, page 358, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.87.110; amending section 15, page 361, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.87-.170; amending section 2, page 363, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 23, chapter 90, Laws of 1919, and RCW 28.88.020; amending section 29.21.080, chapter 9, Laws of

1965, and RCW 29.21.080; amending section 29.21.085, chapter 9, Laws of 1965 and RCW 29.21.085; amending section 29.21.150, chapter 9, Laws of 1965 and RCW 29.21.150; amending section 29.21.180, chapter 9, Laws of 1965 and RCW 29.21.180; amending section 36.16.050, chapter 4, Laws of 1963 and RCW 36.16.050: amending section 36.16.070, chapter 4, Laws of 1963 and RCW 36.16.070; amending section 36.68.030, chapter 4, Laws of 1963 and RCW 36.68.030; amending section 36.68.040, chapter 4, Laws of 1963 and RCW 36.68.040; amending section 1, chapter 80, Laws of 1947, as last amended by section 11, chapter 50, Laws of 1967 and RCW 41.32.010; amending section 42, chapter 80, Laws of 1947 as last amended by section 4, chapter 50, Laws of 1967 and RCW 41.32.420; amending section 72.40.060, chapter 28, Laws of 1959 and RCW 72.40.060; amending section 72.40-.070, chapter 28, Laws of 1959 and RCW 72.40.070; amending section 72.40.080, chapter 28, Laws of 1959 and RCW 72.40.080; amending section 72.40.100, chapter 28, Laws of 1959 and RCW 72.40.100; amending section 28A.02.070, 28A.03.030, 28A.03-.050, 28A.24.080, 28A.27.040, 28A.27.080, 28A.27.102, 28A.48-.010, 28A.48.030, 28A.48.050, 28A.48.055, 28A.48.060, 28A.48-.090, 28A.48.100, 28A.57.031, 28A.57.032, 28A.57.033, 28A.57-.035, 28A.57.040, 28A.57.050, 28A.57.070, 28A.57.075, 28A.57-.090, 28A.57.130, 28A.57,140, 28A.57.150, 28A.57.170, 28A.57-.180, 28A.57.190, 28A.57.200, 28A.57.240, 28A.57.245, 28A.57-.255, 28A.57.260, 28A.57.290, 28A.57.300, 28A.57.328, 28A.57-.350, 28A.57.370, 28A.57.390, 28A.58.225, 28A.58.530, 28A.67-.070, 28A.70.110, 28A.70.140, 28A.71.100, 28A.87.030, 28A.87-.050, 28A.87.080, 28A.87.090, 28A.87.100, 28A.87.110, 28A.87-.170, 28A.88.020 and 28B.40.380, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.02.070, 28A.03.030, 28A.03.050, 28A.24-.080, 28A.27.040, 28A.27.080, 28A.27.102, 28A.48.010, 28A.48-.030, 28A.48.050, 28A.48.055, 28A.48.060, 28A.48.090, 28A.48-.100, 28A.57.031, 28A.57.032, 28A.57.033, 28A.57.035, 28A.57-

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.040, 28A.57.050, 28A.57.070, 28A.57.075, 28A.57.090, 28A.57-.130, 28A.57.140, 28A.57.150, 28A.57.170, 28A.57.180, 28A.57-.190, 28A.57.200, 28A.57.240, 28A.57.245, 28A.57.255, 28A.57-.260, 28A.57.290, 28A.57.300, 28A.57.328, 28A.57.350, 28A.57-.370, 28A.57.390, 28A.58.225, 28A.58.530, 28A.67.070, 28A.70-.110, 28A.70,140, 28A.71.100, 28A.87.030, 28A.87.050, 28A.87-.090, 28A.87.100, 28A.87.110, 28A.87.170, 28A.88.020 and 28B-.40.380; repealing section 1, page 264, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.01.030; repealing section 22, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.01.035; repealing section 2, chapter 157, Laws of 1955 as amended by section 1, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.010; repealing section 3, chapter 157, Laws of 1955 and RCW 28.19.020; repealing section 4, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 4, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.030; repealing section 31, chapter 118, Laws of 1897, as last amended by section 5, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.040; repealing section 32, chapter 118, Laws of 1897, as last amended by section 6, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.050; repealing section 14, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 7, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.060; repealing section 6, page 284, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.19.070; repealing section 7, page 284, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 15, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, and RCW 28.19.080; repealing section 8, page 285, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 16, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, and RCW 28.19.090; repealing section 29, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 25, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.110; repealing section 31, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as last amended by section 18, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.19.120; repealing section 32, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 8, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.190; repealing section 1, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19-

.300; repealing section 2, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 29.19.310; repealing section 3, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 as amended by section 1, chapter 67, Laws of 1967 ex.sess., and RCW 28.19.320; repealing section 4, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.330; repealing section 5, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.19.340; repealing section 6, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.19.350; repealing section 7, chapter 139. Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.360; repealing section 8, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.370; repealing section 9, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.380; repealing section 12, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.390; repealing section 13, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.19.400; repealing section 14, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19-410: repealing section 15, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.420; repealing section 30, chapter 157, Laws of 1955 as last amended by section 17, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.430; repealing section 2, chapter 67, Laws of 1967 ex. sess., and RCW 28.19.440; repealing section 30, chapter 216, Laws of 1959 and RCW 28.19.900; repealing section 1, page 311, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as last amended by section 5, chapter 67, Laws of 1967 ex.sess., and RCW 28.20.010; repealing section 24, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as last amended by section 3, chapter 67, Laws of 1967 ex.sess., and RCW 28.20.013; repealing section 25, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 11, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.20.015; repealing section 19, chapter 157, Laws of 1955 and RCW 28.20-.020; repealing section 20, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, and RCW 28.20.030; repealing section 25, page 11, Laws of 1886 as last amended by section 10, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.20.040; repealing section 28, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, amended by section 19, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and as RCW 28.20.045; repealing section 1, page 315, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 10, chapter 90, Laws

of 1919 and RCW 28.71.010; repealing section 2, page .315, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.71.020; repealing section 4, page 315, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.71.030; repealing section 8, page 316, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.71.065; repealing section 9, page 316, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.71.070; amending section 3, page 298, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.63.020; amending section 3, page 301, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.63.022; amending section 28A.57.326, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.326; repealing sections 28A.01.030, 28A.01.035, 28A.19.010, 28A.19.020, 28A.19-.030, 28A.19.040, 28A.19.050, 28A.19.060, 28A.19.070, 28A.19-.080, 28A.19.090, 28A.19.110, 28A.19.120, 28A.19.190, 28A.19-.300, 28A.19.310, 28A.19.320, 28A.19.330, 28A.19.340, 28A.19-.350, 28A.19.360, 28A.19.370, 28A.19.380, 28A.19.390, 28A.19-.400, 28A.19.410, 28A.19.420, 28A.19.430, 28A.19.440, 28A.20-.010, 28A.20.053, 28A.20.055, 28A.20.020, 28A.20.030, 28A.20-.040 and 28A.20.095, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58), and RCW 28A.01.030, 28A.01.035, 28A.19.010, 28A.19.020, 28A.19.030 28A.19.040, 28A.19.050, 28A.19.060, 28A.19.070, 28A.19.080, 28A.19.090, 28A.19.110, 28A.19.120, 28A.19.190, 28A.19.300, 28A.19.310, 28A.19.320, 28A.19.330, 28A.19.340, 28A.19.350, 28A.19.360, 28A.19.360, 28A.19.370, 28A.19.380, 28A.19-.400, 28A.19.410, 28A.19.420, 28A.19.430, 28A.19.440, 28A.20.010, 28A.20.053, 28A.20.055, 28A.20.020, 28A.20.030, 28A.20.040 and 28A.20.095; providing sections to effect the correlative and pari materia construction of this act with the provisions of Title 28 RCW, or of Titles 28A and 28B RCW if such titles shall be enacted; and declaring an emergency. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. It shall be the intent and purpose of this 1969 amendatory act to reorganize existing offices of county superintendent of schools and county boards of education into inter-

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mediate school district offices in order that the territorial organization of the intermediate school districts may be more readily and efficiently adapted to the changing economic pattern and educational program in the state, so that the children in the state will be provided with equal educational opportunities.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. (1) On or before July 1, 1969, the state board of education shall create a system of intermediate school districts, the boundaries of each of which shall be compatible with the state-wide plan of potential intermediate districts heretofore adopted by the state board of education pursuant to section 3, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.320. Prior to the creation of such system and the boundaries of the individual intermediate school districts, the state board may make such changes in that state-wide plan and those boundaries as it deems consistent with the purposes stated in section 1 of this 1969 amendatory act. Prior to the creation of such system and districts the state board shall hold at least one public hearing on such proposed action and shall consider any recommendations on such proposed action.

(2) The state board of education may at any time it deems advisable, or upon petition of any intermediate school district board of education, make such changes in the boundaries of the intermediate school districts consistent with the purposes of section 1 of this 1969 amendatory act as now enacted or hereafter amended. Prior to making any such changes, the state board shall hold at least one public hearing on such proposed action and shall consider any recommendations on such proposed action.

The state board in the formation of or making any change in boundaries as provided in subsections (1) and (2) above, shall give consideration to, but not be limited by, the following factors: Size, population, topography, and climate of the proposed district.

(3) The state superintendent of public instruction shall furnish personnel, material, supplies and information necessary to enable county or intermediate school boards and superintendents to consider the initial proposed plan as provided in subsection (1) above, its districts and changes thereto. Such personnel, material, supplies and information shall thereafter be furnished to intermediate school district boards of education and superintendents when proposed changes are in question.

Intermediate districts created pursuant to chapter 139, Laws of 1965 as amended shall be called intermediate school districts and shall be subject to all of the provisions of this 1969 amendatory act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. Except as otherwise provided in this section in each intermediate school district there shall be an intermediate school district board of education, which shall consist of seven members elected by the voters of the intermediate school district, one from each of seven intermediate school district boardmember districts, such board-member districts to be determined by the state board of education on or before July 1, 1969. The board-member districts shall be arranged so far as practicable on a basis of equal population, with consideration being given existing board members of existing intermediate district boards. Each intermediate school district board member shall be elected by the qualified voters in his board-member district only. At least every four years, intermediate school district boards shall review and, if necessary, shall change the boundaries of board-member districts so as to provide so far as practicable equal representation according to population of such board-member districts and to conform to school district boundary changes. Such district board may refer for settlement questions on board-member district boundaries to the state board of education, which, after a public hearing, may decide such questions.

Election of board members shall be held at the time of the general school election commencing with the general school election of 1969. Such election shall be called and notice thereof given by the county auditor of each county in the manner provided by law for giving notice of the election of school district directors and such election shall be conducted by the official who conducts the general

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school election for first class school districts.

Filing for candidacy for the intermediate school district board shall be with the county auditor of the headquarters county of the intermediate school district not more than sixty days nor less than forty-six days prior to the general school election, and the auditor shall certify the names of candidates to the officials conducting the elections in the board-member districts, except that for the elections to be conducted in November, 1969, the filings shall be with the county auditor of the most populous county in the intermediate school district who shall make such certifications.

The term of office for each board member shall be four years and until his successor is duly elected and qualified. For the first election, board-member district positions numbered one, three, five and seven in each intermediate school district shall be for a term of four years and positions numbered two, four and six shall be for a term of two years.

The term of every intermediate school district board member shall begin after the election returns have been certified, a certificate of election issued, and the oath of office taken, at which time the term of all existing county or intermediate district board members shall terminate and all duties of county board members affecting the county office shall be assumed by the new intermediate school district board serving those counties. Each intermediate school district board shall be organized at the first meeting of the board after the beginning of such term. In the event of a vacancy in the board from any cause, such vacancy shall be filled by appointment of a person from the same board-member district by the intermediate school district board of education. In the event that there are more than three vacancies in a board, the state board of education shall fill by appointment sufficient vacancies so that there shall be a quorum of the board serving. Each appointed board member shall serve until the next general school election, at which time there shall be elected a member to fill the unexpired term.

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After July 1, 1969, the then incumbent county and intermediate district board members who reside in the newly created intermediate school districts shall meet at the call of the then incumbent intermediate district superintendent or county superintendent of the most populous county in the newly created district, and elect from among their number board members for the new district, one from each board-member district, to serve until the new intermediate school district board assumes office.

No person shall serve as a member of a board of directors of a common school district and as a member of an intermediate school district board at the same time.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. Every school district must be included entirely within a single intermediate school district and within a single board-member district thereof. If the boundaries of any school district within an intermediate school district are changed in any manner so as to extend the school district beyond the boundaries of that intermediate school district, the state board shall change the boundaries of the intermediate school district so affected so that all of the school district as constituted by such change of boundaries shall be included within one intermediate school district.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. Every member of the intermediate school district board of education shall be a qualified voter and a resident of the board-member district for which he files, and shall not be an employee of any school district. On or before the date for taking office, every member shall make an oath or affirmation to support the Constitution of the United States and the state of Washington, and to faithfully discharge the duties of his office according to the best of his ability. The members of the board shall not be required to give bond. At the first meeting after each general school election and after the qualification for office of the newly elected members, each intermediate school district board shall reorganize by electing a chairman and vice chairman. A majority of all of the members of the board shall constitute a quorum. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. All members of the intermediate school district board of education shall be reimbursed for their travel expenses and subsistence while engaged in the performance of their duties under this 1969 amendatory act in accordance with expenses allowable under RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060, as now or hereafter amended. All such claims shall be approved by the intermediate school district board of education and paid from the budget of the intermediate school district.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Every intermediate school district board of education shall appoint and set the salary of an intermediate school district superintendent who shall be employed by a written contract for a term to be fixed by the board but not to exceed four years, and who may be discharged for sufficient cause. The appointment of the first superintendent under this section shall take effect at the end of the terms of all existing county and intermediate district superintendents in each intermediate school district. All existing county and intermediate district superintendents shall continue in office until the end of their respective terms of office. While holding such positions the existing superintendents shall continue to receive the salary of that office paid by the boards of county commissioners as prescribed by law existing immediately prior to the effective date of this 1969 amendatory act. Unless all positions of county and intermediate school district superintendents within an intermediate school district shall become vacant before the expiration of the existing terms of office, no vacancies shall be filled, but the intermediate school district board shall designate another such superintendent within the district to serve in that vacant position for the duration of that term of office. Prior to the assumption of office by the appointive superintendent, if there shall be more than one elected superintendent in office within a district, the intermediate school district board shall designate one of the superintendents to be chairman of the county and intermediate district superintendents within the district and, thereafter, such chairman shall represent

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such superintendents in matters of concern to the intermediate school district.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. To be eligible for appointment to the office of intermediate school district superintendent, in addition to other provisions of the law, a candidate must have completed five years of regular, accredited work in one or more recognized institutions of higher learning; have a valid principal's or superintendent's credential of the state of Washington, and have three or more years' experience in educational administration in the common schools or in the office of a county or intermediate district superintendent or office of an intermediate school district superintendent; but anyone serving as a legally qualified county or intermediate district superintendent or deputy county or intermediate district superintendent in the state of Washington on the effective date of this 1969 amendatory act may be deemed qualified to hold the office of intermediate school district superintendent.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. Every intermediate school district board of education shall have the following additional powers and duties:

(1) Advise with and pass upon the recommendations of the intermediate school district superintendent in the preparation of manuals, courses of study, and rules and regulations for the circulating libraries.

(2) Adopt rules and regulations as it shall deem necessary for the schools of the intermediate school district, not inconsistent with the code of public instruction or with the rules and regulations of the state board of education or the superintendent of public instruction.

(3) Approve the budgets of the intermediate school district, and certify to the board or boards of county commissioners the amount needed from county funds and to the state board of education the estimates of special service funds needed.

(4) Meet regularly according to the schedule adopted at the

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organization meeting and in special session upon the call of the chairman, or a majority of the board, or the intermediate school district superintendent.

(5) Assist the intermediate school district superintendent in the selection of personnel and clerical staff as provided in section 10 of this 1969 amendatory act.

(6) Fix the amount of and approve the intermediate school district superintendent's bond.

(7) Exercise careful supervision over the common schools of the district and see that all provisions of the common school laws are observed and followed by teachers, supervisors, superintendents and school officers.

(8) Hear and decide all disputes concerning conflicting or incorrectly described school district boundaries.

(9) Appoint school district directors in school districts of the second and third classes to fill vacancies and appoint school directors for any new school districts. When any new school district is organized, such of the school directors of the old school district as reside within the limits of the new one shall be such directors of the new one, and the vacancies of the old one shall be filled by appointment.

(10) Hear and act upon appeals as provided in RCW 28.88.020.

(11) Acquire by purchase, lease or otherwise, property necessary for the operation of the intermediate school district and to the execution of the duties of the board and superintendent thereof, and to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of that property not so necessary.

(12) Adopt such bylaws, rules and regulations for its own government as it deems necessary or appropriate.

(13) Enter into contracts and employ consultants and legal counsel relating to any of the duties, functions and powers of the intermediate school districts.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. The intermediate school district

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superintendent may appoint with the consent of the intermediate school district board of education assistant superintendents and such other professional personnel and clerical help as may be necessary to perform the work of his office at such salaries as may be determined by the intermediate school district board of education, and shall pay such salaries out of the budget of the district. All assistant intermediate school district superintendents shall qualify in the same manner as the intermediate school district superintendent; and in the absence of the intermediate school district superintendent shall perform the duties of the office. The intermediate school district superintendent shall have the authority to appoint a qualified deputy to perform any of the duties of the office.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. Each intermediate school district superintendent shall:

(1) Serve as chief executive officer of the intermediate school district and secretary of the intermediate school district board.

(2) Visit the schools in his intermediate school district, counsel with directors and teachers, and assist in every possible way to advance the educational interest in his intermediate school district.

(3) Distribute promptly all reports, laws, forms, circulars, and instructions which he may receive for the use of the schools and the teachers, and execute the instructions, rules and regulations, and decisions of the superintendent of public instruction, as provided by law; enforce any outline course of study adopted by the state board of education or course of study adopted by any other lawful authority, and enforce any rules and regulations promulgated therefor.

(4) Keep on file and preserve in his office the biennial reports of the superintendent of public instruction and such other reports pertinent to the operation of his intermediate district.

(5) Keep records of his official acts and those of the intermediate school district board.

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(6) Preserve carefully all reports of school officers and teachers and at the close of his term of office deliver to his successor all records, books, documents and papers belonging to the office, either personally, or through his personal representative, taking a receipt for the same, which shall be filed in the office of the county auditor in the county where his office is located.

(7) Administer oaths and affirmations to school directors, teachers, and other persons on all official matters connected with or relating to schools, when appropriate, but not make or collect any charge or fee for so doing.

(8) Suspend any teacher who may be teaching inshis district, against whom he files charges; in case of any such suspension he shall immediately notify the superintendent of public instruction of his action and shall clearly and fully state his reasons for his action.

(9) Keep an official record of all persons under contract to teach in the schools of his intermediate school district, showing the number of the school district, the date of the contract, the names of the contracting parties, and the date of the expiration of the teacher's certificate and the kind thereof, the salary paid, and the date of commencing school with the length of term in days.

(10) Make an annual report to the superintendent of public instruction on the first day of August of each year, for the school year ending June 30th, next preceding. The report shall contain an abstract of the reports made to him by the district clerks and such other matters as the superintendent of public instruction shall direct.

(11) Keep in his office a full and correct transcript of the boundaries of each school district in the intermediate school district, including joint districts. In case the boundaries of the districts are conflicting or incorrectly described, he shall change, harmonize and describe them, and at their next regular meeting he shall certify his action to the county commissioners of the county in which the affected districts are located, and shall file with them a

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complete transcript of the boundaries of all school districts therein affected by his action, which shall be entered upon the journal of that board and become a part of its records. In the event of a dispute over such boundaries, the intermediate school district board shall hear and decide the matter. The intermediate school district superintendent shall, on request, furnish school district clerks with descriptions of the boundaries of their respective districts.

(12) Apportion school funds in the manner not in conflict with state law or the rules or regulations relating to distribution and apportionment of school funds.

(13) Conduct such examination of teachers and make such records thereof as may be prescribed by law. He shall give ten days' notice of each examination by publication in some newspaper of general circulation published in each county in his district, or if there be no newspaper, then by posting up handbills, or otherwise.

(14) Hold teachers' institutes according to law, and conduct such other meetings of the teachers of his intermediate school district as may be for the best interests of the schools, and attend other meetings and conferences which may be of benefit to the schools of his intermediate school district.

(15) Hold at his option each year, one or more school directors' meetings.

(16) Furnish free of charge teachers' registers, clerks' record books, and other materials received free of charge from the superintendent of public instruction to all districts of his intermediate school district.

(17) Counsel with school boards on selection of school sites and whenever any board of directors of a school district of the third class shall be authorized, by the electors of that district, to erect a school building. It shall be the duty of such board, before entering into any contract for the erection of any building, to obtain the approval of the intermediate school district superintendent, of the plans and specifications for the building to be erected, and the

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superintendent shall give special attention to the provisions made therein for heating, lighting and ventilation.

(18) Require all reports of school district officers, teachers and others to be made promptly as required by law.

(19) Require the oath of office of all school district officers be filed in his office, and shall furnish a directory of all such officers to the county auditor and to the county treasurer of the county in which the school district is located, upon blanks furnished by the superintendent of public instruction, as soon as the election or appointment of such officers is determined and their oaths placed on file.

(20) Prepare an annual budget for the district for approval by the intermediate school district board of education.

(21) Serve as a member of the transportation commission as provided by RCW 28.24.080.

(22) Assist the school districts in preparation of their budgets as provided in chapter 28.63 RCW.

(23) Cooperate with the state supervisor of special aid for handicapped children and with school districts in administering the educational program for handicapped children as provided in RCW 28-.13.020.

(24) Cooperate with the state supervisor of recreation and with school districts in administering the recreation program as provided in RCW 28.14.020.

(25) Enforce the provisions of the compulsory attendance law as provided in chapter 28.27 and chapter 28.28 RCW.

(26) Certify certain statistical data as basis for apportionment purposes to county and state officials as provided in chapter 28.44 RCW.

(27) Perform duties relating to capital fund aid by nonhigh districts as provided in chapter 28.56 RCW.

(28) Carry out the duties and issue orders creating new

school districts and transfers of territory as provided in chapter 28.57 RCW.

(29) Perform all other duties prescribed by law or the intermediate school district board.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. The intermediate school district board of education shall designate the headquarters office of the intermediate school district. The board of county commissioners in each county shall provide the intermediate school district superintendent with suitable quarters and office. Official records of the intermediate district board and superintendent, and of each of the county superintendents of counties within the intermediate school district, shall prior to January 1, 1971, be transferred to and thereafter be kept by the intermediate school district superintendent. Where a county is divided into two or more intermediate school districts, the state board of education shall supervise the transferral of such records so that each intermediate school district superintendent shall receive those records relating to school districts within his intermediate school district.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. For all actual and necessary travel in the performance of his official duties and while in attendance upon meetings and conferences, each intermediate school district superintendent and his necessary assistants shall be allowed their actual traveling expenses and subsistence in accordance with RCW 43.03-.050 and 43.03.060. All claims shall be approved by the intermediate school district board of education and paid from the funds budgeted by the district.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. The state board of education shall examine the budget of each intermediate school district and fix the amount to be allocated thereto from state funds and certify to the state superintendent of public instruction the amount of state funds needed for the intermediate school district budgets as approved by the state board of education, and shall require the state superintendent of public instruction to allocate this amount from the cur-

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rent state school fund or from funds otherwise appropriated for that purpose to the county treasurer of the headquarters county of the intermediate school district for deposit to the credit of the intermediate school district special service fund. In each intermediate school district, there is hereby created an intermediate school district special service fund into which there shall be deposited such moneys as are allocated by the superintendent of public instruction under provisions of this 1969 amendatory act, and such moneys as are not specifically allocated from the county current expense funds and other funds of the intermediate school district, and such moneys shall be expended by warrants drawn by the county auditor of the headquarters county of the intermediate school district upon vouchers approved by the intermediate school district board, except as otherwise provided in this 1969 amendatory act. No vouchers for warrants other than moneys being distributed to the school districts, shall be approved for expenditures not budgeted by the intermediate school district board.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. The minimum salary of the intermediate school district superintendents shall be based on the number of children attending public schools in grades kindergarten through twelve of the intermediate school district, as determined October 1st of the previous year, and shall be as follows:

School Enrollment	Salary
Less than 15,000	\$10,000.00
15,000 to 19,999, inclusive	11,000.00
20,000 to 24,999, inclusive	12,000.00
25,000 to 29,999, inclusive	13,000.00
30,000 to 34,999, inclusive	14,000.00
35,000 to 99,999, inclusive	15,000.00
100,000 or more	20,000.00

: PROVIDED, That the intermediate school district board may change such salary of the superintendent when it is deemed by the board to be in the best interest of the intermediate school district to do so.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. By January 11, 1971, all funds under the control of the office of each county superintendent or county board of education of each county combined into an intermediate school district shall be combined into intermediate school district funds and deposited in the office of the county treasurer of the county in which the intermediate school district headquarters office is located, except that where a county becomes a part of two or more intermediate school districts, then only a portion of the funds of the office of county superintendent and county board of education shall be combined into the funds of each intermediate school district. The portion of such funds to be combined shall be determined as follows:

(1) Of the current expense fund of the county superintendent, that amount representing the same proportion as the assessed valuation of the property for tax purposes of the portion of the county being combined into the intermediate school district is to the assessed valuation of all county property.

(2) Of the county superintendent's special service fund, an amount determined by the state board of education.

(3) Of the county institute fund, the amount representing the same proportion as the number of teachers employed by school districts in the portion of the county being combined into the intermediate district is to the number of teachers employed by all school districts in the entire county not maintaining a separate institute fund.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 17. The budget of the intermediate school district shall be approved by the intermediate school district board of education. The budget shall then be forwarded to the state board of education for its approval. Moneys received from the state superintendent of public instruction shall be paid to the county treasurer in the county wherein the intermediate school district headquarters office is located to be credited to intermediate school district spe-

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cial service fund, and the county treasurer of that county shall be the custodian of the fund, and the auditor of that county shall keep a record of receipts and disbursements, and shall draw and the county treasurer shall honor and pay the warrants.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 18. The county commissioners of each county shall pay each year from their county current expense fund to the intermediate school district current expense fund of the intermediate school district in which the county is located not less than the amount which the county appropriated to the budget of any county and/or intermediate district superintendent for the year 1969. Where only a portion of a county is a part of an intermediate school district, the amount to be paid by the county commissioners to the intermediate school district shall be based on an amount not less than that appropriated to the budget of the county or intermediate district superintendent for the year 1969 and determined by a ratio as described in section 16(1) of this 1969 amendatory act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 19. The 1969-71 interim committee on education shall conduct a study relative to the financial support of intermediate school districts and ways of enabling intermediate school districts to serve more effectively as regional education centers serving both local school districts and the office of the superintendent of public instruction, and make its recommendations to the forty-second regular session of the legislature.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 20. The prosecuting attorney for the county in which the headquarters office of the intermediate school district office is located shall, if required by law to devote full time to the duties of his office, as a part of his duties, serve as legal advisor to the intermediate school district board and superintendent in all matters relating to their official business. When requested by such board or superintendent, he shall draw all instruments, give legal advice, and represent such board or superintendent with respect to all such matters and business. The prosecuting attorneys of other counties within an intermediate school district, if required by law to de-

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vote their full time to the duties of their office, shall be available to assist the headquarters county prosecuting attorney with respect to such matters and business.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 21. The county treasurer of the county in which the headquarters office of the intermediate school district is located shall serve as the ex officio treasurer of the district. He shall keep all funds and moneys of the district separate and apart from all other funds and moneys in his custody and shall disburse such moneys only upon proper order of the intermediate school district board or superintendent.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 22. As of July 1, 1969, employees of the various offices of county or intermediate district superintendent and county or intermediate district board shall terminate their employment therein, or such employees, at their election, may transfer their employment to the new intermediate school district in which their respective county is located. If such employment is so transferred, each employee shall retain the same leave benefits and other benefits that he had in his previous position. If the intermediate school district has a different system of computing leave benefits and other benefits, then the employee shall be granted the same leave and other benefits as a person will receive who would have had similar occupational status and total years of service with the new intermediate school district.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 23. The superintendents of all local school districts within an intermediate school district shall serve in an advisory capacity to the intermediate school district board and superintendent in matters pertaining to programs, policy and staff.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 24. After they assume their duties, and except as otherwise provided in section 9 and section 11 of this 1969 amendatory act, intermediate school district boards of education shall perform all duties now required by law to be performed by the respective county boards of education, and the intermediate school district superintendents shall perform all duties now required to be

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performed by the respective county superintendents. The intermediate school district board of education may provide other cooperative educational services as are required by the local school districts within the intermediate districts, being responsive to local district needs.

Sec. 25. Section 27, chapter 104, Laws of 1903, as last amended by section 1, chapter 163, Laws of 1955, and RCW 27.16.010 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((eounty-superintendent)) intermediate school district board of education of each ((eounty)) intermediate school district may establish a circulating library and depository of instructional materials for the use and benefit of the pupils of the common schools of such ((eounty)) intermediate school district.

Sec. 26. Section 28, chapter 104, Laws of 1903, as last amended by section 2, chapter 163, Laws of 1955, and RCW 27.16.020 are each amended to read as follows:

((The)) Each board of county commissioners may levy a tax not exceeding one-tenth of a mill for the support of the circulating library <u>in its intermediate school district</u>. The proceeds of the tax collected shall constitute the circulating school library fund for the payment of all bills created by the ((eeunty-superintendent)) <u>intermediate school district</u> for the purchase of books and instructional materials and fixtures. <u>The fund shall be deposited in the</u> <u>office of the county treasurer in which other intermediate school</u> <u>district funds are deposited, and shall be payable on order of the</u> <u>intermediate school district board of education</u>.

Sec. 27. Section 3, page 320, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 27.16.030 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((eounty-commissioners)) intermediate school district board of education shall allow no bill or bills against said fund until it shall have been certified to be correct by the ((county)) intermediate school district superintendent.

Sec. 28. Section 4, page 320, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 3, chapter 163, Laws of 1955, and RCW 27.16.040 [1294] are each amended to read as follows:

The ((eounty-superintendent)) intermediate school district shall purchase no books or instructional materials, or fixtures for the circulating library until there shall be to the credit of the circulating school library fund sufficient money to pay the purchase price thereof.

Sec. 29. Section 5, page 320, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 4, chapter 163, Laws of 1955, and RCW 27.16.050 are each amended to read as follows:

No book or instructional material shall be placed in ((a eounty)) an intermediate school district circulating library that has been disapproved by the state board of education or the superintendent of public instruction.

Sec. 30. Section 6, page 320, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 5, chapter 163, Laws of 1955, and RCW 27.16.060 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent shall purchase the books and instructional materials and enforce such rules and regulations for their distribution, use, care, and preservation as he deems necessary.

Part I. Sections affecting current education law.

Sec. 31. Section 2, page 230, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.02.020 are each amended to read as follows:

The administration of the public school system shall be intrusted to a superintendent of public instruction, a state board of education, to regents or trustees for educational institutions, to ((eeunty)) intermediate school district superintendents ((ef-eemmon seheels)), to boards of directors and district clerks.

Sec. 32. Section 3, chapter 20, Laws of 1955 and RCW 28.02-.070 are each amended to read as follows:

On the Friday preceding November 11th when November 11th falls on a nonschool day, each teacher, or the principal in charge of the school building, in all elementary and high schools of the state

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shall prepare and present a program suitable to observance of Veterans' and Admission Day.

The program ((must-be-at-least-sixty-minutes-in-length;)) should include such matters as setting forth the part taken by the United States and the state of Washington in the world war for the years nineteen hundred seventeen and nineteen hundred and eighteen, the principles for which the allied nations fought, and the heroic deeds of American soldiers and sailors, the leading events in the history of our state and of Washington Territory, the character and struggles of the pioneer settlers and other topics tending to instill a loyalty and devotion to the institutions and laws of our state.

It shall be the duty of the superintendent of public instruction and of each ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent ((ef-seheols)), by advice and suggestion, to aid in the suitable observance of Veterans' and Admission Day.

Sec. 33. Section 3, page 231, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 4, chapter 158, Laws of 1967, and RCW 28.03.030 are each amended to read as follows:

The powers and duties of the superintendent of public instruction shall be:

 To have supervision over all matters pertaining to the public schools of the state.

(2) To report biennially to the governor on or before the first day of November preceding the regular session of the legislature, of-which report five thousand copies shall be printed and delivered to the superintendent of public instruction, who shall furnish one copy to be deposited in the state library, one copy to each ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent ((ef-seheels)) and one copy to each district library. Said report shall contain a statement of the general condition of the public schools of the state, with full statistical tables by counties showing the number of schools and the attendance, the state and ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate</u> <u>school district</u> funds apportioned, amount received from special tax

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and from other sources, amount expended for salaries of teachers, the salaries paid ((by-the-several-eeunties)) to the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent ((ef-seheels)) and the amount paid for incidentals and expenses; the amount paid for building and providing schoolhouses with furniture and apparatus, the amount of bonded and other school indebtedness, with the rate of interest paid thereon, the reports of all state educational institutions, or such portions of them as he may think advisable, together with such other facts as he may deem of general interest. He shall also include in his report a statement of plans for the management and improvement of the schools.

(3) To prepare and have printed such blanks, forms, registers, courses of study, rules and regulations for the government of the common schools, questions prepared for the examination of teachers, and such other blanks and books as may be necessary for the discharge of the duties of teachers and officers charged with the administration of the laws relating to the common schools, and to distribute the same to the ((eeunty))<u>intermediate school district</u> superintendents.

(4) To travel, without neglecting his other official duties as superintendent of public instruction, for the purpose of attending educational meetings or conventions, of visiting schools, of consulting ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendents or other school officers.

(5) To submit to the state auditor a monthly statement of his expenditures for traveling expenses.

(6) To cause to be printed with an appendix of appropriate forms and instructions for carrying into execution the laws relating to public schools, and to distribute to each ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate</u> <u>school district</u> superintendent a sufficient number of copies to supply each district officer, and to cause the same to be printed and distributed as often as any change in the laws shall make it of sufficient importance, in his opinion, to justify the same. (7) To act as ex officio president and the chief executive officer of the state board of education.

(8) To hold, annually, a convention of the ((eeunty)) <u>inter-</u> <u>mediate school district</u> superintendents of the state at such time and place as he may deem convenient, for the discussion of questions pertaining to supervision and the administration of the school laws and such other subjects affecting the welfare and interest of the common schools as may be brought before it. Said convention shall continue in session not less than two days nor more than three days at the option of the superintendent of public instruction. It shall be the duty of every ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent in this state to attend said convention during its entire session, and any ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent is the convention shall receive actual traveling expenses in attending said convention.

(9) He shall file all papers, reports and public documents transmitted to him by the school officers of the several counties of the state, each year separately. Copies of all papers filed in his office, and his official acts, may be certified by him and attested by his official seal, and when so certified shall be evidence equally and in like manner as the original paper.

(10) To require annually, on or before the 15th day of August, of the president, manager, or principal of every educational institution in this state, a report of such facts arranged in such form as he may prescribe, and he shall furnish blanks for such reports; and it is hereby made the duty of every president, manager or principal, to fill up and return such blanks within such time as the superintendent of public instruction shall direct.

(11) To keep in his office a directory of all boards of regents and trustees of state educational institutions, of the faculties of said institutions, and of all teachers receiving certificates to teach in the common schools of this state.

> (12) To issue certificates as provided by law. [1298]

(13) To keep in his office at the capital of the state, all books and papers pertaining to the business of his office, and to keep and preserve in his office a complete record of statistics, and all matters pertaining to the educational interests of the state, as well as a record of the meetings of the state board of education.

(14) To decide all points of law which may be submitted to him in writing by any ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent, or that may be submitted to him by any other person, upon appeal from the decision of any ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent; and he shall publish his rulings and decisions from time to time for the information of school officers and teachers; and his decision shall be final unless set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(15) To administer oaths and affirmations in the discharge of his official duties.

(16) To deliver over to his successor, at the expiration of his term of office, all records, books, maps, documents, and papers of whatever kind belonging to his office or which may have been received by him for the use of his office.

(17) To prepare and from time to time to revise a state manual of Washington, which shall be sold at actual cost of publication and distribution, said manual to contain a sketch of the history of the state, an outline of the Constitution of the state, excerpts from the school code, the courses of study and rules for the general government of the common schools, a map of the state, and a map of the topography of the state, and such other matter as the state superintendent or the state board of education from time to time shall determine.

(18) To make certified copies of papers filed in his office attested by his official seal.

(19) To perform such other duties as may be required by law.

Sec. 34. Section 2, chapter 49, Laws of 1965 ex.sess., as amended by section 2, chapter 12, Laws of 1967, and RCW 28.03.050 are [1299] each amended to read as follows:

There shall be established in the office of the superintendent of public instruction an accumulated sick leave fund. Each school district, each office of ((eeunty-and)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent and board of education, and the office of superintendent of public instruction shall contribute to the fund according to a plan established by the superintendent of public instruction based upon the sick leave experience of the previous school year. All school districts shall be reimbursed from this fund for payments made for sick leave.

Sec. 35. Section 7, chapter 154, Laws of 1965 ex.sess., and RCW 28.24.080 are each amended to read as follows:

School district transportation routes, for purposes of state reimbursement of transportation costs, shall be recommended by the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> transportation commission and approved by the state superintendent pursuant to rules and regulations established for that purpose. The commission shall consist of (1) a representative of the local board of directors, (2) a representative of the state superintendent of public instruction, and (3) the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent ((ef eeheels)).

Sec. 36. Section 10, chapter 154, Laws of 1965 ex.sess., and RCW 28.24.110 are each amended to read as follows:

A local district may be authorized by the ((eeunty)) <u>interme-</u> <u>diate school district</u> superintendent to transport and educate its pupils in another district for one year, either by payment of a compensation agreed upon by such school districts, or under other terms mutually satisfactory to the districts concerned when this will afford better educational facilities for the pupils and when a saving may be effected in the cost of education. Such authorization may be extended for an additional year at the discretion of the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent.

Sec. 37. Section 4, page 365, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and [1300]

RCW 28.27.040 are each amended to read as follows:

To aid in the enforcement of RCW 28.27.010 through 28.27.130, attendance officers shall be appointed and employed as follows: In incorporated city districts the board of directors shall annually appoint one or more attendance officers. Any attendance officer may be a sheriff, constable, a city marshal, or a regularly appointed policeman. In all other districts the ((eeunty)) intermediate school district superintendent shall act as attendance officer, and he shall also have authority to appoint one or more assistant attendance officers to aid him in the performance of his duties as attendance officer. The compensation of attendance officer in such city districts shall be fixed and paid by the board appointing him. The attendance officer shall be vested with police powers, the authority to make arrests and serve all legal processes contemplated by RCW 28.27.010 through 28.27.130, and shall have authority to enter all stores, mills, shops, or other places in which children may be employed, for the purpose of making such investigations as may be necessary for the enforcement of RCW 28.27.010 through 28.27.130. The attendance officer is authorized to take into custody the person of any child between eight and fifteen years of age, who may be a truant from school, and to conduct such child to his parents, for investigation and explanation, or to the school which he should properly attend. The attendance officer shall institute proceedings against any officer, parent, guardian, person, company or corporation violating any provisions of RCW 28.27.010 through 28.27.130, and shall otherwise discharge the duties prescribed in RCW 28.27.010 through 28.27.130, and shall perform such other services as the superintendent of schools or the board of directors may deem necessary. The attendance officer shall keep a record of his transactions, for the inspection and information of the board of directors and the city and ((eeunty)) intermediate school district superintendent, and shall make a detailed report to the superintendent of the city or of the ((eounty)) intermediate school district, as often as the same may be required.

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Sec. 38. Section 9, page 367, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.27.080 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent shall on or before the fifteenth day of August of each year, by printed circular or otherwise, call the attention of all school district officers to the provisions of RCW 28.27.010 through 28.27-,130, and to the penalties prescribed for the violation of its provisions, and he or she shall require the clerk of every school district to make a report annually hereafter, to him or her, verified by affidavit, stating whether or not the provisions of RCW 28.27.010 through 28.27.130 have been faithfully complied with in his district. Such reports shall be made upon blanks to be furnished by the superintendent of public instruction and shall be transmitted to the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent at the time the district clerk is required to make his annual report to the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent. Any district clerk who shall knowingly or wilfully make a false report relating to the enforcement of the provisions of RCW 28.27.010 through 28.27-.130 or fail to report as herein provided shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars; and any district clerk who shall refuse or neglect to make the report required in this section, shall be personally liable to his district for any loss which it may sustain because of such neglect or refusal to report.

Sec. 39. Section 10, page 368, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, and RCW 28.27.102 are each amended to read as follows:

Any superintendent, teacher or attendance officer, who shall fail or refuse to perform the duties prescribed by RCW 28.27.010 through 28.27.130 shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than twenty nor more than one hundred dollars: PROVIDED, That in case of a district officer, such fine shall be paid to the county treasurer and by him placed to the

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credit of the school district in which said officer resides, and in case of other officers such fine shall be paid to the county treasurer of the county in which the intermediate school district headquarters office is located and by him placed to the credit of the general school fund of the ((eounty)) intermediate school district.

Sec. 40. Section 3, chapter 276, Laws of 1959, as amended by section 1, chapter 162, Laws of 1965 ex.sess., and RCW 28.48.010 are each amended to read as follows:

On or before the last business day of September, 1965 and each month thereafter, the superintendent of public instruction shall apportion from the current state school fund and/or the state general fund to the several ((eounties)) intermediate school districts of the state the proportional share of the total annual amount due and apportionable to such ((eountics)) intermediate school districts for the school districts thereof as follows: In January, ten percent, in February, ten percent, in June, three and one-half percent and in each of the other months respectively eight and one-half percent. The annual amount due and apportionable shall be the amount apportionable for all apportionment credits estimated to accrue to the schools during a year beginning September first and continuing through August thirty-first. Appropriations made for school districts for the biennium beginning July 1, 1965, and ending June 30, 1967, shall be apportioned to cover the two school years beginning September 1, 1965, and ending August 31, 1967. The apportionment from the state general fund for each month shall be an amount which together with the revenues of the current state school fund will equal the amount due and apportionable to the several ((eounties)) intermediate school districts during such month: PROVIDED, That any school district may, through its ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent, petition the superintendent of public instruction for an emergency advance of funds which may become apportionable to it but not to exceed five percent of the total amount to become due and apportionable during the school district's fiscal year. The superintendent

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of public instruction shall determine if the emergency warrants such advance, and if the funds are available therefor, and if he determines in the affirmative he may approve such advance and at the same time add such an amount to the apportionment for the ((eeunty)) <u>in-</u> <u>termediate school district</u> in which the district is located.

Sec. 41. Section 9, chapter 141, Laws of 1945, as amended by section 2, chapter 162, Laws of 1965 ex.sess., and RCW 28.48.030 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon receiving the certificate of apportionment from the superintendent of public instruction the ((eewnty)) <u>intermediate school</u> <u>district</u> superintendent ((ef-seheels)) shall promptly apportion to the school districts of his ((eewnty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> the amounts then due and apportionable to such districts as certified by the superintendent of public instruction. The ((eewnty)) <u>inter-</u> <u>mediate school district</u> superintendent ((ef-seheels)) shall apportion to the school districts of his ((eewnty)) <u>intermediate school</u> <u>district</u> during each of the twelve months of the year the amount then available for apportionment to such districts from the ((eewnty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> current school fund.

Sec. 42. Section 5, page 312, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.48.050 are each amended to read as follows:

The clerk of any district whose resident pupils are attending school in another district may notify the clerk of the district where such pupils attend, when the school of said pupils' resident district will be in session, and of the grades that will be maintained, and he must file a duplicate copy of said notice with the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent. He must name the pupils in his notice, and it shall be the duty of the district clerk so notified, on or before the thirtieth day of June, to certify to the clerk of the resident district the actual number of days' attendance at school of such pupils during the time that a school of the grade to which the pupil or pupils properly belong was in session in their resident district. And in case said clerk shall [1304] fail or refuse to furnish such information to the clerk of the resident district, then it shall be the duty of the ((eeunty)) <u>interme-</u> <u>diate school district</u> superintendent to grant to the district to which the attendance belongs the maximum number of days claimed by the clerk of the said district. Without the notice herein required by the clerk of the resident district, all claims to attendance will be forfeited.

Sec. 43. Section 6, page 313, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as last amended by section 14, chapter 28, Laws of 1933, and RCW 28.48-.055 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the administrative or executive authority of every private school in this state to report to the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent ((ef-seheels)) on or before the thirtieth day of June in each year, on a blank to be furnished, such information as may be required by the superintendent of public instruction, to make complete the records of education work pertaining to all children residing within the state.

Sec. 44. Section 1, chapter 139, Laws of 1925 ex. sess., and RCW 28.48.060 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever any pupil attends a public school of the state of Washington and such pupil resides in any home or institution devoted exclusively to providing a home for orphan children which is exempt from taxation under the laws of the state of Washington, and is located in the same school district as the school such pupil attends, the attendance of such pupil in such school shall entitle the district to receive from the state's current school fund and the proceeds of the county school levy, in the proportion of two-thirds and one-third, respectively, in addition to the amounts received for attendance of such pupil, an amount up to but not to exceed the average cost per day per pupil of educating pupils for the school year throughout the state in grade schools or high schools, as the case may be. The clerk of any such school district entitled to receive additional funds as hereinabove provided shall certify, under oath,

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as a part of his annual report to the ((eeunty)) intermediate school district superintendent ((ef-seheels)), to be made on or before the fifteenth day of July, as required by law, the following facts as ncarly as the same can be ascertained, which data shall in turn be included in the report of the ((eounty-ochool)) intermediate school district superintendent to the state superintendent of public instruction: 'The name and age of each pupil residing in any such home or institution, with the number of days' attendance of each such pupil, and whether such pupil was enrolled in a grade school or a high school. For the purposes of ascertaining the average cost of educating pupils in the high schools and grade schools, respectively, throughout the state, the following items of school expenditure shall be used: Salaries of teachers, supervisors, principals, special instructors, superintendents and assistants, janitors, clerks and secretaries, stenographers and all other employees, fuel, light, water, power, telephones, text books, office expenses, janitors' supplies, freight, express, drayage, rents for school purposes, upkeep of grounds, upkeep of shops and laboratories, all materials used in instruction, insurance, current ordinary repairs of every nature, inspection, promotion of health and such other current expenditures as may be necessary to the efficient operation of the high schools or grade schools, respectively. Expenditures for real estate, construction of buildings, and for other permanent improvements and fixtures shall not be included in estimating school expenditures for the purposes of this section.

Sec. 45. Section 13, page 314, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.48.090 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever any school board shall neglect or refuse to comply with the provision of RCW 28.58.301, it shall be the duty of the ((eeusty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent to withhold the entire apportionment accruing to said district until such time as full compliance with requirements thereof has been made.

Sec. 46. Section 1, page 309, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as [1306]
amended by section 1, chapter 85, Laws of 1911, and RCW 28.48.100 are each amended to read as follows:

The county treasurer of each county of this state shall be ex officio treasurer of the several school districts of their respectivc counties, and it shall be the duty of each county treasurer:

(1) To receive and hold all moneys belonging to such school districts, and to pay them out only on warrants legally issued.

(2) To certify to the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent ((ef-eemmen-scheels)) and the auditor of his county, quarterly of each year at the time of the state apportionment, the amount of all school funds in his possession subject to apportionment on the last day of the preceding month, which certificate shall specify the source or sources from which said moneys were derived.

(3) To make annually, or or before the fifteenth day of July, a report to the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent and auditor of his county, which report shall show the amount of school funds on hand at the beginning of the school year last past belonging to each school district; the amount of funds placed to the credit of each school district during the school year ending June 30th, last past, and the sources from which said funds were derived; the amount of warrants registered during the year, the amount of funds disbursed upon warrants of each school district during the year; the amount of funds remaining in his possession at the close of the school year subject to be paid out upon warrants, and the fund to which said moneys belong; also the amount of all unpaid warrants or bonds appearing upon his register at the close of the school year.

(4) He shall register all school warrants presented to nim by the county auditor in a book to be known as the "Treasurer's School District Warrant Register," which register shall show the date issued, number of warrant, to whom issued, amount and purpose, date registered, date advertised, interest if any accruing on said warrant, total as redeemed, date redeemed, and to whom paid. If the district has money in the fund on which the warrant is drawn no endorsement on the war-

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rant is necessary, but if there be no money to the credit of the fund on which the warrant is registered he shall endorse on said warrant the following: "This warrant bears interest at percent per annum from until called for payment. County Treasurer, By Deputy." All warrants shall be paid in the order of their presentation to the county treasurer; and it is hereby made the duty of the county treasurer to advertise, at least quarterly, all warrants which he is prepared to pay, in the same manner in which he is required to advertise county warrants, and after the date fixed in said notice, warrants shall cease to draw interest.

(5) He shall prepare and submit to the secretary of each district of the first class, and to the clerk of each district of the second and third class in his county a written report of the state of the finances of such district on the first day of each month, which report shall be submitted not later than the seventh day of said month, certified to by the county auditor, which report shall contain the balance on hand the first of the preceding month, the funds paid in, warrants paid with interest thereon; if any, the number of warrants issued and not paid, and the balance on hand.

(6) After each monthly settlement with the county commissioners the treasurer of each county shall submit a statement of all canceled warrants of districts of the first or second class to the secretary or clerk of such district, which statement shall be verified to the county auditor. The canceled warrants of each district shall be preserved separately and shall at all times be open to inspection by the secretary or clerk or by any authorized accountant of such district.

(({7}--He-shall-remit-all-moneys-derived-from-the-sale-of school-registers,-and-school-clerks--record-books-to-the-state-treasurer,-as-other-moneys-are-required-to-be-remitted,-and-the-state treasurer-shall-place_such-moneys-to-the-eredit-of-the-general-fund of-the-state.)) Sec. 47. Section 11, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57-.030 are each amended to read as follows:

There is hereby created in each county a committee which shall be known as the county committee on school district organization, which committee shall be composed of not less than five nor more than nine representative citizens of the county, the number in each county to be determined by the persons hereinafter charged with the duty of electing the members of the committee. Neither the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent nor any employee of a school district shall be a member of the county committee. The members of the county committee shall be elected by the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent and the members of the board of directors of the school districts of the county at a meeting which the ((eeanty)) superintendent shall call for the purpose. At least one member of the county committee shall be elected from among the residents of each county commissioner's district in the county; and, as nearly as possible, an equal number of members shall be elected from among the residents of each class of school district (first, second, or third class) in the county. No member of a county committee shall continue to serve thereon if he ceases to be a resident of the county or if he is absent from three consecutive meetings of the committee without an excuse acceptable to the committee. Vacancies in the membership of the county committee shall be filled by the persons charged with the duty of electing the members of the committee: PRO-VIDED, That the committee may fill vacancies in its membership pending the calling of a meeting of said persons for this purpose by the ((eeunty)) intermediate school district superintendent. The terms of members of the county committee shall be for five years and until their successors are elected: PROVIDED, That the terms of the members first elected shall be determined by lot to the end that as nearly as possible thereafter one-fifth of the members shall be elected annually. Members of the county committee shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses necessarily

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incurred in the performance of their duties. <u>If more than one inter-</u><u>mediate school district superintendent has jurisdiction within a</u> county all such superintendents shall participate in electing the <u>committee</u>, and the intermediate school district superintendent having jurisdiction over the most populous part of the county shall serve as <u>secretary of the committee and call meetings where so provided.</u>

Sec. 48. Section 12, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28-.57.040 are each amended to read as follows:

The county committee shall organize by electing from its membership a chairman and a vice chairman. The ((eounty)) <u>intermediate</u> <u>school district</u> superintendent shall be the secretary of the committee. Meetings of the committee shall be held upon call of the chairman or of a majority of the members thereof. A majority of the committee shall constitute a quorum.

Sec. 49. Section 13, chapter 266, Laws of 1947, as last amended by section 2, chapter 268, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.57.050 are each amended to read as follows:

The powers and duties of the county committee shall be:

(1) To initiate, on its own motion and whenever it deems such action advisable, proposals for changes in the organization and extent of school districts in the county; to receive, consider, and revise, whenever in its judgment revision is advisable, proposals initiated by petition or presented to the committee by ((the-eeunty)) any interested intermediate school district superintendent as provided for in this chapter; and to prepare and submit to the state board any of the aforesaid proposals that are found by the county committee to provide for satisfactory improvement in the school district system of the county and state: PROVIDED, That the committee shall prepare and submit to the state board within one and one-half years after April 1, 1955 a comprehensive plan for changes in the organization and extent of the school districts of the county, which plan may be submitted as a single unit or as separate units submitted from time to time and involving one or more school districts: PRO- VIDED FURTHER, That if the county committee finds, after considering the factors listed in subsection (4) of this section, that no changes in the school district organization of the county are needed a report to this effect shall be submitted to the state board.

(2) (a) To make among the old school districts and the new district or districts, if any, involved in or affected by a proposed change in the organization and extent of school districts an equitable adjustment of the property and other assets and of the liabilities, including bonded indebtedness, of all districts involved or affected; and (b) to make among all of the school districts involved in or affected by any change heretofore or hereafter effected, an equitable adjustment of the bonded indebtedness outstanding against any of the aforesaid districts whenever in its judgment such adjustment is advisable; and (c) to submit to the state board the proposed terms of adjustment and a statement of the reasons therefor in each In making the adjustments herein provided for, the county comcase. mittee shall consider the number of children of school age resident in and the assessed valuation of the property located in each district and in each part of a district involved or affected; the purpose for which the bonded indebtedness of any district was incurred; the value, location, and disposition of all improvements located in the districts involved or affected; and any other matters which in the judgment of the committee are of importance or essential to the making of an equitable adjustment.

(3) To hold and keep a record of a public hearing or public hearings (a) on every proposal for the formation of a new district or for the transfer from one existing district to another of any territory in which children of school age reside or for annexation of territory when the conditions set forth in RCW 28.57.190 prevail; and (b) on every proposal for adjustment of the assets and of the liabilities of school districts provided for in this chapter. Three members of the county committee or two members of the committee and the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent may be Ch. 176

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designated by the committee to hold any public hearing that the committee is required to hold. The county committee shall cause to be posted, at least ten days prior to the date appointed for any such hearing, a written or printed notice thereof (a) in at least three of the most public places in the territory of each proposed new district or of each established district when such district is involved in a question of adjustment of bonded indebtedness, (b) in at least one public place in territory proposed to be transferred or annexed to an existing school district, (c) on the schoolhouse door of each district involved in or affected by any proposed change or adjustment upon which a public hearing is required; and (d) at the place or places of holding the hearing.

(4) To give due consideration in the preparation of plans and terms of adjustment as aforesaid (a) to equalization of the educational opportunities of pupils and to economies in the administration and operation of schools through the formation of larger units of administration and areas of attendance; (b) to equalization among school districts of the tax burden for general fund and capital purposes through a reduction in disparities in per-pupil valuation; (c) to geographical and other features, including, but not limited to such physical characteristics as mountains, lakes and rivers, waste land, climatic conditions, highways, and means of transportation; (d) to the convenience and welfare of pupils, including but not limited to remoteness or isolation of their places of residence and time required to travel to and from school; (e) to improvement of the educational opportunities of pupils through improvement and extension of school programs and through better instruction, facilities, equipment, materials, libraries, and health and other services; (f) to equalization of the burden of financing the cost of high school facilities through extension of the boundaries of high school districts to include within each such district all of the territory served by the high school located therein: PROVIDED, That a nonhigh school district may be excluded from a plan if such district is found by

the county committee and the state board to be so situated with respect to location, present and clearly foreseeable future population, and other pertinent factors as to warrant the establishment and operation of a high school therein or the inclusion of its territory in a new district formed for the purpose of establishing and operating a high school; (g) to the future effective utilization of existing satisfactory school buildings, sites, and playfields; the adequacy of such facilities located in the proposed new district; and additional facilities required if such proposed district is formed; and (h) to any other matters which in the judgment of the committee are related to or may operate to further equalization and improvement of school facilities and services, economies in operating and capital fund expenditures; and equalization among school districts of tax rates for school purposes.

(5) To prepare and submit, along with the submission of the proposals designated in subsection (1) of this section, a map showing the boundaries of existing districts affected by any proposed change and the boundaries, including a description thereof, of each proposed new district or of each existing district as enlarged or diminished by any proposed change, or both; a summary of the reasons for the proposed change; and such other reports, records, and materials as the state board may request.

(6) To divide into five school directors' districts all first and second class school districts now in existence and not heretofore so divided and all first and second class school districts hereafter established: PROVIDED, That no first or second class school district not heretofore so divided and no first or second class school district hereafter created containing a city with a population in excess of seven thousand according to the latest population certificate filed with the secretary of state by the state census board shall be divided into directors' districts unless a majority of the voters voting thereon at an election shall approve a proposition authorizing the division of the district into directors' districts. The bound-

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aries of each directors' district shall be so established that each such district shall comprise as nearly as practicable an equal portion of the population of the school district.

(7) To rearrange at any time the committee deems such action advisable in order to correct inequalities caused by changes in population and changes in school district boundaries, the boundaries of any of the directors' districts of any school district heretofore or hereafter so divided except a district of the third class: PROVIDED, That a petition therefor, shall be required for a rearrangement in order to correct inequalities caused by changes in population. Said petition shall be signed by at least five heads of families residing in the aforesaid school district, and shall be presented to the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent. A public hearing thereon shall be held by the county committee, which hearing shall be called and conducted in the manner prescribed in subsection (3) of this section, except that notice thereof shall be posted in some public place in each directors' district of the school district and on the schoolhouse door of the district and at the place of holding the hearing.

(8) To prepare and submit to the superintendent of public instruction, upon his request, a report and recommendations respecting the urgency of need for school plant facilities, the kind and extent of the facilities required, and the development of improved local school administrative units and attendance areas in the case of school districts that seek state assistance in providing school plant facilities.

Sec. 50. Section 19, chapter 266, Laws of 1947, as last amended by section 1, chapter 129, Laws of 1957, and RCW 28.57.070 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon receipt by the county committee of such notice from the state board as is required in RCW 28.57.060(2), the ((eeunty)) <u>in-</u> <u>termediate school district</u> superintendent shall make an order establishing all approved changes involving the alteration of the boundaries of an established school district or districts and all approved terms of adjustment of assets and liabilities involving an established district or districts the boundaries of which have been or are hereafter altered in the manner provided by law, and shall certify his action to the county auditor for the board of county commissioners, and to the county treasurer, the county assessor and the clerks of all school districts affected by such action. Upon receipt of such certification the clerk of each school district which is annexed to another district by the action shall deliver to the proper school district officer of the district all books, papers, documents, records, and other materials pertaining to his office.

Whenever adjustments of bonded indebtedness are made between or among school districts in connection with the alteration of the boundaries thereof, pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, the order of the ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent establishing the terms of adjustment of bonded indebtedness shall provide and specify:

(1) In every case where bonded indebtedness is transferred from one school district to another school district (a) that such bonded indebtedness is assumed by the school district to which it is transferred; (b) that thereafter such bonded indebtedness shall be the obligation of the school district to which it is transferred; (c) that, if the terms of adjustment so provide, any bonded indebtedness thereafter incurred by such transferee school district through the sale of bonds authorized prior to the date its boundaries were altered shall be the obligation of such school district including the territory added thereto; and (d) that taxes shall be levied thereafter against the taxable property located within such school district as it is constituted after its boundaries were altered, said taxes to be levied at the times and in the amounts required to pay the principal of and the interest on the bonded indebtedness assumed or incurred as aforesaid, as the same become due and payable.

In computing the debt limitation of any school district from [1315]

which or to which bonded indebtedness has been transferred as aforesaid, the amount of such transferred bonded indebtedness at any time outstanding (a) shall be an offset against and deducted from the total bonded indebtedness, if any, of the school district from which such bonded indebtedness was transferred and (b) shall be deemed to be bonded indebtedness solely of the transferee school district that assumed such indebtedness.

(2) In every case where adjustments of bonded indebtedness do not provide for transfer of bonded indebtedness from one school district to another school district (a) that the existing bonded indebtedness of each school district the boundaries of which are altered and any bonded indebtedness incurred by each such school district through the sale of bonds authorized prior to the date its boundaries were altered shall be the obligation of the school district in its reduced or enlarged form, as the case may be; and (b) that taxes shall be levied thereafter against the taxable property located within each such school district in its reduced or enlarged form, as the case may be, at the times and in the amounts required to pay the principal of and the interest on such bonded indebtedness as the same become due and payable.

In case the aforesaid approval by the state board concerns a proposal to form a new school district or a proposal for adjustment of bonded indebtedness involving an established school district and one or more former school districts now included therein pursuant to a vote of the people concerned, a special election of the voters residing within the territory of the proposed new district or of the established district involved in a proposal for adjustment of bonded indebtedness as the case may be shall be held for the purpose of affording said voters an opportunity to approve or reject such proposals as concern or affect them.

In a case involving both the question of the formation of a new district and the question of adjustment of bonded indebtedness, the questions may be submitted to the voters either in the form of a

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single proposition or as separate propositions, whichever to the ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent seems expedient. The ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent shall perform in connection with the calling and conducting of the special elections provided for in this chapter all duties that are required by law to be performed by a board of directors and the clerk or secretary of a school district in connection with the calling and conducting of school district elections.

Sec. 51. Section 21, chapter 266, Laws of 1947, as last amended by section 1, chapter 296, Laws of 1957 and RCW 28.57.090 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever a special election is held to vote on a proposal to form a new school district, the votes cast by the electors in each component district shall be tabulated separately and the proposition shall be considered approved only if it receives a majority of the votes cast in each separate district voting thereon. Whenever a special election is held to vote on a proposal for adjustment of bonded indebtedness the entire vote cast by the electors of the proposed new district or of the established district as the case may be shall be tabulated and any such proposition shall be considered approved if a majority of sixty percent of all votes cast thereon is in the affirmative.

In the event of approval of a proposition or propositions voted on at a special election, the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school</u> <u>district</u> superintendent shall: (1) Make an order establishing such new district or such terms of adjustment of bonded indebtedness or both, as were approved by the voters and shall also order effected such other terms of adjustment, if there be any, of property and other assets and of liabilities other than bonded indebtedness as have been approved by the state board; (2) certify his action to the county and school district officers specified in RCW 28.57.070; and (3) designate the new district by name and by a number different from that of any component thereof or of any other district in exist-

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ence in the county.

The ((eeunty)) intermediate school district superintendent may, if he deems such action advisable, fix, as the effective date of any order or orders he is required by this chapter to make, the first day of July next succeeding the date of final approval of any change in the organization and extent of school districts or of any terms of adjustment of the assets and liabilities of school districts.

Upon receipt of the aforesaid certification, the clerk of each school district which is included in the new district shall deliver to the proper school district officer of the new district all books, papers, documents, records and other materials pertaining to his office.

Sec. 52. Section 3, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57-.130 are each amended to read as follows:

Sec. 53. Section 9, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57-.140 are each amended to read as follows:

Any school district in the state having a population in excess of ten thousand, as shown by any regular or special census or by any other evidence acceptable to the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school dis-</u> <u>trict</u> superintendent, shall be a school district of the first class. Any other school district maintaining a fully accredited high school or containing a city of the third class or of the fourth class or an

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area of one square mile having a population of at least three hundred shall be a school district of the second class. All other school districts shall be school districts of the third class. Whenever the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent finds that the classification of a school district should be changed, he shall make an order in conformity with his findings and alter the records of his office accordingly. Thereafter the board of directors of the district shall organize in the manner provided by law for the organization of the board of a district of the class to which said district then belongs.

Sec. 54. Section 5, chapter 266, Laws of 1947, as last amended by section 1, chapter 108, Laws of 1965 ex.sess., and RCW 28.57.150 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as otherwise provided for herein, each incorporated city or town in the state shall be comprised in one school district: PROVIDED, That nothing in this section shall be construed: (1) To prevent the extension of the boundaries of a school district beyond the limits of the city or town contained therein, or (2) to prevent the inclusion of two or more incorporated cities or towns in a single school district, or (3) to change or disturb the boundaries of any school district organized prior to the incorporation of any city or town, except as hereafter provided.

In case all or any part of a school district that operates a school or schools on one site only or operates elementary schools only on two or more sites and is not a component district within a union high school district, is included in an incorporated city or town through the extension of the limits of such city or town in the manner provided by law, the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent shall: (1) Declare the territory so included to be a part of the school district containing the city or town, and (2) whenever a part of a district so included contains a school building of the district, present to the county committee a proposal for the disposition of any part or all of the remaining territory of the district.

In case of the extension of the limits of a city or town other than a city of the first, second or third class to include (1) territory lying in a school district that operates on more than one site one or more elementary schools and one or more junior high schools or high schools, or (2) territory lying in a nonhigh school district that is a component district within a union high school district and operates two or more elementary schools on separate sites, the county committee shall, in its discretion, prepare a proposal or proposals for annexation to the school district in which the city or town is located any part or all of the territory aforesaid which has been included in the city or town and for annexation to the school district in which the city or town is located or to some other school district or districts any part or all of the remaining territory of the school district affected by extension of the limits of the city or town: PROVIDED, That where no school or school site is located within the territory annexed to the city or town and not less than seventy-five percent of the heads of families residing within the annexed territory present a petition in writing for annexation and transfer of said territory to the school district in which the city or town is located, the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent shall declare the territory so included to be a part of the school district containing said city or town: PROVIDED FURTHER, That territory approved for annexation to a city or town by vote of the electors residing therein prior to January 12, 1953, shall not be subject to the provisions herein respecting annexation to a school district or school districts: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the provisions and procedural requirements of chapter 28.57 as now or hereafter amended not in conflict with or inconsistent with the provisions hereinabove stated shall apply in the case of any proposal or proposals (1) for the alteration of the boundaries of school districts through and by means of annexation of territory as aforesaid, and (2) for the adjustment of the assets and liabilities of the school

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districts involved or affected thereby.

In case of the incorporation of a city or town containing territory lying in two or more school districts or of the uniting of two or more cities or towns not located in the same school district, the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent shall. except where the incorporation or consolidation would affect a district or districts of the first class: (1) Order and declare to be established in each such case a single school district comprising all of the school districts involved, and (2) designate each such district by name and by a number different from that of any component thereof or of any other district in existence in the county.

The ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent may, if he deems such action advisable, fix as the effective date of any declaration or order required under this section the first day of July next succeeding the date of the issuance of such declaration or order.

Sec. 55. Section 15, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28-.57.170 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of forming a new school district, a petition in writing may be presented to the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school</u> <u>district</u> superintendent, in his capacity as secretary of the county committee, signed either by five heads of families or by a majority of the heads of families residing (1) in each whole district and in each part of a district proposed to be included in any single new district, or (2) in the territory of a proposed new district which comprises a part only of one or more districts. The aforesaid petition shall state the name and number of each district involved in or affected by the proposal to form the new district and shall describe the boundaries of the proposed new district.

Sec. 56. Section 16, chapter 266, Laws of 1947, as amended by section 14, chapter 268, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.57.180 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of transferring territory from one school

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district to another district, a petition in writing may be presented to the ((eeunty)) intermediate school district superintendent, in his capacity as secretary of the county committee, signed by a majority of the heads of families residing in the territory proposed to be transferred, or by the board of directors of one of the districts affected by a proposed transfer of territory if there is no family resident in the territory, which petition shall state the name and number of each district affected, describe the boundaries of the territory proposed to be transferred, and state the reasons for desiring the change and the number of children of school age, if any, residing in the territory: PROVIDED, That the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent may, without being petitioned to do so, present to the county committee a proposal for the transfer from one school district to another of any territory in which no children of school age reside: FROVIDED FURTHER, That the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent shall not complete any transfer of territory pursuant to the provisions of this section which involves ten percent or more of the student population of the entire district from which such transfer is proposed, unless he has first called and held a special election of the voters of the entire school district from which such transfer of territory is proposed for the purpose of affording said voters an opportunity to approve or reject such proposed transfer, and has obtained approval of the proposed transfer by a majority of those voting in said election; and if such proposed transfer is disapproved by a majority vote of the voters of the entire district voting in an election called for that purpose, the state board of education shall review such case and determine whether or not said district is meeting or capable of meeting minimum standards of education as set up by the state board. If the board decided in the negative, it may thereupon withhold from such district, in whole or in part, state contributed funds.

Sec. 57. Section 17, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57-.190 are each amended to read as follows: Whenever all or any part of a school district in which no accredited high school is maintained is bounded on three or more sides by a school district in which an accredited high school is situated and maintained, the ((county)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent shall report said fact to the county committee, which committee shall consider the question of the annexation to the aforesaid high school district of the territory so bounded.

Sec. 58. Section 18, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57-.200 are each amended to read as follows:

In case any school district shall have an average daily attendance of fewer than five pupils or shall not have maintained, during the last preceding school year at least the minimum terms of school required by law, the ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent shall report said fact to the county committee, which committee shall give consideration to the question of the dissolution of the school district and the annexation of the territory thereof to some other district or districts. In case any territory is not a part of any school district, the ((eounty)) <u>intermediate</u> <u>school district</u> superintendent shall present to the county committee a proposal for the annexation of said territory to some contiguous district or districts.

Sec. 59. Section 26, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28-.57.240 are each amended to read as follows:

The duties herein imposed upon and required to be performed by a county committee or by ((a-eounty)) an intermediate school dis-<u>trict</u> superintendent in connection with a change in the organization and extent of school districts and/or with the adjustment of the assets and liabilities of school districts and with all matters related to such change or adjustment whenever territory lying in a single county is inyolved shall be performed jointly by the county committees or by the ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendents of the several counties whenever territory lying in more than one county or intermediate school district is involved: PROVIDED, That a county

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committee may designate three of its members, or two of its members and the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent, as a subcommittee to serve in lieu of the whole committee, but action by a subcommittee shall not be binding unless approved by the whole committee of the county. Proposals for changes in the organization and extent of school districts and proposed terms of adjustment of assets and liabilities thus prepared and approved shall be submitted to the state board (1) by the county committee of the county in which is situated the high school of the proposed new district or of the established district proposed to be enlarged, or (2) in case no high school district is involved in the proposed change, by the county committee of the county in which the schoolhouse of the district is situated, or (3) if there be no schoolhouse in the district or more than one schoolhouse, by the county committee of the county in which is located the part of the district having the largest number of children of school age residing therein.

Sec. 60. Section 5, chapter 268, Laws of 1959 and RCW 28.57-.245 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever a change in the organization and extent of school districts or an adjustment of the assets and liabilities of school districts, or both, or any other matters related to such change or adjustment involve a joint district, and a majority of the county committee of either county approve a proposal but the proposal is not approved by the other county committee or said committee fails or refuses to act upon the proposal within sixty days of its receipt, the county committee approving the proposal shall certify the proposal and its approval to the state superintendent of public instruction. Upon receipt of a properly certified proposal, the state superintendent of public instruction shall appoint a temporary committee on joint school district organization composed of five persons. The members of the committee shall be selected from the membership of any county committee in this state except that no member shall be appointed from any county in which part of the joint district is

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situated. Said committee shall meet at the call of the state superintendent of public instruction and organize by electing a chairman and secretary. Thereupon, the temporary committee on joint school district organization shall have jurisdiction of the proposal and shall treat the same as a proposal initiated on its own motion. Said committee shall have the powers and duties imposed upon and required to be performed by a county committee under the provisions of chapter 28.57 and the secretary of the committee shall have the powers and duties imposed upon and required to be performed by the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent ((of-sehools)) under the provisions of chapter 28.57. It shall be the duty of the ((eeunty)) intermediate school district superintendents of the ((eounties)) intermediate school districts in which the joint school district is situated to assist the temporary committee on joint school district organization by supplying said committee with information from the records and files of their offices and with a proper and suitable place for holding meetings.

Sec. 61. Section 23, chapter 130, Laws of 1961 and RCW 28.57-.255 are each amended to read as follows:

The qualified electors residing within a joint school district shall vote on the office of school director of their district and on the office of ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> board of education of the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> to which the joint school district belongs, even though they reside outside ((that)) the county, or intermediate school district.

Whenever a joint school district lies partially within either a class AA or class A county and a county of lower class and the jurisdiction of the election rests with the clerk of such district, the elections, (whether general or special), shall be handled in the following manner:

(1) There shall be at least one polling place in each county.

(2) At least twenty days prior to the elections concerned, the county auditor of such class AA or class A county shall certify

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in writing to the clerk of the school district the number and location of the polling places established by him for such regular or special elections together with the number of ballots needed for such polling places. Upon receipt of such certification, the clerk of the school district shall furnish the required number of ballots no later than the fifth day prior to said elections.

It is the intention of this section that the qualified electors of a joint school district shall vote for school directors of their district and members of the ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school dis-</u> <u>trict</u> board of education concerned with their school district and shall not be forced to go to different polling places on the same day when other elections are being held.

Sec. 62. Section 28, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57-.260 are each amended to read as follows:

Every director or clerk of a joint school district shall, on assuming the duties of his office, file his certificate of election or appointment, his oath of office or certified copies thereof, and his signature with the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent of the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> to which said district belongs, which signature shall be placed on file with the county auditor of ((said)) <u>the</u> county <u>to which the joint school</u> <u>district belongs</u> by the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent. A vacancy in the office of director of a joint district of the second or third class shall be filed by ((jeint)) action of the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent((s)) of the ((eeunties)) <u>intermediate school district</u> in which the territory of said joint district lies. In a joint district of the first class, such vacancy shall be filled in the manner provided by law for filling vacancies in districts of the first class.

Sec. <u>63</u> Section 31, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57-.290 are each amended to read as follows:

The amount of tax to be levied upon the taxable property of that part of a joint school district lying in one county shall be in

such ratio to the whole amount levied upon the property in the entire joint district as the assessed valuation of the property lying in such county bears to the assessed valuation of the property in the entire joint district. After the budget of a joint school district has been prepared in the manner provided by law, the ((eeunty)) intermediate school district superintendent of the ((eounty)) intermediate school district to which the joint district belongs shall, after deducting estimated receipts from sources other than district taxation, apportion to each county in which the territory of the joint district lies its proportionate share of the estimated expenditures of such joint district, which apportionment shall be made upon the same basis as is herein provided for the apportionment of tax levies. He shall then forward to the county auditor of ((his)) the county to which the joint school district belongs and to the ((eounty-superintendent-and the)) county auditor of each other county, for the board of county commissioners thereof, a certificate setting forth the sum apportioned to that county, together with copies of the certificates forwarded by him to the aforesaid officers of other counties.

Sec. 64. Section 32, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57-. .300 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon receipt of the aforesaid certificate, it shall be the duty of the board of county commissioners of each county to levy on all taxable property of that part of the joint school district which lies within a county a tax sufficient to raise the amount necessary to meet the county's proportionate share of the estimated expenditures of the joint district, as shown by the aforesaid certificate of the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent. Such taxes shall be levied and collected in the same manner as other taxes are levied and collected, and the proceeds thereof shall be forwarded quarterly by the treasurer of each county, other than the county to which the joint district belongs, to the treasurer of the county to which such district belongs and shall be placed to the credit of said district. The treasurer of the county to which a joint school dis-

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trict belongs is hereby declared to be the treasurer of such district.

Sec. 65. Section 24, chapter 266, Laws of 1947, as amended by section 7, chapter 268, Laws of 1959 and RCW 28.57.350 are each amended to read as follows:

The directors of old school districts who reside within the limits of a new school district that is divided into directors' districts in conformity with the provisions of this chapter shall meet at the call of the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent and elect from among their number five directors for the new district, no two of whom shall be residents of the same school directors' district: PROVIDED, That if one or more of the directors' districts of the new school district has no such director residing therein, the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent shall appoint the number of additional directors required to constitute a board of five directors for the school district, no two of whom shall be residents of the same school district.

Upon the establishment of a new school district of the third class, the directors of the old school districts who reside within the limits of the new district shall meet at the call of the ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent and elect from among their number three directors for said new district: PROVIDED, That if fewer than three such directors reside in such new school district, they shall become directors of said district, and the ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent shall appoint the number of additional directors required to constitute a board of three directors for the district.

Each board of directors constituted as provided for in this section shall proceed at once to organize in the manner prescribed by law and thereafter shall have all of the powers and authority conferred by law upon boards of directors of other districts of the same class until the next regular school election in the district and until their successors are elected and qualified. At such election there shall be elected the number of directors (either five directors or three directors) heretofore in this section required to constitute the board of the district. When five directors constitute the board, one shall be elected from among the residents of each of the five directors' districts of the school district by the electors of the entire school district, two such directors for a term of two years and three for a term of four years; when three directors constitute the board, they shall be elected at large by the electors of the school district, one for a term of two years and two for a term of four years.

Sec. 66. Section 34, chapter 266, Laws of 1947, as amended by section 9, chapter 268, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.57.370 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever any school district other than a newly established school district is divided into directors' districts by the county committee in the discharge of its duties hereunder, the directors thereof shall continue to serve for the terms for which they were elected, unless two or more such directors reside in the same directors' district, in which event the director who shall continue to serve shall be determined by lot. The ((county)) intermediate school district superintendent shall then appoint the number of additional directors required to constitute a board of five directors for the school district, no two of whom shall be residents of the same directors' district. The additional directors so appointed shall serve until the next regular school election in the district and until their successors are elected and qualified, at which election their successors shall be elected for the unexpired terms of those who were removed from office by virtue of this section or for four year terms in case no unexpired terms exist.

Sec. 67. Section 38, chapter 266, Laws of 1947 and RCW 28.57-.390 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent shall prepare and keep in his office (1) a map showing the boundaries of the directors' districts of all school districts in or belonging [1329] to his ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> that are so divided, and (2) a record of the action taken by the county committees in establishing such boundaries.

Sec. 68. Section 1, chapter 30, Laws of 1963 and RCW 28.58-.530 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of obtaining information on school organization, administration, operation and instruction, school districts and ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendents may contract for or purchase information and research services from public universities, colleges and other public bodies. For the same purpose, school districts and ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendents may become members of any nonprofit organization whose principal purpose is to provide such services. Charges payable for such services and membership fees payable to such organizations may be based on the cost of providing such services, on the benefit received by the participating school districts measured by enrollment, or on any other reasonable basis, and may be paid before, during, or after the receipt of such services or the participation as members of such organizations.

Sec. 69. Section 3, chapter 68, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 1, chapter 241, Laws of 1961, and RCW 28.67.070 are each amended to read as follows:

No teacher shall be employed except by written order of a majority of the directors of the district at a regular or special meeting thereof, nor unless he is the holder of an effective teacher's certificate.

The board shall make with each teacher employed by it a written contract, which shall be in conformity with the laws of this state. Every such contract shall be made in duplicate, one copy of which shall be retained by the school district clerk or secretary, and the other shall be delivered to the teacher, after having been approved and registered by the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent.

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Every teacher, principal, supervisor, or superintendent holding a position as such with a school district, hereinafter referred to as "employee", whose employment contract is not to be renewed by the district for the next ensuing term shall be notified in writing on or before April 15th preceding the commencement of such term of the decision of the board of directors not to renew his employment which notification shall specify sufficient cause or causes for nonrenewal of contract. Such notice shall be served upon the employee by certified or registered mail, or to the teacher personally, or by leaving a copy of the notice at the house of his usual abode with some person of suitable age and discretion then resident therein. Every such employee so notified shall, at his or her request made in writing and filed with the clerk or secretary of the board of directors of the district within ten days after receiving such notice, be granted opportunity for hearing before the board of directors of the district, to determine whether or not the facts constitute sufficient cause for nonrenewal of contract. Such board upon receipt of such request shall call the hearing to be held within ten days following the receipt of such request, and shall at least three days prior to the date fixed for the hearing notify the employee in writing of the date, time and place of hearing. The employee may engage such counsel and produce such witnesses as he or she may desire. The board of directors shall, within five days following the conclusion of such hearing, notify the employee in writing of its final decision either to renew or not to renew the employment of the employee for the next ensuing term. Any decision not to renew such employment contract shall be based solely upon the cause or causes for nonrenewal specified in the notice to the employee and proved and established at the hearing. If such notification and opportunity for hearing is not timely given by the district, the employee entitled thereto shall be conclusively presumed to have been reemployed by the district for the next ensuing term upon contractual terms identical with those which would have prevailed if his employment had actually [1331]

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been renewed by the board of directors for such ensuing term: PRO-VIDED, That in union high school districts the written notification and opportunity for hearing shall be given on or before April 30th preceding the commencement of the next ensuing term.

Sec. 70. Section 143, chapter 118, Laws of 1897, as last amended by section 3, chapter 47, Laws of 1961, and RCW 28.70.040 are each amended to read as follows:

An examination for the certification of teachers shall be held at the ((eounty-seat)) <u>headquarters</u> of each ((eounty)) <u>intermediate</u> <u>school district</u> by the <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent ((of-schools)) on the first Saturday of March in each year.

Sec. 71. Section 2, page 338, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 2, chapter 162, Laws of 1915, and RCW 28.70.060 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((county)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent shall within three days following the close of the examinations provided for in RCW 28.70.040, transmit to the state superintendent of public instruction all papers written at such examination, together with such other reports as shall by him be required. The superintendent of public instruction shall keep all manuscripts on file for a period of at least sixty days from the date of the examinations.

Sec. 72. Section 3, page 336, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 20, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.70.110 are each amended to read as follows:

The fee for any regular teaching certificate, or any renewal thereof, issued by the authority of the state of Washington, and authorizing the holder to teach in the public schools of the state shall be one dollar. The fee for any emergency, substitute, temporary or provisional teaching certificate shall be one dollar. The fee must accompany the application and cannot be refunded unless the application is withdrawn before it is finally considered. The ((county-superintendent₇)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent fee, shall

within thirty days transmit the same to the treasurer of the county ((wherein-such-applicant-is-to-teach-or-resides,-or-to-the-the-treasurer of-the-county)) in which the office of the intermediate <u>school</u> district ((superintendent)) is located, to be by him placed to the credit of the institute fund of said city or ((county,-or-in-the-case-of an-intermediate-district,-to-be-placed-in-the)) intermediate <u>school</u> <u>district</u> institute fund which shall be created by the intermediate <u>school</u> district board: PROVIDED, That if any city collecting fees for the certification of teachers does not hold an institute separate from the ((county)) <u>intermediate school district</u>, then all such moneys shall be placed to the credit of the ((county-institute-fund er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district institute fund ((,-as-the-case-may be)).

Sec. 73. Section 5, page 337, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 1, chapter 16, Laws of 1911, and RCW 28.70.140 are each amended to read as follows:

Before registering any certificate, the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent of the ((eounty)) intermediate school district in which application was made for certificate shall satisfy himself that the applicant is a person of good moral character and personal fitness. In the event of a refusal to register a certificate, the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent shall immediately notify the superintendent of public instruction of his action and shall fully and clearly state his reason therefor, and the person aggrieved shall have the right of appeal to the superintendent of public instruction, and shall have the further right of appeal to the state board of education.

Sec. 74 Section 21, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.71-.100 are each amended to read as follows.

The ((county-superintendent-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent must arrange each year for the holding of one or more teachers' institutes and/or workshops for in-service training, in such manner and at such time as he believes will be of benefit to

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the teachers of the ((eeunty-er-the))intermediate <u>school</u> district. He may provide such additional means of teacher in-service training as he may deem necessary or appropriate and there shall be a proper charge against the ((ceunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district institute fund when approved by the ((ceunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district board.

((County)) <u>Intermediate school district</u> superintendents of contiguous ((counties-and/or)) intermediate <u>school</u> districts may by mutual arrangements hold joint institutes and/or workshops, the expenses to be shared in proportion to the number of certificated personnel as shown by the last annual reports of the ((county-superintendents-and/or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendents holding such joint institutes or workshops.

In districts employing more than one hundred teachers, the city superintendent may, in his discretion, hold a teachers' institute of two, three, four or five days in such district, said institute when so held by the city superintendent to be in all respects governed by the provisions of this code relating to teachers' institutes held by ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendents.

((Each-county-or-intermediate-district-superintendent-or-city superintendent-shall;-prior-to-the-holding-of-the-annual-teachers' institute;-make-an-estimate-of-the-necessary-expenses-thereof;-and the-county-commissioners-must;-thereupon;-and-prior-to-the-date-of holding-said-institute;-place-at-the-disposal-of-the-proper-superintendent-out-of-the-county-current-expense-fund-such-an-amount;-not-to exceed-two-hundred-dollars;-as-in-addition-to-the-amount-then-in-the hands-of-the-county-treasurer-in-the-institute-fund;-will-meet-the superintendent's-estimate;

The-county--intermediate-or-city-district-superintendent-must keep-an-accurate-account-of-the-actual-expenses-of-institutes-and/or workshops-with-vouchers-for-the-same-and-make-a-complete-report-to the-county-auditor,-which-shall-be-placed-on-file-in-his-office-as-a part-of-the-regular-files,)

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Sec. 75. Section 5, chapter 128, Laws of 1917, as amended by section 23, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.81.100 are each amended to read as follows:

In order to assist teachers who are now in the service and candidates for certificates to meet the new requirements in education without undue hardship, each state college shall establish and maintain an extension department. The work of the department shall be planned in a manner to supplement the previous training of teachers in service in the state, and the subject matter studied shall comprise the usual subjects included in the state college curriculum.

In order to prevent overlapping of territory in connection with this extension work, the state board of education shall district the state making a definite assignment of territory to each institution. The head of the extension department of each state college after being assigned specific territory shall cooperate with the several ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendents or educational executive officers of the several ((eounties)) <u>intermediate</u> <u>school districts</u> in planning the work for each year which shall be set forth in writing, a copy to be retained by each and a copy forwarded to the state superintendent of public instruction.

At the close of the year, a report of the work shall be made jointly by the extension department and the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate</u> <u>school district</u> superintendent. A copy of the same is to be filed with the state college having charge of the work and a copy to the state superintendent of public instruction.

Sec. 76. Section 6, page 359, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.87.030 are each amended to read as follows:

In case the district clerk fails to make the reports as by law provided, at the proper time and in the proper manner, he shall forfeit and pay to the district the sum of twenty-five dollars for each and every such failure. He shall also be liable, if, through such neglect, the district fails to receive its just apportionment of school moneys, for the full amount so lost. Each and all of said forfeitures shall be recovered in a suit brought by the ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent or by any citizen of such district, in the name of and for the benefit of such district, and all moneys so collected shall be paid over to the county treasurer and shall be by him placed to the credit of the general fund of the district to which it belongs.

Sec. 77. Section 2, page 357, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.87.050 are each amended to read as follows:

If any ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent fails to make a full and correct report to the superintendent of public instruction of all statements required by him or if he shall fail to file with the superintendent of public instruction à full and correct annual report within ten days after the time prescribed by law for filing said report, he shall forfeit the sum of fifty dollars from his salary, and the board of county commissioners are hereby authorized and required to deduct therefrom the sum aforesaid upon information from the superintendent of public instruction that such reports have not been made.

Sec. 78. Section 1, page 357, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.87.070 are each amended to read as follows:

Any member of the state board of education, any employee of the state of Washington, any ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent or any employee of his office, who shall directly or indirectly disclose any question or questions prepared for the examination of teachers or of eighth grade pupils, or any teacher or other person connected with the instruction of or the examination of eighth grade pupils, who shall, before the time appointed for the use of the questions in the examination of such pupils, disclose the questions, or make known their character, or who shall directly or indirectly assist any such eighth grade pupil to answer any question submitted, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not less than one hundred nor more than five hundred dollars. Said fine shall be turned over to the county treasurer of the county in which it is collected, and shall be by him transmitted to the state treasurer, who shall place the same to the credit of the current school fund of the state.

Sec. 79. Section 3, page 357, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.87.080 are each amended to read as follows:

Any officer or person collecting or receiving any fines, forfeitures or other moneys belonging to the schools of the state of Washington, or belonging to the school fund of any county, intermediate school district or school district in this state, and refusing or failing to pay over the same, as required by law, shall forfeit double the amount so withheld, and interest thereon at the rate of five percent per month during the time of so withholding the same; and it shall be a special duty of the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school</u> <u>district</u> superintendent ((ef-seheels)) to supervise and see that the provisions of this section are fully complied with, and report thereon to the county commissioners semiannually or oftener. Such fines and penalties, when collected, shall be turned over to the county treasurer and by him transmitted to the state treasurer, who shall place the same to the credit of the current school fund of the state.

Sec. 80. Section 1, chapter 126, Laws of 1917 and RCW 28.87-.090 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be unlawful for any ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school</u> <u>district</u> superintendent of schools, superintendent or principal of public schools, directors of any school district, or other public school officer in the state of Washington, to accept, demand, or receive, either directly or indirectly, any commission, remuneration, or thing of value from any teacher's agency, employment bureau, teacher or other employee of any school under his or her jurisdiction or charge, as compensation for or on account of the appointment or recommendation of any teacher or other employee to any position in such school, or for furnishing information of a vacancy existing or to exist in any such position, or to accept, demand or receive, either directly or indirectly, any commission, remuneration or thing

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of value from any publisher, manufacturer, salesman, agent, or any other person, as compensation for or on account of the recommendation of any books, maps, school furniture or school supplies for use in such school, or for any services rendered in inducing the directors of any such school district to adopt, purchase, install or use the same in any such school.

Any wilful violation of the provisions of this section shall be deemed a misdemeanor and punished as such.

Sec. 81. Section 4, page 358, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.87.100 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon complaint in writing being made to any ((county)) intermediate school district superintendent by any district clerk, or by any head of a family, that the board of directors of the district of which said clerk shall hold his office, or said head of family shall reside, have failed to make provisions for the teaching of hygiene or have failed to require it to be taught, with special reference to the effects of alcoholic drink, stimulants and narcotics upon the human system, as provided by law, in the common schools of such district, it shall be the duty of such ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent to investigate at once the matter of such complaints, and if found to be true, he shall immediately notify the county treasurer of the county in which such school district is located, and after the receipt of such notice, it shall be the duty of such county treasurer to refuse to pay any warrants drawn upon him by the board of directors of such district subsequent to the date of such notice and until he shall be notified to do so by such ((eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent. Whenever it shall be made to appear to the ((said-eounty)) intermediate school district superintendent, and he shall be satisfied that the board of directors of such district are complying with the provisions of law in this matter, and are causing physiology and hygiene to be taught in the public schools of such district as hereinbefore provided, he shall notify said county treasurer, and said treasurer [1338]

shall thereupon honor the warrants of said board of directors.

Sec. 82. Section 5, page 358, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.87.110 are each amended to read as follows:

Any ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent ((of-common-schools)) who shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of RCW 28.87.100 shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars, to be recovered in civil action in the name of the state in any court of competent jurisdiction, and the sum recovered shall go into the state current school fund; and it shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorneys of the several counties of the state to see that the provisions of this section are enforced.

Sec. 83. Section 15, page 361, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.87.170 are each amended to read as follows:

Any district using textbooks other than those prescribed by lawful authority, or any district failing to comply with the course of study prescribed by the state board of education or by other lawful authority, or any district in which warrants are issued to a teacher not legally qualified to teach in the common school of the said district, shall forfeit twenty-five percent of their school fund for that or the subsequent year, and it is hereby made the duty of the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent to deduct said amount from the apportionment to be made to any district failing in either or all of the above requirements, and the amounts thus deducted shall revert to the general school funds of the state, and the county treasurer shall return the same to the state treasurer for reapportionment.

Sec. 84. Section 2, page 363, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 23, chapter 90, Laws of 1919, and RCW 28.88.020 are each amended to read as follows:

Appeals from the decision or order, or from the failure to decide or order, by a board of school directors shall be taken to the ((county-superintendent-of-schools-in-and-for-the-county))<u>inter-</u> mediate school district board. Appeals from the decision or order, or the failure to decide or order, of ((a-eounty-superintendent-of schools))<u>an intermediate school district board</u> shall, when relating to the operation or management of schools or to the relation with teachers, be taken to the superintendent of public instruction. In all other cases appeal shall be taken to the superior court of the county in which the <u>school</u> district is situated.

Sec. 85. Section 3, page 298, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.63.020 are each amended to read as follows:

In case the electors of any district of the second class shall neglect or fail to elect directors as hereinbefore provided, the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent may declare vacant the office of any director at the expiration of his term; and in case of a vacancy in the board of directors from any cause, the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent, in conjunction with the other directors if there be two, shall fill such vacancy by appointment until the fourth Monday following the next annual election.

Sec. 86. Section 3, page 301, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.63.022 are each amended to read as follows:

In case the electors of any district of the third class shall neglect or fail to elect directors as hereinbefore provided, the ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent may declare vacant the office of any director at the expiration of his term; and in case of a vacancy in the board of directors from any cause, the ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent shall fill such vacancy by appointment until the fourth Monday following the next annual election.

Part II. Continuation of amendments to RCW sections outside Title 28

Sec. 87. Section 29.21.080, chapter 9, Laws of 1965 and RCW 29.21.080 are each amended to read as follows:

The office((s)) of superintendent of public instruction ((and of-county-superintendent-of-schools)) shall be nonpartisan and the

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candidates therefor shall be nominated and elected as such.

Offices relative to the administration of the public schools, including the office of school director, shall be nonpartisan.

Sec. 88. Section 29.21.085, chapter 9, Laws of 1965 and RCW 29.21.085 are each amended to read as follows:

Where voting machines are legally used in any election for superintendent of public instruction ((er-eounty-superintendent-of echeols)), the ballot arrangement for the aforesaid office((e)) shall be substantially in the form as set out in RCW 29.21.090, 29.21.100 and 29.21.150, but may be so varied as to carry out the purposes required by the use of voting machines.

Sec. 89. Section 29.21.150, chapter 9, Laws of 1965 and RCW 29-.21.150 are each amended to read as follows:

The name of the person who receives the greatest number of votes and of the person who receives the next greatest number of votes at the primary for a single nonpartisan position shall appear on the general election ballot under the designation therefor: PROVIDED, That in elections for judges of the supreme court and judges of the superior court, for justices of the peace, and for state superintendent of public instruction, ((and-fer eounty-superintendent-of-scheols;)) if any candidate in the primary receives a majority of all of the votes cast for the position, only the name of the person receiving the highest vote shall be printed on the general election ballot under the designation for that position, followed by a space for the writing in of any other name by a voter.

Sec. 90. Section 29.21.180, chapter 9, Laws of 1965 and RCW 29.21.180 are each amended to read as follows:

No primary shall be held relating to the offices of state superintendent of public instruction ((7-eeunty--superintendent--ef seheels7)) or officers of school districts embracing a city of over one hundred thousand population if, after the last day allowed for candidates to withdraw, there are no more than two candidates filed for each position to be filled. In such event all candidates concerned shall be notified. Names of candidates that would have been [1341] printed upon the primary ballot, but for the provisions of this section, shall be printed upon the general election ballot alphabetically in groups under the designation of the respective titles of the offices for which they are candidates.

Sec. 91. Section 36.16.050, chapter 4, Laws of 1963 and RCW 36.16.050 are each amended to read as follows:

Every county ((auditor)) official before he enters upon the duties of his office shall furnish a bond conditioned that he will faithfully perform the duties of his office and account for and pay over all money which may come into his hands by virtue of his office, and that he, or his executors or administrators, will deliver to his successor safe and undefaced all books, records, papers, seals, equipment, and furniture belonging to his office. Bonds of elective county officers shall be as follows:

Assessor: Amount to be fixed and sureties to be approved by the board of county commissioners;

Auditor: Amount to be fixed at not less than three thousand dollars and sureties to be approved by the board of county commissioners;

Clerk: Amount to be fixed in a penal sum not less than double the amount of money liable to come into his hands and sureties to be approved by the judge or a majority of the judges presiding over the court of which he is clerk;

Coroner: In the amount of one thousand dollars with sureties to be approved by the board of county commissioners;

County commissioners: Sureties to be approved by the county clerk and the amounts to be:

 In class A counties and first class counties twenty-five thousand dollars;

(2) In second class counties, twenty-two thousand five hundred dollars;

In third class counties, twenty thousand dollars;

(4). In fourth class counties, fifteen thousand dollars;
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(5) In fifth class counties, ten thousand dollars;

(6) In sixth class counties, seven thousand five hundred dollars;

(7) In seventh and eighth class counties, five thousand dollars:

> In ninth class counties, two thousand dollars; (8)

Prosecuting attorney: In the amount of five thousand dollars with sureties to be approved by the board of county commissioners;

Sheriff: Amount to be fixed and bond approved by the board of county commissioners at not less than two thousand nor more than twenty-five thousand dollars; surety to be a surety company authorized to do business in this state;

((Superintendent-of-schools:--Amount-to-be-fixed-and-surcties to-be-approved-by-the-county-board-of-education;))

Treasurer: Sureties to be approved by the board of county commissioners and the amounts to be fixed by the board of county commissioners at double the amount liable to come into the treasurer's hands during his term, the maximum amount of the bond, however, not to exceed:

(1) In class A counties, two hundred fifty thousand dollars;

(2) In first class counties, two hundred thousand dollars;

(3) In second, third and fourth class counties, one hundred fifty thousand dollars;

(4) In all other counties, one hundred thousand dollars.

The treasurer's bond shall be conditioned that all moneys received by him for the use of the county shall be paid as the commissioners shall from time to time direct, except where special provision is made by law for the payment of such moneys, by order of any court, or otherwise, and for the faithful discharge of his duties.

In the approval of official bonds, the chairman may act for the board of county commissioners if it is not in session.

Sec. 92. Section 36.16.070, chapter 4, Laws of 1963 and RCW 36.16.070 are each amended to read as follows:

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In all cases where the duties of any county office are greater than can be performed by the person elected to fill it, the officer may employ deputies and other necessary employees with the consent of the board of county commissioners. The board shall fix their compensation and shall require what deputies shall give bond and the amount of bond required from each. The sureties on deputies' bonds must be approved by the board and the premium therefor is a county expense ((+..PROVIDED7-That-this-paragraph-shall-net-apply-te-these employees-of-the-county-superintendents-holding-a-certificate-from the-state-board-of-cducation-or-state-board-of-vocational-cducation)).

A deputy may perform any act which his principal is authorized to perform. The officer appointing a deputy or other employee shall be responsible for the acts of his appointees upon his official bond and may revoke each appointment at pleasure.

Sec. 93. Section 36.68.030, chapter 4, Laws of 1963 and RCW 36.68.030 are each amended to read as follows:

Each county may form a county park and recreation board composed of seven members, ((of-whom-one-shall-be-the-county-superintendent-of-schools-and-the-remainder)) who shall be appointed by the board of county commissioners to serve without compensation.

Sec. 94. Section 36.68.040, chapter 4, Laws of 1963 and RCW 36.68.040 are each amended to read as follows:

For the appointive positions on the county park and recreation board the initial terms shall be two years for two positions, four years for two positions, and six years for the remaining ($(\pm we)$) positions plus the period in each instance to the next following June 30th; thereafter the term for each appointive position shall be six years and shall end on June 30th.

Sec. 95. Section 1, chapter 80, Laws of 1947, as last amended by section 11, chapter 50, Laws of 1967 and RCW 41.32.010 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context:

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 "Accumulated contributions" means the sum of all regular annuity contributions together with regular interest thereon less cost of operation.

(2) "Actuarial equivalent" means a benefit of equal value when computed upon the basis of such mortality tables and regulations as shall be adopted by the board of trustees and regular interest.

(3) "Annuity" means the moneys payable per year during life by reason of accumulated contributions of a member.

(4) "Annuity fund" means the fund in which all of the accumulated contributions of members are held.

(5) "Annuity reserve fund" means the fund to which all accumulated contributions are transferred upon retirement.

(6) "Beneficiary" means any person in receipt of a retirement allowance or other benefit provided for by the teachers' retirement law.

(7) "Contract" means any agreement for service and compensation between a member and an employer.

(8) "Creditable service" means membership service plus prior service for which credit is allowable.

(9) "Dependent" means receiving one-half or more of support from a member.

(10) "Disability allowance" means monthly payments during disability.

(11) "Earnable compensation" means all salaries and wages paid by an employer to an employee member of the retirement system for personal services rendered during a fiscal year. In all cases where compensation includes maintenance the board of trustees shall fix the value of that part of the compensation not paid in money.

(12) "Employer" means the state of Washington, the school district, or any agency of the state of Washington by which the member is paid.

(13) "Fiscal year" means a year which begins July 1st and ends June 30th of the following year.

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(14) "Former state fund" means the state retirement fund in operation for teachers under chapter 187, Laws of 1923, as amended.

(15) "Local fund" means any of the local retirement funds for teachers operated in any school district in accordance with the provisions of chapter 163, Laws of 1917 as amended.

(16) "Member" means any teacher included in the membership of the retirement system. Also, any other employee of the public schools who, on July 1, 1947, had not elected to exempt himself from membership and who, prior to that date, had by an authorized payroll deduction, contributed to the annuity fund.

(17) "Membership service" means service rendered subsequent to the first day of eligibility of a person to membership in the retirement system.

(18) "Pension" means the moneys payable per year during life from the pension fund.

(19) "Pension fund" means a fund from which all pension obligations are to be paid.

(20) "Pension reserve fund" is a fund in the state treasury in which shall be accumulated an actuarial reserve adequate to meet present and future pension liabilities of the system.

(21) "Prior service" means service rendered prior to the first date of eligibility to membership in the retirement system for which credit is allowable.

(22) "Prior service contributions" means contributions made by a member to secure credit for prior service.

(23) "Public school" means any institution or activity operated by the state of Washington or any instrumentality or political subdivision thereof employing teachers, except the University of Washington and Washington State University.

(24) "Regular contributions" means the amounts required to be deducted from the compensation of a member and credited to his individual account in the annuity fund.

(25) "Regular interest" means the interest on funds of the [1346]

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retirement system for the current school year and such other earnings as may be applied thereon by the board of trustees.

(26) "Retirement allowance" means the sum of annuity and pension or any optional benefits payable in lieu thereof.

(27) "Retirement system" means the Washington state teachers' retirement system.

(28) "Service" means the time during which a member has been employed by an employer for compensation.

(29) "Survivors' benefit fund" means the fund from which survivor benefits are paid to dependents of deceased members.

(30) "Teacher" means any person qualified to teach who is engaged by a public school in an instructional, administrative, or supervisory capacity, including state, ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school</u> <u>district</u>, city superintendents and their assistants <u>and certificated</u> <u>employees</u>; and in addition thereto any qualified school librarian, any registered nurse or any full time school doctor who is employed by a public school and renders service of an instructional or educational nature.

Sec. 96. Section 42, chapter 80, Laws of 1947, as last amended by section 4, chapter 50, Laws of 1967, and RCW 41.32.420 are each amended to read as follows:

On or before a date specified by the board of trustees in each month every employer shall file a report with the board of trustees of the retirement system on a form provided, stating the name of the employer and with respect to each employee who is a member or who is required to become a member of the retirement system: (1) The full name, (2) the earnable compensation paid, (3) the employee's contribution to the retirement system, and (4) such other information as the board shall require, and at the same time notify each new employee in writing with reference to the Washington state teachers' retirement system and that an application for prior service credit may be filed with the board of trustees thereof on a form furnished by the board. The ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superin-

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tendent shall perform the duties imposed by this section for the employers in second and third class school districts and the city superintendents for the employers in first class school districts. The chief executive officers of other institutions shall perform such duties.

Sec. 97. Section 72.40.060, chapter 28, Laws of 1959 and RCW 72.40.060 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the clerks of all school districts in the state, at the time for making the annual reports, to report to the superintendent ((of-seheels)) of their respective ((eounties)) <u>intermediate school districts</u> the names of all deaf, mute, or blind youth residing within their respective <u>school</u> districts who are between the ages of six and twenty-one years.

Sec. 98. Section 72.40.070, chapter 28, Laws of 1959 and RCW 72.40.070 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of each ((eeunty-seheel)) intermediate school district superintendent to make a full and specific report of such deaf, mute, or blind youth to the board of county commissioners of ((his)) the county in which the youth resides at its regular meeting in July of each year. He shall also, at the same time, transmit a duplicate copy of such report to the director and the superintendent of the school for the blind or the school for the deaf, as the case may be.

Sec. 99. Section 72.40.080, chapter 28, Laws of 1959 and RCW 72.40.080 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the parents or the guardians of all such blind or deaf youth to send them each year to the proper institution. The ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent shall take all action necessary to enforce this section. If satisfactory evidence is laid before the ((eounty)) <u>intermediate school</u> <u>district</u> superintendent that any blind or deaf youth is being properly educated at home or in some suitable institution other than the state schools, he shall take no action in such case other than to

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make a record of such fact, and take such steps as may be necessary to satisfy himself that such defective youth will continue to receive a proper education.

Sec. 100. Section 72.40.100, chapter 28, Laws of 1959 and RCW 72.40.100 are each amended to read as follows:

Any parent, guardian, ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> superintendent or county commissioner who, without proper cause, fails to carry into effect the provisions of this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, upon the complaint of any officer or citizen of the county or state, before any justice of the peace or superior court, shall be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than two hundred dollars.

Part III. Sections affecting proposed 1969 education code.

Sec. 101. Section 28A.02.070, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.02.070 are each amended to read as follows:

On the Friday preceding November 11th of each year or the preceding Friday when November 11th falls on a Friday, there shall be presented in each common school as defined in RCW 28A.01.060 a program suitable to the observance of Veterans' and Admission Day.

The responsibility for the preparation and presentation of such program ((approximating-sixty-minutes-in-length)) shall be with the principal or head teacher of each school building and such program shall embrace topics tending to instill a loyalty and devotion to the institutions and laws of this state and nation.

The superintendent of public instruction and ((eeunty-and)) intermediate school <u>district</u> ((effieials)) <u>superintendent</u> shall by advice and suggestion aid in the preparation of such programs if such aid be solicited.

Sec. 102. Section 28A.03.030, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.03.030 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to any other powers and duties as provided by law, the powers and duties of the superintendent of public instruction shall be: Ch. 176

 To have supervision over all matters pertaining to the public schools of the state.

(2) To report biennially to the governor on or before the first day of November preceding the regular session of the legislature, of which report a sufficient number of copies as the superintendent shall deem necessary shall be printed and delivered to the superintendent of public instruction, who shall furnish copies to be deposited with the state library, to each ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent ((of-sehools)) and to each school district library in such amount as he shall deem sufficient therefor. Said report shall contain a statement of the general condition of the public schools of the state, with full statistical tables by counties showing the number of schools and the attendance, the state and ((county)) intermediate school district funds apportioned, amounts received from special taxes and from other sources, amounts expended for salaries of teachers, the salaries paid ((by-the-several-eounties)) to the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent ((of seheels)) and the amount paid for incidentals and expenses; the amount paid for building and providing schoolhouses with furniture and apparatus, the amount of bonded and other school indebtedness, with the rate of interest paid thereon, such reports of state educational institutions, or such portions of them as he may think advisable, together with such other facts as he may deem of general interest. The superintendent may include as a part of such report any information or estimates obtained for the purposes of RCW 43.88.090. He shall also include in his report a statement of plans for the management and improvement of the schools.

(3) To prepare and have printed such forms, registers, courses of study, rules and regulations for the government of the common schools, questions prepared for the examination of persons as provided for in RCW 28A.04.120(7), and such other material and books as may be necessary for the discharge of the duties of teachers and officials charged with the administration of the laws relating to the common schools, and to distribute the same to ((the-eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendents.

(4) To travel, without neglecting his other official duties as superintendent of public instruction, for the purpose of attending educational meetings or conventions, of visiting schools, of consulting ((eeunty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendents or other school officials.

(5) To cause to be printed with an appendix of appropriate forms and instructions for carrying into execution the laws relating to public schools, and to distribute to each ((eounty-or))intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent a sufficient number of copies to supply each school district official, and to cause the same to be printed and distributed as often as any change in the laws shall make it of sufficient importance, in his opinion, to justify the same.

(6) To act as ex officio president and the chief executive officer of the state board of education.

(7) To hold, annually, a convention of the ((eeunty-and)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendents of the state at such time and place as he may deem convenient, for the discussion of questions pertaining to supervision and the administration of the school laws and such other subjects affecting the welfare and interests of the common schools as may be brought before it. Said convention shall continue in session not less than two days nor more than three days, at the option of the superintendent of public instruction. It shall be the duty of every ((eeunty-of)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent in this state to attend said convention during its entire session, and any ((eeunty-of)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent who attends the convention shall be reimbursed for traveling and subsistence expenses as provided in RCW 28A.19.090 in attending said convention.

(8) To file all papers, reports and public documents transmitted to him by the school officials of the several counties or districts of the state, each year separately. Copies of all papers

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filed in his office, and his official acts, may, or upon request, shall be certified by him and attested by his official seal, and when so certified shall be evidence of the papers or acts so certified to.

(9) To require annually, on or before the 15th day of August, of the president, manager, or principal of every educational institution in this state, a report of such facts arranged in such manner as he may prescribe, and he shall furnish forms for such reports; and it is hereby made the duty of every president, manager or principal, to complete and return such forms within such time as the superintendent of public instruction shall direct.

(10) To keep in his office a record of all teachers receiving certificates to teach in the common schools of this state.

(11) To issue certificates as provided by law.

(12) To keep in his office at the capital of the state, all books and papers pertaining to the business of his office, and to keep and preserve in his office a complete record of statistics, as well as a record of the meetings of the state board of education.

(13) With the assistance of the office of the attorney general, to decide all points of law which may be submitted to him in writing by any ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent, or that may be submitted to him by any other person, upon appeal from the decision of any ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent; and he shall publish his rulings and decisions from time to time for the information of school officials and teachers; and his decision shall be final unless set aside by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(14) To administer oaths and affirmations in the discharge of his official duties.

(15) To deliver to his successor, at the expiration of his term of office, all records, books, maps, documents and papers of whatever kind belonging to his office or which may have been received by him for the use of his office.

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(16) To perform such other duties as may be required by law.

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Sec. 103. Section 28A.03.050, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.03.050 are each amended to read as follows:

There shall be established in the office of the superintendent of public instruction an accumulated sick leave fund. Each school district, each office of ((eeunty-and)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent and board of education, and the office of superintendent of public instruction shall contribute to the fund according to a plan established by the superintendent of public instruction based upon the sick leave experience of the previous school year. All school districts shall be reimbursed from this fund for payments made for sick leave in accordance with RCW 28A.58.100.

Sec. 104. Section 28A.24.080, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.24.080 are each amended to read as follows:

School district transportation routes, for purposes of state reimbursement of transportation costs, shall be recommended by the ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> transportation commission and approved by the state superintendent pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by the superintendent for that purpose. The commission shall consist of (1) a representative of the local board of directors, (2) a representative of the state superintendent of public instruction, and (3) the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent ((ef-seheels)).

Sec. 105. Section 28A.27.040, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.27.040 are each amended to read as follows:

To aid in the enforcement of RCW 28A.27.010 through 28A.27.130, attendance officers shall be appointed and employed as follows: In incorporated city districts the board of directors shall annually appoint one or more attendance officers. In all other districts the ((eeunty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall appoint one or more attendance officers or may act as such himself.

The compensation of attendance officer in city districts shall be fixed and paid by the board appointing him. The compensation of

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attendance officers when appointed by the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendents shall be paid ((pro-rata7-according to-the-number-of-students-in-cach-school-district-served7)) by the respective districts. A ((county-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall receive no extra compensation if acting as attendance officer.

Any sheriff, constable, city marshal or regularly appointed policeman may be appointed attendance officer.

The attendance officer shall be vested with police powers, the authority to make arrests and serve all legal processes contemplated by RCW 28A.27.010 through 28A.27.130, and shall have authority to enter all places in which children may be employed, for the purpose of making such investigations as may be necessary for the enforcement of RCW 28A.27.010 through 28A.27.130. The attendance officer is authorized to take into custody the person of any child eight years of age and not over fourteen years of age, who may be a truant from school, and to conduct such child to his parents, for investigation and explanation, or to the school which he should properly attend. The attendance officer shall institute proceedings against any officer, parent, guardian, person, company or corporation violating any provisions of RCW 28A.27.010 through 28A.27.130, and shall otherwise discharge the duties prescribed in RCW 28A.27.010 through 28A.27.130, and shall perform such other services as the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent or the superintendent of any school or its board of directors may deem necessary.

The attendance officer shall keep a record of his transactions for the inspection and information of any school district board of directors, the county or intermediate district superintendent or the city superintendent, and shall make a detailed report to the city superintendent or the county or intermediate district superintendent as often as the same may be required.

Sec. 106. Section 28A.27.080, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.27.080 are each amended to read as follows:

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The ((county-or)) intermediate school district superintendent, on or before the fifteenth day of August of each year, by printed circular or otherwise, shall call the attention of all school district officials to the provisions of RCW 28A.27.010 through 28A.27.130, and to the penalties prescribed for the violation of its provisions, and he shall require ((the-superintendent-of-every)) those officials of the school district which he shall designate to make a report annually hereafter, verified by affidavit, stating whether or not the provissions of RCW 28A.27.010 through 28A.27.130 have been faithfully complied with in his district. Such reports shall be made upon forms to be furnished by the superintendent of public instruction and shall be transmitted to the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent ((prior-to-the-time-the-school-district-superintendent is-required-to-make-his-annual-report-to-the-county-or-intermediate district-superintendent-or)) at such ((other)) time as the ((county or)) intermediate school district superintendent shall determine, after notice thereof. Any school district ((superintendent)) official who shall knowingly or wilfully make a false report relating to the enforcement of the provisions of RCW 28A.27.010 through 28A.27-,130 or fail to report as herein provided shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction in a court of competent jurisdiction shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than one hundred dollars; and any school district ((superintendent)) official who shall refuse or neglect to make the report required in this section, shall be personally liable to his district for any loss which it may sustain because of such neglect or refusal to report.

Sec. 107. Section 28A.27.102, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.27.102 are each amended to read as follows:

Any school district superintendent, teacher or attendance officer who shall fail or refuse to perform the duties prescribed by RCW 28A.27.010 through 28 A.27.130 shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, be fined not less than twenty nor more than one hundred dollars: PROVIDED, That in case of a school

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district employee, such fine shall be paid to the appropriate county treasurer and by him placed to the credit of the school district in which said employee is employed, and in case of all other officers such fine shall be paid to the ((apprepriate)) county treasurer of the county in which the intermediate school district headquarters is located and by him placed to the credit of the general school fund of the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate school district ((7-as-the-ease-may be)).

Sec. 108. Section 28A.48.010, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.48.010 are each amended to read as follows:

On or before the last business day of each month, the superintendent of public instruction shall apportion from the current state school fund and/or the state general fund to the several ((eounties)) intermediate school districts of the state the proportional share of the total annual amount due and apportionable to such ((eeunties)) intermediate school districts for the school districts thereof as fol-In January, ten percent, in February, ten percent, in June, lows: three and one-half percent and in each of the other months respectively eight and one-half percent. The annual amount due and apportionable shall be the amount apportionable for all apportionment credits estimated to accrue to the schools during a year beginning September first and continuing through August thirty-first. The apportionment from the state general fund for each month shall be an amount which together with the revenues of the current state school fund will equal the amount due and apportionable to the several ((counties)) intermediate school districts during such month: PROVIDED, That any school district may, through its ((county-or)) intermediate school district superintendent, petition the superintendent of public instruction for an emergency advance of funds which may become apportionable to it but not to exceed five percent of the total amount to become due and apportionable during the school district's fiscal year. The superintendent of public instruction shall determine if the emergency warrants such advance, and if the funds are available therefor, and if

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he determines in the affirmative he may approve such advance and at the same time add such an amount to the apportionment for the ((county)) intermediate school district in which the district is located.

Sec. 109. Section 28A.48.030, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.48.030 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon receiving the certificate of apportionment from the superintendent of public instruction the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate school district superintendent shall promptly apportion to the school districts of his ((eeunty-er)) <u>intermediate school</u> district the amounts then due and apportionable to such districts as certified by the superintendent of public instruction. The ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall apportion to the school districts of his ((eeunty-er)) <u>intermediate school</u> district during each of the twelve months of the year the amount then available for apportionment to such districts from the ((apprepriate-eeunty)) <u>intermediate school</u> <u>district</u> current school fund.

Sec. 110. Section 28A.48.050, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.48.050 are each amended to read as follows:

The superintendent of any school district whose resident pupils are attending school in another district may notify the superintendent of the district where such pupils attend, when the school of said pupils' resident district will be in session, and of the grades that will be maintained, and he must file a duplicate copy of said notice with the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent. He must name the pupils in his notice, and it shall be the duty of the superintendent of the district so .otified, on such dates as the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall determine, to certify to the superintendent of the resident district the actual number of days' attendance at school of such pupils during the time that a school of the grade to which the pupil or pupils properly belong was in session in their resident district. And in case said superintendent shall fail or refuse to furnish such information to the superintendent of the resident district, then it shall be the

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duty of the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent to grant to the resident district for apportionment purposes attendance credit for the actual number of days' attendance of those resident pupils attending school in such other district. Without the notice herein required by the superintendent of the resident district, all claims to attendance will be forfeited.

Sec. 111. Section 28A.48.055, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.48.055 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the administrative or executive authority of every private school in this state to report to the ((eounty er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent ((ef-seheels)) on or before the thirtieth day of June in each year, on a form to be furnished, such information as may be required by the superintendent of public instruction, to make complete the records of education work pertaining to all children residing within the state.

Sec. 112. Section 28A.48.060, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.48.060 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever any pupil attends a common school of the state of Washington and such pupil resides in any home or institution devoted exclusively to providing a home for orphan children which is exempt from taxation under the laws of the state of Washington, and is located in the same school district as the school such pupil attends, the attendance of such pupil in such school shall entitle the district to receive from the state's current school fund an amount up to but not to exceed the average cost per day per pupil of educating pupils for the school year throughout the district in grade schools or high schools, as the case may be. The superintendent of such school district entitled to receive additional funds as hereinabove provided shall certify, under oath, whether as a part of his annual report to the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent ((of seheels)), or otherwise, as the ((county-or)) intermediate school district superintendent shall determine, the following facts as nearly as the same can be ascertained, which data shall in turn be included [1358]

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in a report of the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district ((school)) superintendent to the state superintendent of public instruction: The name and age of each pupil residing in any such home or institution, with the number of days' attendance of each such pupil, and whether such pupil was enrolled in a grade school or a high school. For the purpose of ascertaining the average cost of educating pupils in the high schools and grade schools, respectively, throughout the district, the following items of school expenditure shall be used: Salaries of teachers, supervisors, principals, special instructors, superintendents and assistants, janitors, clerks and secretaries, stenographers and all other employees; fuel, light, water, power, telephones, textbooks, office expenses, janitors' supplies, freight, express, drayage, rents for school purposes, upkeep of grounds, upkeep of shops and laboratories, all materials used in instruction, insurance, current ordinary repairs of every nature, inspection, promotion of health and such other current expenditures as may be necessary to the efficient operation of the high schools or grade schools, respectively. Expenditures for real estate, construction of buildings, and for other permanent improvements and fixtures shall not be included in estimating school expanditures for the purposes of this section.

Sec.113. Section 28A.48.090, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.48.090 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever any school board of any third class district shall neglect or refuse to comply with the provisions of RCW 28A.60.186, it shall be the duty of the ((eeunty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent to withhold the entire apportionment accruing to said district until such time as full compliance with requirements thereof has been made.

Sec. 114. Section 28A.48.100, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.48.100 are each amended to read as follows:

The county treasurer of each county of this state shall be ex officio treasurer of the several school districts of their respective counties, and, except as otherwise provided by law, it shall be the duty of each county treasurer:

(1) To receive and hold all moneys belonging to such school districts, and to pay them out only on warrants legally issued.

(2) To certify to the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent and the auditor of his county, at least quarterly each year, the amount of all school funds in his possession subject to apportionment on the last day of the preceding month, which certificate shall specify the source or sources from which said moneys were derived.

(3) To make annually, on or before the twenty-fifth day of July, a report to the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent and auditor of his county, which report shall show the amount of school funds on hand at the beginning of the school year last past belonging to each school district; the amount of funds placed to the credit of each school district during the school year ending June 30th, last past, and the sources from which said funds were derived; the amount of warrants registered during the year, the amount of funds disbursed upon warrants of each school district during the year; the amount of funds remaining in his possession at the close of the school year subject to be paid out upon warrants, and the fund to which said moneys belong; also the amount of all unpaid warrants or bonds appearing upon his register at the close of the school year.

(4) He shall register all school warrants presented to him by the county auditor in a book to be known as the "Treasurer's School District Warrant Register," which register shall show the date issued, number of warrant, to whom issued, amount and purpose, date registered, date advertised, interest if any accruing on said warrant, total as redeemed, date redeemed and to whom paid. If the district has money in the fund on which the warrant is drawn no endorsement on the warrant is necessary, but if there be no money to the credit of the fund on which the warrant is registered he shall endorse on said warrant the following: "This warrant bears interest at percent per annum from until called for pay-

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ment. County Treasurer, By Deputy." All warrants shall be paid in the order of their presentation to the county treasurer; and it is hereby made the duty of the county treasurer to advertise, at least quarterly, all warrants which he is prepared to pay, in the same manner in which he is required to advertise county warrants, and after the date fixed in said notice, warrants shall cease to draw interest.

(5) He shall prepare and submit to each school district superintendent in his county a written report of the state of the finances of such district on the first day of each month, which report shall be submitted not later than the seventh day of said month, certified to by the county auditor, which report shall contain the balance on hand the first of the preceding month, the funds paid in, warrants paid with interest thereon, if any, the number of warrants issued and not paid, and the balance on hand.

(6) After each monthly settlement with the county commissioners the treasurer of each county shall submit a statement of all canceled warrants of districts to the respective school district superintendents, which statement shall be verified to by the county auditor. The canceled warrants of each district shall be preserved separately and shall at all times be open to inspection by the school district superintendent or by any authorized accountant of such district.

Sec. 115. Section 28A.57.031, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.031 are each amended to read as follows:

Neither the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent nor an employee of a school district shall be a member of the county.committee.

Sec. 116. Section 28A.57.032, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.032 are each amended to read as follows:

The members of the county committee shall be elected by the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent and the members of the board of directors of the school districts of the county at a meeting which the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district [1361]

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superintendent shall call for that and any additional purpose. At least one member of the county committee shall be elected from among the registered voters of each county commissioner's district in the county; and, as nearly as possible, an equal number of members shall be elected from among the registered voters of each class of school district (first, second, or third class) in the county. No member of a county committee shall continue to serve thereon if he ceases to be a registered voter of the county or if he is absent from three consecutive meetings of the committee without an excuse acceptable to the committee.

If more than one intermediate school district superintendent has jurisdiction within a county all such superintendents shall participate in electing the committee, and the intermediate school district superintendent having jurisdiction over the most populous part of the county shall serve as secretary of the committee and call meetings where so provided.

Sec. 117. Section 28A.57.033, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.033 are each amended to read as follows:

Vacancies in the membership of the county committee shall be filled by the persons charged with the duty of electing the members of the committee under RCW 28A.57.032: PROVIDED, That the committee may fill vacancies in its membership pending the calling of a meeting of said persons for this purpose by the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate school district superintendent.

Sec. 118. Section 28A.57.035, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.035 are each amended to read as follows:

Members of the county committee shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses necessarily incurred in the performance of their duties ((as-provided-by-REW-43-03-050-and-43-03--060-as-now-or-hereafter-amended:--PROVIDED;-That-when-such-duties arc-for-a-period-less-than-a-major-part-of-the-day-such-members-shall be-reimbursed-for-expenses-necessarily-incurred-during-such-period irrespective-of-REW-43-03-050-and-rules-and-regulations-promulgated thereunder)).

Sec. 119. Section 28A.57.040, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.040 are each amended to read as follows:

The county committee shall organize by electing from its membership a chairman and a vice chairman. The ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall be the secretary of the committee. Meetings of the committee shall be held upon call of the chairman or of a majority of the members thereof. A majority of the committee shall constitute a quorum.

Sec. 120. Section 28A.57.050, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.050 are each amended to read as follows:

The powers and duties of the county committee shall be:

(1) To initiate, on its own motion and whenever it deems such action advisable, proposals or alternate proposals for changes in the organization and extent of school districts in the county; to receive, consider, and revise, whenever in its judgment revision is advisable, proposals initiated by petition or presented to the committee by the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent as provided for in this chapter; to prepare and submit to the state board any of the aforesaid proposals that are found by the county committee to provide for satisfactory improvement in the school district system of the county and state; to prepare and submit with the aforesaid proposals, a map showing the boundaries of existing districts affected by any proposed change and the boundaries, including a description thereof, of each proposed new district or of each existing district as enlarged or diminished by any proposed change, or both, and a summary of the reasons for the proposed change; and such other reports, records, and materials as the state board may request. The committee may utilize as a basis of its proposals and changes that comprehensive plan for changes in the organization and extent of the school districts of the county prepared and submitted to the state board prior to September 1, 1956, or, if the county committee found, after considering the factors listed in RCW 28A.57.055, that no changes in the

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school district organization of the county were needed, the report to this effect submitted to the state board.

(a) To make an equitable adjustment of the property and (2) other assets and of the liabilities, including bonded indebtedness, as to the old school districts and the new district or districts, if any, involved in or affected by a proposed change in the organization and extent of the school districts; and (b) to make an equitable adjustment of the bonded indebtedness outstanding against any of the aforesaid districts whenever in its judgment such adjustment is advisable, as to all of the school districts involved in or affected by any change heretofore or hereafter effected; and (c) to submit to the state board the proposed terms of adjustment and a statement of the reasons therefor in each case. In making the adjustments herein provided for, the county committee shall consider the number of children of school age resident in and the assessed valuation of the property located in each district and in each part of a district involved or affected; the purpose for which the bonded indebtedness of any district was incurred; the value, location, and disposition of all improvements located in the districts involved or affected; and any other matters which in the judgment of the committee are of importance or essential to the making of an equitable adjustment.

(3) To hold and keep a record of a public hearing or public hearings (a) on every proposal for the formation of a new district or for the transfer from one existing district to another of any territory in which children of school age reside or for annexation of territory when the conditions set forth in RCW 28A.57.190 prevail; and (b) on every proposal for adjustment of the assets and of the liabilities of school districts provided for in this chapter. Three members of the county committee or two members of the committee and the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent may be designated by the committee to hold any public hearing that the committge is required to hold. The county committee shall cause to be posted, at least ten days prior to the date appointed for any such

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hearing, a written or printed notice thereof (a) in at least three public places in the territory of each proposed new district or of each established district when such district is involved in a question of adjustment of bonded indebtedness, (b) in at least one public place in territory proposed to be transferred or annexed to an existing school district, (c) on a commonly-used schoolhouse door of each district involved in or affected by any proposed change or adjustment upon which a public hearing is required; and (d) at the place or places of holding the hearing. In addition notice may be given by newspaper, radio, and television, or either thereof, when in the committee's judgment the public interest will be served thereby.

To divide into five school directors' districts all first (4) and second class school districts now in existence and not heretofore so divided and all first and second class school districts hereafter established: PROVIDED, That no first or second class school district not heretofore so divided and no first or second class school district hereafter created containing a city with a population in excess of seven thousand according to the latest population certificate filed with the secretary of state by the planning and community affairs agency shall be divided into director's districts unless a majority of the registered voters voting thereon at an election shall approve a proposition authorizing the division of the district into directors' districts: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That nothing in this chapter shall authorize the division of any new or existing third class school district into school directors' districts. The boundaries of each directors' district shall be so established that each such district shall comprise as nearly as practicable an equal portion of the population of the school district.

(5) To rearrange at any time the committee deems such action advisable in order to correct inequalities caused by changes in population and changes in school district boundaries, the boundaries of any of the directors' districts of any school district heretofore or hereafter so divided: PROVIDED, That a petition therefor, shall be

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required for rearrangement in order to correct inequalities caused by changes in population. Said petition shall be signed by at least ten registered voters residing in the aforesaid school district, and shall be presented to the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent. A public hearing thereon shall be held by the county committee, which hearing shall be called and conducted in the manner prescribed in subsection (3) of this section, except that notice thereof shall be posted in some public place in each directors' district of the school district and on a commonly-used schoolhouse door of the district and at the place of holding the hearing. In addition notice may be given by newspaper, radio, and television, or either thereof, when in the committee's judgment the public interest will be served thereby.

(6) To prepare and submit to the superintendent of public instruction from time to time or, upon his request, reports and recommendations respecting the urgency of need for school plant facilities, the kind and extent of the facilities required, and the development of improved local school administrative units and attendance areas in the case of school districts that seek state assistance in providing school plant facilities.

Sec. 121 Section 28A.57.070, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.070 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon receipt by the county committee of such notice from the state board as is required in RCW 28A.57.060(2), the ((eeunty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent shall make an order establishing all approved changes involving the alteration of the boundaries of an established school district or districts and all approved terms of adjustment of assets and liabilities involving an established district or districts the boundaries of which have been or are hereafter altered in the manner provided by law, and shall certify his action to each county auditor for the board of county commissioners, each county treasurer, each county assessor and the superintendents of all school districts affected by such action. Upon

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receipt of such certification the superintendent of each school district which is annexed to another district by the action shall deliver to the superintendent of the school district to which annexed all books, papers, documents, records, and other materials pertaining to his office.

Sec. 122. Section 28A.57.075, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.075 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever adjustments of bonded indebtedness are made between or among school districts in connection with the alteration of the boundaries thereof, pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, the order of the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent establishing the terms of adjustment of bonded indebtedness shall provide and specify:

(1) In every case where bonded indebtedness is transferred from one school district to another school district (a) that such bonded indebtedness is assumed by the school district to which it is transferred; (b) that thereafter such bonded indebtedness shall be the obligation of the school district to which it is transferred; (c) that, if the terms of adjustment so provide, any bonded indebtedness thereafter incurred by such transferee school district through the sale of bonds authorized prior to the date its boundaries were altered shall be the obligation of such school district including the territory added thereto; and (d) that taxes shall be levied thereafter against the taxable property located within such school district as it is constituted after its boundaries were altered, said taxes to be levied at the times and in the amounts required to pay the principal of and the interest on the bonded indebtedness assumed or incurred as aforesaid, as the same become due and payable.

In computing the debt limitation of any school district from which or to which bonded indebtedness has been transferred, the amount of such transferred bonded indebtedness at any time outstanding (a) shall be an offset against and deducted from the total bonded indebtedness, if any, of the school district from which such bonded

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indebtedness was transferred and (b) shall be deemed to be bonded indebtedness solely of the transferee school district that assumed such indebtedness.

(2) In every case where adjustments of bonded indebtedness do not provide for transfer of bonded indebtedness from one school district to another school district (a) that the existing bonded indebtedness of each school district the boundaries of which are altered and any bonded indebtedness incurred by each such school district through the sale of bonds authorized prior to the date its boundaries were altered shall be the obligation of the school district in its reduced or enlarged form, as the case may be; and (b) that taxes shall be levied thereafter against the taxable property located within each such school district in its reduced or enlarged form, as the case may be, at the times and in the amounts required to pay the principal of and interest on such bonded indebtedness as the same become due and payable.

In case the aforesaid approval by the state board concerns a proposal to form a new school district or a proposal for adjustment of bonded indebtedness involving an established school district and one or more former school districts now included therein pursuant to a vote of the people concerned, a special election of the voters residing within the territory of the proposed new district or of the established district involved in a proposal for adjustment of bonded indebtedness as the case may be shall be held for the purpose of affording said voters an opportunity to approve or reject such proposals as concern or affect them.

In a case involving both the question of the formation of a new district and the question of adjustment of bonded indebtedness, the questions may be submitted to the voters either in the form of a single proposition or as separate propositions, whichever to the ((county-committee)) <u>intermediate school district superintendent</u> seems expedient. When the county committee has passed appropriate resolutions for the questions to be submitted and the ((county-or)) [1368]

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intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent has given notice thereof to the county auditor such special election shall be called, conducted, and the returns canvassed as in regular school district elections.

Sec. 123. Section 28A.57.090, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.090 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever a special election is held to vote on a proposal or alternate proposals to form a new school district, the votes cast by the registered voters in each component district shall be tabulated separately and any such proposition shall be considered approved only if it receives a majority of the votes cast in each separate district voting thereon. Whenever a special election is held to vote on a proposal for adjustment of bonded indebtedness the entire vote cast by the registered voters of the proposed new district or of the established district as the case may be shall be tabulated and any such proposition shall be considered approved if a majority of sixty percent of all votes cast thereon is in the affirmative.

In the event of approval of a proposition or propositions voted on at a special election, the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall: (1) Make an order establishing such new district or such terms of adjustment of bonded indebtedness or both, as were approved by the registered voters and shall also order effected such other terms of adjustment, if there be any, of property and other assets and of liabilities other than bonded indebtedness as have been approved by the 'state board; and (2) certify his action to the county and school district officials specified in RCW 28A.57.070. He may designate, with the approval of the new district, a name and number different from that of any component thereof but must designate the new district by name and number different from any other district in existence in the county.

The ((eounty-or))intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent, if he deems such action advisable, may fix, as the effective date of any order or orders he is required by this chapter to make, the first

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day of July next succeeding the date of final approval of any change in the organization and extent of school districts or of any terms of adjustment of the assets and liabilities of school districts.

Upon receipt of the aforesaid certification, the superintendent of each school district which is included in the new district shall deliver to the superintendent of the new school district all books, papers, documents, records and other materials pertaining to his office.

Sec. 124. Section 28A.57.130, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.130 are each amended to read as follows:

A school district shall be organized in form and manner as hereinafter in this chapter provided, and shall be known as (insert here the name of the district) School District No., county, state of Washington: PROVIDED, That all school districts now existing as shown by the records of the ((eeunty er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent are hereby recognized as legally organized districts<u>: PROVIDED FURTHER, That all</u> <u>school districts existing on the effective date of this 1969 amendatory act as shown by the records of the county or intermediate district superintendents are hereby recognized as legally organized <u>districts</u>.</u>

Sec. 125. Section 28A.57.140, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.140 are each amended to read as follows:

Any school district in the state having a population in excess of ten thousand, as shown by any regular or special census or by any other evidence acceptable to the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent, shall be a school district of the first class. Any other school district maintaining a fully accredited high school or containing a city of the third class or of the fourth class or an area of one square mile having a population of at least three hundred shall be a school district of the second class. All other school districts shall be school districts of the third class.

Whenever the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district super-

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intendent finds that the classification of a school district should be changed, he shall make an order in conformity with his findings and alter the records of his office accordingly. Thereafter the board of directors of the district shall organize in the manner provided by law for the organization of the board of a district of the class to which said district then belongs.

Sec. 126. Section 28A.57.150, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.150 are each amended to read as follows:

Each incorporated city or town in the state shall be comprised in one school district: PROVIDED, That nothing in this section shall be construed: (1) To prevent the extension of the boundaries of a school district beyond the limits of the city or town contained therein, or (2) to prevent the inclusion of two or more incorporated cities or towns in a single school district, or (3) to change or disturb the boundaries of any school district organized prior to the incorporation of any city or town, except as hereafter in this section provided.

In case all or any part of a school district that operates a school or schools on one site only or operates elementary schools only on two or more sites is included in an incorporated city or town through the extension of the limits of such city or town in the manner provided by law, the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall: (1) Declare the territory so included to be a part of the school district containing the city or town and (2) whenever a part of a district so included contains a school building of the district, present to the county committee a proposal for the disposition of any part or all of the remaining territory of the district.

In case of the extension of the limits of a town to include territory lying in a school district that operates on more than one site one or more elementary schools and one or more junior high schools or high schools, the county committee shall, in its discretion, prepare a proposal or proposals for annexation to the school [1371]

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district in which the town is located any part or all of the territory aforesaid which has been included in the town and for annexation to the school district in which the town is located or to some other school district or districts any part or all of the remaining territory of the school district affected by extension of the limits of the town: PROVIDED, That where no school or school site is located within the territory annexed to the town and not less than seventyfive percent of the registered voters residing within the annexed territory present a petition in writing for annexation and transfer of said territory to the school district in which the town is located, the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent shall declare the territory so included to be a part of the school district containing said town: PROVIDED FURTHER, That territory approved for annexation to a city or town by vote of the electors residing therein prior to January 12, 1953, shall not be subject to the provisions herein respecting annexation to a school district or school districts: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That the provisions and procedural requirements of this chapter as now or hereafter amended not in conflict with or inconsistent with the provisions hereinabove in this section stated shall apply in the case of any proposal or proposals (1) for the alteration of the boundaries of school districts through and by means of annexation of territory as aforesaid, and (2) for the adjustment of the assets and liabilities of the school districts involved or affected thereby.

In case of the incorporation of a city or town containing territory lying in two or more school districts or of the uniting of two or more cities or towns not located in the same school district, the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent, except where the incorporation or consolidation would affect a district or districts of the first class, shall: (1) Order and declare to be established in each such case a single school district comprising all of the school districts involved, and (2) designate each such district by name and by a number different from that of any other

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district in existence in the county.

The ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent, if he deems such action advisable, may fix as the effective date of any declaration or order required under this section the first day of July next succeeding the date of the issuance of such declaration or order.

Sec. 127. Section 28A.57.170, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.170 are each amended to read as follows:

For the burpose of forming a new school district, a petition in writing may be presented to the ((eeunty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent, as secretary of the county committee, signed either by ten registered voters or by a majority of the registered voters residing (1) in each whole district and in each part of a district proposed to be included in any single new district, or (2) in the territory of a proposed new district which comprises a part only of one or more districts. The petition shall state the name and number of each district involved in or affected by the proposal to form the new district and shall describe the boundaries of the proposed new district.

Sec. 128. Section 28A.57.180, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.180 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of transferring territory from one school district to another district, a petition in writing may be presented to the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent, as secretary of the county committee, signed by a majority of the registered voters residing in the territory proposed to be transferred, or by the board of directors of one of the districts affected by a proposed transfer of territory if there is no registered voter resident in the territory, which petition shall state the name and number of each district affected, describe the boundaries of the territory proposed to be transferred, and state the reasons for desiring the change and the number of children of school age, if any, residing in the territory: PROVIDED, That the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u>

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district superintendent, without being petitioned to do so, may present to the county committee a proposal for the transfer from one school district to another of any territory in which no children of school age reside: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate school district superintendent shall not complete any transfer of territory pursuant to the provisions of this section which involves ten percent or more of the common school student population of the entire district from which such transfer is proposed, unless he has first called and held a special election of the voters of the entire school district from which such transfer of territory is proposed for the purpose of affording said voters an opportunity to approve or reject such proposed transfer, and has obtained approval of the proposed transfer by a majority of those registered voters voting in said election; and if such proposed transfer is disapproved, the state board of education shall determine whether or not said district is meeting or capable of meeting minimum standards of education as set up by the state board. If the board decides in the negative, the superintendent of public instruction may thereupon withhold from such district, in whole or in part, state contributed funds.

Sec. 129. Section 28A.57.190, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.190 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever all or any part of a school district in which no accredited high school is maintained is bounded on three or more sides by a school district in which an accredited high school is situated and maintained, or by a school district in which a high school with a program approved by the state board of education is situated and maintained, the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall report said fact to the county committee, which committee shall consider the question of the annexation to the aforesaid high school district of the territory or district so bounded.

Sec. 130. Section 28A.57.200, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.200 are each amended to read as follows:

In case any school district shall have an average enrollment of fewer than five pupils or shall not have maintained, during the preceding school year at least the minimum term of school required by law, the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent shall report said fact to the county committee, which committee shall give consideration to the question of the dissolution of the school district and the annexation of the territory thereof to some other district or districts. In case any territory is not a part of any school district, the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent shall present to the county committee a proposal for the annexation of said territory to some contiguous district or districts.

Sec. 131. Section 28A.57.240, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.240 are each amended to read as follows:

The duties in this chapter imposed upon and required to be performed by a county committee and by ((a)) an ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent in connection with a change in the organization and extent of school districts and/or with the adjustment of the assets and liabilities of school districts and with all matters related to such change or adjustment whenever territory lying in a single county is involved shall be performed jointly by the county committees and by the superintendents of the several ((counties-or)) intermediate school districts as required whenever territory lying in more than one county or intermediate school district is involved: PROVIDED, That a county committee may designate three of its members, or two of its members and the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent, as a subcommittee to serve in lieu of the whole committee, but action by a subcommittee shall not be binding unless approved by the whole committee of the county. Proposals for changes in the organization and extent of school districts and proposed terms of adjustment of assets and liabilities thus prepared and approved shall be submitted to the state board (1) by the county committee of the county in which is situated the high school of the proposed new district or of the established

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district proposed to be enlarged, or (2) in case no high school district is involved in the proposed change, by the county committee of the county in which the schoolhouse of the district is situated, or (3) if there be no schoolhouse in the district or more than one schoolhouse, by the county committee of the county in which is located the part of the district having the largest number of children of school age residing therein.

Sec. 132. Section 28A.57.245, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.245 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever a change in the organization and extent of school districts or an adjustment of the assets and liabilities of school districts, or both, or any other matters related to such change or adjustment involve a joint district, and a majority of the county committee of either county approve a proposal but the proposal is not approved by the other county committee or said committee fails or refuses to act upon the proposal within sixty days of its receipt, the county committee approving the proposal shall certify the proposal and its approval to the state superintendent of public instruction. Upon receipt of a properly certified proposal, the state superintendent of public instruction shall appoint a temporary committee on joint school district organization composed of five persons. The members of the committee shall be selected from the membership of any county committee in this state except that no member shall be appointed from any county in which part of the joint district is situated. Said committee shall meet at the call of the state superintendent of public instruction and organize by electing a chairman and secretary. Thereupon, this temporary committee on joint school district organization shall have jurisdiction of the proposal and shall treat the same as a proposal initiated on its own motion. Said committee shall have the powers and duties imposed upon and required to be performed by a county committee under the provisions of this chapter and the secretary of the committee shall have the powers and duties imposed upon and required to be performed by the ((eeunty-er))

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intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendents under the provisions of this chapter. It shall be the duty of the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendents of the ((eounties)) <u>intermediate</u> <u>school districts</u> in which the joint <u>school</u> district is situated to assist the temporary committee on joint school district organization by supplying said committee with information from the records and files of their offices and with a proper and suitable place for holding meetings.

Sec. 133. Section 28A.57.255, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.255 are each amended to read as follows:

The registered voters residing within a joint school district shall vote on the office of school director of their district and on the office of ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school district</u> board of education of the county to which the district belongs, even though they reside outside ((that)) <u>the</u> county, or intermediate school district.

Jurisdiction of any such election shall rest with the county auditor of the county administering such joint district as provided in RCW 28A.57.250.

At each general election, or upon approval of a request for a special election as provided for in RCW 29.13.020, such county auditor shall:

 See that there shall be at least one polling place in each county;

(2) At least twenty days prior to the elections concerned, certify in writing to the superintendent of the school district the number and location of the polling places established by him for such regular or special elections; and

(3) Do all things otherwise required by law for the conduct of such election.

It is the intention of this section that the qualified electors of a joint school district shall not be forced to go to a different polling place on the same day when other elections are being held

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to vote for school directors of their district and members of the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school district</u> board of education concerned with their school district.

Sec. 134. Section 28A.57.260, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.260 are each amended to read as follows:

Every director or superintendent of a joint school district shall, on assuming the duties of his office, file his certificate of election or appointment and his signature with the ((appropriate eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent to which the district belongs, which signature shall be placed on file with the appropriate county auditor by the said superintendent. A vacancy in the office of director of a joint district of the second or third class shall be filled by the ((appropriate-county-or)) intermediate school district superintendent to which the district belongs, such appointment to be valid only until a director is elected and qualified to fill such vacancy at the next regular district election. In a joint district of the first class, such vacancy shall be filled in the manner provided by RCW 28A.57.326 for filling vacancies in districts of the first class, such appointment to be valid only until a director is elected and qualified to fill such vacancy at the next regular district election.

Sec. 135. Section 28A.57.290, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.290 are each amended to read as follows:

The amount of tax to be levied upon the taxable property of that part of a joint school district lying in one county shall be in such ratio to the whole amount levied upon the property in the entire joint district as the assessed valuation of the property lying in such county bears to the assessed valuation of the property in the entire joint district. After the budget of a joint school district has been prepared in the manner provided by law, the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent of the ((eeunty-er)) <u>in-</u> <u>termediate school</u> district to which the joint school district belongs, after deducting estimated receipts from sources other than district

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taxation, shall apportion to each county in which the territory of the joint district lies its proportionate share of the estimated expenditures of such joint district, which apportionment shall be made upon the same basis as is herein provided for the apportionment of tax levies. He shall then forward to the county auditor of ((his)) the county to which the joint school district belongs and to ((eounty-or-intermediate-district-superintendent-and)) the county auditor of each other county, for the board of county commissioners thereof, a certificate setting forth the sum apportioned to that county, together with copies of the certificates forwarded by him to the aforesaid officers of other counties.

Sec. 136. Section 28A.57.300, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.300 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon receipt of the aforesaid certificate, it shall be the duty of the board of county commissioners of each county to levy on all taxable property of that part of the joint school district which lies within the county a tax sufficient to raise the amount necessary to meet the county's proportionate share of the estimated expenditures of the joint district, as shown by the certificate of the ((eeunty er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent of the ((eeunty-er)) district to which the joint school district belongs. Such taxes shall be levied and collected in the same manner as other taxes are levied and collected, and the proceeds thereof shall be forwarded quarterly by the treasurer of each county, other than the county to which the joint district belongs, to the treasurer of the county to which such district belongs and shall be placed to the credit of said district. The treasurer of the county to which a joint school district belongs is hereby declared to be the treasurer of such district.

Sec. 137. Section 28A.57.328, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.328 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon the establishment of a new school district of the third class, the directors of the old school districts who reside within the limits of the new district shall meet at the call of the ((eounty

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eF)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent and elect from among their number three directors for said new district: PROVIDED, That if fewer than three such directors reside in such new school district, they shall become directors of said district, and the ((eeunty-eF)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall appoint the number of additional directors required to constitute a board of three directors for the district.

Each board of directors so constituted shall proceed at once to organize in the manner prescribed by law and thereafter shall have all the powers and authority conferred by law upon boards of directors of other third class districts until the next regular election in the district and until their successors are elected and qualified. At such election three directors shall be elected at large by the electors of the school district, one for a term of two years and two for a term of four years. Directors thereafter elected and qualified shall serve such terms as provided for in RCW 28A.57.312.

Sec. 138. Section 28A.57.350, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.350 are each amended to read as follows:

The directors of old school districts who reside within the limits of a new school district of the first class that is divided into directors' districts in conformity with the provisions of this chapter shall meet at the call of the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent and elect from among their number five directors for the new district, no two of whom shall be residents of the same school directors' district: PROVIDED, That if one or more of the directors' districts of the new school district has no such director residing therein, the directors shall nominate and elect the number of directors required to constitute a board of five directors for the school district from registered voters in such school directors' district. The directors of old school districts who reside within the limits of a new school district of the second class that is divided into directors' districts in conformity with the provisions of this chapter shall meet at the call of the ((eounty-or)) intermedi-

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ate <u>school</u> district superintendent and elect from among their number five directors for the new district, no two of whom shall be residents of the same school directors' district: PROVIDED, That if one or more of the directors' districts of the new school district has no such director residing therein, the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall appoint the number of additional directors required to constitute a board of five directors for the school district, no two of whom shall be residents of the same school directors' district.

Each board of directors constituted as provided for in this section shall proceed at once to organize in the manner prescribed by law and thereafter shall have all of the powers and authority conferred by law upon boards of directors of other districts of the same class until the next regular school election in the district and until their successors are elected and qualified. At such election t here shall be elected five directors to constitute the board of the district; one shall be elected from among the residents of each of the five directors' districts of the school district by the electors of the entire school district, two such directors for a term of two years and three for a term of four years. Directors thereafter elected and qualified shall serve such terms as provided for in RCW 28A.57.312.

Sec. 139. Section 28A.57.370, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.370 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever any school district other than a newly established school district is divided into directors' districts by the county committee in the discharge of its duties hereunder, the directors thereof shall continue to serve for the terms for which they were elected, unless two or more such directors reside in the same directors' district, in which event the director who shall continue to serve shall be determined by lot. The ((eeunty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall then appoint the number of additional directors required to constitute a board of five directors for

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the school district, no two of whom shall be residents of the same directors' district. The additional directors so appointed shall serve until the next regular school election in the district and until their successors are elected and qualified, at which election their successors shall be elected for the unexpired terms of those who were removed from office by virtue of this section or for four year terms in case no unexpired terms exist. Directors thereafter elected and qualified shall serve such terms as provided for in RCW 28A.57.312.

Sec. 140. Section 28A.57.390, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.390 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((eeunty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall prepare and keep in his office (1) a map showing the boundaries of the directors' districts of all school districts in or belonging to his ((eeunty)) <u>intermediate school district</u> that are so divided, and (2) a record of the action taken by the county committee in establishing such boundaries.

Sec. 141. Section 28A.58.225, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.58.225 are each amended to read as follows:

A local district may be authorized by the ((eeunty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent to transport and educate its pupils in another district for one year, either by payment of a compensation agreed upon by such school districts, or under other terms mutually satisfactory to the districts concerned when this will afford better educational facilities for the pupils and when a saving may be effected in the cost of education. Such authorization may be extended for an additional year at the discretion of the ((eeunty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent.

Sec. 142. Section 28A.58.530, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.58.530 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of obtaining information on school organization, administration, operation and instruction, school districts and ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendents may contract for or purchase information and research services from public universities, colleges and other public bodies. For the same purpose, school districts and ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendents may become members of any nonprofit organization whose principal purpose is to provide such services. Charges payable for such services and membership fees payable to such organizations may be based on the cost of providing such services, on the benefit received by the participating school districts measured by enrollment, or on any other reasonable basis, and may be paid before, during, or after the receipt of such services or the participation as members of such organizations.

Sec. 143. Section 28A.67.070, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.67.070 are each amended to read as follows:

No teacher shall be employed except by written order of a majority of the directors of the district at a regular or special meeting thereof, nor unless he is the holder of an effective teacher's certificate.

The board shall make with each teacher employed by it a written contract, which shall be in conformity with the laws of this state, and limited to a term of not more than one year. Every such contract shall be made in triplicate, one copy to be retained by the school district superintendent or secretary, one copy to be retained, after having been approved and registered, by the ((eeunty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent, and one copy to be delivered to the teacher thereafter.

Every teacher, principal, supervisor, or superintendent holding a position as such with a school district, hereinafter referred to as "employee", whose employment contract is not to be renewed by the district for the next ensuing term shall be notified in writing on or before April 15th preceding the commencement of such term of the decision of the board of directors not to renew his employment which notification shall specify sufficient cause or causes for nonrenewal of contract. Such notice shall be served upon the employee

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by certified or registered mail, or to the teacher personally, or by leaving a copy of the notice at the house of his usual abode with some person of suitable age and discretion then resident therein. Every such employee so notified, at his or her request made in writing and filed with the chairman or secretary of the board of directors of the district within ten days after receiving such notice, shall be granted opportunity for hearing before the board of directors of the district, to determine whether or not the facts constitute sufficient cause for nonrenewal of contract. Such board upon receipt of such request shall call the hearing to be held within ten days following the receipt of such request, and at least three days prior to the date fixed for the hearing shall notify the employee in writing of the date, time and place of the hearing. The employce may engage such counsel and produce such witnesses as he or she may desire. The board of directors, within five days following the conclusion of such hearing, shall notify the employee in writing of its final decision either to renew or not to renew the employment of the employee for the next ensuing term. Any decision not to renew such employment contract shall be based solely upon the cause or causes for nonrenewal specified in the notice to the employee and proved and established at the hearing. If such notification and opportunity for hearing is not timely given by the district, the employee entitled thereto shall be conclusively presumed to have been reemployed by the district for the next ensuing term upon contractual terms identical with those which would have prevailed if his employment had actually been renewed by the board of directors for such ensuing term.

Sec. 144. Section 28A.70.110, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.70.110 are each amended to read as follows:

The fee for any teaching certificate, or any renewal thereof, issued by the authority of the state of Washington, and authorizing the holder to teach in the public schools of the state shall be not less than one dollar or such reasonable fee therefor as the state board of education by rule or regulation shall deem necessary there-

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The fee must accompany the application and cannot be refunded for. unless the application is withdrawn before it is finally considered. The ((eounty-superintendent;)) intermediate school district superintendent, or other official authorized to receive such fee, shall within thirty days transmit the same to the treasurer of the county ((wherein-such-applicant-is-to-teach-or-resides-or-to-the-treasurer of-the-eounty)) in which the office of the intermediate school district superintendent is located, to be by him placed to the credit of the institute fund of said school district $((\Theta F - \Theta \Theta H + \Psi_7))$ or $((\pm n - \pm h + \Theta H + \Psi_7))$ ease-of-an-intermediate-district,-to-be-placed-in-the)) intermediate school district institute fund which shall be created by the intermediate school district board: PROVIDED, That if any school district collecting fees for the certification of teachers does not hold an institute separate from the ((county;)) intermediate school district then all such moneys shall be placed to the credit of the ((eounty-institute-fund-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district institute fund ((7-as the-ease-may-be)).

Sec. 145 Section 28A.70.140, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.70.140 are each amended to read as follows:

Before registering any certificate, the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent of the county in which application is made for certificate shall satisfy himself that the applicant is a person of good moral character and personal fitness. In the event of a refusal to register a certificate for whatsoever reason, the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall immediately notify the superintendent of public instruction of his action and shall fully and clearly state his reasons therefor, and the person aggrieved shall have the right of appeal to the superintendent of public instruction, and shall have the further right of appeal to the state board of education.

Sec. 146. Section 28A.71.100, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.71.100 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((county-superintendent-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district [1385]

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superintendent must arrange each year for the holding of one or more teachers' institutes and/or workshops for in-service training, in such manner and at such time as he believes will be of benefit to the teachers of the ((eounty-or-the)) intermediate <u>school</u> district. He may provide such additional means of teacher in-service training as he may deem necessary or appropriate and there shall be a proper charge against the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district institute fund when approved by the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district board.

((Geunty)) <u>Intermediate school district</u> superintendents of contiguous ((eeunties-and/or)) intermediate <u>school</u> districts, by mutual arrangements, may hold joint institutes and/or workshops, the expenses to be shared in proportion to the numbers of certificated personnel as shown by the last annual reports of the ((eeunty-superintendents-and/or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendents holding such joint institutes or workshops.

In districts employing more than one hundred teachers, the school district superintendent, in his discretion, may hold a teachers' institute of two, three, four or five days in such district, said institute when so held by the school district superintendent to be in all respects governed by the provisions of this code relating to teachers' institutes held by ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendents.

((Each-county-or-intermediate-district-superintendent-or-school district-superintendent,-prior-to-the-holding-of-the-annual-teachers' institute;-shall-make-an-estimate-of-the-necessary-expenses-thereof; and-the-county-commissioners;-thereupon;-and-prior-to-the-date-of holding-said-institute;-must-place-at-the-disposal-of-the-proper-superintendent-out-of-the-county-current-expense-fund-such-an-amount; not-to-exceed-two-hundred-dollars;-as-in-addition-to-the-amount-then in-the-hands-of-the-county-treasurer-in-the-institute-fund;-will-meet the-superintendent's-estimate;

The-county;-intermediate-or-school-district-superintendent-must keep-an-accurate-account-of-the-actual-expenses-of-institutes-and/or workshops-with-vouchers-for-same-and-make-a-complete-report-to-the county-auditor,-which-shall-be-placed-on-file-in-his-office-as-a-part of-the-regular-files.)

Sec. 147. Section 28A.87.030, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB .58) and RCW 28A.87.030 are each amended to read as follows:

In case any school district superintendent fails to make reports as by law or rule or regulation promulgated thereunder provided, at the proper time and in the proper manner, he shall forfeit and pay to the district the sum of twenty-five dollars for each and every such failure. He shall also be liable, if, through such neglect, the district fails to receive its just apportionment of school moneys, for the full amount so lost. Each and all of said forfeitures shall be recovered in a suit brought by the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent or by any citizen of such district, in the name of and for the benefit of such district, and all moneys so collected shall be paid over to the county treasurer and shall be by him placed to the credit of the general fund of the district to which it belongs.

Sec. 148. Section 28A.87.050, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.87.050 are each amended to read as follows:

If any ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent fails to make any full and correct report to the superintendent of public instruction of statements required by him or if he shall fail to file with the superintendent of public instruction a full and correct annual report within ten days after the time prescribed by law for filing said report, if any be required, the sum of fifty dollars shall be forfeited from his salary for each such unsatisfactory report, and the proper county officials are hereby authorized and required to deduct therefrom the sum aforesaid upon information from the superintendent of public instruction that such reports have not been made.

Sec. 149. Section 28A.87.080, chapter Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.87.080 are each amended to read as follows:

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Any person collecting or receiving any fines, forfeitures or other moneys belonging to the schools of the state of Washington, or belonging to the school fund of any county_ ((0F)) school district or intermediate school district in this state, and refusing or failing to pay over the same as required by law, shall be liable for double the amount so withheld, and in addition thereto, interest thereon at the rate of five percent per month during the time of so withholding the same; and it shall be a special duty of the ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent ((ef-seheels)) to supervise and see that the provisions of this section are fully complied with, including the initiation of court actions therefor, and report thereon to the appropriate county commissioners at least semiannually. Fines and penalties, exclusive of any moneys recovered belonging to the school fund of any county, ((or)) school district or intermediate school district in this state, when collected, shall be turned over to the county treasurer and by him transmitted to the state treasurer who shall place the same to the credit of the current school fund of the state.

Sec. 150. Section 28A.87.090, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.87.090 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as otherwise provided in chapter 42.23 RCW, it shall be unlawful for any member of the state board of education, the superintendent of public instruction or any employee of his office, any ((eeunty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent ((ofseheels)), any school district superintendent or principal, or any director of any school district, to request or receive, directly or indirectly, anything of value for or on account of his influence with respect to any act or proceeding of the state board of education, the office of the superintendent of public instruction, any office of ((eeunty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent or any school district, or any of these, when such act or proceeding shall inure to the benefit of those offering or giving the thing of value. Any wilful violation of the provisions of this section shall

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be a misdemeanor and punished as such.

Sec. 151. Section 28A.87.100, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.87.100 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon complaint in writing being made to any ((county-or))intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent by any registered voter of the school district complained against that the board of directors of the district have failed to make provision for the teaching of hygiene, with special reference to the effects of alcoholic drink, stimulants and narcotics upon the human system, or have failed to require students to take such course, it shall be the duty of such ((county-or)) intermediate school district superintendent to investigate at once the matter of such complaint, and if found to be true, he shall immediately notify the proper county officials of the county in which such school district is located thereof, and after the receipt of such notice, it shall be the duty of such officials to refuse to issue or register any warrants drawn upon such district subsequent to the date of such notice and until they shall be notified to do so by such ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent. Whenever it shall be made to appear to the said ((eounty-or)) intermediate school district superintendent, and he shall be satisfied that the board of directors of such district are complying with the requirements of this section relating to the teaching of physiology and hygiene, he shall notify said county officials, and said officials shall thereupon issue and register the warrants of said district.

Sec. 152. Section 28A.87.110, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.87.110 are each amended to read as follows:

Any ((county-of)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent who shall fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of RCW 28A.87-.100 shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars, to be recovered in a civil action in the name of the state in any court of competent jurisdiction, and the sum recovered shall go into the state current school fund; and it shall be the duty of the prosecuting attorneys of the several counties of the state to see that the provisions

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of this section are enforced.

Sec. 153. Section 28A.87.170, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.87.170 are each amended to read as follows:

Any school district using textbooks other than those prescribed by lawful authority, or any district failing to comply with the course of study prescribed by the state board of education or by other lawful authority, or any district in which warrants are issued to a teacher not legally qualified to teach in the common schools of the said district, shall have withheld twenty-five percent of their school fund for that or the subsequent year, and it is hereby made the duty of the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent to deduct said amount from the apportionment to be made to any district failing in either or all of the above requirements, and the amounts thus deducted shall be withheld until the ((eeunty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall ascertain such situation no longer exists.

Sec. 154. Section 28A.88.020, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.88.020 are each amended to read as follows:

Appeals from the decision or order, or from the failure to decide or order, by a board of school directors shall be taken to the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district ((superintendent-ef seheels)) <u>board</u> having jurisdiction over such school district: PRO-VIDED, That should such ((superintendent)) <u>board</u> disqualify ((himself)) <u>itself</u>, such appeal shall be to the superior court. Appeals from the decision or order, or the failure to decide or order, of a ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district ((superintendent-ef seheels)) <u>board</u>, when relating to the operation or management of schools or to the relation with teachers, shall be taken to the superintendent of public instruction. In all other cases appeal shall be taken to the superior court of the county in which the <u>school</u> district is situated.

Sec. 155. Section 28B.40.380, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28B.40.380 are each amended to read as follows:

In order to assist teachers in service, candidates for certificates, and others, each state college shall establish and maintain an extension department. The work of the department may supplement the previous training of teachers in service and comprise subjects included in the state college curriculum, or otherwise.

In order to prevent overlapping of territory in connection with this extension work, the state board of education shall district the state making a definite assignment of territory to each institution: PROVIDED, That such assignments of territory shall not preclude any other contractual arrangements initiated by a state college to carry out its duties under this section. The head of the extension department of each state college, after being assigned specific territory, shall cooperate with the several <u>intermediate school</u> <u>district superintendents or</u> educational executive officers of the ((affeeted-counties)) <u>intermediate school districts</u> in making public the courses or seminars available for each year, such information being forwarded by the head of the extension department to the state superintendent of public instruction.

A report of the work accomplished by any such extension department during the preceding school year shall be made by the board of trustees upon request of the governor or any member of the legislature.

Sec. 156. Section 28A.57.326, chapter ..., Laws of 1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.57.326 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The board of directors of any first class school district shall fill, by appointment after board election, any vacancy which may occur in its body, but the appointment to fill such vacancy shall be valid only until the next regular district election.

(2) In case of a vacancy from any cause in the board of directors of a second class school district, the ((eounty-or)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent ((, as the ease may be;)) in conjunction with the other directors, shall fill such vacancy by appointment until the next regular school district election, at which time a successor shall be elected for the unexpired term. In case the electors of any second class school district shall fail to elect a director at any election and for whatsoever reason, the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent((τ -as-the-ease-may-be τ)) shall declare the office vacant upon the expiration of the term of the incumbent director and such vacancy shall be filled as hereinabove in this subsection provided.

(3) In case of a vacancy from any cause in the board of directors of a third class school district, the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent ((7-as-the-ease-may-be7)) shall fill such vacancy by appointment until the next regular school district election, at which time a successor shall be elected for the unexpired term. In case the electors of any third class district shall fail to elect a director at any election and for whatsoever reason, the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent((7 as-the-ease-may-be7)) shall declare the office vacant upon the expiration of the term of the incumbent director and fill such vacancy as hereinabove in this subsection provided.

In the event of there being less than two members on the board of any first or second class district for whatsoever reason the ((eeunty-er)) intermediate <u>school</u> district superintendent shall fill such vacancies by appointment, such appointments being valid only until the next regular school district election at which time successors shall be elected for the respective unexpired terms.

Vacancies in second and third class districts may result from vacancies caused by death, resignation, failure of the district to hold elections, failure of an electee to qualify before the day for taking office, absence from the district for a period of ninety days without board sanction or failure to attend four consecutive meetings of the board without a reasonable excuse.

Part IV. Construction and repeal.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 157. The forty-first legislature has before it a bill proposing a complete revision of the education laws

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of this state (1969 HB 58). The provisions of Part I of the instant bill seek to change existing education laws. The provisions of Part III seek to change correlative provisions of the proposed 1969 education code if such code becomes law. It is the intent of the legislature that the provisions of Part I shall be effective only until the date upon which the 1969 education code shall take effect, upon which date the provisions of Part I shall expire and the provisions of Part III shall concomitantly become effective. It is the further intent of the legislature that Part III of the instant bill shall not take effect unless the proposed 1969 education code is adopted at this legislature, but if such event occurs then any amendatory provisions of Part III of this bill shall be construed as amending the correlative sections of the 1969 education code. Any provisions repealing Title 28A and 28B sections in this 1969 amendatory act shall be construed as repealing sections of the 1969 education code and shall be effective only at such time as such code becomes effective.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 158. Part III of this 1969 amendatory act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect on the date upon which the 1969 education code becomes effective.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 159. The following acts or parts of acts are each hereby repealed:

Section 1, page 264, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW
 28.01.030;

(2) Section 22, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.01.035;

(3) Section 2, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 1, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.010;

(4) Section 3, chapter 157, Laws of 1955 and RCW 28.19.020;

(5) Section 4, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 4, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.030;

(6) Section 31, chapter 118, Laws of 1897, as last amended

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by section 5, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.040;

(7) Section 32, chapter 118, Laws of 1897, as last amended by section 6, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.050;

(8) Section 14, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 7, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.060;

(9) Section 6, page 284, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW28.19.070;

(10). Section 7, page 284, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 15, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, and RCW 28.19.080;

(11) Section 8, page 285, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 16, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, and RCW 28.19.090;

(12) Section 29, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 25, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.110;

(13) Section 31, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as last amended by section 18, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.19.120;

(14) Section 32, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 8, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.19.190;

(15) Section 1, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.300;

(16) Section 2, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.310;

(17) Section 3, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, as amended by section 1, chapter 67, Laws of 1967 ex.sess., and RCW 28.19.320;

Section 4, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.330; (18) Section 5, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.340; (19) Section 6, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.350; (20) Section 7, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.360; (21) Section 8, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.370; (22) (23) Section 9, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.380; (24) Section 12, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.390; Section 13, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.400; (25) (26) Section 14, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.410; Section 15, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.420; (27) Section 30, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as last amended (28) by section 17, chapter 139, Laws of 1965 and RCW 28.19.430;

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(29) Section 2, chapter 67, Laws of 1967 ex.sess., and RCW 28.19.440;

(30) Section 30, chapter 216, Laws of 1959 and RCW 28.19.900;

(31) Section 1, page 311, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as last amended by section 5, chapter 67, Laws of 1967 ex.sess., and RCW 28-.20.010;

(32) Section 24, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as last amended by section.3, chapter 67, Laws of 1967 ex.sess., and RCW 28.20.013;

(33) Section 25, chapter 157, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 11, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.20.015;

(34) Section 19, chapter 157, Laws of 1955 and RCW 28.20.020;

(35) Section 20, chapter 157, Laws of 1955 and RCW 28.20.030;

(36) Section 25, page 11, Laws of 1886, as last amended by section 10, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, and RCW 28.20.040;

(37) Section 28, chapter 216, Laws of 1959, as amended by section 19, chapter 139, Laws of 1965, and RCW 28.20.045;

(38) Section 1, page 315, chapter 97, Laws of 1909, as amended by section 10, chapter 90, Laws of 1919, and RCW 28.71.010;

(39) Section 2, page 315, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW . 28.71.020;

(40) Section 4, page 315, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW28.71.030;

(41) Section 8, page 316, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW28.71.065;

(42) Section 9, page 316, chapter 97, Laws of 1909 and RCW 28.71.070; and

(43) Sections 28A.01.030, 28A.01.035, 28A.19.010, 28A.19.020,
28A.19.030, 28A.19.040, 28A.19.050, 28A.19.060, 28A.19.070, 28A.19.
.080, 28A.19.090, 28A.19.110, 28A.19.120, 28A.19.190, 28A.19.300, 28A.
.19.310, 28A.19.320, 28A.19.330, 28A.19.340, 28A.19.350, 28A.19.360, 28A.19.
.370, 28A.19.380, 28A.19.390, 28A.19.400, 28A.19.410, 28A.19.420,
28A.19.430, 28A.19.440, 28A.20.010, 2CA.20.053, 28A.20.055, 28A.20.020, 28A.20.030, 28A.20.040 and 28A.20.095, chapter ..., Laws of

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1969 (HB 58) and RCW 28A.01.030, 28A.01.035, 28A.19.010, 28A.19.020, 28A.19.030, 28A.19.040, 28A.19.050, 28A.19.060, 28A.19.070, 28A.19-.080, 28A.19.090, 28A.19.110, 28A.19.120, 28A.19.190, 28A.19.300, 28A.19.310, 28A.19.320, 28A.19.330, 28A.19.340, 28A.19.350, 28A.19-.360, 28A.19.370, 28A.19.380, 28A.19.390, 28A.19.400, 28A.19.410, 28A.19.420, 28A.18.430, 28A.19.440, 28A.20.010, 28A.20.053, 28A.20-.055, 28A.20.020, 28A.20.030, 28A.20.040 and 28A.20.095, at such time as the proposed 1969 education code becomes effective.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 160. The amendment or repeal of any section referred to herein shall not be construed as affecting any existing right acquired under the provisions of the statutes amended or repealed nor any rule, regulation or order adopted pursuant thereto nor as affecting any proceeding as instituted thereunder.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 161. If any provision of this act, or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act, or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 162. Sections 1 through 101 and sections 157 and 162 of this 1969 amendatory act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health and safety, the support of the state government and its existing institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

Passed the House April 16, 1969 Passed the Senate April 11, 1969 Approved by the Governor April 25, 1969 Filed in office of Secretary of State April 25, 1969

> CHAPTER 177 [House Bill No. 897] APPROPRIATIONS--LEGISLATIVE EXPENSE AND MEMBERS'SUBSISTENCE

AN ACT Relating to the expenses and costs of the legislature including subsistence payments and expenses of members; making appropriations; and declaring an emergency. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 1. There is hereby appropriated out of the state general fund to the legislature the sum of three hundred