the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

Passed the Senate April 22, 1974. Passed the House April 23, 1974. Approved by the Governor April 29, 1974. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 29, 1974.

AN ACT Relating to crimes and criminal procedure; adding a new section to chapter 9.26A RCW; amending section 1, chapter 114, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 1, chapter 75, Laws of 1972 1st ex. sess., and RCW 9.45.240; and adding a new section.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. There is added to chapter 9.26A RCW a new section to read as follows:

Every person who publishes the number or code of an existing, canceled, revoked, expired, or nonexistent telephone company credit card, or the numbering or coding which is employed in the issuance of telephone company credit cards, with the intent that it be used or with knowledge or reason to believe that it will be used to avoid the payment of any lawful charge, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor. As used in this section, "publishes" means the communication or dissemination of information to any one or more persons, either orally, in person or by telephone, radio or television, or in a writing of any kind, including without limitation a letter or memorandum, circular or handbill, newspaper or magazine article, or book.

Sec. 2. Section 1, chapter 114, Laws of 1955, as amended by section 1, chapter 75, Laws of 1972 1st ex. sess., and RCW 9.45.240 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every person who, with intent to evade the provisions of any order of the Washington public service commission or of any tariff, rule or regulation lawfully filed with said commission by any telephone or telegraph company, or with intent to defraud, obtains telephone or telegraph service from any telephone or telegraph company through the use of a false or fictitious name or telephone number or the unauthorized use of the name or telephone number of another, or through any other trick, deceit or fraudulent device, . shall be guilty of a misdemeanor: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That if the Ch. 160 WASHINGTON LAWS, 1974 1st Ex.Sess. (43rd Legis.3rd Ex.S.)

value of the telephone or telegraph service which any person obtains in violation of this section during a period of ninety days exceeds seventy-five dollars in the aggregate, then such person shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor: PROVIDED FURTHER, That as to any act which constitutes a violation of both this ((4972 act)) <u>subsection</u> and RCW 9.26A.050 the provisions of RCW 9.26A.050 shall be exclusive.

(2) Every person who:

(a) Makes, possesses, sells, gives or otherwise transfers to another an instrument, apparatus, or device with intent to use it or with knowledge or reason to believe it is intended to be used to avoid any lawful telephone or telegraph toll charge or to conceal the existence or place of origin or destination of any telephone or telegraph message; or

(b) Sells, gives or otherwise transfers to another plans or instructions for making or assembling an instrument, apparatus or device described in subparagraph (a) of this subsection with knowledge or reason to believe that they may be used to make or assemble such instrument, apparatus or device shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

> Passed the Senate April 23, 1974. Passed the House April 23, 1974. Approved by the Governor April 29, 1974. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 29, 1974.

AN ACT Relating to certain school district programs; adding a new section to chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and to chapter 28A.58 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Section 1. There is added to chapter 223, Laws of 1969 ex. sess. and to chapter 28A.58 RCW a new section to read as follows:

Every school district board of directors is authorized to establish and operate summer and/or other student vacation period programs and to assess such tuition and special fees as it deems necessary to offset the maintenance and operation costs of such programs in whole or part. A summer and/or other student vacation period program may consist of such courses and activities as the school district board shall determine to be appropriate: PROVIDED, That such courses and activities shall not conflict with the