

I believe that the interposing of legislative committees into executive functions at best violates the fundamentals of good government. Even more seriously, I am advised that the delegation of such a function to a legislative committee could transform that committee into a "civil office" within the meaning of Article II, section 13 of the Washington State Constitution. This would prevent any member of the Legislature from serving on such a committee, which is an unfortunate result that I do not believe the Legislature intended.

While the Legislature as a whole has the constitutional power to control expenditure of public funds through the appropriation process, I question whether the delegation of such power to a legislative committee is permissible under our constitution, and look on this as even more reason why I cannot approve this kind of procedure.

For these reasons, I have determined to veto sections 3, 4, and 12. Since subsection (1) in section 21 repeals the existing section of the law on approval of expenditure of unanticipated receipts, I have determined also to veto that subsection. I do not believe I am constrained in vetoing the entire section 21 inasmuch as the repealer in subsection (1) constitutes a separate and independent subject by itself.

With those exceptions, the remainder of the bill is approved."

CHAPTER 294

[Second Substitute House Bill No. 827]

PUBLIC DISCLOSURE

AN ACT Relating to open government; amending section 1, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.010; amending section 2, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.020; amending section 4, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.040; amending section 6, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.060; amending section 8, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.080; amending section 9, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.090; amending section 12, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.120; amending section 16, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.160; amending section 17, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.170; amending section 18, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.180; amending section 19, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.190; amending section 24, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.240; amending section 26, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.260; amending section 27, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.270; amending section 29, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.290; amending section 31, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.310; amending section 32, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.320; amending section 33, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.330; amending section 34, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.340; amending section 35, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.350; amending section 36, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.360; amending section 37, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.370; amending section 38, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.380; amending section 40, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.400; adding new sections to chapter 42.17 RCW; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

Section 1. Section 1, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.010 are each amended to read as follows:

It is hereby declared by the sovereign people to be the public policy of the state of Washington:

(1) That political campaign and lobbying contributions and expenditures be fully disclosed to the public and that secrecy is to be avoided.

(2) That the people have the right to expect from their elected representatives at all levels of government the utmost of integrity, honesty, and fairness in their dealings.

(3) That the people shall be assured that the private financial dealings of their public officials, and of candidates for those offices, present no conflict of interest between the public trust and private interest.

(4) That our representative form of government is founded on a belief that those entrusted with the offices of government have nothing to fear from full public disclosure of their financial and business holdings, provided those officials deal honestly and fairly with the people.

(5) That public confidence in government at all levels is essential and must be promoted by all possible means.

(6) That public confidence in government at all levels can best be sustained by assuring the people of the impartiality and honesty of the officials in all public transactions and decisions.

(7) That the concept of attempting to increase financial participation of individual contributors in political campaigns is encouraged by the passage of the Revenue Act of 1971 by the Congress of the United States, and in consequence thereof, it is desirable to have implementing legislation at the state level.

(8) That the concepts of disclosure and limitation of election campaign financing are established by the passage of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 by the Congress of the United States, and in consequence thereof it is desirable to have implementing legislation at the state level.

(9) That small contributions by individual contributors are to be encouraged, and that not requiring the reporting of small contributions may tend to encourage such contributions.

(10) That the public's right to know of the financing of political campaigns and lobbying and the financial affairs of elected officials and candidates far outweighs any right that these matters remain secret and private.

(11) That, mindful of the right of individuals to privacy and of the desirability of the efficient administration of government, full access to information concerning the conduct of government on every level must be assured as a fundamental and necessary precondition to the sound governance of a free society.

The provisions of this chapter shall be liberally construed to promote complete disclosure of all information respecting the financing of political campaigns and lobbying, and the financial affairs of elected officials and candidates, and full access to public records so as to assure continuing public confidence of fairness of elections and governmental processes, and so as to assure that the public interest will be fully protected. In promoting such complete disclosure, however, this chapter shall be enforced so as to insure that the information disclosed will not be misused for arbitrary and capricious purposes and to insure that all persons reporting under this chapter will be protected from harassment and unfounded allegations based on information they have freely disclosed.

Sec. 2. Section 2, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.020 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) "Agency" includes all state agencies and all local agencies. "State agency" includes every state office, public official, department, division, bureau, board, commission, or other state agency. "Local agency" includes every county, city, city and county, school district, municipal corporation, district, political subdivision, or any board, commission, or agency thereof, or other local public agency.

(2) "Ballot proposition" means any "measure" as defined by RCW 29.01.110, or any initiative, recall, or referendum proposition proposed to be submitted to

the voters of ((any specific)) the state or any municipal corporation, political subdivision or other voting constituency ((which)) from and after the time when such proposition has been initially filed with the appropriate election officer of that constituency prior to its circulation for signatures.

(3) "Campaign depository" means a bank designated by a candidate or political committee pursuant to RCW 42.17.050.

(4) "Campaign treasurer" and "deputy campaign treasurer" mean the individuals appointed by a candidate or political committee, pursuant to RCW 42.17.050, to perform the duties specified in that section.

(5) "Candidate" means any individual who seeks election to public office. An individual shall be deemed to seek election when he first:

(a) Receives contributions or makes expenditures or reserves space or facilities with intent to promote his candidacy for office; or

(b) Announces publicly or files for office.

(6) "Commercial advertiser" means any person who sells the service of communicating messages or producing printed material for broadcast or distribution to the general public or segments of the general public whether through the use of newspapers, magazines, television and radio stations, billboard companies, direct mail advertising companies, printing companies, or otherwise.

(7) "Commission" means the agency established under RCW 42.17.350.

(8) "Compensation" unless the context requires a narrower meaning, includes payment in any form for real or personal property or services of any kind: PROVIDED, That for the purpose of compliance with RCW 42.17.240, as now or hereafter amended, the term "compensation" shall not include per diem allowances or other payments made by a governmental entity to reimburse a public official for expenses incurred while such official is engaged in the official business of such governmental entity.

(9) "Continuing political committee" means a political committee which is an organization of continuing existence not established in anticipation of any particular election.

(10) "Contribution" includes a loan, gift, deposit, subscription, forgiveness of indebtedness, donation, advance, pledge, payment, transfer of funds between political committees, or transfer of anything of value, including personal and professional services for less than full consideration, but does not include interest on moneys deposited in a political committee's account, ordinary home hospitality and the rendering of "part time" personal services of the sort commonly performed by volunteer campaign workers or incidental expenses personally incurred by volunteer campaign workers not in excess of twenty-five dollars personally paid for by ((any volunteer campaign)) such worker. "Part time" services, for the purposes of this chapter, means services in addition to regular full time employment, or, in the case of an unemployed person, services not in excess of twenty hours per week, excluding weekends. For the purposes of this chapter, contributions other than money or its equivalents shall be deemed to have a money value equivalent to the fair market value of the contribution. Sums paid for tickets to fund-raising events such as dinners and parties are contributions; however, the amount of any such contribution may be reduced for the purpose of complying with the reporting requirements of this chapter, by the actual cost of consumables

furnished in connection with the purchase of such tickets, and only the excess over actual cost of such consumables shall be deemed a contribution.

~~((9))~~ (11) "Elected official" means any person elected at a general or special election to any public office, and any person appointed to fill a vacancy in any such office.

~~((10))~~ (12) "Election" includes any primary, general, or special election for public office and any election in which a ballot proposition is submitted to the voters: PROVIDED, That an election in which the qualifications for voting include other than those requirements set forth in Article VI, section 1 (Amendment 63) of the Constitution of the state of Washington shall not be considered an election for purposes of this chapter.

~~((11))~~ (13) "Election campaign" means any campaign in support of or in opposition to a candidate for election to public office and any campaign in support of, or in opposition to, a ballot proposition.

~~((12))~~ (14) "Expenditure" includes a payment, contribution, subscription, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable, to make an expenditure. The term "expenditure" also includes a promise to pay, a payment or a transfer of anything of value in exchange for goods, services, property, facilities, or anything of value for the purpose of assisting, benefiting, or honoring any public official or candidate, or assisting in furthering or opposing any election campaign. For the purposes of this chapter, agreements to make expenditures, contracts, and promises to pay may be reported as estimated obligations until actual payment is made. The term "expenditure" shall not include the partial or complete repayment by a candidate or political committee of the principal of a loan, the receipt of which loan has been properly reported, or payment of service charges against a political committee's campaign account.

~~((13))~~ (15) "Final report" means the report described as a final report in RCW 42.17.080(2).

~~((14))~~ (16) "Immediate family" includes the spouse (~~and children living in the household and other relatives living in the household~~), dependent children, and other dependent relatives, if living in the household.

~~((15))~~ (17) "Legislation" means bills, resolutions, motions, amendments, nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either house of the state legislature, and includes any other matter which may be the subject of action by either house, or any committee of the legislature and all bills and resolutions which having passed both houses, are pending approval by the governor.

~~((16))~~ (18) "Lobby" and "lobbying" each mean attempting to influence the passage or defeat of any legislation by the legislature of the state of Washington, or the adoption or rejection of any rule, standard, rate, or other legislative enactment of any state agency under the state Administrative Procedure Acts, chapter 34.04 RCW and chapter 28B.19 RCW.

~~((17))~~ (19) "Lobbyist" includes any person who shall lobby either in his own or another's behalf.

~~((18))~~ (20) "Lobbyist's employer" means the person or persons by whom a lobbyist is employed and all persons by whom he is compensated for acting as a lobbyist.

~~((19))~~ (21) "Person" includes an individual, partnership, joint venture, public or private corporation, association, federal, state or local governmental entity or agency however constituted, candidate, committee, political committee, political party, executive committee thereof, or any other organization or group of persons, however organized.

~~((20))~~ (22) "Person in interest" means the person who is the subject of a record or any representative designated by said person, except that if such person be under a legal disability, the term "person in interest" shall mean and include the parent or duly appointed legal representative.

~~((21))~~ (23) "Political advertising" includes any advertising displays, newspaper ads, billboards, signs, brochures, articles, tabloids, flyers, letters, radio or television presentations or other means of mass communication, used for the purpose of appealing, directly or indirectly, for votes or for financial or other support in any election campaign.

~~((22))~~ (24) "Political committee" means any person (except a candidate or an individual dealing with his own funds or property) having the expectation of receiving contributions or making expenditures in support of, or opposition to, any candidate or any ballot proposition.

~~((23))~~ (25) "Public office" means any federal, state, county, city, town, school district, port district, special district, or other state political subdivision elective office.

~~((24))~~ (26) "Public record" includes any writing containing information relating to the conduct of government or the performance of any governmental or proprietary function prepared, owned, used, or retained by any state or local agency regardless of physical form or characteristics.

~~((25))~~ (27) "Writing" means handwriting, typewriting, printing, photostating, photographing, and every other means of recording any form of communication or representation, including letters, words, pictures, sounds, or symbols, or combination thereof, and all papers, maps, magnetic or paper tapes, photographic films and prints, magnetic or punched cards, discs, drums, and other documents.

As used in this chapter, the singular shall take the plural and any gender, the other, as the context requires.

Sec. 3. Section 4, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.040 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every political committee, within ten days after its organization or, within ten days after the date when it first has the expectation of receiving contributions or making expenditures in any election campaign, whichever is earlier, shall file a statement of organization with the commission and with the county auditor of the county in which the candidate resides (or in the case of a political committee supporting or opposing a ballot proposition, the county in which the campaign treasurer resides). Each political committee in existence on the effective date of this act shall file a statement of organization with the commission within ninety days after such effective date.

(2) The statement of organization shall include but not be limited to:

- (a) The name and address of the committee;
- (b) The names and addresses of all related or affiliated committees or other persons, and the nature of the relationship or affiliation;

(c) The names, addresses, and titles of its officers; or if it has no officers, the names, addresses, and titles of its responsible leaders;

(d) The name and address of its campaign treasurer and campaign depository;

(e) A statement whether the committee is a continuing one;

(f) The name, office sought, and party affiliation of each candidate whom the committee is supporting or opposing, and, if the committee is supporting the entire ticket of any party, the name of the party;

(g) The ballot proposition concerned, if any, and whether the committee is in favor of or opposed to such proposition;

(h) What distribution of surplus funds will be made in the event of dissolution;
((and))

(i) The hours during which the committee will make available for public inspection its books of account and all reports filed in accordance with section 5 of this 1975 amendatory act and RCW 42.17.080, as now or hereafter amended; and

(j) Such other information as the commission may by regulation prescribe, in keeping with the policies and purposes of this chapter.

(3) Any material change in information previously submitted in a statement of organization shall be reported to the commission and to the appropriate county auditor within the ten days following the change.

Sec. 4. Section 6, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.060 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All monetary contributions received by a candidate or political committee shall be deposited by the campaign treasurer or deputy treasurer in a campaign depository in an account designated, "Campaign Fund of" (name of candidate or political committee).

(2) All deposits made by a campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer shall be accompanied by a statement containing the name of each person contributing the funds so deposited and the amount contributed by each person: PROVIDED, That contributions not exceeding ~~((five))~~ ten dollars from any one person may be deposited without identifying the contributor. The statement shall be in triplicate, upon a form prescribed by the commission, one copy to be retained by the campaign depository for its records for the minimum term of three years, one copy to be filed by the campaign treasurer with the commission, and one copy to be retained by the campaign treasurer for his records. In the event of deposits made by a deputy campaign treasurer, the third copy shall be forwarded to the campaign treasurer to be retained by him for his records. Each statement shall be certified as correct by the campaign treasurer or deputy campaign treasurer making the deposit.

(3) ~~((a) Accumulated anonymous contributions in excess of one dollar from any individual contributor, and~~

~~((b))~~ Political committees which support or oppose more than one candidate or ballot proposition, or exist for more than one purpose, may maintain multiple separate bank accounts within the same designated depository for such purpose: PROVIDED, That each such account shall bear the same name followed by an appropriate designation which accurately identifies its separate purpose: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That transfers of funds which must be reported under

RCW 42.17.090(1)(d), as now or hereafter amended, may not be made from more than one such account.

(4) Accumulated ((anonymous)) unidentified contributions, other than those made by persons whose names must be maintained on a separate and private list by a political committee's campaign treasurer pursuant to RCW 42.17.090(1)(b), which total in excess of one percent of the total accumulated contributions received ((to date)) in the current calendar year or three hundred dollars (whichever is ((less)) more), shall not be deposited, used, or expended, but shall be returned to the donor, if his identity can be ascertained. If the donor cannot be ascertained, the contribution shall escheat to the state, and shall be paid to the state treasurer for deposit in the state general fund.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. There is added to chapter 42.17 RCW a new section to read as follows:

(1) In addition to the provisions of this section, a continuing political committee shall file and report on the same conditions and at the same times as any other committee in accordance with the provisions of RCW 42.17.040, 42.17.050, and 42.17.060.

(2) A continuing political committee shall file with the commission and the auditor of the county in which the committee treasurer resides a report on the tenth day of the month detailing its activities for the preceding calendar month in which the committee has received a contribution or made an expenditure: PROVIDED, That interest on moneys deposited or service charges shall not be deemed contributions or expenditures. The report shall be on a form supplied by the commission and shall include the following information:

(a) The information required by RCW 42.17.090;

(b) Each expenditure made to retire previously accumulated debts of the committee; identified by recipient, amount, and date of payments;

(c) Such other information as the commission shall by rule prescribe.

(3) If a continuing political committee shall make a contribution in support of or in opposition to a candidate or ballot proposition within sixty days prior to the date on which such candidate or ballot proposition will be voted upon, such continuing political committee shall report pursuant to RCW 42.17.080, as now or hereafter amended, until twenty-one days after said election.

(4) A continuing political committee shall file reports as required by this chapter until it is dissolved, at which time a final report shall be filed. Upon submitting a final report, the duties of the campaign treasurer shall cease and there shall be no obligation to make any further reports.

(5) The campaign treasurer shall maintain books of account in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles reflecting all contributions and expenditures on a current basis within three business days of receipt or expenditure. During the eight days immediately preceding the date of any election, for which the committee has received any contributions or made any expenditures, the books of account shall be kept current within one business day and shall be open for public inspection for at least two consecutive hours Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays, between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m., as specified in the committee's statement of organization filed pursuant to RCW 42.17.040 as now or

hereafter amended, at the principal campaign headquarters or, if there is no campaign headquarters, at the address of the campaign treasurer.

(6) All reports filed pursuant to this section shall be certified as correct by the campaign treasurer.

Sec. 6. Section 8, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.080 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) On the day the campaign treasurer is designated, each candidate or political committee shall file with the commission and the county auditor of the county in which the candidate resides (or in the case of a political committee supporting or opposing a ballot proposition, the county in which the campaign treasurer resides), in addition to any statement of organization required under RCW 42.17.040, a report of all contributions received and expenditures made in the election campaign prior to that date (~~PROVIDED, That if the political committee is an organization of continuing existence not established in anticipation of any particular election the campaign treasurer shall report, at the times required by this chapter, and at such other times as are designated by the commission, all contributions received and expenditures made since the date of his or his predecessor's last report. In addition to any statement of organization required under RCW 42.17.040, the initial report of the campaign treasurer of such a political committee in existence at the time this chapter becomes effective need include only:~~

(a) ~~The funds on hand at the time of the report, and~~
 (b) ~~Such other information as shall be required by the commission by regulation in conformance with the policies and purposes of this chapter).~~

(2) At the following intervals each campaign treasurer shall file with the commission and the county auditor of the county in which the candidate resides (or in the case of a political committee supporting or opposing a ballot proposition the county in which the campaign treasurer resides) a further report of the contributions received and expenditures made since the date of the last report:

(a) On the fifth and nineteenth days immediately preceding the date on which the election is held; and

(b) Within ten days after the date of a primary election, and within twenty-one days after the date of all other elections; and

(c) On the tenth day of each month preceding the election in which no other reports are required to be filed under this section: PROVIDED, That such report shall only be filed if the committee has received a contribution or made an expenditure in the preceding calendar month. Interest on moneys deposited or service charges shall not be deemed contributions or expenditures.

The report filed under paragraph (b) above shall be the final report if there is no outstanding debt or obligation, and the campaign fund is closed, and the campaign is concluded in all respects, and if in the case of a political committee, the committee has ceased to function and has dissolved. If the candidate or political committee has any outstanding debt or obligation, additional reports shall be filed at least once every six months until the obligation or indebtedness is entirely satisfied at which time a final report shall be filed. (~~A continuing political committee shall file reports as required by this chapter until it is dissolved, at which time a~~

~~final report shall be filed.))~~ Upon submitting a final report, the duties of the campaign treasurer shall cease and there shall be no obligation to make any further reports.

(3) The campaign treasurer shall maintain books of account in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles reflecting all contributions and expenditures on a current basis within three business days of receipt or expenditure. During the eight days immediately preceding the date of the election the books of account shall be kept current within one business day and shall be open for public inspection ~~((during normal business hours))~~ for at least two consecutive hours Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays, between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m., as specified in the committee's statement of organization filed pursuant to RCW 42.17.040 as now or hereafter amended, at the principal campaign headquarters or, if there is no campaign headquarters, at the address of the campaign treasurer.

(4) All reports filed pursuant to this section shall be certified as correct by the candidate and the campaign treasurer.

(5) Copies of all reports filed pursuant to this section shall be readily available for public inspection for at least two consecutive hours Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays, between 8:00 a.m. and 8:00 p.m., as specified in the committee's statement of organization filed pursuant to RCW 42.17.040 as now or hereafter amended, at the principal campaign headquarters or, if there is no campaign headquarters, at the address of the campaign treasurer.

Sec. 7. Section 9, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.090 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each report required under RCW 42.17.080 shall disclose for the period beginning at the end of the period for the last report or, in the case of an initial report, at the time of the first contribution or expenditure, and ending not more than three days prior to the date the report is due:

(a) The funds on hand at the beginning of the period;

(b) The name and address of each person who has made one or more contributions during the period, together with the money value and date of such contributions and the aggregate value of all contributions received from each such person during the preceding twelve-month period: PROVIDED, That contributions not exceeding ~~((five))~~ ten dollars in aggregate from any one person during the election campaign may be reported as one lump sum so long as the campaign treasurer maintains a separate and private list of the names, addresses, and amounts of each such contributor;

(c) Each loan, promissory note, or security instrument to be used by or for the benefit of the candidate or political committee made by any person, together with the names and addresses of the lender and each person liable directly, indirectly or contingently and the date and amount of each such loan, promissory note, or security instrument;

(d) The name and address of each political committee from which the reporting committee or candidate received, or to which that committee or candidate made, any transfer of funds, together with the amounts, dates, and purpose of all such transfers;

(e) All other contributions not otherwise listed or exempted;

(f) The name and address of each person to whom an expenditure was made in the aggregate amount of twenty-five dollars or more, and the amount, date, and purpose of each such expenditure;

(g) The total sum of expenditures;

(h) The surplus or deficit of contributions over expenditures;

(i) The disposition made of any surplus of contributions over expenditures;

(j) Such other information as shall be required by the commission by regulation in conformance with the policies and purposes of this chapter; and

(k) Funds received from a political committee not domiciled in Washington state and not otherwise required to report under this chapter (a "nonreporting committee"). Such funds shall be forfeited to the state of Washington unless the nonreporting committee or the recipient of such funds has filed or within three days following such receipt shall file with the commission a statement disclosing:

(i) its name and address; (ii) the purposes of the nonreporting committee; (iii) the names, addresses, and titles of its officers or if it has no officers, the names, addresses, and titles of its responsible leaders; (iv) a statement whether the nonreporting committee is a continuing one; (v) the name, office sought, and party affiliation of each candidate in the state of Washington whom the nonreporting committee is supporting, and, if such committee is supporting the entire ticket of any party, the name of the party; (vi) the ballot proposition supported or opposed in the state of Washington, if any, and whether such committee is in favor of or opposed to such proposition; (vii) the name and address of each person residing in the state of Washington or corporation which has a place of business in the state of Washington who has made one or more contributions to the nonreporting committee during the preceding twelve-month period, together with the money value and date of such contributions; (viii) the name and address of each person in the state of Washington to whom an expenditure was made by the nonreporting committee on behalf of a candidate or political committee in the aggregate amount of twenty-five dollars or more, the amount, date, and purpose of such expenditure, and the total sum of such expenditures; (ix) such other information as the commission may by regulation prescribe, in keeping with the policies and purposes of this chapter.

(2) The campaign treasurer and the candidate shall certify the correctness of each report.

Sec. 8. Section 12, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.120 are each amended to read as follows:

No contribution shall be made and no expenditure shall be incurred, directly or indirectly, in a fictitious name, anonymously, or by one person through an agent, relative, or other person in such a manner as to conceal the identity of the source of the contribution or in any other manner so as to effect concealment.

Sec. 9. Section 16, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.160 are each amended to read as follows:

The following persons and activities shall be exempt from registration and reporting under RCW 42.17.150, 42.17.170, 42.17.190, and 42.17.200:

(1) Persons who limit their lobbying activities to appearance before public sessions of committees of the legislature, or public hearings of state agencies.

(2) News or feature reporting activities and editorial comment by working members of the press, radio, or television and the publication or dissemination thereof by a newspaper, book publisher, regularly published periodical, radio station, or television station.

(3) ~~((Lobbying))~~ Persons who lobby without compensation or other consideration for acting as a lobbyist: PROVIDED, Such person makes no expenditure for or on behalf of any member of the legislature or elected official or public officer or employee of the state of Washington in connection with such lobbying. Any person exempt under this subsection (3) may at his option register and report under this chapter.

(4) Persons who restrict their lobbying activities to no more than four days or parts thereof during any three-month period and whose total expenditures during such three-month period for or on behalf of any one or more members of the legislature or state elected officials or public officers or employees of the state of Washington in connection with such lobbying do not exceed fifteen dollars: PROVIDED, That the commission shall promulgate regulations to require disclosure by persons exempt under this subsection or their employers or entities which sponsor or coordinate the lobbying activities of such persons if it determines that such regulations are necessary to prevent frustration of the purposes of this chapter. Any person exempt under this subsection (4) may at his option register and report under this chapter.

~~((4))~~ (5) The governor.

~~((5))~~ (6) The lieutenant governor.

~~((6))~~ (7) Except as provided by RCW 42.17.190(1), members of the legislature.

~~((7))~~ (8) Except as provided by RCW 42.17.190(1), persons employed by the legislature for the purpose of aiding in the preparation ~~((and))~~ or enactment of legislation or the performance of legislative duties.

~~((8))~~ (9) Except as provided by RCW 42.17.190 elected state officers, state officers appointed by the governor subject to confirmation by the senate, and employees of any state agency.

Sec. 10. Section 17, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.170 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any lobbyist registered under RCW 42.17.150 and any person who lobbies shall file with the commission periodic reports of his activities signed by both the lobbyist and the lobbyist's employers. The reports shall be made in the form and manner prescribed by the commission. They shall be due quarterly and shall be filed within thirty days after the end of the calendar quarter covered by the report. In addition to the quarterly reports, while the legislature is in session, any lobbyist who lobbies with respect to any legislation shall file interim weekly periodic reports for each week that the legislature is in session, which reports need be signed only by the lobbyist and which shall be filed on each Tuesday for the activities of the week ending on the preceding Saturday: PROVIDED, That it shall not be necessary to file any such interim weekly periodic reports for any week during which no expenditure reportable under subsection (2) hereof was made by the reporting person.

(2) Each such quarterly and weekly periodic report shall contain:

(a) The totals of all expenditures made or incurred by such lobbyist or on behalf of such lobbyist by the lobbyist's employer during the period covered by the report, which totals shall be segregated according to financial category, including food and refreshments; living accommodations; advertising; travel; telephone; contributions; office expenses, including rent and the salaries and wages paid for staff and secretarial assistance, or the proportionate amount thereof, paid or incurred for lobbying activities; and other expenses or services: PROVIDED HOWEVER, That unreimbursed personal living and travel expenses of a lobbyist not incurred directly or indirectly for any lobbying purpose need not be reported: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That the interim weekly reports of legislative lobbyists for the legislative session need show only the expenditures for food and refreshments; living accommodations; travel; contributions; and such other categories as the commission shall prescribe by rule. Each individual expenditure of more than fifteen dollars for entertainment shall be identified by date, place, amount, and the names of all persons in the group partaking in or of such entertainment including any portion thereof attributable to the lobbyist's participation therein but without allocating any portion of such expenditure to individual participants.

(b) In the case of a lobbyist employed by more than one employer, the proportionate amount of such expenditures in each category incurred on behalf of each of his employers.

(c) An itemized listing of each such expenditure in the nature of a contribution of money or of tangible or intangible personal property to any legislator, or for or on behalf of any legislator. All contributions made to, or for the benefit of, any legislator shall be identified by date, amount, and the name of the legislator receiving, or to be benefited by each such contribution.

(d) The subject matter of proposed legislation or rulemaking; the proposed rules, standards, rates, or other legislative enactments under chapter 34.04 RCW and chapter 28B.19 RCW (the state Administrative Procedure Acts) and the state agency considering the same; and the number of each senate or house bill, resolution, or other legislative activity which the lobbyist has been engaged in supporting or opposing during the reporting period: PROVIDED, That in the case of appropriations bills the lobbyist shall enumerate the specific section or sections which he supported or opposed.

Sec. 11. Section 18, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.180 are each amended to read as follows:

Every employer of a lobbyist registered under this chapter during the preceding calendar year shall file with the commission on or before ((January)) March 31st of each year a statement disclosing for the preceding ((twelve months)) calendar year the following information:

(1) The name of each state elected official((;)) and the name of each candidate((; or)) for state office who was elected to such office and any member of ((his)) the immediate family of such persons to whom such employer has paid any compensation in the amount of five hundred dollars or more during the preceding calendar year for personal employment or professional services, including professional services rendered by a corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, union, or other entity in which such person holds any office, directorship, or any

general partnership interest, or an ownership interest of ten percent or more, the value of such compensation in accordance with the reporting provisions set out in RCW 42.17.240(2), as now or hereafter amended, and the consideration given or performed in exchange for such compensation.

(2) The name of ((any corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, union or other entity of which any elected official, candidate, or any member of his immediate family is a member, officer, partner, director, associate or employee and to which the employer has paid compensation, the value of such compensation and the consideration given or performed in exchange for such compensation:)) each state elected official, successful candidate for state office or members of his immediate family to whom the lobbyist employer made expenditures, directly or indirectly, either through a lobbyist or otherwise, the amount of such expenditures and the purpose for such expenditures: PROVIDED, That for the purposes of this subsection, the term expenditure shall not include any expenditure made by the employer in the ordinary course of business if such expenditure is not made for the purpose of influencing, honoring, or benefiting such elected official, successful candidate or member of his immediate family, as an elected official or candidate.

(3) The total expenditures made by the employer for lobbying purposes, whether through or on behalf of a registered lobbyist or otherwise.

(4) All contributions made to a candidate for state office, to a political committee supporting or opposing a candidate for state office, or to a political committee supporting or opposing a state-wide ballot proposition. Such contributions shall be identified by the name and the address of the recipient and the aggregate amount contributed to each such recipient.

(5) The name and address of each registered lobbyist employed by such employer.

(6) Such other information as the commission shall by rule prescribe.

Sec. 12. Section 19, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.190 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every legislator and every committee of the legislature shall file with the commission quarterly reports listing the names, addresses, and salaries of all persons employed by the person or committee making the filing for the purpose of aiding in the preparation ~~((and))~~ or enactment of legislation or the performance of legislative duties of such legislator or committee during the preceding quarter. The reports shall be made in the form and the manner prescribed by the commission and shall be filed between the first and tenth days of each calendar quarter: PROVIDED, That the information required by this subsection may be supplied, insofar as it is available, by the chief clerk of the house of representatives or by the secretary of the senate on a form prepared by the commission.

(2) Unless expressly authorized by law, no state funds shall be used directly or indirectly for lobbying: PROVIDED, This shall not prevent state officers or employees from communicating with a member of the legislature on the request of that member; or communicating to the legislature, through the proper official channels, requests for legislative action or appropriations which are deemed necessary for the efficient conduct of the public business or actually made in the

proper performance of their official duties: PROVIDED FURTHER, That this subsection shall not apply to the legislative branch.

(3) Each state agency which expends state funds for lobbying pursuant to an express authorization by law or whose officers or employees communicate on legislation directly affecting the agency to members of the legislature on request of any member or communicate to the legislature requests for legislation (~~(or appropriations)~~) shall file with the commission quarterly statements providing the following information for the quarter just completed:

(a) The name of the agency filing the statement;

(b) The name, title, and job description and salary of each employee engaged in such legislative activity, a general description of the nature of his legislative activities, and the proportionate amount of his time spent on such activities(;

~~(c) In the case of any communications to a member of the legislature in response to a request from the member, the name of the member making the request and the nature and subject of the request).~~

The statements shall be in the form and the manner prescribed by the commission and shall be filed within thirty days after the end of the quarter covered by the report.

(4) The provisions of this section shall not relieve any state officer or any employee of a state agency from complying with other provisions of this chapter, if such officer or employee is not otherwise exempted.

Sec. 13. Section 24, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.240 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every elected official (except president, vice president, and precinct committeemen) shall ~~((on or))~~ after January 1st and before January 31st of each year(;) and every candidate, and every person appointed to fill a vacancy in an elective office (except for the offices of president, vice president, and precinct committeeman) shall, within two weeks of becoming a candidate, or being appointed to such elective office, file with the commission a written statement sworn as to its truth and accuracy stating for himself and all members of his immediate family, for the preceding twelve months: PROVIDED, That no individual shall be required to file more than once in any calendar year:

(a) Occupation, name of employer, and business address; and

(b) Each ~~((direct financial interest in excess of five thousand dollars in a))~~ bank or savings account or ~~((cash surrender value of any))~~ insurance policy in which any such person or persons owned a direct financial interest which exceeded five thousand dollars at any time during such period; each other item of intangible personal property in which any such person or persons owned a direct financial interest ~~((in excess of)), the value of which exceeded five hundred dollars during such period; and the name, address, nature of entity, nature and highest value of each such direct financial interest during the reporting period; and~~

(c) The name and address of each creditor to whom the value of five hundred dollars or more was owed; the original amount of each debt to each such creditor; the amount of each debt owed to each creditor as of the date of filing; the terms of repayment of each such debt; and the security given, if any, for each such debt:

PROVIDED, That debts arising out of a "retail installment transaction" as defined in chapter 63.14 RCW (Retail Installment Sales Act) need not be reported; and

(d) Every public or private office, directorship and position as trustee held; and

(e) All persons for whom (~~actual or proposed~~) any legislation, or any rule((s)), rate((s)), or standard((s)) has been prepared, promoted, or opposed for current or deferred compensation: PROVIDED, That for the purposes of this subsection, "compensation" shall not include payments made to an elected official by the governmental entity for which such person serves as an elected official for his service in office; the description of such actual or proposed legislation, rules, rates, or standards; and the amount of current or deferred compensation paid or promised to be paid; and

(f) The name and address of each governmental entity, corporation, partnership, joint venture, sole proprietorship, association, union, or other business or commercial entity from whom compensation has been received in any form of a total value of five hundred dollars or more; the value of such compensation; and the consideration given or performed in exchange for such compensation; and

(g) The name of any corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, union, or other entity in which is held any office, directorship, or any general partnership interest, or an ownership interest of ten percent or more; the name or title of that office, directorship, or partnership; the nature of ownership interest; and with respect to each such entity: (i) With respect to a governmental unit in which the elected official holds any elective office, if such entity has received compensation in any form during the preceding twelve months from such governmental unit, the value of such compensation and the consideration given or performed in exchange for such compensation; (ii) The name of each governmental ((entity)) unit, corporation, partnership, joint venture, sole proprietorship, association, union, or other business or commercial entity from which such entity has received compensation in any form in the amount of two thousand five hundred dollars or more during the preceding twelve months and the consideration given or performed in exchange for such compensation: PROVIDED, That the term "compensation" for purposes of this subsection (I)(g)(ii) shall not include payment for water and other utility services at rates approved by the Washington state utilities and transportation commission or the legislative authority of the public entity providing such service; (iii) The name, address, and occupation of every other director and/or officer of any bank or commercial lending institution, the name of which is required to be reported under this subsection or all interest paid by a borrower on loans from and all interest paid to a depositor by such bank or commercial lending institution if such interest exceeds six hundred dollars; and

(h) A list, including legal or other sufficient descriptions as prescribed by the commission, of all real property in the state of Washington, the assessed valuation of which exceeds two thousand five hundred dollars in which any direct financial interest was acquired during the preceding calendar year, and a statement of the amount and nature of the financial interest and of the consideration given in exchange for such interest; and

(i) A list, including legal or other sufficient descriptions as prescribed by the commission, of all real property in the state of Washington, the assessed valuation of which exceeds two thousand five hundred dollars in which any direct financial interest was divested during the preceding calendar year, and a statement of the amount and nature of the consideration received in exchange for such interest, and the name and address of the person furnishing such consideration; and

(j) A list, including legal or other sufficient descriptions as prescribed by the commission, of all real property in the state of Washington, the assessed valuation of which exceeds two thousand five hundred dollars in which a direct financial interest was held: PROVIDED, That if a description of such property has been included in a report previously filed, such property may be listed, for purposes of this provision, by reference to such previously filed report;

(k) A list, including legal or other sufficient descriptions as prescribed by the commission, of all real property in the state of Washington, the assessed valuation of which exceeds five thousand dollars, in which a corporation, partnership, firm, enterprise, or other entity had a direct financial interest, in which corporation, partnership, firm or enterprise a ten percent or greater ownership interest was held; and

(l) Such other information as the commission may deem necessary in order to properly carry out the purposes and policies of this chapter, as the commission shall by rule prescribe.

(2) Where an amount is required to be reported under subsection (1), paragraphs (a) through (k) of this section, it shall be sufficient to comply with such requirement to report whether the amount is less than one thousand dollars, at least one thousand dollars but less than five thousand dollars, at least five thousand dollars but less than ten thousand dollars, at least ten thousand dollars but less than twenty-five thousand dollars, or twenty-five thousand dollars or more. An amount of stock may be reported by number of shares instead of by market value. No provision of this subsection shall be interpreted to prevent any person from filing more information or more detailed information than required.

(3) Elected officials and candidates reporting under this section shall not be required to file the statements required to be filed with the secretary of state under RCW 42.21.060.

Sec. 14. Section 26, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.260 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each agency, in accordance with published rules, shall make available for public inspection and copying all public records. To the extent required to prevent an unreasonable invasion of personal privacy, an agency shall delete identifying details when it makes available or publishes any public record; however, in each case, the justification for the deletion shall be explained fully in writing.

(2) Each agency shall maintain and make available for public inspection and copying a current index providing identifying information as to the following records issued, adopted, or promulgated after ~~((June 30, 1972))~~ January 1, 1973:

(a) Final opinions, including concurring and dissenting opinions, as well as orders, made in the adjudication of cases;

(b) Those statements of policy and interpretations of policy, statute, and the Constitution which have been adopted by the agency;

(c) Administrative staff manuals and instructions to staff that affect a member of the public;

(d) Planning policies and goals, and interim and final planning decisions;

(e) Factual staff reports and studies, factual consultant's reports and studies, scientific reports and studies, and any other factual information derived from tests, studies, reports, or surveys, whether conducted by public employees or others; and

(f) Correspondence, and materials referred to therein, by and with the agency relating to any regulatory, supervisory, or enforcement responsibilities of the agency, whereby the agency determines, or opines upon, or is asked to determine or opine upon, the rights of the state, the public, a subdivision of state government, or of any private party.

(3) An agency need not maintain such an index, if to do so would be unduly burdensome, but it shall in that event:

(a) Issue and publish a formal order specifying the reasons why and the extent to which compliance would unduly burden or interfere with agency operations; and

(b) Make available for public inspection and copying all indexes maintained for agency use.

(4) A public record may be relied on, used, or cited as precedent by an agency against a party other than an agency and it may be invoked by the agency for any other purpose only if—

(a) It has been indexed in an index available to the public; or

(b) Parties affected have timely notice (actual or constructive) of the terms thereof.

(5) This chapter shall not be construed as giving authority to any agency to give, sell or provide access to lists of individuals requested for commercial purposes, and agencies shall not do so unless specifically authorized or directed by law: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That lists of applicants for professional licenses and of professional licensees shall be made available to those professional associations or educational organizations recognized by their professional licensing or examination board, upon payment of a reasonable charge therefor: PROVIDED FURTHER, That such recognition may be refused only for a good cause pursuant to a hearing under the provisions of chapter 34.04 RCW.

Sec. 15. Section 27, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.270 are each amended to read as follows:

Public records shall be available (~~to any person~~) for inspection and copying, and agencies shall, upon request for identifiable public records, make them promptly available to any person. Agency facilities shall be made available to any person for the copying of public records except when and to the extent that this would unreasonably disrupt the operations of the agency. Agencies shall honor requests received by mail for identifiable public records unless exempted by provisions of this chapter.

Sec. 16. Section 29, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.290 are each amended to read as follows:

Agencies shall adopt and enforce reasonable rules and regulations, consonant with the intent of this chapter to provide full public access to (~~official~~) public

records, to protect public records from damage or disorganization, and to prevent excessive interference with other essential functions of the agency. Such rules and regulations shall provide for the fullest assistance to inquirers and the most timely possible action on requests for information. Nothing in this section shall relieve agencies from honoring requests received by mail for copies of identifiable public records.

Sec. 17. Section 31, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.310 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The following shall be exempt from public inspection and copying:

(a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, welfare recipients, prisoners, probationers, or parolees.

(b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.

(c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would violate the taxpayer's right to privacy or would result in unfair competitive disadvantage to such taxpayer.

(d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative ~~((files))~~ records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person's right to privacy.

(e) Information revealing the identity of persons who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, except as the complainant may authorize: PROVIDED, That this subsection shall not apply to persons who file complaints with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for elective office: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath.

(f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.

(g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.

(h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.

(i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.

(j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pre-trial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.

(2) The exemptions of this section shall be inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption shall be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.

(3) Inspection or copying of any specific records, exempt under the provisions of this section, may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such records, is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual's right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

(4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.

Sec. 18. Section 32, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.320 are each amended to read as follows:

Responses to requests for public records shall be made promptly by agencies. Denials of requests must be accompanied by a written statement of the specific reasons therefor. Agencies shall establish mechanisms for the most prompt possible review of decisions denying inspection, and such review shall be deemed completed at the end of the second business day following the denial of inspection and shall constitute final agency action for the purposes of judicial review.

Sec. 19. Section 33, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.330 are each amended to read as follows:

The examination of any specific public record may be enjoined if, upon motion and affidavit, the superior court for the county in which the movant resides or in which the record is maintained, finds that such examination would clearly not be in the public interest and would substantially and irreparably damage any person, or would substantially and irreparably damage vital governmental functions.

Sec. 20. Section 34, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.340 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon the motion of any person having been denied an opportunity to inspect or copy a public record by an agency, the superior court in the county in which a record is maintained may require the responsible agency to show cause why it has refused to allow inspection or copying of a specific public record or class of records. The burden of proof shall be on the agency to establish that refusal to permit public inspection and copying is required.

(2) Judicial review of all agency actions taken or challenged under RCW 42.17.250 through 42.17.320 shall be de novo. Courts shall take into account the policy of this chapter that free and open examination of public records is in the public interest, even though such examination may cause inconvenience or embarrassment to public officials or others. Courts may examine any record in camera in any proceeding brought under this section.

(3) Any person who prevails against an agency in any action in the courts seeking the right to inspect or copy any public record shall be awarded all costs, including reasonable attorney fees, incurred in connection with such legal action. In addition, it shall be within the discretion of the court to award such person an amount not to exceed twenty-five dollars for each day that he was denied the right to inspect or copy said public record.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. There is added to chapter 42.17 RCW a new section to read as follows:

(1) Each lobbyist shall at the time he registers submit to the commission a recent three inch by five inch black-and-white photograph of himself together with the name of the lobbyist's employer, the length of his employment as a lobbyist before the legislature, a brief biographical description, and any other information he may wish to submit not to exceed fifty words in length; such photograph and information to be published at least annually in a booklet form by the commission for distribution to legislators and the public.

(2) There is established a fund to be known as the "lobbyists' booklet revolving fund" which shall consist of all receipts from sales of the booklets described in subsection (1) of this section. This fund shall be used for expenses of production and sale of such booklets and for no other purpose.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. There is added to chapter 42.17 RCW a new section to read as follows:

Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 42.17.260 through 42.17.340, as now or hereafter amended, no state college, university, library, or archive shall be required by chapter 42.17 RCW to make available for public inspection and copying any records or documents obtained by said college, university, library, or archive through or concerning any gift, grant, conveyance, bequest, or devise, the terms of which restrict or regulate public access to such records or documents: PROVIDED, That this section shall not apply to any public records as defined in RCW 40.14.010.

Sec. 23. Section 35, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.350 are each amended to read as follows:

There is hereby established a "Public Disclosure Commission" which shall be composed of five members who shall be appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate. All appointees shall be persons of the highest integrity and qualifications. No more than three members shall have an identification with the same political party. The original members shall be appointed within sixty days after the effective date of this act. The term of each member shall be five years except that the original five members shall serve initial terms of one, two, three, four, and five years, respectively, as designated by the governor. No member of the commission, during his tenure, shall (1) hold or campaign for elective office; (2) be an officer of any political party or political committee; (3) permit his name to be used, or make contributions, in support of or in opposition to any candidate or proposition; (4) participate in any way in any election campaign; or (5) lobby or employ or assist a lobbyist. No member shall be eligible for appointment to more than one full term. A vacancy on the commission shall be filled within thirty

days of the vacancy by the governor, with the consent of the senate, and the appointee shall serve for the remaining term of his predecessor. A vacancy shall not impair the powers of the remaining members to exercise all of the powers of the commission. Three members of the commission shall constitute a quorum. The commission shall elect its own chairman and adopt its own rules of procedure in the manner provided in chapter 34.04 RCW. Any member of the commission may be removed by the governor, but only upon grounds of neglect of duty or misconduct in office.

~~((Members))~~ Each member shall ~~((serve without compensation, but))~~ receive per diem in the amount of forty dollars in lieu of expenses for each day or portion thereof spent in performance of his duties as a member of the commission, and in addition shall be reimbursed for ~~((necessary traveling and lodging))~~ travel expenses actually incurred while engaged in the business of the commission as provided in chapter 43.03 RCW. The compensation provided pursuant to this section shall not be considered salary for purposes of the provisions of any retirement system created pursuant to the general laws of this state.

Nothing in this section shall prohibit the commission, or any of its members or staff on the authority of the commission, from responding to communications from the legislature or any of its members or from any state agency or from appearing and testifying at an open public meeting (as defined by RCW 42.30.030) or a hearing to adopt rules held pursuant to RCW 34.04.025 on matters directly affecting the exercise of their duties and powers under this chapter.

**Sec. 24. Section 36, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.360 are each amended as follows:*

The commission shall:

(1) Develop and provide forms for the reports and statements required to be made under this chapter;

(2) Prepare and publish ~~((a manual))~~ on or before July 1, 1976, manuals and information setting forth recommended uniform methods of bookkeeping and reporting for use by persons required to make reports and statements under this chapter;

(3) Prepare and publish on or before July 1st of each year cumulative supplements to previously published manuals and information or revised versions of previously published forms, manuals, and information which shall incorporate all pertinent changes which occurred during the preceding calendar year;

(4) Prepare and publish bulletins announcing pertinent changes, as they occur, in previously published forms, manuals, information, and supplements;

(5) Distribute all necessary and appropriate forms, manuals, information, supplements, and bulletins to;

(a) Each candidate (except for the offices of president, vice president, and precinct committeeperson): PROVIDED, That such distribution shall be made upon receipt by the commission of the statement of political committee organization required by RCW 42.17.040 from each such candidate or upon each such candidate's filing of a declaration of candidacy, whichever occurs first: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That such distribution may be made by the election officer with whom such declaration has been filed;

(b) Each political committee (except those which are only established to support the candidacy of a single individual): PROVIDED, That such distribution shall be made upon receipt by the commission of the statement of organization required by RCW 42.17.040 from such a political committee: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That such distribution may be made by the county auditor with whom such statement of organization has been filed;

(c) Each registered lobbyist: PROVIDED, That such distribution shall be made upon receipt by the commission of the lobbyist registration statement required by RCW 42.17.150 from such a lobbyist;

(d) Each legislator and each committee of the legislature: PROVIDED, That such distribution shall be made on or before January 1st of each year;

(e) Each sponsor of a grass roots lobbying campaign: PROVIDED, That such distribution shall be made upon receipt by the commission of the registration statement required by RCW 42.17.200 from such a sponsor;

(f) Each state agency: PROVIDED, That such distribution shall be made on or before January 1st of each year;

(g) Each public official who must file the report of financial affairs required by RCW 42.17.240: PROVIDED, That such distribution shall be made on or before December 1st of the year preceding the year during which such official is required to file such a report by RCW 42.17.240 and, in the case of a person appointed to fill a vacancy in an office, such distribution shall be made upon such appointment;

(h) Any other person, committee, or entity whose obligation to report under this chapter can be ascertained by the commission: PROVIDED, That such distribution shall be made according to such rules and regulations as the commission may prescribe;

(6) Respond in writing to each request for clarification or interpretation of this chapter within thirty days of receiving such a request: PROVIDED, That the commission, before responding in writing to a telephone request, may require the person making such a request to submit the request to the commission in written form: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That nothing in this subsection shall be construed so as to suspend the reporting obligation of any person making such a request during the time prior to such person's receipt of the commission's written response;

~~((3))~~ (7) Compile and maintain a current list of all filed reports and statements;

~~((4))~~ (8) Investigate whether properly completed statements and reports have been filed within the times required by this chapter;

~~((5))~~ (9) Upon complaint or upon its own motion, investigate and report apparent violations of this chapter to the appropriate law enforcement authorities: PROVIDED, That upon a finding by the commission that probable cause exists to believe that any party has committed an apparent violation of this chapter, said party shall be entitled to a hearing, and proceedings following the finding of probable cause shall be conducted pursuant to the provisions of chapter 34.04 RCW relating to contested cases;

~~((6))~~ (10) Prepare and publish an annual report to the governor as to the effectiveness of this chapter and its enforcement by appropriate law enforcement authorities;

(11) Working in conjunction with the senate and house standing committees on Constitution and elections, report to the next session of the legislature convened after January 1, 1976, recommendations with respect to the reporting requirements for elected officials. Such report shall contain a detailed analysis of the effect of present disclosure requirements and a review of federal and state banking laws and their relation to financial disclosure requirements. Such report must demonstrate that the recommendations contained therein will facilitate the purpose and intent of this chapter as set forth in RCW 42.17.010, as now or hereafter amended; and

~~((7))~~ (12) Enforce this chapter according to the powers granted it by law.

*Sec. 24. was vetoed, see message at end of chapter.

Sec. 25. Section 37, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.370 are each amended to read as follows:

The commission is empowered to:

(1) Adopt, promulgate, amend, and rescind suitable administrative rules and regulations to carry out the policies and purposes of this chapter, which rules and regulations shall be promulgated pursuant to the provisions of chapter 34.04 RCW;

(2) Prepare and publish such reports and technical studies as in its judgment will tend to promote the purposes of this chapter, including reports and statistics concerning campaign financing, lobbying, financial interests of elected officials, and enforcement of this chapter;

(3) Make from time to time, on its own motion, audits and field investigations;

(4) Make public the ~~((fact that an alleged or apparent violation has occurred and the nature thereof))~~ time and date of any formal hearing set to determine whether a violation has occurred, the question or questions to be considered, and the results thereof;

(5) Administer oaths and affirmations, ~~((subpoena witnesses))~~ issue subpoenas, ((compel their attendance)) and compel attendance, take evidence and require the production of any books, papers, correspondence, memorandums, or other records which the commission deems relevant or material for the purpose of any investigation authorized under this chapter, or any other proceeding under this chapter;

(6) Adopt and promulgate a code of fair campaign practices;

(7) Relieve, by published regulation of general applicability, candidates or political committees of obligations to comply with the provisions of this chapter relating to election campaigns, if they have not received contributions nor made expenditures in connection with any election campaign of more than one thousand dollars; and

(8) Enact regulations prescribing reasonable requirements for keeping accounts of and reporting on a quarterly basis costs incurred by state agencies, counties, cities, and other municipalities and political subdivisions in preparing, publishing, and distributing legislative information. The term "legislative information", for the purposes of this subsection, means books, pamphlets, reports, and other materials

prepared, published, or distributed at substantial cost, a substantial purpose of which is to influence the passage or defeat of any legislation. The state auditor in his regular examination of each agency under chapter 43.09 RCW shall review such regulations, accounts, and reports and make appropriate findings, comments, and recommendations in his examination reports concerning those agencies.

(9) The commission, after hearing, by order approved and ratified by a majority of the membership of the commission, may suspend or modify any of the reporting requirements hereunder in a particular case if it finds that literal application of this chapter works a manifestly unreasonable hardship and if it also finds that such suspension or modification will not frustrate the purposes of the chapter. Any such suspension or modification shall be only to the extent necessary to substantially relieve the hardship. The commission shall act to suspend or modify any reporting requirements only if it determines that facts exist that are clear and convincing proof of the findings required hereunder. Any citizen shall have standing to bring an action in Thurston county superior court to contest the propriety of any order entered hereunder within one year from the date of the entry of such order.

Sec. 26. Section 38, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.380 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The secretary of state, through his office, shall perform such ministerial functions as may be necessary to enable the commission to carry out its responsibilities under this chapter. The office of the secretary of state shall be designated as the place where the public may file papers or correspond with the commission and receive any form or instruction from the commission.

(2) The attorney general, through his office, shall supply such assistance as the commission may require in order to carry out its responsibilities under this chapter. The commission may employ attorneys who are neither the attorney general nor an assistant attorney general to carry out any function of the attorney general prescribed in this ~~((section))~~ chapter.

Sec. 27. Section 40, chapter 1, Laws of 1973 and RCW 42.17.400 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The attorney general and the prosecuting authorities of political subdivisions of this state may bring civil actions in the name of the state for any appropriate civil remedy, including but not limited to the special remedies provided in RCW 42.17.390.

(2) The attorney general and the prosecuting authorities of political subdivisions of this state may investigate or cause to be investigated the activities of any person who there is reason to believe is or has been acting in violation of this chapter, and may require any such person or any other person reasonably believed to have information concerning the activities of such person to appear at a time and place designated in the county in which such person resides or is found, to give such information under oath and to produce all accounts, bills, receipts, books, paper and documents which may be relevant or material to any investigation authorized under this chapter.

(3) When the attorney general or the prosecuting authority of any political subdivision of this state requires the attendance of any person to obtain such information or the production of the accounts, bills, receipts, books, papers, and

documents which may be relevant or material to any investigation authorized under this chapter, he shall issue an order setting forth the time when and the place where attendance is required and shall cause the same to be delivered to or sent by registered mail to the person at least fourteen days before the date fixed for attendance. Such order shall have the same force and effect as a subpoena, shall be effective state-wide, and, upon application of the attorney general or said prosecuting authority, obedience to the order may be enforced by any superior court judge in the county where the person receiving it resides or is found, in the same manner as though the order were a subpoena. The court, after hearing, for good cause, and upon application of any person aggrieved by the order, shall have the right to alter, amend, revise, suspend, or postpone all or any part of its provisions. In any case where the order is not enforced by the court according to its terms, the reasons for the court's actions shall be clearly stated in writing, and such action shall be subject to review by the appellate courts by certiorari or other appropriate proceeding.

(4) Any person who has notified the attorney general and the prosecuting attorney in the county in which the violation occurred in writing that there is reason to believe that some provision of this chapter is being or has been violated may himself bring in the name of the state any of the actions (hereinafter referred to as a citizen's action) authorized under this chapter. This citizen action may be brought only if the attorney general ~~((has))~~ and the prosecuting attorney have failed to commence an action hereunder within ~~((forty))~~ forty-five days after such notice and ~~((if the attorney general has failed to commence an action within ten days after a notice in writing delivered to the attorney general advising him that a citizen's action will be brought if the attorney general does not bring an action:))~~ such person has thereafter further notified the attorney general and prosecuting attorney that said person will commence a citizen's action within ten days upon their failure so to do, and the attorney general and the prosecuting attorney have in fact failed to bring such action within ten days of receipt of said second notice. If the person who brings the citizen's action prevails, ~~((he shall be entitled to one half of any judgment awarded, and to the extent the costs and attorney's fees he has incurred exceed his share of the judgment;))~~ the judgment awarded shall escheat to the state, but he shall be entitled to be reimbursed ~~((for such costs and fees))~~ by the state of Washington for costs and attorney's fees he has incurred: PROVIDED, That in the case of a citizen's action which is dismissed and which the court also finds was brought without reasonable cause, the court may order the person commencing the action to pay all costs of trial and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the defendant.

(5) In any action brought under this section, the court may award to the state all costs of investigation and trial, including a reasonable attorney's fee to be fixed by the court. If the violation is found to have been intentional, the amount of the judgment, which shall for this purpose include the costs, may be trebled as punitive damages. If damages or trebled damages are awarded in such an action brought against a lobbyist, the judgment may be awarded against the lobbyist, and the lobbyist's employer or employers joined as defendants, jointly, severally, or both. If the defendant prevails, he shall be awarded all costs of trial, and may

be awarded a reasonable attorney's fee to be fixed by the court to be paid by the state of Washington.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 28. This 1975 amendatory act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, and safety, the support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 29. If any provision of this 1975 amendatory act, or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act, or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Passed the House June 9, 1975.

Passed the Senate June 9, 1975.

Approved by the Governor July 2, 1975 with the exception of section 24 which is vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State July 2, 1975.

Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

"I am returning herewith without my approval as to one section Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 827 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to open government."

This bill makes a number of changes in RCW chapter 42.17, the Public Disclosure Act (Initiative 276).

Section 24(9) contains a proviso which would require the Public Disclosure Commission to hold formal hearings under the Administrative Procedure Act when it finds that "probable cause exists to believe that any party has committed an apparent violation of this chapter" Although the wording of the subsection is not clear, it would appear to require the commission to (1) find probable cause, (2) hold a hearing under the APA, and based on the evidence, (3) find an apparent violation, and (4) refer the matter to the appropriate enforcement agency.

A requirement to hold formal "contested case" hearings would make sense if it were coupled with a grant of authority enabling the Commission to impose administrative remedies or penalties, or determine private rights pursuant to such hearings. However, the commission has no such authority, and I believe a requirement of that kind without corresponding authority to impose administrative sanctions would be a hollow and useless form of due process.

I am advised also that this requirement would impose an enormous administrative burden on the Public Disclosure Commission for which it has no present capability to handle. In light of the lack of real need for this provision, I cannot accept this change.

For these reasons, I have determined to veto section 24 of the bill since I am unable to veto only the applicable subsection. With the exception of that section, the remainder of the bill is approved."

CHAPTER 295

[Substitute House Bill No. 867]

AGRICULTURAL WATER SUPPLY FACILITIES

AN ACT Relating to agricultural water supply facilities; making designations of funds; setting forth guidelines; adding new sections to chapter 43.83B RCW; making an appropriation; and declaring an emergency.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington: